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ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY

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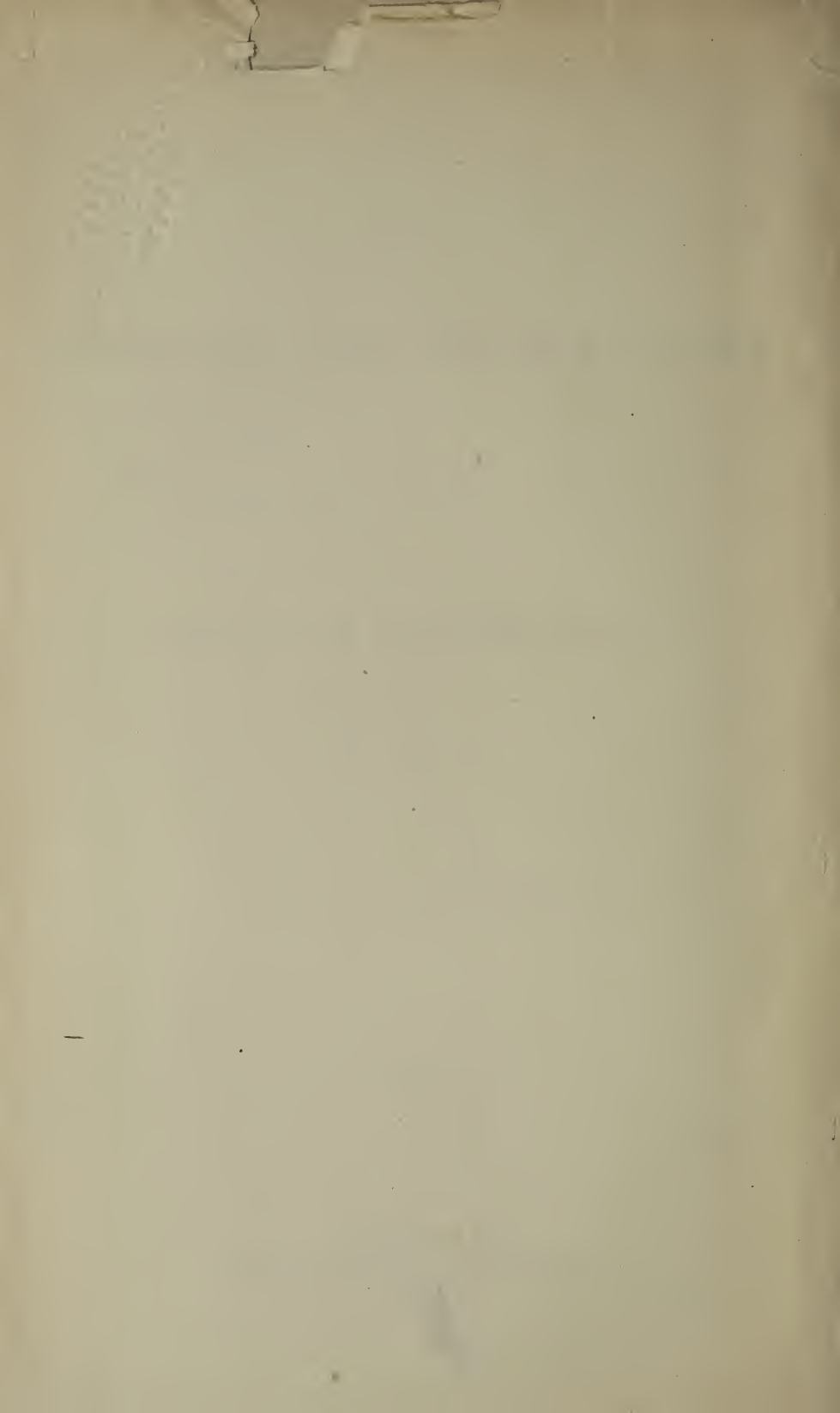
STATE OF THE FINANCES

FOR

THE YEAR 1883.



WASHINGTON:
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE.
1883.



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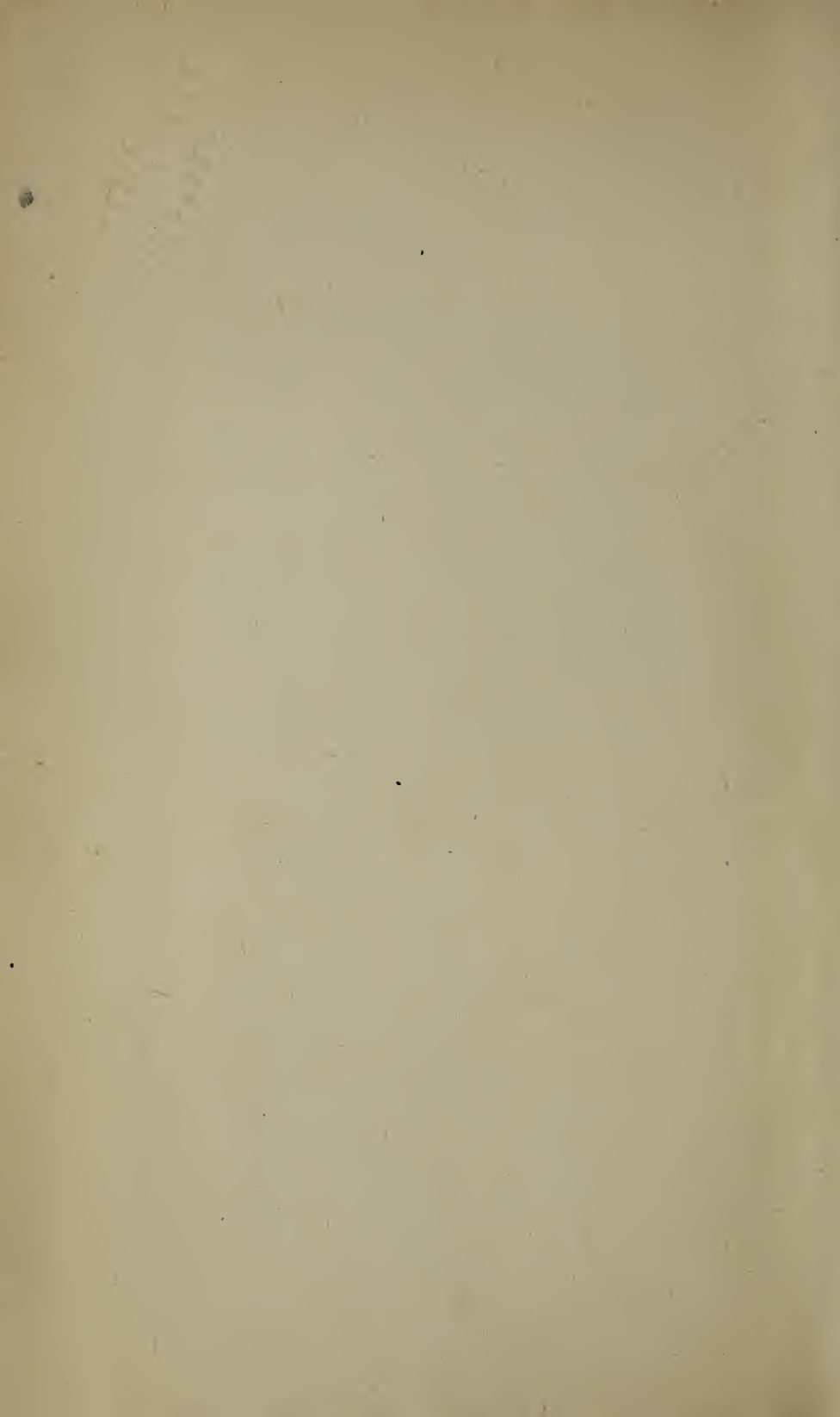
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REPORT.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Washington, D. C., December 3, 1883.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report:

The ordinary revenues from all sources for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, were:

From customs.....	\$214, 706, 496 93
From internal revenue.....	144, 720, 368 98
From sales of public lands.....	7, 955, 864 42
From tax on circulation and deposits of national banks.....	9, 111, 008 85
From profits on coinage, bullion deposits, and assays..	4, 460, 205 17
From customs fees, fines, penalties, &c.....	1, 436, 236 34
From fees—consular, letters-patent, and lands	3, 322, 361 64
From repayment of interest by Pacific railway companies.....	1, 556, 866 90
From sinking-fund for Pacific railway companies.....	1, 322, 103 11
From deposits by individuals for surveying public lands.....	1, 221, 611 76
From proceeds of sales of Government property.....	285, 055 02
From proceeds of sale of post-office property in New York city.....	648, 694 82
From Indian trust-funds	121, 000 00
From donations towards liquidating the public debt..	964, 426 87
From Japanese indemnity fund.....	1, 839, 533 99
From immigrant fund.....	231, 476 50
From revenues of the District of Columbia.....	1, 970, 938 47
From miscellaneous sources.....	2, 413, 332 18
<hr/>	
Total ordinary receipts	398, 287, 581 95
<hr/>	

The ordinary expenditures for the same period were:

For civil expenses.....	\$22, 343, 285 76
For foreign intercourse	2, 419, 275 24
For Indians.....	7, 362, 590 34
For pensions.....	66, 012, 573 64

For the military establishment, including river and harbor improvements and arsenals.....	\$48,911,382 93
For the naval establishment, including vessels, machinery, and improvements at navy-yards	15,283,437 17
For miscellaneous expenditures, including public buildings, light-houses, and collecting the revenue..	40,098,432 73
For expenditures on account of the District of Columbia	3,817,028 48
For interest on the public debt	59,160,131 25
 Total ordinary expenditures.....	 265,408,137 54
Leaving a surplus revenue of.....	132,879,444 41
Which, with an amount drawn from the cash balance in the Treasury of....	1,299,312 55
 Making	 134,178,756 96
Was applied to the redemption—	
Of bonds for the sinking-fund.....	44,850,700 00
Of fractional currency for the sinking-fund	46,556 96
Of funded loan of 1881, continued at 3½ per cent....	65,380,250 00
Of loan of July and August, 1861, continued at 3½ per cent.....	20,594,600 00
Of funded loan of 1907.....	1,418,850 00
Of funded loan of 1881.....	719,150 00
Of loan of February, 1861.....	18,000 00
Of loan of July and August, 1861.....	266,600 00
Of loan of March, 1863.....	116,850 00
Of loan of July, 1882	47,650 00
Of five-twenties of 1862	10,300 00
Of five-twenties of 1864	7,050 00
Of five-twenties of 1865	9,600 00
Of ten-forties of 1864.....	133,550 00
Of consols of 1865	40,800 00
Of consols of 1867	235,700 00
Of consols of 1868	154,650 00
Of Oregon-war debt	5,450 00
Of refunding certificates	109,150 00
Of old demand, compound-interest, and other notes..	13,300 00
 Total.....	 134,178,756 96

The requirements of the sinking-fund for the past fiscal year, including a balance of \$461,309.15 from the preceding year, have been fully met. It is estimated that the requirement for the present fiscal year will be \$45,816,741.07, of which there has been applied during the first four months of the year the sum of \$28,786,550.

Compared with the previous fiscal year, the receipts for 1883 have in the following items decreased \$15,172,048.38: In customs revenue, \$5,704,233.32; in internal revenue, \$1,777,226.47; in direct tax, \$51,985.09; in premium on exchange and interest on deposits with bankers in London, \$37,772.99; in proceeds of sales of school-buildings, fire-engines, &c., in the District of Columbia, \$97,174.81; in proceeds of sales of Government property, \$29,904.83; in proceeds of sales of railway material, \$95,000; in proceeds of sales of ordnance material and small stores, \$247,112.27; in proceeds of sales of military reservations, \$29,966.31; in proceeds of sales of products from experiments in the manufacture of sugar, \$789.35; in steamboat fees, \$95,700.86; in Indian trust funds, interest and premium, \$5,893,074.55; in sales of Indian lands, and interest on deferred payments, \$193,649.73; in deposits by individuals for surveying public lands, \$830,694.60; in reimbursement by national-bank redemption agency, \$57,174.17; in Hot Springs reservation, \$23,880.76; and in depredations on public timber, \$6,708.27. There was an increase of \$9,934,380.05, as follows: In sales of public lands, \$3,202,724.05; in revenues of the District of Columbia, \$255,762.06; in tax on circulation and deposits of national banks, \$154,214.40; in repayment of interest by Pacific railway companies, \$716,312.53; in sinking-fund for Pacific railway companies, \$525,831.69; in consular fees, \$125,029.61; in custom-house fees, \$28,661.74; in customs fines, penalties, and forfeitures, \$28,945.94; in customs emolument fees, \$35,280.66; in marine-hospital tax, \$9,779.66; in registers' and receivers' fees, \$347,065.65; in fees on letters-patent, \$211,275.41; in profits on coinage, bullion deposits, and assays, \$343,511.44; in proceeds of Japanese indemnity fund, \$1,839,533.99; in donations towards liquidating the public debt, \$964,426.87; in immigrant fund, \$231,476.50; in Soldiers' Home permanent fund, \$65,623.54; in proceeds of sale of post-office property in New York city, \$648,694.82; in tax on seal-skins, \$409.50; and in miscellaneous items, \$199,819.99; making a net decrease in the receipts from all sources of \$5,237,668.33.

The expenditures show an increase over the previous year of \$21,717,930.57, as follows: In the War Department, \$5,340,888.74; in the Navy Department, \$251,390.91; in Pensions, \$4,667,379.69; and in civil and miscellaneous, \$11,458,271.23. There was a decrease of

\$14,291,232.60, as follows: In interest on the public debt, \$11,917,075.54; and for Indians, \$2,374,157.06; making a net increase in the expenditures of \$7,426,697.97.

FISCAL YEAR 1884.

For the present fiscal year the revenue, actual and estimated, is as follows:

Source.	For the quarter ended Septem- ber 30, 1883.	For the remain- ing three quar- ters of the year.
	Actual.	Estimated.
From customs.....	\$57,402,975 67	\$137,597,024 33
From internal revenue.....	29,662,078 60	90,337,921 40
From sales of public lands.....	2,932,635 17	5,067,364 83
From tax on circulation and deposits of National Banks.....	1,557,800 88	1,542,199 12
From repayment of interest and sinking-fund, Pacific railway companies.....	521,059 51	1,478,940 49
From customs fees, fines, penalties, &c.....	298,696 78	901,303 22
From fees—consular, letters-patent, and lands.....	863,209 80	2,436,790 20
From proceeds of sales of Government property.....	112,562 23	167,437 77
From profits on coinage, &c.....	950,229 46	3,149,770 54
From deposits for surveying public lands.....	172,461 31	327,538 69
From revenues of the District of Columbia.....	256,017 99	1,643,982 01
From miscellaneous sources.....	1,237,189 63	2,382,810 37
Total receipts.....	95,966,917 03	247,033,082 97

The expenditures for the same period, actual and estimated, are:

Object.	For the quarter ended Septem- ber 30, 1883.	For the remain- ing three quar- ters of the year.
	Actual.	Estimated.
For civil and miscellaneous expenses, including public build- ings, light-houses, and collecting the revenue.....	\$15,385,799 42	\$51,114,200 58
For Indians	2,623,390 54	4,126,609 46
For pensions*.....	16,285,261 98	53,714,738 02
For military establishment, including fortifications, river and harbor improvements, and arsenals.....	13,512,204 33	26,487,795 67
For naval establishment, including vessels and machinery, and improvements at navy-yards.....	4,199,299 69	12,300,700 31
For expenditures on account of the District of Columbia.....	1,138,836 41	2,611,163 59
For interest on the public debt.....	14,797,297 96	39,702,702 04
Total ordinary expenditures.....	67,942,090 33	190,057,909 67

Total receipts, actual and estimated..... \$343,000,000 00

Total expenditures, actual and estimated..... 258,000,000 00

85,000,000 00

Estimated amount due the sinking-fund..... 45,816,741 07

Leaving a balance of..... 39,183,258 93

*This estimate is based on information from the Pension Bureau of the Department of the Interior. It should also be stated that there is an unexpended balance of \$39,000,000 of the appropriation for pensions for the fiscal year 1883, which was reappropriated by Congress at its last session; that Congress at the same time appropriated \$86,000,000 for the fiscal year 1884; and that the Commissioner of Pensions sets the needs of his Bureau at \$40,000,000 for the year 1885; thus making \$165,000,000 required by him during the years 1884 and 1885.

FISCAL YEAR 1885.

The revenues of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885, are thus estimated upon the basis of existing laws:

From customs.....	\$195,000,000 00
From internal revenue.....	120,000,000 00
From sales of public lands.....	8,000,000 00
From tax on circulation of national banks.....	3,000,000 00
From repayment of interest and sinking-fund, Pacific railway companies.....	2,000,000 00
From customs fees, fines, penalties, &c.....	1,200,000 00
From fees—consular, letters-patent, and lands.....	3,300,000 00
From proceeds of sales of Government property.....	300,000 00
From profits on coinage, &c.....	4,000,000 00
From deposits for surveying public lands.....	500,000 00
From revenues of the District of Columbia.....	1,900,000 00
From miscellaneous sources.....	3,800,000 00
Total estimated ordinary receipts.....	<u>343,000,000 00</u>

The estimates of expenditures for the same period, received from the several Executive Departments, are as follows:

Legislative	\$3,234,085 10
Executive	18,403,277 55
Judicial.....	408,300 00
Foreign intercourse.....	1,569,601 75
Military establishment	27,136,152 41
Naval establishment	22,747,751 38
Indian Affairs.....	8,466,809 91
Pensions*.....	40,000,000 00
Public works—	
Treasury Department.....	\$4,434,817 42
War Department.....	11,649,049 62
Navy Department.....	1,021,138 00
Interior Department.....	638,608 47
Department of Justice	16,600 00
	<u>17,760,213 51</u>
Postal Service.....	2,958,111 29
Miscellaneous	21,668,591 63
District of Columbia.....	3,625,373 47

* See foot-note on page vi.

Permanent annual appropriations—

Interest on the public debt.....	\$51, 500, 000 00
Sinking-fund	46, 269, 756 95
Refunding—customs, internal revenue, lands, &c.....	7, 293, 600 00
Collecting revenue from customs..	5, 500, 000 00
Miscellaneous.....	4, 583, 680 00
	<hr/> \$115, 147, 036 95

Total estimated expenditures, including sinking-fund.....	283, 125, 304 95
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Or, an estimated surplus of.....	59, 874, 695 05
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Excluding the sinking-fund, the estimated expenditures will be \$236,855,548, showing an expected surplus of \$106,144,452.

EXCHANGE OF THREE-AND-A-HALF PER CENT. CONTINUED BONDS INTO THREE PER CENT. BONDS.

The exchange of $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. bonds into 3 per cent. bonds, under the authority of the eleventh section of the act of July 12, 1882, was resumed November 1, 1882, and continued until July 26, 1883. On this last day a call was made for the remaining $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. bonds then outstanding, interest to cease November 1, 1883, and holders were notified that such bonds would not be exchanged into 3 per cent. bonds.

The exchanges made prior to November 1, 1882, amounted to	\$259, 370, 500
Exchanges during the year, to	46, 210, 750

Making the aggregate of $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cents taken up and 3 per cents issued.....	305, 581, 250
---	---------------

The annual saving of interest effected by these exchanges amounts to \$1,527,906.25.

REDEMPTION OF UNITED STATES BONDS.

Three-and-a-half per cent. bonds.

On November 1, 1882, the outstanding bonds of the 5 per cent. funded loan continued, bearing interest at the rate of $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent., amounted to \$155,356,350. These bonds were the only bonds then “redeemable at the pleasure of the Government,” because, bearing a higher rate of interest than the 3 per cent. bonds, the latter could not be redeemed until the former had been, that being the terms of the law under which the latter were issued. A portion of them had been called, but had not then matured. As mentioned above, \$46,210,750 of

the bonds have been exchanged into 3 per cent. bonds upon requests of the owners, leaving \$109,145,600 available for the investment of the surplus revenues. Calls have been issued for the entire amount, and the greater portion of the bonds have been redeemed and cancelled, the annual saving of interest which will result therefrom being \$3,820,096.

Three per cent. bonds.

Under the provisions of the act of July 12, 1882, the 3 per cent. bonds issued thereunder, and amounting to \$305,581,250, became "redeemable at the pleasure of the Government" on and after July 26, 1883, all "redeemable" bonds bearing a higher rate of interest having then been redeemed or called. Calls have been issued for \$40,000,000 of such bonds, \$30,000,000 of which will mature in the month of December, and \$10,000,000 on the first day of February, 1884.

Japanese indemnity-fund bonds.

In addition to the above, the bonds described below, held by the Department of State and forming what has been known as the "Japanese indemnity fund," have been cancelled and destroyed, as directed by the act approved February 22, 1883, viz:

Funded loan of 1881, continued at 3½ per cent.....	\$368, 100
Consols of 1907, 4 per cent.....	1, 418, 850
Three per cent. loan of 1882.....	47, 650
Total.....	<u>1, 834, 600</u>

The Joseph L. Lewis legacy.

There have also been cancelled and destroyed the following-described interest-bearing bonds, which were bequeathed to the United States by the late Joseph L. Lewis, and delivered to this Department by the executors of his estate, in accordance with the decree of the United States court for the district of New Jersey:

Loan of July and August, 1861, (3½ per cent.).....	\$900, 000
Funded loan of 1881, continued at 3½ per cent.....	50, 000
Three per cent. loan of 1882.....	4, 600
Total.....	<u>954, 600</u>

The following table shows in detail the redemptions and cancellations of United States bonds during the twelve months ending October 31, 1883:

Bounty-land scrip, act of February 11, 1847, (6 per cent.)..	\$100
Seven-thirty notes of July 17, 1861	350
Seven-thirty notes of 1864-1865.....	3, 200

Loan of February 8, 1861.....	\$65, 000
Oregon-war debt	1, 000
Five-twenties of February 25, 1862.....	7, 000
Five-twenties of 1865, (May and November).....	10, 300
Ten-forties of 1864.....	76, 450
Consols of 1865.....	78, 700
Consols of 1867.....	189, 400
Consols of 1868.....	146, 500
Loan of July and August, 1861, (6 per cent.).....	285, 500
Loan of March 3, 1863, (6 per cent.).....	87, 000
Funded loan of 1881, (5 per cent.).....	421, 650
Loan of July and August, 1861, continued at 3½ per cent..	2, 920, 300
Loan of March 3, 1863, continued at 3½ per cent.....	3, 717, 150
Funded loan of 1881, continued at 3½ per cent.....	103, 365, 150
Consols of 1907, (4 per cent.).....	1, 418, 850
Loan of July 12, 1882, (3 per cent.).....	52, 250
Total.....	112, 875, 850

The reduction in the annual interest charge by reason of these changes, to November 1, 1883, is as follows:

On bonds redeemed or interest ceased.....	\$3, 704, 450 00
On bonds exchanged into 3 per cent. bonds.....	231, 053 75
Total.....	3, 935, 503 75
Deduct for interest on 4 per cent. bonds issued, &c.....	482 00
Net reduction.....	3, 935, 021 75

The following table shows the changes in the interest-bearing debt during the year:

Title of loan.	Rate of interest.	Outstanding Nov. 1, 1882.	Issued during the year.	Redeemed during the year.	Exchanged into 3 per cent. bonds.	Outstanding Oct. 31, 1883.
Funded loan of 1881..	{ 5 p. cent., contin'd at 3½ p. c.	\$155,356,350	..... {	*\$809,950 103,365,150	} \$46,210,750	†\$4,970,500
Loan of July 12, 1882..	3 per cent..	259,370,500	\$46,210,750	52,250	.....	305,529,000
Funded loan of 1891..	4½ per cent..	250,000,000	.....	.....	.....	250,000,000
Funded loan of 1907..	4 per cent..	738,929,600	†109,950	1,418,850	.....	737,620,700
Refunding certificates	4 per cent..	423,750	.....	‡97,900	.....	325,850
Navy-pension fund..	3 per cent..	14,000,000	.....	.....	.....	14,000,000
Total.....	.....	1,418,080,200	46,320,700	105,744,100	46,210,750	1,812,446,050

* Ceased to bear interest during the year, but not yet presented for payment.

† Called, interest ceasing November 1, 1883.

‡ Of this issue, \$12,050 was on account of accrued interest on \$97,900 refunding certificates converted.

§ Redeemed by conversion into 4 per cent. bonds.

CONVERSION OF REFUNDING CERTIFICATES.

Since November 1, 1882, refunding certificates issued in 1879, under the act of February 26, 1879, have been presented for conversion into 4 per cent. bonds as follows:

Principal	\$97,900 00
Accrued interest due	15,450 50
Total.....	113,350 50

For which settlement was made as follows:

Four per cent. bonds issued	\$109,950 00
Interest paid in cash.....	3,400 50
Total.....	113,350 50

The certificates still outstanding amount to \$325,850.

STANDARD SILVER DOLLARS.

On November 1, 1883, under the act of February 28, 1878, there had been a coinage of standard silver dollars amounting to \$156,720,949; there were in the Treasury at that date, \$116,386,017. There were then in circulation, and in the mints on account of profits on the coinage not yet deposited in the Treasury, \$40,334,932. There were in circulation on November 1, 1882, \$35,383,786. The coinage between the 1st of November, 1882, and the same date in 1883 had increased \$28,391,069; the amount in circulation for the same time had increased \$4,136,321; thus keeping up the great disproportion between the amount ready to be supplied and the demand for them, heretofore noted in the reports of this Department. The silver dollars in the Treasury on November 1, 1883, were held or stored at the places as shown in the following table:

Statement showing the amount of standard silver dollars and silver certificates in the Treasury offices, United States mints, and assay offices November 1, 1883.

In office of—	Standard silver dollars.	Silver certificates.
Treasurer U. S., Washington.....	\$2,729,121	\$1,318,870
Assistant treasurer U. S., Baltimore.....	2,754,202	506,900
Assistant treasurer U. S., New York.....	23,410,000	3,842,900
Assistant treasurer U. S., Philadelphia.....	8,516,500	385,400
Assistant treasurer U. S., Boston.....	1,755,196	335,490
Assistant treasurer U. S., Cincinnati.....	881,500	550,000
Assistant treasurer U. S., Chicago.....	4,862,400	333,000
Assistant treasurer U. S., St. Louis.....	5,202,400	626,000
Assistant treasurer U. S., New Orleans.....	5,793,497	1,362,720
Assistant treasurer U. S., San Francisco.....	16,298,000	4,270,000
Mint U. S., Philadelphia.....	4,169,611	.....
Mint U. S., Carson.....	2,176,749	.....
Mint U. S., New Orleans.....	6,725,222	.....
Mint U. S., San Francisco.....	31,095,677	.....
Assay office U. S., New York.....	8,589	.....
Assay office U. S., Charlotte.....	4,500	.....
Assay office U. S., Helena.....	2,853	.....
In transit.....	.....	100,000
Total.....	116,386,017	13,632,370

THE TRADE-DOLLAR.

Here I may speak of "*the trade-dollar*," the debased coin to which attention has been drawn by public clamor and discussion. Doubtless the legislative purpose in creating it, was to make a piece of money that would find favor with Asiatic people, and not one for use at home. That purpose was not made known, however, by the letter of the law under which it issued from the Mint. The act of 1873, under which the coinage of it began, has these words: "The silver coins of the United States shall be a trade-dollar; a half-dollar, or fifty-cent piece; a quarter-dollar, or twenty-five-cent piece; a dime, or ten-cent piece." The act further declares that the relative proportion of pure metal and alloy in the trade-dollar, and the devices and legends upon it, shall be the same as those of the other coins of the United States. That act, and a later one of 1877, made it a crime to counterfeit any of our coins, and, as the trade-dollar was declared to be a coin, made it a crime to counterfeit it. The act of 1873 made the silver coins of the United States, and hence the trade-dollars, a legal tender at their nominal value for any amount not over five dollars. Thus the reading of the laws taught the people that the trade-dollar was a coin of their Sovereignty, and for the redemption of which, at an unabated value, their Government was bound. The real legislative purpose, is to be blindly sought for in tradition or in the record of Congressional discussion, and is indicated in the joint resolution of 1876, which took away from this coin the legal-tender quality of it, and held down the coinage of it to the call for it for exportation. It is plain that a busy people, finding this coin afloat in the channels of business, styled a coin of the United States, would readily believe that it was an authentic issue of the Government, and to be redeemed by the Government, the same as other money put out by it. From time to time, however, as it suits scheming men and the occasion fits, a hue and cry is raised against it, it is discredited in the marts, and unwary holders suffer loss or inconvenience.

As it is a coin of the United States, having the image and superscription thereof, sanctioned as such by penalties upon the counterfeiting of it, and once dignified as a legal tender in payment of debts and dues, it should be restored to its first state, or called in at its nominal value and melted. In the judgment of this Department, it should be thus called in and melted. And why not? First: It has been claimed officially that it did not go into home circulation, until after the passage of the joint resolution above spoken of whereby the legal-tender quality of it was taken from it. Hence, it is said, it is no duty to our people to re-

deem it at more than the value of it as silver bullion. Secondly: On the other hand, it is asserted that the act of 1878 gave back to it the legal-tender quality. That act declares that "there shall be coined * * * silver dollars * * * of four hundred and twelve and one-half grains, * * * which, with all silver dollars heretofore coined * * * *of like weight and fineness*, * * * shall be a legal tender * * *." As the trade-dollar is greater in weight and as great in fineness as the silver dollar thus authorized, and as the greater includes the less, it is argued that the phrase "of like weight and fineness" takes in the trade-dollar, makes it again a legal tender for debts and dues, and that there needs but a declaration thereof by this Department to put it in the same rank and acceptability as the standard silver dollar, and so there is no need of redeeming it. The first of these contentions is too technical and close for use in dealing with so practical a matter, and one in which the prime action and continued silent sufferance of the Government has been so misleading. The second of these contentions is not well founded. The phrase "of like weight and fineness" may properly be said to take in only silver dollars issued under the acts of 1792 and 1837. They contained exactly the same amount of pure metal as the dollar authorized by the act of 1878, and had no distinctive name, such as the trade-dollar. This Department has been and still is of the opinion that a correct legal interpretation of that act, in connection with the joint resolution of 1876, denies to the trade-dollar a legal-tender quality.

It is possible to make an estimate of the amount that would come to the Treasury for redemption if authority were given therefor. The whole issue of the coin has been \$35,960,446. Some of that has disappeared in manufactured articles; it is estimated from one to two millions. It is calculated that five-sixths thereof went abroad in the beginning, and it is believed that but a small part of that has come back, and that there is now held by our people but from five to eight millions. Of that which remained abroad, there is good authority for saying that much of it found its way from China to India, and into the melting-pot at the mint in Calcutta, and has been there cast into the coin of that country. The overweight and value of the trade-dollar by the side of the Mexican and Spanish dollar, with which it was co-current in China, brought much of it to the crucible there. It is understood in business circles, that in China silver coin is used by weight and not by count, save in a few ports, where Mexican dollars and a few other coins are taken by tale. It is the practice of Chinese bankers, so it is reported, to stamp with their own mark the coin which they take and pay out. The coin thus defaced soon comes to the state and repute of bullion,

and the presumption is that our trade-dollars have, many of them, been so treated and so suffered.

Bear in mind, too, that from time to time for some years past, until of a comparatively late date, there has been inducement to reship this coin from China hither, because it has been free in circulation in most parts of the land, and for most of the time at a par with gold and silver money. There is reason to believe, then, that besides the sum of it in the hands of our own people, an embarrassing amount will not come upon us from abroad.

A thorough and effective redemption of it can be brought about in this way: Let authority be given by Congress to the Treasury Department to barter for trade-dollars at their nominal value, standard dollars at their nominal value, and melting the trade-dollars to recoin them into standard silver dollars, counting the trade-dollars got in this way as a part of the silver bullion which the act of 1878 empowers and directs to be bought and coined monthly. Should the trade-dollars have been so abraded in use as to have lost a material part of their original weight, which is not much to be apprehended, a deduction might be made from the price, and fractional payments made in subsidiary and minor silver coin.

The agitation of this matter has led out some objections to the redemption above suggested. As the standard silver dollar, because of its unlimited legal-tender quality, is equal in its faculty of domestic purchase to the gold dollar, and to the Treasury note with its like attributed legal-tender quality, it is said, that thus to enable the holders of the trade-dollars to get for them standard dollars, would be to raise the trade-dollars in popular esteem and in practical value to a par with standard dollars, and thus to keep them afloat rather than to bring them in, and thus, also, to swell the volume of legal-tender silver money in circulation by so much as is the sum of the trade-dollars in the hands of the people. This effect may be prevented by setting a bound to the time during which the exchange may be made. If a law authorizing the exchange should run but for a twelvemonth, holders of the coin would make haste to rid themselves of it, and at the end of the time little of it would be found at large, and that little would fall back to its bullion value, and cease to disturb in the way apprehended. It is not proposed to increase by this means the coinage of the standard silver dollar, but as the trade-dollars are taken in to count them as so much silver bullion, and make them meet by so much the direction to buy silver bullion for dollar coinage.

Nor is the fear well grounded that there would be caused a large influx of trade-dollars from abroad, to a cost to the Government in

the redemption, of more than the value of them as bullion. It has been stated above that there is cause for belief that much which has gone abroad has put off its character of a coin of the United States, and so is not able in that guise to come back for exchange. If, however, a serious apprehension is felt that it will return in embarrassing volume, the time for the exchange might have a narrower limit, and instead of a twelvemonth, a quarter of a year be the period fixed. This Department would rather see all the trade-dollars that are afloat anywhere, brought in and made bullion of, even at a cost to the Government, if thus we may be rid of a discredited and debased coin; but if this may not be, it still will wish that those in the hands of our people be redeemed in the mode recommended, with safeguards against foreign holders. If it be urged that, whatever be the sum redeemed, there will be a loss to the Treasury in recoinng the trade-dollars as bullion into standard dollars, rather than in purchasing bullion in the market at ruling rates and coining it under existing law, it may be answered that the excess of silver in the one over that in the other will be nearly if not fully enough to pay the cost of the manipulation; and again, that the seigniorage or profit now got from buying bullion at, for example, $99\frac{8}{10}\%$ per standard ounce, and issuing the same in nominal dollars, at the rate of, say, $116\frac{4}{11}\%$ per standard ounce, is only a seeming total profit of the difference; for in the redemption of the coin, which must be looked for and provided for as to sooner or later come, the Government must, as a rule, take it back at the same nominal value at which it was put forth.

If it be apprehended that by the proposed exchange the sum of the standard dollars will be enlarged, and more of them will be forced into circulation to the inflation of the currency, the disturbance of the relative bearing of executory contracts and the jostling of values, it is to be said, that a desirable part of the plan suggested, guards from an increase of the monthly purchase of silver bullion and of the coinage of the standard dollar. That part is, that as the trade-dollar is taken in for the standard dollar paid out, the former be counted as so much silver bullion, and by so much abate from the purchase in the market under the act of 1878. And if the receipt of the trade-dollars by the exchange in any month shall be, when treated as bullion, more in sum than would be a purchase of two millions' worth of bullion, then the excess thereon can be carried forward from month to month, so far as need be to keep within the direction of the act of 1878 for monthly purchases. And this would be more or less likely to come into play as the limit of time for redemption is shorter or longer. If, indeed, no limit of time was fixed, or it was made as long as a twelvemonth,

this Department could be empowered to refuse redemption in one month of a sum more than enough to meet the requirement of that act, and still make full redemption of all that is likely to be brought in therefor.

If it be said that much of this coin, discredited and practically debased, is in the hands of speculators who have taken it at a discount, and that they would profit by legislation which would increase the actual value of it; while it may not be denied that lamentably this is too far the case, still it is to be answered that such is the luck brought by all debased coin when at last it is fairly redeemed. Speculators will make by a depreciation and following appreciation. A law for a fair redemption must have, with its good, the evil of helping some to gain who ill deserve it. The fault is not much more with the speculative trader, than with the legislation that has given him the chance for ignoble gain. His profit is a light incident, calling slightly for attention, because of the great general good to come from calling in a discredited coinage. Besides, leave this coin unredeemed, and by and by, when public attention is at a lull again, it will be once more set afloat at nominal value, to be in fulness of time once more discredited and lowered in purchasing power to the harm of good people. Moreover, the information which I have from practical and reliable men, who are at the sources of knowledge on this head, is that those known as tradesfolk, and most of the working people not in straits, uncompelled by necessity to part with the trade-dollar at a loss, have held it during panics, looking and waiting for action by the Government; and that the amount stored by brokers is a small part of what is in domestic ownership, the larger part being held by those who took them at full face for labor and in traffic in legitimate and honorable dealing. It is best, once for all, to call it in and put it out of possible use.

This Department does not recommend that a legal-tender quality be again given to the trade-dollar, to the sudden increase of the legitimate silver money of the country, with the inconvenience and incongruity of two dollars circulating together, of the same metal, of unequal real value and of different devices, yet of equal value in payment of debts and of purchase of property. It recommends that authority be given for the redemption of the trade-dollar in the standard silver dollar, dollar for dollar of nominal value, for the recoinage of the metal so received into a standard silver dollar to accord with the law for that coin, and for a reduction of the amount of silver bullion resulting from the exchange from the quantity of bullion required to be got by monthly purchases, for the purpose of coinage under the act of 1878. In the judgment of this Department that legislation is safe, and is demanded

by the character of this issue, and by the need of the people for relief from the confusion and exposure to recurring loss caused by its presence in the monetary system of the country.

SILVER CERTIFICATES.

The amount of silver certificates outstanding November 1, 1883, was.....	\$99, 579, 141
The amount outstanding at the same date in 1882 was....	73, 607, 710
There was held by the Treasury on the 1st of November, 1882.....	7, 987, 260
And on the same date in 1883.....	14, 244, 760

These figures show an increase of the silver certificates in the hands of the people of \$19,713,931. Figures given above show a like increase of silver dollars of \$4,136,321.

Yet it is apparent that any demand that is likely to arise for silver dollars, or for the silver certificates based upon them, may be readily met without further immediate coinage of the dollars or preparation of the certificates for issue. It is also apparent that to keep up an aimless purchase of silver bullion, at the rate of over twenty-four millions of dollars each year, is a needless use of public money and of the taxing power to supply them, incurring a needless loss of the interest on the sum thus expended, and the expense of the manipulation. Apart from any consideration of the policy underlying the coinage at all, of the standard silver dollar, as now authorized, it would seem that an operation of the Treasury and its mints, for which there is no immediate call, might be at least temporarily suspended.

The Department makes no further comment upon these facts, but refers to its last two annual reports for its views upon the continued coinage of silver dollars and the issue of silver certificates, and for its recommendations thereupon.

GOLD CERTIFICATES.

Under the act of Congress of 1882, gold certificates have been prepared and have been issued as is shown in the following table:

Denominations.	Ready for issue Nov. 1, 1882.	Issued up to Nov. 1, 1883.
20's.....	\$21, 440, 000	\$12, 960, 000
50's.....	16, 800, 000	10, 200, 000
100's.....	16, 000, 000	9, 700, 000
500's.....	14, 000, 000	9, 250, 000
1000's.....	20, 000, 000	14, 000, 000
5000's.....	22, 500, 000	10, 000, 000
10, 000's.....	85, 000, 000	30, 000, 000
Total.....	195, 740, 000	96, 110, 000

XVIII REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

These are of two kinds, styled in the Department, the New York certificate and the Departmental certificate. The first is made payable by its terms at New York city; the second is dated at Washington, D. C., but expresses in its terms no place of payment.

The following table shows the amount of gold certificates received for issue, the amount issued, and to what offices, and the amount now held in reserve:

Gold certificates, act July 12, 1882.	\$20.	\$50.	\$100.	\$500.	\$1,000.	\$5,000.	\$10,000.	Total.
	<i>Dollars.</i>	<i>Dollars.</i>	<i>Dollars.</i>	<i>Dollars.</i>	<i>Dollars.</i>	<i>Dollars.</i>	<i>Dollars.</i>	<i>Dollars.</i>
Received for issue to Nov. 1, 1883.....	21, 440, 000	16, 800, 000	16, 000, 000	14, 000, 000	20, 000, 000	22, 500, 000	85, 000, 000	195,740,000
Issued to Nov. 1, 1883:								
New York.....	10, 560, 000	9, 000, 000	6, 900, 000	5, 250, 000	6, 000, 000	10, 000, 000	30, 000, 000	77, 710, 000
San Francisco.....	240, 000	600, 000	2, 000, 000	4, 000, 000	8, 000, 000			14, 840, 000
Chicago.....	1, 300, 000							1, 300, 000
Philadelphia.....	240, 000	200, 000	400, 000					840, 000
Cincinnati.....	80, 000	300, 000	400, 000					780, 000
Washington.....	540, 000	100, 000						640, 000
	12, 960, 000	10, 200, 000	9, 700, 000	9, 250, 000	14, 000, 000	10, 000, 000	30, 000, 000	96, 110, 000
In reserve Nov. 1, 1883:								
New York.....	320, 000	1, 000, 000	1, 100, 000	4, 750, 000	6, 000, 000	10, 000, 000	50, 000, 000	73, 170, 000
Washington.....	8, 160, 000	5, 600, 000	5, 200, 000			2, 500, 000	5, 000, 000	26, 460, 000
	8, 480, 000	6, 600, 000	6, 300, 000	4, 750, 000	6, 000, 000	12, 500, 000	55, 000, 000	99, 630, 000
								96, 110, 000
Aggregate.....								195,740,000

COINS AND COINAGE.

The coinage executed at the mints during the fiscal year was less in value than in the year immediately preceding. Yet the continued demand for smaller denominations of coin for change, made an increase in the number of pieces struck. It was eleven and a half millions over that of any year since the organization of the Mint Bureau.

The description and value of the year's coinage are as follows:

Description.	Pieces.	Value.
Gold.....	2, 407, 022	\$35, 936, 927 50
Silver.....	35, 308, 076	28, 835, 470 15
Minor.....	60, 951, 526	1, 428, 307 16
Total.....	98, 666, 624	66, 200, 704 81

Of the gold, \$27,526,120 were coined into double-eagles, principally at the mints on the Pacific coast, while the coinage at Philadelphia and New Orleans was chiefly in eagles and half-eagles.

The coinage of silver consisted almost wholly of standard dollars, of which \$19,641,119 were coined at Philadelphia and New Orleans, and

but \$8,470,000 at the Carson and San Francisco mints, the reason therefor being that at the first two named mints the number issued nearly equalled the coinage. The accumulations in the last two named, and in the assistant treasurer's office at New York city, amounted to over \$40,000,000.

The demand for minor coins required the coinage and issue at the Philadelphia mint of 20,455,488 of five-cent pieces and 40,467,400 bronze cents.

The deposits of gold bullion and coin for the last fiscal year were less than those of the year immediately previous, owing to diminished imports. The total amount received and manipulated was \$49,145,559.16 gold. There was of silver \$38,612,594.89.

The purchases of silver for the coinage of the standard dollar were 25,432,490.27 standard ounces, at a cost of \$25,577,327.58, averaging \$2,131,444 worth per month. The average cost was \$1.117+ per ounce fine, while the average New York price would have been \$1.118+ per ounce fine.

During the fiscal year, \$619,198.90 in uncurrent silver coins were transferred from the Treasury to the Mint for recoinage, the loss upon which was \$34,698.36. The nominal profits on the coinage of standard dollars during the year were \$3,701,331.78, and on fractional silver, \$9,160.24.

In addition to the coinage, the mints and assay offices made \$18,269,205.26 in gold bars and \$8,050,602.10 in silver bars. The value of gold bars exchanged for gold coin at the New York assay office was \$5,173,965.22, and at Philadelphia, \$187,541.07.

The coin circulation of the country on July 1, 1882, is estimated, from the statistics of coinage and net imports of coin, to have been—

United States gold coin.....	\$500, 882, 185
United States silver coin.....	199, 573, 360
	<hr/>
Total.....	700, 455, 545
	<hr/> <hr/>

These amounts were increased on the 30th of June last by coinage and imports of coins to the following amounts:

United States gold coin.....	\$537, 254, 794
United States silver coin.....	228, 216, 199
	<hr/>
Total on 30th June, 1883.....	765, 470, 993
	<hr/> <hr/>

There was a further increase by coinage and imports during the next quarter of—

United States gold coin.....	\$7, 257, 905
United States silver coin.....	7, 075, 124
Total.....	<u>14, 333, 029</u>

The mints and assay offices held for coinage on the 1st of October, \$61,683,816 of gold bullion and \$5,107,911 of silver bullion, making the total amount of United States coin and bullion available for coinage on October 1—

United States gold coin	\$544, 512, 699
United States gold bullion	61, 683, 816
United States silver coin.....	235, 291, 323
United States silver bullion	5, 107, 911
Total.....	<u>846, 595, 749</u>

Inquiries as to the production of the precious metals, and their consumption in coinage, the arts, and manufactures, and for the collection of other monetary statistics of our own and foreign countries, have been continued by the Mint Bureau, and much valuable information thereon has been obtained and appears in the report of the Director.

While upon this subject, the Department recommends a revision and amendment of the coinage laws. The minor coins are not what they should be, either in appearance, in convenience, or in the ease with which some may be distinguished from others by the sense of touch or even that of sight. There is so much resemblance of some of small value to some of greater value, that often holders or receivers confound them, and mistake them for others, and loss is sustained. From time to time there has been an increase by law of the devices upon them to an extent hindering the attainment of a good design. There can be improvement by a change of the metal of which some of them are to be made, and by the discontinuance of some of denominations not needful for use.

The accumulation of standard silver dollars in the custody of this Department at the date of its last annual report was such as to cause serious inconvenience, actual and prospective, for the want of safe storage-room. The vaults owned and hired by the Treasury are still heavily taxed for room, and frequent transfers must be made, at risk and cost. It is looked for that this ill will soon, in some measure, be abated. The Department is making a vault in the Treasury building at Washington, which will hold forty-five millions of silver dollars, and another at New Orleans, which will hold twenty-eight millions.

NATIONAL BANKS.

The report of the Comptroller of the Currency shows that the number of national banks in operation November 1, 1883, was 2,522, an increase over all former years. The number of banks organized during the year is 261, the greatest number organized during any year since 1865. They exist in every State and organized Territory of the Union. The capital of the newly-organized banks is \$28,654,350, and the circulation \$7,909,150, which is about one-fourth of the capital, showing that the banks have taken advantage of section 8 of the act of July 12, 1882, which authorizes banks of \$150,000 capital and under to be organized upon the deposit of bonds to the amount of one-fourth of the capital. Returns made on October 2d of this year show an aggregate national-bank capital of \$509,699,787, an increase of \$26,595,574 during the year; a surplus of \$102,000,482; a circulation of \$314,931,575, and individual deposits of \$1,049,437,700, both of which are in decrease; loans of \$1,303,450,790, and specie of \$107,817,983, both of which are in increase. The corporate existence of 307 has expired during the year, of which 273 have renewed it under the act passed by the last Congress. Seventeen have been placed in liquidation by vote of their shareholders, four have expired by limitation, and all but two of these have been succeeded by new organizations in the same localities, with new titles. These data show that the owners of capital, desirous of investing it in the business of banking, are suited with the national-bank system, and willing to continue or to organize anew under it, when it can be done with a reasonable show of profit. The corporate existence of 983 banks will expire during the next two years—249 in 1884, and 734 in 1885.

The national banks hold, as security for circulation, \$352,877,300 of United States bonds, a reduction of \$9,613,350 during the year. They hold \$201,327,750 of United States 3 per cent. bonds as a basis of circulation. All of the latter are likely to be called for payment during the next four or five years, unless the surplus revenue of the country is diminished. There is little or no profit on circulation based upon 4 and $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. bonds, at the present premiums therefor. A continued payment of the 3 per cents will probably result in a large reduction of the bank circulation, unless some counter stimulus is applied. Many propositions have been made to that end.

The national-bank act, at first, provided for the issue of circulation equal to 90 per cent. of the current market value, but not to exceed the par value, of United States bonds bearing 6 per cent. interest; and the subsequent act of March 3, 1865, limited the circulation to

\$345,000,000, to be issued in the same ratio to capital, upon 5 and 6 per cent. bonds. Since then the rate of interest upon bonds, and the profit on circulation have decreased. With that decrease, the ratio of circulation issued upon the actual or market value of bonds has also decreased, until it is probable that, without helping legislation, loss, instead of gain, will ensue from depositing bonds as security for circulation.

The holder of bonds can borrow money in the market upon them as a pledge, at 95 per cent. upon their market value. There is a discrepancy with this, in the requirement of the law that \$90 only of circulation shall be issued upon bonds, some of which have a market value of \$122. This asks a margin of \$32 as security for circulation, instead of \$10, as it was at the start of the system. The Comptroller says, that if from the beginning, \$100 of circulation had been issued upon \$70 of bonds, no loss would have accrued to holders of the bills of insolvent and failing banks, though there might have been loss to general creditors, who must have depended upon assets substituted for bonds released. The aggregate capital of the national banks which have failed during the last twenty years was about twenty millions. If upon the bonds held as security for the notes of those banks, circulation had been issued for the full par value, and there had been a decline of 5 per cent. in the value of the securities, still, the whole loss would not have exceeded one million of dollars, which would have fallen upon creditors, and not upon bill-holders, so long as the bonds were assets in the hands of a receiver. Moreover, a gain accrues to the Government, by law, from the non-redemption of national-bank notes. They have been in circulation for twenty years. The Comptroller estimates that from 1 to 1½ per cent., or for that period about \$4,000,000, will never be brought in for redemption. That sum will be in excess of any possible loss that can threaten the Government from authorizing an issue of circulating notes at 90 per cent. upon the market value of bonds deposited. By law, if bonds held by banks decline in value below the amount of circulation issued, the Comptroller may demand additional bonds or money to equal the disparity. Moreover, all the assets of the banks, and the individual liability of the stockholders, can be exhausted, before the bill-holder or the Government suffers loss.

These remarks are prefatory to the recommendation I am about to make, of a mode of keeping national-bank notes in circulation without loss to the banks thereby, and with safety to the Government and the bill-holder. In all that I have to say, I assume that the national-bank system is now adjudged to be a constitutional creation of the legislative power, and that the country has acquiesced in it as such; that

it is looked upon with favor by the greater part of the people; and that there is almost a universal desire to continue the circulation of these notes, as a convenience and a benefit which it would irk us to be without.

The public mind is naturally turned to the inquiry: How shall the national-bank notes be kept in circulation; what shall be taken as a safe foundation therefor, and yet be so low in price as that the banks can afford to buy and deposit; or what can be proposed which will give to the banks safeguard against loss in taking and issuing circulating notes? I am not in favor of anything but the interest-bearing obligations of the United States Government. To go abroad for the securities of other States, is to go out of our political and judicial jurisdiction, and subject ourselves to the hazards of their intestine commotion, of their international conflicts, of possible hostility to this country, and of going before strange tribunals as, perhaps, an unwelcome suitor. The sound policy of many of the States of the Union is, that trustees and other like fiduciary persons, who are more immediately under the hand and guidance of the sovereignty, shall not place their moneys in securities whose habitat is in other jurisdictions, not even in those of sister States. In as large degree is that a fitting policy in this great matter. To rely upon the debts of the States, is to look to a basis not much more permanent than that which the United States bonds now offer, and one which will call for scrutiny and investigation not easily to be made, and which, if fully and fairly made, are likely to excite jealousy and other ill feeling. To take the obligations of municipalities and other corporate bodies is of like impracticability and result, and is also to rely upon the good faith, prudent conduct, and solvency of debtors, over whom the Government has but little, if any, direct and efficient control. To take security on real estate is to launch on a sea of uncertainty and fraud that is sure to wreck the adventurer. Other propositions have been made which are reducible to some of these categories, and need not be specially considered. There are other propositions, the vertebral idea of which is the creation of a new form of public debt. A plausible one is, for the Government to offer a new bond, of its own issue, at low rate of interest, to run a long period, in exchange for its four per cents and four-and-a-half per cents, allowing such a rate of premium upon the latter, but lower than that at present ruling, as would induce the holders to surrender them and take the new; and to make this a security for bank circulation. I doubt not that this is feasible. In that way, a holder of fours or four-and-a-halves could capitalize the premium allowed on his bond, and draw

interest at the new rate on that as well as on the principal, whereby there would be an inducement to exchange, rather than to hold, or, in the present difficulty of desirable reinvestment, to sell. I am persuaded from the official experience of the last year, that capital is ready and willing to take, at a low rate of interest, all the United States bonds that can reasonably be issued, provided they be at long time of payment of principal. The lower market value which they would have, upon their first issue at least, would bring them within the range of profitable purchase by those who were not holding the fours and four-and-a-halves with which to make exchange. On the other hand, the premium for exchange, to be allowed by the Government, may be put at such a figure, and still be apt to induce exchange, as that by the time to be fixed for the redemption of the new bonds, the difference in the amount of interest reserved on the fours and four-and-a-halves, and that paid on the new bonds will have equalled the amount of premium allowed in exchange. Should this project be favorably considered, details can be furnished. Yet I am so averse to recommending the creation of another or a different public debt, that as great as are, in my judgment, the advantages of the national-bank circulation in safety, in uniformity of value everywhere, and in other matters of convenience and confidence, I look upon such project as a *dernier resort*. I rather recommend, and so I do, that the internal-revenue tax upon circulation be taken off in whole or in part. This is 1 per cent. per annum, and amounts to about three millions and a quarter each year.

The privilege of furnishing a circulation has been, in the past, a profit to the banks; it has been, and is an expense to the Government to supervise the issue of it, and generally to take care of the national-bank system. That privilege, like any franchise accorded by Government, when of value to the especial recipient, is a legitimate and preferable subject of taxation. The prime object of the taxation, in the beginning, was to obtain a recompense to the Government for its expenditure in behalf of the banks. It was laid upon this franchise because of the relation between the privilege and the Governmental expenditure. It was made larger than enough for that particular purpose, because then the Government was in quest of subjects for taxation, and the franchise of banking, and especially this one, was of value and profit. But times have changed. The workings of the system, and the relations of it to the business of the country, have changed with them. It is now desirable for the community that the privilege should be continued and exercised. It is no longer, under existing laws, so profitable to the banks as that they all, or any, greatly wish to exercise it. Let us

see, then, whether the Government can take off this tax and keep itself recompensed. The tax yields annually about \$3,000,000. The expense of carrying on the Bureau of the Comptroller of the Currency was last year \$102,397.08. All other expenses, such as printing and furnishing notes and the like, were \$141,363.90; of which \$54,600 were for plates which is to be reimbursed by the banks. The net expense to the Government was \$189,160.98. The gain to the Government from the loss of notes (as stated above) is at a low estimate \$4,000,000 for every period of twenty years, or \$200,000 per year. Then the tax may be taken off entirely, and the Government not be a loser. It may be taken off in part, and the Government receive more by reason of this circulation than it expends to keep it in existence. I am aware that this is a reduction of taxation in favor of organized capital; what is taken off here must sooner or later be in some degree taken in elsewhere for means to pay off the public debt. I do not favor the relief of capital to the burden of its competitors, (if that phrase is allowable,) or of its helpers. Yet, if this tax is not taken off by law, and thus the circulation kept in existence, so expensive may it become to the banks to keep up their circulation, that they may cease altogether to do so, for to do so is not compulsory upon them; and in that case the tax ceases with the cessation of the circulation. So that the alternative is presented of striking off the tax, and thus obtaining a public accommodation, or of keeping the law for the tax upon the statute-book without product therefrom, and losing the accommodation by the lack of a motive for furnishing it. In that view the tax will cease, not from favor, but as a means of reaching a desirable end. It is to be considered, too, that in the States, this form of organized capital pays its share, sometimes more than its lawful share, of State and municipal taxation. Still I would not make this recommendation here, did I not, in another place herein, call attention to the need of a reduction of the taxation resting upon the community in general. I further recommend that this Department be authorized to allow to the banks, circulation to the amount of 90 per cent., upon the average market value for the twelve months prior to the deposit, of the United States bonds deposited on security. Thus a bank would be enabled to obtain circulation upon the premium it paid for bonds, as well as upon the par value of them. Had United States bonds never risen above par, no one would have doubted but that a note circulation, based upon them at a ratio of 90 per cent., would have been amply secured. Why should any one doubt that the same ratio on their market value will be safe; the ratio of the circulation furnished, to shift in amount to the side of safety as the market value swings to and fro? It is worthy,

too, of consideration whether the original requirement in the national-bank act of so large a deposit of \$100 in bonds for \$90 in circulating notes was not, at that time, an expedient for forcing the bonds afloat, as well as a provision for securing the Government and the bill-holder against loss. It is a ratio of security furnished for circulation, without precedent in banking systems, and in theory and experience beyond the needs of the case. Comprehending this, it startles less to think of furnishing the same ratio on the market value. For, after all, it is not a new departure, so much as an assimilation, somewhat, of our system to those accepted in the financial world. For greater caution, there may be fixed a limit of value, above which the valuation of them for adjusting a ratio shall not go. A collateral advantage, not only to the banks but to community, is that an amount of banking assets laid away in the premium paid for bonds would thereby be released and brought into active use. It is understood, as was before stated, that in business circles United States bonds are taken as a good collateral up to 95 per cent. of their market value at the time. To be sure, there is the right reserved, in case of lowering fluctuation in market value, to demand an increase of security. There should the same power be given to this Department, and the difference of 5 per cent. in the business and Governmental margin, will counterbalance the nimbleness of the individual creditor, greater than that of the public agent, in looking after change in market value and in calling for further security.

The statements above made show that there is little danger of ultimate loss to the Government or note-holder, upon a circulation based upon the interest-bearing bonds of the United States, though taken as security at a margin coming near to the current market value thereof.

Other details may be suggested if Congress shall determine to give relief to the bankers, and through them to the people, in this matter, in the method proposed herein.

I think that a retrospect of the twenty-three years last past will describe two things: First: That the civil war could not have been carried on and brought to a desirable result, had not the bonds of the United States been issued and found acceptance with moneyed men. Second: That they would not have found that acceptance had it not been for the lead and the effort of the national banks. Now, it has always been held a prime quality of value in those bonds that they have, by law of the United States, been exempt from taxation by State or municipality. Such is the law of the creation of them. That law has effect when they are in the hands of individuals and of many corporations, and there they are invulnerable by such taxation; but when held by national

banks the law fails of its purpose. Though owned by the banks as a part of their capital or their assets, and used by them in their business, even in their relations with the Government, State legislation has found a way to reach them. It is roundabout and evasive, but it is effectual. The stockholder of a national bank is made to pay a tax on the value of his share in the capital and assets, though they consist largely of the bonds of the United States. I submit that this is not equal taxation, and that it is especially unjust and ungrateful in view of the two statements of fact with which I began this paragraph. Legislation by Congress could forbid such exercise of taxing power, and thereby make the holding of United States bonds, and the use of them for a basis of circulation, more desirable to the banks.

It is plain to him who has knowledge of the usage of the taxing officers of municipalities, and of the political divisions of States, that often there is overvalue put upon the property of banks as compared with that of the individual owner and of many corporations. It would be difficult by Federal legislation to find a means of supervising and preventing this unjust partiality, but there is a reason therein for such relief, in other directions, as it is in the power of Congress to give. There are collateral measures which will give aid to the banks without detriment elsewhere, and may be taken by them in lieu of all, or in aid of scant, profit on circulation. They may not now loan on real estate, or take security thereon as collateral to a personal liability. This restriction might be removed. It has been suggested that the requirement for a reserve might be removed or made less in amount. This is of doubtful expediency. The injunction for a reserve is meant as a restraint on daring or negligent management, and as a safeguard against forced suspension or the need of sharp contractions.

The further legislation by Congress at its last session, to stop the over-certification by the national banks, of checks drawn upon them, has not been kindly acquiesced in and observed. Directly or indirectly, it has been disobeyed, or evasion of it sought. In one case, upon the facts reported by a bank examiner, a reference has been made to the Department of Justice, by this Department, for prosecution. An indictment has been found against a teller. It will be tried in due course, when there will be judicial interpretation of the act of Congress, a judicial ruling upon the conduct deemed a violation of it, and a testing of the temper of a jury summoned from a busy mercantile and money-dealing vicinage.

The Comptroller's report shows that United States bonds are held, too, by State banks, trust companies and savings-banks. The national banks held on 1st November, 1883, as security for circulation and for

public deposits and other purposes, \$380,088,350 of interest-bearing bonds of the United States, which is \$16,440,050 less than the amount held on the same date of the previous year. Banking institutions, other than national, held these bonds as follows: 754 State banks, in twenty-two States, \$5,287,606; 34 trust companies, in five States, \$17,437,990; and 630 savings-banks, in fourteen States, \$219,017,313—total, \$241,742,909; being \$21,717,517 less than at the same date of the previous year. The total amount held by national and State banks, and savings-banks, is \$621,831,259, nearly one-half of the interest-bearing funded debt of the United States at that date, which was \$1,273,475,450.

The maximum amount of circulation issued to 286 State banks, organized either under the safety-fund or free-banking systems of the State of New York, was \$50,754,514, and the amount of unredeemed circulation in 1875 was \$1,336,337, or 2.63 per cent. of the highest amount issued. The greatest amount of circulation issued to 707 State banks, in twelve States, including the State of New York, was \$114,671,346; the amount outstanding, \$2,696,282, and the proportion unredeemed, 2.4 per cent. The proportion of national-bank notes redeemed, is much greater than that of State-bank notes under the old system. Of 40 national banks which failed previous to 1876, having a circulation of \$6,415,934, the proportion unredeemed is 1.98 per cent. Of 51 national banks in voluntary liquidation previous to 1870, having a circulation of \$5,846,740, the percentage unredeemed was 1.42 per cent.; of 38 banks that went into liquidation in 1870, 1871, 1872, having a circulation of \$4,917,340, the proportion unredeemed was 1.50 per cent., and of the 76 banks in liquidation during the three following years, having a circulation of \$7,823,285, the percentage was 3.60 per cent., while the proportion unredeemed in the whole of the 165 banks above named, having a circulation of \$18,587,365, was 2.36 per cent.

PUBLIC MONEYS.

The monetary transactions of the Government have been conducted through the offices of the United States Treasurer, those of nine assistant treasurers, and through one hundred and thirty-nine national-bank depositories.

The gross receipts of the Government, amounting during the fiscal year, as shown by warrants, to \$954,230,145.95, (\$555,942,564 of which were on account of loans,) were deposited as follows:

In Independent-Treasury offices.....	\$809,590,439 12
In national-bank depositories.....	144,639,706 83

Several national-bank depositories have been discontinued during the year, their services being no longer required, owing to the consolidation of the internal-revenue districts and the removal of the headquarters of the collectors to more distant points in the new districts; but the gross number of depositories remains about the same, as it became necessary to establish several new ones at places in the West, for the accommodation of public officers busied in that section.

The special examinations of Independent-Treasury offices, by officers of this Department, as required by law, are rendered more difficult and dangerous each year by reason of the bulk of silver coins which has accumulated in the vaults of each office.

An amount of United States gold coin is received every year in the sub-treasury offices, which by abrasion in use has reached the least tolerated weight, and therefore cannot be again paid out. There is no limit of tolerance for silver coins, but a large number of them are redeemed each year under the provisions of the act approved June 9, 1879, which are unfit to be again paid out, being more or less mutilated or defaced. These coins, gold and silver, are carried in the cash at their nominal value, but are unavailable until recoined. They cannot be recoined without some loss. In order that this amount of coin be made available, it is recommended that a sufficient sum be appropriated each year to pay for the cost of the recoinage of such coins.

No appropriation was made for the fiscal year 1884 for recoinage of light-weight gold coins in the Treasury, as required by section 3512, Revised Statutes of the United States.

It often happens that counterfeiters of, or altered or sweated, United States coins, are offered to the officers charged with the receipt or disbursement of public money. These officers have a practice, not frowned upon by this Department, to stamp, or otherwise mutilate, all such fraudulent semblances or defective coins, in analogy with the process, authorized by the act of June 30, 1876, (chap. 156, sec. 5,) to be applied to fraudulent paper currency. If it be not in some fashion stigmatized, the false token returns again and again to the officer, to be as often tested and rejected, or goes abroad to the deception of the unwary. Of late, discontent has been shown by some holders of such metallic pieces, and the power of the officers so to treat them has been questioned, in quarters on which suspicion does not rest of evil-doing. It is recommended, that to put the official usage beyond cavil, an act be passed akin to that of 1876, which shall give power to those officers over fraudulent coins or tokens, to break or stamp a false coin or token offered to them, or otherwise make known by mark upon it, that it is not genuine.

That there is likely to be a continuing surplus in the Treasury over the ordinary expenses of the Government, so long as the present revenue laws remain, is seen by those attentive to fiscal affairs. This has called out propositions for the disposal of surplus of public moneys; two of which may be noticed. One is, that the surplus be parcelled out among the States of the Union. This, though it has been ingeniously argued, has not so approved itself to the common sense of the people, as now to call for elaborate statement of reasons why it should not be adopted. The public sense is shrewd enough to see, that a debtor owing a large sum, upon interest which he must pay at short intervals, and some of the principal of which he may pay off whenever he pleases and thus save interest, would not be deemed a good manager of affairs, if he should give away, or loan on terms yielding no income and not likely to insure punctual repayment, the means which good luck or prudent conduct had put in his hands; and that it would be wiser for him, with the cash he had, to extinguish so much as he could of the debt against him. And the United States has such means, and owes such debts. It owes over a billion and a quarter of dollars, which is running upon interest. It has the option to pay over three hundred millions of the debt whenever it pleases. It must pay the interest on the principal unpaid, at short intervals. It is not good sense, nor is it common prudence, to give away or loan its means, instead of using them to pay the debts against it, while, because of its abundant prosperity, it is easy to do so. There is neither direct nor consequential benefit to that body-politic, which is the United States, in the course that is proposed. A surplus is in hand. No way to use it so well, so directly and unerringly, as with it to pay off and take up that debt. It admits of no doubt that thus the people of the Union are well served, and their money so paid as to redound to their lasting advantage.

The ground upon which the proposition is based is, mainly, that of the good to be done to the people of the several States in the relief given to their financial straits and difficulties, whereby there may be more largely and effectually carried on, within the States and by State governments, enterprises purely domestic. This Department may not now, make lengthy discussion of this topic, in this feature of it. In the judgment of this Department, it is not a legitimate function of the Federal Government, to raise money by taxation to be donated to the States, or to thus use money already raised in that way. Nor is this uttered in ignorance or forgetfulness, of what men of might in the affairs and councils of the Union have heretofore done and said on this subject. It is to be borne in mind, that they spoke and acted upon an existing

surplus not needed for any public use then sanctioned by law; not upon a prospective one to be avoided by legislation; and in view of the temptation which that idle money, incapable of lawful use under any existing law, held out for the broaching of new, and, in their judgment, unwarranted, perhaps improvident, Governmental enterprises.

It is perhaps, enough for the present, that the payable debt of the Union can take up all surplus now existing, or likely to arise for four years to come.

Another proposition is, of a payment from the surplus to certain of the States which have not had their full proportion of money under the distribution act of 1836. This comes with dignity of presentation, inasmuch as two powerful States of the Union, Virginia and Arkansas, have seriously asked for such payment, making formal demand therefor. By the terms of that act, the money in the Treasury on January 1, 1837, over the sum of five millions of dollars reserved, was to be deposited with such of the States as would receive it on the conditions specified. One of the conditions was, that the State should pledge its faith for the safe-keeping of the moneys deposited, and repayment, when required by the Secretary of the Treasury for the wants thereof. It is not needed that there be made a minute analysis of the terms upon which, by the act, the then exceptional and anomalous surplus in the Treasury was to be placed with the States. It was not as a complete and lasting gift. It was as a loan or deposit temporary in its nature, liable to a demand for a return whenever the wants of the Federal Treasury needed a repayment. It is claimed that the transaction was a contract; that if the States would take, the United States should deposit. And it is argued that the States having consented to take, and having to an extent taken, and having because thereof made financial arrangements by which they were and still are bound and affected, it is incumbent upon the United States, now that there is a surplus in its Treasury over the ordinary expenditures needed for carrying on the Government, that it should make further deposit thereof, with the assenting States which have not had their quota of the sum found in surplusage in 1837. Be it so. Call it a contract. Yet there was another and a vital part of that contract, that the States should repay, whenever the wants of the Treasury forced it to call for repayment. Are there, then, those wants? I do not consider that this term "wants" is to be interpreted as meaning destitution, or absolute, pressing need not to be otherwise met. I conceive it to mean, that when the condition of the finances is such, as that the Treasury must resort to more than usual rate and mode of taxation, to get money for legitimate purposes of the Government, that then an exigency arises, when it may fairly be said to have "wants,"

within the meaning of that term in the act of 1836. Clearly, during the years of civil war there was that exigency; clearly, the debt then made and yet unpaid, and much of the current yearly expenditure of the Government, are an outcome of that exigency. It is not too much to say, that during the civil war the United States might fairly have demanded return of the deposit, for that the Treasury was in want, and that now it might, if taxation were reduced within normal limits, have just occasion so to demand it. If so with that surplus, some of which has been so long ago placed with the States, *a fortiori* with that surplus now with the United States, and asked for by these States. If the United States be under contract, as is contended in behalf of those States, to make loan to them whenever a surplus arises, then are those States as well under contract to repay when called upon so to do. It is not too much to say, that it is such a fair and reasonable use of the means of the Treasury, to apply them to current expenses and the payment of payable obligations, as that within the spirit and intention of the act of 1836, the wants of the Treasury now, require the use and application of this surplus to the purposes of the United States. It is plain that if the United States doles out the surplus at this hour, it may demand repayment at the next hour. This would be but needless circuitry of action. It is as just to all concerned, to keep hold of the surplus in hand and apply it to the purposes of the Government. It would be frivolous to do otherwise. It has been the practice of the Department, and it seems to be a usage which should be adhered to. The principle has been laid down and observed in it, that so much of the surplus as has not already been placed with the States, can be used for the wants of the Treasury, and the fulfilment of the act of 1836 put off to a more convenient season. Congress recognized the propriety of it when, by act of October 2, 1837, it postponed the placing with the States of the fourth instalment of the deposit. If the United States were bound as by contract to hand it over, and it was an indefensible breach of the contract to do so, this act was ineffectual to cut off the right of the States to have it; yet it had the effect of a direction and authority from Congress to this Department, and so was a recognition of the principle above stated. The Department of Justice in 1837, gave the opinion that the instalments of surplus not already deposited with the States, were subject to be used for any necessary wants of the Treasury, though growing out of laws subsequently passed, when the execution of those laws could not with propriety be postponed, and there were no other moneys applicable. It is, besides, to be implied from that opinion, that the act of 1836 might be repealed by Congress, for it says that such laws must be considered, when the conditions had previ-

ously occurred, as impliedly repealing, *pro tanto*, the unexecuted part of the distribution of the surplus revenue provided for in the deposit act of June 23, 1836. The Executive, in 1837, in a message to Congress, held that if the moneys deposited were needed to defray existing appropriations, they could be recalled, and recommended that the fourth instalment should be withheld. By existing authority of law, tantamount to an existing appropriation, the Treasury Department is empowered to use the existing or arising surplus to redeem the debt. The Secretary of the Treasury, in 1837, in his report to Congress, recommended the withholding of the fourth instalment, asserting that it was not a debt, but a mere temporary disposal of a surplus. Those views were renewed in 1838. In the report from this Department in 1867 of receipts and expenditures, the balance in the Treasury on 30th June of that year is stated to be \$199,289,180.73, and there was included therein the amounts deposited with the States, being \$28,101,644.91. On January 28, 1861, the Secretary of the Treasury, in an official letter to the chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means, treating of the public debt and of the condition and resources of the Treasury, names the deposits as an available resource, either by a recall of them or as a pledge for the repayment of a loan.

For these reasons, and following in the practice of this Department, payment to those States from the existing surplus has been withheld, and will continue to be, until Congress directs another course.

CUSTOMS.

The revenue from customs for the fiscal year ending

June 30, 1882, was	\$220,410,730 25
That for the last fiscal year was.....	214,706,496 93
A decrease of.....	5,704,233 32

There was a decrease in the value of dutiable imports of \$11,575,583; and in that of free goods of \$3,808,692.

The duties collected at the port of New York during the last fiscal year were \$147,082,333.23; at all other ports, \$67,624,163.70.

This table gives the value of imports entered for consumption during the years ended June 30, 1882 and 1883, respectively:

	1882.	1883.
Dutiable	\$505,491,967	\$493,916,384
Free	210,721,981	206,913,289
Total	716,213,948	700,829,673

XXXIV REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

The following are the amounts of duty collected on the articles named during these years:

	1882.	1883.
1. Sugar, molasses, and confectionery.....	\$49,207,279	\$46,172,378
2. Wool, and manufactures of.....	29,253,016	32,320,893
3. Silk, manufactures of.....	22,633,137	19,654,946
4. Iron and steel, and manufactures of	24,175,547	16,590,504
5. Cotton, manufactures of.....	12,227,103	12,234,371
6. Wines and spirits and cordials	6,771,483	12,308,307

Charges of fraud and irregularity in the administration of the law enacted to carry out the treaty with Hawaii, so far as concerns the exemption of sugars from duty, having been made both in public bodies and in the public prints, I appointed a commission of three trustworthy persons, (one of whom was nominated by prominent representatives of the sugar trade at New York,) to go to San Francisco and Portland, Oregon, and, if necessary, to the Hawaiian Islands, to fully investigate the matter. They were given the fullest latitude to examine into all branches of the subject, and have executed the commission with intelligence, fidelity, and thoroughness.

Their report, which will be duly transmitted to Congress, fails to show that such charges have any foundation. It tends strongly to prove, that the character of the sugar imported from those Islands since the treaty went into operation, is essentially the same as that which was imported prior to the treaty, both as regards the grade of sugar admitted and its country of origin; and that the treaty has been fairly executed. The statement in the report that the sugar interest is largely other than American, has called forth from the Hawaiian government a counter statement, with a table showing that of \$15,886,800 of assessed plantation property, over \$10,000,000 is owned by American citizens. This large interest, it is claimed is growth from the treaty, and that it is profitable to the owners, many of whom are residents in this country.

The industry, and the free market opened, have given rise to a trade, in its nature and effects like our inter-State trade, covering a wide range of articles affecting profitably the American farmer, grocer, and manufacturer of small articles of household and farm use, as well as the larger manufactures in metals, and of machinery, and cottons. The exports in these commodities have so grown, that the trade of San Francisco with the Hawaiian Islands is its third in importance, being equalled only by

that with Great Britain and China, and exceeding that with Mexico, Australia, or British Columbia.*

Many of the articles of this trade, such as hay, grain, lumber, &c., are so bulky that they employ a shipping large in proportion to their value, and much of this is American.†

The impetus given to Hawaiian inter-island commerce, has also inured to the benefit of Americans, in calling for coasting steamers and sailing-vessels, which have been built in American ports.

The balance of trade growing from the earnings of American commerce—the commissions of merchants and bankers, and the profits of American citizens—is believed to be in favor of this country; as the course of exchange, as this Department is informed, is constantly against the Hawaiian remitter, to the extent of from $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 per cent. To reconcile this with the statements of the values of exports from this country to Hawaii, and of the imports into this country from that, which show an excess of imports, the fact must be weighed that the commodities landed there from here have an added value when they reach there, from the cost of carriage which adheres to them. The carriage is by American vessels mostly, and the cost of carriage earned by our citizens should be put to that side of the account.

The report of the commission shows that but for the free entry awarded by the treaty, the revenue on the sugar imported would have been about \$3,000,000, computed at an average duty of \$3.18 per 100 pounds. Yet there is a countervailing benefit to our citizens. The increase in value of Hawaiian sugar has been but \$1.57 per 100 pounds. As the sugar comes in free, it may not have been as strictly classified as that on which duty is assessed. That the consumer has received some benefit is thus shown, and this notion is confirmed by the market price of sugar in San Francisco before and since the treaty, being an average of $1\frac{1}{2}$ cents per pound in favor of the consumer since the treaty. Thus

* Export values of merchandise from San Francisco, for the year 1882, to the following countries:

Great Britain	\$29, 695, 342
China and Hong-Kong.....	4, 149, 393
Hawaiian Islands	2, 556, 398
Mexico	2, 371, 548
Australia.....	1, 645, 544
British Columbia.....	1, 248, 447

The above figures are taken from the "San Francisco Journal of Commerce," annual edition, January 31, 1883.

† Number of vessels built in United States Pacific ports for coasting trade of the Islands: Sailing-vessels, 25; steamers, 11; built in Atlantic ports for coasting, 1 steamer, of 1,000 tons; built in Atlantic ports for ocean service between San Francisco and Honolulu, 2 steamers, each 3,000 tons.

the loss in revenue is on a trade which might not exist but for this beneficent operation of the treaty.

By an act of Congress passed August 5, 1882, (chap. 389, sec. 5,) it was made the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury, to include in his estimates to Congress, a statement specifying in detail the number and class of officers and employés of every grade and nature, with the rate of compensation to each, that may, in his judgment, be necessary to properly conduct the business of collecting the revenue, at each port of entry in the United States, together with an estimate of the amounts required for contingent expenses at each of said ports, and for such additional expenses of the service as cannot be otherwise specifically provided for.

Assuming that the object of Congress in requiring this report, was to obtain estimates for specific appropriations to defray the expenses of collecting the revenue from customs in each district, so that there might be a repeal of the present law providing a permanent annual appropriation for that purpose, I caused examinations to be made of the several districts, by officers of this Department, in conjunction with local officers selected by collectors of customs.

As the result of these examinations, I had the honor to transmit to Congress, on 5th February, 1883, schedules showing the number and compensation of the employés recommended for each customs district and each port as then established. There have been some changes since, of little comparative importance, in the number and location of officers. These schedules, amended to fit with changes, are again transmitted, and marked respectively No. 1 and No. 2. No. 1 (see Appendix, page 81) shows existing districts and ports as recommended by those commissions, and the number and requisite compensation of officers and employés in each district and port. The aggregate amount of money required, as shown by that schedule, for the salaries of collectors and surveyors in all of the then existing districts and ports, was \$6,650,781.42 yearly. It was stated that those officers were variously compensated—some by salaries, commissions, and fees, some by commissions and fees only, some by salaries only—and that the amount paid, was in some cases too small to insure the constant service of competent men, and that in others the salary and emoluments were excessive for the service rendered. It was shown that there are many districts in which no duties have been collected for years, and others in which the duties collected are not sufficient to pay the cost of collection. The labors of the officers in those districts are confined almost entirely to issuing documents to vessels, collecting hospital tax and fees, and making up monthly and quarterly returns to the Department, often of “no transactions.”

Custom-house fees began with the act of March 2, 1799. It was thought that the customs service would be practically self-sustaining, and that the burden of its maintenance should fall on those who had dealings with it, with nominal salaries only, in addition to the fees. The system has not been self-supporting. The aggregate amount of fees collected is about \$600,000 per annum; the annual cost of collecting the customs revenue is over \$6,000,000.

These fees are made up of small and annoying exactions from importers and ship-owners, difficult to collect, and involving much unprofitable clerical work in accounts. Besides that, the sum of them, in instances, is so large as to compensate the officer beyond desert.

The advantage of fixed salaries is obvious. An objectionable feature of the present system is the temptation at small ports to obtain "additional compensation for storage" under the bonded warehouse system. Then, too, is the uncertainty of the amount of compensation. By the act of June 22, 1874, Congress recognized all this, and gave fixed salaries to the officers of leading ports, but left others unchanged.

The oaths required to be taken before collectors upon entry of merchandise are, as a rule, formal. They cause inconvenience to importers by compelling their personal attendance at the custom-house. They deter not the dishonest from fraudulent entries. They add not to the security of entries by honorable merchants. A simple declaration by the importer, attested by a notary, sanctioned by penalties, would prove a relief to merchants, and be as safe.

There are useless customs districts, and nothing but local pride or interest will disagree therefrom. There are twenty-two ports of entry at which not a dollar of duties has been collected for years, at different times. There are thirty-two ports of entry in which the year's collections from all sources have not equalled the year's expenses. These had importance when foreign trade was carried on in sailing-vessels, and before the concentration of importations at large ports from regular lines of ocean-steamers, and the present system of rapid inland transportation. The custom-houses in these districts are, however, kept up, with all the formalities of activity, with deputies, inspectors, and clerks, to make official returns to the accounting officers of the Treasury and the Bureau of Statistics.

The consolidation of districts and diminution of ports of entry are called for by sound business considerations, and may be accomplished without increasing smuggling or withdrawing proper facilities for documenting vessels.

The issuing of papers to vessels and the collection of hospital-dues may as well be done by subordinates, and the unproductive districts

abolished, saving expense and promoting the efficiency of the service. Owing to the inequalities in the present compensation of collectors and surveyors, and to the nature of some of these offices, sinecure, almost, it was found impracticable to adopt any uniform rule for fixing salaries of collectors and surveyors under the present organization.

I was then, and am now, convinced, upon a careful consideration of the subject, that districts should be consolidated, and the number thereof reduced. The matter is of such importance, as bearing upon an economical conduct of public affairs, that I presume to present it in this annual report, and to again offer my views and the facts and considerations which I think uphold them, and to renew the propositions which I then made.

The statement herewith submitted, marked "A," (see Appendix, page 111,) went with the letter, and exhibits the number at that time of employés and expense for salaries in each district as now constituted, and the estimated number of employés and expense for the districts as it is proposed that Congress should authorize them. In these respects it is near enough to a correct statement of the existing state of things to show it with closeness to accuracy. The number of officers and employés in the existing districts as given by it is 4,255. The number thought to be needed under the arrangement of districts proposed would be 4,054, the reduction being mostly of those receiving the largest compensation. The actual cost of the service in the districts for the fiscal

year ending June 30, 1882, is given as	\$6, 549, 595 07
The estimate for the year ending June 30, 1884, with	
the districts remaining as they are, is stated at.....	6, 650, 781 42
The cost, if consolidation of districts as proposed is	
made, is estimated at	6, 148, 855 00

These figures show that the consolidation would save in public expenses \$501,926.42 over the estimate for 1883-'84, and \$400,740.07 over the ascertained cost of the year 1882-'83.

The estimates submitted according to law by this Department for the fiscal year 1884-'85 call for an appropriation of..... \$5, 500, 000 00

In addition thereto is the amount to come from the provision of the United States Revised Statutes, section 3687, which makes a permanent annual appropriation of \$2,750,000 for the expenses of collecting the revenue from customs for each half year, in addition to such sums as may be received from fines, penalties, and forfeitures connected with the customs, and fees paid into the Treasury by customs officers, and from storage, cartage, drayage, labor, and services. In the year 1882 the

amount derived by the operation of this section increased the available funds to the sum of \$7,566,688.24; in 1883, to \$7,953,329.51. These figures are furnished to me from the warrant division of this Department. If they err at all, it is that they are less, rather than more, than they should be. Consolidation, according to the estimate above given, is, in expense, less than this nearly \$1,500,000.

Schedule No. 2 (see Appendix, page 61) shows in detail the number, class, and pay of the officers for each of the proposed consolidated districts.

The name of each district is made the same as that of the chief port in it, thereby to save clerical labor at the customs offices and at the Department, and prevent the confusion among the unfamiliar arising from an arbitrary christening, as that of the Port of Oswegatchie, N. Y., when the chief port is Ogdensburg, N. Y. The pay of keepers of bonded warehouses has not been included in the estimates, because the number of them depends upon the number of warehouses, which varies, they being established or given up as it pleases the proprietors, who are required to reimburse the Government the stipend of the keepers. And in connection herewith, it is recommended that the proper appropriation bill have a clause appropriating the sum reimbursed therefor, and for overtime and night service when for benefit of consignees.

The plan outlined in schedule No. 2 is the result of much thought and careful inquiry. A test in practice may show some imperfections, and doubtless will. Alteration in the plan suggested, clearly in the way of improvement, may, from time to time, be needful. In the event of adoption of it by Congress, with the numbers and boundaries of districts fixed by enactment, the Executive could not apply an immediate remedy to evils that practice might show to exist. Hence, there may be doubts whether a system unchangeable, save by legislation, is the best mode for a practicable as well as an economical administration of the customs service. To forestall failure, the power could be given to the President, to alter districts and designate or appoint officers thereto, as is his power with internal-revenue collection districts, by section 3141 of United States Revised Statutes.

I further recommend a repeal of section 2648 of United States Revised Statutes, authorizing a charge for blanks by the collectors and surveyors on the northern, northeastern, and northwestern frontiers, and of all laws allowing commissions, fees, and charges for storage.

I also recommend that, in lieu of present salaries, and all moieties and perquisites, and commissions on disbursements, received by collectors, naval officers, and surveyors, there be an annual salary. To prepare for an occasion requiring the change of any salary in the recess

of Congress, the law might provide that one, not beyond a maximum named by law, might be fixed by the President, to be reported to Congress at the next session after his action, subject to its approval or change. I also recommend that section 3687, United States Revised Statutes, be repealed.

I send herewith maps, which show the customs districts as they are, and as they would be if the consolidation herein proposed is effectuated. The space within the blue lines is an existing district; that within the red lines is a district as contemplated.

Schedule No. 2 also contains a draught of a bill (see Appendix, page 80) for carrying out this proposition and the general plan proposed.

In conclusion of this subject, I remark, that there are some considerations which appear to militate with the feasibility and good results of a consolidation. Two of them are these: There is a possibility that in some of the districts where little revenue is taken, there might be much smuggling but for the undemonstrative preventive effect of the known existence of officers, and the wholesome fear of detection thereby excited; and that in such districts there are the papers of vessels to be *viséd* and approved, making needful the presence of customs officers at a convenient nearness. It is believed, however, that even if these are of potency, it is not needful that officers of other than lesser degree and wages be retained, who may be subordinate to a central superior conveniently placed; and I think that the bill proposed fully provides for these contingencies.

The act approved March 3, 1883, entitled "An act to prevent the importation of adulterated and spurious teas," has been productive of good effects. It needs amendment in some particulars, to give officers full power to achieve the results intended.

A draught of a bill to accomplish that end will be submitted for the consideration of Congress.

The tariff enacted March 3, 1883, while it has given rise to some troublesomè questions of administration, but fewer than were expected from a new law of this kind, has simplified official work. The schedules for cotton and silk fabrics are much plainer than those formerly existing on the same subject. The mode adopted for collecting duties on sugar according to its saccharine strength seems to have given general satisfaction, and has removed the opportunity formerly existing for evading the revenue by artificial coloring.

If there be legislation on the tariff at this session, an improvement might be made in the provision regarding third-class or carpet wools, either by fixing one rate of duty for them, regardless of value, or by

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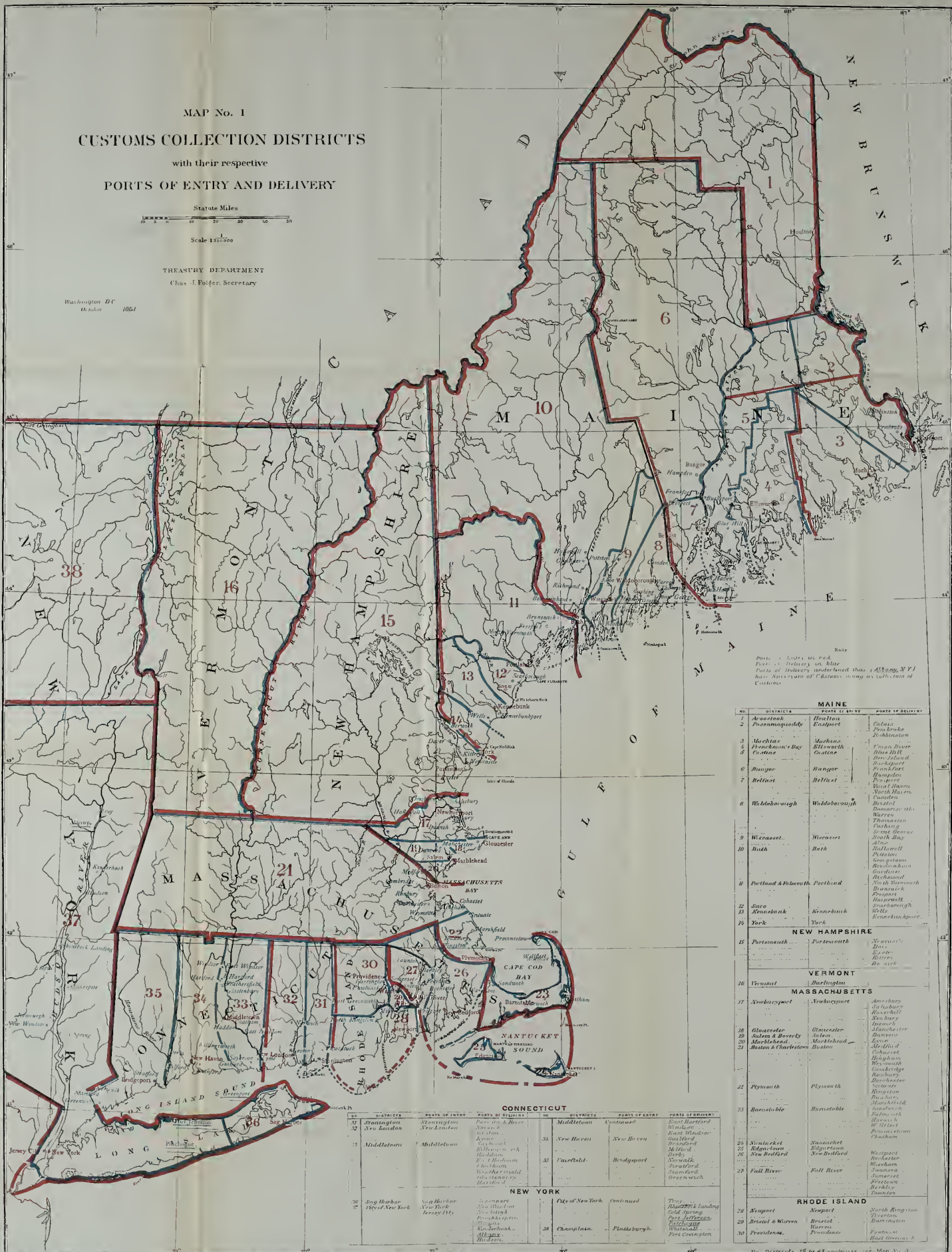
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MAP No. 1
CUSTOMS COLLECTION DISTRICTS
with their respective
PORTS OF ENTRY AND DELIVERY

Statute Miles
Scale 1:500,000

TREASURY DEPARTMENT
Chas. J. Folger, Secretary

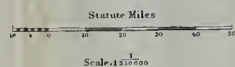
Washington, D.C.
October 1861



Note
Ports of Entry are red
Ports of Delivery are blue
Ports of Delivery are blue
Ports of Delivery are blue

MAINE			
DISTRICT	PORTS OF ENTRY	PORTS OF DELIVERY	
1	Aroostook	Boston	
2	Penobscot	Portland	
3	Madawaska	Calais	
4	Madawaska	Calais	
5	Madawaska	Calais	
6	Madawaska	Calais	
7	Madawaska	Calais	
8	Madawaska	Calais	
9	Madawaska	Calais	
10	Madawaska	Calais	
11	Madawaska	Calais	
12	Madawaska	Calais	
13	Madawaska	Calais	
14	Madawaska	Calais	
15	Madawaska	Calais	
16	Madawaska	Calais	
17	Madawaska	Calais	
18	Madawaska	Calais	
19	Madawaska	Calais	
20	Madawaska	Calais	
21	Madawaska	Calais	
22	Madawaska	Calais	
23	Madawaska	Calais	
24	Madawaska	Calais	
25	Madawaska	Calais	
26	Madawaska	Calais	
27	Madawaska	Calais	
28	Madawaska	Calais	
29	Madawaska	Calais	
30	Madawaska	Calais	
31	Madawaska	Calais	
32	Madawaska	Calais	
33	Madawaska	Calais	
34	Madawaska	Calais	
35	Madawaska	Calais	
36	Madawaska	Calais	
37	Madawaska	Calais	
38	Madawaska	Calais	

MAP No. 2
CUSTOMS COLLECTION DISTRICTS
with their respective
PORTS OF ENTRY AND DELIVERY



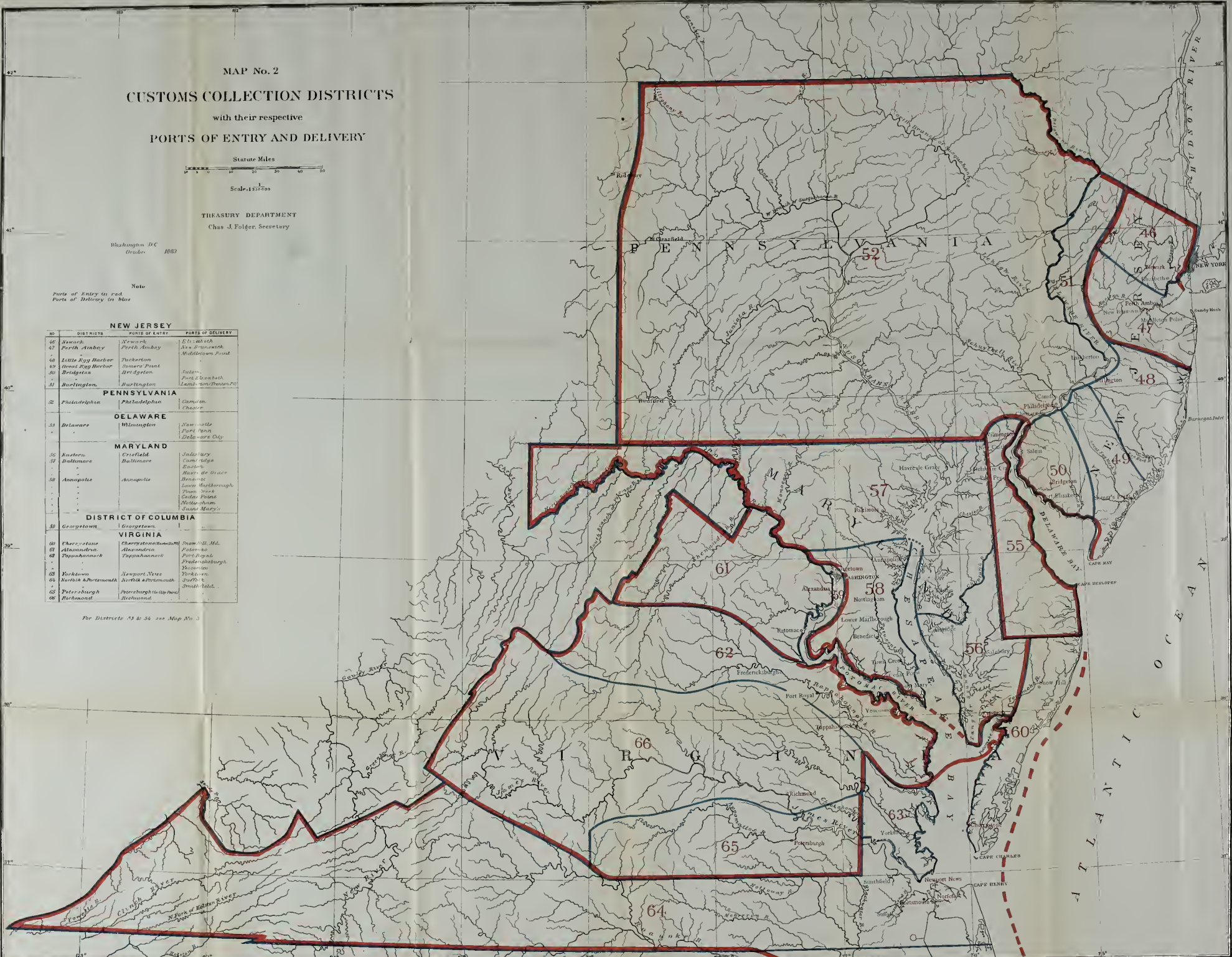
TREASURY DEPARTMENT
Chas. J. Folger, Secretary

Washington, D.C.
October 1887

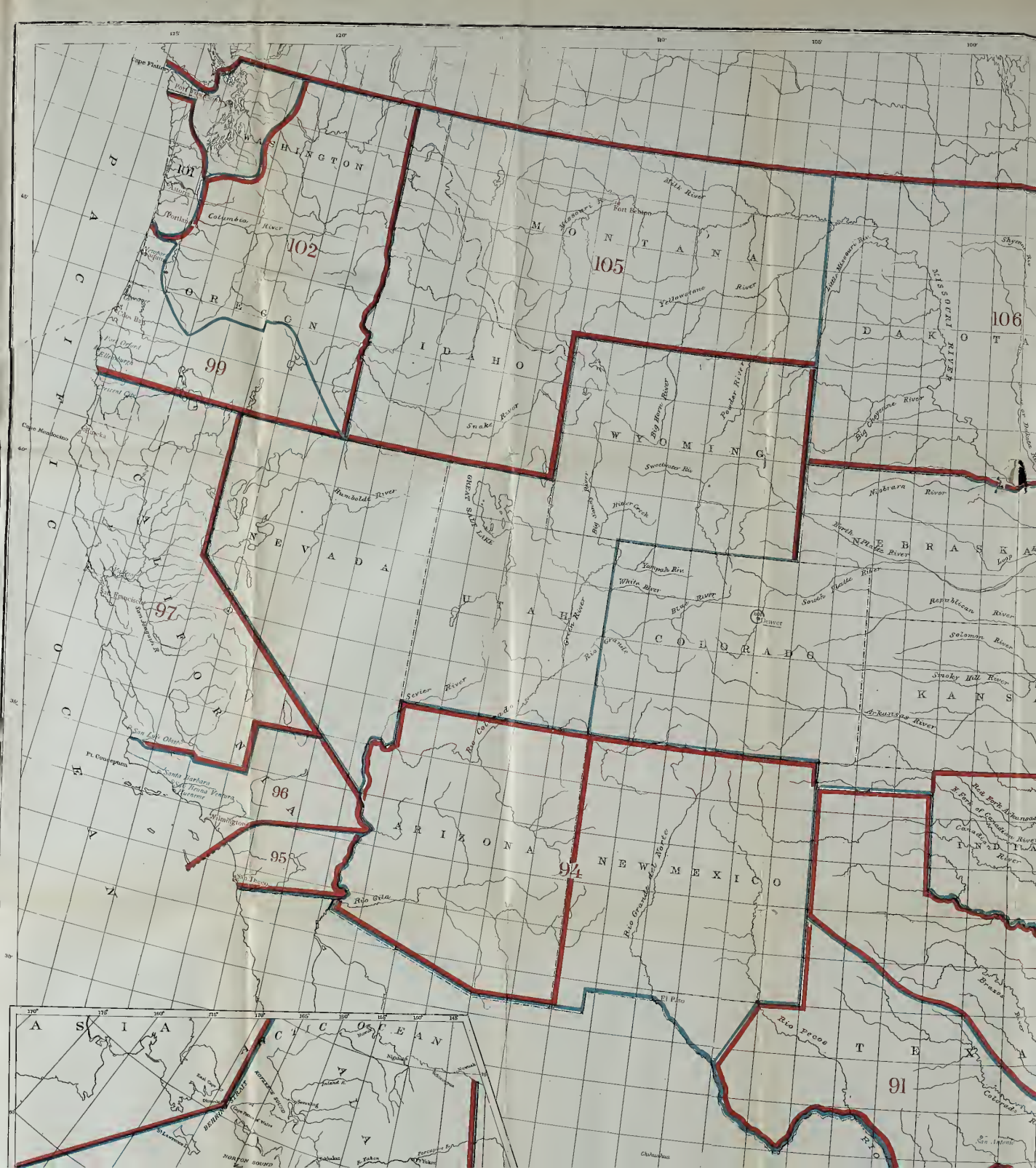
Note
Ports of Entry in red
Ports of Delivery in blue

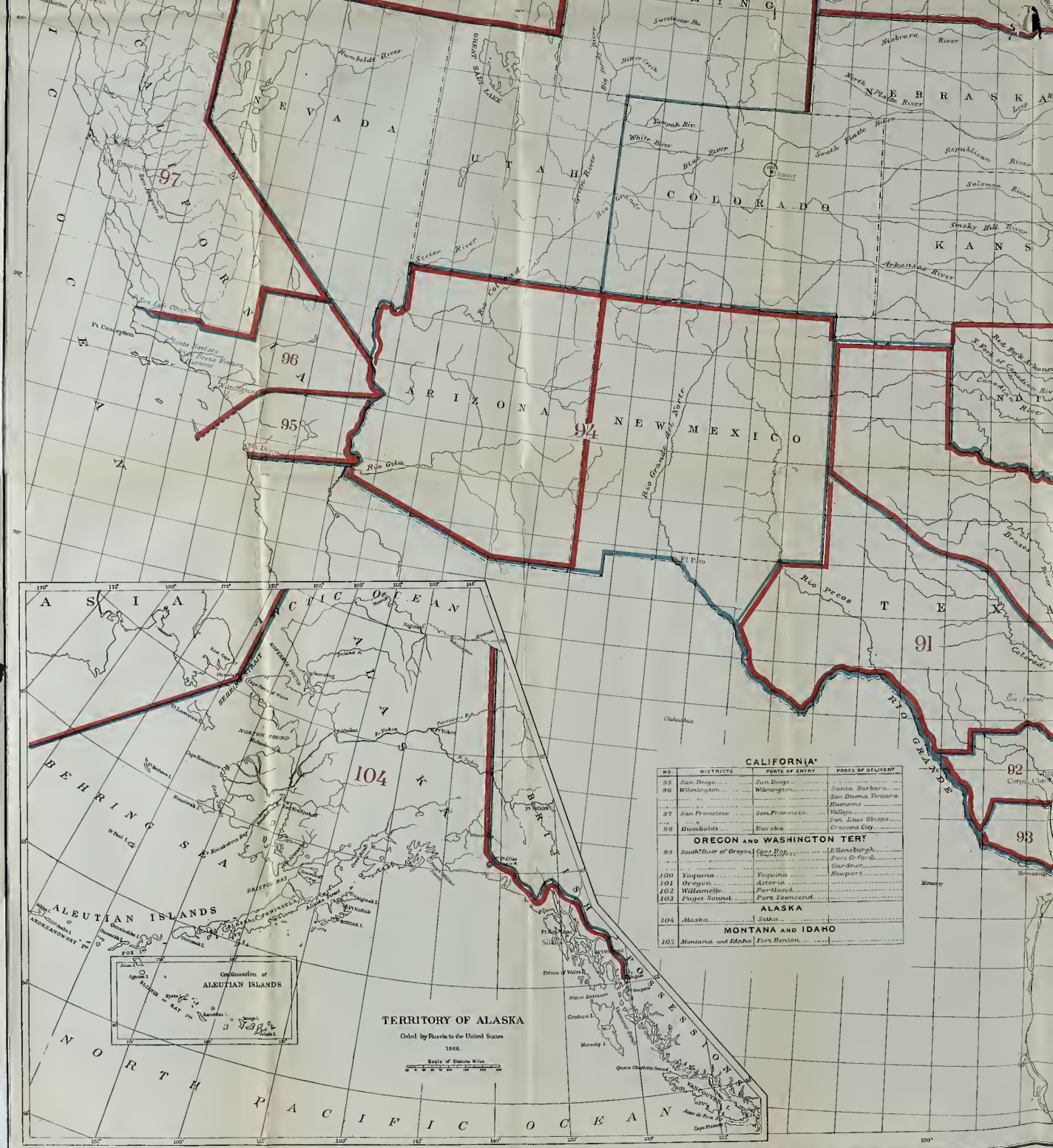
NEW JERSEY		
DISTRICTS	PORTS OF ENTRY	PORTS OF DELIVERY
46	Newark	Elizabeth
47	Perth Amboy	New Brunswick
48	Little Egg Harbor	Port Monmouth
49	Great Egg Harbor	Port Monmouth
50	Bridgeton	Port Monmouth
51	Burlington	Port Monmouth
PENNSYLVANIA		
52	Philadelphia	Philadelphia
DELAWARE		
53	Wilmington	New Castle
		Delaware City
MARYLAND		
54	Annapolis	Annapolis
55	Baltimore	Baltimore
56	Baltimore	Baltimore
57	Annapolis	Annapolis
58	Annapolis	Annapolis
59	Annapolis	Annapolis
60	Annapolis	Annapolis
61	Annapolis	Annapolis
62	Annapolis	Annapolis
63	Annapolis	Annapolis
64	Annapolis	Annapolis
65	Annapolis	Annapolis
66	Annapolis	Annapolis
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA		
67	Washington	Washington
VIRGINIA		
68	Charleston	Charleston
69	Charleston	Charleston
70	Charleston	Charleston
71	Charleston	Charleston
72	Charleston	Charleston
73	Charleston	Charleston
74	Charleston	Charleston
75	Charleston	Charleston
76	Charleston	Charleston
77	Charleston	Charleston
78	Charleston	Charleston
79	Charleston	Charleston
80	Charleston	Charleston

For Districts 53 to 56 see Map No. 3



Albemarle District
in North Carolina
included.





MAP No. 3

CUSTOMS COLLECTION DISTRICTS

with their respective

PORTS OF ENTRY AND DELIVERY

Statute Miles

Scale: 5000000

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

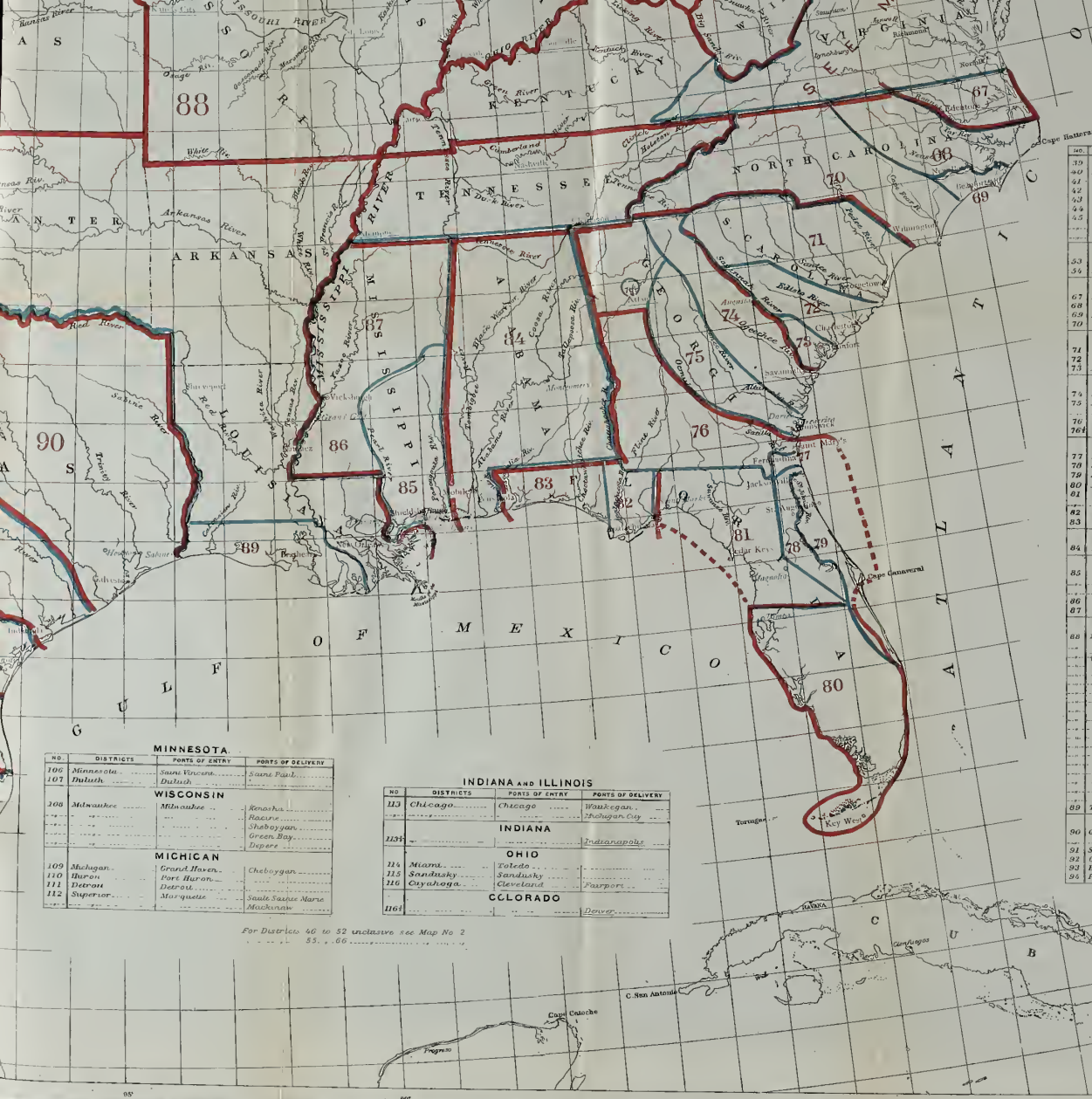
Class J. Edgar, Secretary



Note
Ports of Entry in red
Ports of Delivery in blue
Ports of Delivery underlined, thus (Whaling, W Va.)
have Surveyors of Customs acting as Collectors of Customs

NEW YORK - Continued

No.	DISTRICTS	PORTS OF ENTRY	PORTS OF DELIVERY
39	Albany	Albany	Albany
40	Cape Vincent	Cape Vincent	Cape Vincent
41	Oriskany	Oriskany	Oriskany
42	Genevieve	Genevieve	Genevieve
43	Niagara	Niagara	Niagara
44	Buffalo Creek	Buffalo	Buffalo
45	Dunkirk	Dunkirk	Dunkirk
46	Buffalo Creek	Buffalo	Buffalo
47	Buffalo Creek	Buffalo	Buffalo
48	Buffalo Creek	Buffalo	Buffalo
49	Buffalo Creek	Buffalo	Buffalo
50	Buffalo Creek	Buffalo	Buffalo
51	Buffalo Creek	Buffalo	Buffalo
52	Buffalo Creek	Buffalo	Buffalo
53	Erie	Erie	Erie
54	Pittsburgh	Pittsburgh	Pittsburgh
55	Pittsburgh	Pittsburgh	Pittsburgh
56	Pittsburgh	Pittsburgh	Pittsburgh
57	Albany	Albany	Albany
58	Pamlico	Pamlico	Pamlico
59	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
60	Wilmington	Wilmington	Wilmington
61	Georgetown	Georgetown	Georgetown
62	Charleston	Charleston	Charleston
63	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
64	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
65	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
66	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
67	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
68	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
69	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
70	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
71	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
72	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
73	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
74	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
75	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
76	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
77	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
78	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
79	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
80	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
81	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
82	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
83	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
84	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
85	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
86	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
87	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
88	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
89	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
90	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
91	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
92	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
93	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
94	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
95	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
96	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
97	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
98	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
99	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
100	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort



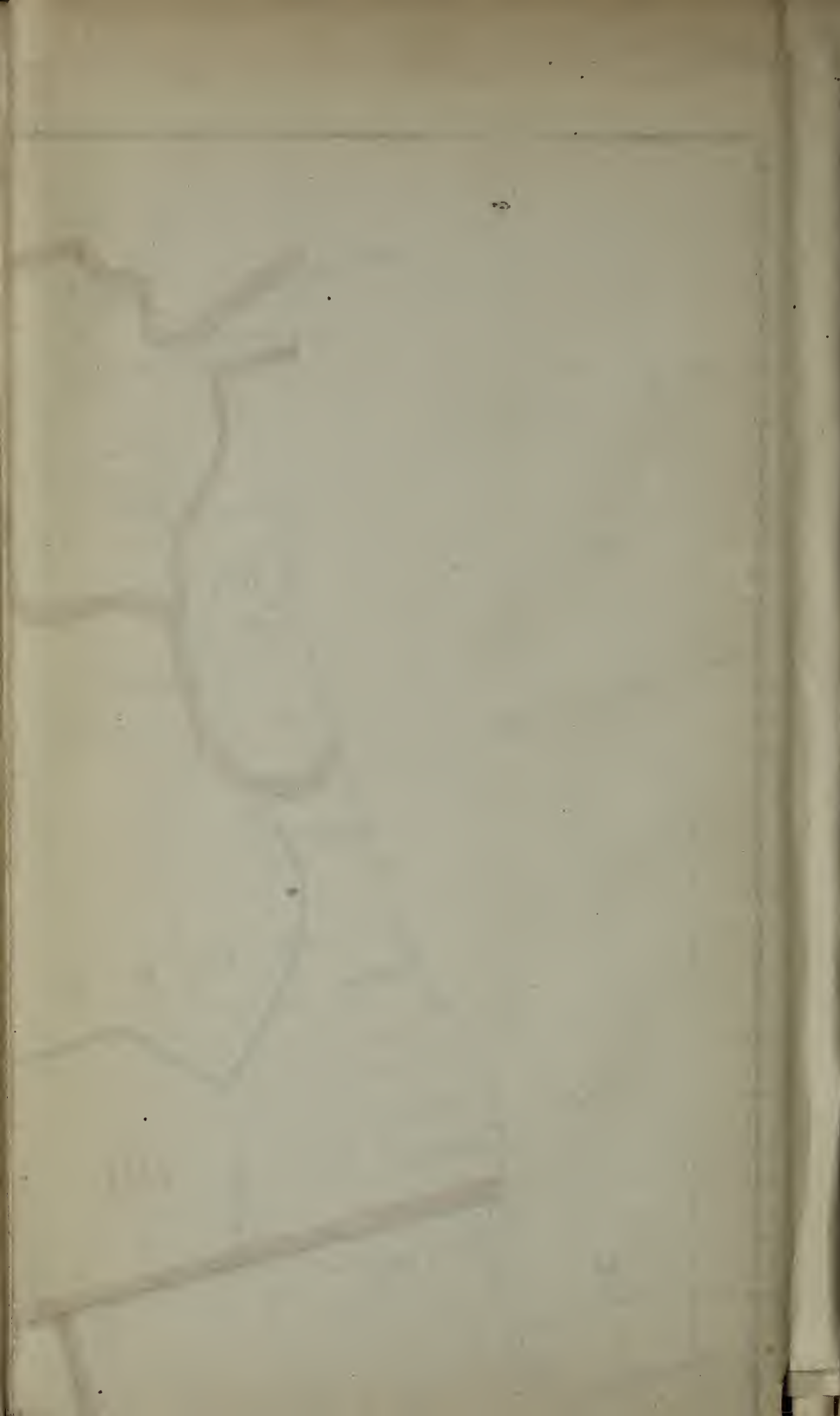
Note
 Ports of Entry in red.
 Ports of Delivery in blue.
 Ports of Delivery underlined, thus (Wheeling, W. Va.)
 have Surveyors of Customs acting as Collectors of Customs.

NEW YORK - Continued			
NO.	DISTRICTS	PORTS OF ENTRY	PORTS OF DELIVERY
39	Oswego	Oswego	Oswego
40	Cape Vincent	Cape Vincent	Cape Vincent
41	Oswego	Oswego	Oswego
42	Genesee	Genesee	Genesee
43	Niagara	Niagara	Niagara
44	Buffalo Creek	Buffalo Creek	Buffalo Creek
45	Dunkirk	Dunkirk	Dunkirk
PENNSYLVANIA			
53	Erie	Erie	Erie
54	Pittsburgh	Pittsburgh	Pittsburgh
NORTH CAROLINA			
67	Albemarle	Albemarle	Albemarle
68	Farmington	Farmington	Farmington
69	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
70	Wilmington	Wilmington	Wilmington
SOUTH CAROLINA			
71	Georgetown	Georgetown	Georgetown
72	Charleston	Charleston	Charleston
73	Beaufort	Beaufort	Beaufort
GEORGIA			
74	Savannah	Savannah	Savannah
75	Braswell	Braswell	Braswell
76	Saint Mary's	Saint Mary's	Saint Mary's
761			
FLORIDA			
77	Fernandina	Fernandina	Fernandina
78	Saint John's	Saint John's	Saint John's
79	Saint Augustine	Saint Augustine	Saint Augustine
80	Key West	Key West	Key West
81	Saint Marks	Saint Marks	Saint Marks
82	Apalachicola	Apalachicola	Apalachicola
83	Pensacola	Pensacola	Pensacola
ALABAMA			
84	Mobile	Mobile	Mobile
MISSISSIPPI			
85	Shreveport	Shreveport	Shreveport
86	Natchez	Natchez	Natchez
87	Vicksburg	Vicksburg	Vicksburg
LOUISIANA			
88	New Orleans	New Orleans	New Orleans
89			
90			
91			
92			
93			
94			
95			
96			
97			
98			
99			
100			
TEXAS			
101	Galveston	Galveston	Galveston
102	San Antonio	San Antonio	San Antonio
103	Corpus Christi	Corpus Christi	Corpus Christi
104	Brownsville	Brownsville	Brownsville
105	El Paso	El Paso	El Paso

MINNESOTA			
NO.	DISTRICTS	PORTS OF ENTRY	PORTS OF DELIVERY
106	Minnesota	Saint Vincent	Saint Vincent
107	Duluth	Duluth	Duluth
WISCONSIN			
108	Milwaukee	Milwaukee	Milwaukee
109	Madison	Madison	Madison
110	Shaboygan	Shaboygan	Shaboygan
111	Superior	Superior	Superior
MICHIGAN			
112	Grand Haven	Grand Haven	Grand Haven
113	Port Huron	Port Huron	Port Huron
114	Detroit	Detroit	Detroit
115	Marquette	Marquette	Marquette

INDIANA AND ILLINOIS			
NO.	DISTRICTS	PORTS OF ENTRY	PORTS OF DELIVERY
116	Chicago	Chicago	Chicago
117	Indianapolis	Indianapolis	Indianapolis
INDIANA			
118	Miami	Miami	Miami
119	Sandusky	Sandusky	Sandusky
120	Cuyahoga	Cuyahoga	Cuyahoga
OHIO			
121	Toledo	Toledo	Toledo
122	Cleveland	Cleveland	Cleveland
COLORADO			
123	Denver	Denver	Denver

For Districts 46 to 52 inclusive see Map No. 2
 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.



having a broader contrast between the higher and lower classes. Now the duty is two and a half, or five, cents a pound, according as the value of the wool is over or under twelve cents a pound; and where the market value is close to twelve cents, as it is now, the temptation is strong to undervalue the wool, so as to bring it in at the lower rate of duty.

In connection herewith, it should be said, that changes in the modes of business have made undervaluations more frequent and difficult of prevention. It is found that foreign manufacturers of, or wholesale dealers in, many classes of merchandise, decline to sell or to furnish price-lists to American merchants. It turns out that those manufacturers or dealers have established business houses, or agencies, or special consignees in this country, to whom they make shipments exclusively. It is suspected—it might be said that it is found out—that in many cases the goods sent over to these representatives are invoiced below their actual value abroad. There is no risk in this of mercantile loss to the foreign consignor, as the interest is mutual of him and his representative; the latter pays not at the invoiced value, but accounts at the actual selling price, in which both have an interest. It is not easy for the Government appraiser to learn, in all cases, the real market value abroad, for price-lists have been withheld, and actual sales are supplanted by this process; and it is hard to maintain criminal or civil actions for fraud against the consignee, for it is not easy to prove that he had a hand in the fraudulent undervaluation. Legislation aimed at these practices is needed.

Section 7 of the act repeals sections 2907 and 2908 of the United States Revised Statutes and section 14 of the act of June 22, 1874, and forbids customs officers from finding the value of imported goods by an estimation of the charges imposed by those sections, or of the value of any coverings of any kind. It has caused much diversity of opinion in the interpretation of it, and much difficulty in application. What is meant by these terms of the act—"the usual and necessary sacks, crates, boxes, or covering of any kind"—has divers answers from the officials, and is the cause of contention with importers. Should Congress touch the tariff act at this session, this matter will be worthy of its attention.

The Secretary of the Treasury is required by section 4 of chapter 136 of the laws of 1875, to give in his annual report to Congress a detailed statement of the money refunded under any provisions of law for duties erroneously received, together with copies of the rulings under which the refundings were made. It has been the practice of the Department to submit the information in a separate communication. That practice is followed this year.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

From the various objects of taxation under the internal-revenue laws, as reported by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, the receipts for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1882 and 1883, were as follows :

Objects of taxation.	Fiscal year ended June 30—	
	1882.	1883.
Distilled spirits.....	\$69,873,408 18	\$74,368,775 20
Tobacco.....	47,391,988 91	42,104,249 79
Fermented liquors.....	16,153,920 42	16,900,615 81
Banks and bankers.....	5,253,458 47	3,748,994 60
Adhesive stamps:		
Bank-checks.....	2,318,455 14	1,946,272 10
Friction-matches.....	3,272,258 00	2,920,545 20
Patent medicines, &c.....	1,978,395 56	2,186,236 16
Penalties.....	199,830 04	305,803 57
Collections not otherwise provided for.....	81,559 00	71,852 43
Total.....	146,523,273 72	144,553,344 86

The increase of revenue from spirits during the last fiscal year was \$4,495,367.02; from fermented liquors was \$746,695.39; the decrease from tobacco, \$5,287,739.12; and from banks and bankers, \$1,504,463.87. The total decrease of internal revenue from all sources up to June 30, 1883, was \$1,969,928.86. These figures differ somewhat from the amounts actually covered into the Treasury, as shown on the first page of this report.

The cost of collecting the internal revenue for the fiscal year was \$5,113,734.88. The estimated cost for the same work for the current year is \$4,999,190.

The following statement shows the number and amount of claims presented for rebate of taxes on tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes, under the provisions of section 4 of the act of March 3, 1883, and the present condition of the claims :

Whole number of claims presented.....	46,859
Amount of rebate claimed.....	\$3,725,913 97

Number of claims allowed and forwarded to Fifth Auditor	43,729
Number of claims rejected	56
Number returned for amendment	3,074
Total.....	46,859

Amount of claims allowed and forwarded to Fifth Auditor	\$3,524,167 22
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Amount of claims rejected	\$1, 787 48
Amount returned for amendment.....	199, 959 27

Total.....	3, 725, 913 97
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Manufacturers' claims, 846; amounting to.....	\$137, 576 94
Dealers' claims, 46,013; amounting to.....	3, 588, 337 03

Total.....	3, 725, 913 97
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The claims of manufacturers have all been allowed.

The claims rejected and claims returned for amendment are claims of dealers.

No appropriation having been made for the payment of the claims of dealers for the rebate, the attention of Congress is respectfully called to the subject. It will be seen that the sum required to pay the claims of dealers which have not been rejected (viz., 45,957 claims) is \$3,586,549.55.

PRODUCTION OF SPIRITS.

The quantity of spirits produced and deposited in distillery warehouses during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, is less than the production of 1882 by 31,839,853, and of 1881 by 43,714,842 gallons.

The decrease in production of the fiscal year 1883, as compared with that of the fiscal year 1882, is distributed among the different kinds known to the trade, as follows:

Decrease in production of—	Gallons.
Bourbon whiskey.....	20, 913, 422
Rye whiskey.....	4, 440, 123
Alcohol	4, 482, 965
Gin.....	23, 366
High wines	2, 260, 428
Miscellaneous	241, 385

Total decrease.....	32, 361, 689
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Increase in production of—

Rum	97, 876
Pure neutral or cologne spirits.....	423, 960

Total.....	521, 836
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Net decrease.....	31, 839, 853
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There were remaining in distillery warehouses on the 30th of June, 1883, and the 30th of June, 1882, respectively, distilled spirits as follows:

	Gallons.
June 30, 1883.....	80, 499, 993
June 30, 1882.....	89, 962, 645

There should, under the present law, come out of bonded warehouse and pay tax, distilled spirits as follows:

	Gallons.
By June 6, 1884.....	26, 104, 531
By July 6, 1884.....	3, 495, 512
Total.....	<u>29, 600, 043</u>

On which the tax would be \$26,640,038.70. The whole quantity in bonded warehouses to come out, and pay tax by July 6, 1886, is 80,499,993 gallons, at a tax of 90 cents per gallon.

This has some bearing on the probable amount of surplus revenue, should there be legislation affecting the payment or postponement of that tax.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue recommends that the limitation to prosecutions for violations of internal-revenue laws be made two years in all cases, subject to the exceptions usual in statutes. The information of his bureau is, that in nearly all proceedings instituted after two years, the accused is acquitted.

He calls attention to the use of alcoholic vapor in the manufacture of vinegar. He suggests the need of legislation preventive of frauds therein. That which seems the best, is to subject the manufacturers to the same regulations which are made by law for the distillers of spirits, so far as they may be applied. His report speaks of the direct taxes levied under the act of August 5, 1861, and of the doubts which have arisen whether the internal revenue have operation in the Indian Territory. These matters are of such importance as to be especially commended to the early attention of Congress. It is worthy, too, of consideration whether amnesty should not be given to a class of offenders against the internal-revenue laws, which will be intelligibly indicated by the phrase "moonshiners," excepting, however, all cases in which disobedience of the law has run to violent opposition to the enforcement of it.

REDUCTION OF TAXATION.

The only United States bonds which are now payable at the pleasure of the Government are the three per cents, being \$305,529,000; those which next become redeemable are the \$250,000,000 of four-and-a-half

per cents, on September 1, 1891. The \$737,620,700 of four per cents and the \$325,850 of refunding certificates are redeemable July 1, 1907.

The estimates for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884, show a surplus revenue of \$85,000,000 per annum. This is enough to pay all the three per cents in about three and one-half years, and before the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1887. This surplus kept up for the four succeeding years, to September 1, 1891, would be more than \$350,000,000, or \$100,000,000 more than enough to pay all the bonds then falling due. The same annual surplus until July 1, 1907, would amount, with the \$100,000,000 left after paying the four-and-a-half per cents, to about \$1,460,000,000, while the whole amount of the debt then redeemable is less than \$740,000,000. The estimated surplus of \$85,000,000 a year would pay the whole amount of the interest-bearing debt in about fifteen years. The only authority possessed by the Treasury whereby it can restore to business the surplus moneys thus accumulated, is that given to the Secretary by the act of March 3, 1881, by which he may at any time apply the surplus money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to the purchase or redemption of United States bonds. This can now be done to other than the three per cents only by the payment of a large and increasing premium thereupon. And when it is considered that nearly one-half of the interest-bearing debt of the United States is held by national banks, State banks, savings-banks, and trust companies, and much other of it by private trustees and other persons acting in fiduciary capacity, who have no wish to surrender these securities, the difficulty of acting under the provision cited is manifest. Moreover, it cannot be assumed that the estimated surplus for the current and next years under existing laws, will remain at the same rate in succeeding years. The increasing population and swelling business of the country will add to, rather than take from, the amount of the surplus as now estimated, while the decrease of interest on the public debt, and probably of the amount disbursed by the pension bureau, as arrears of pensions are paid off, should diminish expenditures.

As a general principle, the good of the people requires that a public debt should be paid as soon as it may be without greatly onerous taxation, or disturbance of business interests which have been fostered, perhaps stimulated, by provisions of law once expedient. Though of the public debt resting upon us, it is to be considered that the object for which it was in the main incurred, was the good of coming generations, as well as of that which incurred it, and that it is not unjust to them that, reaping a measure of the benefits it purchased, they should bear their share of the burden of payment. But as our interest-bearing public debt is

over one billion and a quarter of dollars, (\$1,312,446,050 in exact figures,) and about \$250,000,000 and about \$740,000,000 of it beyond our reach for payment, for about eight years and twenty-four years, respectively, and may not be brought in by purchase, save at heavy rates of premium, even if it can by paying those rates, there is forced upon our attention the question, how shall a heaped-up surplus of public money be avoided? The discussion of this question in former reports of this Department admits of but one consistent answer from it now; the views therein expressed have not been given up. There ought to be a reduction of taxation.

In connection herewith, it is proper to call attention to the statutes providing for a sinking-fund.

By the statutes re-enacted in sections 3694 and 3696 of United States Revised Statutes, it is provided that the coin paid for duties on imported goods shall be set apart as a special fund to be applied, first, to payment in coin of the interest on the bonds and notes of the United States; second, to the purchase or payment of one per cent. of the entire debt of the United States, to be made within each fiscal year, and, in addition thereto, an application to the payment of the public debt of an amount equal to the interest on all bonds belonging to the sinking-fund, as the Secretary of the Treasury shall from time to time direct. This obligation to regard the coin received for duties on imported goods, as a pledge for the gradual extinction of the national debt has been observed by this Department, and an account kept of the amounts applied from year to year to the sinking-fund, a detailed statement of which is submitted with this report.

It is assumed that this obligation entered into by the Government with its creditors, at a time when its bonds were regarded as of far less value in the market of the world than at the present time, will be held sacred until the debt is extinguished. It is true that the debt has been paid much more rapidly than it would have been, had only the amount of the sinking-fund been applied to its payment, but the obligation still remains, to set apart annually the amount required by law, to be applied to the extinguishment of the public debt. The payments from time to time of the amount thus required have varied somewhat, as the amount of the debt has unequally varied by a more or less rapid payment of it.

The estimate of the sinking-fund for the current fiscal year is fixed at \$45,816,741.47, and the amount required will increase from year to year at the rate of about \$1,000,000 until 1891. It is estimated that an average of about \$50,000,000 each year until then, will be required for the sinking-fund. This will vary according to the amount actually applied in payment beyond the need of the sinking-fund.

I consider, therefore, that in legislating for the future, the revenues should not be so far reduced as to prevent the application each year of about \$50,000,000 to the sinking-fund. Upon the estimate of \$85,000,000 as the surplus for the current year, we find a surplus for that period of nearly \$40,000,000, not wanted for the regular expenditures of the Government, or for the payment of the national debt through the sinking-fund.

So the question still presses, what legislation is necessary to relieve the people of unnecessary taxes? As elsewhere suggested, it should not be assumed that the surplus in the Treasury will be consumed by lavish expenditures for objects of doubtful expediency or legality, or that the scheme which has been proclaimed, of exacting money from the people for the purpose of returning it to them by filtering distribution through State governments, will find any favor with Congress or the people.

In the recommendations of the President and those of this Department, and the action of Congress, and in the expression of public opinion, there has been substantial concord as to how the needed reduction of the revenue should be brought about. It has been generally conceded that the internal-revenue taxes, except those upon spirits, fermented liquors, and upon the circulation of banks, might well be abolished. There has been difference whether the tax upon tobacco should be abolished or modified. There were but few advocates of the immediate total abolition of taxes upon spirits or fermented liquors. My last report said that taxes upon spirits and tobacco, being upon things not needful, should be retained rather than those upon the common necessities of life; which, as a proposition, is not to be controverted. But it was conceded by all that a substantial reduction should be made upon nearly all imported articles subjected to duties.

To make a start in the proposed reduction of revenue from imports, the Tariff Commission had been created. In good faith it undertook the work. In its report to Congress it said: "Early in its deliberations the Commission became convinced that a substantial reduction of tariff duties is demanded, not by a mere indiscriminate popular clamor, but by the best conservative opinion of the country, including that which has in former times been most strenuous for the preservation of our national industrial defences. Such a reduction of the existing tariff, the Commission regards not only as a due recognition of public sentiment and a measure of justice to consumers, but one conducive to the general industrial prosperity, and which, though it may be temporarily inconvenient, will be ultimately beneficial to the special interests affected by

such reduction.” Again: “Entertaining these views, the Commission has sought to present a scheme of tariff duties in which substantial reduction should be the distinguishing feature. The average reduction in rates, including that from the enlargement of the free list and the abolition of the duties on charges and commissions, at which the Commission has aimed, is not less on the average than 20 per cent., and it is the opinion of the Commission that the reduction will reach 25 per cent.” And again: “It has been the effort of the Commission to make the reduction apply to commodities of necessary general consumption, and to diminish or withhold the reduction upon commodities of high cost, requiring more labor, and which, being consumed principally by the more wealthy classes, could bear higher duties, at the same time supplying revenue and encouraging the higher arts without being oppressive in their operation.”

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on Finance, in explanation of the bill before the Senate last year, which after various amendments became a law, estimated at \$45,000,000 the reduction of the revenue which would follow the changes in the tariff proposed thereby.

These intentions and calculations have not been verified.

The estimated receipts for the current year from customs are \$195,000,000, a reduction of less than \$20,000,000. Considering that there has been some depression of business during the past year and current year, it is probable, should business revive, that the revenues from customs under the present laws will in succeeding years increase rather than diminish.

It was estimated by the Senate committee that the repeal of internal-revenue taxes proposed by their bill would effect a reduction of \$34,790,334. The Commissioner of Internal Revenue estimates that the aggregate amount of reduction made by the act will not be less than \$43,000,000 per annum, including the six millions of taxes on deposits of national banks; but he further estimates that the increase of receipts from distilled spirits will so augment the revenues from that source as to make the aggregate receipts from internal revenue for this year \$120,000,000, or about \$24,500,000 less than those for the preceding year. The reduction, therefore, from all sources of internal revenue for the current year appears to be about \$10,000,000 less than the reduction expected by the Senate committee. We have, then, a reduction of \$30,000,000 less than was sought for and expected.

The question recurs: Shall we now seek again for that reduction which was not attained, and is it now advisable to attempt a reduction of the revenues for future years to arise from duties on imports?

There was general agreement that a substantial reduction of the tariff should be made. The estimates of the Tariff Commission and of the Senate committee show what was the contemplated reduction. The actual results so far obtained indicate that the reduction labored for has not been effected by the new tariff act. It is to be considered, too, that the failure is not to be charged to the increase of importations keeping up the amount of customs revenue. The statistics of our foreign commerce show that there has not been an increase chargeable therewith. As to the principles of reduction, if a revision be practicable, there seems to be little disagreement. The reduction should be made on articles entering into general consumption as necessities—as sugar, molasses, and the like—rather than upon luxuries; upon raw materials, rather than manufactured, with due regard to the fostering of domestic industries and occupations, especially those not fully established. In the report of this Department last year, the reduction as applied to the principal classes of dutiable articles was considered somewhat in detail, and, adhering to the views there expressed, a repetition of them is unnecessary.

It may not be deemed expedient so soon to make again a revision of the tariff to effect a reduction.

And there are considerations which are apt upon this head. The new tariff act went into operation, in all its parts, on the 1st day of July, 1883. There has gone by since then but little over one-third of a fiscal year. It is a short time in which to learn with accuracy how so important and wide-reaching a law as that, touching all the business and industrial interests of the country, will permanently affect the revenues. It is known that in some respects the first effects of it may not be relied upon as stable. Wherein the provisions of it lessened the duties upon foreign articles, it stimulated importations thereof, immediately before the 1st day of July. The goods were put in bonded warehouse, to be withdrawn at once after that day, on payment of duties at the new rates. Wherein it increased the duties, (as it did in some instances, by new provisions to meet the adjudication of courts or the rulings of this Department,) it stimulated importations prior to the 1st day of July, 1883, with the purpose of taking the benefit of the lower rate prevalent up to that date. These accelerated importations were, as a natural result, followed by decreased importations of the same articles after the law took effect; so that the lasting effects of the application of it to the business of the country may not be known with reliable certainty, either in the general result upon the volume of revenue to be yielded by duties upon imports, or

in its particular results upon especial classes of goods and especial branches of domestic industry.

Again, it may be deemed needful to so legislate as to certain industries and businesses as to effect reduction or suspension of the revenue from the taxation upon them. Those making or trading in distilled spirits, or who have made loans or advances of money thereon, will be earnest in endeavor for an extension of the bonded period. It is not unlikely that Congress will listen to their appeal. An extension of the bonded period will effect a reduction of revenue for the length of time thereof. In another part of this report are data on which may be calculated how much that will be. On the whole, then, this Department does not recommend an immediate revision of the tariff act. It adheres, however, to its conviction, that ultimately the just and expedient method of relief from taxation, and of limiting the revenues to the needs of an economical Government, must be found in a reduction of the duties on imports.

In my report of last year it was suggested, that should it be deemed expedient to reduce the rate of taxes on spirits, tobacco, or fermented liquors to lessen the inducement to frauds, or to make them more equal, the objection is not so strong against moderate modification as against a total repeal of all taxes thereon. As has been seen, a reduction of the tax upon tobacco and its manufactured products has resulted in a decrease of revenue therefrom, fully as large as was expected by the committee which submitted the bill, and there is left but about \$21,400,000 of revenue from that source. The estimated receipts from spirits, however, as has been seen, for the current year exceed the receipts for former years. The reason of the opposition to the reduction of the tax on distilled spirits is that they are not necessities of life. That principle may be still upheld, and yet the tax, in whole or in part, be taken from alcohol or spirits used in the manufactures and the arts. It has lately been estimated, that, subject to the tax, there were used in the manufactures and the arts 4,269,978 gallons annually; that if the tax were but 50 cents per gallon there would be used 5,297,224 gallons; and if there were no tax, 7,367,504. As the tax is 90 cents per gallon, the effect on the revenue of legislation to this end is easy to be foretold with approximation to accuracy. It would not be difficult to protect from pretended and fraudulent use of such a relaxation of the law. There is a method by which spirits are made unacceptable for other purpose; by "methyating" them, which is the using of a chemical substance with them, whereby they become distateful. There is a scientific process which will eliminate the methyl, but so prolix and costly as to

be practically of no use; and besides, it is a process of distillation which could easily be put under the laws and regulations now existing for the supervision of that business.

Propositions are made to repeal the whole system of internal revenue. As to this, I repeat my remark of last year: "I see no public sentiment or political action, indicating a desire on the part of tax-paying citizens to strike out this class of taxes."

All other internal-revenue taxes have been repealed, except that on fermented liquors, amounting, as estimated, to \$17,900,000, and on the circulation of national banks. The repeal of the tax on bank circulation in whole or in part I have recommended. As the abolition of all internal-revenue taxes is a proposition which may be made and pressed, some data are here given. The spirits in bonded warehouse on June 30, 1883, are estimated at more than 80,000,000 gallons. The quantity of distilled spirits in the United States, besides that in customs bonded warehouses, on October 1, 1883, is estimated by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue as follows:

	Gallons.
In distillery and special bonded warehouses.....	73, 847, 103
In hands of wholesale liquor-dealers	13, 921, 482
In hands of retail liquor-dealers	28, 180, 650
Total.....	115, 949, 235

The quantity in bond upon which the tax is payable between November 14, 1883, and June 30, 1884, is 21,997,770 gallons, the tax on which is \$19,797,993.

The quantity upon which the tax is payable during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885, is 37,228,317 gallons, the tax on which is \$33,505,475.

The quantity upon which the tax is payable during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1886, is 15,356,030 gallons, the tax on which is \$13,820,427.

Elsewhere herein is given the quantity of distilled spirits in bonded warehouse, and which, under existing law, must pay tax before it is released, and other data of that kind. On the quantity in the hands of dealers, the tax enters into the cost and value of it to them. It may be assumed that neither the distiller, nor the owner of spirits in bond, nor the dealer owning it, wishes complete abolition of the tax upon it. The community, in its present temper, will not submissively receive

a law encouraging the manufacture of whiskey unrestricted in quantity.

A reduction of the tax on whiskey in bond to 50 cents a gallon would reduce the revenue about \$7,600,000 for the current year, were the reduction to take effect from November 14, 1883, and about \$13,500,000 in the year ending June 30, 1885.

In connection with this subject, it is deemed proper to call attention to the fact that the total number of gallons of distilled spirits produced in the year ended June 30, 1883, is estimated at 74,013,308, about 5,500,000 less than all in bonded warehouse June 30, 1883.

Owners of spirits in bond declare themselves unable to meet the payment of taxes thereon as they fall due. They have to some extent exported them rather than to pay tax. It is likely that they will again ask an extension of the time of payment of such taxes. They may ask for a repeal or modification of them.

The statistics given above are fit for attention, as well upon the question of the probable surplus in the Treasury as upon the need and propriety of legislative relief to the owners of spirits.

The estimates of receipts from taxes on distilled spirits adopted in this report include the taxes thereon falling due the current year, amounting to nearly \$20,000,000.

FOREIGN COMMERCE.

The foreign commerce of the United States during the last fiscal year, including imports and exports of merchandise and specie, was as follows:

Exports: Merchandise	\$823, 839, 402
Specie.....	31, 820, 333
	<hr/>
	855, 659, 735
	<hr/>
Imports: Merchandise	\$723, 180, 914
Specie.....	28, 489, 391
	<hr/>
	751, 670, 305
	<hr/>
Imports and exports during the year ended June 30, 1883	\$1, 607, 330, 040
Imports and exports during the year ended June 30, 1882	1, 567, 071, 700
	<hr/>
Increase.....	40, 258, 340
	<hr/>

The excess of exports of merchandise over imports thereof during the last eight years is shown as follows:

Year ended June 30—

1876	\$79, 643, 481
1877	151, 152, 094
1878	257, 814, 234
1879	264, 661, 666
1880	167, 683, 912
1881	259, 712, 718
1882	25, 902, 683
1883	100, 658, 488

The value of exports of domestic merchandise during the year ended June 30, 1883, was \$804,223,632, as against \$733,239,732 during the preceding fiscal year, an increase of \$70,983,900.

The following table shows the articles the exports of which materially increased during the last fiscal year:

Commodities.	1883.	1882.	Increase.
Animals, living.....	\$10, 789, 268	\$9, 729, 116	\$1, 060, 152
Wheat and wheat-flour.....	174, 703, 800	149, 304, 773	25, 399, 027
Cotton	247, 328, 721	199, 812, 644	47, 516, 077
Hops.....	5, 616, 370	1, 456, 786	4, 159, 584
Iron and steel, and manufactures of.....	22, 826, 528	20, 748, 206	2, 078, 322
Beef, fresh.....	8, 442, 131	6, 768, 881	1, 573, 250
Sugar, refined.....	2, 454, 210	1, 335, 689	1, 118, 521
Wool, and manufactures of.....	26, 793, 708	24, 012, 028	2, 781, 680

The following table shows the articles the exports of which fell off materially during the last fiscal year:

Commodities.	1883.	1882.	Decrease.
Indian corn.....	\$27, 756, 082	\$28, 845, 830	\$1, 089, 748
Leather	6, 423, 922	7, 747, 544	1, 323, 622
Mineral oil.....	44, 913, 079	51, 232, 706	6, 319, 627
Bacon and hams.....	38, 155, 952	46, 675, 774	8, 519, 822
Butter and cheese.....	13, 425, 191	16, 923, 545	3, 498, 354
Lard.....	26, 618, 048	28, 975, 902	2, 357, 854
Pork.....	6, 192, 268	7, 201, 270	1, 009, 002

The effects of the short crops during the season of 1881, consequent upon the protracted drought, and other unfavorable meteorological influences which prevailed during that season, not only tended to diminish the exports of the agricultural products of the country during the year ended June 30, 1882, but were felt far into the year ended June 30, 1883.

The value of the imports of merchandise into the United States during the year ended June 30, 1883, amounted to \$723,180,914, as against \$724,639,574 during the preceding fiscal year, a decrease of \$1,458,660.

The following table shows the articles the imports of which materially increased during the last fiscal year:

Commodities.	1883.	1882.	Increase.
India-rubber and gutta-percha, crude.....	\$15, 511, 066	\$14, 264, 903	\$1, 246, 163
Silk, raw.....	14, 043, 340	12, 890, 392	1, 152, 948
Tin, and manufactures of.....	23, 917, 837	21, 611, 173	2, 276, 664
Cotton, manufactures of.....	36, 853, 689	34, 351, 292	2, 502, 397
Earthen, stone, and china ware.....	8, 620, 527	6, 979, 659	1, 640, 868
Jute and other grasses, raw.....	5, 994, 429	4, 710, 192	1, 284, 237
Leather.....	8, 235, 053	7, 029, 041	1, 206, 012
Opium, and extract of.....	3, 138, 139	1, 826, 998	1, 311, 141
Tobacco, and manufactures of.....	11, 771, 596	9, 347, 762	2, 423, 834
Wine.....	9, 979, 626	7, 559, 258	2, 420, 368
Wool, manufactures of.....	44, 274, 952	37, 361, 520	6, 913, 430
Sugar, brown.....	91, 516, 804	90, 065, 218	1, 451, 586
Glass and glass-ware.....	7, 762, 543	6, 634, 371	1, 128, 172

The following table shows the articles the imports of which materially decreased during the last fiscal year:

Commodities.	1883.	1882.	Decrease.
Coffee.....	\$42, 050, 513	\$46, 041, 609	\$3, 991, 096
Soda, nitrate of.....	2, 336, 661	3, 911, 545	1, 574, 884
Tea.....	17, 302, 849	19, 392, 102	2, 089, 253
Bread and breadstuffs.....	15, 830, 605	19, 295, 094	3, 464, 489
Fancy goods.....	7, 801, 874	9, 695, 262	1, 893, 388
Hemp, raw.....	4, 927, 269	6, 110, 152	1, 182, 883
Iron and steel, and manufactures of.....	40, 796, 007	51, 377, 633	10, 581, 626
Potatoes.....	1, 092, 211	4, 660, 120	3, 567, 909
Silk, manufactures of.....	36, 764, 276	38, 985, 567	2, 221, 291
Molasses.....	7, 679, 604	10, 040, 511	2, 360, 907

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, the value of the exports of gold and silver coin and bullion amounted to \$31,820,333, as against \$49,417,479 during the preceding year, a decrease of \$17,597,146, and the imports thereof amounted to \$28,489,391, as against \$42,472,390 during the preceding year, a falling off of \$13,982,999.

There was during the fiscal year just closed an excess of exports over imports of gold and silver coin and bullion amounting to \$3,330,942, as against \$6,945,089 during the preceding year.

Of the merchandise imported into the United States during the fiscal year 1883, \$136,002,290 were brought in American vessels, and \$564,175,576 in foreign vessels, and \$23,003,048 in railroad-cars and other land vehicles.

Of the exports of merchandise, \$104,418,210 were shipped in American vessels, \$694,331,348 in foreign vessels, and \$25,089,844 in railroad-cars and other land vehicles.

TONNAGE OF VESSELS OF AMERICAN OWNERSHIP.

The tonnage of vessels owned in the United States at the close of the fiscal year 1883, according to the records of the Register of the Treasury, was 4,235,487.25 tons. Of this amount, 1,302,094.65 tons were, in 2,174

vessels, registered for the foreign trade, and 2,933,392.60, in 22,043 vessels, enrolled and licensed for the coasting trade and fisheries. There was an increase of 9,800 tons in vessels in the foreign trade, and 59,754 tons in domestic trade.

The following table shows the number and tonnage of vessels built and documented during the last fiscal year :

Kind.	Number.	Tonnage.
Sailing-vessels.....	721	137,046.17
Steam-vessels.....	439	170,229.78
Canal-boats.....	42	4,710.91
Barges.....	66	16,443.05
Total.....	1,268	265,429.91

The number of documented vessels of all classes built during the last fiscal year is less than that of the fiscal year ended in 1882 by 108.

DISTRIBUTION OF CARRYING TRADE.

Of the merchandise brought in at seaboard, lake, and river ports during the fiscal year 1883, an amount equal in value to \$136,002,290 was imported in American vessels, and a value of \$564,175,576 in foreign. Of the exports of merchandise, a value of \$104,418,210 was shipped in American, and a value of \$694,331,348 in foreign vessels. Of the combined imports and exports of merchandise, 15.54 per cent. was conveyed in American, and 81.35 per cent. in foreign vessels.

INCREASE OF OUR COMMERCIAL MARINE.

It will be seen from the statistical returns herein presented, that for many years past, of the exports and imports of merchandise, no greater part than an average amount of 16 per cent. has been borne in American vessels. This is, in a measure, due to the facility and security offered for investments of capital in domestic and inland commerce, and particularly in land transportation by railroad. The decline in the domestic tonnage of the Mississippi river and its tributaries may largely be set to this account. It is not an agreeable reflection that the freightage on 84 per cent. of our commercial imports and exports should be paid to alien ship-owners. Can this be helped by the removal of burdens laid by law? Of those now directly imposed by statutes on our vessels sailing foreign, there remain, besides clearance, entry, and admeasurement fees, only the tax of 30 cents per ton, payable once a year on entry from a foreign port. Vessels in the domestic trade have for many years been exempted from tonnage-tax. The income from this tax for the last fiscal year was \$1,320,590.80. Of this amount,

\$1,057,961.60 were paid by foreign vessels. Even though so large a proportion is thus paid, it is well deserving of consideration whether it is not advisable to return to the policy adopted in 1831, and entirely abolish the tax. It presses more heavily than any other upon our foreign-going shipping.

The burdens imposed by the States in the way of pilotage are considerable. Of this subject Congress has never taken control. The charges on shipping on account of pilotage, vary with every port. The extent of the embarrassments arising to commerce from this cause can be fully understood and remedied only when Congress shall take entire control of the subject; as, it is believed, it has the power to do.

Against the general abolition of entrance, clearance, and admeasurement fees, there exists the objection that a portion of the wages of customs officers are at present paid from them, and their abolition would entail the payment of fixed salaries in the place of payment by perquisites. If my recommendation in another part of this report for a discontinuance of these fees and for payment by prefixed salaries be adopted, this objection will cease.

The removal of these burdens will tend in some degree to an increase in our foreign-going shipping.

There appear but two methods by which our foreign shipping can be directly increased, namely, by subsidies, and by allowing the free purchase of foreign ships. Whether either or both of these means shall be adopted, will depend on the judgment of Congress whether it is better to resort to them, than to suffer the yearly loss of 84 per cent. of the freightage on exported and imported merchandise.

It would facilitate the solution of questions of the character above presented if there were established in the Treasury Department a bureau of navigation, whose function it should be to supervise that interest, make a study of its needs, observe its decline or increase, and recommend from time to time such measures as would keep it in a state of progress parallel with the general advance of the country. If such a bureau were to do nothing more than to look to the interests of seamen, and keep a record of the commercial marine, and guard against the physical obstructions to navigation within our own waters, its existence would be justified. Some of the duties which would naturally attach to such a bureau are now incongruously distributed among divisions of the Treasury Department, whose prime purpose and main work are of other nature. The establishment of that bureau might be effected with the addition of but two salaried officers to the present number in the civil service.

QUARANTINE OF NEAT-CATTLE.

The appropriations, under which this Department has established regulations for the quarantine of imported neat-cattle, are limited in their use to the prevention of the disease known as pleuropneumonia, or lung plague. Quarantine stations have been established for the ports of Portland, Me., Boston, New York city, and Baltimore. Suitable accommodations in sheds and yards have been provided for about 215 full-grown cattle at Portland, 700 at Boston, 450 at New York, and 550 at Baltimore.

The importations for the current year have been much larger than were expected from the importations of former years. More than 1,100 head were at one time quarantined at the port of Boston, and the importations at Baltimore have been about 900 head, which exceed the importations of the previous six years combined. It is believed that the accommodations at the ports named are sufficient for any demand that is likely to occur during the next year.

It is deemed essential to the protection of our herds and flocks from infection with the "foot and mouth" disease, that authority be conferred upon the Department to enforce a quarantine against sheep, swine, and goats also; as this disease is as liable to be communicated by them as by neat-cattle. There is no law authorizing the quarantining of any animals except neat-cattle. In one case, at least, the foot and mouth disease was brought in, but, the quarantine system detecting it, its spread was effectually prevented.

It is believed that the knowledge that our Government is enforcing a rigid quarantine, to prevent the importation of contagious diseases from abroad, is already exercising a salutary effect upon public opinion in Great Britain. Perseverance in it, is likely to induce Great Britain to rescind her order for immediate slaughter of cattle exported thither from the United States, which is a hinderance to our exporters.

The efforts of the Cattle Commission during the past year, have been mainly directed towards perfecting the details of our quarantine system, and ascertaining, as far as possible, the precise localities in which pleuropneumonia has existed, and enlisting the co-operation of the several State authorities in preventive measures. Under existing laws this is a task. It is difficult for one State to effectually rid its borders of this disease, so long as the transportation of cattle from another State, infected, to any place at will, is permitted.

It is advised by the Cattle Commission, one of whom has investigated the subject in Great Britain during the past summer, that provision be made for the previous domestic inspection of cattle exported from the

United States to that country, and that proper regulations be provided for the kind and healthful accommodation of them on their voyage. It would be well for that inspection to be made in co-operation, by officers of our Government and agents of the British Government, and at the port of departure just before shipment. If Great Britain will join in this, a certificate of health from such a board will give confidence abroad, and tend to a profitable solution of pending difficulties. Legislation for this purpose may be deemed necessary. A detailed report of the work of the Cattle Commission will be submitted to Congress early in the session.

REVENUE MARINE.

This service continues to perform satisfactory work. Its vessels, which now number 38, have cruised during the fiscal year an aggregate of 300,880 miles, and have boarded and examined 25,587 vessels, of which 2,240 have been seized, or reported to the proper authorities, for violating the law in some respect.

In relief-work they have been particularly efficient, having assisted 224 vessels in distress, which, with their cargoes, aggregated in value \$4,885,175, and on board which were 2,497 persons. Sixty people have been picked out of the water and saved from drowning. One revenue-steamer alone assisted 76 merchantmen, valued, with their cargoes, at \$1,493,020.

Prominent amongst the special work of this service are its co-operation with the Marine-Hospital Service in maintaining the national quarantine against the cholera and yellow-fever at the entrance to the Chesapeake Bay and in the waters of the Gulf of Mexico, five of the vessels participating in the duty; the rendering of assistance to the Light-House Establishment and to the Life-Saving Service, and the conveyance for the Navy Department of presents, provided by Congress, to the Tehuktchis Indians, in Siberia.

The revenue-steamer "Corwin," under the law providing for the use of revenue-steamers in protecting the seal-fisheries and the Government's interests generally in Alaska, has cruised extensively in the northernmost waters of the country. While in the Arctic, her commander, Captain Healy, by boat expeditions in August last, made a partial exploration of a hitherto unknown river of Alaska, and delineated the shores of a large lagoon.

The reports show the gratifying fact that under the vigilant cruising of the revenue-cutters in Alaskan waters, the illicit selling to the natives, of fire-arms and spirits by the masters of lawless trading-vessels,

has much fallen off, these operations being now confined principally to the Siberian coast.

The rebuilding on Lake Erie, of iron, of the revenue-steamer "Fessenden," authorized by Congress in 1882, has been completed, and the vessel, one of the finest of the fleet, placed upon her station. The two small steam-vessels authorized by Congress for harbor duty at Galveston and Mobile have also been provided, and are about to be put on active duty.

Four vessels of the Service have been provided with new boilers and somewhat extensively repaired in the hulls.

The revenue-steamer "Rush," at San Francisco, is in need of a new boiler and very general repairs to hull and machinery. It is believed that the better policy would be to build a new hull, and accordingly the sum of \$90,000 has been included in the estimates for this purpose.

I renew the recommendations of two former reports that \$75,000 be appropriated for a new vessel, of iron, for duty on the southern coast, to replace one now worn-out and not worth repairing.

I also renew the recommendation that provision be made for a vessel specially adapted to cruising in arctic waters. The "Corwin," now engaged in this duty, will soon need considerable repairs. She is, besides, too limited in coal-carrying capacity for the long reaches involved in her cruising, this defect often compelling her to turn back from important work and seek port for fuel. In view of the unorganized condition, as well as the growing importance, of this great Territory, whose protection in almost the whole extent of its coast line, is now devolved upon the vessels of the Revenue Marine, a new steamer specially designed for the work is demanded, and the attention of Congress is earnestly invited to the subject.

The expenses of this service for the fiscal year last past were \$853,553.83.

LIFE-SAVING SERVICE.

During the past year this service has made its usual excellent record.

At the close of the year the stations numbered 194. The number of disasters to documented vessels within the field of their operations was 300. On board these vessels there were 3,792 persons, of whom 3,777 were saved; the others were lost. The number of shipwrecked persons succored at the stations was 651, and the number of days' relief afforded them in the aggregate was 1,879. The estimated value of property involved was \$7,176,540, of which \$5,611,800 was saved; the rest was lost. The number of vessels totally lost was 68.

There were also 116 disasters to smaller craft, as sail-boats, row-boats, &c., on which were 244 persons, 240 of whom were saved, and 4 lost.

The property involved in these instances was \$66,180, of which \$59,900 was saved, and \$6,280 lost.

The following is the aggregate:

Total number of disasters	416
Total value of property involved.....	\$7, 242, 720
Total value of property saved.....	\$5, 671, 700
Total value of property lost	\$1, 571, 020
Total number of persons on board.....	4, 036
Total number of persons saved.....	4, 017
Total number of persons lost.....	19
Total number of shipwrecked persons succored at stations..	651
Total number of days' succor afforded.....	1, 879
Total number of vessels lost	68

In addition to the persons saved from vessels, 22 were rescued from drowning who had fallen from piers, wharves, &c., and would have probably perished without this aid.

Of the small number of persons lost during the year within the scope of station operations, seven, who might otherwise have been saved, perished in attempting to reach the shore without aid, and the remainder under circumstances beyond human intervention. In every case of loss of life, the life-saving crews were blameless, as shown by investigation. The expense of maintaining the service for the year was \$703,133.35.

Since the date of the last report, seven additional stations have been completed, at Hunniwell's Beach, Maine; at Muskeget Island and Coskaty, on the coast of Massachusetts; at Brigantine Beach, New Jersey; at New Inlet, at Cape Hatteras, and at Ocracoke, coast of North Carolina. Four stations are in process of construction, approaching completion, at Lewes, Delaware; at North Beach, Maryland; at Wallop's Beach, and at Parramore's Beach, Virginia. Sites have been selected for nine others on various parts of the coast, all of which, with possibly one exception, will be donated to the Government.

An exhibit of the life-saving appliances of the service was made during the year at the International Fisheries Exposition, held at London, by invitation of the British government. It attracted great attention, and was a marked feature of the exposition.

The law excluding the influence of partisan politics from the Life-Saving Service has been obeyed, with good results in the promotion of efficiency. Relief has been afforded to the Department by this statute. It has been a barrier against importunities, and enabled a management with an eye single to the public interest.

LIGHT-HOUSE ESTABLISHMENT.

During the fiscal year, the Light-House Establishment has put into operation 8 new light-stations, 112 new river lights, 2 new fog-signals, operated by steam or hot air, 7 new automatic whistling buoys, 6 new bell buoys, and 48 new buoys of the ordinary kind. It has discontinued three lights which were not needed, and has changed the characteristics of thirteen others, that they may be more useful than heretofore.

The board is now engaged in the erection of a light-house on North West Seal Rock, off Point St. George, California. This rock is in the open ocean, twelve miles from a harbor, and at its top but 54 feet above the sea. This is perhaps the most difficult and important work the board has undertaken for many years.

The lighted buoy placed last year to mark one of the channels leading into New York bay was so satisfactory to mariners that other buoys of the same kind have been obtained, and will, if possible, be placed to mark the shoals off Cape Hatteras and Cape Lookout, North Carolina. Meantime, the board is testing a lighted buoy of another make, with a view, if it is found satisfactory, to use both, or that one of the two which shall be found most satisfactory under all circumstances.

The board, during the past year, has constructed at its shops a lamp of the largest size capable of burning mineral oil. A long and severe practical test in one of its most important light-houses gives satisfactory results. Mineral oil will probably soon displace lard-oil as an illuminant in light-houses of this country.

Owing to the difficulty of obtaining a proper site, there has been delay in erecting an electric light at Hell Gate, New York. The light will probably be in operation by January next, when the experiment of illuminating a narrow channel by that means will be tried for the first time in any country.

Attention is called to the board's annual report for further details in regard to the Light-House Service.

COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY.

The operations of this service have been efficient and successful. The progress of the work is equal with the means given by Congress. Twenty-eight new charts have been published, and hundreds heretofore published have been added to and corrected. The "Coast Pilot" has made progress, tide-tables and a map of the variation of the compass throughout the United States have been published of accuracy and extent beyond what has heretofore been done.

The Superintendent recommends an increase in the appropriation for surveys to bring the results of field-work into proper economic relation to the expenditures for outfit and transportation. This work is one of progress and development. It can best be prosecuted during a time of peace and prosperity. The representations made by the Superintendent in his report, herewith submitted, are worthy of consideration by Congress.

MARINE-HOSPITAL SERVICE.

During the last fiscal year, 40,195 patients received relief—13,356 were treated in hospitals and 26,839 at the dispensaries. The usual number of surgical appliances and orders for transportation were furnished. The receipts from all sources were \$420,000.15, and the expenditures \$469,966.21. This includes \$35,440.92 which were expended on account of extraordinary alterations and repairs to hospital buildings. Of the hospital patients treated 9,019 recovered, 2,855 were improved, 197 remained unaffected by treatment, 502 died. There were 2,686 persons physically examined by officers of the service at relief-stations, some of them preliminary to shipment in the Merchant-Marine, Revenue-Marine, and Light-House Services, and to enlistment in the Life-Saving Service. The larger number (2,171) were applicants for pilots' license, examined for color-blindness. There have been no objections made to this examination, or appeals taken, within the year. Sixty-three of the pilots were found to be color-blind, and accordingly rejected. The examinations should extend to the hearing as well as vision, inasmuch as ability to recognize the sound of escaping steam and of whistles is a necessary qualification for an efficient pilot. Extensive repairs have been made to the hospital buildings, and their general condition has been improved.

Governmental quarantines have been maintained under the appropriation acts of 1882 and 1883, placing in each, \$100,000 at the disposal of the President in case of a threatened or actual epidemic, to be expended in his discretion for preventing and suppressing the spread of epidemics and the establishment of quarantine at points of danger. And the power conferred has been availed of with good results, and the available balance on hand is \$115,000. Unless the recommendation of the Surgeon-General for the establishment of yellow-fever hospitals at cities likely to be infected is adopted, no appropriation for the ordinary expenses will be required during the coming fiscal year, except for the quarantine plant as follows:

Gulf Quarantine.

Condemnation of site and erection of hospital.....	\$50,000
Warehouse.....	5,000
Wharf.....	10,000

South Atlantic Quarantine.

Sapelo Station, Blackbeard Island.....	\$25,000
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Cape Charles Quarantine.

Site, buildings, and wharf.....	\$50,000
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A serious epidemic of cholera having prevailed during the year in certain rag-exporting countries, apprehensions were felt that unrestricted importation of rags would bring hither the germs of the disease, and, in the absence of specific authority, the Secretary assumed that he had power, under the appropriation act of 1883, to prevent the entry into American ports of rags suspected of being infected. Collectors of customs were directed to deny an entry of such rags until the local health officer of the port should give a certificate of no danger.

The recommendations heretofore made for the establishment of a national snug harbor, and for regulations by law for the appointment of medical officers of the Marine-Hospital Service, is respectfully renewed. Attention is invited to the accumulation in the Treasury of unclaimed money of deceased seamen, and especially to the fact of jewelry, watches, and other unclaimed effects of seamen remaining in the hands of collectors of customs. It is recommended that, under proper restrictions, these be sold, and the proceeds, together with moneys now in the Treasury on this account, be covered in to the credit of the hospital-fund. The Surgeon-General recommends the purchase of the seamen's retreat property, on Staten Island, as a marine hospital for the port of New York, and the building is now so used under a temporary lease. I concur in the recommendation for an appropriation for that purpose.

The success of national quarantine has been shown during the past two years.

Full details of the operations of the service in all its branches will be found in the annual report of the service, herewith transmitted, and several recommendations, to which I ask Congressional attention, besides any of which special notice is taken above.

NATIONAL BOARD OF HEALTH.

The National Board of Health expended \$97,332.60, of which sum \$34,687.67 was for work in progress at the close of the last fiscal year, and \$62,644.93 are chargeable to the appropriation for the fiscal year

ending June 30, 1883. While a liberal construction has been given to the laws relating to sanitary work, the board has been held to strict accountability for all moneys appropriated for its use.

On the 2d of June last the act of June 2, 1879, to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious diseases, expired by limitation. There is now no legislation immediately to the same end. Whether there be need of re-enacting any or all of the provisions of the act of June 2, 1879, it is for Congress to determine.

The report of the board will show its views on this and kindred subjects.

STEAMBOAT-INSPECTION SERVICE.

These are the statistics of this service for the last fiscal year:

Divisions.	No. of steamers.	Tonnage.	Officers licensed.
Pacific coast.....	359	130,794.11	1,527
Atlantic coast.....	2,379	605,058.40	9,360
Western rivers.....	952	198,028.64	5,369
Northern lakes.....	1,270	315,972.82	4,874
Gulf coast.....	373	85,078.07	2,162
Total.....	5,333	1,334,932.04	23,292

Increase over the preceding year—

In number of vessels.....	216
In tonnage.....	56,367.41
In number of officers.....	2,825

Receipts.

From steam-vessels.....	\$172,642 44
From licenses to officers.....	11,546 00
Total.....	184,189 44

Expenses.

Salaries of inspectors and clerks.....	\$202,424 74
Travelling and miscellaneous expenses.....	41,613 03
Total.....	244,037 77

Excess of expenditures over receipts.....	\$59,849 33
Decrease in receipts from steam-vessels below 1882.....	5,198 86
Decrease in receipts from officers' licenses.....	90,502 00

The decrease in receipts for the inspection of steam-vessels is accounted for by the acts of Congress approved respectively on August 5, 1882, and March 3, 1883, the first act making large reductions in the tonnage of steamers on which the fees are collected, the second reducing the fees on steam pleasure-vessels about 75 per cent. It is estimated that the aggregate reduction in receipts for the causes stated will approximate \$18,000 annually.

The cause for the decrease in receipts for officers' licenses is explained by the act of Congress approved April 5, 1882, reducing such fees from \$10 and \$5 each, according to grade, to 50 cents each for all grades. The unexpended surplus of \$639,245.93 standing to the credit of the inspection service will cover all deficiencies during the next ten years, even though there should be no increase in the receipts.

The number of accidents to steam-vessels during the year resulting in loss of life was 34:

From explosions.....	12
From fire.....	5
From collisions.....	11
From snags, wrecks, and sinking.....	6

The number of lives lost from various causes during the year was 284:

From explosions.....	69
From fire.....	45
From collisions.....	82
From snags, wrecks, and sinking.....	50
From accidental drowning.....	33
Miscellaneous causes.....	5

An increase over the previous year of 79. The greatest increase is from accidents caused by collisions.

Inspection of foreign passenger steam-vessels, under act approved August 7, 1882.

Active work under this act commenced at the beginning of the last quarter of the fiscal year. During the three months ended June 30, 1883, there were inspected 149 steamers, as follows:

Port of New York.....	103
Port of Boston.....	6
Port of Philadelphia.....	6
Port of Baltimore.....	20
Port of New Orleans.....	7
Port of San Francisco.....	7

There are sixteen inspectors and two clerks attached to this service, incurring during their services for a part of the year the following expenditures :

Salaries of inspectors and clerks.....	\$17, 446 48
Furniture for the various offices	2, 045 49
Instruments for the use of officers.....	347 11
Travelling and miscellaneous expenses.....	679 86
	<hr/>
Total.....	20, 518 94
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Several explosions of boilers of steam-vessels in the domestic trade have of late called public attention to this service. Doubts have been expressed whether the laws on this subject are well adapted to secure the result desired. The laws are somewhat prolix, and revision, amendment, and simplification would be of benefit; yet the vigilant and thorough practical administration of them is what will be of the most service, and diligence should be directed thereto.

DISTINCTIVE PAPER.

The distinctive silk-threaded fibre paper adopted in 1879, as described in the report for that year, continues to give satisfaction, and is used for all notes, bonds, certificates, checks, and other obligations of the Government.

To June 30, 1883, the automatic register at the mill showed a total registration since the manufacture of the paper was begun, in 1879, of 48,211,250 sheets. Of these, 41,952,950 perfect sheets have been received at the Department and fully accounted for, the balance being destroyed at the mill as imperfect. During the last fiscal year there have been received from the mill 13,925,000 sheets, and 10,871,312 sheets have been delivered to the printer for the printing of various securities. The printer has returned during that period 9,611,877 $\frac{1}{2}$ perfect, and 534,055 imperfect sheets.

At the close of the fiscal year there were in the Secretary's office, subject to requisition, 12,059,614 sheets, and in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, in process of printing, 1,505,203 $\frac{2}{3}$ sheets.

The paper used for internal-revenue stamps is made without a distinctive fibre, its distinctive feature consisting of a water-mark of the letters "U. S. I. R." During the last fiscal year the Department received from the manufacturers 20,407,000 sheets of this paper, and delivered to the printer 24,242,948 $\frac{1}{2}$ sheets. The Bureau of Engraving and Printing delivered during the fiscal year 22,954,816 perfect, and 668,901 imperfect sheets. At the close of the fiscal year there were in

the Secretary's office, subject to requisition, 13,810,357 sheets, and in printer's hands, in process of printing, 1,669,769 sheets. A full exhibit will be found in the accompanying tables.

The paper issued by the Secretary's office during the last fiscal year, to be returned to the Department imprinted, was for securities as follows: United States notes, \$88,829,520; silver certificates, \$51,870,000; gold certificates, \$216,360,000; United States bonds, \$600,715,100; national currency, series 1875, \$61,935,300; national currency, series 1882, \$52,784,250—total, \$1,072,494,170.

Received from the bureau imprinted, perfect: United States notes, \$80,916,000; silver certificates, \$49,120,000; gold certificates, \$195,260,000; United States bonds, \$570,450,000; national currency, series 1875, \$54,003,320; national currency, series 1882, \$41,068,160—total, \$990,817,480.

Received imprinted, imperfect: United States notes, \$3,390,904; silver certificates, \$2,089,760; gold certificates, \$14,846,440; United States bonds, \$29,716,650; national currency, series 1875, \$6,086,700; national currency, series 1882, \$2,685,310—total, \$58,815,764.

COUNT, EXAMINATION, AND DESTRUCTION OF REDEEMED AND UN- ISSUED SECURITIES.

The redeemed United States notes, national-bank currency, and miscellaneous securities received by this office during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, for final count and destruction amounted to \$217,282,457.51, and the United States notes, national-bank currency, and other obligations mutilated in printing, and unissued United States bonds and national-bank currency received for destruction amounted to \$370,376,674, or an aggregate of securities destroyed amounting to \$587,659,131.51; of which amount, \$311,274,800 were in United States bonds, which were no longer required for the purpose of issue. Details of the above will be found in the tables accompanying this report.

BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING.

The service in connection with this bureau has, by an increase in the number of presses, in the stock of unfinished work and material on hand, and in other ways, been greatly improved during the year. The building used by it does not furnish sufficient space for the convenient execution of the work. The space for each press is too limited. The printing-rooms are crowded, the number of employes required for the work is too many for good health. Other deficiencies are stated in the

report of the chief of that bureau. The work has much increased since it began in this building. An increase to the extent reached was not foreseen. The matter of an enlargement of the building will be submitted to Congress during the session.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

During the last year, work has been in progress upon twenty-seven bulidings, under direction of the Supervising Architect, of which number ten have been commenced and four completed, and two of the largest Government buildings, those at Philadelphia and St. Louis, are practically completed.

The expenditures during the year for work on all new buildings, including sites, have amounted to \$3,770,468.15; for repairs and preservation of public buildings, \$168,476.76; for heating apparatus, and repairs to same, elevators, vaults, safes, locks, storage of silver dollars, &c., \$144,930.76.

HALL OF RECORDS.

There is a necessity for the construction of a building at the Capital for the storage of the files and records of the several Departments. They have accumulated to such an extent, and room is so scant, that quantities must be stored in unsafe places so crowded as not to be easily accessible. The chances of loss of valuable and important papers and of mutilation and confusion are great.

The act approved August 7, 1882, directed the Supervising Architect of this Department to report to Congress, through the Secretary of the Treasury, first, a suitable plat of ground for such a building; and second, the probable cost, with plans and specifications. In obedience to this direction, plans and specifications for a suitable building were prepared by the Supervising Architect, which, with his report, were transmitted by me to Congress January 17, 1883. In my judgment, this is a matter which should have the attention of Congress at this session.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

The net expenditures on account of the District of Columbia, for the fiscal year 1883, were \$3,817,028.48. The revenues deposited in the Treasury on this account for the same period were \$1,970,938.47.

Since December 1, 1882, there has been retired, through the operation of the sinking-fund, \$186,100 of the bonded indebtedness of the District, reducing the amount annually required for interest, \$11,266.

Since the duties of the commissioners of the sinking-fund of the District of Columbia were devolved on the Treasurer of the United States by the act of Congress of June 11, 1878, there has been retired \$1,375,350 of the funded debt, causing a reduction in the annual interest charge of \$80,853.67.

IMMIGRATION.

The administration of the "act to regulate immigration," approved August 3, 1882, with the general supervision of which this Department is charged, has been attended with a reasonable measure of success.

There are certain restrictive features of the law which hinder the full accomplishment of its purpose. Some of these were noted in my last report, accompanied by recommendations of legislation for their removal. The experience of another year has confirmed the views then expressed.

The fund created by the act is derived from a tax on alien passengers, collected at the port at which they land from vessel. The expenditure of it for the main purposes of the act is limited to the ports at which collected. That expenditure is to be made by commissioners designated by State authority and bound by contract with the Secretary of the Treasury. As yet commissioners have been appointed only at the ports of New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore, Portland, Me., Key West, and Galveston; those for the four ports last named having been appointed since the date of my last report. At most of the other ports the sums collected are insufficient to warrant the appointment of commissioners. At a few ports the efforts of this Department to obtain commissioners have failed, through causes beyond its control. Hence, the tax collected at the ports where no commissions are established is covered into the Treasury, and there is no authority to apply it to the purposes of the act, either at the port where collected or at any others. At the same time the sum collected at ports where commissioners have been appointed, and moneys have been expended, is not enough for all that they could efficiently do. These results will be avoided, by giving the Secretary of the Treasury discretionary authority, to designate the collector or some officer of the customs supervisor of the local affairs of immigration at such ports, and to apply the moneys wherever collected when in surplus there, at places where more is needed than is there collected.

The provisions of the law which forbid the landing of alien convicts, lunatics, idiots, or persons unable to take care of themselves without becoming a public charge, cannot be properly enforced without penalties for their violation, which the law does not inflict. Some of the super-

vising boards or commissions have found it necessary to provide, temporarily, for the care of persons landed in violation of law. They have returned most of them to the respective countries whence they came. Were owners of vessels subjected to a penalty, to be a lien upon the vessel, in a sum large enough to defray the expense of care and deportation, it would go far to prevent these violations of the law. The penalties thus collected should create a special fund to defray the expense of care and deportation.

It occurs, that alien paupers, and others in indigent circumstances have arrived from Europe, whose passage-money and other expenses incident to the voyage, and but little more, were paid by the respective governments or municipalities from which they came, or by voluntary associations abroad. They are liable to become a public charge upon the communities in which they land, unless cared for awhile by the commissioners, and as soon as may be sent back where they belong. Such of these as were found incapable of self-support have, as far as practicable, been returned. Such practice by foreign authorities, whether of high or low degree, is discourteous, if not worse, and this Department has sought, through the State Department, to persuade to an abandonment of it; it is feared, without full measure of success. The number returned from the date of the immigration act (August 3, 1882) to the close of the month of September, 1883, was 1,952.

As the capitation tax is, under the law, collected only for aliens arriving by vessel, and as the disbursement of the fund is limited to the ports where collected, the inference is, that immigrants arriving at frontier ports from adjacent foreign territory by land-carriage are not within the operation of the act. No tax being collectible on account of them, there is no fund from which relief can be afforded them when in need; and the barriers provided by the law against objectionable immigration may not at such points be put up against them. The experience of this Department in the administration of the law leads it to believe, that immigration has to a certain extent been diverted from its ordinary and more natural routes, for the purpose of avoiding the exactions, and especially the prohibitions, of the law. While the boards of immigration have, in their inspections of passengers, derived assistance from the passenger-list required to be produced by the masters of vessels, the act does not apply in this respect to vessels from contiguous foreign territory. A passenger-list is produced, if at all, as matter of courtesy, and is often found to be inaccurate.

The first section of the immigrant act provides that the fund created by it shall, among other uses, be employed for the relief of such immi-

grants as are in distress. The second section has a provision substantially the same in effect, in that it requires that the State board or commission shall be bound by contract "to provide for the support and relief of such immigrants therein landing as may fall into distress or need public aid." The same section further provides, however, that if "there shall be found among such passengers * * * any person unable to take care of himself or herself without becoming a public charge, * * * such persons shall not be permitted to land." It would facilitate the administration of the law if some distinction, applicable in practice, could be made between these two classes, and some definite limit fixed within which immigrants under the care of the local boards shall continue a charge upon them, with a provision made for an earlier termination in special cases.

Amendatory clauses to the act will remedy these defects.

The act is defective, in that its execution depends entirely upon State officers. Naturally they care for local interests, and act to protect them. The execution of the law should be by Federal officers, under rules and regulations uniform throughout the country. The well-being of the immigrant and the protection of the whole public would be the end sought in all localities. At present there is lack of uniformity in the management and care of the immigrant, and the protection of the immediate public is first in contemplation.

The law makes no provision for sick and disabled immigrants, except at the port at which they may land. An immigrant arriving at New York, and ticketed to Albany, Buffalo, Chicago, or other interior city, reaching his destination sick and without means, falls upon the local authorities for care. They have no recourse upon the head-money collected at the port of arrival. The oversight and care of the Government should, for a time, be over the immigrant after he has left the place of landing, and reciprocal action and use of funds to that end should be had by the officers at various ports.

Protests have been made by consignees against the collection of the tax. They are reducible to these heads: Unconstitutionality of the tax because it is not equal; that it is in violation of treaty obligations; that it may not be collected for every alien child under eight years of age, and not at all for infants. Suits have been brought to recover the money paid. One has been tried before a Justice of the United States Supreme Court, and his judgment has been given for the validity of the law and the correctness of its execution.

The collections and disbursements of the immigrant fund from the date of the passage of the immigrant act (August 3, 1882) to the close

of the last fiscal year are as follows: Receipts, as shown by net deposits, \$231,284.50; expenditures, \$170,910.16. Of the receipts, \$178,446.50 were collected at New York, and \$162,288.71 were expended at that port. In addition to the expenditures from the immigrant fund made at New York by the commissioners of immigration, somewhat more than \$50,000 was received by them from the State of New York and expended for like purposes. It will thus be seen that the receipts of head-money at New York have not alone been sufficient to defray the expenses incidental to the administration of the local affairs of immigration there. It is for Congress to consider whether, if the expenditures have been wisely made, there should not be a heavier capitation tax authorized.

STATISTICS OF IMMIGRATION.

Table showing the number of alien passengers arrived in the United States from 1830 to 1883, and the number of immigrants arrived from 1856 to 1883.

Period.	Alien passengers arrived.	Immigrants arrived.	Period.	Alien passengers arrived.	Immigrants arrived.
Year ended Sept. 30—			Year ended Dec. 31—		
1830.....	23,822		1851.....	379,466	
1831.....	22,633		1852.....	371,603	
1832.....	53,179		1853.....	368,645	
Quarter ended Dec. 31—			1854.....	427,833	
1832.....	7,303		1855.....	200,877	
Year ended Dec. 31—			1856.....	200,036	195,857
1833.....	58,640		1857.....	250,882	246,945
1834.....	65,365		1858.....	122,872	119,501
1835.....	45,374		1859.....	121,075	118,616
1836.....	76,242		1860.....	153,418	150,237
1837.....	79,340		1861.....	91,822	89,724
1838.....	38,914		1862.....	91,826	89,007
1839.....	68,069		1863.....	176,214	174,524
1840.....	84,066		1864.....	193,416	193,195
1841.....	80,289		1865.....	248,111	247,453
1842.....	104,565		Jan. 1 to June 30—		
Jan. 1 to Sept. 30—			1866.....	167,757	166,112
1843.....	52,496		Year ended June 30—		
Year ended Sept. 30—			1867.....	303,044	298,967
1844.....	78,615		1868.....	288,088	282,189
1845.....	114,371		1869.....	363,074	352,768
1846.....	154,416		1870.....	402,920	387,203
1847.....	234,968		1871.....	342,609	321,350
1848.....	226,527		1872.....	422,978	404,806
1849.....	297,024		1873.....	473,141	459,803
1850.....	310,004		1874.....	327,949	313,339
Quarter ended Dec. 31—			1875.....	244,632	227,498
1850.....	59,976		1876.....	189,991	169,986
			1877.....	165,019	141,857
			1878.....	157,776	138,469
			1879.....	197,954	177,826
			1880.....	484,196	457,257
			1881.....	695,163	669,431
			1882.....	816,272	783,992
			1883.....	645,221	603,322

Table showing the number of immigrants arrived at each of the principal ports of the United States from the several foreign countries during the year ended June 30, 1883, as compared with the number arrived during the preceding fiscal year.

Customs districts and countries.	1883.	1882.	Decrease.
CUSTOMS DISTRICTS.			
Baltimore.....	35,690	41,739	6,049
Boston.....	48,188	58,186	9,998
Detroit.....	17,166	20,494	3,328
Huron.....	45,393	71,424	26,031
Minnesota.....	1,182	1,164	*18
New Orleans.....	1,707	3,142	1,435
New York.....	406,697	502,171	95,474
Passamaquoddy.....	3,360	3,148	*212
Philadelphia.....	24,808	36,284	11,476
San Francisco.....	8,191	32,668	24,477
All other ports.....	10,940	18,572	7,632
Total.....	603,322	788,992	185,670
COUNTRIES.			
England and Wales.....	64,737	4,050	19,313
Ireland.....	81,486	76,432	*5,054
Scotland.....	11,859	18,937	7,078
Austria.....	10,923	13,619	2,696
Germany.....	194,786	250,630	55,844
Italy.....	31,784	32,077	293
Norway.....	23,398	29,101	5,703
Sweden.....	38,277	64,607	26,330
Dominion of Canada.....	70,241	98,295	28,054
All other countries.....	75,831	121,244	45,413
Total.....	603,322	788,992	185,670

*Increase.

A STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS ON CLAIMS.

The experience of this Department from year to year, strengthens the conviction, that there should be made by law a limitation upon the time wherein claims against the Government may be presented. Claims that, if ever existing, arose fifty years ago, are now pending before auditing officers. Statutes of limitations are not in the nature of a refusal to pay a just and admitted claim. If vindictive at all, it is a penalty upon sloth and negligence. The true nature of them is as a protection to the honest from a second demand where payment has once been made, or against an unjust demand where written evidence of its ill-desert has been destroyed by mischance or lost by accident, and oral evidence once accessible is no more to be found in the memory of the living. He who insists that he is a creditor of the Government should not be indulged in holding back a claim for payment until, by loss or misplacement of records and the death or change of officers, the Government is bereft of the means of testing the fairness and validity of the demand. It is true that the Government, by its auditing officers, is a tribunal for itself and of counsel for itself therein. Yet so ingenious are claimants, that *prima facie* many a demand is just, which full knowledge of the facts would show to be hollow. Besides that, even if the means of testing the validity of it exists, the official time and effort spent

and the clerical labor called for are a burden upon the public. Especial statutes of this kind are known to Congressional legislation, and one general in its application would be healthful. The doctrine of *res adjudicata* is often applied in this Department, and claims once heard and fairly and directly passed upon adversely are for that alone refused a hearing. Yet they come again on the change of the head of a Department or the chiefs of divisions. If a statute of limitation should be considered, it should emphasize this feature of the case and give the renewed sanction of Congress to the practice of the Department.

THE PACIFIC RAILROADS.

Difficulties and differences have arisen between this Department and the Pacific railroads, in the administration of the laws for the reimbursement of the United States, for moneys directly or indirectly paid by it for their use or benefit. Litigation has ensued, and the courts have adjudicated upon the issues made. The cases are: The United States *vs.* Union Pacific Railroad Company, 91 U. S. Reps., 91; Union Pacific Railway Company *vs.* The United States, 16 Ct. Claims Rep., 353. They will show the points of difference, and that the judgments were adverse to the claims made in behalf of the United States. See, also, the Sinking-Fund Cases, 99 U. S. Reps., 700; Union Pacific Railway Company *vs.* United States, 104 U. S., 662; Central Branch Union Pacific Railroad Company *vs.* United States, 16 Ct. Claims, 360; Pacific Railroad Cases, 16 Ct. Claims, 359. The report of the First Comptroller of the Treasury for this year, beginning at page 8, presents an elaborate statement of the existing relations of the Government and these corporations, and to that report I crave leave to refer. In the mean time it has become apparent, that the sinking-fund provided for by the act of May 7, 1878, will be inadequate to meet the objects of that statute. Moreover, moneys received by this Department to be added to that fund may not be invested to the satisfaction of all interested, and lying idle, they yield no income, to the harm of all concerned.

The Treasury holds bonds in trust as follows:

1. For the Pacific railroads sinking-funds—

(a) Union Pacific Railroad Company	\$650,100 00
(b) Central Pacific Railroad Company	1,379,800 00
2. Indian trust-fund	1,808,016 83½
3. Miscellaneous	690,000 00

It also holds cash for the Pacific railroads sinking-funds—

For the Union Pacific	\$1,134,859 79
For the Central Pacific	863,118 95

These sums have not been invested, as the Department has lacked the consent of the railroad companies to the purchase of the securities proposed by it. Safe securities have been so high in market value that the companies were averse to the purchase. The whole subject of an advisable method by which the Government may finally and assuredly obtain payment of the debt it holds against the corporations needs the attention of Congress.

It is plain that there is a need of Congressional intervention, and of legislation to place the relations of the contracting parties in a condition to benefit them all. The United States Commissioner of Railroads, in his report for 1882, made accurate statements upon this subject, and suggestions of legislation which, in their general scope, commend themselves to the judgment of this Department, and, as this Department is informed, are acceptable to those corporations. It is understood by the Department that the commissioner will, in his report for this year, renew his recommendations, and he will submit a bill for the consideration of Congress, designed to remove differences and difficulties, to end litigation and official embarrassment, and to put the pecuniary relations of the parties on a basis satisfactory to all. A draught of the bill has been left at this Department. The general aim of it is, to liquidate the amount of the debt owing by the corporations, so as to know what sum, payable in a period, the length of which is to be fixed, will fully pay the United States both principal and interest; and to determine what annual payments will accomplish that end. The arrangement of the details will be intricate. It is not apprehended, however, but that there will be an agreement upon them when Congress shall act upon it, if it sees fit to act. This Department earnestly asks the attention of Congress to this important subject.

ALASKA.

I earnestly direct attention to Alaska, yet unorganized as a Territory, and the necessity for the establishment there of civil government. The civilization of the country is retarded, and the development of its resources is prevented by the absence of proper laws and officers charged with their enforcement. A collector of customs and his assistants are the only civil officers residing there, and their powers by law are no greater than those of officers of the customs at other ports. The authority of a justice of the peace or like magistrate can be lawfully exercised by no one, and to a great extent might makes right throughout Alaska. Simple conflicting claims to personal property, not to mention affairs of greater magnitude, must be settled on the spot by force

and arms, or carried, with the necessary evidence and witnesses, nearly one thousand miles to the nearest court within the United States having jurisdiction of such cases. The pioneers and missionaries who have established commerce and dropped the seeds of civilization there have done so without the aid of efficient governmental protection, and at risks so great as to deter all but the hardy from the undertaking. Personal safety and the rights of property should be secured to every person within the Territory. A bill to establish civil government was considered by Congress at its last session, but failed to pass. It is recommended that it have attention at this session.

The importance and value of Alaska as a commercial adjunct and, under proper protection as a place of residence for settlers, is not fully recognized. The climate is healthful and not severe. It has extensive fisheries, timber lands, and mineral deposits, all of which may be readily developed, and will prove a source of profit.

The Treasury Department should be relieved of the administration of affairs in that Territory, except so far as they come within its legitimate functions.

The Alaska Commercial Company has during the past year duly performed the conditions of its lease. It has taken about seventy-five per cent. of the maximum number of seal-skins allowed, and has paid the tax thereon and the rent of the Islands, in accordance with the terms of the lease.

The several reports of the heads of offices and bureaus are herewith transmitted.

CHAS. J. FOLGER,

Secretary.

To the Honorable

The SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TABLES ACCOMPANYING THE REPORT.

TABLE A.—*STATEMENT of the NET RECEIPTS (by warrants) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.*

CUSTOMS.

Quarter ended September 30, 1882.....	\$64,908,875 71	
Quarter ended December 31, 1882.....	48,700,538 01	
Quarter ended March 31, 1883.....	52,711,024 34	
Quarter ended June 30, 1883.....	48,386,058 87	\$214,706,496 93

SALES OF PUBLIC LANDS.

Quarter ended September 30, 1882.....	1,185,622 97	
Quarter ended December 31, 1882.....	1,882,171 70	
Quarter ended March 31, 1883.....	2,292,168 10	
Quarter ended June 30, 1883.....	2,595,961 65	7,955,864 42

INTERNAL REVENUE.

Quarter ended September 30, 1882.....	37,760,804 58	
Quarter ended December 31, 1882.....	36,984,523 84	
Quarter ended March 31, 1883.....	33,363,601 89	
Quarter ended June 30, 1883.....	36,611,438 67	144,720,368 8

TAX ON CIRCULATION, DEPOSITS, ETC., OF NATIONAL BANKS.

Quarter ended September 30, 1882.....	4,492,426 39	
Quarter ended December 31, 1882.....	32,517 07	
Quarter ended March 31, 1883.....	4,577,901 29	
Quarter ended June 30, 1883.....	8,164 10	9,111,008 85

REPAYMENT OF INTEREST BY PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANIES.

Quarter ended September 30, 1882.....	65,774 62	
Quarter ended December 31, 1882.....	837,317 43	
Quarter ended March 31, 1883.....	312,547 51	
Quarter ended June 30, 1883.....	341,227 34	1,556,866 90

CUSTOMS FEES, FINES, PENALTIES, AND FORFEITURES.

Quarter ended September 30, 1882.....	422,140 09	
Quarter ended December 31, 1882.....	367,618 30	
Quarter ended March 31, 1883.....	315,653 12	
Quarter ended June 30, 1883.....	330,824 83	1,436,236 34

FEES, CONSULAR, LETTERS PATENT, AND LAND.

Quarter ended September 30, 1882.....	822,842 49	
Quarter ended December 31, 1882.....	700,595 82	
Quarter ended March 31, 1883.....	821,598 12	
Quarter ended June 30, 1883.....	977,325 21	3,322,361 64

PROCEEDS OF SALES OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.

Quarter ended September 30, 1882.....	113,995 95	
Quarter ended December 31, 1882.....	69,137 29	
Quarter ended March 31, 1883.....	53,437 83	
Quarter ended June 30, 1883.....	48,483 95	285,055 02

PROFITS ON COINAGE.

Quarter ended September 30, 1882.....	1,040,119 39	
Quarter ended December 31, 1882.....	699,957 85	
Quarter ended March 31, 1883.....	831,190 56	
Quarter ended June 30, 1883.....	1,888,937 37	4,460,205 17

REVENUES OF DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Quarter ended September 30, 1882.....	194,314 88	
Quarter ended December 31, 1882.....	1,289,805 10	
Quarter ended March 31, 1883.....	205,544 28	
Quarter ended June 30, 1883.....	281,274 21	1,970,938 47

MISCELLANEOUS.

Quarter ended September 30, 1882.....	1,783,690 25	
Quarter ended December 31, 1882.....	2,356,397 70	
Quarter ended March 31, 1883.....	3,481,514 69	
Quarter ended June 30, 1883.....	1,050,576 59	8,762,179 23

Total ordinary receipts.....	398,287,581 95	
Cash in Treasury June 30, 1882.....	247,349,258 62	
Total.....	645,636,840 57	

TABLE B.—*STATEMENT of the NET DISBURSEMENTS (by warrants) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.*

CIVIL.		
Congress	\$5,978,259 83	
Executive	10,025,775 20	
Judiciary	4,366,899 53	
Government of Territories	266,739 08	
Subtreasuries	351,026 82	
Public land offices	855,487 38	
Inspection of steam vessels	265,788 88	
Mint and assay offices	233,309 04	
Total civil		\$22,343,285 76
FOREIGN INTERCOURSE.		
Diplomatic salaries	343,241 20	
Consular salaries	508,463 02	
Contingencies of consulates	176,134 34	
Rescuing American seamen from shipwreck	3,325 34	
American and Spanish Claims Commission	4,891 20	
Contingent expenses of foreign missions	81,966 32	
Prisons for American convicts	14,743 77	
Relief and protection of American seamen	25,217 84	
Expenses under the neutrality act	9,623 57	
American and French Commission	130,093 90	
International Fishery Exhibition	50,000 00	
Expenses Court of Alabama Claims	152,996 05	
Publication of commercial and consular reports	20,000 00	
Payment of the Japanese indemnity fund	785,000 87	
Relief of claimants brig General Armstrong	48,615 12	
Expenses of commission to negotiate a treaty with Mexico	12,000 00	
Contingent and miscellaneous	49,962 70	
Total foreign intercourse		2,419,275 24
MISCELLANEOUS.		
Mint establishment	994,724 21	
Coast Survey	597,638 36	
Light-House establishment	2,224,432 30	
Revenue-Cutter Service	944,819 26	
Life-Saving Service	746,649 19	
Marine-Hospital Establishment	461,181 46	
Custom-houses, court-houses, post-offices, &c	3,427,331 31	
Furniture, fuel, &c., for public buildings	841,516 25	
Repairs and preservation of public buildings	439,856 33	
Collecting customs revenue	6,591,224 51	
Refunding excess of deposits	4,367,898 85	
Debenture and drawbacks under customs laws	2,257,755 56	
Compensation in lieu of moities	25,389 83	
Detection and prevention of frauds on customs revenue	76,600 95	
Expenses of regulating immigration	127,345 97	
Expenses of Tariff Commission	69,000 00	
Inspection of neat cattle shipped to foreign ports	52,240 77	
Assessing and collecting internal revenue	4,424,707 39	
Punishing violations of internal-revenue laws	62,105 10	
Internal-revenue stamps, paper, and dies	519,388 88	
Refunding duties erroneously or illegally collected	623,549 56	
Internal-revenue allowances and drawbacks	53,096 91	
Redemption of internal-revenue stamps	52,195 15	
Expenses national currency	114,586 70	
Suppressing counterfeiting and frauds	66,995 60	
Contingent expenses Independent Treasury	59,170 71	
Survey of public lands	208,646 65	
Five per cent. fund, &c., to States	119,342 46	
Postage	145,440 08	
Vaults, safes, and locks for public buildings	36,553 71	
Indemnity for swamp lands	107,342 39	
Propagation, &c., of food-fishes	337,884 49	
Geological survey of Territories	218,947 77	
Deposits by individuals for surveys of public lands	876,923 75	
National Board of Health	127,149 40	
Expenses of Ninth and Tenth Censuses	424,535 77	
Payment of judgments, Court of Claims	646,129 77	
Mail transportation, Pacific railroads	937,832 78	
Deficiency in postal revenues	74,503 18	
Department of Agriculture	295,428 58	
Patent Office	128,980 27	
Expenses of Bureau of Engraving and Printing	398,482 49	
Return of proceeds of captured and abandoned property	124,551 38	
Smithsonian Institution	84,058 15	
Completion of the Washington Monument	160,000 00	
Public buildings and grounds in Washington	539,547 07	
Annual repairs of the Capitol	60,897 44	
Improving and lighting Capitol grounds	93,037 69	
State, War, and Navy Departments building	297,750 08	
Columbian Institute for Deaf and Dumb	63,500 09	
Government Hospital for the Insane	291,214 68	
Freedman's Hospital	52,500 00	
Howard University	25,000 00	

TABLE B.—*STATEMENT of the NET DISBURSEMENTS (by warrants) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883—Continued.*

MISCELLANEOUS—Continued.	
Charitable institutions.....	\$19,457 50
National Museum.....	150,612 50
Repayment for lands erroneously sold.....	52,998 19
Depradations on public timber.....	68,651 84
Furniture, &c., for State, War, and Navy building.....	65,000 00
Support and treatment of transient paupers.....	15,000 00
Coinage of the standard silver dollars.....	169,676 09
Sinking fund, Pacific railroads.....	552,636 00
Redemption of District of Columbia securities.....	15,866 91
Refunding taxes, District of Columbia.....	3,503 87
Water fund, District of Columbia.....	113,870 05
Special-tax fund.....	16,458 06
Washington redemption fund.....	691 13
Charitable institutions.....	212,740 13
Washington Aqueduct.....	18,645 83
Expenses of the District of Columbia.....	3,585,642 52
Miscellaneous.....	729,489 45
Total miscellaneous.....	\$43,915,461 21
INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.	
Indians.....	7,362,590 34
Pensions.....	66,012,573 64
Total Interior Department.....	73,375,163 98
MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT.	
Pay Department.....	12,659,814 60
Commissary Department.....	2,062,922 17
Quartermaster's Department.....	13,179,792 45
Medical Department.....	377,647 82
Ordnance Department.....	1,861,826 37
Military Academy.....	144,332 46
Improving rivers and harbors.....	13,639,381 27
Contingencies.....	26,076 19
Expenses of recruiting.....	100,646 45
Signal Service.....	294,466 54
Expenses of military convicts.....	93,083 37
Publishing the official records of the rebellion.....	33,456 68
Support of National Home for Disabled Volunteers.....	1,122,088 03
Support of Soldiers' Home.....	162,928 48
Construction of military posts, roads, &c.....	268,707 69
Fortifications.....	174,312 72
National cemeteries.....	211,156 55
Fifty per cent. arrears of Army transportation.....	296,379 38
Construction of military telegraphs.....	48,959 00
Bounty to soldiers, act July 28, 1866.....	75,214 30
Expenses of Arctic exploring expedition.....	53,000 00
Bounty to volunteers.....	244,550 91
Mississippi River Commission.....	165,000 00
Reimbursing the State of Missouri.....	234,580 10
Reimbursing the State of Oregon.....	70,268 68
Claims for quartermasters' and commissary supplies.....	311,662 75
Refunding to States expenses in raising volunteers.....	454,163 07
Operating and care of canals.....	199,200 00
Horses and other property lost in the service.....	195,061 60
Purchase of the Arlington estate.....	125,000 00
Miscellaneous.....	115,641 90
Total military establishment.....	48,911,382 03
NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT.	
Pay and contingencies of the Navy.....	\$7,389,963 10
Marine Corps.....	890,838 22
Naval Academy.....	188,070 20
Navigation.....	196,569 20
Ordnance.....	237,283 69
Equipment and Recruiting.....	800,820 57
Yards and Docks.....	915,460 95
Medicine and Surgery.....	109,447 14
Construction and Repair.....	1,729,324 82
Provisions and Clothing.....	1,150,594 50
Steam Engineering.....	1,407,603 38
Navy pension fund.....	210,000 00
Miscellaneous.....	48,461 40
Total naval establishment.....	15,283,437 17
Interest on the public debt.....	50,160,131 25
Total net ordinary expenditures.....	265,408,137 54
Redemption of the public debt.....	34,141,265 96
Total expenditures.....	299,549,403 50
Cash in Treasury June 30, 1883.....	346,087,437 07
Total.....	645,636,840 57

TABLE C.—*STATEMENT of the ISSUE and REDEMPTION of LOANS and TREASURY NOTES (by warrants) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.*

	Issués.	Redemptions.	Excess of issues.	Excess of redemptions.
Treasury notes of 1846, act of July 22, 1846		\$100 00		\$100 00
Bounty-land scrip, act of February 11, 1847		100 00		100 00
Loan of February, 1861, act of February 8, 1861		18,000 00		18,000 00
Oregon war debt, act of March 2 1861		5,450 00		5,450 00
Seven-thirties of 1861, act of July 17, 1861		50 00		50 00
Loan of July and August, 1861, acts of July 17 and August 5, 1861		21,522,950 00		21,522,950 00
Old demand notes, acts of July 17 and August 5, 1861, and February 12, 1862		710 00		710 00
Five-twenties of 1862, act of February 25, 1862		10,400 00		10,400 00
Legal-tender notes, acts of February 25 and July 11, 1862, January 7 and March 3, 1863	\$109,764,714 00	109,764,714 00		
Fractional currency, acts of July 17, 1862, March 3, 1863, and June 30, 1864		46,556 96		46,556 96
Coin certificates, act of March 3, 1863	86,710 000 00	9,368,480 00	\$77,341,520 00	
One-year notes of 1863, act of March 3, 1863		1,400 00		1,400 00
Two-year notes of 1863, act of March 3, 1863		1,800 00		1,800 00
Compound interest notes, acts of March 3, 1863, and June 30, 1864		7,340 00		7,340 00
Loan of 1863, acts of March 3, 1863, and June 30, 1864		47,476,650 00		47,476,650 00
Ten-forties of 1864, act of March 3, 1864		133,550 00		133,550 00
Five-twenties of June, 1864, act of June 30, 1864		7,050 00		7,050 00
Seven-thirties of 1864 and 1865, acts of June 30, 1864, and March 3, 1865		1,800 00		1,800 00
Five-twenties of 1865, act of March 3, 1865		9,600 00		9,600 00
Consols of 1865, act of March 3, 1865		40,800 00		40,800 00
Consols of 1867, act of March 3, 1865		235,700 00		235,700 00
Consols of 1868, act of March 3, 1865		154,650 00		154,650 00
Funded loan of 1881, acts of July 14, 1870, January 20, 1871, and January 14, 1875		367,180,450 00		367,180,450 00
Funded loan of 1907, acts of July 14, 1870, January 20, 1871, and January 14, 1875	120,850 00	1,418,850 00		1,298,000 00
Certificates of deposit, act of June 8, 1872	20,055,000 00	20,000,000 00	55,000 00	
Silver certificates act of February 28, 1878	35,040,000 00	12,519,879 00	22,520,121 00	
Refunding certificates, act of February 26, 1879		109,150 00		109,150 00
Loan of 1882, act of July 12, 1882	304,252,000 00	47,650 00	304,204,350 00	
Total	555,942,564 00	590,083,829 96	404,120,991 00	438,262,256 96
Excess of redemptions				438,262,256 96
Excess of issues				404,120,991 00
Net excess of redemptions charged in receipts and expenditures				34,141,265 96

TABLE D.—*STATEMENT of the net RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS (by warrants) for the quarter ended September 30, 1883.*

RECEIPTS.

Customs	\$57,402,975 67
Sales of public lands	2,932,635 17
Internal revenue	29,662,078 60
Tax on circulation, deposits, &c., of national banks	1,557,800 88
Repayment of interest by Pacific Railroad Companies	250,962 24
Customs fees, fines, penalties, and forfeitures	298,696 78
Consular, letters patent, homestead, &c., fees	863,209 80
Proceeds of sales of government property	112,562 23
Profits on coinage, &c.	950,229 46
Miscellaneous	1,935,766 20
Total net ordinary receipts	95,966,917 03
Balance in the Treasury June 30, 1883	346,087,437 07
Total	442,054,354 10

DISBURSEMENTS.

Customs	5,491,195 56
Internal revenue	1,204,876 51
Diplomatic service	423,043 36
Quarterly salaries	116,218 50
Treasury proper	6,247,299 00
Judiciary	812,639 62
Interior (civil)	2,229,362 59
Total civil and miscellaneous	16,524,635 88
Indians	2,623,390 54
Pensions	16,285,261 98
Military Establishment	13,512,204 33
Naval Establishment	4,199,299 69
Interest on public debt	14,797,297 96
	67,942,090 33
Redemption of the public debt	19,247,204 50
Balance in Treasury September 30, 1883	354,865,059 27
Total	442,054,354 10

TABLE E.—STATEMENT of OUTSTANDING PRINCIPAL of the PUBLIC DEBT of the UNITED STATES on the 1st of January of each year from 1791 to 1843, inclusive, and on the 1st of July of each year from 1843 to 1883, inclusive.

Year.	Amount.
Jan. 1, 1791	\$75,463,476 52
1792	77,227,924 66
1793	80,352,634 04
1794	78,427,404 77
1795	80,747,587 39
1796	83,762,172 07
1797	82,064,479 33
1798	79,228,529 12
1799	78,408,669 77
1800	82,976,294 35
1801	83,038,050 80
1802	80,712,632 25
1803	77,054,686 30
1804	86,427,120 88
1805	82,312,150 50
1806	75,723,270 66
1807	69,218,398 64
1808	65,196,317 97
1809	57,023,192 09
1810	53,173,217 52
1811	48,005,587 76
1812	45,209,737 90
1813	55,962,827 57
1814	81,487,846 24
1815	99,833,660 15
1816	127,334,933 74
1817	123,491,965 16
1818	103,466,633 83
1819	95,529,648 28
1820	91,015,566 15
1821	89,987,427 66
1822	93,546,676 98
1823	90,875,877 28
1824	90,269,777 77
1825	83,788,432 71
1826	81,054,059 99
1827	73,987,357 20
1828	67,475,043 87
1829	58,421,413 67
1830	48,565,406 50
1831	39,123,191 68
1832	24,322,235 16
1833	7,001,698 83
1834	4,760,082 08
1835	37,733 05
1836	37,513 05
1837	336,957 83
1838	3,308,124 07
1839	10,434,221 14
1840	3,573,343 82
1841	5,250,875 54
1842	13,594,480 73
1843	20,601,226 28
July 1, 1843	32,742,922 00
1844	23,461,652 50
1845	15,925,303 01
1846	15,550,202 97
1847	38,826,534 77
1848	47,044,863 23
1849	63,061,858 69
1850	63,452,773 55
1851	68,504,796 02
1852	66,199,341 71
1853	59,803,117 70
1854	42,242,222 42
1855	35,586,956 56
1856	31,972,537 90
1857	28,699,831 85
1858	44,911,681 03
1859	58,496,837 88
1860	64,842,287 88
1861	90,580,873 72
1862	524,176,412 13
1863	1,119,772,138 63
1864	1,815,784,370 57
1865	2,680,647,869 74
1866	2,773,236,173 69
1867	2,678,126,103 87
1868	2,611,687,851 19

TABLE E.—*STATEMENT of OUTSTANDING PRINCIPAL of the PUBLIC DEBT, &c.*—Continued.

Year.	Amount.
July 1, 1869.....	\$2, 588, 452, 213 94
1870.....	2, 480, 072, 427 81
1871.....	2, 353, 211, 332 32
1872.....	2, 253, 251, 328 78
1873.....	*2, 234, 482, 993 20
1874.....	*2, 251, 690, 468 43
1875.....	*2, 232, 284, 531 95
1876.....	*2, 180, 395, 067 15
1877.....	*2, 205, 301, 892 10
1878.....	*2, 256, 205, 892 53
1879.....	*2, 349, 567, 482 04
1880.....	*2, 120, 415, 370 03
1881.....	*2, 069, 013, 569 58
1882.....	*1, 918, 312, 994 03
1883.....	*1, 884, 171, 728 07

*In the amount here stated as the outstanding principal of the public debt are included the certificates of deposit outstanding on the 30th of June, issued under act of June 8, 1872, for which a like amount in United States notes was on special deposit in the Treasury for their redemption, and added to the cash balance in the Treasury. These certificates, as a matter of accounts, are treated as a part of the public debt, but, being offset by notes held on deposit for their redemption, should properly be deducted from the principal of the public debt in making comparison with former years.

STATEMENT of the PUBLIC DEBT, including ACCRUED INTEREST thereon, less cash in the Treasury on the 1st day of July of each year, from 1869 to 1883, compiled from the published monthly debt-statements of those dates.

Years.	Outstanding prin- cipal.	Accrued inter- est.	Cash in the Treasury.	Debt less cash in the Treasury.
July 1, 1869.....	*\$2, 597, 722, 983 37	\$47, 447, 310 79	\$156, 167, 813 58	\$2, 489, 002, 480 58
1870.....	*2, 601, 675, 127 66	50, 607, 556 52	265, 924, 084 61	2, 386, 358, 599 74
1871.....	2, 353, 211, 332 32	45, 036, 766 23	106, 217, 263 65	2, 292, 030, 834 90
1872.....	2, 253, 251, 328 78	41, 705, 813 27	103, 470, 708 43	2, 191, 486, 343 62
1873.....	2, 234, 482, 993 20	42, 356, 652 82	129, 020, 932 45	2, 147, 818, 713 57
1874.....	2, 251, 690, 468 43	38, 939, 087 47	147, 541, 314 74	2, 143, 088, 241 16
1875.....	2, 232, 284, 531 95	38, 647, 556 19	142, 243, 361 82	2, 128, 688, 726 32
1876.....	2, 180, 395, 067 15	38, 514, 004 54	119, 469, 726 70	2, 099, 439, 344 99
1877.....	2, 205, 301, 892 10	40, 882, 791 89	186, 025, 960 73	2, 060, 158, 223 26
1878.....	2, 256, 205, 892 53	36, 404, 551 37	250, 823, 612 08	2, 035, 786, 831 82
1879.....	2, 349, 567, 482 04	30, 792, 351 34	353, 152, 577 01	2, 027, 207, 256 37
1880.....	2, 120, 415, 370 03	22, 845, 547 59	201, 088, 622 88	1, 942, 172, 295 34
1881.....	2, 069, 013, 569 58	20, 948, 657 75	249, 363, 415 35	1, 840, 598, 811 93
1882.....	1, 918, 312, 994 03	13, 890, 986 47	243, 289, 519 78	1, 688, 914, 460 72
1883.....	1, 884, 171, 728 07	12, 309, 382 33	345, 389, 902 92	1, 551, 091, 207 48

*It will be noticed that there is a difference in the amounts represented by these two statements as the principal of the debt July 1, 1869, and July 1, 1870. This difference is explained thus: In the principal of the debt as shown by the monthly debt-statements of these dates, the bonds purchased for the sinking-fund and paid for from money in the Treasury, were included as a part of the outstanding debt and were also treated in the cash as a cash item, or asset, for the reason that at that time there was no authority or law for deducting them from the outstanding debt. Congress, by the sixth section of the act of July 14, 1870, directed that these bonds should be canceled and destroyed and deducted from the amount of each class of the outstanding debt to which they respectively belonged, and such deductions were accordingly made on the books of the department and in the table of the debt in the annual report.

TABLE F.—ANALYSIS of the PRINCIPAL of the PUBLIC DEBT of the UNITED STATES, &c.—Continued.

Year.	Debt on which interest has ceased.	Debt bearing no interest	Outstanding principal.	Cash in the Treasury July 1.	Total debt, less cash in Treasury.	Annual interest charge.
1856—July 1	\$200, 776 13	.....	\$31, 972, 537 90	\$21, 006, 584 89	\$10, 965, 953 01	\$1, 860, 445 70
1857.....	238, 872 92	.....	28, 690, 831 85	18, 701, 210 09	9, 998, 621 76	1, 672, 767 53
1858.....	211, 042 92	.....	44, 911, 881 03	7, 011, 689 31	37, 900, 191 72	2, 446, 670 28
1859.....	206, 099 77	.....	58, 496, 837 88	5, 091, 603 69	53, 405, 234 19	3, 126, 166 28
1860.....	201, 449 77	.....	64, 842, 287 88	4, 877, 885 87	59, 964, 402 01	3, 443, 687 29
1861.....	199, 999 77	.....	90, 580, 873 72	2, 862, 212 92	87, 718, 660 80	5, 092, 630 43
1862.....	280, 195 21	\$158, 591, 390 00	594, 176 412 13	18, 823, 639 96	505, 312, 752 17	22, 048, 509 59
1863.....	473, 048 16	411, 767, 456 00	1, 119, 772, 138 63	8, 421, 041 22	1, 111, 350, 737 41	41, 854, 148 01
1864.....	416, 235 86	455, 427, 971 21	1, 815, 784, 370 57	106, 332, 093 53	1, 709, 452, 277 04	78, 853, 487 24
1865.....	1, 243, 771 20	438, 090, 180 25	2, 680, 647, 869 74	3, 882, 012 98	2, 674, 813, 556 76	137, 742, 617 43
1866—August 31	1, 503, 020 09	401, 616, 311 81	2, 844, 049, 626 56	88, 218, 035 13	2, 756, 431, 571 43	130, 977, 687 87
1866—July 1	1, 496, 615 01	428, 218, 101 20	2, 713, 236, 173 69	137, 200, 069 85	2, 576, 036, 163 84	146, 068, 196 29
1867.....	1, 840, 615 01	408, 401, 782 61	2, 611, 687, 851 19	169, 974, 892 18	2, 441, 712, 959 01	138, 892, 451 39
1868.....	1, 197, 340 89	421, 131, 510 55	2, 588, 432, 213 94	130, 834, 437 96	2, 457, 600, 776 00	128, 459, 598 14
1869.....	5, 260, 181 00	430, 508, 064 42	2, 480, 672, 427 81	155, 680, 340 85	2, 324, 991, 086 97	125, 523, 998 34
1870.....	3, 708, 641 00	416, 565, 080 06	2, 353, 211, 332 32	149, 502, 471 60	2, 203, 708, 860 72	111, 949, 230 50
1871.....	1, 948, 902 26	472, 069, 332 94	2, 234, 482, 903 20	103, 470, 798 43	2, 130, 992, 104 77	103, 988, 403 00
1872.....	7, 926, 797 26	508, 543, 128 17	2, 231, 690, 408 43	147, 541, 314 74	2, 084, 149, 093 69	98, 049, 804 00
1873.....	3, 216, 590 26	468, 182, 411 69	2, 232, 284, 531 95	142, 243, 361 82	2, 090, 041, 170 13	96, 855, 690 30
1874.....	11, 425, 820 26	465, 807, 196 89	2, 180, 395, 067 15	119, 469, 736 70	2, 060, 925, 340 45	95, 104, 269 00
1875.....	3, 902, 420 26	476, 764, 031 84	2, 205, 301, 392 10	186, 025, 960 73	2, 019, 275, 431 37	93, 160, 643 50
1876.....	16, 648, 880 26	455, 875, 682 27	2, 245, 495, 072 04	256, 833, 612 08	1, 988, 661, 460 00	94, 654, 472 50
1877.....	5, 594, 580 26	410, 835, 741 78	2, 120, 415, 370 63	249, 080, 167 01	1, 996, 414, 905 03	83, 773, 778 50
1878.....	37, 015, 630 26	388, 800, 815 37	2, 069, 013, 569 58	201, 088, 622 88	1, 919, 326, 747 75	79, 633, 981 00
1879.....	7, 621, 455 26	422, 721, 954 32	2, 069, 013, 569 58	343, 363, 415 35	1, 810, 650, 154 23	75, 018, 695 50
1880.....	6, 723, 865 26	438, 244, 788 77	1, 918, 312, 994 03	243, 363, 415 35	1, 675, 023, 478 68	57, 360, 110 75
1881.....	16, 260, 805 26	538, 111, 162 81	1, 884, 171, 728 07	345, 369, 902 92	1, 538, 781, 825 15	51, 436, 709 50
1882.....	7, 831, 415 26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1883.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

NOTE 1.—The annual interest charge is computed upon the amount of outstanding principal at the close of the fiscal year, and is exclusive of interest charge on Pacific Railway bonds.

NOTE 2.—The figures for July 1, 1879, were made up, assuming pending funding operations to have been completed.

NOTE 3.—The temporary loan, per act of July 11, 1862, is included in the 4 per cent. from 1862 to 1868, inclusive, with the exception of the amount outstanding for August 31, 1865, this being the date at which the public debt reached its highest point. This loan bore interest from 4 per cent. to 6 per cent., and was redeemable on ten days' notice after thirty days, but being constantly changing, it has been considered more equitable to include the whole amount outstanding as bearing 4 per cent. interest on an average for the year.

NOTE 4.—In the recent monthly statements of the public debt, the interest accrued has been added to the principal, making the net debt larger in that amount than the amount herein stated for each year.

TABLE G.—*STATEMENT of RECEIPTS of UNITED STATES from March 4, 1789,*

Year.	Balance in the Treasury at commencement of year.	Customs.	Internal revenue.	Direct tax.	Public lands.	Miscellaneous.
1791		\$4,399,473 09	\$208,942 81			\$10,478 10
1792	\$973,905 75	3,443,070 85	337,705 70			9,918 65
1793	783,444 51	4,255,306 56	337,705 70			21,410 88
1794	753,661 69	4,801,065 28	274,089 62			53,277 97
1795	1,151,924 17	5,588,461 26	337,755 26			28,317 97
1796	516,442 61	6,567,987 94	475,289 60		\$4,836 13	1,169,415 93
1797	888,995 42	7,549,619 65	575,491 45		83,340 60	399,139 29
1798	1,021,899 04	7,106,061 93	644,357 95		11,963 11	58,192 81
1799	617,451 43	6,610,449 31	779,136 44			86,187 56
1800	2,161,867 77	9,080,932 73	809,396 55	\$734,223 97	443 75	152,712 10
1801	2,623,311 99	10,750,778 93	1,048,033 43	534,343 38	107,726 06	245,649 15
1802	3,295,391 00	12,438,235 74	621,898 89	206,565 44	188,628 02	1,500,505 86
1803	5,020,697 64	10,479,417 61	215,179 69	71,879 20	165,675 69	131,945 44
1804	4,825,811 60	11,098,565 33	50,941 29	50,198 44	487,526 79	139,075 53
1805	4,037,005 26	12,936,487 04	21,747 15	21,882 91	540,193 80	40,382 30
1806	3,999,388 99	14,667,698 17	20,101 45	55,763 86	765,245 73	51,121 86
1807	4,538,123 80	15,845,521 61	13,051 40	34,732 56	466,163 27	38,550 42
1808	9,643,850 07	16,363,550 58	8,190 23	19,159 21	647,939 06	21,822 85
1809	9,941,809 96	7,257,506 62	4,034 29	7,517 31	442,252 33	62,162 57
1810	3,848,056 78	8,583,309 31	7,430 63	12,448 68	696,548 82	84,476 84
1811	2,672,276 57	13,313,222 73	2,295 95	7,666 66	1,040,237 53	59,211 22
1812	3,502,305 80	8,958,777 53	4,903 06	859 22	710,427 78	126,165 17
1813	3,862,217 41	13,224,623 25	4,755 04	3,805 52	835,655 14	271,571 00
1814	5,196,542 00	5,998,772 08	1,662,984 82	2,219,497 36	1,135,971 09	164,399 81
1815	1,727,848 63	7,282,942 22	4,678,059 07	2,162,673 41	1,287,959 28	285,282 84
1816	13,106,592 88	36,306,874 88	5,124,708 31	4,253,635 09	1,717,985 03	273,782 35
1817	22,033,519 19	26,283,348 49	2,678,100 77	1,824,187 04	1,991,226 06	109,761 08
1818	14,989,465 43	17,176,385 00	955,270 20	264,333 36	2,606,564 77	57,617 71
1819	1,478,526 74	20,283,608 76	229,593 63	83,650 78	3,274,422 78	57,098 42
1820	2,079,992 28	15,005,612 15	106,260 53	31,586 82	1,635,871 61	61,338 44
1821	1,198,461 21	13,004,447 15	69,027 63	29,349 05	1,212,966 46	152,589 43
1822	1,681,502 24	17,589,761 94	67,665 71	20,961 56	1,803,581 54	432,957 19
1823	4,237,427 55	19,088,433 44	31,242 17	10,337 71	916,523 10	141,129 84
1824	9,463,922 81	17,878,325 71	34,663 37	6,201 96	984,418 15	127,603 60
1825	1,946,597 13	20,098,713 45	25,771 35	2,330 85	1,216,090 56	120,451 81
1826	5,201,650 43	23,341,331 77	21,589 93	6,638 76	1,393,785 09	94,588 66
1827	6,358,686 18	19,712,283 29	19,885 68	2,626 90	1,493,845 26	1,315,722 83
1828	6,668,286 10	23,205,523 64	17,451 54	2,218 81	1,018,308 75	65,126 49
1829	5,972,435 81	22,681,965 91	14,502 74	11,335 05	1,517,175 13	112,648 55
1830	5,755,704 79	21,922,391 39	12,160 62	16,980 59	2,329,356 14	73,227 77
1831	6,014,539 75	24,224,441 77	6,933 51	10,506 01	3,210,815 48	584,124 05
1832	4,502,914 45	28,465,237 24	11,630 65	6,791 13	2,623,381 03	270,410 61
1833	2,011,777 55	29,032,508 91	2,759 00	394 12	3,967,682 55	470,096 67
1834	11,702,905 31	16,214,957 15	4,196 09	19 80	4,857,600 69	480,812 32
1835	8,892,858 42	19,391,310 59	10,459 48	4,263 33	14,757,600 75	759,972 13
1836	26,749,803 96	23,409,940 53	370 00	728 79	24,877,179 86	2,245,902 23
1837	46,708,436 00	11,169,290 39	5,493 84	1,687 70	6,776,236 52	7,001,444 59
1838	37,327,252 69	16,158,800 36	2,467 27		3,730,945 66	6,410,348 45
1839	36,801,196 94	23,137,924 81	2,553 32	755 22	7,361,576 40	979,939 86
1840	33,157,503 68	13,499,502 17	1,682 25		3,411,818 63	2,567,112 28
1841	29,963,163 46	14,487,216 74	3,261 36		1,365,627 42	1,004,054 75
1842	28,685,111 08	18,187,908 76	495 00		1,335,797 52	451,995 97
1843*	30,521,979 44	7,046,843 91	103 25		898,158 18	235,895 92
1844	39,186,254 74	26,183,570 94	1,777 34		2,059,939 80	1,075,419 70
1845	36,742,820 62	27,528,112 70	3,517 12		2,077,022 30	361,453 68
1846	36,194,274 81	26,712,667 87	2,897 26		2,694,452 48	289,950 13
1847	38,261,950 65	23,747,804 66	375 00		2,498,355 20	220,808 30
1848	33,079,276 43	31,757,070 96	375 00		3,328,642 56	612,610 69
1849	29,416,612 45	28,346,738 82			1,688,950 55	685,379 13
1850	32,827,082 69	39,668,686 42			1,859,894 25	2,064,308 21
1851	35,871,753 31	49,017,567 92			2,352,305 30	1,185,166 11
1852	40,158,353 25	47,339,326 62			2,043,239 58	464,249 40
1853	43,338,860 02	58,931,865 52			1,667,084 99	988,081 17
1854	50,261,901 09	64,224,190 27			8,470,798 39	1,105,352 74
1855	48,591,073 41	53,025,794 21			11,497,049 07	827,731 40
1856	47,777,672 13	64,022,863 50			8,917,644 93	1,116,190 81
1857	49,108,229 80	63,875,905 05			3,829,486 64	1,259,920 88
1858	46,802,855 00	41,789,620 96			3,513,715 87	1,352,029 13
1859	35,113,334 22	49,563,824 38			1,756,687 30	1,454,596 24
1860	33,193,248 60	53,187,511 87			1,778,557 71	1,088,530 25
1861	32,979,530 78	39,532,125 64			870,658 54	1,023,515 31
1862	30,963,857 83	49,056,397 62		1,795,331 73	152,203 77	915,327 97
1863	46,965,304 87	69,059,642 40	37,640,787 95	1,485,103 61	167,617 17	3,741,794 38
1864	36,523,046 13	102,316,152 99	109,741,134 10	475,648 96	588,333 29	30,291,701 86
1865	134,433,738 44	84,928,280 60	209,464,215 25	1,200,573 03	996,553 31	25,441,556 00

* For the half-year from Jan

to June 30, 1883, by calendar years to 1843 and by fiscal years (ended June 30) from that time.

Year.	Dividends.	Net ordinary receipts.	Interest.	Premiums.	Receipts from loans and Treasury notes.	Gross receipts.	Unavailable.
1791		\$1,409,951 19			\$761,391 34	\$4,771,342 53	
1792	\$8,028 00	3,669,960 31			5,102,498 45	8,772,458 76	
1793	38,500 00	4,052,923 14			1,797,272 01	6,450,195 15	
1794	303,472 00	5,431,904 87			4,007,950 78	9,439,855 65	
1795	160,000 00	6,114,534 59	\$4,800 00		3,396,424 00	9,515,758 59	
1796	160,000 00	8,377,529 65	42,800 00		320,000 00	8,740,329 65	
1797	80,960 00	8,688,780 99			70,000 00	8,758,780 99	
1798	79,920 00	7,900,495 80	78,675 00		200,000 00	8,179,170 80	
1799	71,040 00	7,546,813 31			5,000,000 00	12,546,813 31	
1800	71,040 00	10,848,749 10			1,563,229 24	12,413,978 34	
1801	88,800 00	12,933,330 95	10,125 00			12,945,455 95	
1802	39,960 00	14,995,793 95				14,995,793 95	
1803		11,064,097 63				11,064,097 63	
1804		11,826,307 38				11,826,307 38	
1805		13,560,693 20				13,560,693 20	
1806		15,559,931 07				15,559,931 07	
1807		16,398,019 26				16,398,019 26	
1808		17,060,661 93				17,060,661 93	
1809		7,773,473 12				7,773,473 12	
1810		9,384,214 28			2,750,000 00	12,134,214 28	
1811		14,422,634 09				14,422,634 09	
1812		9,801,132 76			12,837,900 00	22,639,032 76	
1813		14,340,409 95	300 00		26,181,135 00	40,524,844 95	
1814		11,181,625 16	85 79		23,377,826 00	34,559,536 95	
1815		15,696,910 82	11,541 74	\$32,107 64	35,220,671 40	50,961,237 60	
1816		47,676,985 66	68,665 16	686 09	9,425,084 91	57,171,421 82	
1817	202,426 30	33,099,049 74	267,819 14		466,723 45	33,833,592 33	
1818	525,000 00	21,585,171 04	412 62		8,353 00	21,593,936 66	
1819	675,000 00	24,603,374 37			2,291 00	24,605,665 37	
1820	1,000,000 00	17,840,669 55		40,000 00	3,000,824 13	20,881,493 68	
1821	105,000 00	14,573,379 72			5,000,324 00	19,573,703 72	
1822	297,500 00	20,232,427 94				20,232,427 94	
1823	350,000 00	20,540,666 26				20,540,666 26	
1824	350,000 00	19,381,212 79			5,000,000 00	24,381,212 79	
1825	367,500 00	21,840,858 02			5,000,000 00	26,840,858 02	
1826	402,500 00	25,260,434 21				25,260,434 21	
1827	420,000 00	22,966,363 96				22,966,363 96	
1828	455,000 00	24,763,629 23				24,763,629 23	
1829	490,000 00	24,827,627 38				24,827,627 38	
1830	490,000 00	24,844,116 51				24,844,116 51	
1831	490,000 00	28,526,820 82				28,526,820 82	
1832	490,000 00	31,867,450 66				31,867,450 66	\$1,889 50
1833	474,985 00	33,948,426 25				33,948,426 25	
1834	234,240 50	21,791,935 55				21,971,935 55	
1835	506,480 82	35,439,087 10				35,439,087 10	
1836	292,674 67	50,823,796 08				50,826,796 08	
1837		24,954,153 04			2,992,989 15	27,947,142 19	63,288 35
1838		26,302,591 71			12,716,820 86	39,019,382 60	
1839		31,482,740 61			3,857,276 21	35,340,025 82	1,458,782 93
1840		19,480,115 33			5,589,547 51	25,069,662 84	37,469 25
1841		16,860,160 27			13,639,317 38	30,519,477 65	
1842		19,976,197 25			14,808,735 64	34,784,932 89	11,188 00
1843		8,231,001 26		71,700 83	12,479,708 36	20,782,410 45	
1844		29,320,707 78		666 60	1,877,181 35	31,198,555 73	
1845		29,970,105 80				29,970,105 80	28,251 90
1846		29,699,967 74				29,699,967 74	
1847		26,467,403 16		23,365 91	28,872,399 45	55,368,168 52	30,000 00
1848		35,698,699 21		37,080 00	21,256,700 00	56,992,479 21	
1849		30,721,077 50		487,065 48	28,568,750 00	59,796,892 98	
1850		43,592,888 88		10,550 00	4,045,950 00	47,649,388 88	
1851		52,555,039 33		4,264 92	203,400 00	52,762,704 25	
1852		49,846,815 60			46,300 00	49,893,115 60	
1853		61,587,031 68		22 50	16,350 00	61,603,404 18	103,301 37
1854		73,800,341 40			2,001 67	73,802,343 07	
1855		65,350,574 68			800 00	65,351,374 68	
1856		74,056,699 24			200 00	74,056,899 24	
1857		68,965,312 57			3,900 00	68,969,212 57	
1858		46,655,365 96			23,717,300 00	70,372,665 96	
1859		52,777,107 02		709,357 72	28,287,500 00	81,773,965 64	15,408 34
1860		56,054,580 83		10,008 00	20,776,800 00	76,841,407 83	
1861		41,476,299 49		33,630 93	41,861,709 74	83,371,640 13	
1862		51,919,261 09		68,400 00	529,692,460 50	581,680,121 59	11,110 81
1863		112,094,945 51		602,345 44	776,682,361 57	889,379,652 52	6,000 01
1864		243,412,971 20		21,174,101 01	1,128,873,945 36	1,393,461,017 57	9,210 40
1865		322,031,158 19		11,683,446 89	1,472,224,740 85	1,805,939,345 93	6,095 11

January 1 to June 30, 1843

TABLE G.—*STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED*

Year.	Balance in the Treasury at commencement of year.	Customs.	Internal revenue.	Direct tax.	Public lands.	Miscellaneous.
1866	\$33,933,657 89	\$179,046,651 58	\$309,226,813 42	\$1,974,754 12	\$665,031 03	\$29,036,314 23
1867	160,817,099 73	176,417,810 88	266,027,537 43	4,200,233 70	1,163,575 76	15,037,322 15
1868	198,076,537 09	164,464,599 56	191,087,589 41	1,788,145 85	1,348,715 41	17,745,403 59
1869	158,936,022 87	180,048,426 63	158,356,460 66	765,685 61	4,020,344 34	13,997,338 65
1870	183,781,985 76	194,538,374 44	184,890,756 49	229,102 88	3,350,481 76	12,942,118 30
1871	177,604,116 51	206,270,468 05	143,098,153 63	580,355 37	2,388,646 68	22,093,541 21
1872	138,019,122 15	216,370,286 77	130,642,177 72	.....	2,575,714 19	15,106,051 23
1873	134,666,001 85	188,089,522 70	113,729,314 14	315,254 51	2,882,312 38	17,161,270 05
1874	159,293,673 41	163,103,893 69	102,409,784 90	.....	1,852,428 93	32,575,043 32
1875	178,833,339 54	157,167,722 35	110,007,493 58	.....	1,413,640 17	15,431,915 31
1876	172,804,061 32	148,071,984 61	116,700,732 03	93,798 80	1,129,466 95	24,070,602 31
1877	149,909,377 21	130,956,493 07	118,630,407 83	.....	976,253 68	30,437,487 42
1878	214,887,645 88	130,170,680 20	110,581,624 74	.....	1,079,743 37	15,614,728 09
1879	286,591,453 88	137,250,047 70	113,561,610 58	.....	924,781 06	20,585,697 49
1880	386,832,588 65	186,522,064 60	124,009,373 92	30 85	1,016,506 60	21,978,525 01
1881	231,940,064 44	198,159,676 02	135,264,385 51	1,516 89	2,201,863 17	25,154,850 98
1882	280,607,668 37	220,410,730 25	146,497,595 45	100,141 69	4,753,140 37	31,703,642 52
1883	247,349,258 62	214,706,496 93	144,720,368 98	108,156 60	7,955,864 42	30,796,695 02
.....	.....	5,072,240,329 60	3,098,575,330 71	27,918,571 76	220,475,187 37	501,083,548 54

* Amounts heretofore credited to the Treasurer as

STATES from March 4, 1879, to June 30, 1883, &c.—Continued.

Year.	Dividends.	Net ordinary receipts.	Interest.	Premiums.	Receipts from loans and Treasury notes.	Gross receipts.	Unavail-able.
1866	\$519,949,564 38	.....	\$38,083,055 68	\$712,851,553 05	\$1,278,884,173 11	\$172,094 29
1867	462,846,679 92	.....	27,787,330 35	640,426,910 29	1,131,060,920 56	721,827 93
							2,675,918 19
1868	376,434,453 82	.....	29,203,629 50	625,111,433 20	1,030,749,516 52	.....
1869	357,188,256 09	.....	13,755,491 12	238,678,081 06	609,621,828 27	*2,070 73
1870	395,959,833 87	.....	15,295,643 76	285,474,496 00	696,729,973 63	.....
1871	374,431,104 94	.....	8,892,839 95	268,768,523 47	652,092,468 36	*3,396 18
1872	364,394,229 91	.....	9,412,637 65	305,047,054 00	679,153,921 56	*18,228 35
1873	322,177,673 78	.....	11,560,530 89	214,931,017 00	548,669,221 67	*3,047 80
1874	299,941,690 84	.....	5,037,665 22	439,272,535 46	744,251,291 52	12,691 40
1875	284,020,771 41	.....	3,979,279 69	387,971,556 00	675,971,607 10	.....
1876	290,066,584 70	.....	4,029,280 58	397,455,808 00	691,551,673 28	.....
1877	281,000,642 00	.....	405,776 58	348,871,749 00	630,278,167 58	.....
1878	257,446,776 40	.....	317,102 30	404,581,201 00	662,345,079 70	.....
1879	272,322,136 83	.....	1,505,047 63	792,807,643 00	1,066,634,827 46	.....
1880	333,526,500 98	.....	110 00	211,814,103 00	545,340,713 98	.....
1881	360,782,292 57	.....	.....	113,750,534 00	474,532,826 57	.....
1882	403,525,250 28	.....	.....	120,945,724 00	524,470,974 28	.....
1883	308,287,581 95	.....	.....	555,942,564 00	954,230,145 95	.....
	\$9,720,136 29	8,930,013,104 27	485,224 45	204,259,220 83	11,387,932,529 84	20,522,690,079 39	2,661,866 53

unavailable, and since recovered and charged to his account.

TABLE H.—*STATEMENT of EXPENDITURES of UNITED STATES from Mar. 4,*

Year.	War.	Navy.	Indians.	Pensions.	Miscellaneous.
1791.....	\$632, 804 03		\$27, 000 00	\$175, 813 88	\$1, 083, 971 61
1792.....	1, 100, 702 09		13, 648 85	109, 243 15	4, 672, 664 38
1793.....	1, 130, 249 08		27, 282 83	80, 087 81	511, 451 01
1794.....	2, 639, 097 59	\$61, 408 97	13, 042 46	81, 399 24	750, 350 74
1795.....	2, 480, 910 13	410, 562 03	23, 475 68	68, 673 22	1, 378, 920 66
1796.....	1, 260, 263 84	271, 784 04	113, 563 98	100, 843 71	801, 847 58
1797.....	1, 039, 402 46	382, 631 89	62, 396 58	92, 256 97	1, 259, 422 62
1798.....	2, 0, 9, 522 30	1, 381, 347 76	16, 470 09	104, 845 33	1, 139, 524 94
1799.....	2, 466, 946 98	2, 858, 081 84	20, 302 19	95, 444 03	1, 039, 391 68
1800.....	2, 560, 878 77	3, 448, 716 03	31 22	64, 130 73	1, 337, 613 22
1801.....	1, 672, 944 08	2, 111, 424 00	9, 000 00	73, 533 37	1, 114, 768 45
1802.....	1, 179, 148 25	915, 561 87	94, 000 00	85, 440 39	1, 462, 929 40
1803.....	822, 055 85	1, 215, 230 53	60, 000 00	62, 902 10	1, 842, 635 76
1804.....	875, 423 93	1, 189, 832 75	116, 500 00	80, 092 80	2, 191, 009 43
1805.....	712, 781 28	1, 597, 500 00	196, 500 00	81, 854 59	3, 768, 598 75
1806.....	1, 224, 355 38	1, 649, 641 44	234, 200 00	81, 875 53	2, 890, 137 01
1807.....	1, 288, 685 91	1, 722, 064 47	205, 425 00	70, 500 00	1, 697, 897 51
1808.....	2, 900, 831 40	1, 884, 067 80	213, 575 00	82, 576 04	1, 423, 285 61
1809.....	3, 345, 772 17	2, 427, 758 80	337, 503 84	87, 833 54	1, 215, 803 79
1810.....	2, 294, 323 94	1, 654, 214 20	177, 625 00	83, 744 16	1, 101, 144 98
1811.....	2, 032, 828 19	1, 965, 566 39	151, 875 00	75, 043 88	1, 367, 291 40
1812.....	11, 817, 798 24	3, 959, 365 15	177, 845 00	91, 402 10	1, 683, 088 21
1813.....	19, 652, 013 02	6, 446, 600 10	167, 358 28	86, 989 91	1, 729, 435 61
1814.....	20, 850, 806 86	7, 311, 290 60	167, 394 86	90, 164 36	2, 208, 029 70
1815.....	14, 794, 294 22	8, 660, 000 25	530, 750 00	69, 656 06	2, 898, 870 47
1816.....	16, 012, 096 80	3, 908, 278 30	274, 512 16	188, 804 15	2, 989, 741 17
1817.....	8, 004, 236 53	3, 314, 538 49	319, 463 71	297, 374 43	3, 518, 936 76
1818.....	5, 622, 715 10	2, 953, 695 00	505, 704 27	890, 719 90	3, 835, 839 51
1819.....	6, 506, 300 37	3, 847, 640 42	403, 181 39	2, 415, 939 85	3, 067, 211 41
1820.....	2, 630, 392 31	4, 387, 990 00	315, 750 01	3, 208, 376 31	2, 592, 021 54
1821.....	4, 461, 291 78	3, 319, 243 06	477, 005 44	242, 817 25	2, 223, 121 54
1822.....	3, 111, 981 48	2, 224, 458 98	575, 007 41	1, 948, 199 40	1, 967, 996 24
1823.....	3, 096, 924 43	2, 503, 765 83	380, 781 82	1, 780, 588 52	2, 022, 093 99
1824.....	3, 340, 939 85	2, 904, 581 56	429, 987 90	1, 499, 326 59	7, 155, 308 81
1825.....	3, 659, 911 18	3, 049, 083 86	724, 106 44	1, 308, 810 57	2, 748, 544 89
1826.....	3, 193, 194 37	4, 218, 902 45	743, 447 83	1, 556, 593 83	2, 600, 177 79
1827.....	3, 948, 977 88	4, 263, 877 45	750, 624 88	976, 138 86	2, 713, 476 58
1828.....	4, 145, 544 56	3, 918, 786 44	705, 084 24	850, 573 57	3, 676, 052 64
1829.....	4, 724, 291 07	3, 308, 745 47	576, 334 74	949, 594 47	3, 082, 234 65
1830.....	4, 767, 128 88	3, 239, 428 63	622, 262 47	1, 363, 297 31	3, 237, 416 04
1831.....	4, 841, 835 55	3, 856, 183 07	930, 738 04	1, 170, 665 14	3, 064, 616 10
1832.....	5, 446, 034 88	3, 956, 370 29	1, 352, 419 75	1, 184, 422 40	4, 577, 141 45
1833.....	6, 704, 019 10	3, 901, 356 75	1, 802, 980 93	4, 589, 152 40	5, 716, 245 93
1834.....	5, 696, 189 38	3, 956, 260 42	1, 003, 953 20	3, 364, 285 30	4, 404, 728 95
1835.....	5, 759, 156 89	3, 864, 939 06	1, 706, 444 48	1, 954, 711 32	4, 229, 698 53
1836.....	11, 747, 345 25	5, 807, 718 23	5, 037, 022 88	2, 882, 797 96	5, 393, 279 72
1837.....	13, 682, 730 80	6, 646, 914 53	4, 348, 036 19	2, 672, 162 45	9, 893, 370 27
1838.....	12, 897, 224 16	6, 131, 580 53	5, 504, 191 34	2, 156, 057 29	7, 160, 664 76
1839.....	8, 916, 995 80	6, 182, 294 25	2, 528, 917 28	3, 142, 750 51	5, 725, 990 89
1840.....	7, 095, 267 23	6, 113, 896 89	2, 331, 794 86	2, 603, 562 17	5, 995, 398 96
1841.....	8, 801, 610 24	6, 001, 076 97	2, 514, 837 12	2, 888, 434 51	6, 490, 881 45
1842.....	6, 610, 438 02	8, 397, 242 95	1, 190, 099 68	1, 378, 931 33	6, 775, 624 61
1843.....	2, 908, 671 95	3, 727, 711 53	1, 578, 371 00	1, 839, 041 12	3, 202, 713 00
1844.....	5, 218, 183 66	6, 498, 199 11	1, 250, 532 39	2, 032, 008 99	5, 645, 183 86
1845.....	5, 746, 291 28	6, 297, 177 89	1, 539, 351 35	2, 400, 788 11	5, 911, 760 58
1846.....	10, 413, 370 58	6, 455, 013 92	1, 027, 693 64	1, 811, 097 56	6, 711, 283 89
1847.....	35, 840, 030 33	7, 900, 035 76	1, 430, 411 30	1, 744, 883 63	6, 885, 608 35
1848.....	27, 688, 334 21	9, 408, 476 02	1, 252, 296 81	1, 227, 496 48	5, 650, 851 25
1849.....	14, 558, 473 26	9, 786, 705 92	1, 374, 161 55	1, 828, 867 64	12, 885, 331 24
1850.....	9, 687, 024 58	7, 904, 724 66	1, 063, 591 47	1, 866, 886 02	16, 043, 763 36
1851.....	12, 161, 965 11	8, 880, 581 38	2, 829, 801 77	2, 293, 377 22	17, 888, 992 18
1852.....	8, 521, 506 19	8, 918, 842 10	3, 043, 576 04	2, 401, 858 78	17, 504, 171 45
1853.....	9, 910, 498 49	11, 067, 789 53	3, 880, 494 12	1, 756, 306 20	17, 463, 068 01
1854.....	11, 722, 282 87	10, 790, 096 32	1, 550, 339 55	1, 232, 665 00	26, 672, 144 68
1855.....	14, 648, 074 07	13, 327, 095 11	2, 772, 990 78	1, 477, 612 33	24, 090, 425 43
1856.....	16, 963, 160 51	14, 074, 834 64	2, 644, 263 97	1, 296, 229 65	31, 794, 038 87
1857.....	19, 159, 150 87	12, 651, 694 61	4, 354, 418 87	1, 810, 380 58	28, 565, 498 72
1858.....	25, 679, 121 63	14, 053, 264 64	4, 978, 266 18	1, 219, 768 30	26, 400, 016 42
1859.....	23, 154, 720 53	14, 690, 927 90	3, 490, 534 53	1, 222, 222 71	23, 797, 544 40
1860.....	16, 472, 202 72	11, 514, 649 83	2, 991, 121 54	1, 100, 802 32	27, 977, 977 30
1861.....	23, 001, 530 67	12, 387, 156 52	2, 865, 481 17	1, 034, 599 73	23, 327, 287 69
1862.....	389, 173, 562 29	42, 640, 358 09	2, 327, 948 37	852, 170 47	21, 385, 862 59
1863.....	603, 314, 411 82	63, 261, 235 31	3, 152, 032 70	1, 078, 513 36	23, 198, 382 37
1864.....	690, 391, 048 66	85, 704, 963 74	2, 629, 975 97	4, 985, 473 90	27, 572, 216 87

* For the half year from Jan

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

17

1789, to June 30, 1883, by cal. years to 1843 and by fiscal years (ended June 30) from that time.

Year.	Net ordinary expenditures.	Premiums.	Interest.	Public debt.	Gross expenditures.	Balance in Treasury at the end of the year.
1791	\$1,919,589 52	-----	\$1,177,863 03	\$699,984 23	\$3,797,436 78	\$973,905 75
1792	5,896,258 47	-----	2,373,611 28	693,050 25	8,962,920 00	763,444 51
1793	1,749,070 73	-----	2,097,859 17	2,633,048 07	6,479,977 97	753,661 69
1794	3,545,299 00	-----	2,752,523 04	2,743,771 13	9,041,593 17	1,151,924 17
1795	4,362,541 72	-----	2,947,059 06	2,841,639 37	10,151,240 15	516,442 61
1796	2,551,363 15	-----	3,239,347 68	2,577,126 01	8,367,776 84	888,995 42
1797	2,836,110 52	-----	3,172,516 73	2,617,250 12	8,625,877 37	1,021,899 04
1798	4,651,710 42	-----	2,955,875 90	976,032 09	8,583,618 41	611,851 77
1799	6,480,166 72	-----	2,815,651 41	1,706,578 84	11,002,396 97	2,167,467 43
1800	7,411,369 97	-----	3,402,601 04	1,138,563 11	11,952,534 12	2,623,311 99
1801	4,981,669 90	-----	4,411,830 06	2,879,876 98	12,273,376 94	3,295,391 00
1802	3,737,079 91	-----	4,239,172 16	5,294,235 24	13,270,487 31	5,020,697 64
1803	4,002,824 24	-----	3,949,462 36	3,306,697 07	11,258,983 67	4,825,811 00
1804	4,452,858 91	-----	4,185,048 74	3,977,206 07	12,615,113 72	4,037,005 26
1805	6,337,234 62	-----	2,657,114 22	4,583,960 63	13,598,309 47	3,999,388 99
1806	6,080,209 36	-----	3,368,968 26	5,572,018 64	15,021,196 26	4,538,123 80
1807	4,984,572 89	-----	3,369,578 48	2,938,141 62	11,292,292 99	9,643,850 07
1808	6,504,338 85	-----	2,557,074 23	7,701,288 96	16,762,702 04	9,941,809 96
1809	7,414,672 14	-----	2,866,074 90	3,586,479 26	13,867,226 30	3,848,056 78
1810	5,311,082 28	-----	3,163,671 09	4,835,241 12	13,309,994 49	2,672,276 57
1811	5,592,604 86	-----	2,585,435 57	5,414,564 43	13,592,604 86	3,502,305 80
1812	17,829,498 70	-----	2,451,272 57	1,998,349 88	22,279,121 15	3,862,217 41
1813	28,082,396 92	-----	3,599,455 22	7,508,668 22	39,190,520 36	5,196,542 00
1814	30,127,686 38	-----	4,593,239 04	3,307,304 90	38,028,230 32	1,727,848 63
1815	26,953,571 00	-----	5,990,090 24	6,638,832 11	39,582,493 35	13,106,592 88
1816	23,373,432 58	-----	7,822,923 34	17,048,139 59	48,244,495 51	22,033,519 19
1817	15,454,609 92	-----	4,536,282 55	20,886,753 57	40,877,646 04	14,939,465 48
1818	18,808,673 78	-----	6,209,954 03	15,086,247 59	35,104,875 40	1,478,526 74
1819	16,300,273 44	-----	5,211,730 56	2,492,195 73	24,004,199 73	2,079,992 38
1820	13,134,530 57	-----	5,151,004 32	3,477,489 96	21,763,024 85	1,198,401 21
1821	10,723,479 07	-----	5,126,073 79	3,241,019 83	19,090,572 69	1,681,592 24
1822	9,827,643 51	-----	5,172,788 79	2,676,160 33	17,676,592 63	2,267,427 55
1823	9,784,154 59	-----	4,922,475 40	607,541 01	15,314,171 00	9,463,922 81
1824	15,330,144 71	-----	4,943,557 93	11,624,835 83	31,898,538 47	1,946,597 13
1825	11,490,459 94	-----	4,366,757 40	7,728,587 38	23,585,804 72	5,201,650 43
1826	13,062,316 27	-----	3,975,542 95	7,065,539 24	24,103,398 46	6,358,686 18
1827	12,653,095 65	-----	3,486,071 51	6,517,596 88	22,656,704 04	6,668,286 10
1828	13,296,041 45	-----	3,098,800 60	9,064,637 47	35,459,479 52	5,972,435 81
1829	12,641,210 40	-----	2,542,843 23	9,860,304 77	25,044,358 40	5,755,704 79
1830	13,229,533 33	-----	1,912,574 93	9,443,173 29	24,585,281 55	6,014,539 75
1831	13,864,067 90	-----	1,373,748 74	14,800,629 48	30,038,446 12	4,502,914 45
1832	16,516,388 77	-----	772,561 50	17,067,747 79	34,356,698 06	2,011,777 55
1833	22,713,755 11	-----	303,796 87	1,239,746 51	24,257,298 49	11,702,905 31
1834	18,425,417 25	-----	202,152 98	5,974,412 21	24,601,982 44	8,892,858 42
1835	17,514,950 28	-----	57,863 08	328 20	17,573,141 56	26,749,803 96
1836	30,868,164 04	-----	-----	-----	30,868,164 04	46,708,436 00
1837	37,243,214 24	-----	-----	21,822 91	37,265,037 15	37,327,252 69
1838	33,849,718 08	-----	14,996 48	5,590,723 79	39,455,438 35	36,891,196 94
1839	26,496,948 73	-----	399,833 89	10,718,153 53	37,614,936 15	33,157,505 68
1840	24,139,920 11	-----	174,598 08	3,912,015 62	28,226,533 81	29,963,163 46
1841	26,196,840 29	-----	284,977 55	5,315,712 19	31,797,530 03	28,685,111 08
1842	24,361,336 59	-----	773,549 85	7,801,990 09	32,936,876 53	30,521,979 44
1843	11,256,508 60	-----	523,583 91	338,012 64	12,118,105 15	39,186,284 74
1844	20,650,108 01	-----	1,833,452 13	11,158,450 71	33,642,010 85	36,742,829 62
1845	21,895,369 61	\$18,231 43	1,040,458 18	7,536,349 49	30,490,408 71	36,194,274 81
1846	26,418,459 59	-----	842,723 27	371,100 04	27,632,282 90	38,261,959 65
1847	53,801,569 37	-----	1,119,214 72	5,600,667 65	60,520,851 74	33,079,276 43
1848	45,227,454 77	-----	2,390,765 88	13,036,922 54	60,655,143 19	29,416,612 45
1849	39,933,542 61	82,865 81	3,565,535 78	12,064,478 54	56,386,422 74	32,827,082 69
1850	37,165,990 09	-----	3,782,393 03	3,656,335 14	44,604,718 26	35,871,753 31
1851	44,054,717 66	69,713 19	3,696,760 75	654,912 71	48,476,104 31	40,158,353 25
1852	40,389,954 56	170,063 42	4,000,297 80	2,152,293 05	46,712,608 83	43,338,860 02
1853	44,078,156 35	420,498 64	3,665,832 74	6,412,574 01	54,577,061 74	50,261,901 09
1854	51,967,528 42	2,877,818 69	3,070,926 69	17,556,896 95	75,473,170 75	48,501,073 41
1855	56,316,197 72	872,047 39	2,314,464 99	6,662,065 86	66,164,775 96	47,777,672 18
1856	66,772,527 64	385,372 90	1,953,822 37	3,614,618 66	72,726,341 57	49,108,229 80
1857	66,041,143 70	363,572 39	1,593,265 23	3,276,606 05	71,274,587 37	46,802,855 00
1858	72,330,437 17	574,443 08	1,652,055 67	7,505,250 82	82,062,186 74	35,113,394 22
1859	67,355,950 07	-----	2,637,640 70	14,685,043 15	83,678,642 92	33,193,248 60
1860	60,056,754 71	-----	3,144,120 94	13,854,250 00	77,055,125 65	32,979,530 78
1861	62,616,055 78	-----	4,034,157 30	18,737,100 00	85,387,813 08	30,963,857 83
1862	456,379,896 81	-----	13,190,344 84	96,097,322 09	563,667,563 74	46,965,304 87
1863	694,004,575 56	-----	24,729,700 62	181,081,635 07	899,815,911 25	36,523,046 13
1864	811,283,676 14	-----	53,685,421 69	430,572,014 03	1,295,541,114 86	134,433,738 44

uary 1 to June 30, 1843.

TABLE H.—*STATEMENT of the EXPENDITURES of the UNITED*

Year.	War.	Navy.	Indians.	Pensions.	Miscellaneous.
1865.....	\$1,030,690,400 06	\$122,617,434 07	\$5,059,360 71	\$16,347,621 34	\$42,989,383 10
1866.....	283,154,676 06	43,285,662 00	3,295,729 32	15,605,549 88	40,613,114 17
	3,568,638,312 28	717,551,816 39	103,369,211 42	119,607,656 01	643,604,554 33
	*3,621,780 07	*77,992 17	*53,286 61	*9,737 87	*718,769 52
	3,572,260,092 35	717,629,808 56	103,422,498 03	119,617,393 88	644,323,323 85
1867.....	95,224,415 63	31,034,011 04	4,642,531 77	20,936,551 71	51,110,223 72
1868.....	123,246,648 62	25,775,502 72	4,100,682 32	23,782,386 78	53,009,867 67
1869.....	78,501,990 61	20,000,757 97	7,042,923 06	28,476,621 78	56,474,061 53
1870.....	57,655,675 40	21,780,229 87	3,407,938 15	28,340,202 17	53,237,461 56
1871.....	35,799,991 82	19,431,027 21	7,426,997 44	34,443,894 88	60,481,916 23
1872.....	35,372,157 20	21,249,809 99	7,061,728 82	28,533,402 76	60,984,757 42
1873.....	46,323,138 31	23,526,256 79	7,951,704 88	29,359,426 86	73,328,110 06
1874.....	42,313,927 22	30,932,587 42	6,692,462 09	29,038,414 66	85,141,593 61
1875.....	41,120,645 98	21,497,026 27	8,384,656 82	29,456,216 22	71,070,702 98
1876.....	38,070,888 64	18,963,309 82	5,966,558 17	28,257,395 69	73,599,661 04
1877.....	37,082,735 90	14,959,935 36	5,277,007 22	27,963,752 27	58,926,532 53
1878.....	32,154,147 85	17,365,301 37	4,629,280 28	27,137,019 08	53,177,703 57
1879.....	40,425,660 73	15,125,126 84	5,206,109 08	35,121,482 39	65,741,555 49
1880.....	38,116,916 22	13,536,984 74	5,945,457 09	56,777,174 44	54,713,529 76
1881.....	40,460,460 55	15,686,671 66	6,514,161 09	50,059,279 62	64,416,324 71
1882.....	43,570,494 19	15,032,046 26	9,736,747 40	61,345,193 95	57,219,750 98
1883.....	48,911,382 93	15,283,437 17	7,362,590 34	66,012,573 64	68,678,022 21
	4,446,617,370 15	1,058,810,431 06	210,772,034 05	724,658,382 78	1,705,635,098 92

* Outstanding

NOTE.—This statement is made from warrants *paid* by the Treasurer up to June 30, 1866. The out-
 ance in the Treasury June 30, 1883, as shown by this statement, includes the amount deposited with

STATES from March 4, 1789, to June 30, 1883, &c.—Continued.

Year.	Net ordinary ex- penditures.	Premiums.	Interest.	Public debt.	Gross expendi- tures.	Balance in Treasury at the end of the year.
1865	\$1,217,704, 199 23	\$1,717,900 11	\$77,395,090 30	\$609,616, 141 68	\$1,906,433, 331 37	\$33,933, 657 89
1866	385,954, 731 43	58,476 51	133,067, 624 91	620,263, 249 10	1,139,344, 081 95	165,301, 654 76
	5,152,771, 550 43	7,611,003 56	502,689, 519 27	2,374,677, 103 12	8,037,749, 176 38	.....
	*4,481,566 24	.....	*2,888 48	*100 31	*4,484,555 03	*4,484,555 03
	5,157,253, 116 67	7,611,003 56	502,692, 407 75	2,374,677, 203 43	8,042,233, 731 41	160,817, 099 73
1867	202,947, 733 87	10,813, 349 38	143,781, 591 91	735,536, 980 11	1,093,079, 655 27	198,076, 537 09
1868	229,915, 088 11	7,001, 151 04	140,424, 045 71	692,549, 685 88	1,069,889, 970 74	158,936, 082 87
1869	190,496, 354 95	1,674, 680 05	130,694, 242 80	261,912, 718 31	584,777, 996 11	183,781, 985 76
1870	164,421, 507 15	15,996, 555 60	129,235, 498 00	393,254, 282 13	702,907, 842 88	177,604, 116 51
1871	157,583, 827 58	9,016, 794 74	125,576, 565 93	399,503, 670 65	691,680, 858 90	138,019, 122 15
1872	153,201, 856 19	6,958, 266 76	117,357, 839 72	405,007, 307 54	682,525, 270 21	134,666, 001 85
1873	180,488, 636 90	5,105, 919 99	104,750, 688 44	233,699, 352 58	524,044, 597 91	159,293, 673 41
1874	194,118, 985 00	1,395, 073 55	107,119, 815 21	422,065, 060 23	724,698, 933 99	178,833, 339 54
1875	171,529, 848 27	.....	103,093, 544 57	407,377, 492 48	682,000, 885 32	172,804, 061 32
1876	164,857, 813 36	.....	100,243, 271 23	449,345, 272 80	714,446, 357 39	149,909, 377 21
1877	144,209, 963 28	.....	97,124, 511 58	323,965, 424 05	565,290, 898 91	214,887, 645 88
1878	134,463, 452 15	.....	102,500, 874 65	353,676, 944 90	590,641, 271 70	286,591, 453 88
1879	161,619, 334 53	.....	105,327, 949 00	699,445, 809 16	966,393, 692 69	386,832, 588 65
1880	169,090, 062 25	2,795, 320 42	95,757, 575 11	432,590, 280 41	700,233, 238 19	231,940, 064 44
1881	177,142, 897 63	1,061, 248 78	82,508, 741 18	165,152, 335 05	425,865, 222 64	280,607, 668 37
1882	186,904, 232 78	.....	71,077, 206 79	271,646, 299 55	529,627, 739 12	247,349, 258 62
1883	206,248, 006 29	.....	59,160, 131 25	590,083, 829 96	855,491, 967 50	346,087, 437 07
	8,146,493, 316 96	69,429, 363 87	2,318,426, 500 83	9,611,489, 949 22	20,145,839, 130 88	.....

warrants.

standing warrants are then added, and the statement is by warrants issued from that date. The bal-
the States, \$28,101,644.91.

TABLE I.—*STATEMENT showing the CONDITION of the SINKING-FUND from its institution in May, 1869, to and including June 30, 1883.*

Dr.	THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY IN ACCOUNT WITH SINKING-FUND.		Cr.	
	July 1, 1868	June 30, 1869	July 1, 1869	June 30, 1870
To $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1 per cent. on the principal of the public debt, being for the three months from April 1 to June 30, 1868.....		\$6,529,219 63	By amount of principal purchased, \$8,691,000, including \$1,000 donation, estimated in gold.....	\$7,261,437 30
To interest on \$8,691,000, being amount of principal of public debt purchased during fiscal year 1869 on this account.....		196,530 00	By accrued interest on the amount of purchases in 1869.....	136,392 56
Balance to new account.....		672,020 23		
		7,397,829 86		7,397,829 86
To 1 per cent. on the principal of the public debt on June 30, 1869, \$2,588,452,213.94.....		25,884,522 14	By balance from last year.....	672,020 23
To interest on \$8,691,000, amount of redemption in 1869.....		521,460 00	By amount of principal purchased, \$28,151,900, estimated in gold.....	25,893,143 57
To interest on \$28,151,900, amount of principal of public debt purchased during fiscal year 1870 on this account.....		1,254,897 00	By accrued interest on account of purchases in 1870.....	351,003 54
		27,660,879 14	By balance to new account.....	744,711 80
				27,660,879 14
To balance from last year.....		744,711 80	By amount of principal purchased, \$29,936,250, estimated in gold.....	28,694,017 73
To 1 per cent. on the principal of the public debt on June 30, 1870, \$2,480,672,427.81.....		24,806,724 28	By accrued interest on account of purchases in 1871.....	367,782 53
To interest on redemption of 1869, \$8,691,000.....		521,460 00	By balance to new account.....	237,474 32
To interest on redemption of 1870, \$28,151,900.....		1,689,114 00		
To interest on \$29,936,250, amount of principal of public debt purchased during fiscal year 1871 on this account.....		1,557,264 50		
		29,319,274 58		29,319,274 58
To balance from last year.....		237,474 32	By amount of principal purchased, \$32,618,450, estimated in gold.....	32,248,645 22
To 1 per cent. on the principal of the public debt on June 30, 1871, \$2,353,211,332.32.....		23,532,113 32	By accrued interest on account of purchases in 1872.....	430,908 38
To interest on redemption of 1869, \$8,691,000.....		521,460 00		
To interest on redemption of 1870, \$28,151,900.....		1,689,114 00		
To interest on redemption of 1871, \$29,936,250.....		1,796,175 00		
To interest on redemption of \$32,618,450, amount of principal of public debt purchased during fiscal year 1872 on this account.....		2,059,325 50		
To balance to new account.....		2,823,891 46		
		32,679,553 60		32,679,553 60

July 1, 1872	To 1 per cent. on the principal of the public debt on June 30, 1872, \$2,253,251,328.78.....	22,532,513 29	July 1, 1872	By balance from last year.....	2,823,891 46
June 30, 1873	To interest on redemption of 1869, \$8,691,000.....	521,460 00	June 30, 1873	By amount of principal purchased, \$28,678,000, estimated in gold.....	28,457,562 83
	To interest on redemption of 1870, \$28,151,900.....	1,689,114 00		By accrued interest on account of purchases in 1873.....	392,385 45
	To interest on redemption of 1871, \$29,936,250.....	1,796,175 00			
	To interest on redemption of 1872, \$32,618,450.....	1,957,107 00			
	To interest on redemption of \$28,678,000, amount of principal of public debt purchased during fiscal year 1873 on this account.....	1,725,881 50			
	To balance to new account.....	1,451,588 95			
		<u>31,673,839 74</u>			<u>31,673,839 74</u>
July 1, 1873	To 1 per cent. on the principal of the public debt on June 30, 1873, \$2,224,482,993.20.....	22,344,829 93	July 1, 1873	By balance from last year.....	1,451,588 95
June 30, 1874	To interest on redemption of 1869, \$8,691,000.....	521,460 00	June 30, 1874	By amount of principal purchased, \$12,936,450, estimated in gold.....	12,872,850 74
	To interest on redemption of 1870, \$28,151,900.....	1,689,114 00		By accrued interest on account of purchases in 1874.....	222,536 28
	To interest on redemption of 1871, \$29,936,250.....	1,796,175 00		By balance.....	16,305,421 96
	To interest on redemption of 1872, \$32,618,450.....	1,957,107 00			
	To interest on redemption of 1873, \$28,678,000.....	1,720,680 00			
	To interest on redemption of \$12,936,450, amount of principal of public debt purchased during fiscal year 1874 on this account.....	823,082 00			
		<u>30,852,447 93</u>			<u>30,852,447 93</u>
July 1, 1874	To 1 per cent. on the principal of the public debt on June 30, 1874, \$2,251,630,468.43.....	22,516,904 68	June 30, 1875	By amount of principal redeemed, estimated in gold.....	25,170,400 00
June 30, 1875	To interest on redemption of 1869, \$8,691,000.....	521,460 00	June 30, 1875	By accrued interest on account of redemption in 1875.....	353,061 56
	To interest on redemption of 1870, \$28,151,900.....	1,689,114 00		By balance.....	5,996,039 62
	To interest on redemption of 1871, \$29,936,250.....	1,796,175 00			
	To interest on redemption of 1872, \$32,618,450.....	1,957,107 00			
	To interest on redemption of 1873, \$28,678,000.....	1,720,680 00			
	To interest on redemption of 1874, \$12,936,450.....	776,087 00			
	To interest on redemption of \$25,170,400, amount of principal of public debt "paid" during fiscal year 1875 on this account.....	541,793 50			
		<u>31,519,501 18</u>			<u>31,519,501 18</u>

TABLE I.—STATEMENT showing the CONDITION of the SINKING-FUND, &c.—Continued.
THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY IN ACCOUNT WITH SINKING-FUND.

THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY IN ACCOUNT WITH SINKING-FUND.				Cr.
Dr.				
July 1, 1875	To 1 per cent. on the principal of the public debt on June 30, 1875, \$2,232,284,531.95.....	\$22,322,845 32	By amount of principal redeemed, estimated in gold.....	\$18,444,050 00
June 30, 1876	To interest on redemption of 1869, \$8,631,000.....	521,400 00	By accrued interest on account of redemption in 1876.....	257,517 91
	To interest on redemption of 1870, \$28,151,900.....	1,689,114 00	By amount of fractional currency redeemed.....	7,062,142 90
	To interest on redemption of 1871, \$29,936,250.....	1,796,175 00	By amount of legal-tenders redeemed.....	5,999,206 00
	To interest on redemption of 1872, \$32,618,450.....	1,957,107 00	By amount of certificates of indebtedness redeemed.....	678,000 00
	To interest on redemption of 1873, \$38,678,000.....	1,730,680 00	By balance.....	1,143,769 82
	To interest on redemption of 1874, \$12,936,450.....	1,776,087 00		
	To interest on redemption of 1875, \$25,170,400.....	1,510,224 00		
	To interest on redemption of \$32,183,488.09, amount of principal of public debt "paid" during fiscal year 1876 on this account.....	1,291,083 50		
		33,584,775 82		33,584,775 82
July 1, 1876	To 1 per cent. on the principal of the public debt on June 30, 1876, \$2,180,395,067.15.....	21,803,950 67	By amount of principal redeemed, estimated in gold.....	447,500 00
June 30, 1877	To interest on redemption of 1869, \$8,631,000.....	521,400 00	By accrued interest on account of redemption in 1877.....	5,776 82
	To interest on redemption of 1870, \$28,151,900.....	1,689,114 00	By amount of fractional currency redeemed.....	14,043,458 05
	To interest on redemption of 1871, \$29,936,250.....	1,796,175 00	By amount of legal-tenders redeemed.....	10,007,952 00
	To interest on redemption of 1872, \$32,618,450.....	1,957,107 00	By balance.....	9,225,146 83
	To interest on redemption of 1873, \$38,678,000.....	1,720,680 00		
	To interest on redemption of 1874, \$12,936,450.....	1,776,087 00		
	To interest on redemption of 1875, \$25,170,400.....	1,510,224 00		
	To interest on redemption of 1876, \$32,183,488.09.....	1,931,009 28		
	To interest on redemption of \$24,498,919.05, amount of principal of public debt "paid" during fiscal year 1877 on this account.....	24,026 25		
		33,720,833 20		33,720,833 20
July 1, 1877	To 1 per cent. on the principal of the public debt on June 30, 1877, \$2,205,301,392.10.....	22,053,013 92	By amount of principal redeemed, estimated in gold.....	73,950 00
June 30, 1878	To interest on redemption of 1869, \$8,631,000.....	521,400 00	By accrued interest on account of redemption in 1878.....	809 92
	To interest on redemption of 1870, \$28,151,900.....	1,689,114 00	By amount of fractional currency redeemed.....	3,855,368 57
	To interest on redemption of 1871, \$29,936,250.....	1,796,175 00	By amount of legal-tenders redeemed.....	13,083,316 00
	To interest on redemption of 1872, \$32,618,450.....	1,957,107 00	By balance.....	18,415,557 31
	To interest on redemption of 1873, \$38,678,000.....	1,720,680 00		
	To interest on redemption of 1874, \$12,936,450.....	1,776,087 00		
	To interest on redemption of 1875, \$25,170,400.....	1,510,224 00		
	To interest on redemption of 1876, \$32,183,488.09.....	1,931,009 28		
	To interest on redemption of 1877, \$24,498,919.05.....	1,469,934 60		
	To interest on redemption of \$17,012,634.57, amount of principal of public debt "paid" during fiscal year 1878 on this account.....	4,197 00		
		35,429,001 80		35,429,001 80

July 1, 1878	To 1 per cent. on the principal of the public debt on June 30, 1878, \$2,256,205,822.53.....	22,562,058 93	June 30, 1879	By amount of principal redeemed, estimated in gold....	18,500 00
June 30, 1879	To interest on redemption of 1869, \$8,691,000.....	22,521,460 00		By accrued interest on account of redemption in 1879....	308 77
	To interest on redemption of 1870, \$28,151,900.....	1,689,114 00		By amount of fractional currency redeemed.....	705,162 99
	To interest on redemption of 1871, \$29,936,250.....	1,937,107 00		By balance.....	36,231,632 87
	To interest on redemption of 1872, \$32,618,450.....	1,720,680 00			
	To interest on redemption of 1873, \$28,678,000.....	1,776,087 00			
	To interest on redemption of 1874, \$12,936,450.....	1,510,224 00			
	To interest on redemption of 1875, \$23,170,400.....	1,931,009 28			
	To interest on redemption of 1876, \$32,183,488.09.....	1,469,934 60			
	To interest on redemption of 1877, \$24,498,910.05.....	1,020,758 07			
	To interest on redemption of 1878, \$17,012,634.57.....	996 75			
	To interest on redemption of 1879, \$723,662.99, amount of principal of public debt "paid" during fiscal year 1879 on this account.....	36,955,604 63	June 30, 1880	By amount of principal redeemed in 1880.....	30,955,604 63
July 1, 1879	To 1 per cent. on the principal of the public debt on June 30, 1879, \$2,349,567,482.04.....	22,495,674 82		By accrued interest on account of redemption in 1880....	73,652,900 00
June 30, 1880	To balance from fiscal year 1874.....	\$16,305,421 96		By amount of premium paid.....	935,951 60
	To balance from fiscal year 1875.....	5,996,039 62		By amount of fractional currency redeemed.....	2,795,320 42
	To balance from fiscal year 1876.....	1,143,769 82		By balance.....	231,717 41
	To balance from fiscal year 1877.....	9,225,146 63			49,817,128 78
	To balance from fiscal year 1878.....	18,415,557 31			
	To balance from fiscal year 1879.....	36,231,632 87			
	To interest on redemption of 1869, \$8,691,000.....	87,317,568 21			
	To interest on redemption of 1870, \$28,151,900.....	1,521,460 00			
	To interest on redemption of 1871, \$29,936,250.....	1,689,114 00			
	To interest on redemption of 1872, \$32,618,450.....	1,796,175 00			
	To interest on redemption of 1873, \$28,678,000.....	1,937,107 00			
	To interest on redemption of 1874, \$12,936,450.....	1,720,680 00			
	To interest on redemption of 1875, \$23,170,400.....	1,776,087 00			
	To interest on redemption of 1876, \$32,183,488.09.....	1,510,224 00			
	To interest on redemption of 1877, \$24,498,910.05.....	1,931,009 28			
	To interest on redemption of 1878, \$17,012,634.57.....	1,469,934 60			
	To interest on redemption of 1879, \$723,662.99, amount of principal of public debt "paid" during fiscal year 1880 on this account.....	1,020,758 07			
		43,419 78			
		2,203,806 45			
		127,453,018 21			127,453,018 21

TABLE I.—STATEMENT showing the CONDITION of the SINKING-FUND, &c.—Continued.

Dr.	THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY IN ACCOUNT WITH THE SINKING-FUND.		Cr.	
July 1, 1880	To balance from last year.....	\$49,817,128 78	By amount of principal redeemed in 1881.....	\$74,371,200 00
	To 1 per cent. on the principal of the public debt on June 30, 1880, \$2,120,415,370.63.....	21,204,153 71	By accrued interest on account of redemption in 1881.....	707,421 61
	To interest on redemption of 1869, \$8,691,000.....	521,460 00	By amount of premium paid.....	1,061,248 78
June 30, 1881	To interest on redemption of 1870, \$28,151,620.....	1,689,114 00	By amount of fractional currency redeemed.....	109,001 05
	To interest on redemption of 1871, \$29,936,250.....	1,796,175 00	By balance.....	16,305,873 47
	To interest on redemption of 1872, \$62,618,450.....	1,957,107 00		
	To interest on redemption of 1873, \$28,678,000.....	1,720,680 00		
	To interest on redemption of 1874, \$12,936,450.....	1,776,087 00		
	To interest on redemption of 1875, \$25,170,400.....	1,510,224 00		
	To interest on redemption of 1876, \$32,183,488.09.....	1,931,009 28		
	To interest on redemption of 1877, \$24,498,910.05.....	1,469,934 60		
	To interest on redemption of 1878, \$17,012,634.57.....	1,020,758 07		
	To interest on redemption of 1879, \$723,662.99.....	43,419 78		
	To interest on redemption of 1880, \$73,904,617.41.....	4,161,762 04		
	To interest on redemption of \$74,486,351.66, amount of principal of public debt "paid" during fiscal year 1881 on this account.....	2,935,731 65		
		<u>92,554,744 91</u>		<u>92,554,744 91</u>
July 1, 1881	To balance from last year.....	16,305,873 47	By amount of principal redeemed in 1882.....	60,079,150 00
	To 1 per cent. on the principal of the public debt on June 30, 1881, \$2,069,013,569.58.....	20,690,135 70	By accrued interest on account of redemption in 1882.....	612,039 53
June 30, 1882	To interest on redemptions prior to 1882.....	22,638,857 83	By amount of fractional currency redeemed.....	58,705 55
	To interest on redemption of \$60,137,855.55, amount of principal of public debt "paid" during fiscal year 1882 on this account.....	1,576,337 23	By balance.....	461,309 15
		<u>61,211,204 23</u>		<u>61,211,204 23</u>
July 1, 1882	To balance from last year.....	461,309 15	By amount of principal redeemed in 1883.....	44,850,700 00
	To 1 per cent. on the principal of the public debt on June 30, 1882, \$1,918,312,934.03.....	19,183,129 94	By accrued interest on account of redemption in 1883.....	329,761 48
June 30, 1883	To interest on redemptions prior to 1883.....	24,778,517 16	By amount of fractional currency redeemed.....	46,556 96
	To interest on redemption of \$44,897,256.96, amount of principal of public debt "paid" during fiscal year 1883 on this account.....	1,427,378 90	By balance.....	623,319 71
		<u>45,850,335 15</u>		<u>45,850,335 15</u>

TABLE K.—STATEMENT showing the ANNUAL APPROPRIATIONS made by CONGRESS for EACH FISCAL YEAR from 1876 to 1884, inclusive, together with the COIN VALUE of such APPROPRIATIONS computed upon the average price of gold for each year in question.

	2d session 43d Congress. Fiscal year 1876.	1st session 44th Congress. Fiscal year 1877.	2d session 44th Congress. Fiscal year 1878.	1st and 2d sessions 45th Congress. Fiscal year 1879.	3d session 45th Congress, and 1st session 46th Congress. Fiscal year 1880.	2d session 46th Congress. Fiscal year 1881.	3d session 46th Congress. Fiscal year 1882.	1st session 47th Congress. Fiscal year 1883.	2d session 47th Congress. Fiscal year 1884.
To supply deficiencies for the services of the various branches of the government.....	\$2,387,372 38	\$834,665 66	\$2,547,186 31	\$15,213,259 21	\$4,633,824 55	\$6,118,085 10	\$5,110,862 39	\$9,853,869 30	\$2,832,680 04
For legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of the government.....	16,038,699 49	16,057,020 82	15,756,774 05	15,868,694 50	16,136,230 31	16,532,008 93	17,797,397 61	20,322,907 65	20,763,842 55
For sundry civil expenses of the government.....	29,459,853 02	15,895,065 58	17,079,256 19	24,968,589 68	19,724,868 56	22,503,508 23	22,011,222 87	25,425,479 45	23,713,404 22
For support of the Army.....	27,932,830 00	27,621,897 90	27,979,679 30	51,279,679 30	26,797,300 00	26,423,800 00	26,087,800 00	27,032,099 18	24,681,250 00
For the naval service.....	17,001,306 80	12,741,790 90	13,539,332 90	14,133,431 70	14,028,408 93	14,405,797 70	14,566,037 53	14,903,338 98	13,954,247 23
For the Indian service.....	5,423,627 00	4,567,017 63	4,827,665 69	4,734,875 72	4,713,478 58	4,657,262 72	4,587,866 80	5,219,603 91	5,338,655 91
For rivers and harbors.....	6,618,517 50	5,015,000 00	.....	8,322,700 00	9,577,494 61	8,976,500 00	11,451,300 00	18,988,875 00	.....
For forts and fortifications.....	850,000 00	315,000 00	275,000 00	275,000 00	275,000 00	550,000 00	575,000 00	375,000 00	670,009 00
For support of Military Academy.....	364,740 00	290,065 00	286,604 00	292,805 00	319,547 33	316,234 28	322,435 37	335,537 04	318,637 50
For service of Post-Office Department.....	8,376,205 00	5,927,498 00	2,439,725 00	4,222,774 72	5,872,376 10	3,883,420 00	2,152,258 00	1,902,177 90	Indefinite.
For invalid and other pensions, including deficiencies.....	30,000,000 00	29,533,500 00	28,533,000 00	29,371,574 00	56,233,200 00	41,644,000 00	68,282,306 68	116,000,000 00	86,575,000 00
For consular and diplomatic service.....	1,374,985 00	1,188,797 50	1,146,747 50	1,087,535 00	1,097,735 00	1,180,335 00	1,191,435 00	1,256,655 00	1,296,255 00
For service of Agricultural Department.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	253,300 00	335,500 00	427,280 00	405,640 00
For expenses of the District of Columbia.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,425,257 35	3,379,571 44	3,496,080 47	3,505,494 97
For miscellaneous.....	1,853,864 62	4,134,691 93	1,425,691 49	2,226,390 29	2,995,123 77	4,959,332 01	1,128,006 15	5,888,993 69	1,806,438 75
Totals.....	147,711,940 81	124,122,010 92	88,356,983 13	172,016,809 21	162,404,647 76	155,830,841 32	179,578,999 86	251,428,117 57	187,911,566 17
Coin value of one dollar paper currency.....	87.8	92.7	97.6	99.8	100	100	100	100	100
Coin value of amount appropriated.....	129,693,718 03	115,061,104 12	86,236,415 53	171,672,775 59	162,404,647 76	155,830,841 32	179,578,999 86	251,428,117 57	187,911,566 17

TABLE L.—STATEMENT showing the PURCHASE of BONDS on account of the SINKING-FUND during each fiscal year from its institution in May, 1869, to and including June 30, 1883.

Year ended—	Principal re- deemed.	Premium paid.	Net cost in currency.	Net cost est- imated in gold.	Interest due at close of fiscal year.	Accrued inter- est paid in coin.	Balance of in- terest due at close of fiscal year.
JUNE 30, 1869.							
Five-twenties of 1862.....	\$1,621,000 00	\$253,822 84	\$1,874,822 84	\$1,349,970 02	\$16,210 00	\$7,384 60	\$8,825 40
Five-twenties of March, 1864.....	70,000 00	11,725 00	81,725 00	57,552 82	700 00	218 63	481 37
Five-twenties of June, 1864.....	1,051,000 00	161,946 45	1,212,946 45	873,265 01	10,510 00	1,470 42	9,039 58
Five-twenties of 1865.....	465,000 00	74,969 00	539,969 00	387,963 26	4,650 00	2,083 54	1,906 46
Consols, 1865.....	461,000 00	73,736 80	534,736 80	387,963 26	13,830 00	429 04	13,400 96
Consols, 1867.....	4,718,000 00	749,208 08	5,467,208 08	3,948,686 11	141,540 00	116,052 45	23,507 65
Consols, 1868.....	305,000 00	49,442 50	354,442 50	256,653 20	9,150 00	8,173 98	976 02
Total.....	8,691,000 00	1,374,850 67	10,065,850 67	7,261,437 30	196,590 09	136,392 56	60,197 44
JUNE 30 1870.							
Five-twenties of 1862.....	3,542,050 00	493,479 42	4,035,529 42	3,263,009 51	100,919 50	45,994 49	114,925 01
Five-twenties of March, 1864.....	85,000 00	15,742 87	100,742 87	75,658 54	5,350 00	1,080 99	4,269 01
Five-twenties of June, 1864.....	3,971,400 00	506,180 91	4,477,580 91	3,647,028 29	165,834 00	49,946 00	115,888 00
Five-twenties of 1865.....	2,700,250 00	361,735 43	3,151,985 43	2,806,636 20	105,257 50	37,113 53	68,143 97
Consols, 1865.....	11,632,150 00	1,454,778 37	12,086,928 37	10,631,736 97	495,421 50	145,518 29	349,903 21
Consols, 1867.....	5,882,500 00	861,763 73	6,744,263 73	5,309,810 90	302,734 50	66,111 51	236,622 90
Consols, 1868.....	348,500 00	53,363 95	401,863 95	368,573 16	19,380 00	5,238 73	14,141 27
Total.....	28,151,900 00	3,747,653 08	31,898,553 08	25,893,143 57	1,254,897 00	351,003 54	903,893 46
JUNE 30, 1871.							
Five-twenties of 1862.....	2,792,950 00	227,607 56	3,020,557 56	2,680,209 65	145,975 00	36,637 80	109,317 20
Five-twenties of March, 1864.....	29,500 00	2,277 20	31,777 20	28,590 88	1,240 00	388 35	831 65
Five-twenties of June, 1864.....	3,967,350 00	340,529 63	4,307,879 63	3,847,182 42	201,375 00	51,703 46	140,671 54
Five-twenties of 1865.....	6,768,600 00	574,923 00	7,343,523 00	6,525,231 42	331,933 50	92,259 58	239,673 92
Consols, 1865.....	10,232,200 00	850,949 79	11,073,149 79	9,702,387 78	522,117 00	109,455 28	412,661 72
Consols, 1867.....	6,103,050 00	541,559 41	6,644,609 41	5,800,618 37	351,528 00	76,745 93	274,782 07
Consols, 1868.....	52,600 00	4,784 61	57,384 61	49,797 81	3,096 00	572 13	2,523 87
Total.....	29,936,250 00	2,542,631 20	32,478,881 20	28,604,017 73	1,557,264 50	367,782 53	1,189,481 97

JUNE 30, 1872.									
Fire-twenties of 1862.....	6,417,850 00	764,055 21	7,181,905 21	6,345,391 98	427,849 00	75,159 43	352,869 87		
Fire-twenties of March, 1864.....	127,100 00	14,959 03	142,059 03	142,059 03	8,884 00	37,338 70	7,885 30		
Fire-twenties of June, 1864.....	3,604,650 00	438,656 16	4,043,306 16	3,573,293 63	246,001 50	57,449 80	188,551 70		
Fire-twenties of 1865.....	3,635,200 00	436,838 70	4,072,038 70	3,584,747 85	246,362 00	37,817 37	208,744 63		
Consols, 1865.....	11,788,900 00	1,436,869 46	13,225,869 46	11,660,785 89	707,334 00	149,248 21	558,085 79		
Consols, 1867.....	6,984,900 00	883,000 15	7,792,500 15	6,863,777 39	417,534 00	108,487 92	309,046 08		
Consols, 1868.....	85,850 00	9,951 63	95,801 63	84,595 02	5,151 00	1,386 95	3,764 05		
Total.....	32,618,450 00	3,935,050 34	36,553,500 34	32,248,645 22	2,059,325 50	430,908 38	1,628,417 12		
JUNE 30, 1873.									
Fire-twenties of 1862.....	7,137,100 00	925,783 87	8,062,883 87	7,089,542 58	431,450 50	101,960 57	329,489 83		
Fire-twenties of March, 1864.....	50,000 00	7,372 50	57,372 50	49,780 91	3,500 00	813 70	2,686 30		
Fire-twenties of June, 1864.....	3,741,150 00	480,684 37	4,221,834 37	3,715,211 22	223,270 50	42,216 46	181,054 04		
Fire-twenties of 1865.....	1,930,850 00	250,635 93	2,210,485 93	1,943,488 93	190,266 50	23,744 47	96,522 03		
Consols, 1865.....	10,768,250 00	1,371,187 17	12,139,437 17	10,668,617 09	646,095 00	145,069 34	501,025 66		
Consols, 1867.....	4,402,100 00	553,610 89	4,955,710 89	4,373,781 76	264,126 00	69,632 51	194,493 40		
Consols, 1868.....	619,550 00	81,983 44	701,533 44	617,140 34	37,173 00	8,948 40	28,224 60		
Total.....	28,678,000 00	3,671,258 17	32,349,258 17	28,457,562 83	1,725,881 50	392,385 45	1,333,496 05		
JUNE 30, 1874.									
Fire-twenties of 1862.....	1,421,700 00	161,219 79	1,582,919 79	1,415,391 05	99,519 00	31,743 95	67,775 05		
Fire-twenties of June, 1864.....	2,020,550 00	218,457 39	2,239,007 39	2,012,051 32	141,438 50	48,013 46	93,425 04		
Fire-twenties of 1865.....	1,247,250 00	135,577 95	1,382,827 95	1,241,571 69	87,307 50	28,348 19	57,959 31		
Consols, 1865.....	3,383,650 00	360,964 62	3,754,614 62	3,374,934 42	203,619 00	46,489 33	157,129 67		
Consols, 1867.....	4,051,000 00	432,348 18	4,483,348 18	4,029,975 86	243,060 00	55,970 97	187,083 03		
Consols, 1868.....	802,300 00	86,505 62	888,805 62	798,926 40	48,138 00	11,014 38	37,123 62		
Total.....	12,936,450 00	1,395,073 55	14,331,523 55	12,872,850 74	823,082 00	222,886 28	600,495 72		
JUNE 30, 1875.									
Fire-twenties of 1862.....	25,170,400 00	.....	.....	25,170,400 00	541,973 50	353,061 56	188,911 94		
JUNE 30, 1876.									
Fire-twenties of 1862.....	5,785,200 00	.....	.....	5,785,200 00	404,964 00	54,745 72	350,218 28		
Fire-twenties of June, 1864.....	10,869,600 00	.....	.....	10,869,600 00	760,872 00	171,966 33	588,905 67		
Fire-twenties of 1865.....	1,789,250 00	.....	.....	1,789,250 00	125,247 50	30,805 86	94,441 64		
Total.....	18,444,050 00	.....	.....	18,444,050 00	1,291,083 50	257,517 91	1,033,565 59		

TABLE L.—STATEMENT showing the PURCHASE of BONDS on account of the SINKING-FUND, &c.—Continued.

Year ended—	Principal re- deemed.	Premium paid.	Net cost in currency.	Net cost esti- mated in gold.	Interest due at close of fiscal year.	Accrued inter- est paid in coin.	Balance of in- terest due at close of fiscal year.
JUNE 30, 1877.							
Five-twenties of 1862.....	\$81,200 00	.....	.....	\$81,200 00	\$4,352 25	\$1,181 67	\$3,170 58
Five-twenties of June, 1864.....	178,900 00	.....	.....	178,900 00	9,943 50	1,323 60	8,619 80
Five-twenties of 1865.....	180,350 00	.....	.....	180,350 00	9,519 00	3,141 08	6,377 92
Consols, 1865.....	6,050 00	.....	.....	6,050 00	181 50	108 97	72 53
Consols, 1867.....	1,000 00	.....	.....	1,000 00	30 00	21 20	8 80
Total.....	447,500 00	.....	.....	447,500 00	24,026 25	5,776 52	18,249 73
JUNE 30, 1878.							
Five-twenties of 1862.....	17,900 00	.....	.....	17,900 00	966 00	192 65	773 35
Five-twenties of June, 1864.....	15,900 00	.....	.....	15,900 00	834 00	78 41	755 59
Five-twenties of 1865.....	2,350 00	.....	.....	2,350 00	40 92	40 92	88 88
Consols, 1865.....	23,600 00	.....	.....	23,600 00	1,416 00	273 35	1,142 65
Consols, 1867.....	8,700 00	.....	.....	5,700 00	342 00	134 76	1,207 24
Consols, 1868.....	8,900 00	.....	.....	8,500 00	510 00	89 83	420 17
Total.....	73,950 00	.....	.....	73,950 00	4,197 00	809 92	3,387 08
JUNE 30, 1879.							
Five-twenties of 1862.....	2,650 00	.....	.....	2,650 00	165 75	40 35	125 40
Five-twenties of June, 1864.....	3,150 00	.....	.....	3,150 00	94 50	18 53	75 97
Five-twenties of 1865.....	1,850 00	.....	.....	1,850 00	85 50	41 22	44 28
Consols, 1865.....	1,700 00	.....	.....	1,700 00	102 00	60 51	60 51
Consols, 1867.....	9,050 00	.....	.....	9,050 00	543 00	166 62	376 38
Consols, 1868.....	100 00	.....	.....	100 00	6 00	56 00	5 44
Total.....	18,500 00	.....	.....	18,500 00	996 75	308 77	687 98
JUNE 30, 1880.							
Five-twenties of 1862.....	100 00	.....	.....	100 00	4 00	67	3 33
Five-twenties of June, 1864.....	100 00	.....	.....	100 00	4 00	49	3 51
Five-twenties of 1865.....	250 00	.....	.....	250 00	14 50	5	8 65
Ten-forties of 1864.....	676,650 00	.....	.....	676,650 00	28,168 75	12,872 65	15,296 10
Loan of February, 1861.....	2,911,161 95	\$74,161 95	.....	2,911,161 95	85,110 00	47,840 20	37,569 80
Loan of July and August, 1861.....	33,440,335 04	1,376,085 04	.....	33,440,335 04	1,163,807 50	518,148 79	647,658 71
Loan of March, 1863.....	13,346,185 18	549,035 18	.....	13,346,185 18	484,747 50	213,179 28	271,568 21
Oregon war debt.....	202,550 00	8,273 02	.....	210,823 02	9,787 50	3,662 86	6,124 94
Funded loan of 1881.....	23,575,450 00	662,206 97	.....	24,237,656 97	415,162 70	130,349 86	284,813 34
Funded loan of 1907.....	1,500,000 00	125,558 26	.....	1,625,558 26	15,000 00	10,191 74	4,808 26
Total.....	73,652,900 00	2,795,320 42	.....	76,448,220 42	2,203,806 45	935,951 60	1,267,854 85

JUNE 30, 1881.

Five-twenties of June, 1864.....	50 00	.....	.....	50 00	3 50	25	3 25
Five-twenties of 1865.....	100 00	.....	.....	100 00	7 00	1 74	5 26
Five-twenties of 1866.....	3 000 00	.....	.....	3 000 00	210 00	80 22	129 78
Loan of February, 1861.....	7 775 000 00	.....	51 277 68	7 826 277 58	462 392 00	160 072 88	302 317 12
Loan of July and August, 1861.....	16 712 450 00	.....	488 876 11	17 201 326 11	1 002 747 00	200 043 95	802 703 05
Loan of March, 1863.....	7 057 100 00	.....	199 514 62	7 256 614 62	361 315 50	88 320 51	277 984 99
Oregon war debt.....	54 250 00	.....	1 408 65	55 658 65	2 584 50	53 551 11	2 083 39
Funded loan of 1881.....	42 769 400 00	.....	320 471 82	43 089 871 82	1 106 474 15	263 342 94	843 131 21
Total.....	74 371 350 00	1 061 248 78	.....	75 432 598 78	2 935 731 65	707 423 60	2 228 308 05

JUNE 30, 1882.

Loan of July and August, 1861, continued at $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.....	55,215,850 00	.....	.....	55,215,850 00	1,368,894 64	579,493 12	789,401 50
Loan of March, 1863, continued at $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.....	2,637,850 00	.....	.....	2,637,850 00	91,701 75	25,771 80	65,929 95
Funded loan of 1881, continued at $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.....	1,000 00	.....	.....	1,000 00	23 33	2 78	20 55
Funded loan of 1881.....	2,224,450 00	.....	.....	2,224,450 00	115,717 53	6,771 83	108,945 70
Total.....	60,079,150 00	.....	.....	60,079,150 00	1,576,337 23	612,039 53	994,297 70

JUNE 30, 1883.

Five-twenties of 1862.....	100 00	.....	.....	100 00	5 50	14 18	8 68
Funded loan of 1881.....	41,300 00	.....	.....	41,300 00	1,716 66	138 13	1,578 53
Loan of July and August, 1861, continued at $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.....	661,750 00	.....	.....	661,750 00	20,760 35	5,298 40	15,466 85
Loan of March, 1863, continued at $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.....	34,128,150 00	.....	.....	34,128,150 00	1,171,034 37	186,913 66	984,120 71
Funded loan of 1881, continued at $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.....	10,019,400 00	.....	.....	10,019,400 00	233,862 12	137,402 11	96,460 01
Total.....	44,850,700 00	.....	.....	44,850,700 00	1,427,378 90	329,761 48	1,097,617 42
Grand total.....	438,120,550 00	20,522,486 81	137,677,967 61	436,392,726 59	17,622,571 73	5,103,709 63	12,518,862 10

TABLE M.—STATEMENT of the OUTSTANDING PRINCIPAL of the PUBLIC DEBT of the UNITED STATES, June 30, 1883.

	Length of loan.	When redeemable.	Rate of interest.	Price at which sold.	Amount authorized.	Amount issued.	Amount outstanding.
OLD DEBT.							
For detailed information in regard to the earlier loans embraced under this head, see Finance Report for 1876.							
TREASURY NOTES PRIOR TO 1846.							
Acts of October 12, 1837 (5 Statutes, 201); May 21, 1838 (5 Statutes, 228); March 2, 1839 (5 Statutes, 323); March 31, 1840 (5 Statutes, 370); February 15, 1841 (5 Statutes, 411); January 31, 1842 (5 Statutes, 469); August 31, 1842 (5 Statutes, 581); and March 3, 1843 (5 Statutes, 614).	1 and 2 years.	1 and 2 years from date.	$\frac{1}{2}$ of 1 to 6 per cent.	Par.....	\$51,000,000 00	\$47,002,900 00	\$2,525 35
TREASURY NOTES OF 1846.							
Act of July 22, 1846 (9 Statutes, 39).....	1 year.....	One year from date.	$\frac{1}{2}$ of 1 to $\frac{5}{8}$ per cent.	Par.....	10,000,000 00	7,687,800 00	5,900 00
MEXICAN INDEMNITY.							
Act of August 10, 1846 (9 Statutes, 94).....	5 years.....	5 years from date.	5 per cent.....	Par.....	320,000 00	303,573 92	1,104 91
TREASURY NOTES OF 1847.							
Act of January 28, 1847 (9 Statutes, 118).....	1 and 2 years.	1 and 2 years from date.	$\frac{5}{8}$ and 6 per cent.	Par.....	23,000,000 00	*26,122,100 00	950 00
LOAN OF 1847.							
Act of January 28, 1847 (9 Statutes, 118).....	20 years.....	January 1, 1868	6 per cent.....	$1\frac{1}{4}$ to 2 per cent. prem'n.	23,000,000 00	†28,230,350 00	1,250 00
BOUNTY-LAND SCRIP.							
Act of February 11, 1847 (9 Statutes, 125).....	Indefinite...	At the pleasure of the government.	6 per cent.....	Par.....	Indefinite.....	233,075 00	3,175 00
TEXAN INDEMNITY STOCK.							
Act of September 9, 1850 (9 Statutes, 447).....	14 years.....	January 1, 1865	5 per cent.....	Par.....	10,000,000 00	5,000,000 00	20,000 00
TREASURY NOTES OF 1857.							
Act of December 23, 1857 (11 Statutes, 257).....	1 year.....	1 year from date.	3 to 6 per cent.	Par.....	Indefinite.....	52,778,900 00	1,700 00
LOAN OF 1858.							
Act of June 14, 1858 (11 Statutes, 365).....	15 years.....	January 1, 1874	5 per cent.....	Average prem'n of 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ %.	20,000,000 00	20,000,000 00	7,000 00

LOAN OF 1860.									
Act of June 22, 1860 (12 Statutes, 79)	10 years	January 1, 1871	5 per cent ..	Par to $1\frac{1}{2}\%$ per ct. pr m.	21,000,000 00	7,022,000 00	10,000 00		
LOAN OF FEBRUARY, 1861 (1861s).									
Act of February 8, 1861 (12 Statutes, 129)	10 or 20 years	Dec. 31, 1880 ..	6 per cent ..	(Av.) 89.03	25,000,000 00	18,415,000 00	64,000 00		
TREASURY NOTES OF 1861.									
Act of March 2, 1861 (12 Statutes, 178)	60 days or 2 years ..	60 days or 2 years after date.	6 per cent ..	Par to $1\frac{1}{2}\%$ per ct. pr m.	Indefinite	35,364,450 00	3,000 00		
OREGON WAR DEBT.									
Act of March 2, 1861 (12 Statutes, 198)	20 years	July 1, 1881 ..	6 per cent ..	Par	2,800,000 00	1,090,850 00	7,500 00		
LOAN OF JULY AND AUGUST, 1861.									
The act of July 17, 1861 (12 Statutes, 259), authorized the issue of \$250,000 bonds, with interest at not exceeding 7 per centum per annum, redeemable after twenty years. The act of August 5, 1861 (12 Statutes, 313), authorized the issue of bonds, with interest at 6 per centum per annum, payable after twenty years from date, in exchange for 7.30 notes issued under the act of July 17, 1861.	20 years	After June 30, 1881.	6 per cent ..	Par	250,000,000 00	189,321,350 00	412,700 00		
LOAN OF JULY AND AUGUST, 1861.									
Continued at $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. interest, and redeemable at the pleasure of the government.	Indefinite ..	At the pleasure of the government.	$3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent ..	Par .....	.....	.....	821,100 00		
OLD DEMAND-NOTES.									
Acts of July 17, 1861 (12 Statutes, 259); August 5, 1861 (12 Statutes, 313); February 12, 1862 (12 Statutes, 338).	Indefinite ..	On demand	None	Par	60,000,000 00	*60,030,000 00	58,985 00		
SEVEN-THIRTIES OF 1861.									
Act of July 17, 1861 (12 Statutes, 259)	3 years	Aug. 19 and Oct. 1, 1864.	$7\frac{1}{2}$ per cent ..	Av. pre. of $1\frac{1}{2}\%$.	Indefinite	139,999,750 00	16,250 00		
FIVE-TWENTIES OF 1862.									
Acts of February 25, 1862 (12 Statutes, 345); March 3, 1864 (13 Statutes, 13), and January 28, 1865 (13 Statutes, 425).	5 or 20 years ..	May 1, 1867	6 per cent ..	Av. pre. of $1\frac{1}{2}\%$.	515,000,000 00	514,771,600 00	359,600 00		

† Including conversion of Treasury notes.

* Including releases.

TABLE M.—STATEMENT of the OUTSTANDING PRINCIPAL of the PUBLIC DEBT, &c.—Continued.

	Length of loan.	When redeemable.	Rate of interest.	Price at which sold.	Amount authorized.	Amount issued.	Amount outstanding.
LEGAL-TENDER NOTES.							
The act of February 25, 1862 (12 Statutes, 345), authorized the issue of \$150,000,000 United States notes not bearing interest, payable to bearer, at the Treasury of the United States, and of such denominations, not less than five dollars, as the Secretary of the Treasury might deem expedient, \$50,000,000 to be applied to the redemption of demand-notes authorized by the act of July 17, 1861; these notes to be a legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private, within the United States, except duties on imports and interest on the public debt, and to be exchangeable for six per cent. United States bonds. The act of July 11, 1862 (12 Statutes, 532), authorized an additional issue of \$150,000,000 of such denominations as the Secretary of the Treasury might deem expedient, but no such note should be for a fractional part of a dollar, and not more than \$35,000,000 of a lower denomination than five dollars; these notes to be a legal tender as before authorized. The act of March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 710), authorized an additional issue of \$150,000,000 of such denominations, not less than one dollar, as the Secretary of the Treasury might prescribe; which notes were made a legal tender as before authorized. The same act limited the time in which Treasury notes might be exchanged for United States bonds to July 1, 1863. The amount of notes authorized by this act were to be in lieu of \$100,000,000 authorized by the resolution of January 17, 1863 (12 Statutes, 822).	Indefinite...	On demand...	None	Par	\$450,000,000 00	.....	\$346,681,016 00
TEMPORARY LOAN.							
Acts of February 25, 1862 (12 Statutes, 346), March 17, 1862 (12 Statutes, 370), July 11, 1862 (12 Statutes, 532), and June 30, 1864 (13 Statutes, 218).	Indefinite...	After ten days' notice.	4, 5, and 6 per cent.	Par	150,000,000 00	*\$716,099,247 16	2,960 00
CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.							
Acts of March 1, 1862 (12 Statutes, 352), May 17, 1862 (12 Statutes, 370), and March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 710).	1 year	1 year after date.	6 per cent...	Par	No limit	561,753,241 65	4,000 00
FRACTIONAL CURRENCY.							
Acts of July 17, 1862 (12 Statutes, 502), March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 711), and June 30, 1864 (13 Statutes, 220).	Indefinite...	On presentation.	None	Par	50,000,000 00	*363,720,079 51	7,000,690 81

LOAN OF 1863.																				
The act of March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 709), authorized a loan of \$300,000,000, and the issue of bonds, with interest not exceeding 6 per centum per annum, and redeemable in not less than ten nor more than forty years, principal and interest payable in coin. The act of June 30, 1864 (13 Statutes, 219), repeals the above authority except as to the \$75,000,000 of bonds already advertised for. Bonds of this loan continued at 3½ per cent. interest, and redeemable at the pleasure of the government.																				
ONE-YEAR NOTES OF 1863.																				
Act of March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 710).....	1 year.....	1 year after date.	5 per cent....	Par	400,000,000 00	44,520,000 00	40,665 00													
TWO-YEAR NOTES OF 1863.																				
Act of March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 710).....	2 years	2 years after date.	5 per cent....	Par	400,000,000 00	166,480,000 00	31,100 00													
GOLD-CERTIFICATES.																				
Act of March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 711).....	3 years.....	3 years from date.	6 per cent. compound.	Par	400,000,000 00	266,595,440 00	213,620 00													
COMPOUND-INTEREST NOTES.																				
Acts of March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 710), and June 30, 1864 (13 Statutes, 218).	5 or 20 years.	Nov. 1, 1869...	5 per cent....	Par to 7 per c't prem.	200,000,000 00	196,118,300 00	251,150 00													
TEN-FORTIES OF 1864.																				
Act of March 3, 1864 (13 Statutes, 13).....	3 years.....	Aug. 15, 1867 } June 15, 1868 } July 15, 1868 }	7½ per c't. }	Av. prem. of 1½%.	800,000,000 00	829,992,500 00	137,150 00													
FIVE-TWENTIES OF JUNE, 1864.																				
Act of June 30, 1864 (13 Statutes, 218)																				
SEVEN-THIRTIES OF 1864 AND 1865.																				
Acts of June 30, 1864 (13 Statutes, 218), January 28, 1865 (13 Statutes, 425), and March 3, 1865 (13 Statutes, 468).																				
NAVY PENSION FUND.																				
The act of July 1, 1864 (13 Statutes, 414), authorized the Secretary of the Navy to invest in registered securities of the United States so much of the Navy pension fund in the Treasury January 1 and July 1 in each year as would be required for the payment of naval pensions. Section 2 of the act of July 23, 1868 (15 Statutes, 179), fixed the interest on this fund at 3 per centum per annum in lawful money and confined its use to the payment of naval pensions exclusively.																				

* Including reissues.

<p>The act of July 14, 1870 (16 Statutes, 272), authorizes the issue of \$200,000,000 at 5 per centum principal and interest payable in coin of the present standard value, at the pleasure of the United States Government, after ten years; these bonds to be exempt from the payment of all taxes or duties of the United States, as well as from taxation in any form by or under State, municipal, or local authority. Bonds and coupons payable at the Treasury of the United States. This act not to authorize an increase of the bonded debt of the United States. Bonds to be sold at not less than par in coin, and the proceeds to be applied to the redemption of outstanding 5-20s, or to be exchanged for said 5-20s, par for par. Payment of these bonds, when due, to be made in order of dates and numbers, beginning with each class last dated and numbered. Interest to cease at the end of three months from notice of intention to redeem. The act of January 20, 1871 (16 Statutes, 399), increases the amount of 5 per cents to \$300,000,000, provided the total amount of bonds issued shall not exceed the amount originally authorized, and authorizes the interest on any of these bonds to be paid quarterly.</p> <p>The act of December 17, 1873 (18 Statutes, 1), authorized the issue of an equal amount of bonds of the loan of 1858, which the holders thereof may, on or before February 1, 1874, elect to exchange for the bonds of this loan.</p>	<p>> 10 years.....</p> <p>May 1, 1881....</p> <p>5 per cent....</p> <p>Par.....</p>	<p>517,994,150 00</p> <p>411,259 00</p>
<p>FOUR-AND-ONE-HALF PER-CENT. LOAN OF 1891. (REFUNDING.)</p>	<p>15 years.....</p> <p>Sept. 1, 1891....</p> <p>4½ per cent....</p> <p>Par.....</p>	<p>185,000,000 00</p> <p>185,000,000 00</p>
<p>The act of July 14, 1870 (16 Statutes, 272), authorizes the issue of \$300,000,000 at 4½ per centum, payable in coin of the present standard value, at the pleasure of the United States Government, after fifteen years; these bonds to be exempt from the payment of all taxes or duties of the United States, as well as from taxation in any form by or under State, municipal, or local authority. Bonds and coupons payable at the Treasury of the United States. This act not to authorize an increase of the bonded debt of the United States. Bonds to be sold at not less than par in coin, and the proceeds to be applied to the redemption of outstanding 5-20s, or to be exchanged for said 5-20s, par for par. Payment of these bonds, when due, to be made in order of dates and numbers, beginning with each class last dated and numbered. Interest to cease at the end of three months from notice of intention to redeem.</p>	<p>30 years.....</p> <p>July 1, 1907....</p> <p>4 per cent....</p> <p>Par to one-half percent. premium.</p>	<p>708,980,800 00</p> <p>707,086,300 00</p>
<p>FOUR-PER-CENT. LOAN OF 1907. (REFUNDING.)</p>		<p>\$1,500,000,000 00</p>

TABLE M.—STATEMENT of the OUTSTANDING PRINCIPAL of the PUBLIC DEBT, &c.—Continued.

	Length of loan.	When redeemable.	Rate of interest.	Price at which sold.	Amount authorized.	Amount issued.	Amount outstanding.
<p>thorize an increase of the bonded debt of the United States. Bonds to be sold at not less than par in coin, and the proceeds to be applied to the redemption of outstanding 5-20s, or to be exchanged for said 5-20s, par for par. Payment of these bonds, when due, to be made in order of dates and numbers, beginning with each class last dated and numbered. Interest to cease at the end of three months from notice of intention to redeem. See Refunding Certificates, page 36.</p> <p>FOUR-AND-ONE-HALF-PER-CENT. LOAN OF 1891.—(RESUMPTION.)</p> <p>The act of January 14, 1875 (18 Statutes, 296), authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to use any surplus revenues from time to time in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and to issue, sell, dispose of, at not less than par, in coin, either of the description of bonds of the United States described in the act of July 14, 1870 (16 Statutes, 272), for the purpose of redeeming, on and after January 1, 1879, in coin, at the office of the assistant treasurer of the United States in New York, the outstanding United States legal-tender notes when presented in sums of not less than fifty dollars.</p> <p>FOUR-PER-CENT. LOAN OF 1907.—(RESUMPTION.)</p> <p>The act of January 14, 1875 (18 Statutes, 296), authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to use any surplus revenues from time to time in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and to issue, sell, dispose of, at not less than par, in coin, either of the description of bonds of the United States described in the act of July 14, 1870 (16 Statutes, 272), for the purpose of redeeming, on and after January 1, 1879, in coin, at the office of the assistant treasurer of the United States in New York, the outstanding United States legal-tender notes when presented in sums of not less than fifty dollars.</p> <p>CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT.</p> <p>The act of June 8, 1872, (17 Statutes, 336), authorizes the deposit of United States notes without interest by banking associations in sums not less than \$10,000, and the issue of certificates therefor in denominations of not less than \$5,000; which certificates shall be payable on demand in United States notes at the place where the deposits were made. It provides that the notes so deposited in the Treasury shall not be counted as a part of the legal reserve, but that the certificates issued therefor may be held and counted by the national banks as part of their legal reserve, and may be accepted in the</p>	15 years.....	Sept. 1, 1891....	4½ per cent..	Par to one and one-half per cent. premium.	Indefinite.....	\$65,000,000 00	\$65,000,000 00
	30 years.....	July 1, 1907....	4 per cent ..	Par	Indefinite.....	30,500,000 00	30,500,000 00
	Indefinite...	On demand ...	None	Par	No limit	64,780,000 00	13,375,000 00

settlement of clearing-house balances at the place, where the deposits therefor were made, and that the United States notes for which such certificates were issued, or other United States notes of like amount, shall be held as special deposits in the Treasury, and used only for the redemption of such certificates.

SILVER CERTIFICATES.

The act of February 28, 1878 (20 Statutes, 26, sec. 3) provides that any holder of the coin authorized by this act may deposit the same with the Treasurer or any assistant treasurer of the United States in sums not less than ten dollars and receive therefor certificates of not less than ten dollars each, corresponding with the denominations of the United States notes. The coin deposited for or representing the certificates shall be retained in the Treasury for the payment of the same on demand. Said certificates shall be receivable for customs, taxes, and all public dues, and, when so received, may be reissued.

REFUNDING CERTIFICATES.

The act of February 26, 1879 (20 Statutes, 321), authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to issue, in exchange for lawful money of the United States, certificates of deposit, of the denomination of ten dollars, bearing interest at the rate of four per centum per annum, and convertible at any time, with accrued interest, into the four per centum bonds described in the refunding act; the money so received to be applied only to the payment of the bonds bearing interest at a rate not less than five per centum, in the mode prescribed by said act.

FUNDED LOAN OF 1881, CONTINUED AT THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT.

These bonds were issued in exchange for five per cent. bonds of the funded loan of 1881, by mutual agreement between the Secretary of the Treasury and the holders, and were made redeemable at the pleasure of the Government.

LOAN OF JULY 12, 1882.

These bonds were issued in exchange for the five and six per cent. bonds which had been previously continued at three and one-half per cent., by mutual agreement between the Secretary of the Treasury and the holders, and were made redeemable at the pleasure of the Government.

Indefinite...	On demand...	None.....	Par.....	No limit.....	.....	.....
						88,616,831 00
Indefinite...	Convertible in- to 4 per cent. bonds.	4 per cent...	Par.....	No limit.....	40,012,750 00	355,900 00
Indefinite...	At pleasure of the Govern- ment.	3½ per cent..	Par.....	.....	.....	35,083,900 00
Indefinite...	At pleasure of the Govern- ment.	3 per cent...	Par.....	.....	.....	304,304,350 00
						1,884,171,728 07

TABLE N.—STATEMENT OF 30-YEAR 6 PER CENT. BONDS (interest payable January and July) ISSUED to the several PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANIES under the acts of July 1, 1862 (12 Statutes, 492), and July 2, 1864 (13 Statutes, 359).

Railway companies.	Amount of bonds outstanding.	Amount of interest accrued and paid to date, as per preceding statement.	Amount of interest due as per Register's schedule.	Total interest paid by the United States.	Repayment of interest by transportation of mails, troops, &c.	Balance due the United States on interest account, deducting repayments.
On January 1, 1876:						
Central Pacific.....	\$25,885,120 00	\$13,027,697 67	\$776,553 60	\$11,804,251 27	\$1,191,765 86	\$10,612,485 41
Kansas Pacific.....	6,303,000 00	3,103,893 09	189,090 00	3,292,983 09	1,440,664 84	1,852,318 25
Union Pacific.....	27,236,512 00	11,884,324 65	817,095 36	12,701,420 01	3,943,715 65	8,757,704 36
Central Branch Union Pacific.....	1,600,000 00	781,808 26	48,000 00	829,808 26	44,408 05	785,400 21
Western Pacific.....	1,970,560 00	722,380 14	59,116 80	781,496 94	9,367 00	772,129 94
Sioux City and Pacific.....	1,628,320 00	682,703 89	48,849 60	731,553 49	39,005 96	692,547 53
	64,623,512 00	28,202,807 70	1,938,705 36	30,141,513 06	6,668,927 36	23,472,585 70
On July 1, 1876:						
Central Pacific.....	25,885,120 00	11,804,251 27	776,553 60	12,580,804 87	1,231,213 76	11,349,591 11
Kansas Pacific.....	6,303,000 00	3,292,983 09	189,090 00	3,482,073 09	1,448,327 39	2,033,745 70
Union Pacific.....	27,236,512 00	12,701,420 01	817,095 36	13,518,515 37	4,079,704 77	9,438,810 60
Central Branch Union Pacific.....	1,600,000 00	829,808 26	48,060 00	877,868 26	44,408 05	833,400 21
Western Pacific.....	1,970,560 00	781,496 94	59,116 80	840,613 74	9,367 00	831,246 74
Sioux City and Pacific.....	1,628,320 00	731,553 49	48,849 60	780,403 09	39,470 28	740,932 81
	64,623,512 00	30,141,513 06	1,938,705 36	32,080,218 42	6,832,491 25	25,227,727 17
On January 1, 1877:						
Central Pacific.....	25,885,120 00	12,580,804 87	776,553 60	13,357,358 47	1,268,672 12	12,088,686 35
Kansas Pacific.....	6,303,000 00	3,482,073 09	189,090 00	3,671,163 09	1,515,718 49	2,155,444 60
Union Pacific.....	27,236,512 00	13,518,515 37	817,095 36	14,335,610 73	4,126,871 52	10,208,739 21
Central Branch Union Pacific.....	1,600,000 00	877,808 26	48,000 00	925,808 26	44,408 05	881,400 21
Western Pacific.....	1,970,560 00	840,613 74	59,116 80	899,730 54	9,367 00	890,363 54
Sioux City and Pacific.....	1,628,320 00	780,403 09	48,849 60	829,252 69	39,440 28	789,782 41
	64,623,512 00	32,080,218 42	1,938,705 36	34,018,923 78	7,004,507 46	27,014,416 32

On July 1, 1877:		25, 885, 120 00	13, 357, 358 47	776, 553 00	14, 133, 912 07	2, 065, 324 01	12, 068, 588 06
Central Pacific.....		9, 303, 000 00	3, 671, 163 09	189, 090 00	3, 860, 253 09	1, 531, 680 06	2, 328, 573 03
Kansas Pacific.....		27, 236, 512 00	14, 335, 610 73	817, 095 36	15, 152, 706 09	4, 787, 041 67	10, 365, 664 42
Union Pacific.....		1, 600, 000 00	925, 808 26	48, 000 00	973, 808 26	58, 408 35	915, 309 91
Central Branch Union Pacific.....		1, 970, 500 00	899, 730 54	59, 116 80	958, 847 34	9, 367 00	949, 480 34
Western Pacific.....		1, 628, 320 00	829, 252 69	48, 849 60	878, 102 29	62, 578 00	815, 523 49
Sioux City and Pacific.....		94, 623, 512 00	34, 018, 923 78	1, 938, 705 36	34, 957, 629 14	8, 514, 489 89	27, 443, 130 25
On January 1, 1878:		25, 885, 120 00	14, 133, 912 07	776, 553 60	14, 910, 465 67	2, 198, 960 71	12, 711, 504 96
Central Pacific.....		9, 303, 000 00	3, 860, 253 09	189, 090 00	4, 049, 343 09	1, 532, 450 07	2, 516, 993 02
Kansas Pacific.....		27, 236, 512 00	15, 152, 706 09	817, 095 36	15, 669, 801 45	5, 134, 103 84	10, 835, 697 61
Union Pacific.....		1, 600, 000 00	973, 808 26	48, 000 00	1, 021, 808 26	62, 998 35	958, 808 91
Central Branch Union Pacific.....		1, 970, 500 00	938, 847 34	59, 116 80	1, 017, 904 14	9, 367 00	1, 008, 597 14
Western Pacific.....		1, 628, 320 00	878, 102 29	48, 849 60	926, 351 89	68, 409 65	858, 542 24
Sioux City and Pacific.....		64, 623, 512 00	35, 957, 629 14	1, 938, 705 36	37, 896, 334 50	9, 006, 189 62	28, 890, 144 88
On July 1, 1878:		25, 885, 120 00	14, 910, 465 67	776, 553 00	15, 087, 019 27	2, 343, 659 54	13, 343, 359 73
Central Pacific.....		9, 303, 000 00	4, 049, 343 09	189, 090 00	4, 238, 433 09	1, 532, 530 42	2, 705, 902 87
Kansas Pacific.....		27, 236, 512 00	15, 969, 801 45	817, 095 36	16, 786, 896 81	5, 852, 870 95	10, 934, 025 86
Union Pacific.....		1, 600, 000 00	1, 021, 808 26	48, 000 00	1, 069, 808 26	67, 408 35	1, 002, 309 91
Central Branch Union Pacific.....		1, 970, 500 00	1, 017, 904 14	59, 116 80	1, 088, 080 94	9, 367 00	1, 067, 713 94
Western Pacific.....		1, 628, 320 00	926, 351 89	48, 849 60	975, 801 49	75, 517 99	900, 283 50
Sioux City and Pacific.....		64, 623, 512 00	37, 896, 334 50	1, 938, 705 36	39, 835, 039 86	9, 881, 444 25	29, 953, 595 61
On January 1, 1879:		25, 885, 120 00	15, 687, 019 27	776, 553 60	16, 463, 572 87	2, 516, 742 86	13, 946, 830 01
Central Pacific.....		9, 303, 000 00	4, 238, 433 09	189, 090 00	4, 427, 923 09	1, 744, 683 89	2, 682, 829 50
Kansas Pacific.....		27, 236, 512 00	16, 786, 896 81	817, 095 36	17, 063, 992 17	6, 145, 214 86	11, 468, 777 31
Union Pacific.....		1, 600, 000 00	1, 069, 808 26	48, 000 00	1, 117, 608 26	71, 443 54	1, 046, 362 72
Central Branch Union Pacific.....		1, 970, 500 00	1, 077, 080 94	59, 116 80	1, 136, 197 74	9, 367 00	1, 129, 830 74
Western Pacific.....		1, 628, 320 00	1, 024, 651 09	48, 849 60	1, 024, 651 09	83, 651 69	941, 002 53
Sioux City and Pacific.....		64, 623, 512 00	39, 835, 039 86	1, 938, 705 36	41, 773, 745 22	10, 571, 103 71	31, 202, 642 51
On July 1, 1879:		25, 885, 120 00	16, 463, 572 87	776, 553 60	17, 240, 126 47	2, 771, 419 23	14, 468, 707 24
Central Pacific.....		9, 303, 000 00	4, 427, 923 09	189, 090 00	4, 616, 613 09	2, 324, 910 55	2, 291, 702 54
Kansas Pacific.....		27, 236, 512 00	17, 063, 992 17	817, 095 36	18, 421, 087 53	7, 325, 406 49	11, 092, 665 53
Union Pacific.....		1, 600, 000 00	1, 117, 608 26	48, 000 00	1, 165, 808 26	73, 142 73	1, 092, 665 53
Central Branch Union Pacific.....		1, 970, 500 00	1, 136, 197 74	59, 116 80	1, 195, 314 54	9, 367 00	1, 185, 947 54
Western Pacific.....		1, 628, 320 00	1, 024, 651 09	48, 849 60	1, 073, 500 69	91, 747 39	981, 753 30
Sioux City and Pacific.....		64, 623, 512 00	41, 773, 745 22	1, 938, 705 36	43, 712, 450 58	12, 506, 033 39	31, 116, 397 19

TABLE N.—STATEMENT OF 30-YEAR 6 PER CENT. BONDS, &c.—Continued.

Railway companies.	On January 1, 1880:					
	Amount of bonds outstanding.	Amount of interest accrued and paid to date, as per preceding statement.	Amount of interest due as per Register's schedule.	Total interest paid by the United States.	Repayment of interest by transportation of mails, troops, &c.	Balance due the United States on interest account, deducting repayments.
Central Pacific.....	\$25,885,120 00	\$17,240,126 47	\$776,553 60	\$18,016,680 07	\$3,552,135 70	\$14,464,544 37
Kansas Pacific.....	6,303,000 00	4,616,613 09	189,090 00	4,805,703 09	2,370,109 88	2,435,593 21
Union Pacific.....	27,236,512 00	18,421,087 53	817,095 36	19,238,182 89	7,421,734 97	11,816,447 92
Central Branch Union Pacific.....	1,600,000 00	1,165,808 26	48,000 00	1,213,808 26	73,142 73	1,140,665 53
Western Pacific.....	1,970,560 00	1,195,314 54	59,116 80	1,254,431 34	9,367 00	1,245,064 34
Sioux City and Pacific.....	1,628,320 00	1,073,500 69	48,849 60	1,122,350 29	93,983 91	1,028,366 38
	64,623,512 00	43,712,450 58	1,938,705 36	45,651,155 94	13,520,474 19	32,130,681 75
On July 1, 1880:						
Central Pacific.....	25,885,120 00	18,016,680 07	776,553 60	18,793,233 67	3,200,389 64	15,592,844 03
Kansas Pacific.....	6,303,000 00	4,805,703 09	189,090 00	4,994,793 09	2,447,397 28	2,547,395 81
Union Pacific.....	27,236,512 00	19,238,182 89	817,095 36	20,055,278 25	7,804,484 37	12,250,793 88
Central Branch Union Pacific.....	1,600,000 00	1,213,808 26	48,000 00	1,261,808 26	47,621 69	1,214,186 57
Western Pacific.....	1,970,560 00	1,254,431 34	59,116 80	1,313,548 14	9,367 00	1,304,181 14
Sioux City and Pacific.....	1,628,320 00	1,122,350 29	48,849 60	1,171,199 89	106,032 57	1,065,167 32
	64,623,512 00	45,651,155 94	1,938,705 36	47,589,861 30	13,615,292 55	33,974,568 75
On January 1, 1881:						
Central Pacific.....	25,885,120 00	18,793,233 67	776,553 60	19,569,787 27	3,358,026 85	16,211,760 42
Kansas Pacific.....	6,303,000 00	4,994,793 09	189,090 00	5,183,883 09	2,502,724 32	2,681,158 77
Union Pacific.....	27,236,512 00	20,055,278 25	817,095 36	20,872,373 61	7,992,936 82	12,879,436 79
Central Branch Union Pacific.....	1,600,000 00	1,261,808 26	48,000 00	1,309,808 26	74,967 91	1,234,840 35
Western Pacific.....	1,970,560 00	1,313,548 14	59,116 80	1,372,664 94	9,367 00	1,363,297 94
Sioux City and Pacific.....	1,628,320 00	1,171,199 89	48,849 60	1,220,049 49	114,424 58	1,105,624 91
	64,623,512 00	47,589,861 30	1,938,705 36	49,528,566 66	14,052,447 48	35,476,119 18

On July 1, 1881:

Central Pacific.....	25,885,120 00	19,569,787 27	776,553 60	20,346,340 87	3,496,042 83	16,849,398 04
Kansas Pacific.....	6,303,000 00	5,183,883 09	189,090 00	5,372,973 09	2,563,443 44	2,807,529 65
Union Pacific.....	27,236,512 00	20,872,373 61	817,085 36	21,689,408 97	8,135,878 56	13,553,530 41
Central Branch Union Pacific.....	1,600,000 00	1,303,808 26	48,000 00	1,357,808 26	1,357,808 26	1,264,292 88
Western Pacific.....	1,970,560 00	1,372,064 94	59,116 80	1,431,781 74	9,367 00	1,422,414 71
Sioux City and Pacific.....	1,628,320 00	1,220,049 49	48,849 60	1,268,899 09	124,979 11	1,143,919 95

On January 1, 1882:

Central Pacific.....	64,623,512 00	49,528,566 66	1,938,705 36	51,467,272 02	14,426,126 35	37,041,145 67
Kansas Pacific.....	25,885,120 00	20,346,340 87	776,553 60	21,122,894 47	3,600,920 51	17,521,973 96
Union Pacific.....	6,303,000 00	5,372,973 09	189,090 00	5,562,063 09	2,625,289 51	2,936,773 58
Central Branch Union Pacific.....	27,236,512 00	21,689,408 97	817,085 36	22,506,504 33	8,227,294 70	14,279,209 63
Western Pacific.....	1,600,000 00	1,357,808 26	48,000 00	1,405,808 26	109,032 06	1,296,776 20
Sioux City and Pacific.....	1,970,560 00	1,431,781 74	59,116 80	1,490,898 54	9,367 00	1,481,531 54
Sioux City and Pacific.....	1,628,320 00	1,268,899 09	48,849 60	1,317,748 69	135,962 56	1,181,766 13

On July 1, 1882:

Central Pacific.....	64,623,512 00	51,467,272 02	1,938,705 36	53,405,977 38	14,707,886 34	38,698,091 04
Kansas Pacific.....	25,885,120 00	21,122,894 47	776,553 60	21,899,448 07	3,812,411 95	18,087,036 12
Union Pacific.....	6,303,000 00	5,562,063 09	189,090 00	5,751,153 09	2,725,458 35	3,025,694 76
Central Branch Union Pacific.....	27,236,512 00	22,506,504 33	817,085 36	23,323,639 69	8,453,537 00	14,870,122 09
Western Pacific.....	1,600,000 00	1,405,808 26	48,000 00	1,453,808 26	124,039 85	1,329,108 41
Sioux City and Pacific.....	1,970,560 00	1,490,898 54	59,116 80	1,550,015 34	9,367 00	1,540,648 34
Sioux City and Pacific.....	1,628,320 00	1,317,748 69	48,849 60	1,366,598 29	95,278 57	1,271,319 72

On January 1, 1883:

Central Pacific.....	64,623,512 00	53,405,977 38	1,938,705 36	55,344,682 74	15,220,039 30	40,123,989 44
Kansas Pacific.....	25,885,120 00	21,899,448 07	776,553 60	22,676,001 67	4,217,203 99	18,458,797 68
Union Pacific.....	6,303,000 00	5,751,153 09	189,090 00	5,940,243 09	2,818,329 72	3,121,913 37
Central Branch Union Pacific.....	27,236,512 00	23,323,639 69	817,085 36	24,140,755 05	8,815,988 85	15,324,766 20
Western Pacific.....	1,600,000 00	1,453,808 26	48,000 00	1,501,808 26	142,630 64	1,359,177 62
Sioux City and Pacific.....	1,970,560 00	1,550,015 34	59,116 80	1,609,132 14	9,367 00	1,599,765 14
Sioux City and Pacific.....	1,628,320 00	1,366,598 29	48,849 60	1,415,447 89	120,340 39	1,295,107 50

On July 1, 1883:

Central Pacific.....	64,623,512 00	55,344,682 74	1,938,705 36	57,283,388 10	16,123,860 59	41,159,527 51
Kansas Pacific.....	25,885,120 00	22,676,001 67	776,553 60	23,452,555 27	4,592,158 25	18,860,397 02
Union Pacific.....	6,303,000 00	5,940,243 09	189,090 00	6,129,333 09	2,969,049 59	3,160,283 50
Central Branch Union Pacific.....	27,236,512 00	24,140,755 05	817,085 36	24,957,850 41	8,933,292 87	16,024,557 54
Western Pacific.....	1,600,000 00	1,501,808 26	48,000 00	1,549,808 26	152,157 10	1,397,651 16
Sioux City and Pacific.....	1,970,560 00	1,609,132 14	59,116 80	1,668,248 94	9,367 00	1,658,881 94
Sioux City and Pacific.....	1,628,320 00	1,415,447 89	48,849 60	1,464,297 49	121,355 39	1,342,942 10

Central Pacific.....	64,623,512 00	57,283,388,10	1,938,705 36	59,222,093 46	16,777,380 20	42,444,713 26
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TABLE O.—STATEMENT showing the AMOUNT of NOTES, SILVER CERTIFICATES, and FRACTIONAL SILVER COIN OUTSTANDING at the CLOSE of EACH FISCAL YEAR from 1860 to 1883, inclusive.

Year ended June 30—	State-bank circulation.	National-bank circulation.	Demand notes.	Legal-tender notes.	One and two year notes of 1863. (See Note 3.)	Compound-interest notes. (See Note 3.)	Silver certificates.	Fractional currency, paper.	Fractional currency, silver. (See Note 4.)	Total amount in currency.	Value of paper dollar as compared with coin July 1 of each year.	Value of currency in gold.
1860...	\$207, 102, 477 00									\$207, 102, 477 00	...	...
1861...	202, 005, 767 00									202, 005, 767 00	...	...
1862...	163, 792, 079 00									333, 452, 079 00	\$0 86 6	\$388, 769, 500 41
1863...	238, 677, 218 00									837, 867, 282 75	76 6	497, 798, 338 59
1864...	179, 157, 717 00									643, 918, 984 34	38 7	322, 640, 246 94
1865...	142, 919, 638 00									983, 318, 685 76	70 4	692, 256, 354 77
1866...	19, 996, 163 00									891, 904, 685 96	66 0	588, 657, 092 73
1867...	4, 434, 112 00									826, 927, 153 52	71 7	592, 905, 709 07
1868...	3, 163, 771 00									730, 412, 602 75	70 1	505, 009, 234 52
1869...	2, 558, 874 00									693, 946, 086 61	73 5	510, 050, 351 61
1870...	2, 222, 793 00									700, 375, 800 48	85 6	599, 321, 769 95
1871...	1, 903, 038 00									717, 875, 751 06	89 0	638, 909, 418 44
1872...	1, 204, 935 00									738, 570, 903 52	87 5	646, 249, 540 58
1873...	1, 799, 021 00									730, 062, 308 94	86 4	648, 063, 886 76
1874...	1, 069, 844 00									781, 490, 916 17	91 0	711, 156, 733 71
1875...	786, 844 00									773, 646, 728 69	87 2	674, 619, 947 42
1876...	538, 938 00									749, 303, 473 89	89 5	671, 773, 236 54
1877...	521, 611 00									731, 379, 542 84	94 7	694, 375, 346 54
1878...	495, 504 00									725, 015, 508 27	99 4	725, 083, 924 62
1879...	352, 452 00									734, 801, 994 78	1 00	734, 801, 994 78
1880...	299, 790 00									735, 522, 956 37	1 00	735, 522, 956 37
1881...	242, 967 00									780, 584, 808 73	1 00	780, 584, 808 73
1882...	242, 967 00									798, 296, 234 13	1 00	798, 296, 234 13
1883...	189, 253 00									817, 626, 384 76	1 00	817, 626, 384 76

NOTE 1.—The amount of State and national bank circulation is compiled from the reports of the Comptroller of the Currency at the nearest dates obtainable to the end of each fiscal year; the other amounts are taken from the official printed reports of the Secretary of the Treasury.

* NOTE 2.—Exclusive of \$8,375,934, amount estimated as lost or destroyed, act June 21, 1879.

NOTE 3.—The one and two year notes of 1863, and the compound interest notes, though having a legal-tender quality for their face values, were, in fact, interest-bearing securities, payable at certain times, as stated on the notes. They entered into circulation for but a few days, if at all, and since maturity those presented have been converted into other interest-bearing bonds or paid for in cash, interest included.

NOTE 4.—The amount of fractional silver in circulation in 1860, 1861, and 1862 cannot be stated. The amounts stated for 1876 and subsequent years are the amounts coined and issued since January, 1876. To these amounts should be added the amount of silver previously coined which has come into circulation.

TABLE P.—STATEMENT of UNITED STATES BONDS and other OBLIGATIONS RECEIVED and ISSUED by the OFFICE of the SECRETARY of the TREASURY, from November 1, 1882, to October 31, 1883.

Description.	Issued.	Received for exchange and transfer.	Received for exchange into 3 per cent. bonds.	Received for redemption.	Total.
Bounty-land scrip, act of February 11, 1847.....				\$100 00	\$100 00
Loan of February, 1861, act of February 8, 1861.....				65,000 00	65,000 00
Oregon war debt, act of March 2, 1861.....				1,000 00	1,000 00
Seven-thirty notes of 1861, act of July 17, 1861.....				350 00	350 00
Loan of July and August, 1861, acts of July 17 and August 5, 1861.....				285,500 00	285,500 00
Five-twenty bonds of 1862, act of February 25, 1862.....				7,000 00	7,000 00
Pacific railroad bonds, acts of July 1, 1862, and July 2, 1864.....	\$5,612,000 00	\$5,612,000 00			11,224,000 00
Loan of 1863 (1881a), act of March 3, 1863.....				87,000 00	87,000 00
Gold certificates, act of March 3, 1863.....				1,314,200 00	1,314,200 00
Ten-forty bonds of 1864, act of March 3, 1864.....				76,450 00	76,450 00
Seven-thirty notes of 1864-65, acts of June 30, 1864, and March 3, 1865.....				3,200 00	3,200 00
Five-twenty bonds of 1865, act of March 3, 1865.....				10,300 00	10,300 00
Consols of 1865, act of March 3, 1865.....				78,700 00	78,700 00
Consols of 1867, act of March 3, 1865.....				189,400 00	189,400 00
Consols of 1868, act of March 3, 1865.....				146,500 00	146,500 00
Funded loan of 1881, acts of July 14, 1870, and January 20, 1871.....	41,697,300 00	41,697,300 00		421,650 00	83,394,600 00
Funded loan of 1891, acts of July 14, 1870, and January 20, 1871.....	98,245,150 00	98,135,000 00		1,418,850 00	197,789,000 00
United loan of 1907, acts of July 14, 1870, and January 20, 1871.....	21,365,000 00			18,690,000 00	40,055,000 00
Certificates of deposit, act of June 8, 1872.....				2,920,300 00	2,920,300 00
3 per cent. bonds, acts of July 17 and August 5, 1861.....	2,438,000 00	2,438,000 00		3,747,150 00	3,747,150 00
3 per cent. bonds, acts of March 3, 1863.....			\$46,210,750 00	103,365,150 00	154,447,900 00
3 per cent. bonds, acts of July 14, 1870, and January 20, 1871.....	101,656,750 00	55,446,000 00		52,250 00	157,155,000 00
3 per cent. bonds, act of July 12, 1882.....					
Total.....	271,012,200 00	203,326,300 00	46,210,750 00	132,880,050 00	653,429,300 00

TABLE Q.—STATEMENT of INTERNAL-REVENUE STAMP PAPER—WATER MARKED—MANUFACTURED, SHIPPED, DELIVERED, and BALANCES, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

Transactions in the office of the Secretary of the Treasury.				Transactions in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.								
Description of paper.	Balances on hand June 30, 1882.	Received from the manufacturer.	Cutting and transferring, credit account.		Accounted for as follows.		Balances on hand June 30, 1882.	Received from the Secretary's office.	Totals to be accounted for.	Perfect sheets delivered to office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue.	Imperfect sheets delivered to the office of the Secretary for destruction.	Balances as shown by the Secretary's books and accounted for by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.
			Carried to—	Carried from—	Delivered to the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.	Blank paper destroyed, as mutilated.							Balances on hand June 30, 1883.
Sheets for—												
Beer stamps.....	2, 279, 618	3, 219, 000			5, 498, 618	3, 110, 030	3, 110, 030	3, 110, 030	3, 267, 242	2, 939, 000	82, 839	245, 403
Sheet tobacco stamps.....	149, 354	175, 000		92, 207	324, 147	175, 838	157, 212	157, 212	190, 405	129, 000	5, 993	55, 412
Sheet snuff stamps.....			91, 782		91, 782	91, 782	6, 952	6, 952	98, 134	74, 000	3, 382	20, 752
Stub snuff stamps.....			425		14, 220	14, 220	1, 954	1, 954	16, 174	12, 000	580	3, 594
Stub tobacco stamps.....	13, 795	1, 000, 000			1, 867, 315	1, 387, 290	90, 116	1, 387, 290	1, 477, 406	1, 247, 200	44, 547	185, 659
Export tobacco and cigar stamps.....	36, 810				36, 810	25, 860	651	25, 860	26, 511	25, 000	1, 468	43
Export distilled spirits stamps.....	65, 550				65, 550	5, 700	2	5, 700	14, 150	13, 000	200	950
Tax-paid stamps.....	463, 878	450, 000			913, 878	559, 060	642	49, 641	608, 701	519, 000	34, 417	55, 284
Warehouse stamps.....	494, 190	400, 000			894, 190	366, 000	340	31, 395	397, 385	336, 000	14, 215	47, 170
Rectifiers' stamps.....	385, 535	400, 000			785, 535	458, 160	23	43, 565	507, 755	442, 000	18, 812	46, 043
Imported liquor stamps.....	345, 870	250, 000			595, 870	256, 470	921	20, 249	290, 249		1, 164	19, 085
Wholesale liquor dealers' stamps.....	108, 065	150, 000			258, 065	203, 580	740	288, 368	268, 368	187, 000	4, 765	23, 603
25's, cigar stamps.....	924, 850	5, 018, 000			6, 442, 850	4, 624, 120	25, 628	3, 119	4, 855, 447	4, 502, 000	128, 227	16, 891
100's, cigar stamps.....	1, 609, 560	1, 500, 000	500, 000		3, 109, 560	1, 200, 740	194	261, 327	1, 227, 213	1, 114, 000	30, 913	82, 300
250's, cigar stamps.....	39, 526				39, 526	28, 225		26, 473	28, 398	23, 000	1, 178	4, 220
200's, cigar stamps.....			14, 290		14, 290	14, 290		173	28, 225	12, 000	366	2, 097
500's, cigar stamps.....	60, 326	20, 000		24, 290	56, 036	22, 975	309	14, 463	23, 217	18, 000	1, 231	3, 986
Brewers' permit stamps.....	20, 421				20, 421	23, 810		242	22, 975	23, 000	1, 600	442
10's, cigarette stamps.....	216, 641	250, 000		10, 000	466, 641	287, 100	494	8, 450	295, 550	267, 000	12, 550	16, 000
25's, cigarette stamps.....	328, 408	250, 000			578, 408	338, 640	544	11, 050	395, 690	316, 000	16, 390	17, 300
50's, cigarette stamps.....	20, 000				20, 000	11, 430		3, 575	15, 005	11, 000	119	3, 886
100's, cigarette stamps.....	31, 810				31, 810	17, 260		1, 581	18, 841	14, 000	536	4, 315

TABLE S.—STATEMENT OF DISTINCTIVE PAPER—SILK-THREADED FIBER—issued from the OFFICE of the SECRETARY of the TREASURY to the BUREAU of ENGRAVING and PRINTING, and DELIVERIES of the same, for NATIONAL-BANK CURRENCY, SERIES 1882.

Transaction.	Combination.	Number of sheets.	Denomination.					Amount.
			5's.	10's.	20's.	50's.	100's.	
BLANK PAPER.—Delivered to Bureau Engraving and Printing from the Office of the Secretary of the Treasury for printing circulating notes.	5, 5, 5, 5, 10, 10, 10, 20 50, 100	624, 775 623, 825 30, 925	\$12, 495, 500	\$18, 714, 750	\$12, 476, 500	\$3, 032, 500	\$6, 065, 000	\$12, 495, 500 31, 191, 250 9, 097, 500
Total to be accounted for.....	.....	1, 278, 925	12, 495, 500	18, 714, 750	12, 476, 500	3, 032, 500	6, 065, 000	52, 784, 250
PERFECT NOTES.—Delivered by Bureau Engraving and Printing to the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency for issue.	5, 5, 5, 5, 10, 10, 10, 20 50, 100	479, 158 483, 639 24, 343½	9, 583, 160	14, 509, 170	9, 672, 780	2, 434, 350	4, 868, 700	9, 583, 160 24, 181, 950 7, 303, 050
Total delivered (perfect).....	.....	987, 140½	9, 583, 160	14, 509, 170	9, 672, 780	2, 434, 350	4, 868, 700	41, 068, 100
IMPERFECT NOTES.—Delivered by Bureau Engraving and Printing to the Office of the Secretary of the Treasury for destruction.	5, 5, 5, 5, 10, 10, 10, 20 50, 100	35, 718 30, 413 1, 501	714, 360	912, 390	608, 260	150, 100	300, 200	714, 360 1, 520, 650 450, 300
Total delivered (imperfect).....	.....	67, 632	714, 360	912, 390	608, 260	150, 100	300, 200	2, 685, 310
BALANCES.—Balance in Bureau of Engraving and Printing June 30, 1883.	5, 5, 5, 5, 10, 10, 10, 20 50, 100	109, 899 109, 773 4, 480½	2, 197, 980	3, 298, 190	2, 195, 460	448, 050	896, 100	2, 197, 980 5, 488, 650 1, 344, 150
Total balance.....	.....	224, 152½	2, 197, 980	3, 298, 190	2, 195, 460	448, 050	896, 100	9, 030, 780
RECAPITULATION.								
Delivery to Comptroller's Office brought down.....	.....	987, 140½	9, 583, 160	14, 509, 170	9, 672, 780	2, 434, 350	4, 868, 700	41, 068, 100
Delivery to Secretary's Office brought down .....	.....	67, 632	714, 360	912, 390	608, 260	150, 100	300, 200	2, 685, 310
Balance on hand brought down.....	.....	224, 152½	2, 197, 980	3, 298, 190	2, 195, 460	448, 050	896, 100	9, 030, 780
Total accounted for.....	.....	1, 278, 925	12, 495, 500	18, 714, 750	12, 476, 500	3, 032, 500	6, 065, 000	52, 784, 250

TABLE T.—STATEMENT OF DISTINCTIVE PAPER—SILK-THREADED FIBER—issued, &c.—Continued.

Transaction	Combination.	Number of sheets.	Denomination.						Amount.
			5's.	10's.	20's.	50's.	100's.	500's.	
IMPERFECT NOTES.—Delivered by Bureau of Engraving and Printing to the Office of the Secretary of the Treasury, for destruction.	5, 5, 5	99,784	\$1,995,680	\$227,680					\$1,995,680
	10, 10, 10, 10, 20	5,692		1,261,890	\$841,260				2,227,680
	10, 10, 20, 50	42,033		4,400	1,400	\$11,000			2,103,150
	10, 20, 50, 100	60		660	1,320	3,300	\$6,600		19,800
	10, 20, 20, 20, 20	674			53,920				11,880
	20, 20, 20, 50, 100	481			19,240	24,050	48,100		53,920
	20, 20, 20, 50	1,260			75,600	61,900			91,390
	50, 50, 50	3,093					642,800		138,600
	50, 50, 50, 100	506			321,400		50,600		61,900
	100, 100	142				75,900	57,000		964,200
Total delivered (imperfect).....	500, 1000	52					\$78,000		57,000
	500, 500, 500, 500	25					25,000	\$50,000	78,000
	500, 500, 500, 500	41					82,000		75,000
	500, 500, 500, 500	154,530	1,995,680	1,494,630	995,740	560,550	805,100	185,000	6,086,700
	5, 5, 5	192,298	3,845,960						3,845,960
	10, 10, 10, 10, 20	97,950		1,118,000					1,118,000
	10, 10, 10, 20	145,125		4,353,750	2,902,500				7,256,250
	10, 10, 20, 50	1,680		33,600	33,600	84,000			131,200
	10, 20, 50, 100	23		230	529,920	1,150	2,300		4,140
	20, 20, 20, 20, 20	6,624			103,760	129,700	259,400		529,920
BALANCES.—Balance in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing June 30, 1883.	20, 20, 50, 100	2,594			244,980	204,150			402,860
	20, 20, 20, 50	4,083				248,800			449,130
	50, 50, 50	1,244				1,169,850			248,800
	50, 50, 50, 100	11,698				524,100	2,339,700		3,500,550
	100, 100	662					349,400		873,500
	500, 1000	163					264,800		264,800
	500, 500, 500, 500	153					245,500		245,500
	500, 500, 500, 500	9					153,000	306,000	459,000
	500, 500, 500, 500	307,801	3,845,960	5,505,580	3,815,220	2,361,750	3,215,600	416,500	18,000
	500, 500, 500, 500	1,417,153	16,997,500	15,950,530	10,589,940	4,177,850	6,106,500	180,000	19,466,610
Total balance.....		154,530	1,995,680	1,494,630	995,740	560,550	805,100	185,000	6,086,700
Delivered Comptroller's Office (perfect).....									
Delivered Secretary's Office (imperfect).....									
Total delivered during fiscal year.									
Balance on hand June 30, 1883.....									
Total accounted for.....									

TABLE U.—*STATEMENT of DISTINCTIVE PAPER—SILK-THREADED FI-ENGRAVING and PRINTING, and DELIVERIES of the same, for the printing of 30, 1883.*

Transaction.	Number of sheets.	Denomination.			
		1's.	2's.	5's.	10's.
UNITED STATES NOTES, SERIES 1880.					
Balance in Bureau Engraving and Printing June 30, 1882	343, 901	<i>Dollars.</i> 694, 400	<i>Dollars.</i> 539, 664	<i>Dollars.</i> 878, 000	<i>Dollars.</i> 1, 403, 840
Received by Bureau Engraving and Printing during fiscal year 1883	6, 159, 100	10, 612, 000	11, 400, 000	29, 660, 000	18, 360, 000
Received by Bureau Engraving and Printing during fiscal year 1883 (specimens)	90	40	80	200	400
Total to be accounted for	6, 503, 091	11, 306, 440	11, 939, 744	30, 538, 200	19, 764, 240
Delivered office of the Treasurer (perfect)	5, 710, 000	10, 216, 000	10, 240, 000	26, 700, 000	16, 720, 000
Delivered office of the Secretary (imperfect)	235, 742	425, 600	422, 864	1, 116, 800	627, 880
Balance in Bureau Engraving and Printing June 30, 1883 (specimens)	90	40	80	200	400
Balance in Bureau Engraving and Printing June 30, 1883	557, 259	664, 800	1, 276, 800	2, 721, 200	2, 415, 960
Total accounted for	6, 503, 091	11, 306, 440	11, 939, 744	30, 538, 200	19, 764, 240
SILVER CERTIFICATES, SERIES 1880.					
Balance in Bureau Engraving and Printing June 30, 1882	35, 900				
Received by Bureau Engraving and Printing during fiscal year 1883	555, 375				14, 760, 000
Total to be accounted for	591, 275				14, 760, 000
Delivered office of the Treasurer (perfect)	507, 000				12, 560, 000
Delivered office of the Secretary (imperfect)	17, 558				394, 880
Balance in Bureau Engraving and Printing June 30, 1883	66, 717				1, 805, 120
Total accounted for	591, 275				14, 760, 000
GOLD CERTIFICATES, NEW YORK SERIES.					
Balance in Bureau Engraving and Printing June 30, 1882					
Received by Bureau Engraving and Printing during fiscal year 1883	255 200				
Total to be accounted for	255, 200				
Delivered office of the Treasurer (perfect)	241, 000				
Delivered office of the Secretary (imperfect)	13, 855				
Balance in Bureau Engraving and Printing June 30, 1883	345				
Total accounted for	255, 200				
GOLD CERTIFICATES, DEPARTMENT SERIES.					
Balance in Bureau Engraving and Printing June 30, 1882					
Received by Bureau Engraving and Printing during fiscal year 1883	225, 125				
Total to be accounted for	225, 125				
Delivered office of the Treasurer (perfect)	160, 250				
Delivered office of the Secretary (imperfect)	11, 439				
Balance in Bureau Engraving and Printing June 30, 1883	53, 436				
Total accounted for	225, 125				

BER—issued from the office of the SECRETARY of the TREASURY to the BUREAU of (sundry money-value) UNITED STATES SECURITIES, for the fiscal year ended June

Denomination.									Total.
20's.	50's.	100's.	500's.	1,000's.	5,000's.	10,000's.	20,000's.	50,000's.	
<i>Dollars.</i>	<i>Dollars.</i>	<i>Dollars.</i>	<i>Dollars.</i>	<i>Dollars.</i>	<i>Dollars.</i>	<i>Dollars.</i>	<i>Dollars.</i>	<i>Dollars.</i>	<i>Dollars.</i>
1,907,760									5,423,664
8,160,000	4,270,000	6,300,000							88,762,000
800	2,000	4,000	20,000	40,000					67,520
10,068,560	4,272,000	6,304,000	20,000	40,000					94,253,184
7,040,000	4,000,000	6,000,000							80,916,000
227,760	270,000	300,000							3,350,904
800	2,000	4,000	20,000	40,000					67,520
2,800,000									9,878,760
10,068,560	4,272,000	6,304,000	20,000	40,000					94,253,184
2,872,000									2,872,000
11,880,000	4,200,000	4,230,000	8,400,000	8,400,000					51,870,000
14,752,000	4,200,000	4,230,000	8,400,000	8,400,000					54,742,000
12,560,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	8,000,000	8,000,000					49,120,000
464,880	200,000	230,000	400,000	400,000					2,080,760
1,727,120									3,532,240
14,752,000	4,200,000	4,200,000	8,400,000	8,400,000					54,742,000
12,760,000	12,600,000	8,400,000	10,500,000	12,600,000	24,000,000	84,000,000			164,860,000
12,760,000	12,600,000	8,400,000	10,500,000	12,600,000	24,000,000	84,000,000			164,860,000
12,000,000	12,000,000	8,000,000	10,000,000	12,000,000	20,000,000	80,000,000			154,000,000
732,400	600,000	400,000	500,000	600,000	4,000,000	4,000,000			10,832,400
27,600									27,600
12,760,000	12,600,000	8,400,000	10,500,000	12,600,000	24,000,000	84,000,000			164,860,000
12,600,000	8,400,000	8,400,000	4,200,000	8,900,000	3,000,000	6,000,000			51,500,000
12,600,000	8,400,000	8,400,000	4,200,000	8,900,000	3,000,000	6,000,000			51,500,000
8,960,000	4,800,000	8,000,000	4,000,000	8,000,000	2,500,000	5,000,000			41,260,000
665,840	348,200	400,000	200,000	900,000	500,000	1,000,000			4,014,040
2,974,160	3,251,800								6,225,960
12,600,000	8,400,000	8,400,000	4,200,000	8,900,000	3,000,000	6,000,000			51,500,000

TABLE U.—STATEMENT of DISTINCTIVE

Transaction.	Number of sheets.	Denomination.			
		1's.	2's.	5's.	10's.
UNITED STATES REGISTERED BONDS, SUNDRY ISSUES.					
Balance in Bureau Engraving and Printing June 30, 1882	1,050	<i>Dollars.</i>	<i>Dollars.</i>	<i>Dollars.</i>	<i>Dollars.</i>
Received by Bureau Engraving and Printing during fiscal year 1883	168,977				
Received by Bureau Engraving and Printing during fiscal year 1883 (specimens, &c.)	368				
Total to be accounted for	170,395				
Delivered office of the Secretary (perfect)	158,000				
Delivered office of the Secretary (imperfect)	12,027				
Delivered office of the Secretary (imperfect specimens, &c.) ..	315				
Balance in Bureau Engraving and Printing June 30, 1883	53				
Total accounted for	170,395				
RECAPITULATION.*					
Balances money-values in Bureau Engraving and Printing June 30, 1882	750,096	694,400	539,664	4,767,140	6,141,780
Add balances check-paper Bureau Engraving and Printing June 30, 1882	29,728				
Receipts money-values by Bureau Engraving and Printing during fiscal year 1883	10,243,400	10,612,040	11,400,080	61,105,700	70,047,950
Add receipts check-paper by Bureau Engraving and Printing during fiscal year 1883	627,912				
Total to be accounted for	11,651,136	11,306,440	11,939,744	65,872,840	76,189,730
Total deliveries money-values (perfect) during fiscal year 1883	9,180,544½	10,216,000	10,240,000	53,280,660	59,739,700
Total deliveries check-paper (perfect) during fiscal year 1883	431,333				
Total deliveries money-values (imperfect) during fiscal year 1883	513,098	425,600	422,864	3,826,840	3,429,780
Total deliveries check-paper (imperfect) during fiscal year 1883	20,957				
Balances money-values in Bureau Engraving and Printing June 30, 1883	1,299,853½	664,840	1,276,880	8,765,340	13,020,250
Balances check-paper in Bureau Engraving and Printing June 30, 1883	205,350				
Total accounted for	11,651,136	11,306,440	11,939,744	65,872,840	76,189,730

* National-bank currency, series 1875 and

PAPER—SILK-THREADED FIBER, &c.—Continued.

Denomination.									Total.
20's.	50's.	100's.	500's.	1,000's.	5,000's.	10,000's.	20,000's.	50,000's.	
<i>Dollars.</i>	<i>Dollars.</i>	<i>Dollars.</i>	<i>Dollars.</i>	<i>Dollars.</i>	<i>Dollars.</i>	<i>Dollars.</i>	<i>Dollars.</i>	<i>Dollars.</i>	<i>Dollars.</i>
		105,000							105,000
	437,100	2,742,600	8,654,500	63,000,000		525,000,000			599,834,200
	14,900	1,000	5,000	10,000	50,000	100,000	200,000	500,000	880,900
	452,000	2,848,600	8,659,500	63,010,000	50,000	525,100,000	200,000	500,000	600,820,100
	350,000	2,600,000	7,500,000	60,000,000		500,000,000			570,450,000
	87,100	247,600	1,154,500	3,000,000		25,000,000			29,489,200
	14,450	500	1,500	6,000	15,000	50,000	40,000	100,000	227,450
	450	500	3,500	4,000	35,000	50,000	160,000	400,000	653,450
	452,000	2,848,600	8,659,500	63,010,000	50,000	525,100,000	200,000	500,000	600,820,100
7,919,660	1,752,650	3,259,200	481,500	366,000					26,021,994
70,129,300	38,304,000	43,115,600	31,979,500	92,950,000	27,050,000	615,100,000	200,000	500,000	1,072,494,170
78,048,960	40,056,650	46,374,800	32,561,000	93,316,000	27,050,000	615,100,000	200,000	500,000	1,093,516,164
60,813,720	31,762,200	39,575,200	29,680,000	88,010,000	22,500,000	585,000,000			990,817,480
3,694,880	2,230,400	2,683,400	2,441,000	4,956,000	4,515,000	30,050,000	40,000	100,000	58,915,764
13,540,360	6,064,050	4,116,800	440,000	350,000	35,000	50,000	160,000	400,000	48,882,920
78,048,960	40,056,650	46,374,800	32,561,000	93,316,000	27,050,000	615,100,000	200,000	500,000	1,098,516,164

1882, included in the recapitulation.

**TABLE V.—STATEMENT of REDEEMED UNITED STATES SECURITIES
COUNT, EXAMINATION, and DESTRUCTION,**

Title of security.	Denominations.				
	1s.	2s.	5s.	10s.	20s.
United States notes, new issue..	\$9, 816 50	\$14, 608 20	\$190, 780 00	\$361, 575	\$375, 060
United States notes, series 1869..	74, 980 60	111, 261 00	1, 995, 642 50	4, 371, 110	3, 773, 502
United States notes, series 1874..	67, 125*60	94, 327 00			
United States notes, series 1875..	614, 138 80	1, 163, 131 00	5, 922, 622 50	3, 179, 405	2, 767, 210
United States notes, series 1878..	1, 519, 970 10	1, 802, 664 00	6, 991, 732 50	4, 573, 045	4, 846, 670
United States notes, series 1880..	7, 684, 579 20	5, 584, 240 00	3, 951, 677 50	1, 806, 745	448, 120
United States demand notes			250 00	260	200
One-year notes of 1863				370	1, 040
Two-year notes of 1863					
Compound interest notes of 1863				120	
Compound interest notes of 1864				2, 090	2, 680
Silver certificates, series 1878				421, 723	434, 130
Silver certificates, series 1880				3, 816, 105	2, 733, 326
Gold certificates, New York, series 1882					152, 080
Gold certificates, Washington, series 1882					45, 020
Refunding certificates				71, 600	
National currency notes of "failed" and "liquidating" banks	16, 639 50	12, 164 00	1, 855, 789 50	1, 632, 542	892, 238
National currency redeemed and retired	267, 744 50	228, 206 00	26, 768, 419 00	25, 646, 705	14, 652, 998
Two-year coupon-notes of 1863..					
Totals	10, 254, 994 80	9, 010, 601 20	47, 676, 913 50	45, 883, 395	31, 124, 274
Redeemed internal-revenue stamps					
Redeemed United States fractional currency received for destruction.					
United States fractional currency, first issue					
United States fractional currency, second issue					
United States fractional currency, third issue					
United States fractional currency, fourth issue					
United States fractional currency, fourth issue, second series					
United States fractional currency, fourth issue, third series					
United States fractional currency, fifth issue					
Totals					
Aggregate of redeemed United States securities received for destruction					

TABLE W.—*STATEMENT of UNITED STATES SECURITIES UNISSUED, and MUTILATED, in process of PRINTING, received by the OFFICE of the SECRETARY of the TREASURY for FINAL COUNT, EXAMINATION, and DESTRUCTION during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.*

Title of security.	Total.
United States bonds unissued	\$311, 274, 800 00
United States national bank currency, unissued	286, 110 00
United States notes, series of 1880	3, 390, 904 00
United States silver certificates	2, 089, 760 00
United States gold certificates, series 1882	14, 846, 440 00
United States bonds mutilated in printing	29, 489, 200 00
United States bonds, specimens, mutilated in printing	227, 450 00
United States national bank currency mutilated in printing, series of 1875	6, 086, 700 00
United States national bank currency mutilated in printing, series of 1882	2, 685, 310 00
Aggregate destroyed	370, 376, 674 00

TABLE X.—*RETURNS, by JUDGMENTS, of the UNITED STATES COURT of CLAIMS, of PROCEEDS of PROPERTY SEIZED as CAPTURED or ABANDONED, under the act of March 12, 1863, PAID from July 1, 1882, to June 30, 1883.*

Date.	To whom paid.	Amount.
January 1, 1883	Edward T. Parker, administrator of John K. Elgee	\$105, 007 59
June 13, 1883	Stephen Duncan, executor of Stephen Duncan, deceased	19, 543 79
	Total	124, 551 38

TABLE Y.—*RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS by UNITED STATES ASSISTANT TREASURERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.*

BALTIMORE.

Balance June 30, 1882..... \$5, 054, 201 05

RECEIPTS.

On account of customs	\$3, 166, 244 58
On account of internal revenue	486, 944 16
On account of redemption	1, 085, 580 00
On account of certificates of deposit, act June 8, 1872	3, 550, 000 00
On account of Post-Office Department	438, 950 94
On account of transfers	8, 445, 600 87
On account of patent fees	135 00
On account of disbursing officers	3, 999, 523 20
On account of semi-annual duty	136, 620 22
On account of miscellaneous	48, 283 97
	21, 357, 882 94
	26, 412, 083 99

DISBURSEMENTS.

On account of treasury drafts	3, 959, 809 45
On account of Post-Office drafts	333, 475 04
On account of disbursing accounts	3, 793, 085 55
On account of redemption	1, 102, 120 00
On account of interest	955, 454 01
On account of transfers	3, 168, 027 80
On account of certificates of deposit, act June 8, 1872	3, 235, 000 00
	16, 546, 971 85
Balance June 30, 1883	9, 865, 112 14

TABLE Y.—RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS, &c.—Continued.**BOSTON.**

Balance June 30, 1882 \$14,235,924 51

RECEIPTS.

On account of customs	\$25,609,638 22	
On account of internal revenue	1,074,499 95	
On account of certificates, act June 8, 1872	3,235,000 00	
On account of Post-Office Department	2,333,729 95	
On account of transfers	11,088,080 88	
On account of patent fees	8,349 20	
On account of disbursing officers	28,533,563 18	
On account of miscellaneous	7,323,713 79	
		79,206,575 17
		<u>93,442,499 68</u>

DISBURSEMENTS.

On account of Treasury drafts	16,449,389 32	
On account of Post-Office drafts	1,671,601 11	
On account of disbursing officers	28,365,095 26	
On account of interest	7,231,610 24	
On account of transfers	11,127,520 41	
On account of certificates of deposit, act June 8, 1872	3,510,000 00	
On account of fractional currency redeemed	722,485 69	
On account of standard dollars	463,113 00	
On account of miscellaneous	10,529 64	
		69,551,344 67
Balance June 30, 1883		<u>23,891,155 01</u>

CHICAGO.

Balance June 30, 1882 14,391,179 67

RECEIPTS.

On account of customs	4,930,757 72	
On account of internal revenue	2,630,191 08	
On account of sale of lands	887,662 08	
On account of gold certificates	3,000,000 00	
On account of certificates of deposit, act June 8, 1872	550,000 00	
On account of Post-Office Department	4,002,575 72	
On account of transfers	13,683,543 19	
On account of patent fees	7,589 00	
On account of disbursing officers	12,933,411 47	
On account of semi-annual duty	90,288 39	
On account of Secretary of Treasury	3,476 10	
On account of miscellaneous	410,381 73	
		43,129,876 48
		<u>57,521,056 15</u>

DISBURSEMENTS.

On account of Treasury drafts	13,184,888 82	
On account of Post-Office drafts	3,763,562 57	
On account of disbursing officers	12,120,166 37	
On account of interest	1,509,486 96	
On account of transfers	11,047,628 54	
On account of certificates of deposit, act June 8, 1872	1,035,000 00	
On account of fractional currency redeemed	6,908 28	
		42,667,641 54
Balance June 30, 1883		<u>14,853,414 61</u>

TABLE Y.—RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS, &c.—Continued.

CINCINNATI.

Balance June 30, 1882	\$3, 650, 092 97
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RECEIPTS.

On account of customs	\$1, 104, 396 59	
On account of internal revenue	433, 169 11	
On account of fractional currency	670 00	
On account of minor coins	38, 593 00	
On account of fractional silver coin	661, 101 00	
On account of certificates, act June 8, 1872	2, 340, 000 00	
On account of Post-Office Department	1, 895, 977 84	
On account of transfers	8, 776, 830 63	
On account of patent fees	5, 217 45	
On account of disbursing officers	1, 785, 199 18	
On account of interest	1, 296, 474 98	
On account of miscellaneous	167, 844 88	
		<u>18, 505, 474 66</u>
		<u>22, 155, 567 63</u>

DISBURSEMENTS.

On account of Treasury drafts	1, 771, 785 39	
On account of Post-Office drafts	1, 897, 654 01	
On account of disbursing officers	1, 808, 472 77	
On account of minor coins redeemed	38, 593 00	
On account of fractional silver coin redeemed	661, 101 00	
On account of interest	1, 296, 474 98	
On account of transfers	7, 813, 474 71	
On account of certificates of deposit, act June 8, 1872	2, 255, 000 00	
On account of fractional currency redeemed	670 00	
		<u>17, 543, 225 86</u>
Balance June 30, 1883		<u>4, 612, 341 77</u>

NEW ORLEANS.

Balance June 30, 1882	7, 264, 728 75
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RECEIPTS.

On account of customs	2, 480, 662 96	
On account of internal revenue	913, 609 69	
On account of sale of lands	912, 143 80	
On account of Post-Office Department	1, 039, 388 21	
On account of transfers	18, 034, 213 84	
On account of patent fees	356 00	
On account of disbursing officers	3, 980, 642 52	
On account of miscellaneous	238, 391 73	
		<u>27, 599, 408 75</u>
		<u>34, 864, 137 50</u>

DISBURSEMENTS.

On account of Treasury drafts	4, 591, 461 76	
On account of Post-Office drafts	858, 982 34	
On account of disbursing accounts	3, 734, 703 97	
On account of transfers	14, 486, 652 36	
On account of fractional currency redeemed	900 00	
		<u>23, 672, 700 43</u>
Balance June 30, 1883		<u>11, 191, 437 07</u>

TABLE Y.—RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS, &c.—Continued.

NEW YORK.

Balance June 30, 1882 \$98,727,509 22

RECEIPTS.

On account of customs.....	\$151,869,013 41
On account of gold certificates, act July 12, 1882	71,350,000 00
On account of internal revenue	2,729,890 40
On account of certificates of deposits, act of June 8, 1872	4,445,000 00
On account of Post-Office Department	8,299,509 47
On account of transfers	141,888,031 32
On account of patent fees	4,102 70
On account of disbursing officers	274,154,756 53
On account of assay office, bullion	5,640,524 93
On account of interest	42,398,664 77
On account of miscellaneous	54,705,451 59

757,484,945 12

856,212,454 34

DISBURSEMENTS.

On account of Treasury drafts.....	315,073,315 88
On account of Post-Office drafts	7,153,675 01
On account of disbursing officers	267,464,449 88
On account of assay office, bullion	11,048,820 81
On account of interest	42,398,664 77
On account of Louisville and Portland Canal Company bond redeemed ..	1,000 00
On account of United States bonds redeemed	45,317,770 15
On account of United States bonds, sinking fund	552,636 00
On account of United States gold certificates, act March 3, 1863	1,533,580 00
On account of United States gold certificates, act July 12, 1882, New York series	7,715,000 00
On account of United States gold certificates, act July 12, 1882, Washington series	20,000 00
On account of certificates of deposit, act June 8, 1872	4,050,000 00
On account of United States notes, mutilated	16,458,269 00
On account of National Bank notes, mutilated	4,734,000 00
On account of United States silver certificates, mutilated	8,279,000 00
On account of fractional currency, mutilated	21,570 00

731,821,751 50

Balance June 30, 1883 124,390,702 84

(United States gold certificates, act July 12, 1882, New York series, canceled at Washington, not included above, \$51,680.)

PHILADELPHIA.

Balance on hand June 30, 1882..... \$17,296,326 80

RECEIPTS.

On account of disbursing officers.....	\$16,460,752 86
On account of Post-Office Department.....	2,258,643 76
On account of transfers	13,016,000 28
On account of certificates of deposit, act June 8, 1872	5,035,000 00
On account of semi-annual duty	577,369 38
On account of internal revenue	360,833 00
On account of patent fees	4,384 90
On account of miscellaneous	2,198,998 19
On account of customs.....	12,459,268 53

52,371,251 00

DISBURSEMENTS.

On account of disbursing officers	16,869,244 48
On account of Post-Office drafts	2,048,003 98
On account of Treasury drafts	10,746,243 81
On account of certificates of deposit, act June 8, 1872	4,700,000 00
On account of interest	3,241,606 87
On account of transfers	8,198,111 40

45,803,110 54

Balance June 30, 1883 23,864,467 26

TABLE Y.—RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS, &c.—Continued.

SAINT LOUIS.

Balance June 30, 1882 \$9,219,464 79

RECEIPTS.

On account of customs.....	\$1,841,297 10	
On account of internal revenue	761,625 43	
On account of sale of lands.....	64,196 56	
On account of Treasurer's transfers.....	3,331,914 45	
On account of redemption	886,878 51	
On account of certificates of deposit, act June 8, 1872.....	245,000 00	
On account of Post-Office Department	2,407,634 19	
On account of transfers	16,456,784 23	
On account of patent fees	2,920 75	
On account of disbursing officers.....	12,059,523 67	
On account of assay office, ordinary expense account	2,860 39	
On account of bullion account.....	25,000 00	
On account of miscellaneous	707,380 91	
		38,793,016 19
		48,012,480 98

DISBURSEMENTS.

On account of Treasury drafts.....	12,048,587 38	
On account of Post-Office drafts	2,501,236 36	
On account of disbursing officers.....	11,581,674 04	
On account of assay office, ordinary expense account.....	5,507 13	
On account of bullion account.....	18,446 00	
On account of interest	638,744 47	
On account of Treasurer's transfers.....	561,460 41	
On account of transfers	7,179,440 00	
On account of certificates of deposit, act June 8, 1872	425,000 00	
On account of fractional currency redeemed.....	185 00	
		34,960,220 79
Balance June 30, 1883		13,052,260 19

SAN FRANCISCO.

Balance June 30, 1882 *41,021,949 69

RECEIPTS.

On account of customs.....	10,939,623 70	
On account of internal revenue	3,976,213 04	
On account of sale of lands.....	795,050 37	
On account of repayments	235,324 29	
On account of standard dollars.....	1,946,500 00	
On account of Post-Office Department	961,657 03	
On account of transfers	20,676,220 00	
On account of patent fees	17,919 50	
On account of disbursing officers.....	12,264,439 41	
On account of miscellaneous	1,123,226 97	
		52,936,174 31
		93,958,124 00

DISBURSEMENTS.

On account of Treasury drafts.....	9,894,244 03	
On account of Post-Office drafts.....	993,476 12	
On account of disbursing officers.....	11,362,982 69	
On account of interest	551,505 17	
On account of transfers	1,150,301 89	
		23,952,509 90
Balance June 30, 1883		70,005,614 10

* Including reserve fund, \$2,240,000.

APPENDIX ACCOMPANYING THE REPORT.



APPENDIX.

SCHEDULE No. 2.

(Referred to on pages XXXVI, XXXIX, XL.)

ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING the REVENUE from CUSTOMS for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885, showing the NUMBER of EMPLOYÉS and SALARIES REQUIRED in EACH DISTRICT, under the CONSOLIDATION and REORGANIZATION as RECOMMENDED by the SECRETARY of the TREASURY.

MAINE.

No.	Officers.	Per annum.	Total.
VANCEBOROUGH.			
1	Collector		\$3,000
2	Deputy collectors each..	\$1,400	2,800
5	Deputy collectors and inspectors do..	1,000	5,000
3	..... do..... do.....	800	2,400
11	Total.....		13,200
BANGOR.			
1	Collector		3,000
1	Deputy collector		1,600
1	Deputy collector and inspector		1,400
6	Deputy collectors and inspectors each..	1,000	6,000
2	..... do..... do.....	800	1,600
4	..... do..... do.....	600	2,400
2	..... do..... do.....	300	600
2	..... do..... do.....	200	400
1	Deputy collector and inspector		100
20	Total.....		17,100
BATH.			
1	Collector		3,000
1	Deputy collector		1,600
1	Deputy collector and inspector		1,400
6	Deputy collectors and inspectors each..	1,000	6,000
4	..... do..... do.....	800	3,200
2	..... do..... do.....	600	1,200
2	..... do..... do.....	300	600
17	Total.....		17,000
EASTPORT.			
1	Collector		3,000
1	Deputy collector		1,800
5	Inspectors each..	1,000	5,000
1	Clerk		1,000
1	Deputy collector		1,200
1	Deputy collector and inspector		1,000
9	Inspectors each..	800	7,200
4	Deputy collectors and inspectors do..	300	1,200
23	Total.....		21,400
PORTLAND.			
1	Collector		5,000
2	Deputy collectors each..	2,500	5,000
2	..... do..... do.....	1,800	3,600
1	Clerk		1,600
6	Clerks each..	1,200	7,200
2	..... do..... do.....	1,000	2,000
1	Clerk		900
18	Inspectors each..	1,000	18,000
16	Inspectors (for 6 months) do..	1,000	8,000
7	Night inspectors (for 6 months) do..	900	3,150
2	Boatmen do..	800	1,600
2	Messengers do..	600	1,200
1	Laborer		600
1	Watchman		720
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors each..	300	600
1	Deputy collector and inspector		100
65	Total.....		56,770

SCHEDULE No. 2.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

No.	Officers.	Per annum.	Total.
PORTSMOUTH.			
1	Collector		\$2,000
1	Deputy collector		1,200
1	Deputy collector and inspector		1,000
1	do		600
1	Inspector		1,400
3	Inspectors	\$1,000	3,000
1	Boatman		400
9	Total		9,600

VERMONT.

BURLINGTON.			
1	Collector		\$5,000
1	Deputy collector		2,500
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each.. \$1,800	3,600
4	do	do.. 1,600	6,400
1	Deputy collector and inspector		1,400
4	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each.. 1,200	4,800
3	do	do.. 1,400	4,200
11	do	do.. 1,000	11,000
2	Inspectors	do.. 1,400	2,800
21	do	do.. 1,000	21,000
6	Deputy collectors and inspectors	do.. 600	3,600
2	Night watchmen	do.. 600	1,200
1	Clerk		600
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each.. 1,000	2,000
1	Deputy collector and inspector		800
1	Clerk		1,000
1	Boatman		600
4	Tally clerks	each.. 240	960
68	Total		73,460

MASSACHUSETTS.

SALEM.			
1	Collector		\$3,000
1	Deputy collector		1,800
1	do		1,400
1	Clerk		1,200
5	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each.. \$1,000	5,000
7	Inspectors	do.. 1,000	7,000
1	Inspector		1,200
1	Boatman		600
1	Deputy collector and inspector		300
19	Total		21,500

BOSTON.

Collector's office.

1	Collector		8,000
1	Deputy collector		4,000
1	Secretary and chief clerk		2,500
3	Deputy collectors	each.. 3,000	9,000
2	do	do.. 2,500	5,000
1	Auditor		3,000
1	Cashier		3,000
1	Assistant cashier		2,200
4	Clerks	each.. 2,000	8,000
7	do	do.. 1,800	12,600
14	do	do.. 1,600	22,400
43	do	do.. 1,400	60,200
15	do	do.. 1,200	18,000
22	do	do.. 1,000	22,000
1	Clerk and storekeeper		1,600
1	Clerk and assistant storekeeper		1,200
1	Copyist		600
7	Messengers	each.. 840	5,880

SCHEDULE No. 2.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

MASSACHUSETTS—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per annum.	Total.
BOSTON—Continued.			
<i>Collector's office—Continued.</i>			
8	Messengers.....	each.. \$720	\$5,760
1	Assistant to cigar inspector.....		800
8	Night watchmen.....	each.. 800	6,400
87	Inspectors.....	do.. 1,400	121,800
1	Female inspector.....	do..	900
1	Captain of night inspectors.....		1,400
24	Night inspectors.....	each.. 1,000	24,000
3	Weighers.....	do.. 2,000	6,000
3	Assistant weighers.....	do.. 1,400	4,200
1	Gauger.....		2,000
2	Assistant gaugers.....	each.. 1,400	2,800
14	Assistant weighers.....	do.. 1,200	16,800
15	do.....	do.. 1,000	15,000
3	Weigher's clerks.....	do.. 1,000	3,000
1	Storekeeper of port.....		2,000
2	Foremen of laborers.....	each.. 1,000	2,000
22	Laborers.....	do.. 800	25,600
1	Carpenter.....		900
4	Revenue boatmen.....	each.. 800	3,200
1	Day watchman.....		1,000
1	Measurer of marble, when employed.....		1,200
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors.....	each.. 1,000	2,000
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....		900
1	do.....	do..	800
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors.....	each.. 800	1,600
2	do.....	do.. 500	1,000
2	do.....	do.. 300	600
<i>Naval office.</i>			
1	Naval officer.....		5,000
1	Deputy Naval officer.....		2,500
1	Chief clerk and acting deputy.....		2,000
4	Clerks.....	each.. 1,800	7,200
6	do.....	do.. 1,600	9,600
3	do.....	do.. 1,400	4,200
2	do.....	do.. 1,200	2,400
1	Clerk.....		1,000
<i>Appraiser's department.</i>			
1	General appraiser.....		3,000
1	Appraiser.....		4,000
3	Assistant appraisers.....	each.. 2,500	7,500
1	Clerk to general appraiser.....		1,400
1	Special examiner of drugs.....		1,000
1	Examiner.....		2,000
10	Examiners.....	each.. 1,800	18,000
2	do.....	do.. 1,600	3,200
1	Examiner.....		1,400
1	do.....		1,200
2	Clerks.....	each.. 1,600	3,200
1	Clerk.....		1,400
2	Clerks.....	each.. 1,200	2,400
7	Samplers.....	do.. 1,200	8,400
1	Sampler.....		840
5	Openers and packers.....	each.. 900	4,500
5	do.....	do.. 840	4,200
2	Messengers.....	do.. 840	1,680
415	Total.....		546,060
NEW BEDFORD.			
1	Collector.....		3,000
1	Deputy collector.....		1,800
1	Clerk.....		1,000
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....		800
3	Deputy collectors and inspectors.....	each.. 500	1,500
4	do.....	do.. 1,000	4,000
2	do.....	do.. 800	1,600
1	Boatman.....		500
14	Total.....		14,200

SCHEDULE No. 2.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

RHODE ISLAND.

No.	Officers.	Per annum.	Total.
PROVIDENCE.			
1	Collector		\$4, 000
1	Deputy collector		2, 000
2	Deputy collectors	each.. \$1, 800	3, 600
6	Inspectors	do.. 1, 200	7, 200
5	do	do.. 1, 000	5, 000
1	Inspector		500
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each.. 1, 000	2, 000
1	Deputy collector and inspector		600
1	Storekeeper		1, 000
1	Clerk and sampler		1, 200
1	Watchman		720
22	Total		27, 820

CONNECTICUT.

NEW LONDON.			
1	Collector		\$2, 500
1	Deputy collector		1, 600
1	do		500
1	do		300
3	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each.. \$1, 000	3, 000
7	Total		7, 900
NEW HAVEN.			
1	Collector		4, 000
1	Deputy collector		2, 000
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each.. 1, 200	2, 400
1	Deputy collector and inspector		1, 000
1	Deputy collector and clerk		1, 400
1	do		1, 200
1	Deputy collector and inspector		800
1	do		500
1	do		200
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each.. 150	300
2	Inspectors, weighers, and gangers	do.. 1, 200	2, 400
1	Messenger		500
1	Boatman		400
4	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each.. 1, 000	4, 000
1	Night inspector		900
21	Total		22, 000

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK CITY.			
<i>Collector's office.</i>			
1	Collector		\$12, 000
1	Chief clerk		5, 000
1	Auditor		5, 000
1	Cashier		5, 000
1	Assistant auditor		3, 000
1	Assistant cashier		3, 000
6	Deputy collectors	each.. \$3, 500	21, 000
5	do	do.. 3, 000	15, 000
1	Clerk		3, 000
10	Clerks	each.. 2, 500	25, 000
18	do	do.. 2, 200	39, 600
37	do	do.. 2, 000	74, 000
16	do	do.. 1, 800	28, 800
48	do	do.. 1, 600	76, 800
67	do	do.. 1, 400	93, 800
99	do	do.. 1, 200	118, 800
20	do	do.. 1, 000	20, 000

SCHEDULE No. 2.—ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.—Continued.

NEW YORK—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per annum.	Total.
NEW YORK CITY—Continued.			
<i>Collector's office—Continued.</i>			
43	Messengers	each .. \$840	\$36, 120
10	do	do .. 720	7, 200
2	do	do .. 500	1, 000
1	Superintendent at Castle Garden .....	.....	2, 000
1	Measurer of marble .....	.....	2, 000
1	Superintendent of laborers at public store .....	.....	1, 600
1	Engineer .....	.....	1, 400
1	Engineer at public store .....	.....	1, 200
1	Assistant engineer at custom-house .....	.....	720
1	Detective .....	.....	1, 200
1	Master mechanic .....	.....	1, 200
3	Carpenters	each .. 1, 000	3, 000
1	Opener and packer .....	.....	1, 000
1	Bookbinder .....	.....	1, 200
34	Watchmen	each .. 1, 000	34, 000
1	Storckeeper .....	.....	1, 400
1	Assistant storckeeper .....	.....	1, 000
12	Laborers	each .. 720	8, 640
3	Firemen	do .. 720	2, 160
1	Scrubber .....	.....	540
1	do .....	.....	360
1	Deputy collector at Albany .....	.....	3, 000
4	Inspectors at Albany and Troy	each .. 1, 000	4, 000
1	Deputy collector and inspector at Cold Spring .....	.....	200
1	Deputy collector and inspector at Sag Harbor .....	.....	300
1	Deputy collector and inspector at Greenport .....	.....	200
1	Deputy collector and inspector at Patchogue .....	.....	200
1	Deputy collector and inspector at Port Jefferson .....	.....	200
300	Inspectors	each .. 1, 400	420, 000
15	do	do .. 1, 000	15, 000
123	Night inspectors	do .. 1, 000	123, 000
7	Female inspectors	do .. 1, 000	7, 000
4	Coast inspectors	do .. 200	800
1	Telegraph operator .....	.....	1, 000
<i>Weigher's and Gauger's department.</i>			
4	Weighers	each .. 2, 500	10, 000
5	Weighers' foremen	do .. 1, 400	7, 000
50	Assistant weighers	do .. 1, 200	60, 000
30	do	do .. 900	27, 000
1	Gauger .....	.....	2, 500
2	Gaugers	each .. 2, 200	4, 400
1	Foreman .....	.....	1, 400
6	Assistant gaugers	each .. 1, 200	7, 200
5	do	do .. 900	4, 500
27	Laborers	do .. 720	19, 440
<i>Surveyor's office.</i>			
1	Surveyor .....	.....	6, 000
1	Assistant surveyor .....	.....	5, 000
1	Deputy surveyor .....	.....	3, 000
2	Deputy surveyors	each .. 2, 500	5, 000
4	Clerks	do .. 1, 800	7, 200
6	do	do .. 1, 600	9, 600
7	Measurers of vessels	do .. 1, 400	9, 800
2	Messengers	do .. 840	1, 680
6	do	do .. 720	4, 320
1	Scrubber .....	.....	360
<i>Naval office.</i>			
1	Naval officer .....	.....	6, 000
1	Deputy naval officer .....	.....	3, 000
3	Deputy naval officers	each .. 2, 500	7, 500
1	Auditor .....	.....	2, 500
8	Clerks	each .. 2, 200	17, 600
20	do	do .. 2, 000	40, 000
5	do	do .. 1, 800	9, 000
18	do	do .. 1, 600	28, 800
11	do	do .. 1, 400	15, 400
14	do	do .. 1, 200	16, 800
1	Clerk .....	.....	1, 000
5	Messengers	each .. 840	4, 200
2	do	do .. 500	1, 000

SCHEDULE No. 2.—ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.—Continued.

NEW YORK—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per annum.	Total.
NEW YORK CITY—Continued.			
<i>Appraiser's department.</i>			
1	Appraiser		\$6,000
1	Assistant appraiser		3,500
7	Assistant appraisers	each \$3,000	21,000
1	Chief clerk		2,500
22	Examiners	each 2,500	55,000
12	do	do 2,200	26,400
20	do	do 2,000	40,000
14	do	do 1,800	25,200
1	Clerk		2,200
2	Clerks	each 1,800	3,600
12	do	do 1,600	19,200
14	do	do 1,400	19,600
16	do	do 1,200	19,200
30	Samplers	do 1,200	36,000
105	Openers and packers	do 900	94,500
8	Messengers	do 840	6,720
7	do	do 720	5,040
<i>General appraiser's office.</i>			
1	General appraiser		4,000
1	Clerk		2,500
2	Clerks	each 1,800	3,600
1	Clerk		1,600
4	Clerks	each 1,200	4,800
1	Opener and packer		900
1	Messenger		720
1,450	Total		1,984,620
PLATTSBURGH.			
1	Collector		3,000
1	Deputy collector and inspector		1,800
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each 1,400	2,800
2	do	do 1,200	2,400
1	Deputy collector and inspector		1,000
9	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each 900	8,100
8	do	do 800	6,400
3	do	do 600	1,800
27	Total		27,300
OGDENSBURG.			
1	Collector		3,000
1	Deputy collector and inspector		1,600
1	do		1,400
3	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each 1,200	3,600
2	do	do 1,000	2,000
2	do	do 800	1,600
3	do	do 500	1,500
9	Inspectors	1,000	9,000
22	Total		23,700
CAPE VINCENT.			
1	Collector		2,500
1	Deputy collector and inspector		1,400
1	do		1,200
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each 1,000	2,000
2	do	do 900	1,800
6	do	do 500	3,000
13	Total		11,900
OSWEGO.			
1	Collector		4,000
1	Deputy collector		1,800
1	do		1,600
2	Deputy collectors	each 1,400	2,800
1	Deputy collector and inspector		1,200
3	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each 1,000	3,000
19	do	do 800	15,200
28	Total		29,600

SCHEDULE No. 2.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

NEW YORK—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per annum.	Total.
ROCHESTER.			
1	Collector		\$3,000
1	Deputy collector		1,800
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each.. \$1,400	2,800
2	do	do.. 1,200	2,400
8	do	do.. 1,000	8,000
6	do	do.. 800	4,800
20	Total		22,800
SUSPENSION BRIDGE.			
1	Collector		4,000
1	Deputy collector		2,000
1	Deputy collector and inspector		1,600
5	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each.. 1,400	7,000
1	Deputy collector and inspector		1,200
24	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each.. 1,000	24,000
2	do	do.. 800	1,600
5	do	do.. 600	3,000
1	Messenger		600
41	Total		45,000
BUFFALO.			
1	Collector		5,000
1	Deputy collector and inspector		2,500
1	do		1,800
1	do		1,600
6	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each.. 1,400	8,400
7	do	do.. 1,200	8,400
22	do	do.. 1,000	22,000
1	Deputy collector and inspector		800
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each.. 600	1,200
1	Messenger		800
1	do		500
1	Opener and packer		900
45	Total		53,900

NEW JERSEY.

PERTH AMBOY.			
1	Collector		\$3,000
1	Deputy collector		1,400
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each.. \$1,200	2,400
1	Deputy collector and inspector		300
2	Coast inspector	each.. 600	1,200
7	Total		8,300

PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA			
<i>Collector's office.</i>			
1	Collector		\$8,000
2	Deputy collectors	each.. \$3,000	6,000
1	Deputy collector		2,500
1	Auditor		2,500
1	Cashier		2,500
1	Assistant cashier		2,000
2	Clerks	each.. 2,000	4,000
5	do	do.. 1,800	9,000
13	do	do.. 1,600	20,800
11	do	do.. 1,400	15,400
6	do	do.. 1,200	7,200
1	Messenger		840
4	Messengers	each.. 720	2,880
2	Watchmen	do.. 900	1,800
1	Superintendent warehouses		2,000
1	Clerk and cigar inspector		1,400
2	Foremen (public stores)	each.. 900	1,800
2	Night watchmen	do.. 900	1,800
1	Marker		720

SCHEDULE NO. 2.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per annum.	Total.
PHILADELPHIA—Continued.			
<i>Collector's office—Continued.</i>			
17	Laborers.....each..	\$700	\$11,900
2	Bargemen.....do..	720	1,440
5	Deputy collectors and inspectors.....do..	600	3,000
1	Carpenter.....		800
2	Day watchmen.....each..	720	1,440
6	Inspectors.....do..	1,400	8,400
72	.....do.....do..	1,200	86,400
1	Inspector.....		600
1	Night inspector.....		1,200
34	Night inspectors.....each..	1,000	34,000
1	Inspector.....		900
<i>Weigher's and Gauger's department.</i>			
1	Chief weigher.....		2,000
18	Assistant weighers.....each..	1,200	21,600
1	Clerk.....		1,200
4	Laborers.....each..	720	2,880
1	Gauger.....		2,000
1	Assistant gauger.....		1,200
1	Stenciler.....		900
<i>Naval office.</i>			
1	Naval officer.....		3,000
1	Deputy naval officer and clerk.....		2,500
1	Cashier and fee clerk.....		1,800
1	Liquidating clerk.....		1,800
2	Clerks.....each..	1,400	2,800
2	.....do.....do..	1,200	2,400
1	Messenger.....		720
<i>Appraiser's department.</i>			
1	Appraiser.....		3,500
3	Assistant appraisers.....each..	2,500	5,000
1	Examiner.....		2,000
7	Examiners.....each..	1,800	12,600
1	Inspector of drugs.....		1,000
1	Chief clerk.....		1,500
2	Clerks.....each..	1,200	2,400
2	.....do.....do..	1,200	2,400
1	Messenger.....		700
1	Watchman.....		700
14	Samplers and packers.....each..	900	12,600
1	Foreman of laborers.....		900
10	Laborers.....each..	700	7,000
1	General appraiser.....		3,000
1	Clerk.....		1,400
282	Total.....		346,720
ERIE.			
1	Collector.....		2,000
1	Deputy collector.....		1,600
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....		1,000
3	Total.....		4,600
PITTSBURGH.			
1	Collector.....		4,000
1	Deputy collector.....		1,800
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....		1,600
1	.....do.....		1,000
1	Clerk.....		1,400
1	.....do.....		1,200
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....		1,200
3	Deputy collectors and inspectors.....each..	1,000	3,000
1	Messenger.....		600
11	Total.....		15,800

SCHEDULE No. 2.—ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.—Continued.

DELAWARE.

No.	Officers.	Per annum.	Total.
WILMINGTON.			
1	Collector.....		\$3, 000
1	Deputy collector and cashier.....		1, 600
1	Inspector, weigher and measurer.....		1, 000
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....		600
1	do do.....		500
1	do do.....		1, 000
5	Boatmen.....each..	\$300	1, 500
11	Total.....		9, 200

MARYLAND.

BALTIMORE.			
<i>Collector's office.</i>			
1	Collector.....		\$6, 000
1	Deputy collector.....		3, 000
1	do.....		2, 500
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....		1, 200
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors.....each..	\$800	1, 600
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....		300
1	Auditor.....		2, 500
1	Assistant auditor.....		1, 800
1	Cashier.....		2, 500
1	Assistant cashier.....		1, 800
11	Clerks.....each..	1, 800	19, 800
5	do.....do..	1, 600	8, 000
9	do.....do..	1, 400	12, 600
9	do.....do..	1, 200	10, 800
7	Messengers.....do..	720	5, 040
2	Laborers.....do..	720	1, 440
5	Watchmen.....do..	840	4, 200
2	Markers.....do..	840	1, 680
1	Fireman.....		540
1	Boatman.....		540
1	do.....		720
1	do.....		480
1	do.....		180
1	Clerk and storekeeper.....		1, 800
1	do do.....		1, 600
1	Engineer.....		1, 200
1	Fireman.....		1, 000
8	Laborers.....each..	600	4, 800
<i>Naval office.</i>			
1	Naval officer.....		3, 000
1	Deputy naval officer.....		2, 500
2	Clerks.....each..	1, 600	3, 200
3	do.....do..	1, 400	4, 200
1	Clerk.....		1, 000
1	Messenger.....		720
<i>Inspectors.</i>			
2	Inspectors.....each..	1, 400	2, 800
45	do.....do..	1, 200	54, 000
1	Female inspector.....		600
1	Captain of night inspectors.....		1, 200
20	Night inspectors.....each..	1, 000	20, 000
<i>Weigher's and Gauger's department.</i>			
1	Weigher.....		2, 000
16	Assistant weighers.....each..	1, 200	19, 200
1	Weigher and gauger.....		1, 300
1	Clerk.....		1, 400
2	Clerks.....each..	1, 200	2, 400
1	Messenger.....		720
1	Keeper of scale-room.....		660
<i>Appraiser's department.</i>			
1	General appraiser.....		3, 000
1	Local appraiser.....		3, 000
1	Assistant appraiser.....		2, 500
3	Examiners.....each..	1, 800	5, 400
3	do.....do..	1, 600	4, 800
2	Clerks.....do..	1, 600	3, 200
1	Foreman of laborers.....		840
1	Assistant examiner.....		1, 000

SCHEDULE No. 2.—ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.—Continued.

MARYLAND—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per annum.	Total.
BALTIMORE—Continued.			
<i>Appraiser's department—Continued.</i>			
1	Messenger.....		\$720
5	Laborers.....each..	\$840	4,200
5	do.....do..	720	3,600
1	Copyist.....		900
204	Total.....		253,680

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

WASHINGTON.			
1	Collector.....		\$2,000
1	Deputy collector.....		1,600
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....		1,200
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors.....each..	\$1,000	2,000
5	Total.....		6,800

VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND.			
1	Collector.....		\$2,000
1	Deputy collector.....		1,600
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....		1,400
2	Inspectors.....each..	\$1,000	2,000
3	Deputy collectors and inspectors.....do..	600	1,800
1	Watchman.....		600
1	Boatman.....		420
10	Total.....		9,820
NORFOLK.			
1	Collector.....		\$3,000
1	Deputy collector.....		1,600
1	Clerk.....		1,400
1	do.....		1,200
1	do.....		900
1	Deputy collector and inspector at Elizabeth City, N. C.....		1,400
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....do..		1,200
1	do.....do..		1,000
4	Deputy collectors and inspectors.....each..	\$600	2,400
1	Inspector.....		1,400
3	Inspectors.....each..	1,000	3,000
1	Night inspector.....		800
4	Boatmen.....each..	450	1,800
21	Total.....		21,100

NORTH CAROLINA.

WILMINGTON.			
1	Collector.....		\$3,000
1	Deputy collector.....		1,600
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors.....each..	\$1,400	2,800
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....		1,200
7	Deputy collectors and inspectors.....each..	1,000	7,000
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....		600
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors.....each..	360	720
1	Clerk.....		1,000
1	Messenger.....		600
1	Watchman.....		480
2	Boatmen.....each..	420	840
2	do.....do..	360	720
5	do.....do..	240	1,200
27	Total.....		21,760

SCHEDULE No. 2—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

No.	Officers.	Per annum.	Total.
CHARLESTON.			
1	Collector		\$4,000
1	Deputy collector		2,000
1	Clerk		1,600
2	Clerks	each.. \$1,400	2,800
2	Inspectors	do.. 1,400	2,800
3	do	do.. 1,000	3,000
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	do.. 1,000	2,000
1	Deputy collector and inspector		600
2	Night inspectors	each.. 720	1,440
2	Watchmen	do.. 600	1,200
1	Messenger		730
1	Laborer		360
4	Boatmen	each.. 480	1,920
5	do	do.. 300	1,500
28	Total		25,950

GEORGIA.

SAVANNAH.			
1	Collector		\$4,000
1	Deputy collector		2,000
1	Clerk		1,600
2	Clerks	each.. \$1,400	2,800
2	Inspectors	do.. 1,400	2,800
3	do	do.. 1,000	3,000
4	Night inspectors	do.. 720	2,880
1	Deputy collector and inspector		1,400
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each.. 1,000	2,000
3	Boatmen	do.. 600	1,800
1	Boatman		360
4	Boatmen	each.. 300	1,200
25	Total		25,840

FLORIDA.

FERNANDINA.			
1	Collector		\$2,000
1	Deputy collector		1,400
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each.. \$1,200	2,400
4	do	do.. 1,000	4,000
1	Deputy collector and inspector		900
1	do		720
3	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each.. 500	1,500
9	Boatmen	do.. 300	2,700
22	Total		15,620

KEY WEST.

1	Collector		4,000
1	Deputy collector		2,000
1	Clerk		1,600
1	do		1,400
1	do		1,200
1	Inspector		1,200
3	Inspectors	each.. 1,000	3,000
1	Night inspector		900
2	Night inspectors	each.. 720	1,440
1	Watchman		720
1	Deputy collector and inspector		720
3	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each.. 500	1,500
1	Messenger		720
4	Boatmen	each.. 400	1,600
6	do	do.. 300	1,800
28	Total		23,800

SCHEDULE No. 2.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

FLORIDA—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per annum.	Total.
PENSACOLA.			
1	Collector		\$3,000
1	Deputy collector		1,600
1	do.		1,200
1	Clerk		1,000
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each.. \$1,000	2,000
1	Deputy collector and inspector		720
7	Inspectors	each.. 1,000	7,000
3	Night inspectors	do.. 720	2,160
1	Messenger		720
7	Boatmen	each.. 480	3,360
25	Total		22,760

ALABAMA.

MOBILE.			
1	Collector		\$3,000
1	Deputy collector and clerk		1,800
1	do.		1,600
1	Clerk		1,400
6	Inspectors	each.. \$1,000	6,000
3	Night inspectors	do.. 720	2,160
5	Boatmen	do.. 480	2,400
1	Messenger		720
19	Total		19,080

MISSISSIPPI.

PASCAGOULA.			
1	Collector		\$2,000
1	Deputy collector and inspector		1,200
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each.. \$1,000	2,000
2	Boatmen	do.. 480	960
6	Total		6,160

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS.			
<i>Collector's office.</i>			
1	Collector		\$6,000
1	Deputy collector		3,000
1	do.		2,500
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each.. \$1,000	2,000
1	Auditor		2,500
1	Cashier		2,500
1	Clerk		2,000
3	Clerks	each.. 1,800	5,400
6	do.	do.. 1,600	9,600
6	do.	do.. 1,400	8,400
9	do.	do.. 1,200	10,800
7	do.	do.. 1,000	7,000
2	Messengers	do.. 720	1,440
6	do.	do.. 600	3,600
1	Weigher		2,000
7	Assistant weighers	each.. 1,200	8,400
1	Gauger		1,800
1	Assistant gauger		1,200
1	Marker		720
1	Foreman of laborers		1,000
11	Laborers	each.. 600	6,600
1	Watchman		800
5	Watchmen	each.. 600	3,000
1	Storekeeper and cigar inspector		1,200

SCHEDULE No. 2.—ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.—Continued.

LOUISIANA—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per annum.	Total.
NEW ORLEANS—Continued.			
16	Boatmen	each \$600	\$9,600
3	do	do 480	1,440
2	Inspectors	do 1,400	2,800
31	do	do 1,000	31,000
1	Captain night inspectors	do 1,000	1,000
20	Night inspectors	each 900	18,000
Naval office.			
1	Naval officer		3,000
1	Deputy naval officer		2,500
1	Clerk		1,800
3	Clerks	each 1,600	4,800
1	Messenger		600
Appraiser's department.			
1	Appraiser		3,000
1	Assistant appraiser		2,500
4	Examiners	each 1,800	7,200
1	Clerk		1,600
1	do		1,400
1	do		1,200
1	do		1,000
3	Openers, packers, and samplers	each 720	2,160
7	Laborers	do 600	4,200
1	Messenger		600
178	Total		194,860

TEXAS.

BROWNSVILLE.			
1	Collector		\$3,000
1	Deputy collector		2,000
1	do		1,600
1	Deputy collector and entry clerk		1,600
2	Clerks	each \$1,600	3,200
1	Storekeeper		1,400
2	Deputy collectors and mounted inspectors	each 1,200	2,400
3	Deputy collectors and inspectors	do 1,000	3,000
10	Mounted inspectors	do 1,200	12,000
5	Inspectors	do 1,000	5,000
1	Inspector		1,000
1	Messenger		720
1	Watchman		720
30	Total		37,640
CORPUS CHRISTI.			
1	Collector		3,000
1	Deputy collector		1,800
1	Deputy collector and inspector		1,800
1	Deputy collector and clerk		1,600
1	Deputy collector and inspector		1,400
1	do		1,200
3	Clerks	each 1,200	3,600
1	Inspector		1,400
1	Storekeeper, weigher, and gauger		1,400
4	Mounted inspectors	each 1,200	4,800
3	Inspectors	do 1,000	3,000
1	Boatman		600
1	Laborer		420
20	Total		26,020

SCHEDULE No. 2.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

TEXAS—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per annum.	Total.
GALVESTON.			
1	Collector		\$4,000
1	Deputy collector		2,000
3	Deputy collectors and clerks.....each..	\$1,800	5,400
2	.....do.....do..	1,600	3,200
2	Clerks	1,400	2,800
1	Clerk		1,200
1	Inspector		1,400
2	Mounted inspectors	1,200	2,400
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	1,200	2,400
7	Inspectors	1,200	8,400
1	Night inspector		1,000
6	Night inspectors	900	5,400
1	Storekeeper		1,400
1	Messenger		720
1	Porter		600
1	Laborer		480
2	Boatmen	600	1,200
35	Total		44,000
EL PASO.			
1	Collector		2,000
1	Deputy collector		1,600
1	Deputy collector and inspector		1,400
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	1,200	2,400
5	Total		7,400
INDIANOLA.			
1	Collector		2,000
1	Deputy collector		1,600
1	Deputy collector and inspector		1,600
1	.....do.....do..		1,200
1	.....do.....do..		1,000
5	Mounted inspectors	1,200	6,000
2	Inspectors	1,000	2,000
12	Total		15,400
ARIZONA.			
TUCSON.			
1	Collector		\$2,000
1	Deputy collector		1,600
1	Deputy collector and clerk		1,400
3	Deputy collectors and inspectors	\$1,200	3,600
2	.....do.....do..	1,000	2,000
1	Deputy collector and inspector		720
9	Total		11,320
TENNESSEE.			
MEMPHIS.			
1	Collector		\$2,000
1	Deputy collector		1,200
1	Deputy collector and inspector		600
1	.....do.....do..		300
4	Total		4,100
KENTUCKY.			
LOUISVILLE.			
1	Collector		\$3,000
1	Deputy collector		1,600
1	.....do.....do..		1,400
1	.....do.....do..		1,200
1	Inspector		1,200
1	.....do.....do..		1,000
1	Messenger		600
7	Total		10,000

SCHEDULE No. 2.—ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from
CUSTOMS, &c.—Continued.

OHIO.

No.	Officers.	Per annum.	Total.
CINCINNATI.			
1	Collector		\$4,000
1	Appraiser		3,000
1	Deputy collector		2,000
1	Deputy collector and clerk		1,600
1	Inspector and weigher		1,400
1	Clerk		1,400
3	Clerks	each.. \$1,200	3,600
2	do	do.. 1,000	2,000
3	Inspectors	do.. 1,200	3,600
1	Inspector		1,000
1	Messenger		480
1	Night watchman		720
1	Examiner		1,600
1	Opener and packer	m.	900
1	Porter, appraiser's store		720
1	Laborer		600
21	Total		28,620
CLEVELAND.			
1	Collector		3,000
1	Deputy collector		1,800
2	Deputy collectors	each.. 1,600	3,200
1	do		1,400
1	Clerk		1,200
1	Deputy collector and inspector		1,200
4	Inspectors	each.. 1,000	4,000
1	Night watchman		900
1	Night inspector		900
1	Deputy collector		600
3	Deputy collectors	each.. 300	900
1	Deputy collector on dock		25
1	Messenger		720
19	Total		19,845
TOLEDO.			
1	Collector		2,000
1	Deputy collector		1,400
1	do		1,200
1	Inspector and clerk		1,000
1	Deputy collector and inspector		1,000
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each.. 400	800
4	do	do.. 200	800
1	Messenger		300
12	Total		8,500

INDIANA.

INDIANAPOLIS.			
1	Collector		\$2,000
1	Deputy collector		1,000
1	do		800
1	Clerk		720
1	Opener and packer		600
5	Total		5,120

ILLINOIS.

CHICAGO.			
1	Collector		\$6,000
1	Deputy collector		3,000
1	do		2,500
1	do		600
5	Deputy collectors	each.. \$360	1,800
1	Cashier		2,500
1	Auditor		2,500
1	Clerk		2,000

SCHEDULE No. 2.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

ILLINOIS—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per annum.	Total.
CHICAGO—Continued.			
5	Clerks each ..	\$1,800	\$9,000
5	do do ..	1,600	8,000
5	do do ..	1,400	7,000
5	do do ..	1,200	6,000
3	do do ..	1,000	3,000
2	Messengers do ..	840	1,680
1	Messenger		720
2	Watchmen each ..	900	1,800
1	Weigher		1,600
1	Gauger		1,600
1	Deputy collector and inspector		1,000
1	Cigar inspector		1,400
3	Inspectors each ..	1,400	4,200
9	do do ..	1,200	10,800
13	do do ..	1,000	13,000
10	do \$500 each during season of navigation		5,000
4	Laborers each ..	720	2,880
1	Appraiser		3,000
1	Assistant appraiser		2,000
1	Examiner		1,800
1	do do ..		1,600
1	Clerk and examiner		1,200
1	do do ..		1,000
3	Openers and packers each ..	900	2,700
92	Total		112,880

MISSOURI.

SAINT LOUIS.			
1	Collector		\$5,000
1	Deputy collector		2,500
1	Deputy collector and clerk		2,000
2	Deputy collectors and clerks each ..	\$1,800	3,600
3	do do ..	1,600	4,800
1	Deputy collector and clerk		1,400
3	Deputy collectors and clerks each ..	1,200	3,600
1	Deputy collector and clerk		1,000
1	Deputy collector and inspector		1,000
1	do do ..		500
1	Clerk		900
1	Messenger		840
2	Laborers each ..	480	960
1	Inspector		1,400
4	Inspectors each ..	1,200	4,800
1	Weigher		1,600
1	Appraiser		3,000
2	Examiners and clerks each ..	1,400	2,800
1	Storekeeper		900
1	Opener and packer		720
30	Total		43,320

MICHIGAN.

DETROIT.			
1	Collector		\$4,000
1	Deputy collector		2,000
3	Deputy collectors and clerks each ..	\$1,800	5,400
2	do do ..	1,600	3,200
2	do do ..	1,400	2,800
1	Deputy collector and clerk		1,200
5	Deputy collectors and inspectors each ..	1,400	7,000
2	do do ..	1,200	2,400
4	do do ..	1,000	4,000
28	do do ..	900	25,200
1	Deputy collector and inspector		720
3	Deputy collectors and inspectors each ..	360	1,080
2	do do ..	200	400
4	do do ..	100	400
1	Inspectress		500
1	Messenger		500
61	Total		60,800

SCHEDULE No. 2.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

MICHIGAN—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per annum.	Total.
PORT HURON.			
1	Collector		\$3,000
1	Deputy collector		1,800
1	Deputy collector and clerk		1,600
1	do		720
2	Deputy collectors and clerks	each \$1,400	2,800
4	do	do 1,200	4,800
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	do 1,400	2,800
2	do	do 1,200	2,400
11	do	do 1,000	11,000
10	do	do 900	9,000
1	Deputy collector and inspector		800
4	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each 600	2,400
7	Deputy collectors and inspectors each during season of navigation	500	3,500
1	Deputy collector and inspector		400
1	do		300
3	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each 240	720
2	do	do 120	240
1	Inspectress		200
1	Messenger		600
1	Watchman		720
57	Total		49,800
GRAND HAVEN.			
1	Collector		2,000
1	Deputy collector		1,200
1	Deputy collector and clerk		720
1	Deputy collector and inspector		600
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each 500	1,000
1	Deputy collector and inspector		360
5	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each 200	1,000
7	Deputy collectors and inspectors	do 150	1,050
19	Total		7,930
MARQUETTE.			
1	Collector		2,000
1	Deputy collector and cashier		1,200
1	Deputy collector and inspector		1,200
1	do		1,000
5	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each 240	1,200
3	do	do 100	300
2	Inspectors	do 1,000	2,000
14	Total		8,900
WISCONSIN.			
MILWAUKEE.			
1	Collector		\$3,000
1	Deputy collector		1,800
1	Deputy collector and clerk		1,600
1	do		1,200
2	Inspectors	each \$1,200	2,400
1	Inspector		1,000
1	Opener and packer		600
1	Deputy collector and inspector		600
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each 400	800
2	do	do 300	600
1	Deputy collector and inspector		200
14	Total		13,800
MINNESOTA.			
SAINT PAUL.			
1	Collector		\$3,000
1	Deputy collector		2,000
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each \$1,800	3,600
4	do	do 1,400	5,600
5	do	do 1,200	6,000
18	do	do 1,000	18,000
1	Deputy collector and inspector		600
32	Total		38,800

SCHEDULE No. 2.—ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.—Continued.

CALIFORNIA.

No.	Officers.	Per annum.	Total.
SAN FRANCISCO.			
<i>Collector's office.</i>			
1	Collector		\$7,000
4	Deputy collectors.....each..	\$3,000	12,000
1	Auditor		3,000
1	Cashier.....		3,000
5	Clerks.....each..	2,000	10,000
17	.....do.....do..	1,800	30,600
9	.....do.....do..	1,600	14,400
9	.....do.....do..	1,400	12,600
3	.....do.....do..	1,200	3,600
6	Messengers.....do..	900	5,400
4	Watchman.....do..	900	3,600
1	Superintendent of laborers.....		1,200
13	Laborers.....each..	900	11,700
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....		1,400
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors.....each..	1,200	2,400
4	Inspectors.....do..	1,000	4,000
54	.....do.....do..	1,400	75,600
30	Night inspectors.....do..	1,000	30,000
1	Inspectress.....		900
2	Boatmen.....each..	900	1,800
1	Gauger.....		2,000
1	Gauger's laborer.....		900
1	Weigher.....		2,000
2	Assistant weighers.....each..	1,400	2,800
15	.....do.....do..	1,200	18,000
1	Admeasurer.....		1,400
<i>Naval office.</i>			
1	Naval officer		3,000
1	Deputy naval officer.....		2,500
4	Clerks.....each..	1,800	7,200
3	.....do.....do..	1,600	4,800
1	Clerk.....		1,400
1	Clerk and messenger.....		1,000
<i>Appraiser's department.</i>			
1	Local appraiser.....		3,500
2	Assistant appraisers.....each..	2,500	5,000
6	Examiners.....do..	2,000	12,000
1	Clerk.....		1,800
1	.....do.....		1,200
4	Samplers.....each..	1,200	4,800
1	Messenger.....		900
1	Superintendent of laborers.....		1,200
11	Laborers.....each..	900	9,900
228	Total.....		321,500
SAN DIEGO.			
1	Collector		2,000
1	Deputy collector		1,400
2	Inspectors.....each..	1,000	2,000
4	Total.....		5,400
WILMINGTON.			
1	Collector		2,000
1	Deputy collector		1,400
2	Inspectors.....each..	1,000	2,000
4	Total.....		5,400

OREGON.

ASTORIA;			
1	Collector		\$3,000
1	Deputy collector		1,800
1	.....do.....		1,600
2	Inspectors.....each..	\$1,400	2,800
2	Boatmen.....do..	480	960
7	Total.....		10,160

SCHEDULE No. 2.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

OREGON—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per annum.	Total.
PORTLAND.			
1	Collector		\$4,000
1	Deputy collector		2,500
2	Deputy collectors	each.. \$2,000	4,000
2	do	do.. 1,000	2,000
1	Clerk		1,600
1	do		1,400
1	Weigher		1,400
5	Inspectors	each.. 1,400	7,000
5	do	do.. 900	4,500
1	Opener and packer		900
20	Total		29,300

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

PORT TOWNSEND.			
1	Collector		\$2,000
1	Deputy collector		1,800
2	Deputy collectors and clerks	each.. \$1,600	3,200
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	do.. 1,200	2,400
7	Inspectors	do.. 1,200	8,400
3	Boatmen and night inspectors	do.. 900	2,700
1	Watchmen		720
17	Total		21,220

ALASKA.

SITKA.			
1	Collector		\$3,000
1	Deputy collector		1,800
3	Deputy collectors	each.. \$1,400	4,200
5	Total		9,600

COLORADO.

DENVER.			
1	Collector		\$1,000

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

For temporary employes when deemed necessary by the Secretary of the Treasury, for rents, labor, stationery, and supplies for custom-houses, traveling and incidental expenses in the several collection districts ..	\$872,000 00
For salaries and traveling expenses of special agents	100,000 00
For detection and prevention of fraud upon the customs revenue	100,000 00
For salaries and traveling expenses of additional inspectors of customs appointed by the Secretary of the Treasury	40,000 00
Total for miscellaneous items	1,112,000 00

DRAFT OF BILL.

(Referred to on page XL.)

For the compensation of storekeepers of bonded warehouses, at a rate not exceeding one thousand four hundred dollars each per annum, night services of inspectors and other officers, special services and expenses of customs officers, traveling expenses of examiners of machinery, and compensation of merchant appraisers, there are hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, such sums as may be collected for said purposes, respectively.

And the President is hereby authorized and directed to so consolidate and reorganize the customs collection districts of the United States that the number of such districts shall conform to the number hereinbefore designated and provided for. Such reorganization shall be made to take effect on the first day of July, eighteen hundred and eighty-four.

And the President shall fix the boundaries of such reorganized districts and designate ports of entry therein, and shall also, from time to time, designate ports in each of such districts at which deputy collectors may be stationed to receive duties and other moneys, enter and clear vessels, and perform such other services in relation to the customs and navigation laws as he may deem necessary. And he shall give public notice of the boundaries and designations of such reorganized customs districts.

And the President is authorized to discontinue the services and abolish the offices of collectors, surveyors, and appraisers of customs whose compensation is not provided for in this act, and to designate places of deposit for the records and files pertaining to those collection districts which may be abolished pursuant to the provisions of this act.

The salaries hereinbefore appropriated for the compensation of collectors of customs shall be in lieu of all salaries, fees, commissions, and storage heretofore allowed to collectors and surveyors of customs, and all laws or parts of laws authorizing the allowance to collectors and surveyors of customs of salaries, fees, commissions, storage, and perquisites of whatsoever name and nature are hereby repealed, and all fees collectable by law shall be accounted for and paid into the Treasury as moneys belonging to the United States. And the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to provide for the collection of such fees by the use of stamps under such regulations as he may prescribe.

Sections twenty-six hundred and forty-eight and thirty-six hundred and eighty-seven of the Revised Statutes of the United States are hereby repealed, to take effect on the first day of July, eighteen hundred and eighty-four.

SCHEDULE No. 1.

(Referred to on page xxxvi.)

ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING the REVENUE from CUSTOMS for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885, showing the NUMBER of EMPLOYÉES and THEIR SALARIES in EACH DISTRICT, as RECOMMENDED by the COMMISSIONERS on ESTIMATES for THIS SERVICE, for the year ending June 30, 1884.

MAINE.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	Per annum.	Total.
PORT OF HOULTON, DISTRICT OF AROOSTOOK.				
1	Collector.....			\$1,500 00
1	Deputy collector.....	\$4 00		1,460 00
5	Deputy collectors and inspectors.....each	3 00		5,475 00
3	Inspectors.....do	05		54 75
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....	3 00		1,095 00
11	Total compensation.....			9,584 75
PORT OF BANGOR, DISTRICT OF BANGOR.				
1	Collector.....			2,000 00
1	Deputy collector.....			1,600 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....	4 00		1,460 00
3	Deputy collectors and inspectors.....each	3 00		3,285 00
3	Inspectors.....do	3 00		3,285 00
1	Watchman.....	2 00		730 00
10	Total compensation.....			12,360 00
PORT OF BATH, DISTRICT OF BATH.				
1	Collector.....			3,000 00
1	Deputy collector.....	4 00		1,460 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....	3 00		1,095 00
2	Weighers, gaugers, and inspectors.....each	3 00		2,190 00
1	Inspector.....	2 00		730 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....	2 20		803 00
1	Inspector.....	95		346 75
1	do.....	70		255 50
9	Total compensation.....			9,880 25
PORT OF BELFAST, DISTRICT OF BELFAST.				
1	Collector.....			1,200 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....	3 00		1,095 00
1	Deputy collector.....	3 00		1,095 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector (for six months).....	2 20		400 40
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....	80		292 00
1	do.....	55		200 75
1	Deputy collector.....	30		109 50
7	Total compensation.....			4,392 65
PORT OF CASTINE, DISTRICT OF CASTINE.				
1	Collector.....			900 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....	3 00		1,095 00
3	Deputy collectors and inspectors.....each		\$600 00	1,800 00
1	Deputy collector.....			365 00
6	Total compensation.....			4,160 00
PORT OF ELLSWORTH, DISTRICT OF FRENCHMAN'S BAY.				
1	Collector.....			2,000 00
1	Deputy collector.....			1,200 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....			800 00
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors.....	1 65		1,204 50
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....	05		18 25
6	Total compensation.....			5,222 75
PORT OF KENNEBUNK, DISTRICT OF KENNEBUNK.				
1	Collector.....			100 00
1	Deputy collector.....			584 00
2	Total compensation.....			684 00

SCHEDULE No. 2.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

MAINE—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	Per annum.	Total.
PORT OF MACHIAS, DISTRICT OF MACHIAS.				
1	Collector			\$1,200 00
1	Deputy collector	\$3 00		1,095 00
2	Deputy collectors		\$300 00	600 00
4	Total compensation			2,895 00
PORT OF EASTPORT, DISTRICT OF PASSAMAQUODDY.				
1	Collector			3,000 00
1	Deputy collector			1,800 00
1	do	4 00		1,460 00
2	Deputy collectors	3 00		2,190 00
3	Inspectors	3 00		3,285 00
1	Clerk	3 00		1,095 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector	2 50		912 50
3	Inspectors	2 50		2,737 50
1	Deputy collector	2 00		730 00
2	Inspectors	2 00		1,460 00
1	Watchman	2 50		912 50
3	Watchmen	2 00		2,190 00
20	Total compensation			21,772 50
PORT OF PORTLAND, DISTRICT OF PORTLAND AND FALMOUTH.				
1	Collector			6,000 00
1	Surveyor			4,500 00
1	Deputy surveyor			2,500 00
1	Appraiser			3,000 00
1	Assistant appraiser			2,500 00
2	Deputy collectors	each	3,000 00	6,000 00
1	Clerk			1,500 00
16	Inspectors	each	3 00	17,520 00
1	Weigher and gauger	4 00		1,460 00
1	Weigher, gauger, and inspector	3 50		1,277 50
1	Marker			730 00
16	Temporary inspectors (for six months)	each	3 00	8,760 00
6	Clerks	do	1,200 00	7,200 00
2	do	do	1,000 00	2,000 00
1	Clerk and copyist			900 00
7	Night watchmen (for six months)	each	3 00	3,832 50
2	Boatmen	do	2 00	1,460 00
1	Messenger			650 00
1	Watchman			730 00
1	Laborer			626 00
64	Total compensation			73,146 00
PORT OF SACO, DISTRICT OF SACO.				
1	Collector			300 00
1	Deputy collector			450 00
2	Total compensation			750 00
PORT OF WALDOBOROUGH, DISTRICT OF WALDOBOROUGH.				
1	Collector			2,000 00
2	Deputy collectors	each	1,460 00	2,920 00
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	do	730 00	1,460 00
2	do	do	600 00	1,200 00
7	Total compensation			7,580 00
PORT OF WISCASSET, DISTRICT OF WISCASSET.				
1	Collector			900 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector	3 50		1,277 50
1	do	3 00		1,095 00
1	do			730 00
4	Total compensation			4,002 50
PORT OF YORK, DISTRICT OF YORK.				
1	Collector			250 00
1	Total compensation			250 00

SCHEDULE No. 1.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	Per annum.	Total.
PORT OF PORTSMOUTH, DISTRICT OF PORTSMOUTH.				
1	Collector			\$2,000 00
1	Deputy collector	\$3 50		1,277 50
1	Deputy collector and inspector	3 00		1,095 00
1	do	1 90		693 50
1	Inspector	4 00		1,460 00
3	Inspectors	3 50		3,832 50
1	Boatman			400 00
9	Total compensation			10,758 50

VERMONT.

PORT OF BURLINGTON, DISTRICT OF VERMONT.				
1	Collector			\$5,000 00
1	Deputy collector			2,500 00
1	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each	\$1,800 00	3,600 00
2	do	do	1,600 00	3,200 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector			1,400 00
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each	\$3 80	2,774 00
11	do	do	3 00	12,045 00
2	Inspectors	do	4 00	2,920 00
3	do	do		2,817 00
18	do	do	3 00	19,710 00
2	Night watchmen	do	600 00	1,200 00
1	Clerk			600 00
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each	2 75	2,007 50
1	Deputy collector and inspector	do	2 00	730 00
1	Clerk			1,000 00
1	Boatman			600 00
4	Tally clerks	each	240 00	960 00
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	do	1,500 00	3,000 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector			1,200 00
1	do			600 00
3	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each	3 30	3,613 50
1	Deputy collector and inspector	do	2 50	912 50
4	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each	1 65	2,409 00
1	Inspector			600 00
68	Total compensation			75,398 50

MASSACHUSETTS.

PORT OF BARNSTABLE, DISTRICT OF BARNSTABLE.				
1	Collector			\$2,000 00
1	Deputy collector			1,095 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector	\$2 45		894 25
1	do	2 20		803 00
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each	2 05	1,496 50
2	do	do	1 35	985 50
1	Deputy collector and inspector	do	1 10	401 50
1	Clerk			300 00
1	Boatman			60 00
11	Total compensation			8,035 75
PORT OF BOSTON, DISTRICT OF BOSTON AND CHARLESTOWN.				
<i>Collector's office.</i>				
1	Collector			8,000 00
1	Comptroller and principal clerk			4,000 00
1	Secretary and chief clerk			2,500 00
3	Deputy collectors	each	\$3,000 00	9,000 00
1	Auditor			3,000 00
1	Cashier			3,000 00
1	Assistant cashier			2,200 00
4	Clerks	each	2,000 00	8,000 00
7	do	do	1,800 00	12,600 00
13	do	do	1,600 00	20,800 00
40	do	do	1,400 00	56,000 00
15	do	do	1,200 00	18,000 00
21	do	do	1,000 00	21,000 00

SCHEDULE No. 1.—ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.—Continued.

MASSACHUSETTS—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	Per annum.	Total.
PORT OF BOSTON, DISTRICT OF BOSTON AND CHARLESTOWN—Continued.				
<i>Collector's office—Continued.</i>				
1	Clerk and storekeeper			\$1,600 00
1	Clerk and assistant storekeeper			1,200 00
1	Copyist			600 00
6	Messengers	each	\$840 00	5,040 00
7	do	do	720 00	5,040 00
1	Assistant to cigar inspector			800 00
8	Night watchmen	each	\$2 00	5,840 00
87	Inspectors	do	4 00	127,020 00
1	Inspector at \$3 (when employed, not to exceed)			201 00
1	Captain of night inspectors		4 00	1,460 00
24	Night inspectors	each	3 00	26,280 00
3	Weighers	do	2,000 00	6,000 00
3	Assistant weighers	do	4 00	4,380 00
1	Gauger			2,000 00
2	Assistant gaugers	each	4 00	2,920 00
14	Assistant weighers	do	3 50	17,885 00
15	do	do	3 00	16,425 00
3	Weighers' clerks	do	1,000 00	3,000 00
1	Storekeeper of port			2,000 00
2	Foremen of laborers	each	1,000 00	2,000 00
32	Laborers	do	2 00	23,360 00
1	Carpenter		2 25	821 25
4	Revenue boatmen	each	2 25	3,285 00
1	Day watchman		3 00	1,095 00
1	Measurer of marble (when employed)		3 50	350 00
330	Total			428,702 25
<i>Naval office.</i>				
1	Naval officer			5,000 00
1	Deputy naval officer			2,500 00
1	Chief clerk and acting deputy naval officer			2,000 00
4	Clerks	each	1,800 00	7,200 00
6	do	do	1,600 00	9,600 00
3	do	do	1,400 00	4,200 00
3	do	do	1,200 00	3,600 00
1	Clerk			1,000 00
20	Total			35,100 00
<i>Surveyor's office.</i>				
1	Surveyor			5,000 00
1	Deputy surveyor			2,500 00
1	Chief clerk and assistant to surveyor			2,000 00
1	Clerk			1,600 00
2	Clerks	each	1,400 00	2,800 00
1	Clerk and admeasurer			1,400 00
1	Clerk			1,000 00
1	Messenger			840 00
1	do			720 00
10	Total			17,860 00
<i>Appraiser's department.</i>				
1	General appraiser			3,000 00
2	Appraisers	each	3,000 00	6,000 00
2	Assistant appraisers	do	2,500 00	5,000 00
1	Clerk to general appraiser			1,400 00
1	Special examiner of drugs			1,000 00
1	Examiner			2,000 00
10	Examiners	each	1,800 00	18,000 00
2	do	do	1,600 00	3,200 00
1	Examiner			1,400 00
1	do			1,200 00
2	Clerks	each	1,600 00	3,200 00
1	Clerk			1,400 00
2	Clerks	each	1,200 00	2,400 00
7	Samplers	do	1,200 00	8,400 00
1	Assistant sampler		840 00	840 00
5	Openers and packers	each	900 00	4,500 00
5	do	do	840 00	4,200 00
2	Messengers	do	840 00	1,680 00
47	Total			68,820 00
407	Total compensation			550,482 25

SCHEDULE No. 1.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

MASSACHUSETTS—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	Per annum.	Total.
PORT OF EDGARTOWN, DISTRICT OF EDGARTOWN.				
1	Collector			\$1,000 00
1	Deputy collector			1,095 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector	\$2 20		803 00
2	Inspectors		\$500 00	1,000 00
1	Inspector	1 35		492 75
1	Night watchman			500 00
1	Boatman			500 00
8	Total compensation			5,390 75
PORT OF FALL RIVER, DISTRICT OF FALL RIVER.				
1	Collector			1,600 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector	3 50		1,277 50
1	Inspector	3 00		1,095 00
1	Boatman			300 00
4	Total compensation			4,272 50
PORT OF GLOUCESTER, DISTRICT OF GLOUCESTER.				
1	Collector			3,000 00
1	Deputy collector			1,500 00
4	Inspectors	each.. 3 00		4,380 00
1	Inspector and boarding officer	3 50		1,277 50
1	Clerk			1,300 00
1	Boatman			750 00
1	Inspector	80		292 00
10	Total compensation			12,499 50
PORT OF MARBLEHEAD, DISTRICT OF MARBLEHEAD.				
1	Collector			500 00
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each.. 3 00		2,190 00
3	Total compensation			2,690 00
PORT OF NANTUCKET, DISTRICT OF NANTUCKET.				
1	Collector			1,000 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector			800 00
1	do			450 00
3	Total compensation			2,250 00
PORT OF NEW BEDFORD, DISTRICT OF NEW BEDFORD.				
1	Collector			2,500 00
1	Deputy collector			1,800 00
1	Inspector and boarding officer	3 00		1,095 00
1	Weigher, gauger, and inspector	3 00		1,095 00
1	Clerk			1,000 00
5	Total compensation			7,490 00
PORT OF NEWBURYPORT, DISTRICT OF NEWBURYPORT.				
1	Collector			500 00
1	Deputy collector	3 00		1,095 00
2	Inspectors	each.. 3 00		2,190 00
4	Total compensation			3,785 00
PORT OF PLYMOUTH, DISTRICT OF PLYMOUTH.				
1	Collector			1,200 00
1	Deputy collector			1,000 00
2	Inspectors	each.. 55		401 50
4	Total compensation			2,601 50

SCHEDULE No. 1.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

MASSACHUSETTS—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	Per annum.	Total.
PORT OF SALEM, DISTRICT OF SALEM AND BEVERLY.				
1	Collector.....			\$1,200 00
1	Deputy collector.....			1,600 00
2	Inspectors, weighers, and boarding officers.....each.	\$3 00		2,190 00
1	Inspector.....	3 00		1,095 00
2	Inspectors.....each.	2 65		1,934 50
7	Total compensation.....			8,019 50

RHODE ISLAND.

PORT OF BRISTOL, DISTRICT OF BRISTOL AND WARREN.				
1	Collector.....			\$200 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....	\$3 00		1,095 00
1	Boatman.....			216 00
3	Total compensation.....			1,511 00
PORT OF NEWPORT, DISTRICT OF NEWPORT.				
1	Collector.....			1,000 00
1	Deputy collector.....			1,000 00
1	Inspector.....	3 00		1,095 00
1	do.....do	1 65		602 25
1	do.....do	80		292 00
1	Inspector (when employed).....	3 00		381 00
1	Boatman.....			400 00
7	Total compensation.....			4,770 25
PORT OF PROVIDENCE, DISTRICT OF PROVIDENCE.				
1	Collector.....			4,000 00
3	Deputy collectors.....each.		\$2,000 00	6,000 00
6	Inspectors.....do	3 50		7,665 00
2	do.....do	3 00		2,190 00
1	Inspector and boarding officer.....	3 00		1,095 00
1	Inspector.....	1 35		492 75
1	Messenger and storekeeper.....	3 00		1,095 00
1	Watchman.....			730 00
1	Appraiser.....			3,000 00
1	Clerk, sampler, and messenger.....			1,200 00
18	Total compensation.....			27,467 75

CONNECTICUT.

PORT OF BRIDGEPORT, DISTRICT OF FAIRFIELD.				
1	Collector.....			\$1,200 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....			1,200 00
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors.....each.		\$150 00	300 00
4	Total compensation.....			2,700 00
PORT OF MIDDLETOWN, DISTRICT OF MIDDLETOWN.				
1	Collector.....			2,500 00
1	Deputy collector.....			1,400 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....			803 00
1	Clerk.....			600 00
1	Inspector.....			500 00
5	Total compensation.....			5,803 00

SCHEDULE NO. 1.—ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.—Continued.

CONNECTICUT—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	Per annum.	Total.
PORT OF NEW HAVEN, DISTRICT OF NEW HAVEN.				
1	Collector			\$4,000 00
1	Deputy collector			1,600 00
1	Deputy collector and clerk			1,400 00
1	Inspector and clerk			1,200 00
1	Clerk			1,000 00
2	Weighers and gaugers		\$1,200 00	2,400 00
4	Inspectors	\$3 00		4,380 00
1	Night inspector	2 50		912 50
1	Night watchman and boatman			400 00
1	Messenger			500 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector			200 03
15	Total compensation			17,992 50
PORT OF NEW LONDON, DISTRICT OF NEW LONDON.				
1	Collector			3,000 00
1	Deputy collector			1,600 00
2	Inspectors	3 00		2,190 00
1	Inspector	3 00		1,695 00
5	Total compensation			7,885 00
PORT OF STONINGTON, DISTRICT OF STONINGTON.				
1	Collector			500 00
1	Deputy collector			500 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector			300 00
1	Inspector			400 00
1	Boatman			144 00
5	Total compensation			1,844 00

NEW YORK.

PORT OF NEW YORK, DISTRICT OF NEW YORK.				
<i>Collector's office.</i>				
1	Collector		\$12,000 00	\$12,000 00
2	Assistant collectors and chief clerk customs	each ..	5,000 00	10,000 00
8	Deputy collectors	do ..	4,000 00	32,000 00
4	do	do ..	3,000 00	12,000 00
2	Auditors and cashiers	do ..	6,000 00	12,000 00
1	Assistant auditor	do ..	3,500 00	3,500 00
6	Chief clerks	each ..	2,500 00	15,000 00
3	Clerks	do ..	2,500 00	7,500 00
1	Assistant cashier	do ..	3,000 00	3,000 00
2	Chief clerks	each ..	3,000 00	6,000 00
1	Superintendent custom-house	do ..	2,400 00	2,400 00
14	Entry clerks	each ..	2,200 00	30,800 00
12	Liquidating clerks	do ..	2,200 00	26,400 00
6	Clerks	do ..	2,200 00	13,200 00
1	Superintendent Castle Garden	do ..	2,000 00	2,000 00
1	Measurer of marble	do ..	2,000 00	2,000 00
16	Liquidating clerks	each ..	2,000 00	32,000 00
12	Clerks	do ..	2,000 00	24,000 00
17	do	do ..	1,800 00	30,600 00
53	do	do ..	1,600 00	84,800 00
67	do	do ..	1,400 00	93,800 00
98	do	do ..	1,200 00	117,600 00
23	do	do ..	1,000 00	23,000 00
1	Inspector at Troy	do ..	1,460 00	1,460 00
1	Storekeeper	do ..	1,400 00	1,400 00
1	Engineer, custom-house	do ..	1,500 00	1,500 00
1	Engineer, public stores	do ..	1,200 00	1,200 00
1	Assistant engineer, custom-house	do ..	840 00	840 00
1	Master mechanic	do ..	1,200 00	1,200 00
3	Carpenters	each ..	1,095 00	3,285 00
1	Bookbinder	do ..	1,200 00	1,200 00
1	Superintendent of Labor, public stores	do ..	1,600 00	1,600 00
1	Detective	do ..	1,200 00	1,200 00
2	Ushers	each ..	1,200 00	2,400 00
1	Usher	do ..	1,000 00	1,000 00
1	Head porter	do ..	1,000 00	1,000 00
4	Watchmen	each ..	1,130 00	4,520 00

SCHEDULE No. 1.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

NEW YORK—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	Per annum.	Total.
PORT OF NEW YORK, DISTRICT OF NEW YORK—Continued.				
<i>Collector's office—Continued.</i>				
2	Watchmen.....each.....		\$1,000 00	\$2,000 00
28	.....do.....do.....		1,095 00	30,660 00
12	Porters.....do.....		720 00	8,640 00
3	Firemen.....do.....		720 00	2,160 00
40	Messengers.....do.....		840 00	33,600 00
10	.....do.....do.....		720 00	7,200 00
2	.....do.....do.....		500 00	1,000 00
1	Scrubber.....do.....		540 00	540 00
2	Scrubbers.....do.....		360 00	720 00
<i>Appraiser's department.</i>				
1	Appraiser.....do.....		8,000 00	8,000 00
1	Assistant appraiser.....do.....		4,000 00	4,000 00
1	.....do.....do.....		3,500 00	3,500 00
6	Deputy appraisers.....each.....		3,000 00	18,000 00
1	Chief clerk.....do.....		2,500 00	2,500 00
22	Examiners.....each.....		2,500 00	55,000 00
1	Clerk.....do.....		2,200 00	2,200 00
12	Examiners.....each.....		2,200 00	26,400 00
20	.....do.....do.....		2,000 00	40,000 00
2	Clerks.....do.....		1,800 00	3,600 00
14	Examiners.....do.....		1,800 00	25,200 00
12	Clerks.....do.....		1,600 00	19,200 00
15	.....do.....do.....		1,400 00	21,000 00
15	.....do.....do.....		1,200 00	18,000 00
30	Samplers.....do.....		1,200 00	36,000 00
105	Openers and packers.....do.....		939 00	93,595 00
15	Messengers.....do.....		840 00	12,600 00
<i>General appraisers.</i>				
1	General appraiser.....do.....		4,000 00	4,000 00
1	Chief clerk.....do.....		2,500 00	2,500 00
1	1 clerk.....do.....		2,000 00	2,000 00
1	.....do.....do.....		1,800 00	1,800 00
1	.....do.....do.....		1,600 00	1,600 00
4	Clerks.....each.....		1,200 00	4,800 00
1	Opener and packer.....do.....		929 00	929 00
1	Messenger.....do.....		720 00	720 00
<i>Naval office.</i>				
1	Naval officer.....do.....		8,000 00	8,000 00
1	Assistant naval officer.....do.....		3,000 00	3,000 00
2	Deputy naval officers.....each.....		2,800 00	5,600 00
1	Auditor.....do.....		2,800 00	2,800 00
2	Clerks.....each.....		2,200 00	4,400 00
21	.....do.....do.....		2,000 00	42,000 00
5	.....do.....do.....		1,800 00	9,000 00
18	.....do.....do.....		1,600 00	28,800 00
11	.....do.....do.....		1,400 00	15,400 00
14	.....do.....do.....		1,200 00	16,800 00
3	Two clerks and one fireman.....do.....		1,000 00	3,000 00
4	Messengers.....do.....		840 00	3,360 00
1	Messenger.....do.....		500 00	500 00
<i>Surveyor's office.</i>				
1	Surveyor.....do.....		8,000 00	8,000 00
1	Assistant surveyor.....do.....		5,000 00	5,000 00
1	Deputy surveyor.....do.....		3,000 00	3,000 00
2	Deputy surveyors.....each.....		2,500 00	5,000 00
1	Chief clerk, weigher's bureau.....do.....		2,000 00	2,000 00
3	Clerks.....each.....		1,800 00	5,400 00
6	.....do.....do.....		1,600 00	9,600 00
6	.....do.....do.....		1,400 00	8,400 00
5	.....do.....do.....		1,200 00	6,000 00
1	Chief measurer of vessels.....do.....		1,600 00	1,600 00
6	Measurers of vessels.....each.....		1,460 00	8,760 00
2	Messengers.....do.....		840 00	1,680 00
6	.....do.....do.....		720 00	4,320 00
1	Scrubber.....do.....		360 00	360 00
<i>Barge office.</i>				
319	Inspectors.....each.....		1,460 00	465,740 00
15	Debenture officers.....do.....		1,095 00	16,425 00
123	Night inspectors.....do.....		1,095 00	134,685 00
7	Inspectresses.....do.....		1,095 00	7,665 00
4	Coast inspectors.....do.....		250 00	1,000 00
1	Telegraph operator.....do.....		1,000 00	1,000 00
1	Janitor.....do.....		900 00	900 00

SCHEDULE No. 1.—ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from
CUSTOMS, &c.—Continued.

NEW YORK—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	Per annum.	Total.
PORT OF NEW YORK, DISTRICT OF NEW YORK—Continued.				
<i>Weighers and gaugers.</i>				
4	Weighers	each.	\$2,500 00	\$10,000 00
5	Weighers' foremen	do.	1,400 00	7,000 00
4	Weighers' chief clerks	do.	1,200 00	4,800 00
10	do	do.	1,000 00	10,000 00
50	Assistant weighers	do.	1,252 00	62,600 00
30	do	do.	939 00	28,170 00
1	Gauger		2,500 00	2,500 00
2	Gaugers	each.	2,200 00	4,400 00
1	Foreman		1,400 00	1,400 00
6	Assistant gaugers	each.	1,252 00	7,512 00
5	do	do.	939 00	4,695 00
3	Clerks	do.	900 00	2,700 00
27	Gaugers' laborers	do.	782 50	21,127 50
1,499	Total compensation			2,124,178 50
PORT OF ALBANY.				
1	Surveyor			5,000 00
1	Deputy surveyor and inspector	\$4 00		1,460 00
4	Inspectors	each.	3 00	4,360 00
6	Total compensation			10,840 00
PORT OF CAPE VINCENT, DISTRICT OF CAPE VINCENT.				
1	Collector			2,000 00
1	Deputy collector			1,500 00
1	do			1,200 00
2	Deputy collectors	each.	3 00	2,190 00
6	Deputy collectors and inspectors	do.	1 25	2,737 50
4	Inspectors (when employed)	do.	3 00	1,080 00
2	do	do.	3 00	360 00
1	Inspector (when employed)	do.	3 00	918 00
2	Inspectors	each.	3 00	2,190 00
20	Total compensation			14,175 50
PORT OF BUFFALO, DISTRICT OF BUFFALO CREEK.				
1	Collector			5,000 00
1	Deputy collector			2,500 00
1	Appraiser			3,000 00
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each.	4 00	2,920 00
2	do	do.	3 00	2,190 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector	do.	3 50	1,277 50
1	Deputy collector			1,200 00
1	Deputy collector (when employed)	do.	3 00	825 00
1	Clerk			1,600 00
3	Clerks	each.	1,400 00	4,200 00
1	Cashier			1,400 00
4	Inspectors	each.	3 50	5,110 00
15	do	do.	3 00	16,425 00
2	Inspectors (during navigation)	do.	3 00	1,650 00
3	Inspectors	do.	3 00	3,285 00
1	Messenger			800 00
1	do			500 00
1	Opener and packer			900 00
1	Deputy collector and clerk			1,200 00
1	Inspector		2 50	912 50
44	Total compensation			56,895 00
PORT OF PLATTSBURGH, DISTRICT OF CHAMPLAIN.				
1	Collector			3,000 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector			1,800 00
1	Deputy collector and clerk	4 00		1,460 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector	4 00		1,460 00
2	Deputy collectors, inspectors, and clerks	each.	1,200 00	2,400 00
9	do	do.	2 45	8,048 25
1	Deputy collector and inspector	do.	3 00	1,095 00
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors (when employed)	each.	2 45	1,120 00
8	Deputy collectors and inspectors	do.	2 20	6,424 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector	do.	1 65	602 25
27	Total compensation			27,409 50

SCHEDULE No. 1.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

NEW YORK—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	Per annum.	Total.
PORT OF DUNKIRK, DISTRICT OF DUNKIRK.				
1	Collector			\$1,000 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector	\$4 00		1,460 00
1	Inspector	3 00		1,095 00
3	Total compensation			3,555 00
PORT OF GREENPORT, DISTRICT OF SAG HARBOR.				
1	Surveyor			500 00
1	Deputy surveyor	50		182 50
2	Total compensation			682 50
PORT OF ROCHESTER, DISTRICT OF GENESEE.				
1	Collector			3,000 00
1	Deputy collector and clerk			2,000 00
1	do	3 85		1,405 25
2	Deputy collectors and clerks	each..	\$1,200 00	2,400 00
1	Deputy collector and clerk	3 00		1,095 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector	3 00		1,095 00
2	Inspectors	each..	3 00	2,190 00
1	Deputy collector and clerk	do.		1,500 00
1	do	do.		1,000 00
3	Deputy collectors and inspectors (when employed), 275 days	3 00		2,475 00
11	Inspectors (when employed), 275 days	3 00		9,075 00
1	Laborer			180 00
26	Total compensation			27,415 25
PORT OF SUSPENSION BRIDGE, DISTRICT OF NIAGARA.				
1	Collector			4,000 00
1	Deputy collector			2,500 00
1	Deputy collector, clerk, and inspector			1,800 00
1	Deputy collector and clerk			1,500 00
2	Deputy collectors and clerks	each..	1,400 00	2,800 00
17	Deputy collectors and inspectors	do.	3 00	18,666 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector	do.		1,200 00
5	Deputy collectors and inspectors (when employed), 244 days	3 00		3,660 00
2	Inspectors	each..	4 00	2,928 00
3	Inspectors (when employed), 244 days	do.	4 00	2,928 00
4	Inspectors	do.	3 00	4,380 00
2	Inspectors (when employed), 244 days	do.	3 00	1,464 00
1	Inspector (when employed)	2 00		488 00
1	Messenger			600 00
42	Total compensation			48,914 00
PORT OF OGDENSBURGH, DISTRICT OF OSWEGATCHIE.				
1	Collector			3,000 00
1	Deputy collector			1,600 00
1	do			1,500 00
3	Deputy collectors	each..	1,200 00	3,600 00
2	do	do.	3 00	2,190 00
2	do	do.	2 20	1,606 00
8	Inspectors	do.	3 00	8,760 00
3	Deputy collectors	do.	1 65	1,806 75
1	Female inspector	do.	70	255 50
1	Inspector	4 00		1,460 00
23	Total compensation			25,778 25
PORT OF OSWEGO, DISTRICT OF OSWEGO.				
1	Collector			3,000 00
1	Deputy collector			1,800 00
1	Deputy collector and cashier			1,600 00
2	Deputy collectors and clerks	each..	1,400 00	2,800 00
1	Deputy collector	do.		1,200 00
2	Deputy collectors	each..	1,000 00	2,000 00
18	Deputy collectors (when employed), 280 days	do.	3 00	15,120 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector	2 20		803 00
1	do			1,095 00
28	Total compensation			29,418 00

SCHEDULE No. 1.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

NEW YORK—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	Per annum.	Total.
PORT OF PATCHOGUE, DISTRICT OF NEW YORK.				
1	Surveyor			\$200 00
PORT OF JEFFERSON, DISTRICT OF NEW YORK.				
1	Surveyor			200 00
PORT OF SAG HARBOR, DISTRICT OF SAG HARBOR.				
1	Collector			500 00
1	Deputy collector			300 00
2	Total compensation.....			800 00

NEW JERSEY.

PORT OF TUCKERTON, DISTRICT OF LITTLE EGG HARBOR.				
1	Collector			\$500 00
1	Deputy collector			600 00
1	Inspector	\$2 00		730 00
3	Total compensation.....			1,830 00
PORT OF NEWARK, DISTRICT OF NEWARK.				
1	Collector			1,200 00
1	Deputy collector			1,400 00
1	Inspector	3 50		1,277 50
3	Total compensation.....			3,877 50
PORT OF BRIDGETON, DISTRICT OF BRIDGETON.				
1	Collector			900 00
PORT OF LAMBERTON, DISTRICT OF BURLINGTON.				
1	Collector			200 00
PORT OF SOMERS POINT, DISTRICT OF GREAT EGG HARBOR.				
1	Collector			500 00
1	Deputy collector			600 00
1	Inspector and boatman	2 00		730 00
3	Total compensation.....			1,830 00
PORT OF PERTH AMBOY, DISTRICT OF PERTH AMBOY.				
1	Collector			3,000 00
1	Deputy collector			1,200 00
1	Inspector and boarding officer	3 00		1,095 00
2	Coast inspectors		\$720 00	1,440 00
1	Inspector			300 00
1	Boatman			540 00
1	Clerk			720 00
8	Total compensation.....			8,295 00

PENNSYLVANIA.

PORT OF ERIE, DISTRICT OF ERIE.				
1	Collector			\$2,000 00
1	Deputy collector			1,600 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector	\$3 00		1,095 00
1	Inspector (when employed for 244 days)	3 00		732 00
4	Total compensation.....			5,427 00
PORT OF PITTSBURGH, DISTRICT OF NEW ORLEANS, LA.				
1	Surveyor			5,000 00
1	Deputy surveyor			2,000 00
2	Clerks		\$1,200 00	2,400 00
1	Inspector and acting appraiser	4 00		1,460 00
1	Inspector	3 00		1,095 00
1	Inspector and clerk			1,200 00
2	Inspectors	3 00		2,190 00
1	Messenger			600 00
10	Total compensation.....			15,945 00

SCHEDULE No. 1.—ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.—Continued.

PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	Per annum.	Total.
PORT OF PHILADELPHIA, DISTRICT OF PHILADELPHIA.				
<i>Collector's office.</i>				
1	Collector			\$8,000 00
2	Deputy collectors	each	\$3,000 00	6,000 00
1	Assistant collector, at Camden, N. J.			1,500 00
1	Auditor			2,500 00
1	Cashier			2,500 00
1	Assistant cashier			2,000 00
2	Clerks	each	2,000 00	4,000 00
5	do	do	1,800 00	9,000 00
13	do	do	1,600 00	20,800 00
9	do	do	1,400 00	12,600 00
5	do	do	1,200 00	6,000 00
3	Messengers	do	720 00	2,160 00
2	Watchmen	do	\$2 50	1,825 00
1	Superintendent warehouses			2,000 00
1	Clerk and cigar inspector			1,400 00
2	Foremen public stores	each	2 50	1,825 00
2	Night watchmen	do	2 50	1,825 00
1	Carpenter			800 00
2	Day watchmen	each	720 00	1,440 00
1	Marker			720 00
17	Laborers	each	700 00	11,900 00
2	Bargemen	do	720 00	1,440 00
6	Inspectors	do	4 00	8,760 00
72	do	do	3 50	91,980 00
1	Inspector			600 00
1	Night inspector		3 50	1,277 50
37	Night inspectors	each	3 00	40,515 00
1	Inspectress		3 00	1,095 00
1	Night inspector		2 50	912 50
<i>Weigher's and gauger's department.</i>				
1	Chief weigher			2,000 00
18	Assistant weighers	each	1,100 00	19,800 00
1	Clerk			1,200 00
4	Laborers	each	2 50	3,650 00
1	Gauger			2,000 00
1	Assistant gauger			1,200 00
1	Stenciler		2 50	912 50
<i>Naval office.</i>				
1	Naval officer			5,000 00
1	Deputy naval officer and clerk			2,500 00
1	Cashier and fee clerk			1,800 00
1	Liquidating clerk			1,800 00
2	Clerks	each	1,400 00	2,800 00
2	do	do	1,200 00	2,400 00
1	Messenger			720 00
<i>Appraiser's department.</i>				
1	Appraiser			3,000 00
2	Assistant appraisers	each	2,500 00	5,000 00
1	Examiner			2,000 00
7	Examiners	each	1,700 00	11,900 00
1	Inspector of drugs			1,000 00
1	Chief clerk			1,500 00
2	Clerks	each	1,300 00	2,600 00
2	do	do	1,200 00	2,400 00
1	Messenger			700 00
1	Watchman			700 00
14	Samplers and packers	each	900 00	12,600 00
1	Foreman of laborers			900 00
10	Laborers	each	700 00	7,000 00
1	General appraiser			3,000 00
1	Clerk			1,400 00
<i>Surveyor's office.</i>				
1	Surveyor			5,000 00
1	Deputy surveyor			2,500 00
2	Clerks	each	1,400 00	2,800 00
1	Clerk			1,200 00
1	Messenger			840 00
1	do			720 00
283	Total compensation			363,917 50

SCHEDULE No. 1.—ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.—Continued.

DELAWARE.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	per annum.	Total.
PORT OF WILMINGTON, DISTRICT OF DELAWARE.				
1	Collector.....			\$2,000 00
1	Deputy collector and cashier.....			1,600 00
1	Inspector, weigher, and measurer.....	\$2 75		1,063 75
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....	1 65		602 25
1	do.....		\$500 00	500 00
1	do.....	2 75		1,063 75
5	Boatmen..... each.....		300 00	1,500 00
11	Total compensation.....			8,209 75

MARYLAND.

PORT OF BALTIMORE, DISTRICT OF BALTIMORE.				
<i>Collector's office.</i>				
	Collector.....			\$7,000 00
2	Deputy collectors..... each.....		\$3,000 00	6,000 00
1	Deputy collector.....			800 00
1	Auditor.....			2,500 00
1	Assistant auditor.....			1,800 00
1	Cashier.....			2,500 00
1	Assistant cashier.....			1,800 00
10	Clerks..... each.....		1,800 00	18,000 00
5	do..... do.....		1,600 00	8,000 00
9	do..... do.....		1,400 00	12,600 00
8	do..... do.....		1,200 00	9,600 00
6	Messengers..... do.....		720 00	4,320 00
2	Laborers..... do.....		720 00	1,440 00
1	Captain of the watch.....			1,000 00
4	Watchmen..... each.....		840 00	3,360 00
2	Markers..... do.....		840 00	1,680 00
1	Fireman.....			540 00
1	Boatman.....			540 00
1	do.....			720 00
1	do.....			480 00
1	Clerk and storekeeper.....			1,800 00
1	do.....			1,600 00
1	Engineer.....			1,200 00
1	Fireman.....			1,095 00
4	Porters..... each.....		820 00	3,280 00
4	Laborers..... do.....		720 00	2,880 00
<i>Naval office.</i>				
1	Naval officer.....			5,000 00
1	Deputy naval officer.....			2,500 00
2	Clerks..... each.....		1,600 00	3,200 00
3	do..... do.....		1,400 00	4,200 00
1	Clerk.....			1,000 00
1	Messenger.....			720 00
<i>Inspectors.</i>				
2	Inspectors..... each.....	\$4 00		2,920 00
45	do..... do.....	3 50		57,487 50
1	Female examiner.....			600 00
1	Captain of night inspectors.....	3 50		1,277 50
1	Lieutenant of night inspectors.....	3 00		1,095 00
35	Night inspectors..... each.....	3 00		38,325 00
<i>Weighers and gaugers' department.</i>				
1	Weigher.....			2,000 00
16	Assistant weighers..... each.....		1,200 00	19,200 00
1	Weigher and gauger.....			1,300 00
1	Clerk.....			1,400 00
2	Clerks..... each.....		1,200 00	2,400 00
1	Messenger.....			720 00
1	Keeper of scale room.....			660 00

SCHEDULE No. 1.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

MARYLAND—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	Per annum.	Total.
PORT OF BALTIMORE, DISTRICT OF BALTIMORE—continued.				
<i>Appraiser's department.</i>				
1	General appraiser			\$3,000 00
2	Local appraisers	each	\$3,000 00	6,000 00
3	Examiners	do.	1,800 00	5,400 00
3	do	do.	1,600 00	4,800 00
2	Clerks	do.	1,600 00	3,200 00
1	Foreman of laborers			840 00
1	Assistant examiner			1,000 00
1	Messenger			720 00
5	Laborers	each	840 00	4,200 00
5	do	do	720 00	3,600 00
1	Copyist			900 00
<i>Surveyor's office.</i>				
1	Surveyor			4,500 00
1	Deputy surveyor			2,500 00
1	Clerk			1,800 00
1	do			1,200 00
1	Messenger			720 00
218	Total compensation			286,920 00
PORT OF ANNAPOLIS, DISTRICT OF ANNAPOLIS.				
1	Collector			500 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector	\$3 00		1,095 00
1	do	1 00		365 00
1	Boatman			180 00
4	Total compensation			2,140 00
PORT OF CRISFIELD, DISTRICT OF EASTERN MARYLAND.				
1	Collector			2,000 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector	3 00		1,095 00
2	Total compensation			3,095 00

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

PORT OF GEORGETOWN, DISTRICT OF GEORGETOWN.				
1	Collector			\$2,000 00
1	Deputy collector			1,600 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector	\$3 00		1,095 00
1	Inspector	3 00		1,095 00
4	Total compensation			5,790 00

VIRGINIA.

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA, DISTRICT OF ALEXANDRIA.				
1	Collector			\$500 00
1	Deputy collector			1,200 00
1	Inspector	\$3 00		1,095 00
3	Total compensation			2,795 00
PORT OF CHERRYSTONE, DISTRICT OF CHERRYSTONE.				
1	Collector			900 00
1	Deputy collector	3 00		1,095 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector	1 50		547 50
3	Total compensation			2,542 50

SCHEDULE No. 1.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

VIRGINIA—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	Per annum.	Total.
PORT OF NORFOLK, DISTRICT OF NORFOLK AND PORTSMOUTH.				
1	Collector.....			\$3,000 00
1	Deputy collector.....			1,600 00
1	Cashier and entry clerk.....			1,300 00
1	Marine clerk.....			1,300 00
1	Clerk.....			900 00
1	Clerk and inspector.....			1,095 00
2	Inspectors..... each	\$3 00		2,190 00
1	Inspector and boarding officer.....	4 00		1,460 00
2	Boatmen..... each		\$450 00	900 00
1	Watchman.....			900 00
12	Total compensation.....			14,645 00
PORT OF PETERSBURG, DISTRICT OF PETERSBURG.				
1	Collector.....			300 00
1	Deputy collector.....			1,200 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....	3 00		1,095 00
3	Total compensation.....			2,595 00
PORT OF RICHMOND, DISTRICT OF RICHMOND.				
1	Collector.....			2,000 00
1	Deputy collector.....			1,600 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....	3 00		1,095 00
1	Clerk and inspector.....			1,300 00
2	Inspectors..... each	3 00		2,190 00
1	Watchman.....			600 00
1	Boatman.....			420 00
1	Watchman.....			400 00
9	Total compensation.....			9,605 00
PORT OF TAPPAHANNOCK, DISTRICT OF TAPPAHANNOCK.				
1	Collector.....			500 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....			600 00
2	Total compensation.....			1,100 00
PORT OF NEWPORT NEWS, DISTRICT OF YORKTOWN.				
1	Collector.....			500 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....			1,200 00
1	Inspector.....	3 00		1,095 00
1	do.....	2 50		912 50
1	Boarding officer.....	4 00		1,460 00
1	Boatman..... \$35 per month			420 00
1	do..... \$25 per month			300 00
7	Total compensation.....			5,887 50

WEST VIRGINIA.

PORT OF WHEELING.				
1	Surveyor.....			\$1,000 00
1	Clerk.....			500 00
2	Total compensation.....			1,500 00

NORTH CAROLINA.

PORT OF EDENTON, DISTRICT OF ALBEMARLE.				
1	Collector.....			\$1,200 00
2	Deputy collector and inspector.....	\$4 00		1,460 00
1	Deputy collector.....			600 00
3	Total compensation.....			3,260 00

SCHEDULE No. 1.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

NORTH CAROLINA—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	Per annum.	Total.
PORT OF BEAUFORT, DISTRICT OF BEAUFORT.				
1	Collector.....			\$1,000 00
2	Deputy collectors.....each.....		\$480 00	960 00
1	Boatman.....			240 00
4	Total compensation.....			2,200 00
PORT OF NEW BERNE, DISTRICT OF PAMLICO.				
1	Collector.....			1,800 00
1	Deputy collector.....			1,000 00
1	do.....			793 50
2	Deputy collectors.....each.....		365 00	730 00
4	Boatmen.....do.....		120 00	480 00
1	Messenger.....			480 00
10	Total compensation.....			5,283 50
PORT OF WILMINGTON, DISTRICT OF WILMINGTON.				
1	Collector.....			3,000 00
1	Deputy collector.....			1,800 00
1	do.....			1,600 00
1	Clerk.....			1,000 00
2	Inspectors.....each.....	\$4 00		2,920 00
5	do.....do.....	3 00		5,475 00
1	Messenger.....			600 00
1	Watchman.....			480 00
2	Boatmen.....each.....		420 00	840 00
2	do.....do.....		360 00	720 00
17	Total compensation.....			18,435 00

SOUTH CAROLINA.

PORT OF BEAUFORT, DISTRICT OF BEAUFORT.				
1	Collector.....			\$3,000 00
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors.....each.....	\$3 00		2,190 00
3	Boatmen.....do.....		\$300 00	900 00
1	Boatman.....			240 00
7	Total compensation.....			6,330 00
PORT OF CHARLESTON, DISTRICT OF CHARLESTON.				
1	Collector.....			4,000 00
1	Deputy collector.....			2,000 00
3	Clerks.....each.....		1,500 00	4,500 00
1	Inspector and boarding officer.....	4 00		1,460 00
1	do.....	4 00		1,460 00
3	Inspectors and boarding officers.....each.....	3 00		3,285 00
2	Night inspectors.....do.....	2 00		1,460 00
2	Watchmen.....do.....		600 00	1,200 00
4	Boatmen.....do.....		480 00	1,920 00
1	Messenger.....			730 00
1	Laborer.....			360 00
2	Night inspectors (for six months).....each.....		360 00	720 00
22	Total compensation.....			23,095 00
PORT OF GEORGETOWN, DISTRICT OF GEORGETOWN.				
1	Collector.....			500 00
1	Deputy collector.....			600 00
2	Boatmen.....each.....		300 00	600 00
4	Total compensation.....			1,700 00

SCHEDULE No. 1.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

GEORGIA.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	Per annum.	Total.
PORT OF ATLANTA.				
1	Surveyor			\$1,000 00
1	Total compensation			1,000 00
PORT OF BRUNSWICK, DISTRICT OF BRUNSWICK.				
1	Collector			3,000 00
3	Deputy collectors and inspectors..... each..	\$3 00		3,285 00
1	do	4 00		1,460 00
1	Clerk and messenger			600 00
4	Boatmen		\$300 00	1,200 00
10	Total compensation			9,545 00
PORT OF SAINT MARY'S, DISTRICT OF SAINT MARY'S.				
1	Collector			600 00
1	Deputy collector			900 00
1	Boatman			300 00
3	Total compensation			1,800 00
PORT OF SAVANNAH, DISTRICT OF SAVANNAH.				
1	Collector			4,000 00
1	Deputy collector			2,000 00
3	Clerks		1,500 00	4,500 00
2	Inspectors	4 00		2,920 00
3	do	3 00		3,285 00
4	Night inspectors	2 00		2,920 00
3	Boatmen		600 00	1,800 00
1	do			360 00
18	Total compensation			21,785 00

FLORIDA.

PORT OF APALACHICOLA, DISTRICT OF APALACHICOLA.				
1	Collector			\$800 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector	\$3 00		1,095 00
2	Total compensation			1,895 00
PORT OF FERNANDINA, DISTRICT OF FERNANDINA.				
1	Collector			1,800 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector	4 00		1,460 00
1	do			720 00
1	Inspector	3 00		1,095 00
2	Boatmen		\$300 00	600 00
6	Total compensation			5,675 00
PORT OF KEY WEST, DISTRICT OF KEY WEST.				
1	Collector			4,000 00
1	Deputy collector			2,100 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector			730 00
3	Deputy collectors and inspectors..... each..		547 50	1,642 50
1	Deputy collector and clerk			1,300 00
2	Clerks		1,300 00	2,600 00
1	Clerk			1,200 00
1	Chief inspector	3 50		1,277 50
3	Inspectors	3 00		3,285 00
1	Chief night inspector	2 50		912 50
3	Night inspectors	2 00		2,190 00
1	Watchman	2 00		730 00
1	Messenger			730 00
4	Boatmen		400 00	1,600 00
6	do		300 00	1,800 00
30	Total compensation			26,097 50

SCHEDULE No. 1.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

FLORIDA—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	Per annum.	Total.
PORT OF PENSACOLA, DISTRICT OF PENSACOLA.				
1	Collector.....			\$3,000 00
1	Deputy collector.....			1,600 00
1	Deputy collector and clerk.....			1,200 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....	\$3 00		1,095 00
1	Clerk.....			1,000 00
7	Inspectors.....each.....	3 30		7,665 00
7	Boatmen.....do.....		\$480 00	3,360 00
3	Night watchmen.....do.....	2 00		2,190 00
1	Messenger.....			600 00
23	Total compensation.....			21,710 00
PORT OF SAINT AUGUSTINE, DISTRICT OF SAINT AUGUSTINE.				
1	Collector.....			500 00
2	Deputy collectors.....each.....		480 00	960 00
2	Boatmen.....do.....		240 00	480 00
2	do.....do.....		120 00	240 00
7	Total compensation.....			2,180 00
PORT OF JACKSONVILLE, DISTRICT OF SAINT JOHN'S.				
1	Collector.....			1,200 00
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors.....each.....	3 00		2,190 00
1	Deputy collector.....			500 00
1	Boatman.....			240 00
1	Messenger.....			300 00
6	Total compensation.....			4,430 00
PORT OF CEDAR KEYS, DISTRICT OF SAINT MARK'S.				
1	Collector.....			1,200 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....	4 00		1,460 00
1	do.....	3 00		1,095 00
3	Inspectors.....each.....	3 00		3,285 00
2	Boatmen.....do.....		480 00	960 00
8	Total compensation.....			8,000 00

ALABAMA.

MOBILE.				
1	Collector.....			\$3,000 00
1	Deputy collector and clerk.....			1,800 00
1	do.....			1,600 00
1	Clerk.....			1,400 00
1	Inspector and acting appraiser.....	\$4 00		1,460 00
6	Inspectors.....each.....	3 00		6,570 00
3	Night inspectors.....do.....	2 00		2,190 00
5	Boatmen.....do.....		480 00	2,400 00
1	Messenger.....			730 00
26	Total compensation.....			21,150 00

MISSISSIPPI.

PORT OF NATCHEZ, DISTRICT OF NATCHEZ.				
1	Collector.....			\$500 00
	Total compensation.....			\$500 00

SCHEDULE No. 1.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

MISSISSIPPI—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	Per annum.	Total.
PORT OF SHIELDSBOROUGH, DISTRICT OF PEARL RIVER.				
1	Collector.....			\$1,200 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....			1,200 00
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors.....each	\$3 00		2,190 00
1	Inspector.....	2 00		1,095 00
2	Boatmen.....each		\$480 00	960 00
7	Total compensation.....			6,645 00
PORT OF VICKSBURG, DISTRICT OF VICKSBURG.				
1	Collector.....			500 00
1	Deputy collector.....			300 00
2	Total compensation.....			800 00

LOUISIANA.

PORT OF NEW ORLEANS, DISTRICT OF NEW ORLEANS.				
<i>Collector's office.</i>				
1	Collector.....			\$7,000 00
1	Deputy collector.....			3,000 00
1	Clerk.....			2,200 00
1	do.....			1,800 00
1	Assistant corresponding clerk.....			1,400 00
1	Messenger and clerk.....			750 00
2	Messengers.....each		\$600 00	1,200 00
1	Auditor.....			2,500 00
1	Assistant auditor.....			1,800 00
1	Bookkeeper.....			1,400 00
1	Assistant bookkeeper.....			1,000 00
1	Assistant liquidator.....			1,200 00
1	Impost clerk.....			1,400 00
1	Assistant impost clerk.....			1,000 00
1	Statistical clerk.....			1,400 00
1	Assistant statistical clerk.....			1,600 00
1	Messenger.....			600 00
1	Deputy collector.....			480 00
1	do.....			3,000 00
1	Cashier.....			2,500 00
1	Assistant cashier.....			1,400 00
1	Chief entry clerk.....			1,800 00
1	Entry clerk.....			1,600 00
1	do.....			1,200 00
1	Permit clerk.....			1,000 00
1	Bond clerk.....			1,600 00
1	Marine clerk.....			1,600 00
1	Assistant marine clerk.....			1,000 00
1	Entrance and appearance clerk.....			1,600 00
1	Assistant entrance and appearance clerk.....			1,200 00
1	Manifest clerk.....			1,200 00
1	Warehouse bookkeeper.....			1,600 00
1	Warehouse assistant clerk.....			1,600 00
1	Bond assistant clerk.....			1,400 00
1	Messenger and copyist.....			750 00
1	do.....			600 00
1	Clerk.....			1,200 00
1	do.....			1,000 00
1	Weigher.....			2,000 00
1	Clerk.....			1,200 00
7	Assistant weighers.....each		1,200 00	8,400 00
3	Laborers.....do		600 00	1,800 00
1	Gauger.....			1,800 00
1	Assistant gauger.....			1,200 00
1	Clerk.....			1,200 00
1	Marker.....			720 00
2	Laborers.....each		600 00	1,200 00
1	Captain night watch.....			800 00
5	Night watchmen.....each		600 00	3,000 00
2	Inspectors.....do	\$4 00		2,920 00
30	do.....do	3 00		32,850 00
1	Captain night inspectors.....	3 00		1,095 00
20	Night inspectors.....each	2 50		18,250 00

SCHEDULE No. 1.—ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.—Continued.

LOUISIANA—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	Per annum.	Total.
PORT OF NEW ORLEANS, DISTRICT OF NEW ORLEANS—Cont'd.				
<i>Warehouse department.</i>				
1	Storekeeper and cigar inspector			\$1,200 00
1	Clerk			1,000 00
1	Chief laborer			1,000 00
6	Laborers	each..	\$600 00	3,600 00
1	Messenger			600 00
16	Boatmen	each..	600 00	9,600 00
<i>Naval office.</i>				
1	Naval officer			3,500 00
1	Deputy naval officer			2,000 00
1	Chief clerk			1,800 00
1	Entry clerk			1,600 00
1	Liquidating clerk			1,600 00
1	Warehouse clerk			1,600 00
1	Messenger			600 00
<i>Surveyor's office.</i>				
1	Surveyor			3,500 00
1	Deputy surveyor			2,000 00
1	Chief clerk			1,800 00
1	Clerk and admeasurer			1,400 00
1	Clerk			1,200 00
2	Messengers	each..	600 00	1,200 00
<i>Appraiser's department.</i>				
1	Appraiser			3,000 00
1	Assistant appraiser			2,500 00
4	Examiners	each..	1,800 00	7,200 00
1	Assistant examiner and verifier			1,200 00
1	Examiner of drugs			1,000 00
1	Clerk			1,600 00
1	Recording clerk			1,400 00
1	Abstract clerk			1,000 00
1	Sampler			750 00
2	Openers and packers	each..	720 00	1,440 00
7	Laborers	do..	600 00	4,200 00
1	Messenger			600 00
178	Total compensation			205,105 00
PORT OF BRASHEAR, DISTRICT OF TECHE.				
1	Collector			1,600 00
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each..	\$3 00	2,190 00
2	Inspectors	do..	3 00	2,190 00
3	Boatmen	do..	480 00	1,440 00
8	Total compensation			7,420 00

TEXAS.

PORT OF BROWNSVILLE, DISTRICT OF BRAZOS DE SANTIAGO.				
1	Collector			\$4,000 00
1	Deputy collector			2,000 00
1	do			1,600 00
1	Deputy collector and entry clerk			1,600 00
1	Clerk			1,600 00
1	do			1,600 00
1	Storekeeper			1,400 00
2	Deputy collectors and mounted inspectors	each..	\$3 50	2,550 00
3	Deputy collectors and inspectors	do..	3 00	3,285 00
10	Mounted inspectors	do..	3 50	12,775 00
5	Inspectors	do..	3 00	5,475 00
1	Inspectress		3 00	1,095 00
1	Messenger			750 00
1	Watchman			750 00
30	Total compensation			40,485 00

SCHEDULE No. 1.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

TEXAS—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	Per annum.	Total.
PORT OF CORPUS CHRISTI, DISTRICT OF CORPUS CHRISTI.				
1	Collector.....			\$3,000 00
1	Deputy collector.....			1,800 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....			1,800 00
1	Deputy collector and clerk.....			1,600 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....			1,400 00
1	do.....	\$3 50		1,277 50
3	Clerks..... each		\$1,200 00	3,600 00
1	Inspector.....	4 00		1,460 00
1	Storekeeper, weigher, and gauger.....			1,400 00
4	Mounted inspectors..... each	3 50		5,110 00
3	Inspectors..... do.	3 00		3,285 00
1	Boatman.....			600 00
1	Laborer.....			420 00
20	Total compensation.....			26,752 50
PORT OF GALVESTON, DISTRICT OF GALVESTON.				
1	Collector.....			4,000 00
1	Deputy collector.....			2,200 00
4	Deputy collectors and clerks..... each		1,800 00	7,200 00
1	Clerk and deputy collector.....			1,600 00
2	Mounted inspectors..... each	3 50		2,555 00
9	Inspectors..... do.	3 00		9,855 00
1	Chief night inspector.....	3 00		1,095 00
6	Night inspectors..... each	2 50		5,475 00
1	Storekeeper and clerk.....			1,400 00
1	Messenger.....	2 00		730 00
1	Porter.....			600 00
1	Laborer.....			480 00
2	Boatmen..... each		600 00	1,200 00
1	Inspector.....	4 00		1,460 00
1	Inspector for 5 months.....	3 00		547 50
33	Total compensation.....			40,397 50
PORT OF EL PASO, DISTRICT OF PAHO DEL NORTE.				
1	Collector.....			2,000 00
1	Deputy collector.....			1,600 00
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors..... each	3 50		2,555 00
1	do..... do.	2 75		2,007 50
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....	2 00		730 00
1	Mounted inspector.....	3 00		1,095 00
2	Mounted inspectors..... each	3 50		2,555 00
1	Clerk.....	3 50		1,277 50
1	Deputy clerk and inspector.....			1,600 00
1	do.....	3 30		1,204 50
2	Inspectors..... each	3 50		2,555 00
15	Total compensation.....			19,179 50
INDIANOLA, DISTRICT OF SALUBIA.				
1	Collector.....			2,000 00
1	Deputy collector.....			1,600 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector.....			1,600 00
1	do.....	3 70		1,350 50
1	do.....	3 00		1,095 00
5	Mounted inspectors..... each	3 50		6,387 50
2	Inspectors..... do.	3 00		2,190 00
12	Total compensation.....			16,223 00
TENNESSEE.				
PORT OF CHATTANOOGA.				
1	Surveyor.....			\$350 00
1	Total compensation.....			350 00

SCHEDULE No. 1.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

TENNESSEE—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	Per annum.	Total.
PORT OF NASHVILLE.				
1	Surveyor			\$600 00
1	Deputy surveyor.....	\$3 00		1, 095 00
2	Total compensation.....			1, 695 00
PORT OF MEMPHIS.				
1	Surveyor			1, 200 00
1	Deputy surveyor			1, 000 00
1	Porter and laborer.....			150 00
3	Total compensation.....			2, 350 00

KENTUCKY.

PORT OF LOUISVILLE.				
1	Surveyor			\$3, 000 00
1	Deputy surveyor			1, 600 00
1	do			1, 400 00
1	Deputy surveyor and clerk			1, 200 00
1	Inspector, examiner, and storekeeper.....	\$3 50		1, 277 50
1	Inspector, weigher, and gauger	3 00		1, 095 00
1	Messenger.....	1 50		517 50
7	Total compensation.....			10, 120 00

OHIO.

PORT OF CINCINNATI.				
1	Surveyor			\$4, 000 00
1	Appraiser			3, 000 00
1	Deputy surveyor			2, 000 00
1	Deputy surveyor and clerk			1, 500 00
1	Inspector and weigher.....	\$4 00		1, 400 00
1	Clerk			1, 400 00
3	Clerks		\$1, 200 00	3, 600 00
1	do			1, 000 00
3	Inspectors.....	3 50		3, 832 50
1	Inspector	3 00		1, 095 00
1	Messenger			480 00
1	Night watchman			720 00
1	Examiner.....			1, 600 00
1	Opener and packer.....			900 00
1	Porter, appraiser's store.....			720 00
1	Laborer			600 00
1	Clerk	3 00		1, 095 00
21	Total compensation.....			29, 002 50
PORT OF CLEVELAND, DISTRICT OF CUYAHOGA.				
1	Collector.....			3, 000 00
1	Deputy collector.....			2, 000 00
3	Clerks		1, 200 00	3, 600 00
1	Deputy clerk and inspector.....	3 50		1, 277 50
4	Inspectors	3 00		4, 380 00
1	Night inspector	2 50		912 50
1	Night watchman			1, 085 00
1	Deputy collector			600 00
3	Deputy collectors.....		300 00	900 00
1	Deputy collector.....			25 00
1	Appraiser			3, 000 00
1	Messenger.....			720 00
1	Clerk			1, 000 00
29	Total compensation.....			22, 500 00

SCHEDULE NO. 1.— *ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

OHIO—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	Per annum.	Total.
PORT OF SANDUSKY. DISTRICT OF SANDUSKY.				
1	Collector			\$2,500 00
1	Deputy collector			1,000 00
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each \$1 10		803 00
2	do	do 55		401 50
2	do	do 30		219 00
8	Total compensation			4,923 50
PORT OF TOLEDO, DISTRICT OF MIAMI.				
1	Collector			2,500 00
1	Deputy collector			1,400 00
1	do			1,200 00
1	Inspector and clerk	3 00		1,095 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector			720 00
1	Messenger			300 00
6	Total			7,215 00

INDIANA.

PORT OF EVANSVILLE.				
1	Surveyor			\$600 00
1	Deputy surveyor			800 00
2	Total compensation			1,400 00
PORT OF INDIANAPOLIS.				
1	Surveyor			2,000 00
1	Deputy surveyor and inspector	\$3 00		1,095 00
1	Clerk			720 00
1	Opener and packer			600 00
4	Total compensation			4,415 00

ILLINOIS.

PORT OF CAIRO.				
1	Surveyor			\$1,000 00
1	Deputy surveyor and inspector	\$3 00		1,095 00
2	Total compensation			2,095 00
PORT OF CHICAGO.				
1	Collector		\$6,000 00	6,000 00
1	Deputy collector			3,000 00
1	Correspondence clerk			2,300 00
1	Messenger and clerk			900 00
1	Messenger for collector			720 00
2	Watchmen	each 2 50		1,825 00
1	Auditor			2,500 00
1	Assistant auditor and impost clerk			1,700 00
1	Liquidating clerk			1,700 00
1	Files clerk			1,000 00
1	Statistical clerk			1,500 00
1	Warehouse-bond-abstract clerk			1,400 00
1	Abstract clerk			1,300 00
1	do			1,200 00
1	Assistant liquidating clerk			1,000 00
1	Cashier			2,500 00
1	Assistant cashier and clerk			1,400 00
1	Deputy collector and clerk			2,500 00
1	Chief entry clerk			1,800 00
1	Assistant entry clerk			1,600 00
1	Warehouse clerk			1,600 00
1	Assistant warehouse clerk			1,200 00
1	Bond clerk			1,480 00
1	Clerk			1,200 00
1	do			1,000 00

SCHEDULE No. 1.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

ILLINOIS—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	Per annum.	Total.
PORT OF CHICAGO—Continued.				
1	Messenger			\$900 00
1	Deputy collector and clerk			2,200 00
1	Enrollment and license clerk			1,600 00
1	Marine clerk			1,300 00
1	Recording clerk			1,200 00
1	Deputy collector (at South Chicago) \$30 per month			360 00
1	Surveyor (Michigan City, Ind.)			350 00
1	Deputy collector and clerk			2,000 00
1	do			1,600 00
1	Chief weigher			1,500 00
1	Assistant weigher and inspector	\$4 00		1,460 00
1	Gauger			1,500 00
1	Clerk			1,500 00
1	Cigar inspector	4 00		1,460 00
1	Inspector and assistant gauger and weigher	3 50		1,277 50
1	Special inspector	4 00		1,460 00
1	Inspector	4 00		1,460 00
8	Inspectors	3 50		10,220 00
13	do	3 00		14,235 00
10	Inspectors for nine months	3 00		8,212 50
4	Laborers	2 00		2,920 00
1	Appraiser			3,000 00
1	Examiner			2,000 00
1	do			1,800 00
1	do			1,600 00
1	do			1,000 00
1	Clerk			1,200 00
3	Openers and packers	2 50		2,737 50
1	Storekeeper	3 00		1,095 00
88	Total compensation			117,392 50
PORT OF GALENA.				
1	Surveyor			500 00
1	Deputy surveyor and clerk			500 00
2	Total compensation			1,000 00

MISSOURI.

PORT OF KANSAS CITY				
1	Surveyor			\$1,000 00
1	Total compensation			1,000 00
PORT OF SAINT JOSEPH.				
1	Surveyor			1,000 00
1	Total compensation			1,000 00
PORT OF SAINT LOUIS.				
1	Surveyor			5,000 00
1	Appraiser			3,000 00
1	Deputy surveyor			2,500 00
1	Deputy surveyor and cashier			2,000 00
1	Deputy surveyor and entry clerk			1,600 00
1	Deputy surveyor and assistant entry clerk			1,200 00
1	Deputy surveyor and chief inspector			1,800 00
1	Inspector, weigher, and gauger			1,500 00
1	Inspector, assistant weigher, and gauger			1,000 00
1	Inspector	\$4 00		1,460 00
4	Inspectors	3 50		5,110 00
1	Liquidating clerk			1,500 00
1	Clerk			1,300 00
1	Clerk			1,100 00
1	Deputy surveyor			1,800 00
1	do			1,600 00
1	Clerk			900 00
1	Messenger			840 00
2	Laborers		\$480 00	960 00
1	Examiner			1,400 00
1	Storekeeper	3 00		1,095 00
1	Clerk			1,400 00
1	Opener and packer	2 00		730 00
27	Total compensation			40,795 00

SCHEDULE No. 1.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

MICHIGAN.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	Per annum.	Total.
PORT OF DETROIT, DISTRICT OF DETROIT.				
1	Collector			\$4,000 00
1	Appraiser			3,000 00
1	Deputy collector			2,250 00
1	Deputy collector and chief clerk			2,000 00
1	Cashier			1,800 00
2	Deputy collectors and clerks	each.	\$1,600 00	3,200 00
1	do	do.	1,400 00	2,800 00
1	Deputy collector and clerk			1,200 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector	\$3 00		1,095 00
1	do	3 00		1,095 00
1	Inspector	2 50		912 50
1	Deputy collector and inspector	2 50		912 50
2	Inspectors	each. 2 50		1,825 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector	3 00		1,095 00
1	Inspector and admeasurer	3 00		1,095 00
4	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each. 2 50		3,650 00
1	do			1,200 00
1	do			1,400 00
2	do	each. 2 50		1,825 00
17	Inspectors	2 50		15,512 50
1	Deputy collector and inspector	3 50		1,277 50
2	Deputy collector and inspectors (when employed)	35		84 00
1	do	65		474 50
3	do	1 00		1,095 00
1	do	2 00		730 00
1	do	30		328 50
2	Inspectors	each. 4 00		2,920 00
1	Inspectress	1 50		547 50
1	Messenger			500 00
1	Inspector and clerk			1,400 00
1	Weigher and gauger	2 50		912 50
1	Deputy collector and inspector			1,400 00
61	Total compensation			63,537 00
PORT OF PORT HURON, DISTRICT OF HURON.				
1	Collector			4,000 00
1	Deputy collector			2,000 00
1	Deputy collector and bookkeeper			1,600 00
1	Deputy collector, bond and entry clerk			1,500 00
1	Deputy collector and marine clerk			1,400 00
4	Deputy collectors and clerks	each.	1,200 00	4,800 00
1	do	2 50		912 50
1	Clerk			730 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector			1,500 00
1	do			1,200 00
2	do	each. 2 50		1,825 00
7	do	do. 3 00		7,665 00
2	Inspectors, when employed	do. 3 00		1,460 00
1	Deputy collector and clerk			800 00
1	do			1,000 00
6	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each. 2 50		5,475 00
1	do			1,500 00
2	Inspectors, when employed	each. 3 00		1,460 00
1	Inspector	3 00		1,095 00
1	Inspector, when employed	3 00		730 00
1	do	3 00		730 00
1	do	2 50		647 50
1	do	2 50		912 50
2	Inspectors	each. 3 00		2,190 00
1	Watchman	2 00		730 00
1	Messenger			600 00
1	Inspectress	65		237 25
1	Deputy collector and inspector			1,200 00
4	do	each.	600 00	2,400 00
1	do			400 00
3	do	each. 240 00		720 00
2	do	do. 120 00		240 00
1	do			300 00
57	Total compensation			53,959 75

SCHEDULE No. 1.—ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.—Continued.

MICHIGAN—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	Per annum.	Total.
PORT OF GRAND HAVEN, DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN.				
1	Collector			\$2,000 00
1	Deputy collector			1,200 00
1	Deputy collector and clerk, \$60 per month			720 00
1	Deputy collector and clerk, \$40 per month			480 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector (when employed)	\$2 50		602 50
3	do	1 00		723 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector	1 40		511 00
1	do	1 00		365 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector (when employed)	1 00		241 00
3	do	65		469 95
1	do	85		204 85
1	do	75		180 75
1	do	2 25		542 25
1	do	55		132 55
1	do	50		120 50
1	do	65		156 65
20	Total compensation			8,650 00
PORT OF MARQUETTE, DISTRICT OF SUPERIOR.				
1	Collector			2,000 00
1	Deputy collector and cashier			1,200 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector			1,200 00
1	do			1,000 00
5	do	each 80		1,460 00
3	do	do 25		273 75
2	Inspectors	do 3 00		2,190 00
14	Total compensation			9,323 75

WISCONSIN.

PORT OF LA CROSSE.				
1	Surveyor			\$1,200 00
1	Deputy surveyor, without compensation			
2	Total compensation			1,200 00
PORT OF MILWAUKEE, DISTRICT OF MILWAUKEE.				
1	Collector			3,000 00
1	Deputy collector			1,800 00
1	Deputy collector and clerk			1,600 00
1	do			1,200 00
2	Inspectors	each \$4 00		2,920 00
1	Inspector	3 00		1,095 00
1	Opener and packer			600 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector			600 00
1	do			400 00
2	Deputy collectors and inspectors	each \$300 00		600 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector			200 00
13	Total compensation			14,015 00

IOWA.

PORT OF BURLINGTON.				
1	Surveyor			\$500 00
1	Deputy surveyor			120 00
2	Total compensation			620 00
PORT OF DUBUQUE.				
1	Surveyor			600 00
1	Deputy surveyor			120 00
2	Total compensation			720 00

SCHEDULE No. 1.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

NEBRASKA.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	Per annum.	Total.
PORT OF OMAHA.				
1	Surveyor			\$500 00
1	Deputy surveyor and inspector	\$3 00		1, 095 00
2	Total compensation			1, 595 00

MINNESOTA.

PORT OF DULUTH, DISTRICT OF DULUTH.				
1	Collector			\$2, 500 00
1	Deputy collector and storekeeper			1, 400 00
1	Deputy collector	\$3 00		1, 095 00
1	Clerk and storekeeper, when employed	1 00		1, 104 00
1	Inspector, when employed	3 00		856 00
1	do do	3 00		642 00
6	Total compensation			7, 597 00
PORT OF SAINT VINCENT, DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.				
1	Collector			2, 500 00
1	Deputy collector			2, 000 00
1	Deputy collector, examiner, and inspector			2, 000 00
1	Deputy collector			1, 800 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector	4 00		1, 460 00
1	do do	4 00		1, 460 00
1	Deputy collector and mounted inspector	4 00		1, 460 00
2	Deputy collectors	3 50		2, 555 00
2	Mounted inspectors	3 50		2, 555 00
1	Deputy collector	3 00		1, 095 00
1	Clerk and inspector	3 00		1, 095 00
12	Inspectors	3 00		13, 140 00
1	Inspector and interpreter	3 00		1, 095 00
26	Total compensation			34, 215 00

MONTANA.

PORT OF FORT BENTON, DISTRICT OF MONTANA AND IDAHO.				
1	Collector			\$1, 200 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector	\$3 50		1, 277 50
2	Total compensation			2, 477 50

CALIFORNIA.

PORT OF EUREKA, DISTRICT OF HUMBOLDT.				
1	Collector			\$2, 500 00
1	Deputy collector			1, 400 00
1	Inspector	\$3 00		1, 095 00
1	Deputy collector and inspector			1, 200 00
4	Total compensation			6, 195 00
PORT OF SAN DIEGO, DISTRICT OF SAN DIEGO.				
1	Collector			2, 500 00
1	Deputy collector			1, 500 00
3	Inspectors	3 00		3, 285 00
5	Total compensation			7, 285 00

SCHEDULE No. 1.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

CALIFORNIA—Continued.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	Per annum.	Total.
PORT OF SAN FRANCISCO, DISTRICT OF SAN FRANCISCO.				
<i>Collectors office.</i>				
1	Collector.....			\$7,000 00
3	Deputy collectors..... each..		\$3,625 00	10,875 00
1	Auditor.....			4,000 00
1	Assistant auditor.....			2,500 00
1	Chief liquidating clerk.....			2,500 00
1	Cashier.....			3,500 00
1	Assistant cashier.....			1,800 00
3	Clerks..... each..		2,000 00	6,000 00
16	do..... do..		1,800 00	28,800 00
8	do..... do..		1,600 00	12,800 00
3	do..... do..		1,500 00	4,500 00
4	do..... do..		1,400 00	5,600 00
3	do..... do..		1,200 00	3,600 00
5	Messengers..... do..		900 00	4,500 00
4	Watchmen..... do..		900 00	3,600 00
1	Superintendent of laborers.....			1,200 00
13	Laborers..... each..		900 00	11,700 00
1	Assistant storekeeper.....			1,600 00
2	Deputy collectors..... each..		1,500 00	3,000 00
4	Inspectors..... do..		1,000 00	4,000 00
54	do..... do..	\$4 00		78,840 00
30	Night inspectors..... do..	3 00		32,850 00
1	Inspectress..... do..	3 00		1,095 00
2	Boatmen..... each..		900 00	1,800 00
1	Gauger.....			2,000 00
1	Gauger's laborer.....			900 00
1	Wigher.....			2,000 00
2	Assistant weighers..... each..		1,800 00	3,600 00
15	do..... do..		1,200 00	18,000 00
1	Admeasurer.....	4 00		1,460 00
1	Clerk.....			1,600 00
<i>Surveyor's office.</i>				
1	Surveyor.....			5,000 00
1	Deputy surveyor.....			3,625 00
1	Clerk.....			1,800 00
1	do.....			1,600 00
1	Messenger.....			900 00
<i>Naval office.</i>				
1	Naval officer.....			5,000 00
1	Deputy naval officer.....			3,125 00
4	Clerks..... each..		1,800 00	7,200 00
3	do..... do..		1,600 00	4,800 00
1	do..... do..			1,400 00
1	Clerk and messenger.....			1,000 00
<i>Appraiser's department.</i>				
2	Local appraisers..... each..		3,625 00	7,250 00
2	Assistant appraisers..... do..		2,500 00	5,000 00
5	Examiners..... do..		2,000 00	10,000 00
1	Special examiner of drugs.....			2,000 00
1	Clerk.....			1,800 00
1	do.....			1,200 00
4	Samplers..... each..		1,200 00	4,800 00
1	Messenger.....			900 00
1	Superintendent of laborers.....			1,200 00
11	Laborers..... each..		900 00	9,900 00
229	Total compensation.....			346,720 00
PORT OF WILMINGTON, DISTRICT OF WILMINGTON.				
1	Collector.....			2,000 00
1	Deputy collector.....			1,500 00
2	Inspectors..... each..	3 00		2,190 00
3	Deputy collectors and inspectors..... do..		1,000 00	3,000 00
7	Total compensation.....			8,690 00

SCHEDULE No. 1.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

OREGON.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	Per annum.	Total.
PORT OF ASTORIA, DISTRICT OF OREGON.				
1	Collector.....			\$3,000 00
1	Deputy collector.....			2,000 00
1	do.....			1,500 00
2	Inspectors.....each..	\$4 00		2,920 00
2	Boatmen.....do..		\$480 00	960 00
7	Total compensation.....			10,380 00
PORT OF COOS BAY, DISTRICT OF SOUTHERN OREGON.				
1	Collector.....			1,000 00
1	Deputy collector.....			500 00
3	Deputy collectors.....each..		1,000 00	3,000 00
5	Total compensation.....			4,500 00
PORT OF PORTLAND, DISTRICT OF WILLAMETTE.				
1	Collector.....			4,000 00
1	Appraiser.....			3,000 00
1	Deputy collector.....			2,400 00
1	do.....			2,200 00
1	Clerk.....			1,500 00
1	do.....			1,400 00
1	Weigher.....	4 00		1,460 00
5	Inspectors.....each..	4 00		7,300 00
5	do.....do..	2 50		4,562 50
1	Opener and packer.....			1,250 00
1	Storekeeper.....			1,200 00
19	Total compensation.....			30,272 50
PORT OF YAQUINA, DISTRICT OF YAQUINA.				
1	Collector.....			1,000 00
2	Deputy collectors.....each..		1,200 00	2,400 00
1	Boatman.....			720 00
4	Total compensation.....			4,120 00

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

PORT OF PORT TOWNSEND, DISTRICT OF PUGET SOUND.				
1	Collector.....			\$3,000 00
1	Deputy collector.....			2,000 00
1	Deputy collector and clerk.....			1,500 00
5	Inspectors.....each..	\$3 50		6,387 50
2	Boatmen and night inspectors.....do..	2 50		1,825 00
1	Watchman.....	2 00		730 00
3	Inspectors.....each..	3 50		3,832 50
1	Deputy collector.....			2,000 00
1	do.....			1,500 00
1	Deputy collector and mounted inspector.....	4 00		1,460 00
1	Inspector.....	3 50		1,277 50
1	Boatman and inspector.....			912 50
19	Total compensation.....			26,425 00

ALASKA.

PORT OF SITKA, DISTRICT OF ALASKA.				
1	Collector.....			\$3,000 00
1	Deputy collector.....			1,800 00
3	Deputy collectors.....each..		\$1,500 00	4,500 00
1	Inspector.....	\$3 00		1,095 00
6	Total compensation.....			10,395 00

SCHEDULE No. 1.—*ESTIMATES of EXPENSES of COLLECTING REVENUE from CUSTOMS, &c.*—Continued.

COLORADO.

No.	Officers.	Per diem.	Per annum.	Total.
	PORT OF DENVER.			
1	Surveyor			\$1,000 00

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

For temporary employés when deemed necessary by the Secretary of the Treasury, rents, labor, stationery and supplies for custom-houses, traveling and incidental expenses in the several collection districts.....	\$920,623 02
For salaries and traveling expenses of special agents	100,000 00
For detection and prevention of fraud upon the customs revenue.....	100,000 00
The salaries and traveling expenses of additional inspectors of customs, appointed by the Secretary of the Treasury	40,000 00
Total for miscellaneous items.....	1,160,623 02

For the compensation of storekeepers of bonded warehouses, at a rate not exceeding \$1,400 each per annum, night services of inspectors and other officers, special services and expenses of customs officers, traveling expenses of examiners of machinery and compensation of merchant appraisers, there are hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, such sums as may be collected for said purposes respectively.

SCHEDULE A.

[Referred to on page xxxviii.]

Number of employes and salaries during the year ended June 30, 1882.

District or port.	Employés.		Salaries.	Total.	Employés.		Salaries.	Total.	District.	No. of employés.	Salaries.	Total.	Estimated number of employés and salaries, as recommended by commissions in estimates for the year ending June 30, 1884, and recommended for the year ending June 30, 1885.	Estimated number of employés and salaries for the year ending June 30, 1885, should the districts be consolidated and reduced as recommended by the Secretary of the Treasury.
	No.	Total.			No.	Total.								
Aroostook, Me.	7		\$8,454 00		11		\$9,584 75	\$9,584 75	Vanceborough, Me. (includes Houlton and part of Bangor, part of Castine and part of Passamaquoddy).	11	\$13,200 00			
Bangor, Me.	11		12,360 00		10		4,392 65							
Bellfast, Me.	7		4,375 16		7		4,160 00							
Castine, Me.	6		5,570 90		6		5,222 75							
Frenchman's Bay, Me.	6		6,389 83		6									
Bath, Me.	8		9,317 10		9		9,880 25		Bangor, Me. (includes part of Bangor and part of Castine).	20	17,100 00			
Wiscasset, Me.	4		4,331 74		4		4,002 50							
Waldoborough, Me.	7		8,724 83		7		7,580 00		Bath, Me.	17	17,000 00			
Passamaquoddy, Me.	20		21,819 00		20		21,772 50		Eastport, Me. (includes part of Passamaquoddy).	23	21,400 00			
Machias, Me.	4		4,560 10		4		2,895 00							
Portland and Falmouth, Me.	64		75,038 00		64		73,146 00							
Saco, Me.	2		777 99		2		750 00							
Kennebunk, Me.	2		68 30		2		684 00							
York, Me.	1		265 71		1		250 00							
Portsmouth, N. H.	9		9,577 62		9		10,758 50		Portland, Me.	65	56,770 00			
Vermont, Vt.	66		71,884 70		68		75,398 50		Portsmouth, N. H.	9	9,600 00			
Newburyport, Mass.	4		2,771 68		4		3,785 00		Burlington, Vt.	68	73,460 00			
Gloucester, Mass.	9		12,070 80		10		12,493 50							
Salem and Beverly, Mass.	7		8,014 63		7		8,019 50							
Marblehead, Mass.	3		2,628 72		3		2,680 00		Salem, Mass.	19	21,500 00			
Boston and Charlestown, Mass.	436		551,570 00		417		550,482 25							
Plymouth, Mass.	4		2,845 22		4		2,601 50							
Lynn, Mass.	11		8,554 90		11		8,035 75		Boston, Mass.	415	546,060 00			
New Bedford, Mass.	5		7,601 58		5		7,490 00							
Fall River, Mass.	4		4,441 33		4		4,272 50							
Edgartown, Mass.	8		5,117 77		8		5,390 75							
Nantucket, Mass.	3		2,428 63		3		2,250 00		New Bedford, Mass.	14	14,200 00			

SCHEDULE A—Continued.

Number of employes and salaries during the year ended June 30, 1882.				Estimated number of employes and salaries, as recommended by commissions on estimates for the year ending June 30, 1884, and resubmitted for the year ending June 30, 1885.				Estimated number of employes and salaries for the year ending June 30, 1885, should the districts be consolidated and reduced as recommended by the Secretary of the Treasury.			
District or port.	Employes.		Salaries.	Total.	Employes.		Salaries.	Total.	District.	No. of em- ployes.	Salaries.
	No.	Total.			No.	Total.					
Providence, R. I.	19		\$28,149 19		18		\$27,467 75				
Bristol and Warren, R. I.	4		1,755 74		3		1,511 00				
Newport, R. I.	7	30	4,401 02	\$34,305 95	7	28	4,770 25	\$33,749 00	Providence, R. I.	22	\$27,820 00
New London, Conn.	5		7,991 50		5		7,885 00				
Stonington, Conn.	5	10	1,978 07	9,969 57	5	10	1,844 00	9,729 00	New London, Conn.	7	7,900 00
New Haven, Conn.	14		16,205 99		15		17,992 50				
Middletown, Conn.	4		5,607 24		5		5,803 00				
Fairfield, Conn.	4	22	3,096 63	24,909 86	4	24	2,700 00	26,495 50	New Haven, Conn.	21	22,000 00
New York, N. Y.	1,509		2,090,422 25		1,499		2,124,178 50				
Sag Harbor, N. Y.	3		968 48		2		800 00				
Greenport, N. Y.	1		547 80		2		682 50				
Patchogue, N. Y.	1		232 90		1		200 00				
Port Jefferson, N. Y.	1		248 70		1		200 00				
Albany, N. Y.	6	1,521	10,856 00	2,103,276 13	6	1,511	10,840 00	2,136,900 00	New York, N. Y.	1,450	1,984,620 00
Champlain, N. Y.	26	26	25,116 90	25,116 90	27	27	27,409 50		Plattsburg, N. Y.	27	27,300 00
Oswegatchie, N. Y.	24	24	25,150 60	25,150 60	23	23	25,778 25		Ogdensburg, N. Y.	22	23,700 00
Cape Vincent, N. Y.	13	13	11,934 40	11,934 40	20	20	14,175 50		Cape Vincent, N. Y.	13	11,900 00
Oswego, N. Y.	28	28	29,317 70	29,317 70	28	28	29,418 00	96,781 25	Oswego, N. Y.	28	29,600 00
Buffalo Creek, N. Y.	41		51,880 00		44		56,895 00				
Dunkirk, N. Y.	3		3,243 27		3		3,555 00				
Genesee, N. Y.	26	44	25,333 10	55,123 27	26	47	27,415 25	60,450 00	Buffalo, N. Y.	45	53,900 00
Niagara, N. Y.	41	26	47,006 00	25,333 10	42	26	48,914 00	27,415 25	Rochester, N. Y.	20	22,800 00
	3	41		47,006 00	68	41		76,329 25	Suspension Bridge, N. Y.	41	45,000 00
Newark, N. J.	3		3,357 89		3		3,877 50				
Perth Amboy, N. J.	5	8	6,599 45	9,957 34	8	11	8,295 00				
Philadelphia, Pa.	277		356,199 00		283		363,917 50		Perth Amboy, N. J.	7	8,300 00
Little Egg Harbor, N. J.	3		1,713 41		3		1,830 00				
Great Egg Harbor, N. J.	4		2,427 34		3		1,830 00				

Bridgeton, N. J.....	1	931 28	1	900 00	Philadelphia, Pa.....	282	368 677 50	346,720 00
Lamberton, N. J.....	1	237 84	1	200 00	Erie, Pa.....	3	5,427 00	4,600 00
Erie, Pa.....	3	4,350 42	4	5,427 00				
Pittsburgh, Pa.....	10	15,356 00	10	15,945 00	Pittsburgh, Pa.....	11	17,445 00	15,800 00
Wheeling, W. Va.....	1	1,021 00	2	1,500 00	Wilmington, Del.....	11	8,209 75	9,200 00
Delaware, Del.....	12	8,438 18	11	8,209 75				
Baltimore, Md.....	215	282,340 00	218	286,920 00	Baltimore, Md.....	204	292,155 00	253,680 00
Eastern, Md.....	2	3,530 51	2	3,095 00	Washington, D. C.....	5	8,585 00	6,800 00
Annapolis, Md.....	4	1,987 77	4	2,140 00				
Georgetown, D. C.....	4	5,097 20	4	5,790 00	Richmond, Va.....	10	13,300 00	9,820 00
Alexandria, Va.....	3	2,800 29	3	2,795 00	Norfolk, Va.....	21	26,335 00	21,100 00
Richmond, Va.....	10	10,320 19	9	9,605 00				
Tappahannock, Va.....	2	1,110 43	2	1,100 00	Wilmington, N. C.....	27	25,918 50	21,760 00
Petersburg, Va.....	5	3,504 43	3	2,595 00				
Norfolk and Portsmouth, Va.....	12	14,658 00	12	14,645 00	Savannah, Ga.....	25	32,330 00	25,840 00
Yorktown, Va.....	7	4,487 87	7	5,887 50				
Cherrystone, Va.....	5	2,739 44	3	2,542 50	Fernandina, Fla.....	22	22,085 00	15,620 00
Albemarle, N. C.....	3	3,037 99	3	3,260 00	Charleston, S. C.....	28	31,125 00	25,950 00
Wilmington, N. C.....	18	17,356 74	17	18,435 00	Key West, Fla.....	28	26,097 50	23,800 00
Pamlico, N. C.....	10	4,999 18	10	5,283 50				
Beaufort, N. C.....	4	2,389 66	4	2,200 00	Pensacola, Fla.....	25	23,605 00	22,760 00
Savannah, Ga.....	18	23,573 04	18	21,785 00	Mobile, Ala.....	19	21,150 00	19,080 00
Atlanta, Ga.....	2	1,600 00	1	1,000 00				
Brunswick, Ga.....	9	7,794 00	10	9,545 00				
Fernandina, Fla.....	6	5,515 78	6	5,675 00				
Saint John's, Fla.....	6	2,646 46	6	4,430 00				
Saint Mark's, Fla.....	6	6,573 41	8	8,000 00				
Saint Augustine, Fla.....	4	1,495 60	7	2,180 00				
Saint Mary's, Ga.....	3	1,818 63	3	1,800 00				
Charleston, S. C.....	21	24,199 35	22	23,095 00				
Beaufort, S. C.....	8	6,651 00	7	6,330 00				
Georgetown, S. C.....	4	1,635 71	4	1,700 00				
Key West, Fla.....	28	24,725 00	30	26,097 50				
Pensacola, Fla.....	23	20,900 00	23	21,710 00				
Apalachicola, Fla.....	2	1,546 46	2	1,895 00				
Mobile, Ala.....	21	22,444 04	20	21,150 00				

SCHEDULE A—Continued.

District or port.	Employees.		Salaries.	Total.	Employees.		Salaries.	Total.	District.	No. of em- ployés.	Salaries.
	No.	Total.			No.	Total.					
Estimated number of employés and salaries during the year ended June 30, 1883.											
Pearl River, Miss.....	5		\$6,252 00		7		\$6,645 00				
Natchez, Miss.....	1		491 21		1		500 00				
Vicksburg, Miss.....	1		586 26	\$7,329 47	2		800 00	\$7,945 00	Pascagoula, Miss.....	6	\$6,160 00
New Orleans, La.....	175		240,171 37		178		205,105 00				
Teche, La.....	8		7,556 69		8		7,420 00				
Brasos de Santiago, Tex.....	32		47,812 00	247,728 06	186		40,485 00	212,525 00	New Orleans, La.....	178	194,860 00
Corpus Christi, Tex.....	20		30,344 00	47,812 00	30		26,752 50		Brownsville, Tex.....	30	37,640 00
Galveston, Tex.....	35		46,227 00	30,344 00	20		40,397 50		Corpus Christi, Tex.....	20	26,020 00
Saltwater, Tex.....	12		14,964 73	46,227 00	33		16,223 00		Galveston, Tex.....	35	44,000 00
Paso del Norte, Tex.....	15		19,117 80	14,964 73	12		19,179 50		Indianola, Tex.....	12	15,400 00
Louisville, Ky.....	7		10,991 48	19,117 80	15		10,120 00	143,037 50	{ El Paso, Tex.....	5	7,400 00
Memphis, Tenn.....	3		2,166 62	10,991 48	7		2,350 00	10,120 00	Tucson, Ariz.....	9	11,320 00
Chattanooga, Tenn.....	1		350 00		7		1,095 00		Louisville, Ky.....	8	11,000 00
Nashville, Tenn.....	1		628 26		3		2,350 00				
Cincinnati, Ohio.....	22		28,331 33	3,144 88	2		1,095 00	4,395 00	Memphis, Tenn.....	4	4,100 00
Portsmouth, Ohio.....	21		22,964 10	28,331 33	6		29,002 50	29,002 50	Cincinnati, Ohio.....	21	28,620 00
Cuyahoga, Ohio.....	21		22,964 10	22,964 10	21		22,500 00	22,500 00	Cleveland, Ohio.....	19	19,845 00
Miami, Ohio.....	5		6,934 00		20		7,215 00				
Sandusky, Ohio.....	9		5,073 80		6		4,923 00				
Indianapolis, Ind.....	4		5,218 00	12,007 80	8		4,415 00	12,138 00	Toledo, Ohio.....	12	8,500 00
Evansville, Ind.....	2		1,376 51		4		1,400 00				
Chicago, Ill.....	76		94,418 00	6,594 51	6		117,392 50	5,815 00	Indianapolis, Ind.....	5	5,120 00
Galena, Ill.....	2		907 22		88		1,595 00				
Omaha, Nebr.....	2		1,625 11		2		620 00				
Dubuque, Iowa.....	2		766 47		2						
Burlington, Iowa.....	1		523 81		2						
	83			98,240 61	96				Chicago, Ill.....	91	111,880 00

[illegible]

SUMMARY of the PROPOSED CHANGES in the NUMBER of CUSTOMS DISTRICTS, by STATES.

State.	Number of employes and amount of salaries.					Remarks.		
	Present number of district.	Proposed number of district.	Reduction.	Proposed districts.				
				Number of employes in 1882.	Salaries paid in 1882.			
Maine.....	14	5	9	149	\$103,035 35	136	\$125,470 00	Except Little Egg Harbor, Great Egg Harbor, Bridgeton, and Lambertton. Includes Little Egg Harbor, Great Egg Harbor, Bridgeton, Lambertton, N. J., and Wheeling, W. Va. Includes Alexandria, Va. Includes Albemarle, N. C. Annexed to Pennsylvania. Except Albemarle. Except Saint Mary's. Includes Saint Mary's, Ga. Except part of Paso del Norte. New district made from part of Paso del Norte, Tex. Includes Omaha, Nebr., Dubuque and Burlington, Iowa. Includes Cairo, Ill. Annexed to Illinois.
New Hampshire.....	1	1	.....	9	9,577 62	9	9,600 00
Vermont.....	1	1	.....	66	71,884 70	68	73,600 00
Massachusetts.....	11	3	8	494	607,845 26	448	581,760 00	
Rhode Island.....	3	1	2	30	34,305 95	22	27,820 00	
Connecticut.....	5	2	3	32	34,879 43	28	29,900 00	
New York.....	14	8	6	1,723	2,322,258 10	1,646	2,198,820 00	
New Jersey.....	6	1	5	17	15,267 21	7	8,300 00	
Pennsylvania.....	3	3	.....	290	375,905 42	296	367,120 00
Delaware.....	1	1	.....	12	8,438 18	11	9,200 00
Maryland.....	3	1	2	221	287,858 28	204	253,680 00	
District of Columbia.....	1	1	.....	4	5,097 20	5	6,800 00
Virginia.....	7	2	5	44	39,620 65	31	30,920 00	
West Virginia.....	1	1	.....	1	1,021 00	.....	.....
North Carolina.....	4	1	3	35	27,783 57	27	21,760 00	
South Carolina.....	3	1	2	33	32,486 06	28	25,950 00	
Georgia.....	4	1	3	32	34,785 67	25	25,840 00	
Florida.....	7	3	4	75	64,402 71	75	62,180 00	
Alabama.....	1	1	.....	21	22,444 04	19	19,080 00
Mississippi.....	3	1	2	7	7,329 47	6	6,160 00	
Louisiana.....	2	1	1	183	247,728 06	178	194,860 00	
Texas.....	5	5	.....	114	158,465 53	102	130,460 00
Arizona.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	11,320 00
Tennessee.....	3	1	2	5	3,144 88	.....	4,100 00
Kentucky.....	2	1	1	7	10,991 48	8	11,000 00	
Ohio.....	5	3	2	57	63,303 23	52	56,965 00	
Indiana.....	3	1	2	6	6,594 51	5	5,120 00	
Illinois.....	3	1	2	80	96,869 79	91	111,880 00	
Missouri.....	3	1	2	30	43,114 00	31	44,320 00	
Michigan.....	4	4	.....	148	131,492 89	151	127,430 00
Wisconsin.....	2	1	1	14	13,740 84	14	13,800 00	
Iowa.....	2	2	.....	3	1,290 28	.....	.....

Except Little Egg Harbor, Great Egg Harbor, Bridgeton, and Lambertton.
Includes Little Egg Harbor, Great Egg Harbor, Bridgeton, Lambertton, N. J., and Wheeling, W. Va.

Includes Alexandria, Va.
Includes Albemarle, N. C.
Annexed to Pennsylvania.
Except Albemarle.

Except Saint Mary's, Ga.
Includes Saint Mary's, Ga.

Except part of Paso del Norte.
New district made from part of Paso del Norte, Tex.

Includes Omaha, Nebr., Dubuque and Burlington, Iowa.
Includes Cairo, Ill.

Annexed to Illinois.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
Nebraska.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
Minnesota.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
Montana.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
California.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
Oregon.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79																					

REPORT OF COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE.

REPORT

OF

THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
Washington, October 30, 1883.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the annual report of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for the fiscal year ended the 30th of June, 1883.

I also include certain additional information relative to the work of the Bureau during the months of July, August, and September of the present year, so that you may have before you a clear view of the present condition of the public business intrusted to my charge.

In the appendix to the bound volume of this report you will also find carefully prepared tabular statements as follows:

Table A, showing the receipts from each specific source of revenue, except adhesive stamps, and the amounts refunded in each collection district, State, and Territory of the United States, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

Table B, showing the number and value of internal-revenue stamps ordered monthly by the Commissioner and from the office of the Commissioner; the receipts from the sale of stamps and the commissions allowed thereon; also the number and value of stamps for special taxes, tobacco, cigars, cigarettes, snuff, distilled spirits, and fermented liquors, issued monthly to collectors during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

Table C, showing the percentages of receipts from the several general sources of revenue in each state and Territory of the United States to the aggregate receipts from the same sources, by fiscal years, from July 1, 1863, to June 30, 1883.

Table D, showing the aggregate receipts from all sources in each collection district, State, and Territory of the United States, by fiscal years, from September 1, 1862, to June 30, 1883.

Table E, showing the receipts in the United States from each specific source of revenue, by fiscal years, from September 1, 1862, to June 30, 1883.

Table F, showing the ratio of receipts in the United States from specific sources of revenue to the aggregate receipts from all sources, by fiscal years, from July 1, 1863, to June 30, 1883.

Table G, showing the returns of distilled spirits, fermented liquors, manufactured tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes, under the several acts of legislation and by fiscal years, from September 1, 1862, to June 30, 1883.

Table H, showing the receipts from special taxes in each collection district, State, and Territory for the special-tax year ended April 30, 1883.

Table I. Abstract of reports of district attorneys concerning suits and prosecutions under the internal-revenue laws during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

Table K. Abstract of seizures of property for violation of internal-revenue laws during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

CONSOLIDATION OF COLLECTION DISTRICTS.

The President, by an executive order dated June 25, 1883, directed the consolidation of certain of the collection districts. The order was subsequently modified on different dates. As modified it has been fully carried into effect, except that in the State of Wisconsin (as to which the final order of modification was not made until the 13th day of October, 1883) Collector Irving M. Bean, of the new first district, to be composed of the first and third districts, has not as yet been put in charge. So soon as his new bond is approved the consolidated district will be formally transferred to him, and the executive order will have been fully executed. A few weeks at most will suffice for this.

Before the order of June 25, 1883, was issued there were one hundred and twenty-six collectors and collection districts. When the work of consolidation is completed in the Wisconsin district there will be only eighty-three collectors and collection districts, a reduction of forty-three.

The estimated annual saving to the Government by the reduction is \$125,000.

REDUCTION OF TAXATION.

The act of March 3, 1883, diminished the sources of internal revenue in several most important particulars. It abolished entirely all adhesive-stamps taxation, such as were imposed upon proprietary medicines, bank checks, friction matches, &c., the reduction taking effect July 1, 1883. The tax on bank deposits and capital ceased at the beginning of the present calendar year; and the taxation on tobacco, in all its forms, was decreased one-half on the 1st day of May last.

It is estimated that the aggregate amount of these reductions will not be less than \$43,000,000 per annum, including \$6,000,000 tax on the capital and deposits of national banks, paid directly to the Treasurer of the United States.

While this is so, it is also estimated that the increased revenue from distilled spirits for the current year will so augment receipts from that source as to make the aggregate receipts for this year at least \$120,000,000, should there be no further change in the internal-revenue laws.

COMPARATIVE RECEIPTS FOR THE LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS.

The total receipts from all sources of internal-revenue taxation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, were \$144,553,344.86 as compared with \$146,523,273.72 for the year 1882, and \$135,229,912.30 for the year 1881.

The following statements will exhibit detailed information of the amount of internal revenue collected during the past year, and also for the first three months of the present fiscal year,* of the sources from

* Heretofore the report has been delayed so as to include statistics for the month of October in each year, but in view of section 196 of the Revised Statutes and your letter of the 10th ultimo, a different course is now pursued, and I include only the first three months of the current fiscal year.

whence the revenue is derived, of the States and districts in which the collections during the past year were made, the cost of collection, &c.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS FOR LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS.

The receipts from the several objects of taxation under the internal-revenue laws during the last two fiscal years are shown in the following table:

Objects of taxation.	Amount of tax paid during fiscal years—		Increase.	Decrease.
	1882.	1883.		
SPIRITS.				
Spirits distilled from fruit	\$1, 095, 164 60	\$1, 127, 950 25	\$32, 785 65	.....
Spirits distilled from grain and other ma- terials	63, 683, 592 37	67, 957, 906 48	4, 274, 314 11	.....
Rectifiers (special tax)	184, 483 67	189, 800 12	5, 316 45	.....
Retail liquor-dealers (special tax)	4, 455, 355 55	4, 624, 587 77	169, 232 22	.....
Wholesale liquor-dealers (special tax)	439, 018 86	455, 915 51	16, 896 65	.....
Manufacturers of stills (special tax)	1, 410 03	1, 160 43	.....	\$249 60
Stills or worms manufactured (special tax)	4, 783 00	4, 020 00	.....	763 00
Stamps for distilled spirits intended for export	9, 600 10	7, 434 00	.....	2, 166 10
Interest on tax upon spirits .....	.....	64	64	.....
Total	69, 873, 408 18	74, 368, 775 20	4, 495, 367 02	.....
TOBACCO.				
Cigars and cheroots	18, 245, 852 37	16, 895, 215 15	.....	1, 350, 637 22
Cigarettes	972, 570 10	929, 974 73	.....	42, 595 37
Snuff	778, 650 87	736, 022 82	.....	42, 628 05
Tobacco, chewing and smoking	25, 033, 741 97	22, 136, 402 53	.....	2, 897, 339 44
Stamps for tobacco, snuff, and cigars in- tended for export	6, 554 40	876 00	.....	5, 678 40
Dealers in leaf-tobacco (special tax)	84, 585 63	54, 535 12	.....	30, 050 51
Dealers in manufactured tobacco (special tax)	2, 094, 536 21	1, 233, 812 93	.....	860, 723 28
Manufacturers of tobacco (special tax) ..	8, 762 48	5, 697 88	.....	3, 064 60
Manufacturers of cigars (special tax)	143, 859 66	96, 899 00	.....	46, 960 66
Peddlers of tobacco (special tax)	22, 875 22	14, 813 63	.....	8, 061 59
Total	47, 391, 988 91	42, 104, 249 79	.....	5, 287, 739 12
FERMENTED LIQUORS.				
Ale, beer, lager-beer, and porter	15, 680, 678 54	16, 426, 050 11	745, 371 57	.....
Brewers (special tax)	193, 824 31	184, 885 49	.....	10, 938 82
Dealers in malt liquors (special tax)	277, 417 57	289, 680 21	12, 262 64	.....
Total	16, 153, 920 42	16, 900, 615 81	746, 695 39	.....
BANKS AND BANKERS, NOT NATIONAL.				
Bank deposits	4, 096, 102 45	3, 026, 208 32	.....	1, 069, 894 13
Bank capital	1, 153, 070 25	722, 003 93	.....	431, 066 32
Bank circulation	4, 285 77	782 35	.....	3, 503 42
Total	5, 253, 458 47	3, 748, 994 60	.....	1, 504, 463 87
MISCELLANEOUS.				
Bank checks	2, 318, 455 14	1, 946, 272 10	.....	372, 183 04
Friction matches	3, 272, 258 00	2, 920, 545 20	.....	351, 712 80
Patent medicines, perfumery, cosmetics, &c.	1, 978, 355 56	2, 186, 236 16	207, 840 60	.....
Penalties	199, 830 04	305, 803 57	105, 973 53	.....
Back taxes under repealed laws	81, 559 00	71, 852 43	.....	9, 706 57
Total	7, 850, 497 74	7, 430, 709 46	.....	419, 788 28
Aggregate receipts	146, 523, 273 72	144, 553, 344 86	.....	1, 969, 928 86

WITHDRAWALS FOR CONSUMPTION DURING LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS.

The quantities of distilled spirits, fermented liquors, manufactured tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes on which tax was paid during the same periods are as follows :

Products taxed.	Fiscal years ended June 30—		Increase.
	1882.	1883.	
Number of gallons of spirits distilled from fruit	1, 216, 850	1, 253, 278	36, 428
Number of gallons of spirits distilled from grain, molasses, and other materials	70, 759, 548	75, 508, 785	4, 749, 237
Number of cigars	3, 040, 975, 395	3, 227, 888, 992	186, 913, 597
Number of cigarettes	554, 544, 186	640, 021, 653	85, 477, 467
Number of pounds of snuff	4, 866, 568	5, 284, 372	417, 804
Number of pounds of tobacco	156, 458, 033	165, 077, 186	8, 619, 153
Number of barrels of fermented liquors	16, 952, 085	17, 757, 892	805, 807

RECEIPTS BY COLLECTION DISTRICTS DURING LAST FISCAL YEAR.

The following statement shows the amount of internal revenue collected and accounted for during the last fiscal year by each collector in the several collection districts:

Collection districts.	Names of collectors.	Aggregate collections.
First Alabama	Albion L. Morgan	\$50, 941 26
Second Alabama	James T. Rapier	55, 397 50
Do.	F. M. Shouse (acting)	2, 335 09
Arizona	Thomas Cordis	8, 663 95
Do.	Silas W. Fisher	31, 343 77
Arkansas	Henry M. Cooper	97, 715 53
First California	Chancellor Hartson	3, 675, 820 34
Fourth California	Amos L. Frost	326, 552 80
Colorado	James S. Wolf	216, 100 47
First Connecticut	Joseph Selden	220, 524 34
Second Connecticut	David F. Hollister	286, 466 50
Dakota	John L. Pennington	86, 874 58
Delaware	James McIntire	293, 636 48
Florida	Dennis Eagan	243, 545 33
Second Georgia	Walter H. Johnson	307, 770 27
Third Georgia	Edward C. Wade	9, 372 62
Do.	Lewis M. Pleasant	78, 518 14
Idaho	Ronello W. Berry	35, 079 88
First Illinois	Joel D. Harvey	9, 119, 191 79
Second Illinois	Lucien B. Crooker	254, 223 33
Third Illinois	Albert Woodcock	101, 092 49
Fourth Illinois	Richard Rowett	772, 861 95
Fifth Illinois	Howard Knowles	13, 963, 625 50
Seventh Illinois	John W. Hill	54, 731 27
Eighth Illinois	Jonathan Merriam	1, 116, 936 93
Thirteenth Illinois	Jonathan C. Willis	150, 629 73
Do.	Charles W. Pavey	444, 232 40
First Indiana	James C. Veatch	207, 502 62
Fourth Indiana	Will Cumback	2, 765, 256 46
Sixth Indiana	Frederick Baggs	63, 447 06
Do.	Horace McKay	662, 898 09
Seventh Indiana	Delos W. Minshall	1, 338, 356 80
Do.	William W. Carter	297, 751 79
Tenth Indiana	George Moon	166, 635 46
Eleventh Indiana	John F. Wildman	60, 376 34
Do.	Thomas M. Kirkpatrick	30, 495 23
Second Iowa	John W. Green	292, 378 77
Third Iowa	James E. Simpson	299, 913 67
Fourth Iowa	John Connell	147, 513 93
Fifth Iowa	Lampson P. Sherman	3, 322, 913 70
Kansas	John C. Carpenter	239, 762 97
Second Kentucky	William A. Stuart	227, 096 47
Do.	Samuel R. Crumbaugh	1, 308, 560 68
Fifth Kentucky	Lewis Buckner	7, 550, 781 73
Sixth Kentucky	John W. Finnell	3, 835, 345 17
Seventh Kentucky	Armsted M. Swope	1, 973, 863 32
Eighth Kentucky	William J. Landram	301, 889 19

Collection districts.	Names of collectors.	Aggregate collections.
Ninth Kentucky.....	John E. Blaine.....	\$189,541 07
Louisiana.....	Morris Marks.....	510,469 31
Do.....	George Drury.....	228,197 15
Maine.....	Franklin J. Rollins.....	72,893 32
Third Maryland.....	Robert M. Proud.....	452,917 01
Do.....	C. Irving Ditty.....	2,632,527 97
Do.....	John H. Sellman.....	204,517 75
Fourth Maryland.....	Webster Bruce.....	139,190 01
Third Massachusetts.....	Charles W. Slack.....	1,508,118 79
Fifth Massachusetts.....	Charles C. Dame.....	861,060 58
Tenth Massachusetts.....	Edward R. Tinker.....	384,484 60
First Michigan.....	Luther S. Trowbridge.....	940,967 72
Do.....	James H. Stone.....	310,441 80
Third Michigan.....	Harvey B. Rowilson.....	244,970 27
Fourth Michigan.....	Sluman S. Bailey.....	25,090 50
Do.....	Charles W. Watkins.....	143,921 96
Sixth Michigan.....	Henry C. Ripley.....	216,159 35
First Minnesota.....	Albert C. Wedge.....	117,842 58
Second Minnesota.....	William Bickel.....	417,619 38
Mississippi.....	James Hill.....	60,479 64
First Missouri.....	Isaac H. Sturgeon.....	6,200,677 64
Second Missouri.....	Alonzo B. Carroll.....	60,286 65
Fourth Missouri.....	David A. Stewart.....	388,953 87
Fifth Missouri.....	Bryan H. Langston.....	131,482 26
Sixth Missouri.....	Philip Doppler.....	899,010 98
Montana.....	Thomas P. Fuller.....	75,542 81
Nebraska.....	Lorenzo Crounse.....	940,795 12
Do.....	George W. Post.....	379,722 12
Nevada.....	Frederick C. Lord.....	40,870 72
New Hampshire.....	Henry M. Putney.....	352,998 08
First New Jersey.....	William P. Tatem.....	275,723 41
Third New Jersey.....	Culver Barcalow.....	486,631 30
Fifth New Jersey.....	Robert B. Hathorn.....	4,662,103 07
New Mexico.....	Gustavus A. Smith.....	54,037 46
First New York.....	Rodney C. Ward.....	2,802,941 66
Second New York.....	Marshall B. Blake.....	3,024,441 53
Third New York.....	Max Weber.....	5,122,133 14
Do.....	Morris Friedsam.....	1,613,796 53
Eleventh New York.....	Moses D. Stivers.....	169,700 96
Twelfth New York.....	Jason M. Johnson.....	590,564 93
Fourteenth New York.....	Ralph P. Lathrop.....	103,070 76
Do.....	James W. Bentley.....	487,606 63
Fifteenth New York.....	Thomas Stevenson.....	215,076 01
Do.....	James S. Smart.....	121,756 03
Twenty-first New York.....	James C. P. Kincaid.....	39,393 01
Do.....	James Armstrong.....	285,924 01
Twenty-fourth New York.....	James Chiverton (acting).....	35,628 60
Do.....	John N. Knapp.....	524,134 99
Twenty-sixth New York.....	Benjamin De Voe.....	409,330 71
Twenty-eighth New York.....	Henry S. Pierce.....	1,079,296 23
Thirtieth New York.....	Frederick Buell.....	1,342,391 27
Second North Carolina.....	Elihu A. White.....	65,319 36
Fourth North Carolina.....	Isaac J. Young.....	865,952 10
Fifth North Carolina.....	George B. Everitt.....	988,991 35
Sixth North Carolina.....	Thomas N. Cooper.....	456,864 16
First Ohio.....	William H. Taft.....	7,699,466 14
Do.....	Clark B. Montgomery.....	2,878,061 58
Third Ohio.....	Robert Williams, Jr.....	1,555,836 26
Fourth Ohio.....	Robert P. Kennedy.....	181,759 25
Sixth Ohio.....	George P. Dunham.....	443,683 26
Seventh Ohio.....	Charles C. Walcutt.....	673,466 44
Tenth Ohio.....	Clark Waggoner.....	64,583 05
Do.....	John F. Kumber.....	618,321 68
Eleventh Ohio.....	Marcus Boggs.....	519,923 73
Fifteenth Ohio.....	Jewett Palmer.....	169,435 60
Eighteenth Ohio.....	Worthy S. Streater.....	899,510 83
Oregon.....	John C. Cartwright.....	101,450 73
First Pennsylvania.....	William J. Pollock.....	2,824,875 99
Eighth Pennsylvania.....	Joseph T. Valentine.....	675,254 77
Ninth Pennsylvania.....	Andrew J. Kauffman.....	1,340,739 84
Twelfth Pennsylvania.....	Edward H. Chase.....	417,151 81
Fourteenth Pennsylvania.....	Charles J. Bruner.....	252,387 47
Sixteenth Pennsylvania.....	Edward Scull.....	248,455 24
Nineteenth Pennsylvania.....	Charles M. Lynch.....	123,310 67
Twentieth Pennsylvania.....	James C. Brown.....	82,713 35
Twenty-second Pennsylvania.....	Frank P. Case.....	1,854,674 01
Twenty-third Pennsylvania.....	Samuel M. Jackson.....	884,116 08
Rhode Island.....	Elisha H. Rhodes.....	395,319 42
South Carolina.....	Ellery M. Brayton.....	117,092 80
Second Tennessee.....	James M. Melton.....	119,241 32
Fifth Tennessee.....	William M. Woodcock.....	122,897 03
Do.....	Archelaus M. Hughes.....	856,382 82
Eighth Tennessee.....	Robert F. Patterson.....	75,369 12

Collection districts.	Names of collectors.	Aggregate collections.
First Texas	William H. Sinclair	\$77, 010 90
Third Texas	Benjamin C. Ludlow	79, 510 74
Fourth Texas	William Umbdenstock	107, 128 97
Utah	Ovando J. Hollister	53, 895 18
Vermont	John C. Stearns	46, 062 27
Second Virginia	James D. Brady	768, 141 62
Third Virginia	Otis H. Russell	1, 699, 837 85
Fourth Virginia	William L. Fernald	837, 736 70
Do	John B. Raulston	272, 002 67
Fifth Virginia	J. Henry Rives	1, 297, 237 79
Sixth Virginia	Beverly B. Botts	203, 239 74
Washington	James R. Hayden	49, 207 54
First West Virginia	Isaac H. Duval	335, 407 57
Second West Virginia	Francis H. Pierpont	211, 075 92
First Wisconsin	Irving M. Bean	2, 535, 264 81
Second Wisconsin	Henry Harnden	193, 820 09
Third Wisconsin	Howard M. Kutchin	278, 364 03
Sixth Wisconsin	Leonard Lottridge	190, 050 19
Wyoming	Edgar P. Snow	17, 434 54
Total from collectors		137, 500, 291 40
Cash receipts from sale of adhesive stamps		7, 053, 053 46
Aggregate receipts		144, 553, 344 86

RECEIPTS FOR FIRST THREE MONTHS OF PRESENT FISCAL YEAR.

The following table shows the receipts from the several objects of taxation for the first quarter of the fiscal years 1883 and 1884. A comparison of the receipts for the two periods is also given:

Objects of taxation.	Amount of tax paid during first three months of fiscal years—		Increase.	Decrease.
	1883.	1884.		
SPIRITS.				
Spirits distilled from fruit.....	\$196, 083 02	\$202, 617 58	\$6, 534 56	.....
Spirits distilled from grain and other ma- terials	15, 917, 242 33	17, 255, 430 88	1, 338, 188 55	.....
Rectifiers (special tax)	12, 562 55	6, 989 57		\$5, 572 98
Retail liquor-dealers (special tax)	294, 498 12	280, 897 50		13, 600 62
Wholesale liquor-dealers (special tax)	22, 600 10	24, 721 44	2, 121 34	.....
Manufacturers of stills (special tax)	325 00	445 83	120 83	.....
Stills or worms manufactured (special tax)	1, 340 00	880 00		460 00
Stamps for distilled spirits intended for ex- port	395 70	1, 274 60	878 90	.....
Total	16, 445, 046 82	17, 773, 257 40	1, 328, 210 58	.....
TOBACCO.				
Cigars and cheroots	5, 150, 446 39	2, 740, 236 71		2, 410, 209 68
Cigarettes	299, 164 84	110, 328 21		188, 836 63
Snuff	211, 936 11	111, 008 31		100, 927 80
Tobacco, chewing and smoking	6, 877, 927 36	3, 402, 406 43		3, 475, 520 93
Stamps for tobacco, snuff, and cigars in- tended for export	876 00			876 00
Dealers in leaf tobacco (special tax)	3, 595 81	2, 360 49		1, 235 32
Dealers in manufactured tobacco (special tax)	152, 784 31	85, 699 51		67, 084 80
Manufacturers of tobacco (special tax)	279 20	194 00		85 20
Manufacturers of cigars (special tax)	5, 111 16	3, 833 72		1, 277 44
Peddlers of tobacco, (special tax)	1, 873 43	1, 453 05		420 38
Total	12, 703, 994 61	6, 457, 520 43		6, 246, 474 18
FERMENTED LIQUORS.				
Ale, beer, lager-beer, and porter	4, 925, 918 03	5, 216, 548 38	290, 630 35	.....
Brewers (special tax)	3, 500 00	3, 825 03	325 03	.....
Dealers in malt liquors (special tax)	35, 883 49	34, 232 17		1, 651 32
Total	4, 965, 301 52	5, 254, 605 58	289, 304 06	.....

Objects of taxation.	Amount of tax paid during first three months of fiscal years—		Increase.	Decrease.
	1883.	1884.		
BANKS AND BANKERS NOT NATIONAL.				
Bank deposits	\$824, 177 32	\$447 54	.....	\$823, 729 78
Bank capital	232, 409 80	810 07	.....	231, 599 73
Bank circulation.....	18 27	213 23	\$194 96	.....
Total	1, 056, 605 39	1, 470 84	.....	1, 055, 134 55
MISCELLANEOUS.				
Bank checks, friction matches, patent med- icines, &c. (repealed July 1, 1883).....	2, 355, 857 15	52, 530 32	.....	2, 303, 326 83
Other back taxes under repealed laws	4, 379 83	63, 213 44	58, 833 61	.....
Penalties	66, 394 88	68, 580 50	2, 185 62	.....
Total	2, 426, 631 86	184, 324 26	.....	2, 242, 307 60
Aggregate receipts	37, 597, 580 20	29, 671, 178 51	.....	7, 926, 401 69

COST OF COLLECTION.

The cost of collection for the past fiscal year, distributed among the different items of appropriation, was approximately as follows:

For salaries and expenses of collectors, including pay of deputy collectors, clerks, &c.	\$1, 974, 000 00
For salaries and expenses of revenue agents, surveyors of distilleries, gaugers, storekeepers, and miscellaneous expenses	*2, 288 667 12
For stamps, paper and dies	495 000 00
For expenses of detecting and punishing violations of internal-revenue laws	61, 275 29
For salaries of officers, clerks, and employes in the office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue	294, 792 47
Total	5, 113, 734 88

The total expenses (including the expenses of this office) will be found, on final adjustment, to be about $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the amount collected.

GENERAL CONDITION OF THE SERVICE.

I am gratified to be able to state that the condition of the service is good. Indeed, in the main, it is excellent. In one or two localities there are some things to be corrected in the manner of administration, but these are not of very great moment, and it is thought all cause of complaint will soon disappear. I allude in this mainly to the fifth and sixth districts of North Carolina, where some abuses of long standing are, it is hoped, being gradually removed.

The thanks of the Commissioner are justly due to the officers of the internal revenue, generally, for their zeal and efficiency.

I should also express my high appreciation of the very valuable aid rendered this Bureau by many of the United States district attorneys and marshals throughout the country.

No extensive frauds are being perpetrated upon the Government by persons required to pay internal revenue taxes. While it is as impossible in this branch of the public service as in any other entirely to prevent violations and evasions of the law, still it is confidently believed

* This item is liable to be slightly increased by the payment of a few accounts not yet adjusted.

that these violations are neither very frequent nor very injurious to the revenue.

Evidence accumulates daily that even in those portions of the country where at one period it was not regarded as disreputable to resort to any device to defeat the collection of internal revenue, there is a healthy change of public sentiment, and it is not difficult to secure the conviction of the guilty.

I am well satisfied that no extensive organization exists, anywhere in the country, whose object is to defraud the Government of its internal revenue. While these general statements are true, it is equally true that not only have persons been guilty of misdemeanors, but they have not hesitated to commit the gravest crimes in resisting the internal revenue officers in their efforts to discharge their duties. A case in point was the murder of Deputy Collector Henry F. Walker, who was shot and killed by David Fraley in Stanley County, North Carolina, February 10, 1883, while attempting to seize a distillery illicitly operated. This office has used every exertion to aid the district attorney in prosecuting this case, and it is expected that when it comes to trial the result will be the conviction of the prisoner, Fraley, of willful murder.

STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.

I respectfully suggest that Congress be requested to enact a statute fixing the limitation for the prosecution of offenses against the revenue laws at a much less period than five years, as now provided by law, except in cases where the accused places himself beyond the jurisdiction of the court of the district where the offense was committed. I am informed by judges of the United States district courts that in nearly every instance where a conviction has been secured the offense was committed within two years before the indictment was found. Cases older than two years are almost invariably lost by the Government. It is also very difficult in such cases to prevent abuses whereby the costs of prosecution are increased, and, ultimately, the ends of justice defeated. I am of the opinion that a shorter period of limitation would be much better in many ways and greatly lessen the expense of such prosecutions to the Government. Indeed, I have been strongly urged to recommend a proclamation of general amnesty to all persons who have retailed distilled spirits without the payment of a special tax, and to all persons who have operated small distilleries without registering the same, and complying with other laws and regulations. This view is urged by its advocates upon the ground that a large number of those thus engaged are desirous of abandoning their unlawful practices, but, having long been violators of the law, they see no special inducement to leave off if, at any time, they are to be arrested for what was done within five years.

These views are especially urged upon this office as applying to operations of small distillers in inaccessible mountain regions, in various States, where the quantity of spirits made is very small.

OPERATION OF THE INTERNAL-REVENUE LAWS IN THE INDIAN TERRITORY.

A question of much importance has come up since the 30th of June last, which I hope will not be regarded as out of place if mentioned here. It was, probably, best explained in a letter I had the honor to address you on September 10, 1883, the material parts of which I take

the liberty of embodying in this report, so that the subject may receive such recommendation or action as may be deemed advisable by you. That letter was as follows:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
Washington, September 10, 1883.

SIR: Under date of July 28, 1883, John C. Carpenter, esq., collector of internal revenue for the district of Kansas, referred to this office, for action and instruction, a letter from his deputy, W. H. Gay, dated at Vinita, Indian Territory, July 27, 1883, in which it was stated, in substance, that while visiting the Indian Territory, on the 23d day of July, 1883, "to see if the internal-revenue laws were properly observed," he was grossly insulted by Mr. Overton, the governor of the Chickasaw Nation, at Tishimingo, the capital of that nation, being denounced and told by the governor that he should not collect another dollar of internal revenue in that nation. This was done in the presence of several persons, and threateningly repeated.

The statement thus made and reported to the collector, has raised interesting questions and has caused me to very carefully consider whether the internal-revenue laws have any force in the Indian Territory, and especially whether *as the President has never attached it to a collection district, a deputy collector has any authority to attempt or any protection while attempting to execute the law and collect internal-revenue taxes in the Indian Territory.*

In 1870, Elias C. Boudinot, a Cherokee Indian, was conducting the manufacture of tobacco inside the boundary of the Cherokee Nation, without having complied with any of the requirements of the internal-revenue laws. Acting upon the assumption that the internal-revenue laws extended over the Indian Territory, Federal officers seized the establishment of Boudinot, and the tobacco found upon the premises, and the same were libeled in the district court of the United States for the western district of Arkansas, and upon the trial of the case, and the claim of Boudinot filed therein, it was adjudged that they were subject to seizure for violation of the laws of the United States, and the whole property was condemned and sold accordingly. The elaborate opinion of Caldwell, district judge, in that case, is reported in 13th Internal Revenue Record, page 91.

Upon an appeal to the Supreme Court, the judgment of the district court was affirmed, in the case of the Cherokee Tobacco (11 Wallace, 616). But in the opinion of the Supreme Court in the case of the United States *vs.* Forty-three Gallons of Whisky, and other Property, *et alias*, decided May 7, 1883, and reported in 29th Internal Revenue Record, page 188, the court held, among other things, that "the laws of Congress are always to be construed so as to conform to the provisions of a treaty, if it be possible to do so without violence to their language," and at the close of the opinion the court said that "the case of the Cherokee Tobacco Tax (11 Wallace, 616) cannot be treated as authority against the conclusion we have reached. The decision only disposed of that case, as three of the judges of the court did not sit in it, and two dissented from the judgment pronounced by the other four."

The opinion of the court in the case in 11 Wallace was probably further discredited by the act of Congress to permit Elias C. Boudinot, of the Cherokee Nation, to sue in the Court of Claims (approved June 4, 1880), in which it is recited that it manifestly appears that a wrong has been done to the said Elias C. Boudinot in consequence of the casual infraction of the treaty with the Cherokee Nation. Under that act Boudinot sued the United States in the Court of Claims and recovered the sum of \$3,272.25, the value of the property seized and sold under the judgment in the case of the Cherokee Tobacco, and expenses incurred in that litigation.

You will observe that the issue in the Cherokee Tobacco case was whether the internal-revenue laws as enacted by Congress abrogated the tenth article of the treaty with the Cherokee Nation of Indians (14 Stat. at L., 799), which reads as follows:

"Every Cherokee and freed person, resident in the Cherokee Nation, shall have the right to sell any products of his farm, including his or her live stock, or any merchandise or manufactured products, and to ship and drive the same to market without restraint, paying any tax which is now or may be levied by the United States on any quantity sold outside of the Indian Territory."

It was contended that section 3448 of the Revised Statutes, as now numbered, which reads as follows: "The internal-revenue laws imposing taxes on distilled spirits, fermented liquors, tobacco, snuff, and cigars, shall be held to extend to such articles produced anywhere within the exterior boundaries of the United States, whether the same be within a collection district or not," did, *pro tanto*, abrogate the treaty with the Cherokee Nation, and in 11 Wallace the court seemed so to hold.

However, in view of the almost explicit renunciation by the Supreme Court in the case cited from the 29th volume of the Internal Revenue Record, page 188, of the doctrine of the case of the Cherokee Tobacco (11 Wallace, 616), it seems to me, with all submission, that the correct doctrine is that the internal-revenue laws of

the United States should not be construed to extend over the *Indian Territory* unless the words of those laws very explicitly require such a construction.

The provisions of the treaty with the Chickasaw Nation are not, in terms, precisely the same as those of the treaty with the Cherokee Nation, yet, for the purposes of this letter I assume that they are substantially similar, and that there are similar treaty provisions with nearly if not quite all of the Indian tribes. The treaty with the Chickasaws may be found in the 14 Stats. at Large, page 779.

The power of Congress to legislate for the Indian Territory and tribes is probably no longer disputable any more than is its power to abrogate or disregard a treaty with an Indian tribe (*Cherokee Nation vs. Georgia*, 5 Peters 17); *United States vs. Rodgers* (4 Howard, 572); *Johnson vs. McIntosh* (8 Wheaton, 574); *Mackey vs. Cox* (18 Howard, 103); *Worcester vs. State of Georgia* (6 Peters, 515); *United States vs. Holliday* (3 Wallace, 409); *United States vs. Forty-three Gallons Whisky* (93 U. S., 192).

But while this is so, it seems to me that nothing but the clearest expression of Congressional intention will authorize the construction of any law in such a way as to violate the solemn provisions of a treaty with any Indian tribe, nor does it seem to me that a less explicit expression by Congress should authorize the conclusion that it meant the provisions of the internal-revenue laws to extend over the *Indian Territory*. It is a well-understood rule of construction in England that while the general words of a statute may seem to embrace a British colony, the courts will limit the words to the United Kingdom unless the language expressly requires a different construction.

The Indian tribes have no voice in the making of our laws, but, on the contrary, have at least a *quasi* autonomy of their own, and it would seem that nothing short of express words should give our general laws any force in the Indian Territory.

It is true that the United States courts for the western district of Arkansas try and punish certain offenses committed in the Indian Territory, but this does not violate any treaty, and is pursuant to the plainest possible statutory provision. Furthermore, it would seem that the argument, that but for such construction as was adopted in the *Cherokee Tobacco* case, frauds could be easily committed, is one to be addressed to Congress rather than to the judicial or executive branches of the Government.

With these principles in view, if we are at liberty to construe the internal-revenue laws *in pari materia* with the provisions of the treaty with the Cherokee Nation, and with similar provisions in the treaties with other Indian tribes, very many difficulties do not seem to exist. Even without the annexation of the Indian Territory to any of the collection districts the Commissioner of Internal Revenue might, probably, make such regulations as would secure the collection of the proper taxes upon all articles manufactured in that Territory, which might be sold in the United States. This might be done under the provisions of section 3447 of the Revised Statutes, which reads as follows:

"Whenever the *mode or time of assessing or collecting* any tax which is imposed is not provided for, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue may establish the same by regulation. He may also make all such regulations, not otherwise provided for, as may have become necessary by reason of any alteration of law in relation to internal revenue."

We probably might, under the provision of this statute, provide a way for selling the necessary stamps to persons not Indians, who might attempt to manufacture tobacco, snuff, or cigars within the limits of the Indian Territory, and if the provisions of the law just quoted are not ample, Congress might be requested to legislate further upon the subject.

If, however, the President has the lawful power to attach the Indian Territory to a collection district, the internal-revenue laws might be given full operation in that Territory despite the irritation which this might produce, and we would strive to collect the revenue and keep the necessary watch over the Territory to prevent the United States being defrauded.

A difficult case to provide against, if the President has not the power to attach the Territory to a collection district, is where a citizen of the United States attempts to manufacture articles upon which internal-revenue taxes are levied, within the limits of the Indian Territory, and thereby avoid the payment of internal-revenue taxes. It would seem that there ought to be some way to prevent such an evasion of law as that, but in view of the state of legislation upon the subject, and of the apparently conflicting opinions of the Supreme Court, I deem it my duty to call your attention to the whole subject, so that if you should have any doubts upon the law you can ask the opinion of the Hon. Attorney-General regarding it.

I have the honor to append hereto a brief prepared in the office of the Solicitor for this Bureau which will enable you to find in a small compass a statement of the various statutory provisions, and an abstract of the decisions of the courts in the premises. It also embraces the orders made by my predecessors, under which the internal-revenue taxes in the Indian Territory have, to some extent, been collected.

In what I have said I have not been unmindful that the words of the statute (section 3448), which extend the Internal revenue laws to all articles named

therein "produced anywhere *within the exterior boundaries* of the United States" are those which have created the difficulties of construction, but there would seem to be other reasons aside from the rules of construction alluded to, and the improbability of an intention on the part of Congress to override a treaty stipulation, which might raise doubts as to whether Congress had in contemplation the *Indian Territory* in the use of such language.

Our own territories, some of which had not organized territorial governments, might be supposed to have originally suggested such general words. At all events, I cannot suppress a belief that Congress probably did not mean to exercise its power arbitrarily and set aside a treaty provision with a people weak, it is true, but with whom the Government had in fact dealt as having, at least, the power to make an agreement.

I believe it is not to be lightly assumed that Congress would arbitrarily destroy that agreement without the consent of the tribes and without giving them any notice.

The case of the United States *vs.* Forty-three Gallons of Whisky had been before the Supreme Court before it was there in 1883, and I venture to call your special attention to the first decision of that case and to the opinion of the court therein as reported in 93 U. S., 188.

Hoping that I have not exaggerated the importance of the subject-matter of this letter, and awaiting your advice in the premises,

I am, Mr. Secretary, very respectfully,

WALTER EVANS,
Commissioner.

Hon. CHARLES J. FOLGER,
Secretary of the Treasury.

MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.

The act of Congress approved August 7, 1882, making provision for sundry civil expenses for the year ending June 30, 1883, required the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to make a detailed statement of all miscellaneous expenditures in the Bureau of Internal Revenue, for which appropriation was made in that act. In accordance with the aforesaid requirement, I submit the following detailed statement of miscellaneous expenses incurred:

Express on public money, &c	\$6, 789 50
Stationery for internal-revenue officers.....	16, 326 63
Internal Revenue Record for internal-revenue officers.....	2, 410 70
Telegraphing	1, 114 10
Compensation of United States attorneys in internal-revenue cases, under sections 827 and 838, Revised Statutes.....	5, 033 49
Locks for distilleries.....	3, 080 58
Hydrometers for use in gauging spirits	7, 630 80
Gauging-rods for standard-tests, gauging, &c	115 50
Alcohol for scientific tests, and expenses.....	254 20
Expense of seizure and sales by collectors	143 10
Traveling expenses of clerks under special orders of the Department.....	1, 279 20
Rent of offices leased by the Secretary of the Treasury in New York City for the collector of the second district	5, 000 00
Dies for canceling tobacco stamps	6-6 30
Federal Reporter and Postal Guide	11 30
Total	49, 875 40

REVENUE AGENTS' DIVISION.

The following statements will show the salaries and expenses of revenue agents, expenditures from the appropriation for the discovery of violations of internal revenue laws, illicit stills seized, persons arrested for illicit distilling, casualties to officers and employes in the internal-revenue service, and statement of ordnance and ordnance stores issued to collectors, also a brief statement of the work performed by agents.

Thirty-five revenue agents have been employed during the past year, one as chief of division in this office, twenty-one in charge of divisions,

four employed in examining collectors' accounts, and nine in assisting agents in charge of divisions.

Nine hundred and twenty-seven violations of law have been reported by revenue agents during the year, four hundred and forty-six persons have been arrested on their information, property to the value of \$91,401.16 has been reported by them for seizure, and for assessment for unpaid taxes, and penalties \$294,912.15 has been reported by them.

Thirty-seven railroad and income cases for collection of back taxes under laws repealed have been examined by agents under special assignment. The amount of taxes received from railroad cases during the last fiscal year, which had been examined and reported upon by agents in previous years, is \$161,042.07. But few of this class of cases now remain undisposed-of. All the claims against railroad corporations, with one exception, are now in suit.

There has been expended from the appropriation for salaries and expenses of revenue agents during the year, as follows :

Aggregate salary of agents.....	\$83,997 00
Aggregate amount for traveling expenses.....	41,882 26
Stationery furnished agents.....	292 07
Transportation over Pacific railroads under orders from Treasury Department.....	1,223 55
Total.....	127,394 88

EXPENDITURES FOR THE DISCOVERY AND PUNISHMENT OF FRAUD.

In accordance with the provisions of the act making the appropriation, the following detailed statement of expenditures from the appropriation for detecting and bringing to trial and punishment persons guilty of violating the internal-revenue laws is submitted :

AMOUNTS EXPENDED through COLLECTORS of INTERNAL REVENUE.

Names.	District.	Amount.
Brady, J. D.....	Second Virginia.....	\$1,043 00
Brayton, E. M.....	South Carolina.....	2,251 75
Buckner, Lewis.....	Fifth Kentucky.....	248 00
Botts, B. B.....	Sixth Virginia.....	149 80
Blaine, J. E.....	Ninth Kentucky.....	141 00
Crumbaugh, S. R.....	Second Kentucky.....	585 64
Cooper, T. N.....	Sixth North Carolina.....	4,548 00
Cooper, H. M.....	Arkansas.....	119 00
Doppler, P.....	Sixth Missouri.....	281 82
Everitt, George B.....	Fifth North Carolina.....	691 00
Fernald, W. L.....	Fourth Virginia.....	1,200 00
Frost, A. L.....	Fourth California.....	511 00
Hughes, A. M., jr.....	Fifth Tennessee.....	1,152 85
Hartson, C.....	First California.....	1,223 59
Johnson, W. H.....	Second Georgia.....	3,237 25
Landram, W. J.....	Eighth Kentucky.....	1,107 21
Langston, B. H.....	Fifth Missouri.....	227 10
Morgan, A. L.....	First Alabama.....	112 00
Melton, J. M.....	Second Tennessee.....	506 20
Marks, M.....	Louisiana.....	110 00
Patterson, R. M.....	Eighth Tennessee.....	177 50
Pleasant, L. M.....	Third Georgia.....	486 25
Pollock, W. J.....	First Pennsylvania.....	122 00
Rapier, J. T.....	Second Alabama.....	336 30
Rives, J. H.....	Fifth Virginia.....	1,249 26
Stuart, D. A.....	Fourth Missouri.....	169 10
Stevenson, T.....	Fifteenth New York.....	9 00
Scull, E.....	Sixteenth Pennsylvania.....	8 00
Stearns, J. C.....	Vermont.....	7 00
Valentine, J. T.....	Eighth Pennsylvania.....	150 00
Young, I. J.....	Fourth North Carolina.....	988 00
Total.....		23,148 53

Amount expended for like purposes through revenue agents, as follows:

	Amount.
Brooks, A. H.....	\$7,850 67
Chapman, W. H.....	811 41
Crane, A. M.....	817 82
Eldridge, C. W.....	252 00
Grimeson, T. J.....	1,967 73
Harrison, C. B.....	473 90
Kinney, T. J.....	3,930 05
Kellogg, H.....	1,072 22
Knight, A. A.....	251 60
McLeer, E.....	234 69
Neustadt, F. S.....	143 50
Packard, J.....	234 28
Plummer, S.....	632 08
Powers, T.....	389 13
Raum, J. M.....	3 554 50
Sewall, F. D.....	16 87
Somerville, William.....	2,990 41
Spaulding, D. D.....	917 34
Thrasher, L. A.....	1,859 49
Tracie, T. C.....	4,435 76
Webster, E. D.....	235 00
Wagner, J.....	1,163 77
Wilson, G. W.....	164 80
Total.....	34,469 02
Amount expended by collectors.....	23,148 53
Amount expended by revenue agents.....	34,469 02
Rewards under Circular No. 99.....	3,072 76
Rewards under circular of March 10, 1875.....	50 00
Miscellaneous.....	534 98
Total.....	61,275 29

The accounts for expenditures under this appropriation are rendered monthly with an itemized statement, and in all cases supported by sub-vouchers duly sworn to. These accounts pass through all the accounting offices of the Treasury Department, and are filed in the Register's Office.

There is in the hands of collectors and others, for the enforcement of the laws, the following-described ordnance, for which they are responsible:

Names.	Districts.	Springfield rifles.	Springfield carbines.	Schofield, Smith & Wesson's revolvers.	Cartridge-boxes.	Pistol-cartridge pouches.	Waist-belts and plates.	Arm-chests.
James T. Rapier.....	Second Alabama.....	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dennis Eagan.....	Florida.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
W. H. Johnson.....	Second Georgia.....	59	.....	.....	27	.....	27	2
L. M. Pleasant.....	Third Georgia.....	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Morris Marks.....	Louisiana.....	6	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	.....
I. J. Young.....	Fourth North Carolina.....	10	2	10	1	13	.....	1
George B. Everitt.....	Fifth North Carolina.....	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
T. N. Cooper.....	Sixth North Carolina.....	8	.....	2	8	.....	1	.....
E. M. Brayton.....	South Carolina.....	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
J. M. Melton.....	Second Tennessee.....	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
A. M. Hughes, jr.....	Fifth Tennessee.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
R. F. Patterson.....	Eighth Tennessee.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
J. H. Rives.....	Fifth Virginia.....	24	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
F. H. Pierpont.....	Second West Virginia.....	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jacob Wagner, revenue agent.....	.....	1	1	1	2	4	.....	.....
T. C. Tracie, revenue agent.....	.....	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	.....	8	188	6	53	3	45	3

OPERATIONS AGAINST ILLICIT DISTILLERS.

The following statement shows the number of illicit stills seized, persons arrested, and officers and employes killed during the last fiscal year:

Districts.	Number of stills seized.	Number of persons arrested.	Officers or employes killed.
First Alabama	4	14	.....
Second Alabama	13	85	.....
District of Arkansas	2	7	.....
First California	1	.....	.....
District of Florida	2	2	.....
Second Georgia	124	874	.....
Third Georgia	12	2	.....
Fourth Illinois	2	2	.....
Thirteenth Illinois	4	4	.....
Second Kentucky	2	.....	.....
Fifth Kentucky	4	1	.....
Eighth Kentucky	29	3	.....
Ninth Kentucky	8	9	.....
Tenth Massachusetts	1	1	.....
District of Mississippi	2	2	.....
Second Missouri	1	1	.....
Sixth Missouri	2	2	.....
Third New York	3	2	.....
Fourth North Carolina	12	10	1
Fifth North Carolina	28	4	.....
Sixth North Carolina	55	.....	.....
Sixteenth Pennsylvania .....	.....	1	.....
Twenty-second Pennsylvania	1	.....	.....
District of South Carolina	49	45	.....
Second Tennessee	8	532	.....
Fifth Tennessee	12	7	.....
Eighth Tennessee	2	.....	.....
Fourth Texas	1	.....	.....
District of Utah	1	.....	.....
District of Vermont .....	.....	3	.....
Fourth Virginia	1	2	.....
Fifth Virginia	10	19	.....
First West Virginia .....	.....	1	.....
Sixth Wisconsin	1	.....	.....
Total	397	1, 635	1

There has been generally throughout the country little disposition to evade the payment of internal-revenue taxes. On the contrary, there has been evinced by the great body of tax-payers a willing obedience to the laws. There has been no relaxation on the part of officers to secure the close and faithful collection of the taxes.

In portions of the country, notably in the more remote and sparsely-settled districts of the Southern States, within a few years, the production of and traffic in illicit spirits and tobacco have prevailed to a great extent. In some districts formidable combinations existed to resist the collection of taxes, and the authority of the Government was openly defied. The enforcement of the laws was attended with great difficulty, and not unfrequently with loss of life to the officers. The policy adopted to execute the laws firmly and vigorously, but impartially, and in as conciliatory a manner as possible, has brought about a better public sentiment, and a decided improvement in the condition of affairs in this respect in the localities referred to.

By reference to the reports of former years it will be seen that illicit distillation in the country has been greatly reduced within five years. The report of the last fiscal year encourages me to believe that by continuing the firm, energetic, and impartial enforcement of the laws which now prevails, with such leniency to offenders as circumstances may seem to justify, this great evil may be further reduced. It is too much to expect that it can ever be wholly eradicated.

Below will be found a statement of the number of stills seized and casualties to officers and employes engaged in the suppression of illicit distillation for the last five years:

	1878.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.
Stills seized	1, 024	1, 319	969	756	464
Officers and employes killed	8	7	3	1	4
Officers and employes wounded	17	19	7	9	1

The report for the last fiscal year, which is embraced in table on page 134, shows that 397 stills were seized, and that there was but one casualty to employes.

OFFERS IN COMPROMISE.

The following statement shows the number of offers received and accepted in compromise cases for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, with amount of tax, assessed penalty, and specific penalty accepted, as provided under section 3229, Revised Statutes :

Months.	Compromise offers.		Amount of tax.	Amount of assessed penalty.	Amount of specific penalty.	Total.
	Received.	Accepted.				
July	53	50	\$4, 211 21	\$3 66	\$4, 788 85	\$9, 003 72
August	60	55	1, 323 75	67 50	3, 537 50	4, 928 75
September	56	22	2, 134 96	71 66	5, 027 10	7, 233 72
October	68	26	143 25	38 30	927 20	1, 113 75
November	41	76	4, 000 00	.....	128 75	4, 128 75
December	81	77	58, 009 77	32 50	4, 788 44	62, 830 71
January	61	76	5, 511 48	40 00	2, 981 97	8, 533 45
February	39	66	1, 508 87	95 00	1, 775 15	3, 379 02
March	48	44	4, 249 08	100 00	1, 332 50	5, 681 58
April	53	33	51, 628 92	17 34	21, 561 10	73, 207 36
May	49	50	16, 600 78	62 50	2, 159 08	18, 822 36
June	42	35	52, 346 11	.....	868 50	53, 214 61
Total	651	610	201, 673 18	528 46	49, 876 14	252, 077 78

Whole number of offers received	651
Whole number of offers accepted	610
Amount of tax accepted	\$201, 673 18
Amount of assessed penalty fixed by law	528 46
Amount of specific penalties in lieu of fines, forfeitures, and penalties	49, 876 14
Total	252, 077 78

ABSTRACT OF SEIZURES.

Seizures of property for violation of internal-revenue laws during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, were as follows :

41,909 gallons of distilled spirits, valued at	\$26, 706 12
60,653 pounds of tobacco, valued at	5, 040 75
524,441 cigars, valued at	3, 537 20
Miscellaneous property, valued at	86, 113 98
Total	121, 398 05

ABSTRACT OF REPORTS OF DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.

The following is an abstract of reports of district attorneys for the fiscal year 1883 of internal-revenue suits pending, commenced, and disposed of:

Suits pending July 1, 1882.

Number of criminal actions	4,935
Number of civil actions in <i>personam</i>	558
Number of actions in <i>rem</i>	166
Total	<u>5,659</u>

Suits commenced during fiscal year 1883.

Number of criminal actions	4,225
Number of civil actions in <i>personam</i>	288
Number of actions in <i>rem</i>	45
Total	<u>4,558</u>

Suits decided in favor of the United States.

Judgment and costs paid:	
Number of criminal actions	761
Number of civil actions in <i>personam</i>	79
Number of actions in <i>rem</i>	26
	<u>866</u>
Judgment and costs not paid:	
Number of criminal actions	2,010
Number of civil actions in <i>personam</i>	117
Number of actions in <i>rem</i>	10
	<u>2,137</u>
Total	<u>3,003</u>

Suits settled by compromise.

Number of criminal actions	231
Number of civil actions in <i>personam</i>	47
Number of actions in <i>rem</i>	18
Total	<u>296</u>

Suits decided against the United States.

Number of criminal actions	589
Number of civil actions in <i>personam</i>	45
Number of actions in <i>rem</i>	21
Total	<u>655</u>

Suits dismissed.

Number of criminal actions	2,869
Number of civil actions in <i>personam</i>	133
Number of actions in <i>rem</i>	34
Total	<u>3,036</u>

Suits pending July 1, 1883.

Number of criminal actions	2,700
Number of civil actions in <i>personam</i>	425
Number of actions in <i>rem</i>	102
Total	<u>3,227</u>

Suits wherein sentence is suspended.

Number of criminal actions	484
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Amount of judgments recovered and costs taxed in criminal actions.

Principal	\$124,897 42
Costs	102,180 16
Total	227,077 58

Amount of judgments recovered and costs taxed in civil actions in personam.

Principal	\$213,517 38
Costs	8,414 18
Total	221,931 56

Amount of judgments recovered and costs taxed in actions in rem.

Principal	\$9,223 22
Costs	801 29
Total	10,024 51

Amount paid to collectors in criminal actions.

Principal	\$17,712 07
Costs	35,761 40
Total	53,473 47

Amount paid to collectors in civil actions in personam.

Principal	\$114,022 46
Costs	4,683 61
Total	118,706 07

Amount paid to collectors in actions in rem.

Principal	\$15,561 79
Costs	982 07
Total	16,543 86

ABSTRACT of SEIZURES of PROPERTY for VIOLATION of INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS for the quarter ending SEPTEMBER 30, 1883.

States and Territories.	Distilled spirits.		Cigars.		Tobacco.		Miscellaneous property.
	Gallons.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	Value.
Alabama	42. 00	\$49 00					
Arizona							\$24 30
Arkansas							
California	41. 00	112 00	241,250	\$1,002 00			1,031 45
Georgia	116. 00	120 00			38	\$12 00	2,729 00
Illinois	10. 00	10 00					
Kentucky							990 00
Louisiana	28. 00	28 00					150 00
Massachusetts	346. 00	395 26					13,628 48
Mississippi	91. 00	91 92			65	35 00	
New York			7,500	71 00	5		2,044 50
North Carolina	213. 00	139 00					779 50
Ohio	869. 60	870 00	350	6 00			330 00
Oregon	41. 00	125 00					
Pennsylvania			17,100	68 40			
South Carolina							436 00
Tennessee	7,355 00	3,100 00					1,383 00
Wisconsin			400	12 00			936 00
Total	9,152 60	5,040 18	266,600	1,159 40	108	47 00	24,462 23

STATEMENT of CASES COMPROMISED, under Section 3229 Revised Statutes, for the quarter ending September 30, 1883.

[The number received and settled and amounts received therefor.]

First quarter.	Compromise cases.		Tax.	Specific penalty.	Total.
	Received.	Accepted.			
1883.					
July.....	40	27	\$364 67	\$340 00	\$704 67
August.....	26	14	821 95	280 09	1,102 04
September.....	35	2	.....	35 00	35 00
Total.....	101	43	1,186 62	655 09	1,841 71

LEGACY AND SUCCESSION TAXES.

There were assessed and collected as legacy and succession taxes for the fiscal year \$22,918.83.

It is perhaps not unsafe to say that every dollar of it was collected upon information given by professional informers. The extra cost of this work was 10 per cent. of the amount collected paid to the informer, viz, \$2,291.88, and \$3,000 salary and expenses paid to a deputy collector specially appointed for the examination of these cases, making a total expenditure of \$5,291.88, or about 23 per cent. of the amount collected.

The act of July 14, 1870, which went into operation on the 1st of October, 1870, repealed this class of taxation, and the work of making collections at this late date of claims arising under the old law involves much that is exasperating, inquisitorial, and odious. It is very difficult, after the lapse of so many years, to ascertain the exact facts in any case, and in view of the complete settlement long ago of many estates much injustice and hardship is often possible. In consideration of these facts and the certainty that only small sums, if anything, can be collected, I have directed that the allowance for the employment of a special deputy collector for this class of cases shall cease on the 31st day of December next, and I shall, with your approval, offer no further inducements to informers in such cases. Should any just claims remain outstanding I shall endeavor to have them collected through the ordinary channels.

ESTIMATED EXPENSES FOR NEXT FISCAL YEAR.

I estimate the expenses of the Internal Revenue Service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885, as follows:

For salaries and expenses of collectors.....	\$1,850,000 00
For salaries and expenses of thirty-five revenue agents, for surveyors, for fees and expenses of gaugers, for salaries of storekeepers, and for miscellaneous expenses.....	2,300,000 00
For dies, paper, and stamps.....	475,000 00
For detecting and bringing to trial and punishment persons guilty of violating the internal-revenue laws, including payment for information and detection.....	75,000 00
For salaries of officers, clerks, and employes in the office of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.....	299,190 00
Total.....	4,999,190 00

SCALE OF SALARIES OF COLLECTORS.

The recommendations made for the salaries of collectors for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884, are based upon an estimate of their probable collections according to the following scale, with the qualification that if the actual collections should vary from the amounts estimated the salaries will be readjusted at the end of the fiscal year:

For collection of—

\$25,000 or less	\$2, 000.
25,001 to \$37,500	2, 125
37,501 to 50,000	2, 250
50,001 to 75,000	2, 375
75,001 to 100,000	2, 500
100,001 to 125,000	2, 625
125,001 to 175,000	2, 750
175,001 to 225,000	2, 875
225,001 to 275,000	3, 000
275,001 to 325,000	3, 125
325,001 to 375,000	3, 250
375,001 to 425,000	3, 375
425,001 to 475,000	3, 500
475,001 to 550,000	3, 625
550,001 to 625,000	3, 750
625,001 to 700,000	3, 875
700,001 to 775,000	4, 000
775,001 to 850,000	4, 125
850,001 to 925,000	4, 250
925,001 to 1,000,000	4, 375
1,000,001 and upward	4, 500

EXAMINATION OF COLLECTORS' OFFICES.

The examination of the accounts of collectors has been continued during the past year with gratifying results.

OFFICIAL FORCE.

The force connected with this Bureau in the various districts throughout the United States for the year which ended June 30, 1883, was as follows:

One hundred and twenty-six collectors, who receive salaries as follows:

Thirty	\$4, 500	Six	\$3, 250
Five	4, 375	Nine	3, 125
Three	4, 250	Twelve	3, 000
Four	4, 125	Seven	2, 875
Two	4, 000	Ten	2, 750
Two	3, 875	Four	2, 625
Three	3, 750	Fourteen	2, 500
Two	3, 625	Three	2, 375
Four	3, 500	Two	2, 250
Two	3, 375	Two	2, 125

There were also employed during the year nine hundred and eighty-one deputy collectors, who received salaries and traveling expenses as follows:

One	\$3, 000	Twelve	\$1, 650
Nineteen	2, 000	One	1, 625
One	1, 950	Sixty-eight	1, 600
Nine	1, 900	One	1, 575
Two	1, 850	Twenty-two	1, 550
Fifty	1, 800	Ninety-four	1, 500
One	1, 750	Thirty	1, 450
Thirty-four	1, 700	Two hundred and four	1, 400

Twenty-one	\$1,350	Three	\$750
Eighty-four	1,300	Eight	700
One	1,275	One	660
Thirteen	1,250	Eleven	600
Ninety-one	1,200	Thirteen	500
One	1,175	Four	400
Seventeen	1,150	One	360
Thirty-five	1,100	One	350
Twelve	1,050	Nineteen	300
Thirty-two	1,000	Five	250
One	970	One	240
Six	950	Ten	200
Twenty-four	900	Two	150
One	875	Two	120
One	850	Two	100
Eight	800	One	60

Also, two hundred and twenty-six clerks, messengers, and janitors, who receive salaries as follows:

One clerk	\$1,700	Two clerks	\$625
Two clerks	1,600	Twenty-two clerks	600
Three clerks	1,500	Nine clerks	500
Ten clerks	1,400	Two clerks	450
Two clerks	1,350	One clerk	400
Four clerks	1,300	Seven clerks	300
Thirty-two clerks	1,200	One clerk	200
Four clerks	1,150	One janitor	300
Fifteen clerks	1,100	One janitor	120
Twenty clerks	1,000	One janitor	100
Thirty-six clerks	900	One janitor	75
Seventeen clerks	800	One messenger	600
Two clerks	750	One messenger	450
One clerk	725	Four messengers	300
Two clerks	720	One porter	360
Six clerks	700	One porter	300
Two clerks	675	One porter	100

* The force now connected with this Bureau in the various districts throughout the United States is as follows:

Eighty-four collectors who receive salaries as follows:

Twenty-nine	\$4,500	Five	\$3,250
Two	4,250	Three	3,125
Two	4,125	Four	3,000
Four	4,000	Seven	2,875
One	3,875	Eleven	2,750
Two	3,750	Two	2,625
One	3,625	Three	2,500
Three	3,500	One	2,250
Four	3,375		

There are also now employed nine hundred and thirty-eight deputy collectors, who receive salaries and traveling expenses as follows:

One	\$3,000	Twenty-four	\$1,700
One	2,050	One	1,675
Twenty-two	2,000	Seven	1,650
Three	1,950	Sixty-eight	1,600
Twelve	1,900	Twenty-two	1,550
Six	1,850	Ninety-two	1,500
Forty-six	1,800	One	1,475
One	1,775	Twenty-three	1,450
Six	1,750	One	1,425

* When the Executive order with regard to the consolidation of districts in the State of Wisconsin shall have been carried out, the number of collectors and collection districts will be reduced to eighty-three.

One hundred and ninety-six.....	\$1,400	Five.....	\$700
One.....	1,375	Two.....	660
Nineteen.....	1,350	One.....	650
Eighty-four.....	1,300	Eleven.....	600
Fourteen.....	1,250	One.....	575
Eighty-four.....	1,200	Thirteen.....	500
Six.....	1,175	One.....	450
Seventeen.....	1,150	Two.....	425
Twenty-seven.....	1,100	Five.....	400
One.....	1,075	Seventeen.....	300
Five.....	1,050	Two.....	250
Thirty-one.....	1,000	Six.....	200
Eight.....	950	Two.....	150
Twenty-two.....	900	Three.....	120
Six.....	850	Two.....	100
Five.....	800	One.....	60
One.....	750		

Also one hundred and eighty-seven clerks, messengers, and janitors, who receive salaries as follows:

One clerk.....	\$1,700	Eight clerks.....	\$700
Four clerks.....	1,600	Sixteen clerks.....	600
Two clerks.....	1,500	Six clerks.....	500
Seven clerks.....	1,400	One clerk.....	450
Two clerks.....	1,350	Two clerks.....	360
Three clerks.....	1,300	Six clerks.....	300
Twenty-three clerks.....	1,200	One clerk.....	250
Nine clerks.....	1,150	Two clerks.....	200
Eight clerks.....	1,100	One janitor.....	200
Thirty clerks.....	1,000	Two janitors.....	120
Twenty-eight clerks.....	900	One janitor.....	100
One clerk.....	820	Two janitors.....	75
Eleven clerks.....	800	One messenger, &c.....	480
Five clerks.....	750	One porter.....	360
One clerk.....	720	Two porters.....	300

There are also employed 852 gaugers, who receive fees not to exceed \$5 per diem; 1,130 storekeepers and gaugers, who receive not to exceed \$4 per diem; 725 storekeepers, who receive not to exceed \$4 per diem (all the foregoing officers are paid only when actually employed); 35 tobacco inspectors, who receive fees, to be paid by the manufacturers, and 23 distillery surveyors.

Storekeepers and gaugers assigned to distilleries of a capacity not exceeding twenty bushels receive but \$3 per diem.

CONDITION OF THE OFFICE.

I take occasion to express my thanks to the officers and clerks of this Bureau for the gratifying manner in which their duties have been performed. The work of the office is in good condition, and well up to date, except with respect to claims for the redemption of stamps, growing out of the act of March 3, 1883. These claims have been filed in great numbers, and have been disposed of as rapidly as possible with the force at my command. The condition of this class of claims is shown under the appropriate head.

REPORT OF WORK PERFORMED.

The work performed by the different divisions of the office during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, is shown by the following statement:

DIVISION OF LAW.

Offers in compromise briefed.....	766
Opinions prepared.....	577

Offers in compromise acted upon.....	697
Reward claims acted upon.....	73
Railroad cases adjusted.....	12
Letters received for answer.....	3,568
Answers written.....	3,556
Letters not requiring answer and reports received and examined....	9,560
Letters written other than answers to letters.....	5,665
Reports of suits and prosecutions.....	4,558
Orders for abatement of taxes issued.....	417
Claims for abatement of taxes disposed of.....	1,883
Amount of abatement claims allowed (uncollectible).....	\$251,096 44
Amount of abatement claims allowed (erroneous assessment).....	\$117,682 01
Amount of abatement claims rejected (uncollectible).....	\$9,814 96
Amount of abatement claims rejected (assessment claimed to be erroneous).....	\$65,991 24
Claims for refunding of taxes disposed of.....	367
Amount of refunding claims allowed.....	\$822,897 02
Amount of refunding claims rejected.....	\$392,942 67
Number of rebate claims allowed.....	2,084
Amount of rebate claims allowed.....	\$260,233 36

DIVISION OF DISTILLED SPIRITS.

Returns and reports relating to distilled spirits examined and disposed of.....	210,374
Returns and reports relating to fermented liquors examined and disposed of.....	30,632
Computations of capacities of distilleries made and data for assessment furnished.....	14,081
Locks examined and issued.....	2,620
Hydrometer sets, stems, cups, and thermometers tested and issued..	3,311
Gauging-rods examined and issued.....	163
Wantage-rods examined and issued.....	160

DIVISION OF TOBACCO.

Reports relating to tobacco examined and disposed of.....	1,022
Reports relating to cigars examined and disposed of.....	15,500
Abatement and refunding claims audited.....	56

DIVISION OF STAMPS.

Value of stamps received from printer and counted.....	\$168,734,794 09
Value of stamps ordered from Graphic Company.....	\$1,302,339 08
Value of stamps counted and transmitted to the Secretary of the Treasury for destruction.....	\$2,350,477 36
Number of mail packages of stamps sent from stamp-vault.....	27,900
Number of express packages of stamps sent from stamp-vault.....	3,555
Number of coupon books forwarded to Fifth Auditor.....	27,234
Number of coupons received for credit and counted.....	45,788,794
Number of stubs examined.....	11,285,090
Number of reports examined and disposed of.....	29,134
Amount of claims for redemption of stamps allowed.....	\$33,837 54
Amount of claims for exchange of stamps allowed.....	\$36,591 19
Amount of claims for release of duplicate charges allowed.....	\$84,744 53
Number of miscellaneous registered mail packages forwarded.....	647
Number of receipts for stamps and coupons made out and forwarded to collectors.....	4,490
Number of receipts for stub-books made out and forwarded to collectors.....	1,266

DIVISION OF ASSESSMENTS.

Reports relating to assessments examined and disposed of.....	67,258
Reports relating to bonded accounts examined and disposed of.....	396,856
Reports and vouchers relative to exportations examined and disposed of.....	174,582
Claims for drawback disposed of.....	1,130

DIVISION OF ACCOUNTS.

Weekly reports examined and disposed of	4, 812
Monthly reports examined and disposed of	20, 583
Quarterly reports examined and disposed of	523
Miscellaneous accounts examined and disposed of	689
Final accounts of collectors referred for settlement	34
Certificates of deposits for internal-revenue collections recorded	34, 092
Amounting to	\$138, 196, 100 01
Certificates of deposit to credit of Secretary	640
Amounting to	\$269, 634 58
Certificates of deposit for tax on salaries	4
Amounting to	\$53, 978 90
Drafts mailed to collectors for gaugers' fees and expenses	8, 239
Amounting to	\$831, 091 48
Drafts mailed to collectors for transfer of special deposits	565
Amounting to	\$251, 507 95
Drafts mailed to collectors for compromise offers returned	72
Amounting to	\$27, 253 57
Drafts mailed to collectors for expenses of office	1, 581
Collectors' monthly reports of taxes, &c., consolidated into yearly statements	1, 621
Consolidated statements of monthly reports of taxes, &c., recorded ..	192

DIVISION OF REVENUE AGENTS.

Reports of revenue agents disposed of	2, 029
Reports of collectors relative to illicit distillers disposed of	196
Accounts of revenue agents examined	823
Miscellaneous expense accounts examined	280
Railroad and income cases examined and reported on	23
Transcripts of books of leaf-tobacco dealers examined and abstracted ..	2, 652
Quarterly returns of ordnance and ordnance stores in hands of collectors examined	76

DIVISION OF APPOINTMENTS, RECORDS, AND FILES.

Commissions of collectors recorded, collectors notified, and blank bonds prepared	28
Bonds of collectors recorded	38
Disbursing bonds recorded	26
Commissions of storekeepers, storekeepers and gaugers, gaugers and tobacco inspectors recorded and appointees notified	754
Bonds of storekeepers, storekeepers and gaugers, gaugers and tobacco inspectors examined	744
Assignments of storekeepers, storekeepers and gaugers, and gaugers recorded	7, 158
Reports of inspecting officers on condition of service in collection districts examined and acted on	182
Reports of examining officers on condition of collectors' offices examined and acted on	327
Letters for entire Bureau received and registered	45, 122
Letters briefed and filed	39, 394
Aggregate number of letters mailed by the Bureau, press-copy letters briefed, registered and arranged for reference	44, 268
Pages press-copy letters copied in twenty-five record books, indexed and compared	23, 733
Pages letter and cap paper copied, compared, and registered	18, 583
Orders for press copy letters for reference	3, 322
Envelopes and labels addressed for sending circulars and blanks	15, 319
Unrecorded press-copy books of 1,000 pages each, paged and indexed ..	45
Letters from finished record books numbered and paged in registers ..	168, 921
Pages blank books ruled, and headings written therein	2, 471
Blank forms and certificates copied	1, 362

SALARIES.

I have the honor to recommend that Congress appropriate for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885, the sum of \$299,190 as salaries for the following officers, clerks, and employés in this Bureau :

One Commissioner, at	\$6,000
One deputy commissioner, at	3,200
Two heads of division, at	2,500
Five heads of division, at	2,250
One superintendent of stamp agencies, at	2,100
One superintendent of stamp vault, at	2,000
One stenographer, at	1,800
Twenty-four clerks, at	1,800
Twenty-five clerks, at	1,600
Thirty-six clerks, at	1,400
Twenty-four clerks, at	1,200
Fourteen clerks, at	1,000
Seventy-nine clerks, at	900
Two messengers, at	840
Fourteen assistant messengers, at	720
Thirteen laborers, at	660

An aggregate of two hundred and forty-three persons.

I also recommend the appropriation of the sum of \$2,500 as salaries for one stamp agent, at \$1,600, and one counter, at \$900, the same to be reimbursed by the stamp manufacturers as provided by the act of August 5, 1882.

NUMBER AND VALUE OF STAMPS ISSUED.

During the fiscal year stamps were received by this office from the printers and issued to collectors, agents, and purchasers as follows, viz :

Kind.	Number.	Value.
Stamps for distilled spirits, tax-paid	1,564,950	\$78,830,145 00
Stamps for distilled spirits, other than tax-paid	3,951,600	5,880 00
Stamps for tobacco and snuff	336,802,588	31,004,439 62
Stamps for cigars and cigarettes	103,195,461	17,575,000 50
Stamps for fermented liquors and brewers' permits	58,907,780	18,806,263 30
Stamps for special taxes	527,546,601	7,332,427 60
Stamps for documents and proprietary articles	805,520	9,102,958 00
Total	1,032,774,500	162,657,114 02

NUMBER OF SPECIAL-TAX PAYERS.

The following table shows the number of persons who paid special taxes in each State and Territory during the special-tax year ended April 30, 1883:

States and Territories.	Rectifiers.	Retail liquor dealers.	Wholesale liquor dealers.	Manufacturers of stills.	Manufacturers of cigars.	Dealers in leaf tobacco.	Dealers in leaf tobacco not exceeding 25,000 pounds.	Retail dealers in leaf tobacco.	Dealers in manufactured tobacco.	Manufacturers of tobacco.	Peddlers of tobacco.	Brewers.	Retail dealers in malt liquors.	Wholesale dealers in malt liquors.	Total.
Alabama.....	5	1,342	45	26	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,918	1	1	.....	12	8	7,358
Arizona.....	2	1,030	32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,275	.....	5	20	9	19	2,392
Arkansas.....	.....	1,304	40	15	.....	.....	1	.....	6,721	8	1	.....	5	21	8,117
California.....	106	9,369	250	394	.....	46	1	.....	11,775	15	23	202	263	62	22,507
Colorado.....	20	2,955	96	37	.....	3	.....	.....	5,715	.....	.....	30	92	48	8,996
Connecticut.....	22	3,163	57	323	.....	97	27	.....	6,566	1	11	32	104	76	10,569
Dakota.....	.....	1,014	26	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,685	.....	.....	21	15	13	3,795
Delaware.....	3	618	9	33	.....	6	.....	.....	2,803	3	13	4	10	4	3,500
Florida.....	.....	467	7	133	.....	2	10	.....	2,592	.....	2	.....	64	14	3,294
Georgia.....	16	2,327	54	25	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,869	1	2	.....	41	17	12,352
Idaho.....	1	755	24	591	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,050	.....	.....	27	6	2	2,456
Illinois.....	116	12,521	239	706	.....	47	6	.....	30,880	25	75	121	299	127	45,167
Indiana.....	14	5,836	86	337	.....	66	32	.....	16,236	11	17	58	134	68	22,886
Iowa.....	20	5,001	86	208	.....	6	.....	.....	15,695	5	6	117	283	67	21,495
Kansas.....	3	1,898	27	183	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,839	1	4	9	51	22	11,097
Kentucky.....	98	4,617	301	207	.....	806	572	.....	9,095	74	33	37	190	70	16,082
Louisiana.....	27	5,350	185	53	.....	33	.....	.....	7,244	41	13	5	29	37	13,067
Maine.....	.....	1,054	10	56	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,751	.....	35	.....	108	18	7,032
Maryland.....	87	3,282	178	714	.....	106	39	.....	10,446	16	10	58	126	37	17,101
Massachusetts.....	54	7,928	215	481	.....	62	.....	.....	16,454	10	95	30	548	169	26,046
Michigan.....	15	5,050	68	431	.....	14	.....	.....	15,133	12	47	114	163	108	21,155
Minnesota.....	18	3,597	54	119	.....	3	.....	.....	8,143	1	4	119	69	41	12,168
Mississippi.....	2	931	23	262	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,931	.....	1	.....	107	11	6,268
Missouri.....	74	7,298	215	360	.....	64	51	.....	17,668	87	10	74	181	108	26,193
Montana.....	1	1,363	68	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,680	.....	.....	23	31	15	3,184
Nebraska.....	1	1,011	24	69	.....	1	.....	.....	4,545	.....	1	39	36	23	5,749
Nevada.....	1	864	13	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,029	.....	.....	32	15	4	1,939
New Hampshire.....	2	1,066	7	40	.....	.....	.....	1	2,894	.....	20	8	222	45	4,305
New Jersey.....	27	7,782	70	790	.....	9	.....	.....	15,993	17	89	51	469	138	25,347

NUMBER of SPECIAL TAX-PAYERS—Continued.

States and Territories.	Rectifiers.	Retail liquor dealers.	Wholesale liquor dealers.	Manufacturers of stills.	Manufacturers of cigars.	Dealers in leaf tobacco.	Dealers in leaf tobacco not exceeding 25,000 pounds.	Retail dealers in leaf tobacco.	Dealers in manufactured tobacco.	Manufacturers of tobacco.	Peddlers of tobacco.	Brewers.	Retail dealers in malt liquors.	Wholesale dealers in malt liquors.	Total.
New Mexico.....	1	1,355	47	4	4,093	429	1	1	1,864	100	351	4	3	16	3,290
New York.....	241	28,923	759	29	179	318	69	1	54,343	209	74	315	678	409	92,047
North Carolina.....	7	1,950	29	22	22	179	122	1	7,949	37	165	158	41	14	10,544
Ohio.....	133	15,399	355	3	1,298	318	122	1	31,745	41	191	43	336	159	49,629
Oregon.....	9	1,244	30	8	13	13	95	1	2,461	28	28	331	54	12	3,875
Pennsylvania.....	236	18,185	499	1	3,798	421	1	1	46,406	3	13	4	848	312	71,364
Rhode Island.....	8	1,358	39	67	19	1	97	1	3,125	3	13	2	82	21	4,753
South Carolina.....	2	984	28	37	37	136	4	1	6,418	34	2	1	18	12	7,498
Tennessee.....	13	1,955	81	52	52	4	1	1	7,395	3	2	15	382	87	9,801
Texas.....	16	2,628	88	1	20	1	1	1	10,070	1	12	16	10	4	13,348
Utah.....	4	470	18	1	174	452	59	1	1,187	287	7	2	17	13	1,710
Vermont.....	15	454	48	2	2	14	17	1	2,382	11	42	6	26	10	2,944
Virginia.....	2	2,840	17	17	128	14	17	1	7,032	7	12	34	66	11	10,946
Washington.....	7	536	9	9	385	42	9	1	1,230	11	42	206	177	75	1,898
West Virginia.....	39	5,689	80	11	2	1	1	1	4,458	1	1	1	1	1	5,496
Wisconsin.....	39	5,689	80	11	2	1	1	1	12,111	1	1	1	1	1	18,862
Wyoming.....	39	269	11	11	2	1	1	1	441	1	1	1	1	1	755
Total.....	1,468	187,871	4,647	26	16,724	3,382	1,208	3	449,612	1,050	1,403	2,378	7,998	2,582	680,362
Total for special-tax year 1882.....	1,328	108,770	4,241	29	13,994	3,039	1,225	10	394,692	870	1,315	2,371	8,006	2,186	602,086

MATCH STAMPS SOLD.

FACE VALUE OF STAMPS SOLD TO MATCH MANUFACTURERS DURING THE FOLLOWING FISCAL YEARS.

1876.....	\$2,849,524 00
1877.....	2,982,275 00
1878.....	3,064,574 00
1879.....	3,357,251 00
1880.....	3,561,300 00
1881.....	3,606,437 62
1882.....	3,272,258 00
1883.....	3,245,050 00

REDUCTION OF TAXATION.

The act of Congress entitled "An act to reduce internal-revenue taxation, and for other purposes" provided as follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the taxes herein specified imposed by the laws now in force be, and the same are hereby, repealed, as hereinafter provided, namely: On capital and deposits of banks, bankers, and national banking associations, except such taxes as are now due and payable; and on and after the first day of July, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, the stamp tax on bank checks, drafts, orders, and vouchers, and the tax on matches, perfumery, medicinal preparations, and other articles imposed by Schedule A following section thirty-four hundred and thirty-seven of the Revised Statutes: *Provided*, That no drawback shall be allowed upon articles embraced in said schedule that shall be exported on and after the first day of July, eighteen hundred and eighty-three: *Provided further*, That on and after May fifteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, matches may be removed by manufacturers thereof from the place of manufacture to warehouses within the United States without attaching thereto the stamps required by law, under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

SEC. 2. That on and after the first day of May, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, dealers in leaf tobacco shall annually pay twelve dollars; dealers in manufactured tobacco shall pay two dollars and forty cents; all manufacturers of tobacco shall pay six dollars; manufacturers of cigars shall pay six dollars; peddlers of tobacco, snuff, and cigars shall pay special taxes, as follows: Peddlers of the first class, as now defined by law, shall pay thirty dollars; peddlers of the second class shall pay fifteen dollars; peddlers of the third class shall pay seven dollars and twenty cents; and peddlers of the fourth class shall pay three dollars and sixty cents. Retail dealers in leaf tobacco shall pay two hundred and fifty dollars and thirty cents for each dollar on the amount of their monthly sales in excess of the rate of five hundred dollars per annum: *Provided*, That farmers and producers of tobacco may sell at the place of production tobacco of their own growth and raising at retail directly to consumers, to an amount not exceeding one hundred dollars annually.

SEC. 3. That hereafter the special tax of a dealer in manufactured tobacco shall not be required from any farmer, planter, or lumberman who furnishes such tobacco only as rations or supplies to his laborers or employees in the same manner as other supplies are furnished by him to them: *Provided*, That the aggregate of the supplies of tobacco so by him furnished shall not exceed in quantity one hundred pounds in any one special tax year; that is, from the first day of May in any year until the thirtieth day of April in the next year: *And provided further*, That such farmer, planter, or lumberman shall not be, at the time he is furnishing such supplies, engaged in the general business of selling dry goods, groceries, or other similar supplies in the manner of a merchant or storekeeper to others than his own employees or laborers.

SEC. 4. That on and after May first, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, the internal taxes on snuff, smoking, and manufactured tobacco, shall be eight cents per pound; and on cigars which shall be manufactured and sold or removed for consumption or sale on and after the first day of May, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, there shall be assessed and collected the following taxes, to be paid by the manufacturer thereof: On cigars of all descriptions, made of tobacco or any substitute therefor, three dollars per thousand; on cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds per thousand, fifty cents per thousand; on cigarettes weighing more than three pounds per thousand, three dollars per thousand: *Provided*, That on all original and unbroken factory packages of smoking and manufactured tobacco and snuff, cigars, cheroots, and cigarettes held by manufacturers or dealers at the time such reduction shall go into effect, upon which the tax has been paid, there shall be allowed a drawback or re-

bate of the full amount of the reduction, but the same shall not apply in any case where the claim has not been presented within sixty days following the date of the reduction; and such rebate to manufacturers may be paid in stamps at the reduced rate; and no claim shall be allowed or drawback paid for a less amount than ten dollars. It shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, to adopt such rules and regulations and to prescribe and furnish such blanks and forms as may be necessary to carry this section into effect.

STAMPS, REDEMPTION THEREOF, ETC.

ALTERATION OF STAMPS FOR TOBACCO, SNUFF, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, AND SPECIAL TAXES.

The changes made by the act of March 3, 1883, in the rates of tax on tobacco, snuff, cigars, cigarettes, and in the special taxes imposed on manufacturers of tobacco and cigars and dealers therein, necessitated a change in all stamps used for the payment of such taxes.

In order to utilize the stock of stamps on hand in the vaults of this office, in process of printing at the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, and in the hands of collectors, Congress, at the request of late Commissioner Raum, made an appropriation of \$20,000, "for alteration of internal-revenue dies, plates, and stamps, and for providing blanks for rebate."

At the suggestion of Commissioner Raum, the honorable Secretary of the Treasury appointed a committee consisting of Messrs Charles H. Dow, chairman, Secretary's Office, J. R. Garrison, First Comptroller's Office, and V. N. Stiles, Fifth Auditor's Office, to supervise the count and imprinting of such internal-revenue stamps for tobacco, snuff, cigars, cigarettes, and special taxes in this office as it might be desirable to have imprinted for issue under the act of March 3, 1883.

A special force of about thirty persons was employed, placed under the direction of this committee, and work was commenced March 12, 1883, and continued with an intermission of about ten days until June 15.

The change in the stamps was made by impressing with hand stamping machines on each stamp and stub the words "Act of March 3, 1883."

In the case of special-tax stamps where the value is printed on each stamp, the impression included in addition to the words above mentioned the cancellation of the printed value and the insertion of the value as changed.

The cigar and cigarette stamps and the stamps for small packages of tobacco, commonly termed "strip stamps," were imprinted by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, and the Government Printing Office.

The following is an abstract of the work performed under the direction of the committee by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, and by the Government Printing Office.

STATEMENT of INTERNAL REVENUE TOBACCO, SNUFF, CIGAR, CIGARETTE, and SPECIAL-TAX STAMPS PRINTED prior to March 3, 1883, and PREPARED for USE under act of that date by imprinting upon them the words "ACT OF MARCH 3, 1883."

Kind of stamps.	Where imprinted.	Stock on hand or returned by collectors.	Number of stamps.	Original value.	Reduced value.	Difference.
Tobacco	Office of Internal Revenue.	Stock on hand	1, 240, 648	\$5, 749, 528 96	\$2, 874, 764 48	\$2, 874 764 48
	Bureau of Engraving and Printing.	Returned by collectors.	7, 000, 640	2, 965, 416 96	1, 482, 708 48	1, 482, 708 48
	Government Printing Office.	Stock on hand	7, 101, 925	497, 010 40	248, 505 20	248, 505 20
		Returned by collectors.	11, 497, 200	366, 708 00	183, 354 00	183, 354 00
		Stock on hand	21, 531, 120	576, 620 00	288, 310 00	288, 310 00
		Returned by collectors	4, 000, 000	160, 000 00	80, 000 00	80, 000 00
		Total tobacco	46, 071, 533	10, 315, 284 32	5, 157, 642 16	5, 157, 642 16
Snuff	Office of Internal Revenue.	Stock on hand	44, 068	56, 781 44	28, 390 72	28, 390 72
	Bureau of Engraving and Printing.	Returned by collectors	6, 000	14, 080 00	7, 040 00	7, 040 00
		Stock on hand	5, 877, 770	197, 234 28	98, 617 14	98, 617 14
		Returned by collectors	208, 000	2, 600 00	1, 300 00	1, 300 00
		Total snuff	6, 135, 838	270, 895 72	135, 347 86	135, 347 86
Cigar	Bureau of Engraving and Printing.	Stock on hand	9, 917, 095	3, 675, 708 00	1, 837, 854 00	1, 837, 854 00
	Government Printing Office.	Returned by collectors	2, 536, 000	986, 400 00	493, 200 00	493, 200 00
		Stock on hand	3, 700, 000	1, 440, 000, 000	720, 000 00	720, 000 00
		Total cigar	16, 153, 095	6, 102, 108 00	3, 051, 054 00	3, 051, 054 00
Cigarette	Bureau of Engraving and Printing.	Stock on hand	6, 267, 554	182, 094 85	52, 027 10	130, 067 75
		Returned by collectors	3, 190, 600	81, 620 00	45, 640 00	34, 980 00
		Total cigarette	9, 458, 154	263, 714 85	98, 667 10	165, 047 75
Special-tax.	Office of Internal Revenue.	Stock on hand	524, 900	2, 963, 500 00	1, 452, 840 00	1, 510, 660 00
RECAPITULATION.						
Imprinted at Office of Internal Revenue.						
	Imprinted at Bureau of Engraving and Printing.		2, 516, 256	11, 749, 307 36	5, 845, 743 68	5, 903, 563 68
	Imprinted at Government Printing Office.		29, 231, 120	5, 989, 375 53	2, 961, 497 44	3, 027, 878 09
				2, 176, 620 00	1, 088, 310 00	1, 088, 310 00
Total			78, 343, 520	19, 915, 302 89	9, 895, 551 12	10, 019, 751 77
Totals imprinted: Stock on hand						
	Returned by collectors		56, 205, 080	15, 338, 477 93	7, 601, 308 64	7, 737, 160 29
			22, 138, 440	4, 576, 824 86	2, 291, 242 48	2, 282, 583 48
Total			78, 343, 520	19, 915, 302 89	9, 895, 551 12	10, 019, 751 77

REDEMPTION OF CHECK AND PROPRIETARY STAMPS AND CANCELLATION OF IMPRINTED CHECK-STAMPS.

The repeal of the stamp duty on checks and proprietary articles was necessarily followed by the presentation, under section 3426 Revised Statutes, and the act of March 1, 1879, which provided therefor, of a large quantity of stamps for redemption. Indeed the number was enormous.

The practice of using checks with stamps imprinted on them instead of adhesive check-stamps has been on the increase for several years. More than three-fourths of the check-stamps issued during the past three years having been thus imprinted. This practice resulted in a large accumulation of stamped checks and drafts throughout the country, nearly every bank having a supply of stamped drafts on hand for its own use and stamped checks for the use of its customers, and the checks, being lithographed, were more valuable than the stamps upon them. In order to save to the holders the value of this costly stationery, late Commissioner Raum issued Circular No. 259, under date of April 19, 1883, in which he promised, in cases where imprinted check-stamps were presented on or after July 1 and the claim for their redemption was found to be satisfactory, to cancel the stamps by imprinting across them the words "Stamp redeemed," and then to return the blank checks to their owners.

I am informed that Commissioner Raum expected the appropriation of \$20,000 for the alteration of tobacco stamps, &c., could be used for this work.

In answer to a large number of inquiries, and in order to facilitate the work of cancellation, Circular No. 265 was issued under date of June 1, 1883. In this circular the method of cancellation was described and provision was made for forwarding stamps for redemption at once.

It was intended to commence the work about June 5, but it was found that the \$20,000 appropriation for altering stamps, &c., was so worded that it could not be used for the cancellation of check-stamps. After considering the matter for nearly ten days, it was decided that the appropriation for the destruction of United States securities and stamps, which was included in the appropriation for labor and expenses of engraving and printing, could be used. Work was commenced under this decision June 15, with a force of about sixty persons specially employed for the purpose. At my suggestion a committee was appointed by the Secretary of the Treasury to verify the count of stamps after cancellation, and to certify to its correctness. The committee's certificate will be used as a voucher in the settlement of the accounts of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue. The number of stamps canceled by this force from June 15 to October 29 was 10,363,122, value \$207,262.44, the average being about 100,000 stamps for each working day.

From the start the work was beset with difficulties. In anticipation of a large demand, 15,000 blank claims had been provided; but the supply was exhausted in a few days, and, as the appropriation for printing for the Department for the year was also exhausted, it was nearly three weeks before a further supply could be procured.

During this time over 2,000 letters of inquiry and requests for blanks accumulated, which could not be answered satisfactorily until the blanks were received.

On receipt of a further supply of blanks these letters were assorted and answered; but as the extra force employed had had, with few exceptions, no previous experience in clerical duty, the work could not be done as rapidly and efficiently as was desirable.

The letters received concerning redemption averaged for a considera-

ble time 200 per day, the total number received from July 1 to date being nearly 13,000.

Early in July the receipts of stamps became so heavy and the drain on the appropriation was so great that it was decided to limit the time in which stamps would be received for cancellation to July 31. This decision was promulgated in Circular No. 267, issued July 10, and was communicated, as all previous steps in the work had been, to the Associated Press, and by them to the various papers throughout the country.

Immediately after the issuance of this circular the receipts of stamps increased until they amounted to an average of about three hundred packages per day. These packages varied in size from envelopes containing a score only of stamps, to boxes of several hundred pounds, the largest package received weighing 750 pounds and containing over 100,000 stamped checks.

It was necessary that each package received should be opened and a count and record made of the contents. As this was done by inexperienced hands and in haste, claims enclosed in packages were in many cases overlooked, and errors in names and in numbering packages were made. These errors have been a constant source of trouble and correspondence, and have caused delay in many cases in answering letters of inquiry.

It was also impossible to make a proper record of the packages as fast as received, and the record of packages received prior to August 1 was not entirely completed until August 15. The bulk of the stamps received was so great that the halls of the Treasury building had to be utilized for their storage and watchmen to be employed for their protection.

Delay was also occasioned by the fact that but two persons who had had previous experience were available for the work. Owing to the change in the tax on tobacco, snuff, cigars, cigarettes, and special taxes which rendered necessary the return of all such stamps in collectors' hands, and the consolidation of internal-revenue districts, which necessitated the closing of nearly all collectors' accounts, the regular force employed in the stamp division was already fully employed, and hence could not be drawn upon for help to any considerable extent. All matters connected with the examination of claims and correspondence concerning them had therefore to be conducted by these two persons, and the counting of the stamps prior to their cancellation had also to be supervised by them until such time as others connected with the extra force could be trained to take charge of some portions of the work.

Much trouble was also caused by defective claims. About one-half of the claims received were returned for correction, many of them several times. In other cases claimants were written to repeatedly before the evidence required to complete their claims could be obtained.

To recapitulate, delays were caused by—

1. Lack of any specific appropriation to cover the expenses of the work.
2. A much larger demand for blank claims than was anticipated.
3. The fact that no sufficient force of trained clerks was available and the work had to be done to a considerable extent by inexperienced persons.
4. Lack of space in which to store and handle the large number of packages received.
5. Carelessness on the part of claimants in the preparation of their claims.

In this connection it seems proper to state that most of the trouble with claims is caused by the necessity of ascertaining the date on

which stamps presented are purchased from the Government, as under the provision of section 17 of the act of March 1, 1879, no allowance can be made for stamps unless they are presented for redemption within three years after their purchase from the Government or a Government "stamp agent." This provision made the vexatious Form 81 absolutely necessary.

The number of packages received from June 10 to July 31, inclusive, was 4,618, containing about 12,770,869 stamps, value \$255,417.38.

Of this number there now remains on hand 1,698, containing 2,407,748 stamps of the value of \$18,154.96. As nearly as can be ascertained, about 1,000,000 of these stamps were presented for cancellation and return. The number of packages received from August 1 to date is about 1,800, supposed to contain about 5,000,000 stamps, value \$100,000. These cases have been recorded and numbered, and the claims for their redemption filed, but no action has been taken on them. The amount required for redeeming all these stamps received to date will be about \$350,000.

Circulars No. 259, 265, and 267 are as follows:

[Circular No. 259.]

REDEMPTION OF INTERNAL-REVENUE CHECK AND PROPRIETARY STAMPS.

1883.
DEPARTMENT No. 46. }
INTERNAL REVENUE. }

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
Washington, D. C., April 19, 1883.

In view of the repeal, on and after July 1, 1883, of all taxes payable by check and proprietary stamps, the following statutory provisions governing the redemption of such stamps, and the regulations made in pursuance thereof, are published for the benefit of all concerned:

Section 3426, Revised Statutes of the United States, as amended March 1, 1879, provides that—

"The Commissioner of Internal Revenue may, upon receipt of satisfactory evidence of the facts, make allowance for or redeem such of the stamps issued under the provisions of this title, or of any internal-revenue act, as may have been spoiled, destroyed, or rendered useless or unfit for the purpose intended, or for which the owner may have no use, or which, through mistake, may have been improperly or unnecessarily used, or where the rates or duties represented thereby have been excessive in amount, paid in error, or in any manner wrongfully collected; and such allowance or redemption shall be made either by giving other stamps in lieu of the stamps so allowed for, or redeemed, or by refunding the amount or value to the owner thereof, deducting therefrom, in case of repayment, the percentage, if any, allowed to the purchaser thereof; but no allowance or redemption shall be made in any case until the stamps so spoiled or rendered useless shall have been returned to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, or until satisfactory proof has been made showing the reason why the same cannot be so returned."

Section 17 of the act of March 1, 1879, provides—

"That claims for allowance on account of stamps arising under section 3426 of the Revised Statutes * * * may be allowed, if presented within three years after the purchase of said stamps from the Government, or a Government agent for the sale of stamps, and not otherwise."

REGULATIONS.

1. Check or proprietary stamps presented for redemption should be addressed to "The Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Washington, D. C.," and must be forwarded at the risk and expense of the consignor.

2. The stamps should be accompanied by a claim, on Form 81, copies of which form will be furnished upon application to this office.

3. Claims may be sworn to or affidavits made before any internal-revenue officer authorized to administer oaths, without fee. Any other person administering an oath or affirmation must show, by seal or certificate from the proper authority, that he is qualified to do so. An officer in signing a jurat should give the title of his office.

4. Check and general proprietary stamps will be redeemed at their face value, less 5 per centum; private-die proprietary stamps at their face value, less 5 or 10 per centum, according to the rate of commission allowed on their purchase. Stamps may be exchanged for other check or proprietary stamps of equal value until July 1, 1883.

5. In cases where stamped checks or drafts are presented which have been filled up and signed, satisfactory evidence must be furnished that they have never been issued

or used in any manner whatsoever. If they have been passed to the payee, or indorsed, the stamps have no redeemable value.

6. In cases where claims for redemption of *imprinted* stamps are allowed prior to July 1, 1883, the blanks upon which the stamps are printed will, in accordance with a long-established rule of this office, be destroyed. In the case of such claims allowed on or after July 1, 1883, the blanks will be destroyed, unless the claimant shall specially request their return. Upon receipt of such a request, the word "Redeemed" will be impressed on the check or draft in letters $\frac{3}{5}$ of an inch in size, and the blanks, with the stamps so canceled, will be returned to the claimant by registered mail, free of expense, unless he shall otherwise direct, in which latter case they will be returned at his expense. In cases of rejected claims, stamps are always returned to claimants.

7. In cases where an allowance is asked for stamps destroyed, the facts in the case should be submitted to this office, and special instructions as to the evidence required will be given.

8. Stamps will only be redeemed when presented by a *bona fide* owner, or a duly authorized agent or representative of such owner. When a claim is made by a person acting as agent, executor, receiver, or in any other representative capacity, the authority of the representative to so act must be shown.

9. In view of the limitation imposed by statute upon the presentation of claims for redemption of stamps, it will be necessary to submit evidence with each claim as to the date on which the stamps for which redemption is asked were purchased from the Commissioner of Internal Revenue or a "stamp agent." Stamps imprinted on checks are not sold by stamp agents, and it is often impracticable to ascertain when they were purchased from the Commissioner. In such cases, evidence may be furnished as to the date on which the stamps were imprinted on the blanks. Information as to the date of imprinting can usually be obtained from the stationer who printed the checks. Full instructions concerning the form of affidavit required are printed on Form 81.

10. Claims will be acted on, as nearly as possible, in the order of their receipt, and in all cases as soon after their receipt as the condition of the public business will permit.

GREEN B. RAUM,
Commissioner.

[Circular No. 265.—Supplemental to Circular No. 259.]

REDEMPTION AND CANCELLATION OF STAMPS IMPRINTED ON CHECKS, DRAFTS, ETC.

1883.
DEPARTMENT NO. 71. }
INTERNAL REVENUE. }

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
Washington, D. C., June 1, 1883.

Since the issue of Circular No. 259, dated April 19, 1883, many inquiries have been received concerning the instructions in paragraph 6, which provide, in the case of claims for redemption of stamps imprinted on checks, drafts, &c., allowed on or after July 1, 1883, that the stamps may be canceled and the blanks returned to the consignors upon receipt of a special request for such cancellation and return.

In answer to these inquiries, and in order to facilitate the work of cancellation, the following amended instructions are issued:

Imprinted stamps may be presented for redemption and cancellation at once, instead of waiting until July first. Such of the stamps received as are redeemed in June will be canceled and the blanks returned, if possible, in time to reach the owners July first.

Stamped blanks may be presented in sheets or bound in books, and will be returned in the same condition. Blanks which have been compressed into blocks or pads must be separated before presentation.

The cancellation of stamps will be as follows (the words "Stamp Redeemed" being in red ink):



Requests for cancellation in any form other than that indicated above, or in any place other than this office cannot be considered.

Claims for redemption of imprinted stamps should be made on Form 81—"Revised April, 1883," copies of which will be furnished upon application. Care should be exercised in the preparation of claims, as stamps will in no case be canceled until the claim for their redemption has been examined and found to be satisfactory.

Cases will be taken up for examination in the order of their receipt. If the claim in any case is complete, the stamps accompanying it will be ordered canceled at once. If the claim is incomplete, and it becomes necessary to call for additional evidence, the case will be laid aside and no further action will be taken until the additional evidence is received.

WALTER EVANS,
Commissioner.

[Circular No. 267.]

MODIFYING CIRCULAR NO. 259 AND SUPPLEMENT THERETO.

1883.
DEPARTMENT NO. 95. }
INTERNAL REVENUE.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
Washington, D. C., July 10, 1883.

In view of the fact that there was no specific appropriation made by Congress at its last session to meet the expense of the cancellation and return, after redemption, of stamps imprinted upon checks, drafts, &c., it becomes necessary to inform the public that such drafts, checks, and stamps will not be received for cancellation and return after redemption after the 31st day of July instant. All stamps imprinted upon drafts, checks, &c., received for redemption after that date, if redeemed, will be destroyed, together with the drafts or checks.

WALTER EVANS,
Commissioner.

This office has felt the full force of the enormous pressure of the work of cancelling and redeeming stamps. Parties sending in stamps, in many instances, imagined that the redemption was a cash transaction, wherein the money was given over the counter in exchange for stamps. Appreciating its importance to business men, the work on stamped checks sent in for cancellation and return has been vigorously pushed forward, and the greater portion of such check stamps have been imprinted and returned to owners.

Work on check stamps forwarded for redemption and destruction has also been energetically pressed, and the claims are being rapidly passed and forwarded to the Fifth Auditor of the Treasury for settlement. A large number of persons apparently unaware of the conditions prescribed in Circular No. 267 (although the utmost pains were taken to disseminate this circular through the newspaper press), sent in stamped checks for cancellation and return, after July 31, 1883, and are now anxious that this circular shall be modified so as to admit of their checks being imprinted and returned. It is, perhaps, a hardship that such persons should lose either the stamps or the checks thus forwarded, but the demand upon the appropriation of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing to pay the cost of this work has been so great, and that appropriation has been so depleted by this unexpected drain, that it is difficult to do otherwise than rigidly adhere to the requirements laid down in Circular No. 267. When the Chief of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing saw the dilemma in which this office was placed by the number of claims made under Circular No. 259, issued by my predecessor, and when it was found that the appropriation of \$20,000 above referred to was not available to pay for carrying out its promise, to relieve the great embarrassment of this Bureau which would result from abandoning the position taken in that circular, owing to the lack of funds to carry out its provisions, he consented to do the work, the First Comptroller being of the opinion that it could be done and lawfully paid for by him.

I desire to express the very grateful thanks of this office to the Chief of that Bureau for this aid, which, while it was a great favor to this

Bureau, was also of special benefit to the public. It is sincerely hoped that Congress will not hesitate to supply any deficiency resulting from this action of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing by an additional appropriation.

MANUFACTURE OF PAPER.

During the fiscal year there was manufactured by the Fairchild Paper Company, of Boston, Mass., under contract entered into September 19, 1882, 423,436 pounds of paper for (printing) internal-revenue stamps. The rates paid were $10\frac{3}{4}$ cents per pound for vegetable-sized, and $11\frac{3}{4}$ cents per pound for animal-sized paper.

The contract with this company has been continued for the manufacture of such paper as may be required during the current fiscal year, and orders have been given to this date (October 23, 1883) for 332,938 pounds.

Animal-sized paper was used exclusively for check and proprietary stamps, and, owing to the repeal of the stamp duty on checks and proprietary articles, will be no longer required.

PRODUCTION OF STAMPS.

During the last fiscal year all internal-revenue stamps have been produced by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, except stamps imprinted upon bank checks, which have been supplied by the Graphic Company of New York City, and stamps upon foil wrappers for tobacco, which have been printed by Jno. J. Crooke & Co., of New York.

The contract with the Graphic Company was closed June 15, by reason of the repeal of the tax on bank checks.

TOBACCO.

The collections from tobacco for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, were \$42,104,249.79. In this amount are included taxes imposed upon imported manufactured tobacco, snuff, and cigars, in addition to customs duties, the taxes imposed on domestic manufactured tobacco, snuff, and cigars, the special taxes paid by manufacturers of tobacco, snuff, and cigars, the special taxes paid by dealers in leaf and dealers in manufactured tobacco, and it also includes the receipt of money for export stamps sold to exporters of tobacco.

The collections from the several sources above named for the last fiscal year are less than those of the fiscal year immediately preceding by the sum of \$5,287,739.12.

RECEIPTS FROM TOBACCO AND SNUFF.

Manufactured tobacco, at 16 cents per pound	\$17,860,455 34
Manufactured tobacco, at 8 cents per pound.....	4,275,947 19
Snuff, at 16 cents per pound	626,546 12
Snuff, at 8 cents per pound	109,476 70

Total for year ended June 30, 1883	22,872,425 35
Total for year ended June 30, 1882	25,812,392 84

Decrease in collections on tobacco and snuff	2,939,967 49
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Of this decrease \$2,897,339.44 was on chewing and smoking tobacco and \$42,628.05 on snuff.

RECEIPTS FROM CIGARS AND CIGARETTES.

Cigars taxed at \$3 per thousand	\$2, 472, 118 80
Cigars taxed at \$6 per thousand	14, 423, 096 35
Cigarettes taxed at 50 cents per thousand	76, 214 38
Cigarettes taxed at \$1.75 per thousand	853, 079 05
Cigarettes taxed at \$3 per thousand	33 60
Cigarettes taxed at \$6 per thousand	647 70
Total collections for year ended June 30, 1883	17, 825, 189 88
Total collections for year ended June 30, 1882	19, 218, 422 47
Decrease in collections from cigars and cigarettes	1, 393, 232 59

Of this decrease \$1,350,637.22 was on cigars and \$42,595.37 on cigarettes.

OTHER COLLECTIONS.

Receipts from export stamps sold year ended June 30, 1883	\$876 00
Receipts from export stamps sold year ended June 30, 1882	6, 554 40
Decrease in sale of export stamps	5, 678 40
Dealers in manufactured tobacco in 1883, at \$5	301, 551 16
Dealers in manufactured tobacco in 1883, at \$2.40	932, 261 77
Total for year ended June 30, 1883	1, 233, 812 93
Total for year ended June 30, 1882	2, 094, 536 21
Decrease in collections from dealers in manufactured tobacco	860, 723 28
Special taxes, manufacturers of tobacco in 1883, at \$10	621 38
Special taxes, manufacturers of tobacco in 1883, at \$6	5, 076 50
Special taxes, manufacturers of cigars in 1883, at \$10	11, 255 16
Special taxes, manufacturers of cigars in 1883, at \$6	85, 643 84
Total collections for year ended June 30, 1883	102, 596 88
Total collections for year ended June 30, 1882	152, 622 14
Decrease special taxes, manufacturers of tobacco and cigars	50, 025 26

Of this decrease \$46,960.66 was on special taxes from manufacturers of cigars, and \$3,064.60 from manufacturers of tobacco and snuff.

Special taxes, peddlers of tobacco, year ended June 30, 1883	\$14, 813 63
Special taxes, peddlers of tobacco, year ended June 30, 1882	22, 875 22
Decrease in collections from peddlers of tobacco	8, 061 59
Special taxes, leaf dealers, year ended June 30, 1883	54, 535 12
Special taxes, leaf dealers, year ended June 30, 1882	84, 585 63
Decrease in collections from leaf dealers	30, 050 51

COMPARISON WITH PRECEDING YEAR.

The above statement shows that the collections made during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, were less than those made during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1882. The decreases were—

From specific taxes:	
Tobacco and snuff	\$2, 939, 967 49
Cigars and cigarettes	1, 393, 232 59
From special taxes:	
Dealers in manufactured tobacco	860, 723 28
Manufacturers of tobacco and cigars	50, 025 26
Dealers in leaf tobacco	30, 050 51
Peddlers of manufactured tobacco	8, 061 59
From sales of export stamps	5, 678 40
Total decrease of collections	\$5, 287, 739 12

PRODUCTION OF MANUFACTURED TOBACCO, CIGARS, ETC.

The production of tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, as shown from the several quantities removed for consumption on payment of tax, together with the quantities removed in bond for export, is as follows :

	Pounds.
Tobacco taxed at 16 cents per pound	111, 627, 846
Tobacco taxed at 8 cents per pound	53, 449, 340
Snuff taxed at 16 cents per pound	3, 915, 913
Snuff taxed at 8 cents per pound	1, 368, 459
Total quantity removed for consumption	170, 361, 558
Tobacco and snuff removed for exportation	10, 951, 755 $\frac{7}{8}$
Total apparent production	181, 313, 313 $\frac{3}{8}$
Total apparent product, year ended June 30, 1882	172, 153, 816
Total increase of production	9, 159, 497 $\frac{7}{8}$

Of this increase 9,036,957 pounds were removed for consumption, and 122,540 $\frac{7}{8}$ pounds were exported.

PRODUCTION OF CIGARS AND CIGARETTES.

Cigars and cheroots, taxed at \$6 per thousand	2, 403, 849, 392
Cigars and cheroots, taxed at \$3 per thousand	824, 039, 600
Cigarettes, taxed at \$1.75 per thousand	487, 473, 743
Cigarettes, taxed at 50 cents per thousand	152, 428, 760
Cigarettes, taxed at \$6 per thousand	107, 950
Cigarettes, taxed at \$3 per thousand	11, 200
Cigars removed in bond for export	2, 773, 375
Cigarettes removed in bond for export	76, 888, 060
Total product for fiscal year 1883	3, 947, 572, 080
Total product for fiscal year 1882	3, 662, 973, 076
Total increase of production	284, 599, 004

Of this increase 186,234,977 were cigars and 98,364,027 cigarettes.

IMPORTED CIGARS.

The cigars imported during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, as given by the Bureau of Statistics, were as follows :

	Pounds.
Aggregate in quantity	829, 777
Of this quantity there were exported	55, 584
Leaving to be withdrawn for consumption	774, 193
Allowing 13 $\frac{1}{2}$ pounds to the thousand, as the weight of imported cigars, the number would be	57, 347, 629
Number of cigars withdrawn in 1882	54, 190, 889
Increase in number of cigars for the fiscal year 1883	3, 156, 740

REVIEW OF THE TOBACCO TAX.

The act of March 3, 1883, reduced the rates of tax on all manufactured tobacco, snuff, and cigars one-half, and on cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds per thousand, to two-sevenths of the previous rate. The same act reduced all special taxes imposed upon manufacturers of and dealers in tobacco under various forms fully 50 per cent. These rates became operative on and after May 1, 1883, so that nearly all the special taxes for the last fiscal year were collected at the reduced rates. During the last two months of the fiscal year, the taxes on tobacco, snuff, and cigars were collected at the reduced rates. All changes and prospective changes in the tax laws disturb the normal

condition of trade. It is therefore impossible to tell, until a law has been in operation for a sufficient length of time to counteract the influence of changes which materially affect prices and stimulate or retard business operations, what will be its effect on the revenues.

Supposing the tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes had all been taxed at the present rates, the aggregate receipts would have been as follows:

170,361,558 pounds tobacco and snuff at 8 cents per pound	\$13,628,924 64
3,227,888,992 cigars at \$3 per thousand	9,683,666 97
119,150 cigarettes at \$3 per thousand	357 45
639,902,503 cigarettes at 50 cents per thousand	319,951 25

Total receipts therefrom would have been	23,632,900 31
Actual receipts therefrom were	40,697,615 23

Difference would be..... 17,064,714 92

At the old rates the aggregate receipts on the same quantity of tobacco and snuff, and numbers of cigars and cigarettes, would have been \$47,745,727.59, and the difference would have been \$24,112,827.19 more than at the present rates of tax thereon.

The actual receipts from special taxes were \$1,405,758.56. Had the old rates continued the same number of persons employed in the different kinds of business would have paid special taxes aggregating \$2,525,999.73, or \$1,120,241.17 more than were paid.

These figures show that the reduction of tax rates made by the act of March 3, 1883, will, on the basis of last year's business, cause a reduction of revenue from tobacco during the next fiscal year of at least twenty-five million dollars.

STATEMENT showing the PRODUCTION of CIGARS and CIGARETTES by STATES and TERRITORIES for the year ended December 31, 1882.

States and Territories.	Number of accounts reported.	Number of pounds of leaf used in the manufacture of cigars.	Number of cigars reported manufactured.	Number of cigarettes reported manufactured.	Number of accounts in which deficiencies were found.	Number of cigars apparently deficient in production and cigar accounts.	Tax on cigars apparently deficient.	Apparent deficiencies in stamp accounts.
Alabama	31	45,260	1,684,775	.....	12	122,545	.....	\$215 25
Arkansas	14	26,340	1,269,635	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
California	296	3,555,575	156,829,968	4,050,650	12	220,605	\$1,323 63	.....
Colorado	42	36,810	1,509,815	.....	2	19,940	119 64	13 98
Connecticut	305	719,151	29,768,159	.....	19	126,590	759 54	152 80
Dakota	25	14,954	1,501,736	.....	5	9,860	59 16	511 80
Delaware	41	101,861	4,947,222	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Florida	131	970,016	42,037,658	241,410	22	734,455	4,406 73	.....
Georgia	33	67,228	3,210,930	.....	16	431,795	2,590 77	12 90
Illinois	1,153	3,712,885	160,068,150	981,000	100	982,956	5,897 73	1 80
Indiana	417	1,149,291	48,555,736	.....	70	560,312	3,361 87	7 00
Iowa	282	904,404	39,028,046	.....	55	727,380	4,364 28	16 40
Kansas	119	317,527	13,560,756	.....	2	4,810	28 86	.....
Kentucky	234	830,650	35,229,036	.....	25	258,386	1,550 32	9 50
Louisiana	137	923,066	24,859,505	7,630,918	22	166,360	998 16	133 70
Maine	55	95,042	4,393,075	.....	2	28,310	169 86	.....
Maryland	695	2,163,069	90,502,758	30,512,095	66	277,407	1,664 44	37 20
Massachusetts	525	1,862,908	76,235,093	1,755,955	40	428,318	2,569 91	11 10
Michigan	512	2,256,517	91,272,120	.....	70	1,316,529	7,899 17	12 70
Minnesota	107	543,264	23,020,528	.....	26	161,160	966 96	196 80
Mississippi	2	586	23,850	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Missouri	551	1,434,432	63,818,923	.....	54	235,734	1,414 40	111 60
Montana	4	2,425	102,350	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nebraska	72	156,128	7,103,105	.....	18	166,425	998 55	18 60
Nevada	1	631	19,650	.....	1	5,590	33 54	.....
New Hampshire	41	67,295	2,985,242	445,100	1	300	1 80	.....
New Jersey	708	1,429,123	61,723,509	.....	87	545,605	3,273 63	208 10
New York	3,898	26,294,618	1,072,385,970	444,092,867	151	1,492,099	8,952 59	38 10

STATEMENT showing the PRODUCTION of CIGARS and CIGARETTES, &c., for the year ended December 31, 1882—Continued.

States and Territories.	Number of accounts reported.	Number of pounds of leaf used in the manufacture of cigars.	Number of cigars reported manufactured.	Number of cigarettes reported manufactured.	Number of accounts in which deficiencies were found.	Number of cigars apparently deficient in production and cigar accounts.	Tax on cigars apparently deficient.	Apparent deficiencies in stamp accounts.
North Carolina	21	97,690	2,768,475	18,159,260	21	15,220	\$91 32	\$5 40
Ohio	1,471	6,364,601	277,386,485	1,259,820	107	983,795	5,902 77	687 00
Oregon	9	20,387	83,285	.....	3	18,460	110 76	.....
Pennsylvania	3,838	13,664,144	623,846,832	682,710	127	731,822	4,390 93	58 00
Rhode Island	67	180,191	8,220,218	.....	1	4,131	24 79	.....
South Carolina	20	27,154	1,158,390	.....	8	24,117	144 70	94 60
Tennessee	33	82,696	3,695,245	.....	16	466,380	2,798 28	7 80
Texas	66	101,941	4,234,019	238,600	14	75,040	450 24	12 60
Utah	1	5,906	235,350	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Vermont	20	65,561	2,951,955	.....	3	6,770	40 62	.....
Virginia	160	788,888	24,276,884	88,722,350	19	170,040	1,020 24	2 40
Washington	3	69	3,700	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
West Virginia	105	748,238	37,451,775	.....	3	13,320	79 92	473 40
Wisconsin	418	1,696,336	73,901,039	.....	31	199,126	1,194 76	82 30
Total	16,663	73,525,401	3,117,860,952	598,772,735	1,231	11,731,692	69,651 87	3,132 83

RECAPITULATION.

Number of accounts reported	16,663
Number of pounds of tobacco used	73,525,401
Number of cigars reported manufactured	3,117,860,952
Number of cigarettes reported manufactured	598,772,735
Number of accounts in which deficiencies were found	1,231
Number of cigars apparently deficient	11,731,692
Tax on cigars apparently deficient	\$69,651 87
Apparent deficiency in stamps	\$3,132 83

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT showing the RECEIPTS from MANUFACTURED TOBACCO, SNUFF, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, and SPECIAL TAXES relating to the MANUFACTURE and SALE of TOBACCO, for the six months ended September 30, 1882 and 1883, respectively.

	April.		May.		June.	
	1882.	1883.	1882.	1883.	1882.	1883.
Tobacco	\$1,923,902 67	\$744,730 79	\$2,147,035 85	\$2,962,844 77	\$2,091,071 46	\$1,315,546 29
Snuff	66,230 76	26,477 86	59,055 45	76,586 46	57,099 99	32,890 24
Cigars	1,411,577 79	651,983 43	1,537,832 79	1,569,751 79	1,584,310 01	904,383 67
Cigarettes	68,833 60	51,712 99	75,898 46	43,968 25	100,044 17	32,279 73
Special taxes relating to tobacco.	792,548 00	486,022 88	1,130,094 36	537,971 16	107,800 33	59,170 60
Total	4,263,092 82	1,960,927 95	4,969,916 91	5,191,122 43	3,940,325 96	2,344,270 53

	July.		August.		September.	
	1882.	1883.	1882.	1883.	1882.	1883.
Tobacco	\$2,042,033 52	\$977,398 40	\$2,471,533 79	\$1,161,126 84	\$2,364,360 05	\$1,263,881 19
Snuff	56,911 41	33,775 01	73,721 72	36,840 17	81,302 98	40,393 13
Cigars	1,560,330 40	854,501 43	1,803,482 68	959,259 17	1,786,633 31	926,476 11
Cigarettes	95,893 27	28,554 08	109,788 50	40,423 49	93,483 07	41,350 64
Special taxes relating to tobacco.	60,431 29	35,185 90	51,332 27	20,617 56	51,880 35	28,737 31
Total	3,815,599 89	1,929,414 82	4,509,858 96	2,227,267 23	4,377,659 76	2,300,838 38

From the above statement it appears that the receipts from the various sources relating to manufactured tobacco, snuff, cigars, &c., for the six months ended September 30, 1882, were \$25,876,454.30, and for the corresponding period in 1883 \$15,953,841.34, showing a decrease of \$9,922,612.96, or 38 per cent.

STATEMENT of the NUMBER of TOBACCO FACTORIES in each STATE, the AGGREGATE QUANTITIES of LEAF TOBACCO and OTHER MATERIALS USED, and the AGGREGATE QUANTITIES of the DIFFERENT KINDS of MANUFACTURED TOBACCO PRODUCED during the calendar year ended December 31, 1882, and OTHER STATISTICS, as shown by the REPORTS MADE to THIS OFFICE on FORM No. 146, by the INTERNAL REVENUE COLLECTORS.

States and Territories.		Leaf tobacco and other materials used in manufacturing tobacco and snuff.										Tobacco and snuff produced and in process of production.		
Number of factories.		Leaf used.	Scraps used.	Stems used.	Licorice used.	Sugar used.	Other materials used.	Tobacco in process.	Total materials used.	Ping made.	Fine-cut made.	Smoking made.		
		Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.		
1	Arizona.....	1,607	191					782½	2,580½			1,681½		
7	Arkansas.....	66,735	1,866		2,346	7,430	557	6,432	85,366	56,909½		2,476		
9	California.....	729,422½	8,598½		52,735	63,160	10,000	30,136	894,052½	614,829		56,634½		
2	Connecticut.....		528					1,155	1,683			528		
1	Delaware.....	1,414,564		59,835				255,928	1,730,327					
7	Georgia.....	37,373	1,837	1,031	1,111	1,967	808	1,160	45,287	34,712				
20	Illinois.....	9,700,453	422,491	404,066	843,938	1,391,094½	484,997½	310,067½	13,557,107½	4,700,334	2,311,929½	4,186,303½		
8	Indiana.....	40,126½	18,941		892	1,707	398	526	62,500½	37,457½		15,524½		
3	Iowa.....	231,743	7,239	32,426	3,439	3,716	5,430	25,371	309,364			262,756		
1	Kansas.....	51,380	1,131		163	305	37	1,580	54,596	34,207		9,043½		
59	Kentucky.....	9,607,654½	104,517		1,286,990	1,102,054	561,314	202,694½	12,925,254	8,087,047	1,062,189½	1,105,329½		
42	Louisiana.....	2,519,755	4,390		20,690	7,239	2,571	43,230½	2,597,935½	20,591	1,574,406½	265,496½		
11	Maryland.....	3,466,941	722,160	1,668,410½	55,616½	86,353½	141,434	635,331½	6,770,247	8,481	140,941	4,911,893½		
10	Massachusetts.....	495,006	10,414	7,771	59,834	57,253	15,051	138,730½	784,074	444,163½		10,133½		
7	Michigan.....	4,197,850	132,306	15,405	245,503	541,640	335,406	369,265	5,837,375		2,204,606½	3,086,584½		
1	Minnesota.....	350							350			350		
57	Missouri.....	18,592,772½	461,186½	945,620½	2,370,908	1,868,092½	619,510½	473,350½	25,331,381	15,606,770½	239,731½	4,066,021		
13	New Jersey.....	19,631,871½	391,089	518,710	2,188,889	1,905,720	1,088,501½	2,070,450½	27,795,251½	14,019,405½	2,541,137	2,975,070		
74	New York.....	13,568,018	581,275	189,283	892,576½	903,000	741,520½	886,888½	17,762,561½	4,121,296½	3,528,956½	6,497,820½		
167	North Carolina*.....	16,204,437½	221,166½	300,981	326,150½	127,001	363,703½	726,472½	18,329,914½	7,112,471		4,628,592½		
33	Ohio.....	6,695,966½	124,813	393,916	777,069	897,936	284,768	448,493½	9,622,061½	3,955,550½	1,351,738	2,620,523½		
31	Pennsylvania.....	3,058,031	216,737½	27,994	23,168	16,931½	31,446½	293,973	3,578,281½	44,298	78,653½	2,043,630½		
0	South Carolina.....													
27	Tennessee.....	811,143	3,224		36,390½	20,482	1,232½	8,200	880,681	623,508½		20,764½		
4	Texas.....	7,866½				20			7,907½			7,687½		
164	Virginia.....	43,678,725½	255,865½	36,082	2,306,090	1,998,251	1,863,340½	733,372½	50,961,736½	36,500,299		1,158,951½		
8	West Virginia.....	56,832	316,182		1,273½	3,537	34	2,102	57,936½	15,350		3,324,787		
7	Wisconsin.....	3,826,839	53,595	592,770	67,544	192,290	88,388	106,875	4,928,301	3,580	735,464½	3,801,462½		
774	Total.....	158,693,483½	4,061,774½	5,254,301½	11,653,393½	11,257,100	6,640,480½	7,682,627½	205,243,112½	96,041,262	15,791,773½	42,060,026½		

* The above returns from North Carolina are not perfect on account of the corrections not being received in time.

STATEMENT of the NUMBER of TOBACCO FACTORIES in EACH STATE, &c.—Continued.

States and Territories.	Number of factories.	Tobacco and snuff produced and in process of production.				Scraps taken out.	Stems taken out.	Loss—dirt, &c.	Total.	Excess.	Tobacco on hand January 1, 1882.	Excess.
		Snuff made.	Total made.	In process January 1, 1883.	Total product.							
		Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.
Arizona.....	1	1,681	50	1,731	402	447	849	1,756	17,544	49	42,225	49
Arkansas.....	7	59,385	8,436	67,821	15,788	1,756	17,544	23,990	156,640	156	530	156
California.....	9	671,463	66,106	737,569	1,683	9,920	156,640	23,990	156,640	156	530	156
Connecticut.....	2	528	1,155	1,683	1,730	1,730	1,730	1,730	1,730	1,730	1,730	1,730
Delaware.....	1	1,478,162	252,165	1,730,327	37,331	7,534	1,730,327	423	7,964	8	98,838	8
Georgia.....	7	34,712	2,619	37,331	7,534	114,939	1,986,074	114,939	9,661	53	49,704	53
Illinois.....	20	11,251,700	397,392	11,649,092	11,649,092	310,865	1,560,270	2,087	9,661	53	49,704	53
Indiana.....	8	52,982	24,120	77,102	308,406	500	6,473	958	14,208	16	16,636	16
Iowa.....	3	284,246	43,250	327,496	44,498	9,069	327,496	1,028	10,074	14	14,208	14
Kansas.....	1	43,250	222,229	265,479	10,476,796	123,024	2,395,083	129,730	2,577,812	129	574,504	129
Kentucky.....	59	10,254,566	41,764	10,296,330	1,952,559	549	587,245	69,201	656,995	11	227,203	11
Louisiana.....	42	1,910,795	655,344	2,566,139	6,193,542	439	587,245	654,586	635,505	72	396,986	72
Maryland.....	11	476,881	134,418	611,299	643,718	954	103,904	37,463	142,363	3	3,431	3
Massachusetts.....	10	57,033	317,741	374,774	5,609,022	76,737	325,979	82,006	484,722	2	2,223	2
Michigan.....	7	5,291,280	317,741	5,609,021	5,609,022	76,737	325,979	82,006	484,722	2	2,223	2
Minnesota.....	350	19,962,381	771,457	20,733,838	20,733,838	269,247	4,020,679	349,315	4,639,241	41	1,532,812	41
Missouri.....	57	49,857	21,422,513	21,472,370	23,678,542	3,842	4,146,705	171,553	4,322,098	203	409	203
New Jersey.....	10	1,886,901	14,269,165	16,156,066	15,176,839	64,790	2,440,705	203,563	2,708,623	122	145,425	122
New York.....	74	121,091	11,787,850	11,908,941	13,890,932	506,877	2,636,860	1,315,480	4,449,218	10	2,736	10
North Carolina.....	167	46,766	7,945,177	8,011,943	8,524,864	55,539	1,035,211	69,935	1,100,685	62	558	62
Ohio.....	33	17,365	2,937,220	3,054,585	3,141,648	1,648	151,440	311,559	464,638	27	505	27
Pennsylvania.....	31	770,638	644,273	1,414,911	656,949	5,311	193,213	25,374	293,899	167	385,774	167
South Carolina.....	0											
Tennessee.....	27	62	7,739	7,801	38,419,846	8,871,696	8,871,696	2,010,648	12,548,801	6,911	9,980,335	6,911
Texas.....	4	11,979	37,671,229	748,613	38,419,846	1,666,456	15	23,570	38,010	6	851	6
Virginia.....	164	3,119	4,543,626	155,197	4,698,823	15	14,425	229,769	230,515	1,037	22,271	1,037
West Virginia.....	8											
Wisconsin.....	7											
Total.....	774	5,022,863	158,915,925	9,865,494	168,781,420	3,090,722	28,566,202	5,830,016	37,493,001	1,030,295	19,132,142	1,030,295

* The above returns from North Carolina are not perfect on account of the corrections not being received in time.

STATEMENT of the NUMBER of TOBACCO FACTORIES in EACH STATE, &c.—Continued.

States and Territories.	Number of Factories.	Total to- bacco to be accounted for.	Unsold, January 1, 1888.	Exported.	Burned, stolen, de- stroyed.	Sold.	Stamps re- quired.	Leaf on hand.	Scraps on hand.	Stems on hand.	Stamps on hand.
		Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	
Arizona.....	1	1,681½	.....	.....	.....	1,681½	\$269 00	.....	.....	907	.....
Arkansas.....	7	101,660½	29,897½	.....	36½	71,725½	11,476 08	11,598	805	4,249	\$43 12
California.....	9	671,463½	317,088	7,125	.....	347,250½	55,560 04	182,311	3,293	25,500	.....
Connecticut.....	2	1,058	606	.....	.....	1,492,563½	238,810 20	1,569,110	3,770	101,962	.....
Delaware.....	1	1,577,001	84,437½	.....	.....	39,755	6,360 80	3,566	514	1,500	12,289 09
Georgia.....	7	84,443	44,551	.....	137	10,682,863½	1,709,258 16	2,834,042	525,567½	696,970	5,289 54
Illinois.....	20	11,690,965½	797,089½	208,674	2,338½	54,816½	8,770 68	5,832	5,143	.....	138 80
Indiana.....	8	67,191½	12,366	.....	8½	279,532	44,725 12	17,473	944	2,905	.....
Iowa.....	3	300,916	21,384	.....	.....	41,956½	6,713 04	15,960	.....	.....	.....
Kansas.....	1	57,276½	15,320	.....	.....	10,110,610½	1,617,697 70	1,700,850	90,197	155,817	3,716 38
Kentucky.....	59	10,830,229½	712,325½	2,390	4,903	1,878,277½	300,516 40	578,455	3,798	4,639	573 02
Louisiana.....	42	2,143,440	235,074½	1,766	28,372½	5,458,114½	873,298 26	2,184,305	365,544	468,312	6,881 50
Maryland.....	11	5,945,414½	464,279½	19,050	3,970½	5,502,805½	80,448 92	137,424	6,144	104,613	320 80
Massachusetts.....	10	514,731½	4,043	7,883	.....	5,279,379½	844,700 70	1,398,186	423,878	128,084	4,539 06
Michigan.....	7	5,293,503½	10,709½	1,790	1,625	.....	149 56	.....	.....	.....	.....
Minnesota.....	1	1,624	680½	.....	.....	19,674,950½	3,147,992 02	3,204,266	88,961	110,640	26 44
Missouri.....	57	21,508,185½	1,805,006½	1,520	26,709	21,309,953½	3,409,592 60	3,496,232	595,957	836,471	8,984 83
New Jersey.....	13	21,437,574½	94,260	103,958	103	13,578,733½	2,172,597 34	5,546,790	368,756	251,843	6,071 37
New York.....	74	14,415,152½	162,742½	673,547½	133½	12,037,017½	1,925,992 86	1,323,612	144,711	1,976,697	25,122 97
North Carolina.....	167	16,306,323½	4,028,507½	77,132½	185,638½	7,837,350½	1,269,976 06	1,536,664	106,555	710,203	4,577 67
Ohio.....	33	8,441,650	492,513½	95	11,691	2,941,197½	2,361 28	636,487	84,290	10,002	3,260 02
Pennsylvania.....	31	3,048,141½	102,406½	4,453	84½	14,758	97,719 00	93,923	1,225	10,575 07	218 56
South Carolina.....	0	30,274	15,516	.....	.....	610,733½	97,719 00	1,259	11,272	101,570	405 04
Tennessee.....	27	1,030,854½	418,191½	1,919½	.....	29,776,427½	4,764,228 40	3,406,090	1,072,200	2,800,457	28 40
Texas.....	4	7,729½	.....	.....	.....	306,181½	48,989 04	19,105	86,104	3,000	5,355 50
Virginia.....	104	47,666,631½	8,961,776½	8,484,470½	443,957½	4,531,036½	724,965 88	1,762,329	13,196	211,164	4,018 55
West Virginia.....	8	346,988	40,806½	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wisconsin.....	7	4,565,900½	34,815½	.....	48½	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	774	178,090,006½	18,836,703½	9,593,176½	691,676½	148,968,449½	23,834,951 86	31,696,055	4,003,524½	8,781,164	94,711 21

* The above returns from North Carolina are not perfect, on account of the corrections not being received in time.

DIRECT TAX.

I desire to call attention to the subject of the direct tax; and with a view of making some suggestions regarding the balance uncollected, I have the honor to report somewhat in detail regarding it.

The subject, I know, is not a new one, but it was left, many years ago, in some portions of the country, in so unsettled and unfinished a condition that even at this remote period there are complications and complex questions arising in connection with it which this office is called upon to consider; and my attention is directed to the fact that many were called upon to pay the tax, and many adjacent and in close proximity to them were not and have not been called upon to pay the amount charged against them. The amount uncollected exceeds three millions of dollars, as will be seen from the subjoined statements which I herewith submit, showing the amount apportioned to each State, Territory, and the District of Columbia under the act of Congress approved August 5, 1861, also showing the amount paid and unpaid in each, the amount realized from sales of lands for non-payment of the direct taxes charged against them, under the act of Congress approved June 7, 1862, and from resales or sales of lands which were bid in by the tax-commissioners and the titles to which became vested in the United States.

State or Territory.	Quota.	15 per cent. deduction.	Amount due after deducting 15 per cent.	Total paid.	Amount unpaid.	Remarks.
Maine	\$420,826 00	\$63,123 90	\$357,702 10	\$357,702 10	.....
New Hampshire	218,406 66½	32,761 00	185,645 66½	185,645 67	.....
Vermont	211,068 00	31,660 20	179,407 80	179,407 80	.....
Massachusetts	824,581 33½	123,687 20	700,894 13½	700,894 14	.....
Rhode Island	116,963 66½	17,544 55	99,419 11½	99,419 11	.....
Connecticut	308,214 00	46,232 10	261,981 90	261,981 90	.....
New York	2,603,918 66½	390,587 80	2,213,330 86½	2,213,330 86	.....
New Jersey	450,134 00	67,520 10	382,613 90	382,614 83*	.....	*93 cents excess.
Pennsylvania	1,946,719 33½	292,007 90	1,654,711 43½	1,654,711 43	.....
Delaware	74,683 33½	.....	.....	70,332 88	\$4,350 50	See act of Congress approved Feb. 21, 1868.
Maryland	436,823 33½	65,523 50	371,299 83½	371,299 83	.....
Ohio	1,567,089 33½	235,063 40	1,332,025 93½	1,332,025 93	.....
Kentucky	713,695 33½	107,054 30	606,641 03	606,641 03	.....
Indiana	904,875 33½	135,731 30	769,144 03½	769,144 03	.....
Illinois	1,146,551 33½	171,982 70	974,568 63½	974,568 63	.....
Missouri	761,127 33½	114,169 10	646,958 23½	646,958 23	.....	See act of Congress approved July 17, 1862.
Kansas	71,743 33½	.....	.....	9,360 82	62,382 51	
Michigan	501,763 33½	75,264 50	426,498 83½	426,498 83	.....
Wisconsin	519,688 66½	39,346 43	480,342 43½	272,657 08	207,685 36	
Iowa	452,088 00	67,813 20	384,274 80	384,274 80	.....
Minnesota	108,524 00	16,278 60	92,245 40	92,245 40	.....
Nebraska	19,312 00	.....	.....	.....	19,312 00	See act of Congress approved July 1, 1862.
California	254,538 66½	.....	.....	247,445 41	7,093 26	
Oregon	35,140 66½	.....	.....	.....	35,140 66½	
New Mexico	62,648 00	.....	.....	.....	62,648 00	See act of Congress approved July 1, 1862.
Utah	26,982 00	.....	.....	.....	26,982 00	
Washington Ter.	7,755 33½	.....	.....	4,268 16	3,487 17	
Nevada	4,592 66½	.....	.....	4,592 33	34	
Colorado	22,905 33½	.....	.....	.....	22,905 33½	
Dakota	3,241 33½	.....	.....	.....	3,241 33½	See act of Congress approved Feb. 25, 1863.
District of Columbia	49,437 33½	.....	.....	49,437 33	.....	See act of Congress approved July 1, 1864.
West Virginia	208,479 65	27,172 72	181,306 93	153,978 75	.....	See act of Congress approved Feb. 25, 1867.
Total	15,054,517 31½	2,120,524 50	12,931,013 00	12,451,437 26	455,228 47½	

As there were special provisions of law governing the proceedings in the eleven late insurrectionary States, requiring different headings in a tabulated statement, I submit a separate table for those States:

State.	Quota.	Tax collected.	Tax uncollected.	Proceeds from sales for non-payment of taxes, including amounts bid in excess of taxes.	Purchase-money refunded.	Balance of proceeds from sales.
Virginia	\$937,550 66½					
Deduct West Virginia	208,479 65					
Balance	729,071 01½	\$442,571 64	\$286,499 37	\$113,855 57	\$76,781 68	\$37,073 89
North Carolina	576,194 66½	377,452 60	198,742 06			
South Carolina	363,570 66½	210,789 31	152,781 35	28,232 29		28,232 29
Georgia	584,367 33½	82,427 47	501,939 86			
Florida	77,522 66½	6,495 28	71,027 38	56,999 23	16,520 37	40,478 86
Alabama	529,313 33½		529,313 33½			
Mississippi	413,084 66½	69,584 55	343,500 12			
Louisiana	385,886 66½	314,500 83	71,385 83			
Texas	355,106 66½	180,841 50	174,265 16			
Tennessee	669,498 00	381,534 57	287,963 43	123,097 00	47,559 35	75,537 65
Arkansas	261,886 00	154,199 28	107,686 72	56,865 00	40,483 45	16,021 55
Total	4,945,501 68½	2,220,397 03	2,725,104 61½	379,049 09	181,704 85	197,344 24

Congress, by acts approved July 1, 1862, and February 25, 1863, provided that the amounts apportioned to the then Territories of Nebraska, New Mexico, and Dakota, should be deducted from appropriations made by Congress for specified expenses of said Territories, but through some inadvertence those Territories were not credited with their respective quotas, except a part to Nebraska, amounting to \$4,281.60.

The appropriations from which the quotas of Nebraska and New Mexico were to be deducted were not all used; sufficient portions thereof seem to have been unused to satisfy the amounts apportioned to each, but have been carried to the surplus fund, which necessitates legislation by Congress to make them available.

The appropriation from which the quota of Dakota was to have been deducted appears to have been used, without crediting that Territory with any part of its quota; so that the entire amount apportioned to the three Territories named continues charged to them.

The amount remaining unpaid, as represented upon the first table, is .. \$455,228 47
 The amount remaining uncollected in the eleven late insurrectionary States is

2,725,104 61

Total balance uncollected in all the States and Territories 3,180,333 08

Under the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 7, 1862, and the several amendments thereto, the *lands* in the eleven late insurrectionary States were charged with the direct tax apportioned to each of said States, under the act of August 5, 1861, and tax-commissioners were appointed in each of those States to assess and to collect said tax.

The tax-commissioners sold lands for non-payment of direct taxes in the States of Virginia, South Carolina, Florida, Tennessee, and Arkansas, and they struck off quite a quantity of lands in each of those States, except Arkansas, for the United States. The surplus proceeds

from sales, after deducting purchase-money refunded and the taxes, &c., chargeable, are as follows:

In Virginia	\$37,082 24
In South Carolina, not including the second sales	24,754 43
In Florida	35,478 86
In Tennessee	79,605 75
In Arkansas	14,376 92
Total	191,298 20
The proceeds in South Carolina under headings of resales	288,880 74
Total surplus, including second sales in South Carolina	480,178 94

The sales in Virginia occurred only in the counties of Alexandria, Accomack, and Northampton.

The sales in South Carolina occurred only in the parishes of Saint Helena and Saint Luke, upon the Sea Islands.

The sales in Florida occurred only at Saint Augustine and Fernandina.

The sales in Tennessee occurred only at Memphis.

The sales in Arkansas occurred only at Little Rock.

The records indicate that the direct-tax commissioners made assessments in about one-half of the counties in the eleven late insurrectionary States, and that they made collections in each of those States except Alabama.

The tax-commissioners were engaged in making assessments and collections in those States until Congress, by an act approved July 28, 1866, authorized a suspension of further collections in the eleven States referred to until January 1, 1868, and by act of Congress approved July 23, 1868, the suspension was further continued until January 1, 1869, since which date collections have not been resumed, nor has Congress taken any action further suspending the same. Congress did, however, provide, by an act approved March 26, 1867, section 3, "that the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and required to discontinue the employment of any officer or person employed under the acts for the collection of direct taxes in insurrectionary districts within the United States, whenever, in his judgment, their service is no longer needed; and he is hereby authorized to devolve upon any officer or officers of internal revenue in said districts any portion of the duties imposed by said acts, who shall perform such duties without additional compensation."

In regard to the other States which had not assumed the payment of the direct tax, Congress provided, by an act approved June 30, 1864, section 47, as follows: "That the officers who may be appointed under this act, except within those districts within any State or Territory which have been, or may be, otherwise especially provided for by law, shall be, and hereby are, authorized, in all cases where the payment of such tax shall not have been assumed by the State, to perform all the duties relating to or regarding the assessment and collection of any direct tax imposed or which may be imposed by law."

The services of the direct-tax commissioners and their employés in the eleven insurrectionary States were discontinued, and the duties necessary to be performed, such as taking charge of lands which had been acquired by the United States under the direct-tax laws, &c., have been devolved upon officers of internal revenue.

The act of August 5, 1861, provides for an *annual* direct tax of \$20,000,000, and apportioned the same to the different States, Territo-

ries, and the District of Columbia, but subsequent legislation limited it to one levy.

This act, in section 53, provides that any State, Territory, or District may assume and pay its quota, in its own way, by and through its own officers; and that if any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia shall give notice, by the governor or other proper officer thereof, to the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, on or before the second Tuesday of February next thereafter, of its intention to assume and pay, or to assess, collect, and pay into the Treasury of the United States, the direct tax imposed by this act, said State, Territory, or District shall be entitled to a deduction of fifteen per centum on such portion of its quota as shall have been actually paid into the Treasury of the United States on or before the last day of June in the year to which such payment relates, and of ten per centum on such part or parts of its quota as shall have been actually paid into the Treasury of the United States on or before the last day of September in the year to which such payment relates. The same section also provides that the amount apportioned to any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia may be paid in whole or in part by the release of such State, Territory, or District to the United States of "any liquidated and determined claim of such State, Territory, or District of equal amount against the United States," and that in such release the same abatement shall be allowed as would be allowed in case of payment of the direct tax in money.

A subsequent act, approved May 13, 1862, extends the provisions of section 53, above referred to, to war claims which may be presented on or before the 30th of July, 1862.

Section 52 of the act of August 5, 1861, provides for the collection of the direct tax, in case a State or Territory is in actual rebellion, &c., as soon as the authority of the United States therein is re-established.

Most of the States, and the District of Columbia, except the eleven insurrectionary States, assumed and paid the amounts apportioned to them.

By an act approved June 7, 1862, Congress provided for the collection of the direct tax apportioned to the insurrectionary States by and through United States direct-tax commissioners.

Sections 1 and 2 of that act provide that the direct tax shall be charged against each and every parcel of land in those States (not exempt by the laws of the State or of the United States), and that said tax, together with a penalty of fifty per centum, shall become a lien thereon, without any other or further proceeding whatever.

There are sixteen "school-farms" in South Carolina still owned by the United States and rented from year to year by the collector of internal revenue. These school-farms are lands which were bid in by the tax-commissioners for the United States, and were excepted from the sales made under the act of June 8, 1872. Each school-farm contains about 160 acres.

The rentals from them all average less than five hundred dollars per annum.

These rentals are invested in United States bonds, and the interest thereof is used for the support of public schools under the provisions of an act of Congress approved March 3, 1873.

The amount which has accumulated as a school-fund under the several direct-tax acts, and which has been invested in United States bonds, the interest of which is for the benefit of public schools in the parishes of Saint Helena and Saint Luke, South Carolina, is about \$56,515.35.

I would suggest that a recommendation be made to Congress to provide for the redemption of the "school-farms" in South Carolina, and for the sale of the same in case of failure to redeem.

Under the provisions of the acts of Congress approved June 7, 1862, as amended, and May 9, 1872, nearly one-half of the original purchase-money has already been returned to the purchasers, and this office is advised that suits are still pending in courts which involve the tax titles, and the result of which may necessitate the return of more of the purchase-money to the purchasers.

The tax commissioners established their offices in the different counties in each of the eleven States mentioned as far as practicable, fixed the amount of tax charged against each tract or lot of land, gave public notice of the same and of the time and place for receiving it. Many of the land owners came forward and paid the tax and penalty charged against their lands, and many did not; and the tax, penalty, &c., still continues charged against the lands on which they have not been paid.

When the tax commissioners discontinued their work, the assessment books and papers were turned over to this office, and are now on file in this Department.

In regard to the collection of the unpaid portion of the direct tax, I respectfully suggest that exacting a direct tax from one land owner and permitting the tax upon the land adjoining to remain unpaid, is not equitable. I would therefore respectfully recommend that measures be taken, as soon as practicable, to collect the balance of that tax, in compliance with existing provisions of law, unless Congress desires a further suspension or different methods than are already provided.

At the last session of Congress an appropriation was made to pay the amount for which lots and tracts of land were sold for direct taxes in excess of the tax penalty, interest, and costs charged against the same to the owners of said lots and tracts at the time they were so sold.

The appropriation was based upon an estimate made by this office to cover the sales made to private purchasers, where payments were actually made, and did not include the amounts at which the tax commissioners struck off lots and tracts of land for the United States, which aggregates \$77,561.18, or a surplus in excess of the taxes of \$60,572.42.

The amount appropriated was \$190,000. The amount of claims presented under this act is \$179,665.38, leaving a balance for claims not yet presented of \$10,334.62.

The number of claims presented under the appropriation is 293; the number of claims pending for payment to direct-tax purchasers on account of eviction under act of May 9, 1872, is 16, aggregating \$4,692.

The number of claims presented for payment of *interest* alleged to have been illegally collected (act of February 25, 1867), is 288, aggregating \$16,069.72.

The number of claims coming under the appropriation of \$190,000, disposed of forty-three, aggregating \$40,895.41, of which nineteen have been disallowed, aggregating \$29,214.50.

The number of letters received in this branch of the office, 299; the number of letters written in this branch of the office, 512.

REBATE CLAIMS.

The following statement shows the number and amount of claims presented for rebate of taxes on tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes,

under the provisions of section 4 of the act of March 3, 1883, and the present condition of the claims:

Whole number of claims presented	46,859
Amount of rebate claimed	\$3,725,913 97
Number of claims allowed and forwarded to Fifth Auditor	43,729
Number of claims rejected	56
Number returned for amendment	3,074
Total	46,859
Amount of claims allowed and forwarded to Fifth Auditor	\$3,524,167 22
Amount of claims rejected	1,787 48
Amount returned for amendment	199,959 27
Total	3,725,913 97
Amount.	
Manufacturers' claims, 846	\$137,576 94
Dealers' claims, 46,013	3,588,337 03
Total	3,725,913 97

The claims of manufacturers have all been allowed.

The claims rejected and claims returned for amendment are claims of dealers.

Number of dealers' claims allowed, 42,883. Amount of dealers' claims allowed \$3,386,590.28.

STATEMENT SHOWING the TOTAL NUMBER and AMOUNT of REBATE CLAIMS RECEIVED under the provisions of section 4, act of March 3, 1883, the NUMBER and AMOUNT of same ALLOWED, and the NUMBER and AMOUNT of same DISALLOWED.

States and Territories.	Number of claims received.	Amount of claims received.	Number of claims allowed.	Amount of claims allowed.	Number of claims disallowed.	Amount of claims disallowed.
Alabama	338	\$48,074 29	740	\$41,755 52	98	\$6,318 77
Arizona	128	9,653 70	123	9,239 14	5	414 56
Arkansas	608	25,237 03	546	22,099 21	62	3,137 82
California	1,328	226,578 36	1,233	210,238 05	95	16,340 31
Colorado	616	54,270 30	580	52,810 07	36	1,460 23
Connecticut	456	31,778 75	455	29,897 17	1	1,881 58
Dakota	422	18,027 45	229	10,679 40	193	7,348 05
Delaware	242	8,349 11	239	8,309 03	3	40 08
District of Columbia						
Florida	376	15,835 10	375	15,790 90	1	44 20
Georgia	1,500	122,415 16	1,435	116,323 70	65	6,091 46
Idaho	194	11,334 92	181	10,921 14	13	413 78
Illinois	3,135	277,780 20	3,101	264,597 15	34	13,183 05
Indiana	1,859	105,256 59	1,806	103,280 25	53	1,976 34
Iowa	1,924	123,161 43	1,899	122,415 66	25	745 77
Kansas	1,818	55,888 82	1,283	53,177 11	35	2,711 71
Kentucky	666	41,074 83	659	40,928 04	7	146 79
Louisiana	482	52,888 12	469	52,282 54	13	605 58
Maine	544	43,117 42	523	42,006 46	21	1,110 96
Maryland	554	109,614 40	553	109,594 83	1	19 57
Massachusetts	1,209	135,327 45	1,208	135,299 03	1	28 42
Michigan	1,858	103,929 94	1,291	69,908 82	567	34,021 12
Minnesota	1,038	92,258 68	1,034	90,866 39	4	1,392 29
Mississippi	823	29,909 31	705	24,682 42	118	5,226 89
Missouri	1,460	219,385 51	1,385	210,231 67	75	9,153 84
Montana	304	36,402 47	304	36,402 47		
Nebraska	827	49,226 91	686	45,474 47	141	3,752 44
Nevada	126	6,615 42	125	6,600 42	1	15 00
New Hampshire	261	9,634 90	261	9,634 90		
New Jersey	577	31,168 13	568	30,831 74	9	336 39
New Mexico	131	12,376 33	28	4,662 22	103	7,714 11
New York	5,316	468,019 73	5,097	459,681 53	219	8,338 20
North Carolina	831	34,408 41	486	21,206 55	345	13,201 86
Ohio	3,665	246,926 85	3,553	236,837 50	112	10,089 35
Oregon	482	49,132 24	480	49,015 14	2	117 10

* The claims returned for amendment will be perfected and sent in again. In estimating the amount to be appropriated by Congress for the payment of rebate claims, the amount of these returned claims, viz, \$199,959.27, should be embraced in the amount already allowed, making a total of \$3,586,549.55.

STATEMENT showing the TOTAL NUMBER and AMOUNT' of REBATE CLAIMS RECEIVED, &c.—Continued.

States and Territories.	Number of claims received.	Amount of claims received.	Number of claims allowed.	Amount of claims allowed.	Number of claims disallowed.	Amount of claims disallowed.
Pennsylvania.....	3,565	\$304,877 04	3,434	\$299,796 82	131	\$5,080 22
Rhode Island.....	153	21,769 34	149	21,697 19	4	72 15
South Carolina.....	730	38,713 66	708	35,686 40	22	3,027 26
Tennessee.....	618	68,291 13	571	64,728 82	47	3,562 31
Texas.....	2,347	183,850 43	2,042	157,687 29	305	26,163 14
Utah.....	145	14,430 52	145	14,430 52		
Vermont.....	463	24,111 11	435	22,536 67	28	1,574 44
Virginia.....	629	48,842 72	591	47,020 67	38	1,822 05
Washington.....	255	15,191 85	244	14,288 30	11	903 55
West Virginia.....	276	24,548 15	275	24,466 50	1	81 65
Wisconsin.....	1,511	70,530 25	1,427	68,677 56	84	1,852 69
Wyoming.....	69	5,699 51	68	5,469 84	1	229 67
Total.....	46,859	3,725,913 97	43,729	3,524,167 22	3,130	201,746 75

DISTILLED SPIRITS.

DISTILLERIES REGISTERED AND OPERATED.

The following statement shows the number of distilleries registered and operated during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883:

States and Territories.	Grain.		Molasses.		Fruit.		Total number regis-tered.	Total number oper-ated.
	Number regis-tered.	Number oper-ated.	Number regis-tered.	Number oper-ated.	Number regis-tered.	Number oper-ated.		
Alabama.....	3	3			120	120	123	123
Arkansas.....	15	12			37	37	52	49
California.....	4	4			239	239	243	243
Connecticut.....	3	1			80	80	83	81
Delaware.....					60	60	60	60
Florida.....								
Georgia.....	79	74			320	320	399	394
Illinois.....	27	23			26	26	53	49
Indiana.....	17	13			53	53	70	66
Iowa.....	4	3			5	5	9	8
Kansas.....	1				2	2	3	2
Kentucky.....	347	277			325	325	672	602
Louisiana.....	1				4	4	5	4
Maryland.....	19	19			10	10	29	29
Massachusetts.....	2	2	6	6	13	13	21	21
Mississippi.....					7	7	7	7
Missouri.....	24	17			105	105	129	122
Nebraska.....	1	1					1	1
New Hampshire.....			1	1			1	1
New Jersey.....	1	1			98	98	99	99
New Mexico.....					5	5	5	5
New York.....	6	5			76	76	82	81
North Carolina.....	408	371			1,246	1,246	1,654	1,617
Ohio.....	39	37			36	36	75	73
Oregon.....	1	1			5	5	6	6
Pennsylvania.....	90	82			35	35	125	117
South Carolina.....	22	19			60	60	82	79
Tennessee.....	86	82			294	294	380	376
Texas.....	3	2			30	30	33	32
Vermont.....					5	5	5	5
Virginia.....	39	39			696	696	735	735
West Virginia.....	3	3			34	34	37	37
Wisconsin.....	5	5					5	5
Total.....	1,250	1,096	7	7	4,026	4,026	5,283	5,129

CAPACITY, ETC., OF GRAIN DISTILLERIES.

The following statement shows the number and capacity of grain distilleries in operation and of grain distilleries closed in twenty-four principal spirit-producing districts at the beginning of each month during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, and the four succeeding months of the present fiscal year:

Months.	Number of distilleries.		Capacity in use of distilleries operating.		Surveyed capacity of distilleries operating.		Surveyed capacity of distilleries closed.	
	Operating.	Closed.	Bushels.	Gallons.	Bushels.	Gallons.	Bushels.	Gallons.
July	78	257	41,918	162,683	76,090	307,366	70,099	270,596
August	61	283	35,017	139,754	67,395	256,640	75,103	297,816
September	66	281	51,743	206,402	83,907	335,663	69,018	252,465
October	64	285	47,235	183,297	79,552	328,295	67,775	249,094
November	80	268	58,321	233,461	99,140	388,480	64,728	232,544
December	118	240	64,845	257,112	102,674	395,978	45,649	185,967
January	162	208	66,650	261,859	106,721	377,473	50,322	182,679
February	212	175	70,277	274,082	115,633	459,789	59,868	216,642
March	219	198	69,124	269,330	116,337	442,160	47,374	161,960
April	249	154	73,531	287,528	124,181	486,713	39,918	130,323
May	244	105	68,685	266,205	115,261	450,702	24,609	87,799
June	193	174	55,002	214,043	104,334	409,397	37,275	140,014
July	124	254	31,122	122,810	78,616	312,702	76,217	246,124
August	98	284	36,829	140,969	84,252	330,465	65,112	239,616
September	103	285	54,645	219,401	88,855	345,119	58,418	207,964
October	111	280	55,307	220,315	91,379	369,226	56,182	221,036

The following statement shows the number and capacity of grain and molasses distilleries in operation at the beginning of each month during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, and the first four months of the present fiscal year:

Months.	Number of distilleries.		Capacity of grain distilleries.		Capacity of molasses distilleries.		Total spirit-producing capacity per day.
	Grain.	Molasses.	Grain.	Spirits.	Molasses.	Spirits.	
			<i>Bushels.</i>	<i>Gallons.</i>	<i>Gallons.</i>	<i>Gallons.</i>	<i>Gallons.</i>
July	283	5	48,225	183,980	8,302	7,045	196,025
August	198	7	40,625	162,319	10,288	8,788	171,107
September	198	7	57,755	227,973	10,426	8,861	236,834
October	208	7	54,688	217,830	9,649	8,201	226,031
November	248	7	60,367	239,490	9,647	8,201	247,691
December	356	7	66,946	263,328	9,366	7,962	271,290
January	485	7	70,915	274,041	7,143	6,072	280,113
February	578	7	73,830	285,049	5,689	4,835	289,884
March	686	7	76,350	292,233	5,687	4,835	297,068
April	764	7	78,994	302,490	6,770	5,755	308,245
May	762	7	80,087	305,961	5,982	5,285	311,246
June	630	6	66,494	258,208	4,667	3,993	257,201
July	535	7	43,174	166,143	5,480	4,659	170,802
August	398	7	40,727	158,502	6,287	5,345	163,847
September	387	7	56,859	224,107	8,721	6,818	230,925
October	405	7	57,420	223,965	7,029	5,976	229,941

GRAIN AND MOLASSES DISTILLERIES IN OPERATION OCTOBER 1, 1880
1881, 1882, AND 1883.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT showing the NUMBER and CAPACITY of GRAIN and MOLASSES DISTILLERIES in OPERATION on the 1st day of October in each of the years 1880 to 1883, inclusive.

Date.	Number of distilleries.		Capacity of grain distilleries.		Capacity of molasses distilleries.		Total spirit-producing capacity per day.
	Grain.	Molasses.	Grain.	Spirits.	Molasses.	Spirits.	
			Bushels.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.
October 1, 1880	456	6	89,244	348,229	10,241	8,705	356,934
October 1, 1881	361	6	93,574	360,902	7,490	6,368	367,270
October 1, 1882	208	7	54,688	217,830	9,649	8,201	226,031
October 1, 1883	405	7	57,420	223,965	7,029	5,976	229,941

* * * * *

NOTE.—Many tabular statements, omitted for want of space, may be found in the bound volume of the Commissioner's report.

The total number of grain distilleries registered and operated shows an increase from 1,147 registered, and 934 operated, in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1882, to 1,250 registered, and 1,096 operated, in the last fiscal year.

This increase in number occurs mainly in the class of distilleries having the smaller capacities for the production of spirits. In the class of distilleries having the larger capacities, a very considerable decrease occurs in the number operated.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1882, 878 of the smaller distilleries were registered, but of this number only 672, or 76 per cent., were operated; while of the larger distilleries 269 were registered, and 262, or 97 per cent., were operated.

During the last fiscal year 969 distilleries of the smaller class, having a daily capacity varying from not exceeding 5 bushels of grain to not exceeding 60 bushels, were registered, and of this number 875, or 90 per cent., were operated.

Of the class of larger distilleries varying in daily capacity from 60 bushels of grain to 500 bushels and above (extending even to nearly 6,000 bushels per diem), 281 were registered, but only 221, or 78 per cent., were operated.

* * * * *

The quantity of grain used in the production of spirits during the past fiscal year, 18,644,787 bushels, is less than that used in the last preceding fiscal year (27,459,095 bushels) by 8,814,308 bushels; and is 6,705,567 bushels less than the average (25,350,354 bushels) for the last four years.

This decrease in the use of grain corresponds very closely with, and explains the decrease in the number of gallons of spirits produced from grain during the year, which is 72,235,175 gallons as against 104,149,077 gallons for the year ended June 30, 1882.

The yield of spirits from each bushel of grain increases slightly each year, being 3.874 gallons as against 3.792 for the year preceding, and 3.694 for the year 1881. This increase is believed to be due mainly to improved methods of preparing the grain for distillation.

The quantity of molasses used for the production of rum during the fiscal year is 2,373,106 gallons, an increase of 251,302 gallons over the quantity used in the preceding year (2,121,804 gallons), and a decrease of 205,745 gallons from the average quantity (2,578,851 gallons) used during the last four years.

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of PROOF-GALLONS of SPIRITS RECTIFIED in the UNITED STATES during the year ended April 30, 1883, by COLLECTION DISTRICTS.

Alabama	99,481.50	Eleventh district, New York	124.00
Arizona	58,800.50	Fourteenth district, New York	485,742.55
First district, California... 2,065,619.15		Fifteenth district, New York	24,035.00
Fourth district, California... 189,445.08		Twenty-first district, New York	57,103.28
Colorado	96,300.74	Twenty-fourth district, New York	227,275.00
First district, Connecticut... 46,521.50		Twenty-sixth district, New York	15,928.00
Second district, Connecticut	181,709.08	Twenty-eighth district, New York	886,237.50
Delaware	39,179.00	Thirtieth district, New York	665,995.50
Second district, Georgia... 342,374.00		Fourth district, North Carolina	40,538.00
Third district, Georgia... 116,525.00		Sixth district, North Carolina	34,509.00
Idaho	10,265.00	First district, Ohio	12,637,625.34
First district, Illinois... 4,970,460.99		Third district, Ohio	39,836.50
Second district, Illinois... 10,482.50		Fourth district, Ohio	17,147.00
Fourth district, Illinois... 181,033.50		Seventh district, Ohio	54,464.00
Fifth district, Illinois... 1,075,933.50		Tenth district, Ohio	338,505.50
Eighth district, Illinois... 19,800.00		Eleventh district, Ohio	31,633.50
Thirteenth district, Illinois	53,779.52	Eighteenth district, Ohio	453,985.00
First district, Indiana... 23,443.50		Oregon	73,321.00
Fourth district, Indiana... 91,762.00		First district, Pennsylvania	8,724,127.36
Sixth district, Indiana... 20,613.50		Eighth district, Pennsylvania	171,367.00
Seventh district, Indiana... 41,473.00		Ninth district, Pennsylvania	96,744.50
Tenth district, Indiana... 45,681.50		Twelfth district, Pennsylvania	125,006.11
Second district, Iowa... 19,836.00		Fourteenth district, Pennsylvania	24,658.06
Third district, Iowa... 63,250.00		Nineteenth district, Pennsylvania	12,631.84
Fourth district, Iowa... 38,315.50		Twenty-second district, Pennsylvania	898,859.50
Fifth district, Iowa... 9,353.00		Twenty-third district, Pennsylvania	31,658.50
Kansas	10,757.50	Rhode Island	41,885.72
Second district, Kentucky... 89,310.50		South Carolina	50,598.50
Fifth district, Kentucky... 1,317,340.00		Second district, Tennessee... 60,405.50	
Sixth district, Kentucky... 3,387,007.98		Fifth district, Tennessee... 151,231.00	
Seventh district, Kentucky	8,460.00	First district, Texas	249,162.50
Louisiana	1,090,636.97	Third district, Texas	1,082.00
Third district, Maryland... 4,178,643.70		Fourth district, Texas	2,434.15
Fourth district, Maryland... 12,288.50		Utah	26,913.00
Third district, Massachusetts	1,525,598.46	Second district, Virginia... 271,042.50	
Fifth district, Massachusetts	27,873.00	Third district, Virginia... 421,625.55	
Tenth district, Massachusetts	7,028.00	Sixth district, Virginia... 78,368.00	
First district, Michigan... 367,750.50		West Virginia	79,453.00
Fourth district, Michigan... 44,908.50		First district, Wisconsin... 1,259,453.57	
First district, Minnesota... 14,483.00		Second district, Wisconsin... 39,304.50	
Second district, Minnesota... 240,856.50			
First district, Missouri... 3,635,330.39		Total	64,940,966.88
Sixth district, Missouri... 551,620.00			
Montana	4,969.50		
Nebraska	138,762.50		
Nevada	3,457.50		
New Hampshire	21,561.50		
First district, New Jersey... 1,611.74			
Third district, New Jersey... 43,287.50			
Fifth district, New Jersey... 126,264.50			
New Mexico	7,131.50		
First district, New York... 1,269,869.98			
Second district, New York... 7,220,652.15			
Third district, New York... 779,995.42			

STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of PROOF-GALLONS of SPIRITS RECTIFIED in the UNITED STATES during the year ended April 30, 1883, by STATES and TERRITORIES.

Alabama.....	99,481.50	Nebraska.....	138,762.50
Arizona.....	58,800.50	Nevada.....	3,457.50
California.....	2,255,064.23	New Mexico.....	7,131.50
Colorado.....	96,300.74	New Hampshire.....	21,561.50
Connecticut.....	228,230.58	New Jersey.....	171,163.74
Delaware.....	39,179.00	New York.....	11,632,958.38
Georgia.....	458,899.00	North Carolina.....	75,047.00
Idaho.....	10,265.00	Ohio.....	13,573,196.84
Illinois.....	6,311,490.01	Oregon.....	73,321.00
Indiana.....	222,973.50	Pennsylvania.....	10,085,052.87
Iowa.....	130,804.50	Rhode Island.....	41,885.72
Kansas.....	10,757.50	South Carolina.....	50,598.50
Kentucky.....	4,802,118.48	Tennessee.....	211,636.50
Louisiana.....	1,090,636.97	Texas.....	252,678.65
Maryland.....	4,190,932.20	Utah.....	26,913.00
Massachusetts.....	1,560,499.46	Virginia.....	771,039.05
Michigan.....	412,659.00	West Virginia.....	79,453.00
Minnesota.....	255,339.50	Wisconsin.....	1,298,758.07
Missouri.....	4,186,950.39		
Montana.....	4,969.50	Total.....	64,940,966.88

STOCK FED AT DISTILLERIES.

The following statement shows the number of cattle and hogs fed at registered grain distilleries, with their average and total increase in weight, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, by collection districts:

Districts.	Number of cattle fed.	Average increase in weight.	Total increase in weight.	Number of hogs fed.	Average increase in weight.	Total increase in weight.	Total increase in weight of cattle and hogs.
Second Alabama.....				35	40	1,400	1,400
Arkansas.....	60	236+	14,200	315	90	28,350	42,550
First California.....	400	400	160,000	10,372	115+	1,195,618	1,355,618
First Connecticut.....	100	200	20,000				20,000
Second Georgia.....	280	200	56,000	2,484	77+	191,814	247,814
Third Georgia.....				80	70+	5,600	5,600
First Illinois.....	6,070	253+	1,538,050				1,538,050
Fourth Illinois.....	500	300	150,000	100	100	10,000	160,000
Fifth Illinois.....	20,146	216+	4,360,898	675	100	67,500	4,428,398
Eighth Illinois.....	1,281	200	256,200	342	125	42,750	298,950
Thirteenth Illinois.....	151	30	4,530	600	50	30,000	34,530
Fourth Indiana.....	1,969	246+	485,700	2,100	200	420,000	905,700
Sixth Indiana.....	648	153+	99,200	25	150	3,750	102,950
Seventh Indiana.....	2,300	132	303,600				303,600
Fifth Iowa.....	4,535	268+	1,219,437				1,219,437
Second Kentucky.....	1,008	175+	177,098	275	64+	17,610	194,708
Fifth Kentucky.....	3,274	157+	514,554		100+	294,381	808,935
Sixth Kentucky.....	2,240	180+	403,603	1,402	111+	155,910	559,513
Seventh Kentucky.....	1,874	230+	431,504	1,919	102+	195,952	627,456
Eighth Kentucky.....	450	160	72,000				72,000
Ninth Kentucky.....	147	143+	21,075	173	80+	13,968	35,043
Fourth Maryland.....	78	282+	22,000	690	111+	77,016	99,016
Tenth Massachusetts.....	150+	133+	20,000	35	250	8,750	28,750
Second Missouri.....	15	140	2,100	186	61+	11,460	13,560
Fourth Missouri.....				200	100	20,000	20,000
Sixth Missouri.....	1,482	250	370,500	1,500	84	126,000	496,500
Nebraska.....	1,300	250	325,000				325,000
Third New Jersey.....	70	200	14,000				14,000
First New York.....	200	425	85,000				85,000
Twenty-fourth New York.....				50	100	5,000	5,000
Fourth North Carolina.....	13	96+	1,260	357	15+	5,625	6,885
Fifth North Carolina.....	63	138+	8,740	1,255	78+	98,690	107,430

Districts.	Number of cattle fed.	Average increase in weight.	Total increase in weight.	Number of hogs fed.	Average increase in weight.	Total increase in weight.	Total increase in weight of cattle and hogs.
Sixth North Carolina.....	1, 250	150+	187, 500	12, 250	105	1, 286, 250	1, 473, 750
First Ohio.....	7, 472	196	1, 464, 512	1, 594	180	286, 920	1, 751, 432
Third Ohio.....	311	191	59, 401	21	125	2, 625	62, 026
Sixth Ohio.....	726	269	195, 294				195, 294
Seventh Ohio.....	226	210	47, 460	474	101+	47, 880	95, 340
Eleventh Ohio.....	200	540	108, 000	225	350	81, 000	189, 000
Eighteenth Ohio.....	45	216	9, 720	6	150	900	10, 620
Oregon.....				161	80	12, 880	12, 880
Eighth Pennsylvania.....	20	125	2, 500	45	100	4, 500	7, 000
Ninth Pennsylvania.....	70	160	11, 200	674	75+	51, 050	62, 250
Twelfth Pennsylvania.....				45	160	7, 200	7, 200
Fourteenth Pennsylvania.....	21	162	3, 402	328	86	28, 356	31, 758
Sixteenth Pennsylvania.....	106	145+	15, 425	1, 412	122+	172, 417	187, 842
Twentieth Pennsylvania.....	23	65	1, 495	4	75	300	1, 795
Twenty-second Pennsylvania.....	114	234+	26, 775	2, 735	103+	283, 080	309, 855
Twenty-third Pennsylvania.....	300	313	93, 900	275	78+	21, 660	115, 560
South Carolina.....	112	135	15, 120	765	90	68, 850	83, 970
Second Tennessee.....	19	110+	2, 100	459	66+	30, 540	32, 640
Fifth Tennessee.....	874	302+	264, 648	3, 501	114+	378, 317	642, 965
Sixth Virginia.....	14	100	1, 400	458	34+	15, 890	17, 290
Second West Virginia*.....							
First Wisconsin.....	545	237	129, 165	50	180	9, 000	138, 165
Third Wisconsin.....	20	200	4, 000	10	200	2, 000	6, 000

* No report received.

The following statement shows the number of cattle and hogs fed at registered grain distilleries, arranged by States:

State.	Number of cattle fed.	Average increase in weight.	Total increase in weight.	Number of hogs fed.	Average increase in weight.	Total increase in weight.	Total increase in weight of cattle and hogs.
Alabama.....				35	40	1, 400	1, 400
Arkansas.....	60	236+	14, 200	315	90	28, 350	42, 550
California.....	400	400	160, 000	10, 372	115+	1, 195, 618	1, 355, 618
Connecticut.....	100	200	20, 000				20, 000
Georgia.....	280	200	56, 000	2, 564	76+	197, 414	253, 414
Illinois.....	28, 148	224+	6, 309, 678	1, 717	87+	150, 250	6, 459, 928
Indiana.....	4, 917	180	888, 500	2, 125	199+	423, 750	1, 312, 250
Iowa.....	4, 535	268+	1, 218, 437				1, 218, 437
Kentucky.....	8, 993	180	1, 619, 834	6, 703	101+	677, 821	2, 297, 655
Maryland.....	78	282+	22, 000	690	111+	77, 016	99, 016
Massachusetts.....	150	133+	20, 000	35	250	8, 750	28, 750
Missouri.....	1, 497	248+	372, 600	1, 886	83+	157, 400	530, 000
Nebraska.....	1, 300	250	325, 000				325, 000
New Jersey.....	70	200	14, 000				14, 000
New York.....	200	425	85, 000	50	100	5, 000	90, 000
North Carolina.....	1, 326	148+	197, 500	13, 862	100+	1, 390, 565	1, 588, 065
Ohio.....	8, 980	209+	1, 884, 387	2, 320	180+	419, 325	2, 303, 712
Oregon.....				161	80	12, 880	12, 880
Pennsylvania.....	654	236+	154, 697	5, 518	103+	568, 563	723, 260
South Carolina.....	112	135	15, 120	765	90	68, 850	83, 970
Tennessee.....	893	297+	266, 748	3, 760	82+	408, 857	675, 605
Virginia.....	14	100	1, 400	458	34+	15, 890	17, 290
West Virginia*.....							
Wisconsin.....	565	235+	133, 165	60	183+	11, 000	144, 165
Total.....	63, 272	217+	13, 779, 266	53, 396	108+	5, 818, 759	19, 598, 025

* No report received.

SUMMARY.

Number of cattle fed at registered grain distilleries in the United States.	63, 272
Average increase in weight of cattle	pounds.. 217+
Total increase in weight of cattle.....	do.... 13, 779, 266
Number of hogs fed at registered grain distilleries in the United States.	53, 396
Average increase in weight of hogs.....	pounds.. 108+
Total increase in weight of hogs.....	do.... 5, 818, 759
Total number of cattle and hogs fed	116, 668
Average increase in weight of cattle and hogs	pounds.. 167+
Total increase in weight of cattle and hogs	do.... 19, 598, 025

USE OF ALCOHOLIC VAPOR IN THE MANUFACTURE OF VINEGAR.

It seems to me that further legislation should be had relative to the concession made to manufacturers of vinegar by the act of March 1, 1879, which permits this class of manufacturers to separate the alcoholic property from fermented mash, wort, or wash, and to use the same in the production of vinegar.

This privilege is one which presents to unscrupulous persons a constant temptation, together with sufficient opportunity, to engage in the illicit production of spirits; while its abuse is exceedingly difficult to prevent or to detect, owing to the want of proper safeguards.

As the law stands, the anomaly is presented of one class of manufacturers, using alcohol in their business, who are allowed to make their own alcohol without supervision or control, while the distillers who produce alcohol for use in all other trades and kinds of manufacture, are watched with constant care and subjected to rigid restrictions.

In my opinion, safeguards to the revenue which experience has demonstrated to be indispensable in the one case cannot be omitted with safety in the other.

I would urgently recommend that this privilege be withdrawn. Such manufacturers have for several years obtained all the alcohol used in their business free of the tax of 90 cents a gallon, and I do not assert that it would be wise to change the law to the extent of denying them that privilege. But practical experience has very clearly shown the proportion of alcohol needed in the wash from which the vinegar is generated. I am informed that no wash over 20 proof can be usefully employed, and that if it is over that strength it will not acetify when passed through the generator. Indeed practical operators assert that a wash over fifteen per cent. proof is not available. However that may be, it is generally agreed that a wash above twenty per cent. proof cannot be utilized. This being so, if the law should be so changed as to allow a drawback to vinegar-makers for the tax paid on the alcohol used by them in making vinegar, the opportunities for fraud would be reduced to the minimum.

If the Commissioner of Internal Revenue were given the power to prescribe regulations under which the amount of alcohol purchased and used by the manufacturer and the quantity of vinegar produced could be reported under oath to him, the correctness of the claims for drawback could be easily verified. Such a course would possibly be better for the manufacturer himself, as it would relieve him from the outlay at present required for distillery apparatus. Certainly it would be better for all who may hereafter embark in the business, and those who have already purchased their machinery could dispose of it, or it might be so arranged that they could make their distilled spirits and immediately withdraw them free of tax for manufacturing purposes. This would prevent a waste of material to the honest manufacturer, and, if done under the

supervision of an internal-revenue officer, would prevent frauds. If, however, the privileges now granted vinegar-manufacturers by the vaporizing process should not be withdrawn, it seems to me manifest that provision should be made for the application to the manufacture of vinegar by the vaporizing process of so much of the restrictions and of the supervision now in force respecting the distillation of spirits as may be necessary for the protection of the revenue from fraud. The presence of a Government storekeeper at these factories, if they are continued, I deem to be of especial importance, the compensation of the officer to be reimbursed to the Government by the manufacturer. At all events, experience has demonstrated that improved legislation upon the subject is imperatively demanded.

* * * * *

DECREASED PRODUCTION OF SPIRITS.

The quantity of spirits (74,013,308 gallons) produced and deposited in distillery warehouses during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, is less than the production (105,853,161 gallons) of the year 1882 by 31,839,853 gallons or less than the production of 1881 by 43,714,842 gallons.

The decrease in production of the fiscal year 1883 as compared with that of the fiscal year 1882 is distributed among the different kinds known to the trade, as follows:

Decrease in production of—	<i>Gallons.</i>
Bourbon whisky	20,913,422
Rye whisky	4,440,123
Alcohol	4,482,965
Gin	23,366
High wines	2,260,428
Miscellaneous	241,385
Total decrease	32,361,689
Increase in production of—	
Rum	97,876
Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits	423,960
Total	521,836
Net decrease	31,839 853

* * * * *

EXPORTATION OF SPIRITS.

The following statements show the quantities of spirits of different kinds withdrawn for export during the last two fiscal years:

WITHDRAWN IN 1882—BY DISTRICTS.

Districts.	Bourbon whisky.	Rye whisky.	Rum.	High wines.	Pure, neu- tral, or cologne spirits.	Alcohol.	Gin.	Aggre- gate.
	<i>Gallons.</i>	<i>Gallons.</i>	<i>Gallons.</i>	<i>Galls.</i>	<i>Gallons.</i>	<i>Gallons.</i>	<i>Galls.</i>	<i>Gallons.</i>
First California.....				575	2,004			2,579
First Illinois.....					84,224	470,832		555,056
Third Illinois.....						355,330		355,330
Fifth Illinois.....	11,144				214,579	3,082,049	161	3,307,933
Eighth Illinois.....						977,517		977,517
Fourth Indiana.....						152,967		152,967
Seventh Indiana.....	171				13,614*	231,962		245,747
Second Iowa.....					1,082	286,622		287,704
Fifth Iowa.....						370,532		370,532
Second Kentucky.....	2,209							2,209
Fifth Kentucky.....	10,116	200						10,316
Sixth Kentucky.....	3,591							3,591
Seventh Kentucky.....	4,023	2,907						6,930
Eighth Kentucky.....	209							209
Third Maryland.....		40						40
Third Massachusetts.....			96,373					96,373
Fifth Massachusetts.....			448,518					448,518
First Missouri.....	515				3,412	11,093		15,020
Sixth Missouri.....						153,338		153,338
Nebraska.....	602				6,467	165,552		172,621
First New York.....	439†						176	615
First Ohio.....						553,406		553,406
Third Ohio.....						373,206		373,206
Twenty-second Pennsylvania.....		406						406
Twenty-third Pennsylvania.....		502						502
Totals.....	33,019	4,055	544,891	575	325,382	7,184,466	337	8,092,725

* 13,614 "Miscellaneous."

† 439 "Miscellaneous."

WITHDRAWN IN 1883—BY DISTRICTS.

Districts.	Bourbon whisky.	Rye whisky.	Alcohol.	Rum.	Pure, neu- tral, or cologne spirits.	Miscel- laneous.	Aggre- gate.
	<i>Gallons.</i>	<i>Gallons.</i>	<i>Gallons.</i>	<i>Gallons.</i>	<i>Gallons.</i>	<i>Gallons.</i>	<i>Gallons.</i>
First California.....	7,522	218			6,749	237	14,726
First Illinois.....			43,639				43,639
Fifth Illinois.....	1,336		1,465,555		199,643		1,666,534
Eighth Illinois.....			192,732				192,732
Fourth Indiana.....	54,901	53,665					108,566
Seventh Indiana.....			179,491			41,234	220,725
Fifth Iowa.....			457,609		160,016		617,625
Second Kentucky.....	49,061						49,061
Fifth Kentucky.....	161,808	40,708					202,516
Sixth Kentucky.....	198,794	25,857	19,648				244,299
Seventh Kentucky.....	155,834	6,767					162,601
Eighth Kentucky.....	3,893						3,893
Ninth Kentucky.....	555	201					756
Third Maryland.....		64,226					64,226
Third Massachusetts.....				100,155			100,155
Fifth Massachusetts.....				568,831			568,831
Sixth Missouri.....	440		103,681		470	460	105,051
Nebraska.....			13,067				13,067
First Ohio.....			650,764		5,588		656,352
Third Ohio.....			128,016				128,016
Tenth Ohio.....	6,888						6,888
First Pennsylvania.....		1,742					1,742
Fourteenth Pennsylvania.....		1,076					1,076
Twenty-second Pennsylvania.....		90,711					90,711
Twenty-third Pennsylvania.....		15,187					15,187
Second West Virginia.....		47,452					47,452
Totals.....	641,032	347,810	3,254,202	668,986	372,466	41,931	5,326,427

* * * * *

SPIRITS REMOVED IN BOND FOR EXPORT.

The following statement shows the quantity and percentage of production of distilled spirits removed in bond for export during each fiscal year since the passage of the act of June 6, 1872 :

Year.	Taxable (proof) gallons exported.	Percentage of production.
1873.....	2,358,630	3.45+
1874.....	4,060,160	5.90+
1875.....	587,413	0.96+
1876.....	1,308,900	2.25+
1877.....	2,529,528	4.22+
1878.....	5,499,252	9.80+
1879.....	14,837,581	20.63+
1880.....	16,765,666	18.55+
1881.....	15,921,482	13.52+
1882.....	8,092,725	7.64+
1883.....	5,326,427	7.19+

SPIRITS USED BY THE UNITED STATES, BY COLLEGES, ETC., AND IN MANUFACTURES FOR EXPORT.

The following is a statement in taxable gallons of each kind of spirits as known to the trade withdrawn from distillery warehouses for the use of the United States ; by schools, colleges, and other scientific institutions for use in chemical laboratories, or for the preservation of specimens of natural history ; also, by proprietors of manufacturing warehouses manufacturing medicines, perfumery, cordials, &c., for exportation.

District and State.	Scientific purposes and for use of the United States.					Total.
	Rye whisky.	Alcohol.	High wines.	Pure spirits.	Miscellaneous.	
First California.....				352		352
First Illinois.....		2,472		86	2,035	4,593
Fifth Illinois.....		9,456		3,041		12,497
Fourth Indiana.....		89				89
Seventh Indiana.....		91				91
Second Iowa.....			86			86
Fifth Iowa.....		134				134
Third Maryland.....	389					389
First Missouri.....		7,839				7,839
First New York.....		789				789
Twenty-fourth New York.....			377			377
Thirtieth New York.....		1,218				1,218
First Ohio.....		271				271
Totals.....	389	22,359	463	3,479	2,035	28,725
Withdrawn during year ended June 30, 1882 ..	*2,402	11,294		352		14,048

District and State.	Transfer to manufacturing warehouses.				Total.
	Bourbon whisky.	Rye whisky.	Alcohol.	Pure spirits.	
First Illinois.....			12,606		12,606
Fifth Illinois.....			71,556	108,786	180,342
Eighth Illinois.....			6,453		6,453
Fifth Iowa.....				430	430
Second Kentucky.....	1,043				1,043
Fifth Kentucky.....	824				824
Third Maryland.....		672			672
Sixth Ohio.....		892			892
Twenty-second Pennsylvania.....		446			446
Twenty-third Pennsylvania.....		230			230
Totals.....	1,867	2,240	90,615	109,216	203,938
Withdrawn during year ended June 30, 1882 ..			163,55	49,766	213,322

* Bourbon whisky.

SPIRITS WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOUSES FOR SCIENTIFIC PURPOSES
AND FOR THE USE OF THE UNITED STATES.

The quantity of alcohol withdrawn free of tax from distillery warehouses for the use of colleges and other institutions of learning in the preservation of specimens of natural history in their several museums, and for use in their chemical laboratories, and of spirits of various kinds for the use of the United States, amounted during the year to 28,725 gallons, or 14,677 gallons more than the quantity withdrawn during the previous year.

TRANSFERS OF SPIRITS FROM DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES TO MANUFACTURING WAREHOUSES.

The quantity of spirits transferred to manufacturing warehouses during the year was 203,938 gallons, or 9,384 gallons less than the quantity withdrawn for transfer to such warehouses during the fiscal year 1882. The falling off occurred as to alcohol and pure spirits. It is noted that bourbon and rye whiskies were transferred during the past year, no such spirits having been so transferred during the previous year.

* * * * *

DISTILLED SPIRITS ALLOWED FOR LOSS BY LEAKAGE OR EVAPORATION IN WAREHOUSES.

The quantity of spirits, 2,291,013 gallons, reported in the preceding table as lost by leakage or evaporation in warehouse, is that portion of the actual leakage in warehouse from packages withdrawn during the year, which has been allowed in accordance with the provisions of section 17 of the act of May 28, 1880.

The leakage allowed during June, 1880, was 75,834 gallons; the quantity allowed during the year ended June 30, 1881, was 811,466 gallons; that allowed during the year ended June 30, 1882, was 1,231,336 gallons, making the total allowance to July 1, 1883, 4,409,649 gallons.

The entire quantity of spirits withdrawn from distillery warehouses during the years 1881 and 1882 was as per original gauge 164,617,511 gallons.

The quantity allowed on account of leakage and evaporation in warehouse on this quantity was 2,042,802, or one and a quarter per cent. thereof nearly.

The entire quantity of spirits so withdrawn during the year 1883 was 83,291,190 gallons, and the quantity allowed for leakage in warehouse thereon was 2,291,013 gallons, as above stated, or two and seven-tenths per cent. thereof. This great increase in the percentage of leakage in warehouse may be due in part to frauds perpetrated by transferring small quantities of spirits from full packages to packages from which spirits have leaked in excess of the legal allowance. Such frauds have been discovered during the past year, and the guilty parties punished. But the great bulk of the increase is evidently due to the large increase in the withdrawals of old whisky.

Of this class are bourbon and rye whisky, the quantity of which withdrawn during the year 1883 was 21,896,135 gallons, or only 4,939,888 gallons less than the aggregate quantity withdrawn during the years 1881 and 1882.

It also appears upon comparison of tables furnished in this report with those given in the reports for the fiscal years 1881 and 1882 that

while the quantity of spirits withdrawn during those years which were from two to three years old July 1, 1881, and July 1, 1882, respectively, was 4,342,763 gallons, the quantity of such spirits withdrawn during the year ended June 30, 1883, was 8,299,991 gallons.

DISTILLED SPIRITS LOST BY CASUALTY DURING THE YEAR.

The quantity of spirits, 184,770 gallons, reported in the preceding table as lost by casualty in distillery warehouses during the year ended June 30, 1883, is 72,246 gallons less than the quantity so lost during the next preceding year, or one gallon out of every eight hundred and eighty-seven gallons held on deposit in such warehouses during the year.

It also appears that the greater part, 170,357 gallons out of 184,770 gallons, was lost through one casualty by fire, which occurred at a warehouse in the twenty-second district of Pennsylvania.

* * * * *

DECREASE OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE.

Nearly seven-tenths of the spirits remaining in warehouse June 30, 1883 (55,841,741 gallons out of 80,499,993 gallons), was bourbon whisky. There was a decrease in the quantity in warehouse June 30, 1883, as compared with the quantity in warehouse June 30, 1882, of 9,462,652 gallons distributed among all kinds known to the trade except pure, neutral, or cologne spirits, as follows:

	Gallons.
Decrease in bourbon whisky	7,168,479
Decrease in rye whisky	1,459,501
Decrease in alcohol	214,970
Decrease in rum	5,869
Decrease in gin	16,392
Decrease in high wines	108,313
Decrease in miscellaneous	678,564
	<hr/> 9,652,088
Less increase in pure spirits	189,436
Net decrease	<hr/> 9,462,652

	Bourbon whisky.	Rye whisky.	Alcohol.	Rum.	Gin.	High wines.	Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits.	Miscella- neous.	Total number of gallons.
Dr.	<i>Gallons.</i>	<i>Gallons.</i>	<i>Gallons.</i>	<i>Gallons.</i>	<i>Gallons.</i>	<i>Gallons.</i>	<i>Gallons.</i>	<i>Gallons.</i>	
1. Remaining in warehouse July 1, 1882.....	63,010,220	19,353,720	444,493	518,761	89,094	434,100	872,965	5,239,292	89,962,645
2. Produced year ended June 30, 1883.....	8,662,245	4,784,654	10,718,706	1,801,960	545,768	8,701,951	28,295,253	10,362,771	74,013,308
Total	71,672,465	24,138,374	11,163,199	2,320,721	634,862	9,136,051	29,168,218	15,742,063	163,975,953
Cr.									
3. Withdrawn on payment of tax during the year.....	13,774,539	5,068,340	7,561,171	1,127,159	560,839	8,803,462	27,609,186	10,936,391	75,441,087
4. Lost by leakage or evaporation in warehouse.....	1,406,067	653,851	3,863	11,084	1,278	6,253	11,421	196,596	2,291,013
5. Withdrawn for export during the year.....	641,032	347,810	3,254,202	608,986	.....	.....	372,466	41,931	5,326,427
6. Withdrawn for scientific purposes and for the use of the United States.....	.....	389	22,359	.....	.....	463	3,479	2,035	28,725
7. Withdrawn for transfer to manufacturing warehouse.....	1,867	2,240	90,615	.....	.....	.....	109,216	.....	203,938
8. Lost by casualty, theft, &c., during the year.....	7,219	171,525	1,466	.....	43	86	49	4,382	184,770
9. Remaining in warehouse June 30, 1883.....	55,841,741	17,894,219	229,523	512,892	72,702	325,787	1,062,401	4,560,728	80,499,993
Total	71,672,465	24,138,374	11,163,199	2,320,721	634,862	9,136,051	29,168,218	15,742,063	163,975,953

SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS AT DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1883.

The following table shows the quantity of distilled spirits in taxable gallons, at 90 cents per gallon tax, placed in distillery warehouses during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, the quantity withdrawn therefrom during the year, and the quantity remaining therein at the beginning and close of the year:

	Taxable gallons.
1. Quantity of distilled spirits actually remaining in warehouse July 1, 1882	89,962,645
2. Quantity of distilled spirits not actually in warehouse claimed to have been lost by casualty	307,730
3. Quantity of distilled spirits withdrawn for exportation, proofs of landing not received	8,838,193
4. Quantity of distilled spirits withdrawn for transfer to manufacturing warehouse, not yet received at warehouse	35,928
5. Quantity of distilled spirits produced from July 1, 1882, to June 30, 1883	74,013,308
Total	173,157,804
6. Distilled spirits withdrawn tax-paid (including deficiencies on export bond and casualties disallowed)	75,454,549
7. Distilled spirits exported, proofs of landing received	7,879,130
8. Distilled spirits allowed for loss by casualty	31,092
9. Distilled spirits withdrawn for scientific purposes and for the use of the United States	23,725
10. Distilled spirits allowed for loss by leakage or evaporation in warehouse	a2,291,019
11. Distilled spirits allowed for loss by leakage in transportation for export, &c	48,810
12. Distilled spirits withdrawn for transfer to and received at manufacturing warehouse	197,709
13. Distilled spirits withdrawn for exportation, proofs of landing not received	6,235,474
14. Distilled spirits withdrawn for transfer to manufacturing warehouse not yet received at warehouse	41,697
15. Distilled spirits not actually in warehouse, claimed to have been lost by casualty	449,606
16. Distilled spirits actually remaining in warehouse June 30, 1883	80,499,993
Total	173,157,804

The quantity of spirits, 80,499,993 gallons, actually remaining in warehouse June 30, 1883, is the quantity as shown by the original gauge of each package.

The quantity of spirits withdrawn from distillery warehouses for exportation during the year was 5,326,427 gallons.

a This includes 6 gallons allowed in 2nd Ky., upon spirits partially lost by casualty.

STOCK ON HAND, PRODUCTION, AND MOVEMENT OF SPIRITS FOR FIVE YEARS.

The following table shows the stock on hand, production, and movement of spirits for the fiscal years 1879, 1880, 1881, 1882, and 1883:

	1879.		1880.		1881.		1882.		1883.	
	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.
Quantity of spirits actually in warehouses beginning of fiscal year		14, 088, 773		19, 212, 470		31, 363, 869		64, 648, 111		89, 962, 645
Quantity of spirits produced during fiscal year		71, 892, 621		90, 355, 270		117, 728, 150		105, 853, 161		74, 013, 308
Total		85, 981, 394		109, 567, 740		149, 092, 019		170, 501, 272		163, 975, 953
Quantity of spirits withdrawn, tax-paid, during fiscal year			61, 100, 362		67, 372, 575		70, 730, 180		75, 441, 087	
Quantity of spirits withdrawn for exportation during fiscal year			16, 765, 666		15, 921, 482		8, 092, 725		5, 326, 427	
Quantity of spirits withdrawn for scientific purposes, for use of the United States, for transfer to manufacturing warehouse, destroyed by fire, allowed for loss by leakage in warehouses, &c.										
	45, 404		337, 843		1, 149, 851		1, 715, 722		*2, 708, 446	
Total		66, 768, 924		78, 203, 871		84, 443, 908		80, 538, 627		83, 475, 960
Quantity of spirits remaining in warehouses at end of fiscal year		19, 212, 470		31, 363, 869		64, 648, 111		89, 962, 645		80, 499, 993
* Scientific.										
					28, 725					
					Transfers	203, 938				
					Casualties	184, 770				
					Leakage	2, 201, 013				
					Total	2, 708, 446				

SPIRITS REMAINING IN WAREHOUSES AT THE CLOSE OF THE YEAR.

The following table shows the quantity remaining in distillery warehouses at the close of each of the fifteen fiscal years during which spirits have been stored in such warehouses:

	Gallons.
Quantity remaining June 30, 1869.....	16,685,166
Quantity remaining June 30, 1870.....	11,671,886
Quantity remaining June 30, 1871.....	6,744,360
Quantity remaining June 30, 1872.....	10,103,392
Quantity remaining June 30, 1873.....	14,650,148
Quantity remaining June 30, 1874.....	15,575,224
Quantity remaining June 30, 1875.....	13,179,596
Quantity remaining June 30, 1876.....	12,595,850
Quantity remaining June 30, 1877.....	13,091,773
Quantity remaining June 30, 1878.....	14,088,773
Quantity remaining June 30, 1879.....	19,212,470
Quantity remaining June 30, 1880.....	31,363,869
Quantity remaining June 30, 1881.....	64,648,111
Quantity remaining June 30, 1882.....	89,962,645
Quantity remaining June 30, 1883.....	80,499,993

* * * * *

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT WITH PREVIOUS YEARS.

Following is a statement showing, by districts, the quantity, in taxable gallons, of spirits withdrawn for export during the four months ended October 31, in the years 1877, 1878, 1879, 1880, 1881, and 1882, and during the three months ended September 30, 1883:

Districts.	1877.	1878.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.
First California.....				180	441	2,526	268
First Illinois.....	165,376	1,043,630	513,097	265,050	94,309		6,680
Third Illinois.....	43,088	98,711	128,505	252,527	52,036		
Fifth Illinois.....	218,411	1,334,489	1,436,534	1,453,922	879,486	30,388	125,771
Eighth Illinois.....			214,380	812,937	183,299		
First Indiana.....			25,913	68,200			
Fourth Indiana.....	6,327	52,352		13,362			*16,593
Seventh Indiana.....			394,839	192,441	53,511	19,712	42,995
Second Iowa.....				117,732	125,267		91,070
Fifth Iowa.....				196,729	167,792		
Second Kentucky.....						878	19,307
Fifth Kentucky.....		1,064				1,777	110,329
Sixth Kentucky.....	1,022	2,493		1,367		2,446	38,170
Seventh Kentucky.....		1,096		139	2,747	694	102,711
Eighth Kentucky.....		1,053					22,750
Third Maryland.....	7,687					11,230	28,261
Third Massachusetts.....	26,233	147,642	84,062	106,216	67,068	71,663	126,885
Fifth Massachusetts.....	289,365	337,900	369,840	263,078	227,407	337,868	451
First Missouri.....		200,494					
Sixth Missouri.....							436
Nebraska.....	5,986		20,134	98,261	10,698		
First New York.....		7,886		7,909			
First Ohio.....	21,497	53,906	17,436	128,351	28,515		
Third Ohio.....				43,953	80,637		
Sixth Ohio.....	2,479			1,938			4,398
First Pennsylvania.....							3,864
Twenty-second Pennsylvania.....						10,619	9,602
Twenty-third Pennsylvania.....					292	3,772	1,848
First Wisconsin.....			4,404				
Total.....	787,471	3,302,766	3,209,144	4,024,292	1,979,505	493,573	752,380

* Designated as sixth district since August 1, 1883.

* * * * *

SPIRITS IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES NOVEMBER 1, 1881, NOVEMBER 1, 1882, AND OCTOBER 1, 1883.

Following is a statement of the quantities of spirits remaining in distillery warehouses November 1, 1881, November 1, 1882, and October 1, 1883:

States.	Gallons.		
	1881.	1882.	1883.
Alabama	5,942	1,240	3,134
Arkansas	14,253	8,134	20,326
California	222,382	332,918	260,148
Colorado	2,388		
Connecticut	25,956	15,394	6,866
Georgia	22,676	12,020	62,254
Idaho	5,508	6,894	
Illinois	1,905,620	2,194,383	1,174,012
Indiana	1,879,907	1,664,021	1,235,690
Iowa	4,756	24,475	19,038
Kansas	28,319	34,067	21,688
Kentucky	44,644,660	59,600,469	52,219,174
Maryland	3,723,706	4,021,007	3,349,798
Massachusetts	446,254	471,317	493,205
Montana			131
Missouri	206,612	162,457	195,316
Nebraska	198,284	195,203	164,322
New Hampshire	29,712	31,490	32,407
New Jersey	187,654	191,978	142,126
New York	281,025	345,066	242,470
North Carolina	137,183	88,409	154,151
Ohio	3,247,868	3,088,969	2,758,831
Oregon			2,022
Pennsylvania	7,683,851	9,464,256	8,056,339
South Carolina	5,677	2,587	12,532
Tennessee	1,438,385	1,362,493	1,527,574
Texas	8,493	6,434	6,340
Virginia	179,107	191,039	224,130
West Virginia	854,913	981,881	857,485
Wisconsin	51,095	129,730	163,852
Total	67,442,186	84,628,331	73,405,361

DISTILLED SPIRITS IN THE UNITED STATES OCTOBER 1, 1883.

The quantity of distilled spirits in the United States, except what may be in customs bonded warehouses, on the first day of October, 1883, was nearly one hundred and sixteen million gallons, this quantity being distributed as follows:

	Gallons.
In distillery and special bonded warehouses	73,847,103
In hands of wholesale liquor dealers	13,921,482
In hands of retail liquor dealers	28,180,650
Total	115,949,235

In making the above computation the average stock of each retail liquor dealer in the United States is estimated at one hundred and fifty gallons.

OPERATIONS AT SPECIAL BONDED WAREHOUSES FOR STORAGE OF GRAPE BRANDY.

The following statement shows the quantity of grape brandy placed in special bonded warehouses, withdrawn therefrom, and remaining

therein at the beginning and close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, in taxable gallons:

Remaining in warehouse July 1, 1882:

	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.
First district of California.....	220,687		
Fourth district of California.....	202,985		
		423,672	

Removed for exportation and unaccounted for July 1, 1882:

First district of California.....	825		
		424,497	

Produced and bonded during the year:

Produced and warehoused in first district.....	117,778		
Produced in fourth and warehoused in first district.....	21,061		
		138,839	
Produced and warehoused in fourth district.....	85,138		
		223,977	

Transferred from fourth district to first district.....

6,516
654,990

Exported and accounted for during the year:

First district of California.....	1,245		
Fourth district of California.....	94		
		1,339	

Removed tax-paid during the year:

First district of California.....	119,299		
Fourth district of California.....	76,754		
		196,053	

Loss by regauge, act of May 28, 1880:

First district of California.....	5,034		
Fourth district of California.....	4,306		
		9,340	

Transferred from fourth to first district.....

6,516
211,909

Removed for exportation and unaccounted for June 30, 1883:

Fourth district of California.....	163		
------------------------------------	-----	--	--

Remaining in warehouse June 30, 1883:

First district of California.....	241,289		
Fourth district of California.....	200,290		
		441,579	
		441,742	
		654,990	

Of the 223,977 gallons grape brandy bonded during the last fiscal year 117,778 gallons were produced in the first district and 106,199 gallons were produced in the fourth district of California.

The total product was 157,848 gallons less than in the previous year, while the amount removed tax-paid was 27,429 gallons larger than in 1882. The loss resulting from regauge under the act of May 28, 1880, was 3,773 gallons more than in the previous year.

Of the quantity in warehouse June 30, 1883, 241,289 gallons were in the following warehouses in the first district of California:

	Gallons.
No. 1. Bode & Searle, at San Francisco.....	151,027
No. 2. John F. Boyce, at Los Angeles.....	44,682
No. 3. G. C. Carlon, at Stockton.....	24,475
No. 4. James M. Tierman, at San Gabriel Station.....	21,105

The last-named special bonded warehouse was established December 20, 1882, and 200,290 gallons were in the following-named warehouses in the fourth district of California:

	Gallons.
No. 1. George Lichthardt, at Sacramento.....	84,252
No. 2. John F. Boyce, at Santa Rosa.....	25,179
No. 3. A. B. Purfurst, at Saint Helena.....	71,619
No. 4. John Tivnen, at Sonoma.....	19,240

EXPORTS, DRAWBACKS, BANKS, AND ASSESSMENTS.

EXPORTATION OF MANUFACTURED TOBACCO AND SNUFF IN BOND.

The subjoined table shows as removed and unaccounted for July 1, 1882, and July 1, 1883, the quantity, in pounds, of manufactured tobacco and snuff which had been removed for exportation in bond, and concerning which the proof of exportation required by law had not been furnished prior to the dates named:

1. Removed and unaccounted for July 1, 1882:	Pounds.	Pounds.
Bonds in the hands of the U. S. district attorneys...	17, 094	
Tobacco at 24 cents removed under exportation bonds	3, 481	
Tobacco at 24 cents removed under transportation bonds	9, 835	
Tobacco at 16 cents removed under exportation bonds	1, 080, 127 ³ / ₁₆	
Tobacco at 16 cents removed under transportation bonds	84, 473	
		1, 195, 010 ³ / ₁₆
Removed during the year ended June 30, 1883:		
Tobacco at 16 cents tax	9, 164, 311 ³ / ₁₆	
Tobacco at 8 cents tax	1, 787, 444 ³ / ₁₆	
		10, 951, 755 ¹ / ₁₆
		<u>12, 146, 766⁶/₁₆</u>
3. Exported and accounted for during the year:		
Tobacco, at 24 cents tax	12, 955	
Tobacco, at 16 cents tax under exportation bonds ...	10, 150, 952	
Tobacco, at 16 cents tax under transportation bonds.	81, 989	
Tobacco, at 24 cents tax paid on deficiencies	361	
Tobacco, at 16 cents tax paid on deficiencies.....	1, 565	
Tobacco, at 8 cents tax under exportation bonds	932, 823 ¹ / ₁₆	
		11, 180, 645 ¹ / ₁₆
4. Remaining unaccounted for June 30, 1883:		
Bonds in the hands of United States district attorneys	17, 094	
Tobacco, at 16 cents tax removed under exportation bonds.....	91, 922	
Tobacco, at 16 cents tax removed under transportation bonds	2, 484	
Tobacco, at 8 cents tax removed under exportation bonds	854, 620 ³ / ₁₆	
		966, 120 ³ / ₁₆
		<u>12, 146, 766⁶/₁₆</u>

EXPORTATION OF CIGARS AND CIGARETTES IN BOND.

1. Removed and unaccounted for July 1, 1882:	Number.	Number.
Cigars, at \$6 per M	242, 550	
Cigarettes, at 1.75 per M	4, 856, 500	
		5, 099, 050
2. Removed during year ended June 30, 1883:		
Cigars, at \$6 per M	2, 378, 050	
Cigars, at \$3 per M	395, 325	
Cigarettes, at \$1.75 per M	68, 413, 560	
Cigarettes, at 50 cents per M	8, 474, 500	
		79, 661, 435
		<u>84, 760, 485</u>

3. Exported and accounted for during the year ended
June 30, 1883:

	Number.	Number.
Cigars, at \$6 per M	2,613,100	
Cigars, at \$3 per M	291,325	
Cigarettes, at \$1.75 per M.....	73,039,060	
Cigarettes, at 50 cents per M.....	3,561,500	
		79,504,985

4. Remaining unaccounted for at the close of the fiscal
year ended June 30, 1883:

Cigars, at \$6 per M	7,500	
Cigars, at \$3 per M	104,000	
Cigarettes, at \$1.75 per M.....	231,000	
Cigarettes, at 50 cents per M.....	4,913,000	
		5,255,500
		84,760,485

DATE OF BONDS REMAINING UNACCOUNTED FOR JUNE 30, 1883.

The years in which the bonds were given for the exportation of tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes remaining unaccounted for by the evidence required by law for their cancellation, on June 30, 1883, are as follows, viz:

Year.	Tobacco, in pounds.	Snuff, in pounds.	Number of cigars.	Number of cigarettes.
1872.....	17,094			
1873.....	0			
1874.....	0			
1875.....	0			
1876.....	0			
1877.....	0			
1878.....	0			
1879.....	9,774		7,500	
1880.....	20,156		6,000	
1881.....	6,197		0	
1882.....	15,221		0	95,000
1883.....	897,678½		98,000	5,049,000
	966,120½		111,500	5,144,000

EXPORTATION OF FRICTION MATCHES, WAX TAPERS, CIGAR LIGHTS,
AND PROPRIETARY ARTICLES UNDER SECTION 19 OF THE ACT OF
MARCH 1, 1879.

		Number of articles.	Amount of tax.	Number of articles.	Amount of tax.
1	Remaining unaccounted for June 30, 1882.....	327,063	\$3,546 72		
2	Bonded during the year ended June 30, 1883.....	27,516,958	294,837 78	27,844,021	\$298,384 50
3	Accounted for as exported during the year	27,393,745	293,425 86		
4	Remaining unaccounted for June 30, 1883.....	450,276	4,958 64	27,844,021	298,384 50

DRAWBACK.

STATEMENT of DRAWBACK of INTERNAL-REVENUE TAXES ALLOWED on EXPORTED MERCHANDISE during the fiscal year ended 1883.

Port.	No. of claims.	Proprietary articles.	Tobacco.	Cigars and cigar-ettes.	Fermented liquors.	Still.	Distilled spirits.	Chairs.*	Total.
Baltimore	10	\$492 48	.....	\$215 25	.....	.....	\$30 60	.....	\$738 33
Boston	13	1,015 93	.....	.....	\$41 63	.....	247 50	.....	1,305 06
Chicago	2	.....	.....	.....	72 14	.....	.....	.....	72 14
Milwaukee	27	.....	.....	.....	899 12	.....	.....	.....	899 12
New York	828	28,242 66	\$976 17	2,970 62	1,902 82	\$60 00	108 90	\$590 92	34,852 09
New Orleans	42	.....	.....	139 00	1,184 36	.....	.....	.....	1,314 36
Philadelphia	8	1,582 61	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,582 61
San Francisco	150	1,424 91	4,628 43	1,879 50	95 27	.....	4,221 00	.....	12,249 11
Saint Louis	44	.....	.....	.....	1,838 82	.....	.....	.....	1,838 82
Rochester	2	371 02	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	371 02
Suspension Bridge	1	12 96	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12 96
Troy	3	58 32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	58 32
Total.....	1,130	33,000 89	5,604 60	5,195 37	6,034 16	60 00	4,608 00	590 92	55,093 94
Allowed 1882	909	33,695 22	5,069 36	1,406 12	3,913 18	60 00	1,966 50	.....	46,110 38

* Exported during the years 1864-'65, 1866, and 1867 under the provisions of section 171, act June 30, 1864.

By the act of March 3, 1883, section 1, all internal-revenue taxes on proprietary articles (perfumery, medicinal preparations, and other articles imposed by Schedule A, following section 3437 R. S.) were repealed; and, as provided in said act, no drawback of tax on such articles exported on and after the 1st day of July, 1883, has been allowed. At the time the act named took effect, however, there were many unadjusted claims covering articles of this description exported prior to July 1, 1883, and the amount so outstanding is estimated at about \$25,000, a portion of which has already been allowed during the current fiscal year.

In connection with the foregoing statement attention is called to the fact that while the law, §3244 R. S., authorizes the allowance of drawback on stills when exported, no appropriation has yet been made by Congress for the payment of such drawback. I have therefore to renew the recommendation made in my predecessor's reports for the years 1880, 1881, and 1882 that the necessary appropriation be made for the payment of such drawback, and, in so doing, I would call attention to the following suggestion on the subject which I find on pages CXXX and CXXXI of the last-named report:

While a number of claims covering stills have been allowed by this office during the past three years, and by the authority conferred by section 3244, yet the claimants in such cases have been unable to recover the amount of drawback so awarded them by this office, in consequence of the failure of Congress to make the necessary appropriation. While the amounts due these claimants are not large, the promise made by the law to this class of taxpayers should, nevertheless, be redeemed, and I urgently call attention to this matter, in order that the payment of these claims may be provided for.

CAPITAL AND DEPOSITS OF BANKS.

The following is a statement of the average capital and deposits of banks and bankers for the six months ended November 30, 1882:

States and Territories.	Average capital and deposits of banks and bankers.—Form 67.			Average capital and deposits of savings banks.—Form 106.			
	Average capital.	Average taxable capital.	Average deposits.	Average capital.	Average taxable capital.	Average deposits.	Average taxable deposits.
Alabama	\$1,232,000	\$1,232,000	\$3,437,588				
Arizona	130,244	130,244	829,944				
Arkansas	389,552	278,188	743,448				
California	18,329,598	12,888,712	46,451,708	\$2,175,618	\$1,175,152	\$48,183,424	\$7,202,344
Colorado	1,393,896	1,393,896	4,870,124				
Connecticut	3,094,432	3,087,340	7,023,268			83,761,086	2,635,696
Dakota	628,620	628,620	1,402,844				
Delaware	571,684	571,684	1,069,556			1,679,808	15,340
Florida	156,256	155,872	967,160				
Georgia	3,498,232	3,498,232	5,089,052	30,000	30,000	1,160,704	363,436
Idaho	39,956	39,956	184,468				
Illinois	11,372,266	9,099,676	53,811,568	51,000	45,500	1,778,388	174,072
Indiana	4,614,236	3,917,692	16,458,784			2,015,286	96,932
Iowa	6,878,358	6,460,728	24,004,112	30,000	30,000	313,082	31,156
Kansas	2,764,372	2,697,060	8,672,140				
Kentucky	10,952,220	10,946,972	17,030,360				
Louisiana	2,470,402	2,267,476	4,689,200	100,000	100,000	117,972	28
Maine	83,342	73,208	256,084			29,009,228	57,728
Maryland	3,747,382	2,961,156	10,621,588	30,900	30,900	25,677,110	137,672
Massachusetts	7,540,212	6,106,380	18,307,292			230,857,900	93,860
Michigan	3,466,986	3,126,156	19,976,576	205,000	165,000	3,809,782	703,720
Minnesota	3,690,024	3,475,024	12,521,132			246,184	140,396
Mississippi	1,006,692	1,006,692	2,124,644				
Missouri	11,644,018	10,593,500	51,328,296				
Montana	525,720	525,720	1,540,824				
Nebraska	1,657,052	1,657,052	4,777,120				
Nevada	163,732	163,732	987,056				
New Hampshire	50,000	50,000	26,100	100,000	100,000	38,577,238	656,996
New Jersey	1,235,200	830,076	4,173,120	57,500		25,654,732	61,836
New Mexico	25,420	25,420	920,016				
New York	82,760,504	65,722,376	248,106,224			393,698,834	524,240
North Carolina	624,356	624,356	1,020,428				
Ohio	7,593,296	6,317,040	38,205,128	235,000	179,764	13,490,464	77,760
Oregon	959,008	689,008	3,576,112				
Pennsylvania	14,610,944	13,178,520	92,836,288	525,000	498,056	41,662,142	933,000
Rhode Island	3,215,982	2,408,492	9,583,316			42,821,100	3,083,732
South Carolina	573,296	533,296	2,617,288	30,000	30,000	5,234	2,248
Tennessee	1,764,148	1,738,984	2,964,940				
Texas	4,624,556	4,613,728	11,358,660				
Utah	303,660	303,660	2,571,584				
Vermont	450,000	274,768	3,009,224			8,755,238	23,684
Virginia	2,579,870	2,488,768	10,607,316	399,868	399,868	1,148,908	192,880
Washington	472,156	472,156	1,240,180				
West Virginia	1,190,310	1,139,704	5,194,428				
Wisconsin	2,358,356	2,217,664	22,327,104				
Wyoming	214,964	214,964	1,075,804	3,200	3,200	26,662	12,256
	227,647,510	192,825,968	779,989,396	3,973,086	2,787,440	994,450,556	17,221,012

Following is a statement of the average capital and deposits of banks and bankers for the six months ended November 30, 1882, in aggregate :

States and Territories.	Total average and taxable average of capital and deposits.— Forms 67 and 106.			
	Average capital.	Average taxable capital.	Average deposits.	Average taxable deposits.
Alabama.....	\$1, 232, 000	\$1, 232, 000	\$3, 437, 588	\$3, 437, 588
Arizona.....	130, 244	130, 244	829, 944	829, 944
Arkansas.....	389, 552	278, 188	743, 448	743, 448
California.....	20, 505, 216	14, 063, 864	94, 635, 132	53, 654, 052
Colorado.....	1, 393, 896	1, 393, 896	4, 870, 124	4, 870, 124
Connecticut.....	3, 094, 432	3, 087, 340	90, 784, 354	9, 658, 954
Dakota.....	628, 620	628, 620	1, 402, 844	1, 402, 844
Delaware.....	571, 684	571, 684	2, 749, 364	1, 084, 896
Florida.....	156, 256	155, 872	967, 160	967, 160
Georgia.....	3, 528, 232	3, 528, 232	6, 249, 756	5, 452, 488
Idaho.....	39, 956	39, 956	184, 468	184, 468
Illinois.....	11, 423, 266	9, 145, 176	55, 589, 956	53, 985, 640
Indiana.....	4, 614, 236	3, 917, 692	18, 474, 070	16, 555, 716
Iowa.....	6, 908, 358	6, 490, 728	24, 317, 194	24, 035, 268
Kansas.....	2, 764, 372	2, 697, 060	8, 672, 140	8, 672, 140
Kentucky.....	10, 952, 220	10, 946, 972	17, 030, 360	17, 030, 360
Louisiana.....	2, 570, 402	2, 367, 476	4, 807, 172	4, 689, 228
Maine.....	83, 342	73, 208	29, 265, 312	313, 812
Maryland.....	3, 778, 282	2, 992, 056	36, 298, 698	10, 759, 260
Massachusetts.....	7, 540, 212	6, 106, 380	249, 165, 192	18, 401, 152
Michigan.....	3, 671, 986	2, 291, 156	23, 786, 358	20, 680, 296
Minnesota.....	3, 690, 024	3, 475, 024	12, 767, 316	12, 661, 528
Mississippi.....	1, 006, 692	1, 006, 692	2, 124, 844	2, 124, 844
Missouri.....	11, 644, 018	10, 593, 500	51, 328, 296	51, 328, 296
Montana.....	525, 720	525, 720	1, 540, 824	1, 540, 824
Nebraska.....	1, 657, 052	1, 657, 052	4, 777, 120	4, 777, 120
Nevada.....	163, 732	163, 732	987, 056	987, 056
New Hampshire.....	150, 000	150, 000	38, 603, 338	683, 096
New Jersey.....	1, 292, 700	830, 076	29, 827, 852	4, 234, 956
New Mexico.....	25, 420	25, 420	920, 016	920, 016
New York.....	82, 760, 504	65, 722, 376	641, 805, 058	248, 630, 464
North Carolina.....	624, 356	624, 356	1, 020, 428	1, 020, 428
Ohio.....	7, 828, 296	6, 496, 804	51, 695, 592	38, 282, 888
Oregon.....	959, 008	689, 008	3, 576, 112	3, 576, 112
Pennsylvania.....	15, 135, 944	13, 676, 576	134, 408, 430	93, 769, 288
Rhode Island.....	3, 215, 982	2, 408, 492	52, 404, 416	12, 667, 048
South Carolina.....	603, 296	563, 296	2, 022, 522	2, 019, 536
Tennessee.....	1, 764, 148	1, 738, 984	2, 964, 940	2, 964, 940
Texas.....	4, 624, 556	4, 613, 728	11, 358, 660	11, 358, 660
Utah.....	303, 660	303, 660	2, 571, 584	2, 571, 584
Vermont.....	450, 000	274, 768	11, 764, 512	3, 032, 908
Virginia.....	2, 979, 738	2, 888, 656	17, 756, 224	10, 800, 196
Washington.....	472, 156	472, 156	1, 240, 180	1, 240, 180
West Virginia.....	1, 190, 310	1, 139, 704	5, 194, 428	5, 194, 428
Wisconsin.....	2, 358, 356	2, 217, 664	22, 327, 104	22, 327, 104
Wyoming.....	218, 164	218, 164	1, 102, 466	1, 088, 060
Total.....	231, 620, 596	195, 613, 408	1, 774, 439, 952	797, 210, 398

ASSESSMENTS ON BANK CAPITAL AND DEPOSITS.

Following is a statement of the amount of taxes assessed on the capital and deposits of banks and bankers during the six months ended November 30, 1882:

States and Territories.	Banks and bankers.		Savings banks.		Total.
	On capital.	On deposits.	On capital.	On deposits.	
Alabama.....	\$3,080 01	\$8,593 97			\$11,673 98
Arizona.....	325 61	2,074 86			2,400 47
Arkansas.....	695 47	1,858 62			2,554 09
California.....	32,221 78	116,129 27	\$2,937 88	\$18,005 86	169,294 79
Colorado.....	3,484 74	12,175 31			15,660 05
Connecticut.....	7,718 35	17,558 17		6,589 24	31,865 76
Dakota.....	1,571 55	3,507 11			5,078 66
Delaware.....	1,429 21	2,673 89		38 35	4,141 45
Florida.....	389 68	2,417 90			2,807 58
Georgia.....	8,745 58	12,722 63	75 00	908 59	22,451 80
Idaho.....	99 89	461 17			561 06
Illinois.....	22,749 19	134,528 92	113 75	435 18	157,827 04
Indiana.....	9,794 23	41,146 96		242 33	51,183 52
Iowa.....	16,151 82	60,010 28	75 00	77 89	76,314 99
Kansas.....	6,742 65	21,680 35			28,423 00
Kentucky.....	27,367 43	42,575 90			69,943 33
Louisiana.....	5,668 69	11,723 00	250 00	07	17,641 76
Maine.....	183 02	640 21		144 32	967 55
Maryland.....	7,402 89	26,553 97	77 25	344 18	34,378 29
Massachusetts.....	15,265 95	45,768 23		234 65	61,268 83
Michigan.....	7,815 39	49,941 44	412 50	1,759 30	59,928 63
Minnesota.....	8,687 56	31,302 83		350 99	40,341 38
Mississippi.....	2,516 73	5,312 11			7,828 84
Missouri.....	26,483 75	128,320 74			154,804 49
Montana.....	1,314 30	3,852 06			5,166 36
Nebraska.....	4,142 63	11,942 80			16,085 43
Nevada.....	409 33	2,467 64			2,876 97
New Hampshire.....	125 00	65 25	250 00	1,642 49	2,082 74
New Jersey.....	2,075 19	10,432 80		154 59	12,662 58
New Mexico.....	63 55	2,300 04			2,363 59
New York.....	164,305 94	620,265 56		1,310 60	785,882 10
North Carolina.....	1,560 89	2,551 04			4,111 96
Ohio.....	15,792 60	95,512 82	449 41	194 40	111,949 23
Oregon.....	1,722 52	8,940 28			10,662 80
Pennsylvania.....	32,946 30	232,090 72	1,245 14	2,332 50	268,614 66
Rhode Island.....	6,021 23	23,958 20		7,709 33	37,688 85
South Carolina.....	1,333 24	5,043 22	75 00	5 62	6,457 08
Tennessee.....	4,347 46	7,412 35			11,759 81
Texas.....	11,534 32	28,306 65			39,930 97
Utah.....	759 15	6,428 96			7,188 11
Vermont.....	686 92	7,523 06		59 21	8,269 10
Virginia.....	6,221 97	26,518 29	999 67	482 20	34,222 13
Washington.....	1,180 39	3,100 45			4,280 84
West Virginia.....	2,849 26	12,986 07			15,835 33
Wisconsin.....	5,544 16	55,817 76			61,361 92
Wyoming.....	537 41	2,689 51	8 00	30 64	3,265 56
Total.....	482,064 93	1,949,973 49	6,908 60	43,052 53	2,482,059 55

AVERAGE CAPITAL AND DEPOSITS FOR LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS.

STATEMENT of the GROSS AMOUNTS of AVERAGE CAPITAL and DEPOSITS of SAVINGS BANKS, BANKS and BANKERS, OTHER THAN NATIONAL BANKS, for the years ended May 31, 1879, 1880, 1881, 1882, and for the six months ended November 30, 1883.

	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.
Capital of savings banks.....	\$3,597,392	\$4,004,821	\$4,187,396	\$3,832,828	\$3,973,086
Capital of banks and bankers..	193,781,219	192,173,555	207,454,924	224,476,932	227,647,510
Deposits of savings banks.....	829,912,178	796,704,336	890,066,544	981,380,832	994,450,556
Deposits of banks and bankers..	407,661,079	469,124,384	597,381,514	745,500,094	779,989,396
Total.....	1,434,951,868	1,462,007,096	1,699,090,378	1,955,190,686	2,006,060,548

BANK FUNDS INVESTED IN BONDS.

The following is a statement of average capital and deposits of savings banks and the capital of banks and bankers other than national banks invested in United States bonds, compiled from the returns of said banks and bankers for the years ended May 31, 1879, 1880, 1881, 1882, and the first six months of the year ended May 31, 1883:

	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.
Capital of savings banks	\$429,791	\$507,876	\$812,768	\$1,102,938	\$1,185,646
Capital of banks and bankers...	40,013,376	40,371,865	35,099,939	37,527,554	34,821,542
Deposits of savings banks.....	154,847,346	182,580,893	194,886,529	233,673,588	222,004,861
Total.....	195,290,513	223,460,634	230,799,236	272,304,080	258,012,049

MISCELLANEOUS ASSESSMENTS.

The following table shows the assessments made by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue during the fiscal years ended June 30, 1882, and June 30, 1883, respectively, and the increase or decrease on each article or occupation:

	Amount assessed during fiscal year ended—		Fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.	
	June 30, 1882.	June 30, 1883.	Increase over 1882.	Decrease from 1882.
Tax on deficiencies in production of distilled spirits	\$108,951 24	\$67,072 85	.....	\$41,878 39
Tax on excess of materials used in the production of distilled spirits	7,730 78	8,536 11	\$805 33	.....
Tax on deposits and capital of banks, bankers, and savings institutions other than national banks	5,222,012 40	2,696,834 36	.....	2,525,178 04
Tax on circulation of banks and others	1,921 81	805 26	.....	1,116 55
Tax on distilled spirits fraudulently removed or seized; also, taxes overdue	63,414 70	1,522,883 12	1,459,468 42	.....
Tax on fermented liquors removed from brewery unstamped	664 65	575 81	.....	88 84
Tax on tobacco, snuff, and cigars removed from factory unstamped	43,095 60	17,651 07	.....	25,444 53
Tax on proprietary articles removed unstamped	5,479 19	1,788 00	.....	3,691 19
Assessed penalties	193,145 24	80,141 45	.....	113,003 79
Legacies and successions	29,085 92	22,918 83	.....	6,167 09
Unassessed and unassessable penalties, interest, taxes previously abated, conscience money, and deficiencies in bonded accounts which have been collected; also, fines, penalties, and forfeitures and costs paid to collectors by order of court or by order of Secretary, and unassessable taxes recovered; also, amount of penalties and interest received for validating unstamped instruments (Form 58)	285,250 80	352,299 72	67,048 92	.....
Special taxes (licenses)	61,415 03	53,588 27	.....	7,826 76
Tax on income and dividends	1,201 44	3,708 19	2,506 75	.....
Total	6,023,368 80	4,828,803 04	.....	1,194,565 76

ASSESSMENTS FOR 1883.

The following statement shows the amount of assessments in each of the several States and Territories of the United States during the fiscal

year ended June 30, 1883, and includes the taxes assessed upon capital and deposits of banks and bankers :

Alabama	\$18,735 99	Montana	\$5,631 79
Arizona	3,724 14	Nebraska	21,459 10
Arkansas	8,404 54	Nevada	3,479 51
California	185,358 62	New Hampshire	3,573 29
Colorado	19,237 53	New Jersey	66,679 24
Connecticut	38,000 82	New Mexico	3,335 18
Dakota	6,134 39	New York	882,069 83
Delaware	4,823 65	North Carolina	28,975 31
Florida	4,083 23	Ohio	189,308 96
Georgia	39,736 90	Oregon	11,693 92
Idaho	943 02	Pennsylvania	522,173 15
Illinois	195,981 25	Rhode Island	225,311 93
Indiana	154,495 58	South Carolina	15,406 26
Iowa	91,417 15	Tennessee	46,475 44
Kansas	30,666 54	Texas	48,849 06
Kentucky	1,016,180 21	Utah	8,146 46
Louisiana	41,417 05	Vermont	9,735 87
Maine	3,668 48	Virginia	48,799 07
Maryland	273,594 54	Washington	5,120 52
Massachusetts	134,613 71	West Virginia	24,902 86
Michigan	71,291 47	Wisconsin	68,551 25
Minnesota	42,951 49	Wyoming	3,563 14
Mississippi	8,719 10		
Missouri	191,382-50	Total	4,828,803 04

The main increase of the assessments made in the last fiscal year over the assessments made during the year ended June 30, 1882, consists in the tax on distilled spirits and amount assessed on what is called Form 58.

The law provides three methods of collecting the tax on distilled spirits remaining in warehouse over three years, viz :

1. Suit on the warehousing bond,
2. Assessment of the tax, and
3. Proceeding by distraint.

Upon consultation with the honorable Secretary of the Treasury it was decided to adopt the second remedy, and \$1,473,045.30 were consequently assessed on spirits remaining in warehouse over the legal time of three years. This explains the increase of assessments on this item, and really leaves a decrease of \$13,576.88 assessed on spirits fraudulently removed or seized.

Among the assessments made on Form 58 are amounts collected in compromise. These collections were larger than in the previous year, the collections from this source during the last fiscal year being \$252,077.78, while in 1882 they were only \$211,524.68. This of course helped materially to swell the total amount assessed on Form 58.

The decrease of \$2,525,178.04 in the tax assessed on capital, and deposits of banks and bankers, as shown by the above table, is owing to the repeal of said tax by the act of March 3, 1883. Under an opinion of the honorable Attorney-General no taxes on this account were assessed for periods subsequent to November 30, 1882.

Of the tax on deficiency in the production of distilled spirits \$41,878.39 less were assessed last fiscal year than in the previous year. Section 6 of the act of March 1, 1879, as amended by section 8 of the act of May 28, 1880, authorizes the Commissioner to remit the assessment of this tax whenever he is satisfied by sufficient evidence that the deficiency was not caused by any want of diligence, or by any fraudulent purpose on the part of the distiller, but was caused by unavoidable accident or by a misunderstanding of the law or regulations. A large number of such cases therefore were disposed of in this manner, which otherwise would have been assessed.

In the fiscal year ending June 30, 1882, a large amount of 100 per centum penalties were assessed against banks and bankers on erroneous returns made by them. The United States Supreme Court having decided such assessments to be illegal, they were not made during the last fiscal year, which explains the decrease of \$113,003.79 in this item.

FILES.

The following tables will probably prove interesting.

The general files of this Bureau contain 5,300 cubic feet of miscellaneous reports and papers.

Total number of letters received.....	1,092,100
Number record books of letters written.....	1,122
Number press copies of letters written.....	1,068
Number distillery warehouse records.....	220
Number record of rectifiers.....	95
Number record of brewers.....	80
Number record of fruit distilleries.....	86
Number abstract of collections.....	241
Number miscellaneous books.....	1,789

The files of the stamp office contain books, papers, &c., as follows:

	Number of books.	Number of papers.	Weight.	Number of different books and papers.	Cubic feet occupied by the same.	Total number of books and papers of the various kinds.
First page.....	129,403	5,962	45	405'	1381"	.....
Second page.....	127,834	7,625	31	267'	1038"	.....
Third page.....	54,100	37,883	18	1337'	682"	.....
Fourth page.....	81,353	52,961	42	1858'	66"	.....
Fifth page.....	44,529	35,542	34	1084'	1104"	.....
Sixth page.....	45,284	22,746	36	541'	628"	.....
Seventh page.....	144,942	59,994	143	1378'	1126"	.....
Total.....	370,208	257,237	222,773	349	6873' 841"	.....

Forms, reports, requisitions, &c.....	457,237
Stubs of distillery-warehouse stamps.....	48,216
Stubs of export stamps and brewers' permits.....	5,884
Stubs of receipt stamps.....	81,353
Stubs of W. L. D. stamps.....	20,596
Stubs of tobacco and snuff stamps.....	74,321
Stubs of special-tax stamps and record books.....	136,478
Stamp books returned by collectors.....	3,420

I have been urged to make recommendations upon many subjects, and the *precedents* would have justified my doing so where my judgment approved, but I could find no provision of *law* which authorized or directed such a course, nor does your letter of September 10, asking for this report, call for such a response. I have therefore yielded very little to a temptation of that kind, and shall reserve expressions of opinion upon the subjects presented to me until such expressions may be called for by the proper authority.

I have the honor to subscribe myself, very respectfully,
WALTER EVANS,
Commissioner.

Hon. CHARLES J. FOLGER,
Secretary of the Treasury.

REPORT OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY.

REPORT

OF

THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
Washington, December 1, 1883.

I have the honor to submit for the consideration of Congress the twenty-first annual report of the Comptroller of the Currency, in compliance with section 333 of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

Two hundred and sixty-two banks have been organized during the year ending November 1, 1883, with an aggregate authorized capital of \$28,654,350; circulating notes have been issued to these new associations amounting to \$7,909,190. This is the largest number of banks organized in any year since 1865.

The following table gives the number of banks organized in each State and Territory, with their aggregate capital and circulation:

States and Territories.	No. of banks.	Capital.	Bonds deposited.	Circulation issued.
Texas.....	23	\$1,741,000	\$487,500	\$404,960
Ohio.....	22	2,850,000	1,213,000	1,091,700
Iowa.....	21	1,560,000	452,500	407,090
Pennsylvania.....	20	1,317,200	776,500	660,600
Illinois.....	18	5,050,000	647,500	492,710
Nebraska.....	17	950,000	353,000	306,370
Kansas.....	15	785,000	240,000	159,690
New York.....	14	1,405,000	865,000	711,990
Dakota.....	12	600,000	169,000	152,030
Missouri.....	10	880,500	477,250	415,990
Kentucky.....	10	672,650	358,100	288,500
Michigan.....	9	2,410,000	285,000	242,990
Minnesota.....	8	2,910,000	206,500	185,850
Washington Ter.....	8	400,000	152,500	137,250
Indiana.....	7	500,000	312,500	272,230
Wisconsin.....	5	400,000	120,000	107,990
Oregon.....	5	260,000	83,400	75,020
New Jersey.....	4	253,000	213,000	191,700
California.....	3	250,000	112,500	45,000
Colorado.....	3	110,000	72,500	65,250
Tennessee.....	2	630,000	62,500	45,000
Massachusetts.....	2	400,000	400,000	360,000
Connecticut.....	2	350,000	110,000	90,000
Vermont.....	2	300,000	285,000	256,500
Montana.....	2	300,000	97,500	87,740
Virginia.....	2	100,000	62,500	38,250
Mississippi.....	2	100,000	80,000	72,000
Arkansas.....	2	100,000	75,000	67,500
Idaho.....	2	100,000	25,300	22,750
Rhode Island.....	1	225,000	200,000	180,000
Louisiana.....	1	200,000	50,000	.....
Alabama.....	1	100,000	25,000	22,500
Utah.....	1	100,000	100,000	90,000
Delaware.....	1	80,000	50,000	33,300
Maryland.....	1	60,000	28,000	25,200
West Virginia.....	1	55,000	15,000	13,500
North Carolina.....	1	50,000	50,000	45,000
Georgia.....	1	50,000	50,000	45,000
Arizona.....	1	50,000	12,500	.....
Total.....	262	28,654,350	9,375,550	7,909,190

These banks are located by geographical divisions, as follows: Eastern States, seven banks, with capital of \$1,275,000; Middle States, forty,

with capital of \$3,115,200; Southern States, forty-six, with capital of \$3,798,650; Western States, one hundred and thirty-two, with capital of \$18,295,500; Pacific States, eleven, with capital of \$620,000; and Territories, twenty-six, with capital of \$1,550,000.

Forty banks, with aggregate capital of \$7,736,000 and circulation of \$4,137,033, have voluntarily discontinued business during the year; twelve of which were succeeded by other banks, located in the same places, with nearly the same shareholders. Two national banks, with an aggregate capital of \$250,000, during the year ending November 1, 1883, have been placed in the hands of receivers, making eighty-nine in all since the establishment of the system.

The total number of banks which have voluntarily closed their affairs by a vote of shareholders owning two-thirds of their stock, under sections 5220 and 5221 of the United States Revised Statutes, has been 450, of which 67 were placed in liquidation, in anticipation of the approach of the termination of their corporate existence, for the purpose of organizing new banks as their successors.

The shareholders of ten banks in all have permitted their corporate existence to expire, and these associations are in liquidation under section 7 of the act of July 12, 1882. National banks are organized in every State of the Union and in every organized Territory. The total number in operation on November 1 was twenty-five hundred and twenty-two, the largest number that has been in operation at any one time.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF THE NATIONAL BANKS FOR ELEVEN YEARS.

The following table exhibits the resources and liabilities of the national banks for eleven years, at nearly corresponding dates, from 1873 to 1883, inclusive:

	Sept. 12, 1873.	Oct. 2, 1874.	Oct. 1, 1875.	Oct. 2, 1876.	Oct. 1, 1877.	Oct. 1, 1878.	Oct. 2, 1879.	Oct. 1, 1880.	Oct. 1, 1881.	Oct. 3, 1882.	Oct. 2, 1883.
	1, 976 banks.	2, 004 banks.	2, 087 banks.	2, 089 banks.	2, 080 banks.	2, 053 banks.	2, 048 banks.	2, 090 banks.	2, 132 banks.	2, 269 banks.	2, 501 banks.
RESOURCES.											
<i>Millions.</i>	<i>Millions.</i>	<i>Millions.</i>	<i>Millions.</i>	<i>Millions.</i>	<i>Millions.</i>	<i>Millions.</i>	<i>Millions.</i>	<i>Millions.</i>	<i>Millions.</i>	<i>Millions.</i>	<i>Millions.</i>
Loans	944.2	954.4	984.7	931.3	891.9	834.0	878.5	1,041.0	1,173.8	1,243.2	1,309.2
Bonds for circulat'n.	388.3	383.3	370.3	337.2	336.8	347.6	357.3	357.8	363.3	357.6	351.4
Other U. S. bonds...	23.6	28.0	28.1	47.8	45.0	94.7	71.2	43.6	56.5	37.4	30.7
Stocks, bonds, &c....	23.7	27.8	33.5	34.4	34.5	36.9	39.7	48.9	61.9	66.2	71.1
Due from banks	149.5	134.8	144.7	146.9	129.9	138.9	167.3	213.5	230.8	198.9	208.9
Real estate	34.7	38.1	42.4	43.1	45.2	46.7	47.8	48.0	47.3	46.5	48.3
Specie	19.9	21.2	8.1	21.4	22.7	30.7	42.2	109.3	114.3	102.9	107.8
Legal-tender notes ..	92.4	80.0	76.5	84.2	66.9	64.4	69.2	56.6	53.2	63.2	70.7
Nat'l-bank notes	16.1	18.5	18.5	15.9	15.6	16.9	16.7	18.2	17.7	20.7	22.7
C. H. exchanges	100.3	109.7	87.9	100.0	74.5	82.4	113.0	121.1	189.2	208.4	96.4
U. S. cert. of deposit ..	20.6	42.8	48.8	29.2	33.4	32.7	26.8	7.7	6.7	8.7	10.0
Due from U. S. Treas ..		20.3	19.6	16.7	16.0	16.5	17.0	17.1	17.5	17.2	16.6
Other resources	*17.3	18.3	19.1	19.1	28.7	24.9	22.1	23.0	26.2	28.9	28.9
Totals	1, 830. 61	1, 877. 21	1, 882. 21	1, 827. 21	1, 741. 11	1, 767. 31	1, 868. 88	2, 105. 88	2, 358. 48	2, 399. 82	2, 372. 77
LIABILITIES.											
Capital stock	491.0	493.8	504.8	499.8	479.5	466.2	454.1	457.6	463.8	483.1	509.7
Surplus fund	120.3	129.0	134.4	132.2	122.8	116.9	114.8	120.5	128.1	132.0	142.0
Undivided profits	54.5	51.5	53.0	46.4	44.5	44.9	41.3	46.1	56.4	61.2	61.6
Circulation	340.3	334.2	319.1	292.2	291.9	301.9	313.8	317.3	320.2	315.0	310.5
Due to depositors	640.0	683.8	679.4	666.2	630.4	668.4	736.9	887.9	1,083.1	1,134.9	1,063.6
Due to banks	173.0	175.8	179.7	179.8	161.6	165.1	201.2	267.9	294.9	259.9	270.4
Other liabilities	11.5	9.1	11.8	10.6	10.4	7.9	6.7	8.5	11.9	13.7	14.9
Totals	1, 830. 61	1, 877. 21	1, 882. 21	1, 827. 21	1, 741. 11	1, 767. 31	1, 868. 88	2, 105. 88	2, 358. 48	2, 399. 82	2, 372. 77

The different items of resources and liabilities have generally increased during the last eleven years, as will be seen by reference to the previous table, but the items of United States bonds and circulation have decreased considerably during the past year. The item of individual deposits has largely decreased. This large reduction is chiefly in the city of New York, and is to be accounted for by the fact that those banks doing business with brokers have, during the past year, exchanged checks to a large amount among themselves, instead of sending them through the clearing-house for payment as heretofore, thus causing a reduction of 105 millions in the item of exchanges for the clearing-house, under the head of resources, and a reduction of 104 millions in the individual deposits, under the head of liabilities.

The following table exhibits the resources and liabilities of the national banks at the close of business on the 2d day of October, 1883; the returns from New York City, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore, from the other reserve cities, and from the remaining banks of the country, being tabulated separately:

	New York City.	Boston, Phila- delphia, and Baltimore.	Other reserve cities.*	Country banks.	Aggregate.
	48 banks.	103 banks.	97 banks.	2,253 banks.	2,501 banks.
RESOURCES.					
Loans and discounts	\$245,108,332	\$200,815,928	\$151,354,826	\$706,161,705	\$1,303,450,791
Overdrafts	361,471	57,643	372,486	5,002,391	5,793,991
Bonds for circulation	18,277,500	49,002,050	27,232,250	256,901,050	351,412,850
Bonds for deposits	820,000	661,000	4,153,000	11,447,000	17,051,000
U. S. bonds on hand	2,296,050	334,150	2,508,000	8,454,850	13,593,050
Other stocks and bonds	13,017,588	7,430,507	5,487,844	45,178,092	71,114,031
Due from reserve agents		22,902,211	17,896,779	84,119,738	124,918,728
Due from other national banks					
Due from other banks and bankers	17,336,757	14,457,637	8,147,081	23,772,754	65,714,220
Real estate, furniture, and fix- tures	2,803,515	1,729,484	3,436,345	10,299,931	18,266,275
Current expenses	10,727,222	6,581,347	4,070,900	26,958,196	48,337,665
Premiums	1,077,693	732,879	829,821	4,167,935	6,808,327
Checks and other cash items	632,153	690,818	1,031,892	5,709,210	8,064,073
Exchanges for clearing-house	2,696,132	1,170,960	797,656	8,917,945	13,582,693
Bills of other national banks	69,207,772	18,272,166	7,304,803	1,568,472	96,353,213
Fractional currency	1,812,886	2,812,061	3,094,672	14,924,183	22,673,805
Specie	45,399	38,416	53,508	306,628	413,951
Legal-tender notes	50,274,174	13,079,936	13,210,679	31,253,195	107,817,984
U. S. certificates of deposit	17,117,605	8,222,711	15,097,081	30,245,600	70,682,997
Five per cent redemption fund	2,560,000	4,405,000	2,410,000	585,000	9,930,000
Due from U. S. Treasurer	857,994	2,200,489	1,213,349	11,319,192	15,591,024
	190,320	132,222	152,178	520,968	995,688
Totals	457,217,563	355,759,618	269,865,150	1,289,814,034	2,372,656,365
LIABILITIES.					
Capital stock	50,350,000	80,298,330	51,366,500	327,684,957	509,699,787
Surplus fund	23,875,025	23,313,375	12,731,471	82,080,611	142,000,482
Undivided profits	11,282,715	6,966,434	5,481,854	37,820,956	61,551,959
National bank notes outstand- ing	15,384,205	43,521,339	23,955,758	227,656,555	310,517,857
State bank notes outstanding	39,078	21,396		123,883	184,357
Dividends unpaid	223,163	915,649	204,001	1,886,413	3,239,226
Individual deposits	221,672,303	152,012,932	120,938,735	554,813,731	1,049,437,701
U. S. deposits					
Deposits of U. S. disbursing officers	420,095	439,451	2,694,564	6,629,087	10,183,197
Due to national banks	225,400		1,036,712	2,718,148	3,980,260
Due to other banks and bankers	96,578,148	37,287,071	28,133,291	24,830,167	186,828,677
Notes and bills rediscounted	37,167,431	10,727,517	20,853,616	14,853,508	33,602,072
Bills payable		256,124	1,290,618	6,096,889	7,387,537
			1,178,000	2,619,129	4,053,253
Totals	457,217,563	355,759,618	269,865,150	1,289,814,034	2,372,656,365

*The reserve cities, in addition to New York, Boston, Philadelphia, and Baltimore, are Albany, Pittsburgh, Washington, New Orleans, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Chicago, Detroit, Milwaukee, Saint Louis and San Francisco.

The following table exhibits, in the order of their capital, the twenty-five States having the largest amount of capital, together with the amount of circulation, loans and discounts, and individual deposits of each, on October 2, 1883:

States.	Capital.	Circulation.	Loans and discounts.	Individual deposits.
Massachusetts.....	\$96,602,500	\$65,399,957	\$194,174,670	\$116,025,957
New York.....	86,894,160	43,118,938	344,212,695	308,139,245
Pennsylvania.....	59,260,690	41,169,979	160,013,725	151,619,862
Ohio.....	35,183,250	23,147,825	76,324,073	59,615,288
Connecticut.....	25,926,820	17,110,998	42,183,466	22,542,418
Illinois.....	23,003,524	8,592,210	75,256,750	67,820,691
Rhode Island.....	20,540,050	14,187,208	30,811,846	11,719,313
Maryland.....	14,208,050	8,028,665	33,688,326	25,571,670
Indiana.....	14,028,500	8,595,020	28,744,861	23,542,138
Kentucky.....	12,567,900	9,434,261	22,455,533	13,578,490
New Jersey.....	12,233,350	9,351,479	33,349,099	29,700,324
Michigan.....	11,665,000	4,973,395	32,977,575	26,803,880
Maine.....	10,485,000	8,080,063	18,778,198	10,032,018
Minnesota.....	9,151,600	2,126,524	24,084,505	17,036,350
Iowa.....	9,055,000	4,596,303	20,124,327	16,647,922
Vermont.....	7,986,000	6,512,779	12,054,046	5,455,001
New Hampshire.....	6,155,000	5,278,237	8,536,853	4,982,532
Missouri.....	5,850,000	2,117,560	16,808,317	11,622,696
Tennessee.....	4,315,300	2,567,660	10,475,195	8,419,187
Wisconsin.....	4,035,000	2,182,943	13,841,561	14,499,471
Texas.....	3,652,250	1,462,100	10,099,212	8,002,525
California.....	3,550,000	1,477,350	8,175,066	8,124,377
Virginia.....	3,496,300	2,614,900	12,958,703	12,385,827
Nebraska.....	2,860,000	1,547,395	9,732,259	9,419,110
North Carolina.....	2,401,000	1,152,270	4,832,129	3,214,853

NUMBER, CAPITAL, AND DEPOSITS OF NATIONAL BANKS, STATE AND SAVINGS BANKS, AND PRIVATE BANKERS.

Section 333 of the Revised Statutes of the United States requires the Comptroller to present annually to Congress a statement of the condition of the banks and savings banks organized under State laws. Returns of capital and deposits have hitherto been made by these institutions and by private bankers semi-annually to this Department for purposes of taxation. From these returns the following table has been compiled, exhibiting in concise form, by geographical divisions, the total average capital and deposits of all the State and savings banks and private bankers of the country, for the six months ending November 30, 1882:

Geographical divisions.	State banks and trust companies.			Private bankers.			Savings banks with capital.			Savings banks without capital.	
	No.	Capital.	Deposits.	No.	Capital.	Deposits.	No.	Capital.	Deposits.	No.	Deposits.
		<i>Mill's.</i>	<i>Mill's.</i>		<i>Mill's.</i>	<i>Mill's.</i>		<i>Mill's.</i>	<i>Mill's.</i>		<i>Mill's.</i>
New England States..	40	8.30	31.64	94	6.22	6.57	2	0.10	0.89	420	436.25
Middle States.....	210	40.60	244.02	967	62.42	112.69	8	0.63	5.34	171	486.98
Southern States.....	248	25.34	45.94	289	6.33	20.68	7	0.56	1.50	2	1.80
Western States and Territories.....	563	48.90	163.40	2062	30.31	149.02	25	2.73	35.74	32	35.23
United States..	1061	123.14	490.00	3412	105.28	288.96	42	4.02	43.47	625	960.26

The capital of the 2,308 national banks in operation on December 30, 1882, as will be seen by a table in the Appendix, was \$484,883,492, not

including surplus, which fund at that date amounted to more than 135 millions of dollars; while the average capital of all the State banks, private bankers, and savings banks, for the six months ending November 30, 1882, was but \$232,435,330. The latter amount is less than two-fifths of the combined capital and surplus of the national banks.

The table below exhibits the capital and net deposits of the national banks on December 30, 1882, together with the aggregate average capital and deposits of all classes of banks other than national for the six months ending November 30, 1882:

Geographical divisions.	State banks, savings banks, private bankers, &c.			National banks.			Total.		
	No.	Capital.	Deposits.	No.	Capital.	Deposits.	No.	Capital.	Deposits.
		<i>Millions.</i>	<i>Millions.</i>		<i>Millions.</i>	<i>Millions.</i>		<i>Millions.</i>	<i>Millions.</i>
New England States.	556	14.62	475.35	560	166.23	193.15	1,116	180.85	668.50
Middle States	1,356	103.66	849.03	691	173.19	556.55	2,047	276.85	1,405.58
Southern States	546	32.23	69.90	214	34.80	68.84	760	67.03	138.74
Western States and Territories	2,682	81.93	388.42	843	110.66	301.28	3,525	192.59	689.70
United States ...	5,140	232.44	1,782.70	2,308	484.88	1,119.82	7,448	717.32	2,902.52

The total number of banks and bankers in the country at the date named was 7,448, with a total banking capital of \$717,318,822, and total deposits of \$2,902,522,245.

In the Appendix will be found similar tables for various periods from 1875 to 1882. On a subsequent page in this report, under the head of "State banks, savings banks, and trust companies," will be found tables showing the resources and liabilities of these corporations for the present year, and in the Appendix similar results for previous years.

A table arranged by States and principal cities, giving the number, capital, and deposits, and the tax thereon, of all banking institutions other than national, and of the private bankers of the country, for the six months ending November 30, 1882, and for previous years, will also be found in the Appendix.

The following table exhibits, for corresponding dates nearest to May 31, in each of the last seven years, and to November 30, 1882, the aggregate amounts of the capital and deposits of each of the classes of banks given in the foregoing table:

Years.	National banks.			State banks, private bankers, &c.			Savings banks with capital.			Savings banks without capital.			Total.		
	No.	Capital.	Deposits.	No.	Capital.	Deposits.	No.	Capital.	Deposits.	No.	Deposits.		No.	Capital.	Deposits.
		<i>Mill's.</i>	<i>Mill's.</i>		<i>Mill's.</i>	<i>Mill's.</i>		<i>Mill's.</i>	<i>Mill's.</i>		<i>Mill's.</i>		<i>Mill's.</i>	<i>Mill's.</i>	<i>Mill's.</i>
1876...	2,091	500.4	713.5	3,803	214.0	480.0	26	5.0	37.2	691	844.6	6,611	719.4	2,075.3	
1877...	2,378	481.0	768.2	3,709	218.6	470.5	26	4.9	38.2	676	843.2	6,579	704.5	2,120.1	
1878...	2,056	470.4	677.2	3,799	202.2	413.3	23	3.2	26.2	668	803.3	6,450	675.8	1,920.0	
1879...	2,048	455.3	713.4	3,639	197.0	397.0	29	4.2	36.1	644	747.1	6,360	656.5	1,893.5	
1880...	2,076	455.9	900.8	3,798	190.1	501.5	29	4.0	34.6	629	783.0	6,532	650.0	2,219.9	
1881...	2,115	460.2	1,039.9	4,016	206.5	627.5	36	4.2	37.6	629	862.3	6,796	670.9	2,667.3	
1882...	2,239	477.2	1,131.7	4,403	231.0	747.6	38	3.9	41.3	622	929.8	7,302	712.1	2,850.4	
1882*...	2,308	484.9	1,119.8	4,473	228.4	779.0	42	4.0	43.5	625	960.2	7,448	717.3	2,902.5	

It will be noticed that the first two tables of this chapter are for the six months ending November 30, while all similar tables in previous reports have been for the six months ending May 31. The law repealing the tax on capital and deposits of State banks and private bankers went into effect on November 30, 1882, in accordance with the opinion of the Attorney-General, and for this reason the Comptroller has given the returns to that date, which will be the last data to be obtained from this source.

In the last table of the series the returns are given for the six months ending May 31, 1882, and also for the six months ending November 30, of the same year.

EXTENSION OF THE CORPORATE EXISTENCE OF NATIONAL BANKS.

At the date of my last report, the corporate existence of 86 national banks had expired, and 30 of these banks had extended their existence under act of July 12, 1882; 52 banks went into voluntary liquidation, and were succeeded by other associations organized in place thereof, chiefly previous to the act of July 12, 1882, which authorized the extension of the corporate existence for a new period of twenty years of national banks whose franchises were about to terminate. The 4 remaining banks expired by limitation and did not effect new organizations. The number of national banks organized under act of February 25, 1863, which were in operation at the date of my last report, December 2, 1882, was 307, as follows:

Date.	No of banks.	Capital.	Circulation.
December, 1882.....	10	\$1, 420, 000	\$1, 278, 000
January, 1883.....	3	400, 000	360, 000
February, 1883.....	294	69, 793, 250	53, 222, 170

Of these banks, 273 have extended their corporate existence under act of July 12, 1882; 17 have been placed in liquidation by vote of shareholders of the bank, and 4 have expired by limitation. All of these banks which have been placed in liquidation and have expired by limitation, with the exception of two, have been succeeded by new associations, organized in the same localities with different titles.

All of the banks organized under act of February 25, 1863, ceased to exist by the terms of the act on or before twenty years from the date of its passage; but the banks organized under act of June 3, 1864, have succession for twenty years from the date of their organization, section 8 of that act providing that each association

Shall have power to adopt a corporate seal, and shall have succession by the name designated in its organization certificate, for the period of twenty years from its organization, unless sooner dissolved according to the provisions of its articles of association, or by the act of its shareholders owning two-thirds of its stock, or unless the franchise shall be forfeited by a violation of this act.

The provisions of the act of July 12, 1882, authorizing national banking associations to extend their corporate existence are readily understood, and have proved to be well adapted for the purpose. Stockholders have not always assented to the proposed extension of corpo-

rate existence under the law, but up to this date such differences have been amicably arranged without the appeal to the Comptroller, provided for in section 5 of the act. Banks whose corporate existence does not expire until 1885 have already applied to the Comptroller for authority to extend their corporate existence, but he does not consider that, under the law, he would be justified in issuing a certificate to a bank so long previous to the expiration of its first period of succession.

Before granting the extension, the law requires that he shall in every case make an examination of the bank applying therefor, and satisfy himself with regard to the character of the assets held by the bank. It would be manifestly not in accordance with the spirit of the law for the Comptroller to make an examination, and upon such an examination issue a certificate for the extension of the existence of a bank, to take effect many months thereafter, as it is possible that a bank in excellent condition at that time might, before the extension became operative, experience a serious impairment of its capital stock. The Comptroller has therefore declined such requests, and no certificate authorizing extension will be given to any bank until within a period of about four months previous to date of expiration of its franchise.

The whole number of banks now in operation, which organized under the act of June 3, 1864, whose periods of succession will terminate during each year previous to 1900, is 1,595, with capital and circulation as follows:

Years.	No. of banks.	Capital.	Circulation.
1884.....	249	\$89,611,570	\$60,526,825
1885.....	727	185,936,715	124,807,450
1886.....	19	2,715,300	1,758,250
1887.....	6	1,100,000	976,500
1888.....	11	1,300,000	719,100
1889.....	3	600,000	540,000
1890.....	63	9,290,500	6,419,950
1891.....	104	13,193,900	9,120,880
1892.....	103	12,879,600	8,800,870
1893.....	39	4,740,000	3,849,400
1894.....	67	7,638,000	5,819,150
1895.....	82	10,517,000	7,695,180
1896.....	23	1,968,800	1,525,500
1897.....	29	3,019,000	2,151,000
1898.....	27	2,649,600	2,208,600
1899.....	43	4,930,000	3,910,900
Total.....	1,595	352,089,985	240,329,555

In the Appendix will be found a table giving the date of the expiration of the corporate existence of each of the banks whose period of succession will expire during the year 1884, with the amount of capital and the outstanding circulation of each bank.

CONTRACTION OF NATIONAL-BANK CIRCULATION.

The Secretary of the Treasury has been compelled, on account of the large receipts of revenue in excess of expenditures, to call in rapidly for payment that portion of the bonded debt which is payable at the pleasure of the United States. During the year ending November 1 more than 105 millions (\$105,322,450) of the public debt has been paid, and all of the remaining three-and-a-half per cent. bonds, amounting to \$91,596,250, have been called for payment, and ceased to bear interest

on November 1. Notwithstanding the fact that 262 new banks were organized during the past year, with a capital of \$28,654,350, depositing \$9,375,550 of bonds as a security for circulating notes, the aggregate amount on deposit for that purpose has diminished from \$362,490,650 to \$352,907,300, a reduction of \$9,583,350. More than 40 millions of three and a half per cents held by the banks on November 1, 1882, have been withdrawn or called for payment; the threes have increased less than 22 millions, and the fours and four and a halves less than 9 millions.

During the month of September, fifteen millions of three per cents were called by the Secretary, and during October fifteen millions, and on November 17, ten additional millions, an aggregate of forty millions, of which about eighteen millions belong to the banks. The remainder of the bonds outstanding payable at the pleasure of the Government consist of 265 millions of threes, and of these the national banks hold more than two-thirds. Unless there shall be legislation by the present Congress which shall reduce the receipts of the Government, it is probable that the United States bonds will continue to be paid at the same rate as during the past year, in which event all the threes will be called for redemption within the next three years. This will reduce the bonds held by the banks from 353 millions to 151 millions, and cause a contraction in the national-bank circulation of about 60 millions per annum. This large contraction will be somewhat reduced by the action of those banks which substitute four and four and a half per cents in place of the threes; but the amount of long bonds held by the banks may also be reduced by that class of banks which may conclude that it is for their interest to avail themselves of the premium at the time when, in their opinion, the value of said bonds shall reach their maximum price in the market.

The total amount of bonds outstanding, held by the banks and by the people, which are available for circulation, and not payable at the pleasure of the Government, and which cannot be redeemed except by purchase in the market, is as follows:

Four per cents, payable July 1, 1907	\$737, 946, 550
Four and a half per cents, payable September 1, 1891	250, 000, 000
Pacific Railway sixes, payable September 1, 1895	\$3, 002, 000
Pacific Railway sixes, payable September 1, 1896	8, 000, 000
Pacific Railway sixes, payable September 1, 1897	9, 712, 000
Pacific Railway sixes, payable September 1, 1898	29, 383, 000
Pacific Railway sixes, payable September 1, 1899	*14, 526, 512
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	64, 623, 512
	<hr/>
	1, 052, 570, 062

It is evident that unless there is additional legislation the bonds held as security for circulation will rapidly diminish. New legislation may, however, postpone the payment of the public debt, or cause the profit on circulation to increase sufficiently to induce the national banks to invest in the long four per cents, which are not to mature for a period of twenty-four years. The contraction of the bank circulation may be avoided by reduction of the redundant revenue, and there is no doubt that this is the true policy. "The radical cure for the evil" of an accumulation of a large surplus, says the Secretary in his last report, "is in the reduction of taxation, so that no more will be taken from the people than enough to carry on the Government with economy, to meet all its obligations that must be met from year to year, to pay off with reasonable celerity the part of the debt which it may pay at pleasure, and to provide, through the sinking fund, for the payment of

*\$483,512 of this amount is payable in 1900, and \$4,680 in 1902.

that which will become payable by and by. The evil comes from the likelihood of the Government holding, from time to time, a large surplus to be poured out in volume at uncertain and unforeseen times, and at times often inopportune for the business of the country. There could not be that surplus, surely not so great a one, if the subjects of taxation were lessened, and the rates made smaller upon those retained."

The contraction of the bank circulation may also be avoided by the conversion of the long bonds into three per cents, by offering inducement to the holders of these bonds to exchange them for three per cents to mature in 1907, the Government paying to the holders thereof a reasonable amount for their difference in value. The principal objection made to this proposition is, that the Government would pay to the holders a large premium upon the bonds held by them, but it is evident that in the course of two or three years, after the three per cents are paid, if there is no reduction in the revenue, the surplus will enormously increase, unless the long bonds are then purchased by the Government at a rate to be then fixed by the holders thereof, which will be a rate much higher than that now proposed. The premium to be paid to the holders of these long bonds may be considerably reduced by providing that the circulation to be issued upon the proposed bonds when deposited by the national banks as security therefor shall not be subject to the present tax of 1 per cent. per annum, or by postponing the time for their payment. Such legislation would make the new bonds more valuable for this purpose than for any other, and would be likely to prevent their withdrawal until maturity, if once deposited, and for this reason the bonds would be more desirable as a basis for circulation than any which have heretofore been issued.

The contraction would also be avoided by providing for the removal of the tax on circulation, and the increase of the amount of circulation to be issued to the banks upon the bonds deposited by them.

The Comptroller, in discussing this subject in his report for 1882, said:

If the public debt is to be paid hereafter as rapidly as during the past three years, all of the interest-bearing bonds will soon be surrendered and canceled, and there is danger that the bank circulation will be so rapidly retired as to cause a contraction of the currency, which will affect the price of commodities and create embarrassments in business; but there is now no such pressing necessity for a speedy payment of the public debt as there is for the reduction of the redundant revenue. It is believed that Congress will soon provide for so large a reduction of the revenue that a sufficient amount of bonds will remain for the security of the bank circulation. * * *

If the whole public debt were reduced to a uniform rate of 3 per cent., the present high premium upon bonds would almost entirely disappear, and the volume of circulation would respond more readily to the demands of business. The temptation to sell such bonds for the purpose of realizing the premium would no longer remain. A proposition for refunding all the bonds, not payable at the pleasure of the Government, into three per cents, was suggested during the last session of Congress. The proposition is that inducements be offered to the holders of the four and four and a-half per cent. bonds to surrender them to the Government, receiving in payment therefor three per cent. bonds having the same dates of maturity as the bonds which are to be surrendered. The new three per cent. bonds issued would themselves bear a small premium, and it is believed that the holders of four per cents would consent to such an exchange if accompanied by an offer of not more than 15 per cent. premium. The amount of the premium upon this class of bonds, say 700 millions, now outstanding at 15 per cent., would be 105 millions of dollars, and this premium could be paid, as the bonds are surrendered for exchange, from the surplus revenue of the Government, thus in effect reducing the debt of the Government 105 millions by a prepayment of interest which must be paid at a greater rate each year until their maturity.

The benefits of this plan both to the holder and to the Government are apparent. The holders would receive, in the shape of 15 per cent. premium upon the bonds, a portion of their interest in advance, which would be available for loans at rates greatly exceeding the borrowing power of the Government, which is now less than 3 per cent. The Government would be enabled by this use of its surplus to save a portion of the interest which otherwise it would be compelled to pay hereafter. * * *

One alternative would be to reduce the tax upon circulation, and another to amend section 12 of the act of July 12, 1882, so as to authorize the banks to receive circulation at the rate of 90 per cent. upon the average current market value of the bonds for the six months previous. If the bonds shall decline in the market, additional bonds may be required to be deposited, or the interest may be retained by the Treasurer, upon notice from the Comptroller, to make up the deficiency. Such an amendment has frequently been suggested, and, in fact, the original national bank act authorized the issue of circulating notes to the amount of 90 per centum of the current market value of United States six per cent. bonds deposited, provided that such 90 per centum was not in excess of the amount of the bonds at their par value, or in excess of the paid-in capital stock. The law also provided for the deposit of additional bonds or money upon their depreciation, to remain so long as the depreciation should continue.

It is submitted that the issue of circulation upon four and four-and-a-half per cents at 90 per cent. upon their current market value, under a restriction similar to that last mentioned, is equally safe with the issue of 90 per cent. upon the three per cents now outstanding at par; or that a reduction of tax upon circulation to one-half of 1 per cent., or to an amount sufficient to reimburse the Treasury for the whole expense of the issue of bank circulation and all expenses incident thereto, is not unreasonable in view of the fact of the large reduction upon the income derived from United States bonds, amounting to more than 2 per cent. since this tax was imposed.

Other propositions have been suggested in order to postpone or prevent the contraction of national-bank circulation which is now imminent, but the Comptroller considers that, so long as there is a sufficient amount of United States bonds outstanding, legislation should be so shaped as to continue them in use as a basis for national-bank circulation. When the national-bank act was passed twenty years ago, it authorized the issue of bank notes equal in amount to 90 per cent. of the current market value of the bonds, but not exceeding par, nor above the amount of the capital of each bank. The only Government bonds then in existence bore interest at the rate of 6 per cent., and the amount of circulation was limited to 300 millions. Subsequently, on March 3, 1865, when this section of the act was amended so as to issue circulating notes at the same rate, but also in proportion to capital, the amount of circulation was also limited to 354 millions, and the amount of bonds then outstanding bore interest at the rate of either 5 or 6 per cent. The bonds held by the national banks on November 1 of that year consisted exclusively of five and six percents, amounting in the aggregate to \$367,549,412, of which \$128,503,212 were sixes and \$239,046,200 were fives. The great change, since that date, in the securities held by the banks may be seen by reference to the following table, which gives the kind and amount of bonds held on November 1, 1882 and 1883.

	1882.		1883.
Four and a halves	\$33, 754, 650	Four and a halves	\$41, 319, 700
Fours	104, 927, 500	Fours	106, 164, 850
Three and a halves . . .	40, 606, 950	Three and a halves . . .	632, 000
Threes	179, 675, 550	Threes	201, 327, 750
Pacific sixes	3, 526, 000	Pacific sixes	3, 463, 000
	<hr/>		<hr/>
	362, 490, 650		352, 937, 300

The interest upon bonds deposited was then from 2 to 3 per cent. greater than at present, and the profit on circulation about $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. There is now only a nominal profit on circulation issued upon United States bonds, and many of the banks which have organized during the past year whose bonds have already been called for payment have experienced a loss of the amount of premium paid for such bonds.

The yearly profit on circulation based upon 4 per cent. bonds may be seen in the following table:*

\$100,000 fours at 21 per cent. premium, annual interest.....			\$4,000
Circulation 90 per cent. on par value.....	\$90,000		
Deduct 5 per cent. redemption fund.....	4,500		
Loanable circulation,.....	85,500	at 6 per cent,	5,130
Gross receipts.....			9,130
Deduct 1 per cent. tax.....			900
Deduct cost redemption.....			30
Deduct $\frac{3}{4}$ premium.....			894
			1,824
Net receipts.....			7,306
\$121,000 loaned at 6 per cent.....			7,260
Profit on circulation.....			46

If the rate of interest was 7 per cent. there would be no profit. The annual profit on \$100,000 four and a half per cent. bonds at 14 per cent. premium, the rate of interest being 6 per cent., would be \$110, and at 7 per cent. there would be no profit.

At the time of the organization of the system, and since that time, the law has authorized the issue to a bank of \$100,000 capital, circulation at the rate of 90 per cent. upon securities having a market value equal to the capital. The value of \$100,000 of four per cents is now \$121,000, upon which only \$90,000 of bonds are issued, the margin being 31 per cent. instead of 10 per cent. as formerly, while the banks at the same time, under act of June 20, 1874, are required to keep on deposit with the Treasurer a five per cent. redemption fund, which amounts in the aggregate to an average of about 15 millions of dollars. Thus it will be seen that with the decrease of interest and decrease of profit upon circulation, the amount of issue upon the value of the bonds has also decreased. There is no propriety or justice in authorizing the issue of ninety dollars upon every one hundred dollar three per cent. bond worth par, and refusing to issue a like proportion upon a four per cent. bond worth one hundred and twenty-one dollars. The holder of a Government bond can readily borrow money upon it as a pledge from a bank to the amount of 95 per cent. of its market value, and it is not surprising that banks should prefer to relinquish their circulation rather than deposit as security bonds having a margin of more than one-third of the circulation issued.

A law authorizing increase of issue to 90 or 95 per cent. upon the lowest market price during the calendar or fiscal year previous to the deposit, together with the repeal of the tax upon circulation, would result in the deposit of a sufficient amount of the four and four-and-a-half per cents to maintain the circulation at about its present aggregate.

* In this computation the premium is deducted in $23\frac{1}{2}$ equal annual installments, and the 5 per cent. fund is regarded as reducing the loanable circulation. If the interest to be derived from successive re-investments of all receipts be taken into the computation, the profits are greater.

E. B. Elliott, esq., Government Actuary, computes that the *entire* profit on circulation during the twenty-four years from July 1, 1883, which the bonds have to run to maturity, based on the four per cent. bonds of 1907, the realized rate of interest being assumed at five per cent. per annum, and re-invested quarter-yearly, is 11.14 per cent. on the amount invested. If the realized rate of interest be assumed at six per cent., the *entire* profit will be 7.47 per cent. If the realized rate of interest be taken at seven per cent., the *entire* profit will be 4.33 per cent.

The *yearly* profit on circulation on these bonds, the realized rate of interest being assumed at five per cent. per annum, re-invested quarter-yearly, is $\frac{1}{100}$ of one per cent. on the amount invested. If the realized rate be assumed at six per cent., the corresponding *yearly* profit will be $\frac{1}{100}$ of one per cent. If the realized rate be taken at seven per cent., the *yearly* profit on circulation will be $\frac{1}{375}$ of one per cent.

Section 6 of the act of July 12, 1882, provides that any gain that may arise from the failure to present the circulating notes of the national banks shall inure to the benefit of the United States; and in order to ascertain the amount of such circulating notes, it is provided that new circulation, readily distinguishable from the circulating notes before issued, shall be issued to such banks as shall, under the law, be authorized to renew their corporate existence. It is believed that the gain arising from the accidental loss or destruction of circulating notes will amount to from 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. upon the highest amount outstanding during each period of twenty years. The amount of gain to the Government at the present time, arising from this source, is probably about four millions of dollars. This gain does not properly belong to the United States, or to the banks issuing the notes. It really belongs to those parties only who were the owners of such circulating notes at the time of their loss or destruction. The Government of the United States receives the circulating notes of the national banks in payment of all dues except duties on imports, and guarantees the payment of their issues at the Treasury, on demand, holding a paramount lien upon all the assets of each bank to make good any deficiency which may arise after the sale of the bonds pledged for such notes.

The amount of the gain accruing from the non-redemption of lost national-bank notes can soon be approximately estimated, and should be authorized to be carried to the credit of an "insolvent-bank redemption" account in the office of the Treasurer. If this fund should be used for the purpose of redeeming the notes of insolvent national banks, the avails of whose bonds might be insufficient for that purpose, the issue could safely be increased to a rate not exceeding the lowest market value of the bonds during the calendar or fiscal year previous to the deposit. Experience has shown that if instead of ninety dollars upon each one hundred dollars of bonds, one hundred dollars of circulating notes had been issued upon every seventy dollars of United States bonds deposited, there would not have been any loss to the Government, or to the holders of the circulating notes of any of the national banks which have failed during the last twenty years; but that there might have been an additional loss to the depositors, depending upon the character of the assets held in place of the portion of bonds which on this supposition would have been released. If circulation had been issued to these insolvent banks, which had a capital of about twenty millions, to the amount of their capital, the value of the bonds being the same, and there had been just previous to failure a decline in the market of 5 per cent. upon the value of the bonds, the losses would not have exceeded one million of dollars. These possible losses would have fallen upon the holders of the notes of such few banks only as became insolvent, or upon the creditors of these banks or the Government; and if the gain arising from lost notes could have been used as proposed, these possible losses would have been provided for. A very large proportion of the national banks are strong in assets and in the wealth of their shareholders, and no losses can arise either to creditors or note holders from their issues. Circulation could, in fact, be safely issued to many of the national banks, which have an accumulated surplus of more than 20 per cent. of their capital to an amount exceeding their capital or bonds deposited. But the present system is a free banking system, under which any association of persons may organize a bank. The increase in the wealth of the country has been rapid, and associations are being rapidly organized in such localities as offer good business inducements, by persons of undoubted means and good financial standing; but human nature remains the same, and Congress would

not be justified, under the present system, in authorizing the issue of circulation beyond the amount of security deposited, as such legislation would offer inducements to unprincipled men to organize banks, and issue circulation for fraudulent purposes.

A proper limit to the issue of the circulating notes of each bank, and adequate security for the amount to be issued, does more to prevent the organization of fraudulent institutions, in such a broad territory as our own, than any penal provision however stringent.

Legislation authorizing such an account as has been suggested to be opened in the office of the Treasurer would insure the Government against any possible loss, and the increase of circulation upon bonds, together with the repeal of the tax upon circulation, would undoubtedly have the effect of supplying the country with bank circulation for the next twenty four years, or until the maturity of the four per cent. bonds, and probably without affecting the safety fund thus provided to the amount of a single dollar. This legislation would have the effect to advance the price of the bonds, but the advance would bring them into the market, still leaving a sufficient profit to make the investment desirable as a pledge for circulation.

If beyond any anticipated contingency the bonds should largely decline in value, the amount of security could immediately be required to be increased, under section 5167 of the Revised Statutes, which provides that—

Whenever the market or cash value of any bonds thus deposited with the Treasurer is reduced below the amount of the circulation issued for the same, the Comptroller may demand and receive the amount of such depreciation in other United States bonds at cash value or in money from the association, to be deposited with the Treasurer, as long as such depreciation continues.

If considered desirable, in anticipation of a gradual decline of premium, the proposed law could require the amount of circulation issued to be reduced one per cent. yearly, or such per centum that the total amount outstanding could not at any time exceed the value of the bonds on deposit, and the Treasurer also could be authorized to retain the interest upon bonds when necessary upon the request of the Comptroller.

The proposition to convert the long bonds into threes, is more desirable than the proposition to increase the rate of circulation, for the reason already referred to, that the new three per cents, payable in 1891 and 1907, would bear but a comparatively small premium in the market and that the Government would be enabled to use its surplus revenues to advantage. They would be the only bonds available for circulation, and would not be likely to be withdrawn for sale for the purpose of realizing the market price; and the profit on circulation would be sufficient to induce banks to deposit them whenever additional circulation is required.

From time to time, as the present three per cents are called for payment, the fours and four and a halves are likely to advance in the market, and subsequently to decline gradually until the day of payment. There will be a diversity of opinion in reference to the date when they will reach their maximum price in the market, and for that reason they will be deposited and withdrawn, not when a greater or less amount of circulation is needed, but when the holder believes that he can realize the greatest profit from their purchase or sale. The new long three per cents would give that elasticity to the circulation which is greatly needed, and which cannot be obtained from the deposit of Government securities worth a premium nearly equal to one-fourth of their par value.

While the Comptroller is of opinion that the addition to the circulating medium of the country during the last three years has been more

than sufficient to supply the legitimate demands of business, he believes that the large contraction of the currency now imminent, should not be allowed to take place too rapidly, or the deficiency caused by such contraction be replaced by a substitute less desirable than the bank notes now in circulation. It is said that if the deficiency arising from the retirement of national-bank notes during the next three years should amount to about 60 millions per annum, it may be supplied by the gold imported from abroad, by the annual product from the mines, or by the coinage of the silver dollar upon which silver certificates are now issued.

By reference to the next chapter of this report it will be seen that there has been a large increase in gold coin, and also a large and steady increase in the amount of silver, chiefly of standard silver dollars, since the date of resumption.

But in the fiscal years from 1868 to 1877 there was an excess of gold exports as follows:

1868.....	\$63,658,901	1873.....	\$36,174,268
1869.....	21,870,930	1874.....	14,539,282
1870.....	21,579,012	1875.....	53,284,184
1871.....	59,802,647	1876.....	23,184,341
1872.....	40,831,302	1877.....	344,140

while during the succeeding fiscal years there was an excess of gold imports, as follows:

1878.....	\$4,125,760	1881.....	\$97,466,127
1879.....	1,037,334	1882.....	1,789,174
1880.....	77,119,371	1883.....	6,133,261

The gold production from the mines is estimated to have been about 32 millions annually during the last six years, from which must be deducted about 11 millions, the amount estimated to have been used annually in the manufactures and arts.

The annual increase or decrease of gold in this country is subject to great variations, depending largely upon the value of its products exported and the amount of its imports. It may at any time be largely to the advantage of trade and the business of the country to send gold abroad for the purchase of commodities, and if the experience of former years, not only in this country but elsewhere, is repeated, the amount of gold now held by us will not long hence be greatly diminished. Under existing laws, the increase in standard silver dollars cannot be less than 27 millions annually, and to that extent the contraction caused by the withdrawal of the bank circulation may be supplied by the introduction of an inferior currency.

It is also urged that Treasury notes as well as silver certificates may be issued in place of the bank notes which are to be retired.

This latter proposition was fully discussed in the reports of the Comptroller previous to the resumption of specie payment on January 1, 1879. It has been discussed in nearly every village and city of the Union, at a time when a large amount of five and six per cent. bonds was payable at the pleasure of the Government, and when the receipts of the Government did not so largely exceed its expenditures. Even under such favorable circumstances the constitutional right to issue legal tenders in time of peace was questioned; and it may be added that this question is now before the Supreme Court of the United States for its determination. If Treasury notes not a legal tender were to be issued for the amount of the present paper circulation, in all about 700 millions, the Government, as was then said, must hold a large amount—not less than 250 millions—of coin as a reserve, a considerable portion of which must be purchased; and the interest upon this reserve and the expense of issuing the notes and the cost of redemption were then considered more than equal to the advantage or profit derived by the

banks from the issue of circulating notes, while the obvious advantages of the present system of paper currency, composed of bank and Treasury notes in nearly equal proportions, and of having the monetary institutions of the country large holders of the public debt, would be lost.

The most serious objection to the proposition was that if the entire paper money of the country was issued by the Government, its amount would depend, not upon the demands of business, but upon the action of political parties and of Congress, and could be increased and diminished at its pleasure. No country which has continuously maintained specie payment has burdened itself with direct issues of paper circulation. Such issues in England and France are not the issues of the country, but the demand promissory notes of great banking institutions organized for this purpose. The act to provide for the redemption of specie payments, of January 14, 1875, provided for the reduction of the legal-tender Treasury notes, and the act of May 31, 1878, fixed the limit of such notes, leaving a conviction in the minds of the people that the amount was not to be increased. If the amount is to be increased, it cannot be done without reopening again the discussions which took place previous to resumption, and which finally resulted in the passage of the act extending the corporate existence of the national banks during the last session of Congress. If reopened it is more likely to result, as has been said by the Comptroller in previous reports, in the repeal of the act taxing the notes of State banks out of existence than in any considerable increase of Treasury notes.

Since the date of the commencement of this exhaustive discussion in every part of the country, its situation has greatly changed. Specie payments have been resumed, and the revenue of the Government has so greatly increased that the funded debt has been diminished more than four hundred millions, and the borrowing power of the Government increased from 5 per cent. to about 2.80 per cent. More than 1,700 millions of five and six per cent. bonds have been replaced by fours and four-and-a-halves, and the remainder converted into three-and-a-halves; while during the last two years five hundred and seventy millions of the three and one-half per cents have either been refunded, converted into threes, or paid, or called for payment, and the Treasury is embarrassed, not for want of the funds with which to pay the expenses of the Government, but with a revenue greater than it needs, and greater than it can judiciously disburse. Under such circumstances, authority of Congress to print additional Treasury notes would lead to still greater embarrassment, and place in the Treasury circulating notes at a time when the most important subject before Congress is the reduction of a redundant revenue and the employment of the surplus of an overflowing Treasury. If it were possible to issue additional Treasury notes when the revenues of the Government are so much greater than its expenditures, and simultaneously with the yearly addition of silver dollars now authorized by law, it is evident that such steps would lead plainly from a gold to a silver standard. The gold balance belonging to the Treasury is large, but the silver balance has increased rapidly, and the laws now in force will continue to increase the silver and reduce the gold.

The issue of additional Treasury notes will weaken the Treasury, and be likely to create doubts on the part of some of the holders as to the ability of the Government to pay gold on demand, and the Government, by declining to pay in gold, thus taking from the holder the option of payment, may at any time bring the nation upon the silver standard, advancing the price of products and demonetizing the entire gold coin

of the country. In such a crisis, the reserve of gold in the Treasury will be continually diminished on the one hand by the presentation of its notes for payment, while its revenue, on the other hand, will not be increased by customs duties paid in gold, as at present, but by the return of silver dollars and silver certificates, which will under existing laws sooner or later drive every dollar of gold coin out of circulation, bringing upon the country a much greater contraction than that which it is now proposed to prevent.

DISTRIBUTION OF COIN AND PAPER CURRENCY.

In previous reports tables have been given showing the amount of coin and currency in the country and its distribution in the Treasury, in the banks, and among the people on January 1, 1879, the date of the resumption of specie payments, and on November 1 of that and each succeeding year. These tables have been thoroughly revised, and are again presented, the amounts on November 1, 1879, being omitted, while those on November 1, 1883, are added.

The amounts of gold and silver in the country available for circulation are based upon the estimates of the Director of the Mint for January 1, 1879, and November 1, 1879. The amounts of gold for the succeeding dates have been obtained by adding the gold production of the country, less the amounts used in the arts, from estimates of the same officer, adding the excess of gold importations during the year or deducting the excess of gold exportations for the same period, according to the reports of the Bureau of Statistics. The amounts of silver are obtained by adding for each year the amount of silver dollars and fractional coinage, less amounts recoined. For the year 1883 the silver bullion purchased by the Government for coinage and on hand on November 1 is included.

From November 1, 1882, to November 1, 1883, the production of gold by the mines of the United States is estimated to have been \$32,000,000. During the same period the amount of gold—foreign and domestic gold coin and bullion—imported in excess of the amount exported has been \$13,613,992, making an increase in the stock of gold in the country of \$45,613,992. From this amount must be deducted the amount used in the arts during the same period (\$11,000,000), leaving \$34,613,992 as the increase in the stock of gold coin and bullion in the country.

The total excess of imports of gold over exports of the same from the date of resumption to November 1, 1883, has been \$186,195,510, and the total estimated gold product of the mines of the United States for the same period has been about \$167,600,000. The total amount of silver coined during the year has been, after deducting the recoinage, \$29,021,143, of which \$28,391,069 were standard silver dollars. The total amount of the latter coined since the passage of the act of February 28, 1878, authorizing that coinage, up to November 1, 1883, has been \$156,720,949.

The following table, based upon the estimates and figures given above, shows the amount of coin and currency in the country on January 1, 1879, and on November 1 of the years named :

	January 1 1879.	November 1, 1880.	November 1, 1881.	November 1, 1882.	November 1, 1883.
Gold coin and bullion.....	\$278, 310, 126	\$449, 327, 404	\$550, 922, 398	\$547, 356, 262	\$581, 970, 254
Silver coin	106, 573, 803	153, 653, 630	181, 476, 144	208, 744, 424	242, 701, 932
Legal-tender notes.....	346, 681, 016	336, 681, 016	346, 681, 016	346, 681, 016	346, 681, 016
National-bank notes.....	323, 791, 674	343, 834, 107	360, 344, 250	362, 727, 747	352, 013, 787
Totals.....	1, 055, 356, 619	1, 293, 496, 157	1, 439, 423, 808	1, 465, 509, 449	1, 523, 366, 989

There has been no change in the aggregate of legal-tender notes outstanding, which still remains as fixed by the act of May 31, 1878. National-bank notes have decreased \$10,713,960 during the year; the amounts of gold and silver have increased \$34,613,992 and \$33,957,508, respectively, making the total increase during the year in gold, silver, and currency, \$57,857,540.

The table below gives the portion of the gold, silver, and currency held by the United States Treasury and by the national and State banks. The amounts in the United States Treasury are for the corresponding dates with those in the preceding table. The amounts in the national banks are for the corresponding dates nearest thereto on which returns were made to the Comptroller, viz: January 1, 1879; October 1, 1880 and 1881; October 3, 1882, and October 2, 1883. The amounts in the State banks, trust companies, and savings banks have been compiled in this office from official reports for the nearest obtainable dates.

	January 1, 1879.	November 1, 1880.	November 1, 1881.	November 1, 1882.	November 1, 1883.
GOLD.					
In the Treasury, less certificates	\$112,703,342	\$133,679,349	\$167,781,909	\$148,435,473	\$157,353,760
In national banks, including certificates	35,039,201	102,851,032	107,222,169	94,127,324	97,570,057
In State banks, including certificates	10,937,812	17,102,130	19,901,491	17,892,500	18,255,300
Total gold	158,680,355	253,632,511	294,905,569	260,455,297	273,179,117
SILVER.					
In the Treasury, standard silver dollars	17,249,740	47,156,588	66,576,378	92,414,977	116,036,450
In the Treasury, bullion	9,121,417	6,185,000	3,424,575	4,012,503	4,936,365
In the Treasury, fractional coin	6,048,194	24,635,561	25,984,687	26,749,482	26,712,424
In national banks	6,460,557	6,495,477	7,112,567	8,234,739	10,247,926
Total silver	38,879,908	84,472,626	103,098,207	131,411,701	157,933,165
CURRENCY.					
In the Treasury, less certificates	44,425,655	18,221,826	22,774,830	26,224,248	30,996,217
In national banks, including certificates	126,491,720	86,439,925	77,630,917	92,544,767	103,316,809
In State banks, including certificates	25,944,485	25,828,794	27,391,317	27,086,482	28,259,069
In savings banks	14,513,779	17,072,680	11,782,243	14,724,978	12,998,594
Total currency	211,375,639	147,563,225	139,579,307	160,580,475	175,570,682
Grand totals	408,935,902	485,668,362	537,583,083	552,447,473	606,682,964

If the aggregates of gold, silver, and currency for the several dates in the above table be deducted from the amounts of the same items at corresponding dates in the table which precedes it, the remainders will be, approximately, the amounts in the hands of the people at corresponding dates.

	January 1, 1879.	November 1, 1880.	November 1, 1881.	November 1, 1882.	November 1, 1883.
Gold	\$119,629,771	\$195,694,893	\$256,016,829	\$286,900,965	\$308,791,137
Silver	67,693,895	69,181,004	78,377,937	77,332,723	84,768,767
Currency	459,097,051	542,951,898	567,445,959	548,828,288	523,124,121
Totals	646,420,717	807,827,795	901,840,725	913,061,976	916,684,025

The gold in the Treasury, including bullion in the process of coinage, has increased during the year \$8,918,287, and in the banks \$3,805,533. The paper currency in the Treasury has increased \$4,771,969, and in the banks \$10,218,238. The increase of gold outside of the Treasury and the banks has been \$21,890,172, and of silver coin \$7,436,044, and the decrease of paper currency exclusive of silver certificates, \$25,704,167. In the foregoing tables the silver certificates issued by the Treasury have not been included, but the standard silver dollars held for their redemption on presentation form a portion of the silver coin in the Treasury. The silver certificates in the hands of the people and the banks, at the dates corresponding to those given in the tables, were as follows:

January 1, 1879	\$413,360
November 1, 1880	19,780,240
November 1, 1881	58,838,770
November 1, 1882	65,620,450
November 1, 1883	85,334,381

It will be seen that the amount of these certificates in circulation has increased \$19,713,931 during the year.

The gold certificates issued under section 12 of the act of July 12, 1882, outstanding in the hands of the people and banks on November 1, 1882, and November 1, 1883, not including the amount in the Treasury, were \$6,962,280 and \$48,869,940, respectively.

As before stated, the total amount of standard silver dollars coined up to November 1, 1883, was \$156,720,949; of which, as shown in one of the foregoing tables, \$116,036,450 was then in the Treasury, although an amount equal to \$85,334,381 was represented by certificates in the hands of the people and the banks, leaving \$30,702,069 then held by the Treasury. Of the \$156,720,949 coined, \$40,684,499 was therefore evidently outside of the Treasury, and \$85,334,381 of the amount in the Treasury was represented by certificates in circulation. The remainder of the silver, \$85,980,983, consisted of subsidiary coin, trade dollars, and bullion purchased for coinage, of which \$31,648,789 was in the Treasury, and about \$49,993,256 was in use with the people and the banks, in the place of the paper fractional currency for which it was substituted, as against \$53,232,520 similarly employed November 1, 1882.

The increase of gold and silver coin and paper currency, exclusive of silver certificates outside of the Treasury and the banks since the date of resumption, is thus estimated to have been \$270,263,338, and the increase during the year ending November 1, 1883, \$3,622,049. To these sums the amounts of silver certificates in the hands of the people may be added. On November 1, 1883, the amount of these certificates held by the people and the banks was, as has been seen, \$85,334,381; but the proportion of this amount in the hands of the people cannot be exactly determined.

AMOUNT OF INTEREST-BEARING FUNDED DEBT IN THE UNITED STATES, AND THE AMOUNT HELD BY NATIONAL BANKS.

The public debt reached its maximum on August 31, 1865, at which time it amounted to \$2,845,907,626. More than 1,275 millions of this debt were in temporary obligations of the Government, of which 830 millions bore interest at 7.30 per cent. per annum. The average rate of interest on 1,725 millions of the debt at that date was 6.62 per cent. This large amount of temporary obligations was funded within the three years which followed the close of the war, chiefly into six per cent. bonds. The six per cent. bonds were gradually reduced during the year 1869 and the seven years following, by payment and refunding into five

per cents. The six per cents, together with the five per cents, were subsequently rapidly replaced by four and one-half and four per cent. bonds, which were authorized to be issued by the act of July 14, 1870. In the year 1881 all of the unredeemed five and six per cent. bonds, amounting to \$579,560,050, were continued payable at the pleasure of the Government, with interest at three and one-half per cent., by agreement with the holders. The act of July 12, 1882, authorized the refunding of the three and one-half into three per cents, and since its passage all of these bonds have been converted into three per cents, or called for payment. The last call was made on July 26 for \$30,753,350, and the interest on these bonds ceased on November 1 last. The Secretary also, during the months of September, October, and November, called for payment forty millions of the threes. The interest on the last call of ten millions is to cease on February 1.

The report for 1879 and subsequent reports contain tables exhibiting the classification of the unmatured interest-bearing bonded debt of the United States, and of the bonds held by the national banks for a series of years.

These tables are again presented, and exhibit the amount of the outstanding bonds of the Government, and the amount held by the banks on July and November 1, of the present year.

The following table exhibits the classification of the unmatured interest-bearing bonded debt of the United States* at the dates named:

Date.	Six per cent. bonds.	Five per cent. bonds.	Four and a half per cent. bonds.	Four per cent. bonds.	Total.
Aug. 31, 1865.....	\$908, 518, 091	\$199, 792, 100			\$1, 108, 310, 191
July 1, 1866.....	1, 008, 388, 469	198, 528, 435			1, 206, 916, 904
July 1, 1867.....	1, 421, 110, 719	198, 533, 435			1, 619, 644, 154
July 1, 1868.....	1, 841, 521, 800	221, 588, 400			2, 063, 110, 200
July 1, 1869.....	1, 886, 341, 300	221, 589, 300			2, 107, 930, 600
July 1, 1870.....	1, 764, 932, 300	221, 589, 300			1, 986, 521, 600
July 1, 1871.....	1, 613, 897, 300	274, 236, 450			1, 888, 133, 750
July 1, 1872.....	1, 374, 883, 800	414, 567, 300			1, 789, 451, 100
July 1, 1873.....	1, 281, 238, 650	414, 567, 300			1, 695, 805, 950
July 1, 1874.....	1, 213, 624, 700	510, 628, 050			1, 724, 252, 750
July 1, 1875.....	1, 190, 865, 550	607, 132, 750			1, 797, 998, 300
July 1, 1876.....	984, 999, 650	711, 685, 800			1, 696, 685, 450
July 1, 1877.....	854, 621, 850	703, 266, 650	\$140, 000, 000		1, 696, 888, 500
July 1, 1878.....	738, 619, 000	703, 266, 650	210, 000, 000	\$98, 850, 000	1, 780, 735, 650
July 1, 1879.....	310, 932, 500	646, 905, 500	250, 000, 000	679, 878, 110	1, 887, 716, 110
July 1, 1880.....	235, 780, 400	484, 864, 900	250, 000, 000	739, 347, 800	1, 709, 993, 100
July 1, 1881.....	196, 378, 600	439, 841, 350	250, 000, 000	739, 347, 800	1, 625, 567, 750
	Continued at 3½ per cent.	Continued at 3½ per cent.			
	58, 957, 150	401, 503, 900	250, 000, 000	739, 349, 350	1, 449, 810, 400
July 1, 1882.....		32, 082, 600			
July 1, 1883.....		3 per cents. 304, 204, 350	250, 000, 000	737, 942, 200	1, 324, 229, 150
		3 per cents. 305, 529, 000	250, 000, 000	737, 946, 550	1, 273, 475, 450
Nov. 1, 1883.....					

The operations of the Treasury Department for a series of years have largely reduced the amount of interest receivable by the national banks on the bonds held by them. During the last year, the three and one-half per cents were reduced more than two hundred millions (\$200,769,200), and during the present year ending November 1 more than forty millions (\$40,606,950) have been called and have been chiefly replaced by three per cents.

* The Navy pension fund, amounting to \$14,000,000 in three per cents, the interest upon which is applied to the payment of naval pensions exclusively, and \$14,970,500 of 3½ per cents., which had been called and ceased to bear interest after November 1, are not included in the table.

Sixteen years ago the banks had on deposit as security for circulation 327 millions in United States bonds, of which amount 241 millions bore interest at six per cent. and 86 millions at five per cent., and on July 1, 1882, they held 227 millions of three and one-half per cent. bonds. These bonds have now entirely disappeared from the list of securities held by the national banks with the exception of \$632,000, which have been called. The average rate of interest now paid by the United States on the bonds deposited as security for circulating notes is about three and one-half per cent. upon their par value; but is equal to about 3.19 per cent. only of the current market value of the bonds. The banks now hold 41 millions of four and one-half; 106 millions of fours; and 201 millions of three per cents, which have been refunded from three and one-half per cents. This will be seen from the following table, which exhibits the amount and classes of United States bonds owned by the banks, including those pledged as security for circulation and for public deposits on the first day of July in each year since 1865, and upon November 1 of the present year.

Date.	United States bonds held as security for circulation.					United States bonds held for other purposes at nearest date.	Grand total.
	6 per cent. bonds.	5 per cent. bonds.	4½ per cent. bonds.	4 per cent. bonds.	Total.		
July 1, 1865.....	\$170,382,500	\$65,576,600			\$235,959,100	\$155,785,750	\$391,744,850
July 1, 1866.....	241,083,500	86,226,850			327,310,350	121,152,950	448,463,300
July 1, 1867.....	251,430,400	89,177,100			340,607,500	84,002,650	424,610,150
July 1, 1868.....	250,726,950	90,768,950			341,495,900	80,922,500	422,418,400
July 1, 1869.....	255,190,350	87,661,250			342,851,600	55,102,000	397,953,600
July 1, 1870.....	247,355,350	94,923,200			342,278,550	43,980,600	386,259,150
July 1, 1871.....	220,497,750	139,387,800			359,885,550	39,450,800	399,336,350
July 1, 1872.....	173,251,450	207,189,250			380,440,700	31,868,200	412,308,900
July 1, 1873.....	160,923,500	229,487,050			390,410,550	25,724,400	416,134,150
July 1, 1874.....	154,370,700	236,800,500			391,171,200	25,347,100	416,518,300
July 1, 1875.....	136,955,100	239,359,400			376,314,500	26,900,200	403,214,700
July 1, 1876.....	109,313,450	232,081,300			341,394,750	45,170,300	386,565,050
July 1, 1877.....	87,690,300	206,651,050	\$44,372,250		338,713,600	47,315,050	386,028,650
July 1, 1878.....	82,421,200	199,514,550	48,448,650	\$19,162,000	349,546,400	68,850,900	418,397,300
July 1, 1879.....	56,042,800	144,616,300	35,056,550	118,538,950	354,254,600	76,603,520	430,858,120
July 1, 1880.....	58,056,150	139,758,650	37,760,950	126,076,300	361,652,050	42,831,300	404,483,350
July 1, 1881.....	61,901,800	172,348,350	32,600,500	93,637,700	360,488,400	63,849,950	424,338,350
	Continued at 3½ per cent.:	Continued at 3½ per cent.:					
July 1, 1882.....	25,142,600	202,487,650	32,752,650	97,429,800	357,812,700	43,122,550	400,935,250
		7,402,800					
July 1, 1883.....	385,700	200,877,850	39,408,500	104,954,650	353,029,500	34,094,150	387,123,650
		201,327,750					
Nov. 1, 1883.....			41,319,700	106,164,850	348,812,309	30,674,050	379,486,350

The banks also held \$3,463,000 of Pacific Railroad six per cents. They also had \$632,000 three-and-a-halves, which ceased to bear interest on November 1.

More than one half of the bonds now held by the national banks are three per cents. If the public debt continues to be paid as rapidly as it has been during the past year, all of these bonds will certainly be called within the next three years. Those of the lower numbers which it is safe to estimate will not be called within the next two years, cannot be purchased for a premium of much less than two per cent., and at that price there will be a loss upon circulation based on this class of bonds if they are redeemed within three years. The profits on circulation based on other bonds held by national banks are merely nominal.

AMOUNT OF UNITED STATES BONDS HELD BY THE NATIONAL BANKS,
AND BY BANKS ORGANIZED UNDER STATE LAWS, AND BY PRIVATE
BANKERS.

Through the courtesy of State officers, the Comptroller has obtained official reports made to them under State laws by State banks in 22 States, by trust companies in 5 States, and by savings banks in 14 States, at different dates during the year 1883, and from these returns the following table has been compiled:

Held by 754 State banks in twenty-two States.....	\$5,287,606
Held by 34 trust companies in five States.....	17,437,990
Held by 630 savings banks in fourteen States.....	219,017,313
Total.....	241,742,909

The interest-bearing funded debt of the United States was, on November 1, last, \$1,273,475,450. The total amount of bonds held by the national (\$379,486,350) and State and savings banks (\$241,742,909) was \$621,229,259, which is not greatly less than one-half of the interest-bearing debt. The amount of United States bonds held by State banks is given by geographical divisions for the years 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883, as follows:

Geographical divisions.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.
Eastern States.....	\$45,230,098	\$40,468,340	\$42,667,248	\$37,399,819
Middle States.....	157,563,757	176,373,889	197,135,239	182,847,588
Southern States.....	958,470	1,073,460	268,350	646,500
Western States.....	2,672,242	5,735,518	3,369,414	3,105,024
Pacific States.....	7,240,835	14,874,332	20,020,175	17,743,978
Total.....	213,665,402	238,525,539	263,460,426	241,742,909

In previous reports the Comptroller has given the amount of United States bonds held by banks organized under State laws, and by private bankers, as returned to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for purposes of taxation. The tax on deposit and capital having been repealed, no further returns of this kind will be available hereafter. The last returns to the Commissioner were for the six months ending November 30, 1882, and from these returns the following table has been compiled for the purpose of comparison with previous tables presented since the year 1880:

Geographical divisions.	Amount invested in United States bonds.		
	By State banks, private bank- ers, and trust companies.	By savings banks.	Total.
May 31, 1880:			
New England States.....	\$3,737,093	\$37,693,200	\$41,430,293
Middle States.....	20,564,834	146,301,155	166,865,989
Southern States.....	2,541,991	1,000	2,542,991
Western States.....	8,137,554	2,474,557	10,612,111
Pacific States and Territories.....	3,883,816	2,717,904	6,601,720
United States.....	38,865,288	189,187,816	228,053,104
May 31, 1881:			
New England States.....	2,985,496	36,640,795	39,626,291
Middle States.....	21,998,703	168,617,049	190,615,752
Southern States.....	1,707,702	21,689	1,729,391
Western States.....	6,734,948	2,689,447	9,424,395
Pacific States and Territories.....	4,984,313	6,911,198	11,895,511
United States.....	38,321,162	214,880,178	253,201,340

Geographical divisions.	Amount invested in United States bonds.		
	By State banks, private bank- ers, and trust companies.	By savings banks.	Total.
May 31, 1882:			
New England States	\$2, 644, 895	\$37, 046, 625	\$39, 691, 520
Middle States	20, 576, 823	189, 775, 842	210, 352, 665
Southern States	1, 862, 946	.....	1, 862, 946
Western States	7, 099, 874	2, 354, 710	9, 454, 584
Pacific States and Territories	5, 897, 637	12, 851, 605	18, 749, 242
United States	38, 082, 175	242, 028, 782	280, 110, 957
November 30, 1882:			
New England States	2, 501, 497	34, 274, 199	36, 775, 696
Middle States	19, 735, 340	179, 131, 959	198, 867, 299
Southern States	1, 147, 881	.....	1, 147, 881
Western States	6, 528, 666	2, 143, 118	8, 671, 784
Pacific States and Territories	5, 781, 749	14, 380, 007	20, 161, 756
United States	35, 695, 133	229, 929, 283	265, 624, 416

The data, which has heretofore been obtained from the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, included the returns from private bankers, and was, therefore, more complete than that obtained from the reports of State officers, but the amounts held by State and savings banks have not greatly differed.

ILLEGAL CERTIFICATION OF CHECKS. •

Section 13 of the act of July 12, 1882, provides :

That any officer, clerk, or agent of any national-banking association who shall willfully violate the provisions of an act entitled "An act in reference to certifying checks by national banks," approved March third, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, being section fifty-two hundred and eight of the Revised Statutes of the United States, or who shall resort to any device, or receive any fictitious obligation, direct or collateral, in order to evade the provisions thereof, or who shall certify checks before the amount thereof shall have been regularly entered to the credit of the dealer upon the books of the banking association, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, on conviction thereof in any circuit or district court of the United States, be fined not more than five thousand dollars, or shall be imprisoned not more than five years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Upon the passage of this act those banks which were accustomed to certify large amounts of checks, accepted those checks which were drawn upon them, instead of certifying them, and assumed that such acceptance was not in violation of law. The banks claimed that they had power to accept checks after the 3d and 7th paragraphs of section 5136 of the United States Revised Statutes. The former authorizes national banks to "make contracts," and the latter provides for the "exercise of all such incidental powers as shall be necessary to carry on the business of banking."

The Comptroller being in doubt in reference to the proper construction of the section, the matter was referred to the Attorney-General, who rendered an opinion on November 24, 1882, (1) that a national bank cannot legally accept checks drawn upon it where the drawer has not already deposited therewith the amount stated in the check; and (2) that the limit imposed by section 5202 extends to liabilities incurred by the certification of checks, and that such acceptance by a bank, without the existence of funds on deposit therewith, to an amount exceeding in the aggregate the amount of its paid-in capital, would be a violation of that section.

The proposition for the establishment of a stock-clearing house, such as is in operation in London, Vienna, Berlin, and other large cities in Europe, was in the mean time brought forward and discussed. An organization was formed and the plan was twice placed in operation, and it is said by those who are well acquainted with such transactions to have been practicable. It was abandoned during the last few weeks, chiefly, it is said, through the fears of some of the banks and stock brokers that it would diminish the magnitude of their business. In the month of August it was rumored that the failure of a firm of brokers had resulted in a loss to the stockholders of the Wall Street National Bank by an over-certification or acceptance of checks, and an examination of this bank during the following month confirmed the rumor, and furnished evidence of an over-certification of the checks of this firm in excess of their balance of cash on hand to the amount of \$199,899. The Comptroller thereupon, on September 27, addressed a letter to the Secretary, inclosing a certified copy of the examiner's report, with the request that he would transmit the same to the Attorney-General for his action, under section 13 of the act of July 12, 1882. This information was soon brought to the attention of the United States district attorney in the city of New York, the result of which was the indictment of the teller of the above bank, who, on being notified of that fact, appeared before the United States commissioner, and was held to bail to plead at the December term of the court. As soon as this proceeding became known to the bank it went into voluntary liquidation on October 17, and immediately thereafter was converted into a State bank, under the laws of the State of New York.

The trial, under this indictment, will test the law, which provides for a fine or imprisonment of any officer of a national bank who shall certify checks in violation of section 5208, United States Revised Statutes.

This proceeding should result in the organization of a stock-clearing house, or of some other action by the stock board and the banks, through whom this kind of business is transacted, which will render it unnecessary for national banks to certify brokers' checks, or lend their credit for such large amounts in the future.

It is respectfully submitted that the law, as it now stands, makes it a criminal offense for an officer of a bank to certify the check of a dealer who may inadvertently overdraw his account for a few dollars in the payment of an ordinary obligation; and it certainly should be amended so as to exempt such ordinary business transactions from the penalty imposed.

In this connection the Comptroller calls attention to the successful operation of the stock-clearing house in the city of London, which the London Economist says, "as a piece of time and labor saving mechanism, has undoubtedly achieved success."

The following paragraph from an article in that journal, of October 6, gives a history of the establishment of a stock clearing-house in that city, from which it appears that operations of equal magnitude with those in New York are successfully conducted, although the settlements it is understood are made fortnightly instead of daily, as in New York :

Since 1880, when the present clearing-house was established, the system has been considerably extended, and great efficiency has now been secured. The collapse of the preceding clearing, after a duration of about five years, was a perfectly natural ending to a system which was at once unscientific and contrary to the customs of the business. Under the old *régime*, all transactions between middlemen, which in the more speculative stocks are always very numerous, were simply eliminated for the purpose of bringing the original buyer and the ultimate seller into actual contact; but elimination, pure and simple, destroyed all continuity, so that two parties were brought unconsciously into a position of mutual contact. The leading principle of the present system is the complete practical recognition of the vital necessity of pre-

serving the same continuity which would exist if bargains were settled in the ordinary way, without the intervention of a clearing-house. As a consequence of this, the members of the stock exchange, as a whole, have from the beginning felt great confidence in the soundness of the work done by the clearing-house. The stock exchange committee accordingly supported the present system *ab initio*, whereas the former system was entirely unofficial. At present, it may be said that all the effectual members, with the exception of about one hundred broking firms—some of which, however, are of high standing—have become members of the clearing, and the number is even now steadily increasing. In fact, after a certain point of success has been attained, the tendency to participate becomes almost irresistible; hence it is anticipated that in the course of time clearing will become so universal that it will be considered advisable to make it compulsory. The scope of the clearing-house is now very extensive; only four stocks were first cleared, while now the number is nearly one hundred, which includes all the stocks in any way speculative. A great feature of the clearing is its mobility. A sudden rush of speculation into any stock, which in other times would have disorganized business, and perhaps have led to financial embarrassment, is now at once met by placing the stock upon the clearing list. The heavy work incidental to any important "special settlement" will now most likely be more and more lightened by the operations of the clearing-house, as satisfactory beginning having been made sometime ago, when the special settlement in Spanish four per cents occurred. One great development, the clearing of the cash differences at the fortnightly settlements, is still possible. We believe that the plan would be found perfectly practicable if the committee chose to elect its adoption. Were this to become an accomplished fact on some future day, the clearing-house would be actually what it is even now in name, "the settlement department," and such an extension of the system, rendering it complete in scope, would seem to be merely a question of time.

LOSSES ON UNREDEEMED BANK NOTES.

Section 5222 of the Revised Statutes requires that all national banks which go into voluntary liquidation, and all insolvent banks, shall deposit in the Treasury an amount of lawful money equal to the amount of their circulating notes outstanding. Thus it will be seen that no association can close up its affairs without first providing for the payment of all of its circulating notes. The amount deposited must remain in the Treasury until the last outstanding notes shall have been presented for payment. Section 6 of the act of July 12, 1882, provides that at the end of three years from the date of the extension of the corporate existence of each bank the association so extended shall deposit lawful money with the Treasurer sufficient to redeem the remainder of the circulation which was outstanding at the date of its extension. It also provides that any gain that may arise from the failure to present such circulating notes for redemption shall inure to the benefit of the United States, and that the new circulating notes to be issued in the place of the old shall bear such devices as shall make them readily distinguished from the circulating notes previously issued. In the Comptroller's report for 1875, he prepared a table from data obtained from a series of reports of the superintendent of the bank department of the State of New York, exhibiting the amount of notes which had been issued to banks organized in the State, and the amount remaining at the expiration of the six years' notice required to be given by the banks, before they were by law relieved from the obligations to redeem them. Returns were in this way obtained from 286 banks either incorporated or organized under the safety fund or the free banking system of the State of New York.

The maximum amount of circulation issued to them was \$50,754,514, and the amount of unredeemed circulation at the date of the report named was \$1,336,337, or 2.63 per cent. of the highest amount issued. The maximum amount of circulation issued to 30 State banks in the city of New York, which are still in operation either as national or State associations, was \$7,763,010, while the amount remaining unredeemed in October, 1875, was \$142,365, or only 1.83 per cent. of the highest amount issued. The amount of circulation issued to 240 State

banks in Wisconsin was \$7,565,409, and the amount unredeemed is \$134,747, the percentage of unredeemed notes being 1.78 only. The maximum issue to 210 State banks in the six New England States was \$39,245,380, while the amount remaining unredeemed is but \$792,767, the proportion of the latter to the former being 2.02 per cent. The returns from 332 State banks in New York, New Jersey, Delaware, and Maryland show their maximum circulation to have been \$63,664,176, while the amount unredeemed is \$1,707,428, and the percentage 2.60. The percentage of unredeemed notes of 25 State banks in Ohio, having a circulation of \$2,196,381, was 2.79. The greatest amount of circulation issued to 707 State banks, in 12 States, was \$114,671,346, the amount outstanding \$2,696,282, and the proportion unredeemed 2.4 per cent.

It is probable that, under the national system of redemption, the proportion of national-bank notes which will ultimately be redeemed under the national banking system is much greater than that of the State bank notes under previous systems.

The highest amount of circulation issued to 15 national banks which failed previous to 1870 was \$1,554,400, and the amount outstanding on November 1, 1883, was \$9,289, and the percentage unredeemed 0.60 per cent. of the amount issued. These notes had had a circulation of from five to six years only, which accounts for the small amount remaining outstanding. The highest amount of circulation issued to eight national banks which failed previous to 1873 was \$1,642,293, and the percentage outstanding was 1.47 per cent., and these notes had had a circulation of from four to nine years. This is shown in detail in the following table, giving the date of the organization of each bank, the circulation outstanding, and the percentage unredeemed in the years 1875, 1878, and 1883.

Name and location of bank.	Date of organization.	Circulation.		Percentage unredeemed.		
		Issued.	Outstanding November 1, 1883.	1875.	1878.	1883.
First National Bank of Attica, N. Y.	Jan. 14, 1864	\$44,000	\$278 50	1.10	.79	.63
Venango National Bank of Franklin, Pa. .	May 20, 1865	85,000	311 50	.73	.52	.37
Merchants' National Bank of Washington, D. C.	Dec. 14, 1864	180,000	906 00	1.28	.81	.50
First National Bank of Medina, N. Y.	Feb. 3, 1864	40,000	258 25	1.17	.78	.65
Tennessee National Bank of Memphis, Tenn.	June 5, 1865	90,000	446 25	.99	.68	.50
First National Bank of Selma, Ala.	Aug. 24, 1865	85,000	488 25	1.19	.81	.57
First National Bank of New Orleans, La. .	Dec. 18, 1863	180,000	1,494 50	1.55	1.18	.83
National Unadilla Bank of Unadilla, N. Y. .	July 17, 1865	100,000	325 50	.94	.51	.33
Farmers and Citizens' National Bank of Brooklyn, N. Y.	June 5, 1865	253,900	1,627 75	1.05	.85	.64
Croton National Bank of New York, N. Y. .	Sept. 9, 1865	180,000	519 25	.82	.49	.29
First National Bank of Bethel, Conn.	May 15, 1865	26,300	210 50	1.97	1.14	.80
First National Bank of Keokuk, Iowa.	Sept. 9, 1863	90,000	491 00	1.20	.75	.55
National Bank of Vicksburg, Miss.	Feb. 14, 1865	25,500	116 25	1.88	.80	.46
First National Bank of Rockford, Ill.	May 20, 1864	45,000	377 00	2.31	1.41	.84
First National Bank of Nevada, Austin, Nev.	June 13, 1865	129,700	1,438 50	3.71	1.73	1.11
Totals and average percentage, 15 banks		1,554,400	9,289 00	1.39	.86	.60
Ocean National Bank of New York, N. Y. .	June 6, 1865	800,000	12,223 00	6.10	2.55	1.53
Union Square National Bank of New York, N. Y.	Mar. 13, 1869	50,000	454 00	4.33	1.97	.91
Eighth National Bank of New York, N. Y. .	Apr. 16, 1864	243,393	3,586 00	5.43	2.41	1.47
Fourth National Bank of Philadelphia, Pa. .	Feb. 20, 1864	179,000	2,525 00	5.88	2.74	1.41
Waverly National Bank of Waverly, N. Y. .	May 29, 1865	71,000	1,451 00	6.93	3.20	2.04
First National Bank of Fort Smith, Ark. .	Feb. 6, 1866	45,000	635 00	6.20	2.61	1.41
Scandinavian National Bank of Chicago, Ill.	May 7, 1872	135,000	1,114 00	11.52	2.87	.83
Wallkill National Bank of Middletown, N. Y.	July 21, 1865	118,900	2,231 50	10.05	3.48	1.88
Totals and average percentage, 8 banks.		1,642,293	24,219 50	6.70	2.66	1.47

The table below shows that the highest amount issued to 17 national banks which failed prior to 1876 was \$3,219,241, which at the time of their failure had been in circulation of from four to eleven years. This table also gives the amount of circulation issued to 40 national banks which became insolvent prior to 1876. In both cases the percentages of the notes unredeemed to the total issued are shown for the years 1875, 1878, and 1883, as well as the actual amount outstanding on November 1, 1883.

Name and location of bank.	Date of organization.	Circulation.		Percentage unredeemed.		
		Issued.	Outstanding November 1, 1883.	1875.	1878.	1883.
Crescent City National Bank of New Orleans, La.	Feb. 15, 1872	\$450,000	\$6,540 00	15.39	5.30	1.45
Atlantic National Bank of New York, N. Y.	July 1, 1865	100,000	1,835 50	11.02	3.56	1.84
First National Bank of Washington, D. C.	July 16, 1863	450,000	14,761 00	32.80	7.85	3.28
National Bank of the Commonwealth of New York, N. Y.	July 1, 1865	234,000	6,052 70	38.05	7.73	2.59
Merchants' National Bank of Petersburg, Va.	Sept. 1, 1865	360,000	12,075 00	49.15	11.88	3.35
First National Bank of Petersburg, Va.	July 1, 1865	179,200	6,830 00	53.05	11.65	3.81
First National Bank of Mansfield, Ohio.	May 24, 1864	90,000	2,749 50	43.12	9.22	3.05
New Orleans National Banking Association of New Orleans, La.	May 27, 1871	360,000	8,000 00	30.97	7792	2.22
First National Bank of Carlisle, Pa.	July 7, 1863	45,000	1,355 00	43.40	8.43	3.01
First National Bank of Anderson, Ind.	July 21, 1863	45,000	1,437 50	40.03	8.75	3.19
First National Bank of Topeka, Kans.	Aug. 23, 1866	90,000	2,918 00	54.17	9.99	3.24
First National Bank of Norfolk, Va.	Feb. 23, 1864	95,000	3,505 00	48.21	11.28	3.69
Gibson County National Bank of Princeton, Ind.	Nov. 30, 1872	43,800	1,305 00	73.77	17.64	2.98
First National Bank of Utah, Salt Lake City, Utah.	Nov. 16, 1869	134,991	3,063 00	49.50	9.54	2.28
Cook County National Bank of Chicago, Ill.	July 8, 1871	315,900	8,892 00	58.88	12.44	2.81
First National Bank of Tiffin, Ohio.	Mar. 16, 1865	68,850	2,946 00	65.07	12.85	4.28
Charlottesville National Bank of Charlottesville, Va.	July 19, 1865	157,500	9,320 00	95.00	23.37	5.91
Totals and average percentage, 17 banks		3,219,241	93,585 20	41.81	9.76	2.91
Totals and average percentage, 40 banks		6,415,934	127,093 70	23.06	5.79	1.98

In the appendix will be found a table which gives similar information relative to 51 national banks, which were placed in liquidation prior to 1870, whose notes had been in circulation six years previous to those of the 75 banks in the above tables which failed previous to 1872. The largest circulation of these 51 banks outstanding was \$5,846,740, and the amount unredeemed on November 1, 1883, \$82,827, being 1.42 per cent. The appendix contains a further table giving similar information in regard to 165 national banks in liquidation which had a circulation of \$18,587,365, of which \$48,315 is still outstanding, a percentage of 2.36.

The issues of Treasury notes of the series of 1869 and 1874 have not been so largely reduced. The national-bank notes for years have done the work, while a considerable portion of the legal tender notes have been held for years in the vaults of the national banks as reserve. These legal tender notes held by the banks have recently been replaced by coin to a considerable extent, but the banks yet held on October 2 \$80,642,997. When these are assorted a considerable amount of the three first issues will be returned for redemption.

The highest amount of the first issue of legal-tender notes outstanding at any one time was \$449,479,222 on February 3, 1864. These notes

were first issued on April 2, 1862, and the issue ceased on April 19, 1869. The amount outstanding and the amount redeemed since November 1, 1882, are shown in the following table, from which it will be seen that the amount outstanding on November 1, 1883, was \$11,473,855, being a percentage of 2.55 on the highest amount outstanding.

Date.	Outstanding.	Redeemed during the year.	Percentage unredeemed.
November 1, 1878.....	\$18,312,584		4.07
November 1, 1879.....	16,271,277	\$2,041,307	3.62
November 1, 1880.....	14,947,895	1,323,382	3.33
November 1, 1881.....	13,833,300	1,114,595	3.08
November 1, 1882.....	12,518,833	1,314,467	2.79
November 1, 1883.....	11,473,853	1,044,980	2.55

The amount of demand Treasury notes payable in gold issued from July 17, 1861, to December 31, 1862, was \$60,000,000, in denominations of five, ten, and twenty dollars; and the amount remaining outstanding on the 1st of November last was \$58,800, the proportion unredeemed being a little less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.: \$2,359,447 having been redeemed within the last two years.

NATIONAL-BANK FAILURES.

Two national banks have been placed in the hands of receivers during the year ending November 1, 1883, namely: The First National Bank of Union Mills, of Union City, Pa., with a capital of \$50,000, on March 24, 1883, and the Vermont National Bank, of Saint Albans, Vt., with a capital of \$200,000, on August 9, 1883. The affairs of seven national banks have been finally closed within the year. These banks, with the total dividend paid by each to their creditors, are as follows:

	Per cent.
The First National Bank of Norfolk, Va.....	57.50
The First National Bank of Bedford, Iowa.....	22.50
The Northumberland County National Bank of Shamokin, Pa.....	81.59
The First National Bank of Monticello, Ind.....	98.00
The Cook County National Bank of Chicago, Ill.....	14.941
The First National Bank of Mansfield, Ohio.....	57.50
The Lock Haven National Bank of Lock Haven, Pa.....	100.00

The report for last year gave a list of fifteen banks in the hands of receivers, which were completely liquidated, with the exception of litigation pending in the courts. Three of these have been closed during the year. The others, owing to the delay in reaching the cases, are still in the same condition, although, in some instances, there is a prospect of a speedy settlement. The banks now remaining in this condition, with the percentage of dividends already paid to their creditors, are as follows:

	Per cent.
The Charlottesville National Bank of Charlottesville, Va.....	62.00
The First National Bank of Anderson, Ind.....	25.00
The Venango National Bank of Franklin, Pa.....	15.00
The Atlantic National Bank of New York City.....	95.00
The Miner's National Bank of Georgetown, Colo.....	65.00
The City National Bank of Chicago, Ill.....	77.00
The First National Bank of Georgetown, Colo.....	22.50
The First National Bank of Dallas, Tex.....	37.00
The Central National Bank of Chicago, Ill.....	60.00
The People's National Bank of Helena, Mont.....	40.00
The First National Bank of Allentown, Pa.....	70.00
The First National Bank of Waynesburg, Pa.....	40.00
The German National Bank of Chicago, Ill.....	80.00

The affairs of the Cook County National Bank of Chicago, Ill., have been closed, by sale of its remaining assets, by the order of the United States circuit court for the northern district of Illinois, under the rule *nisi*. The National Bank of the State of Missouri has paid an additional interest dividend to its creditors, making a total paid of 100 per cent. of principal and 85 per cent. of the interest accrued since the appointment of the receiver.

The following banks in the hands of receivers have paid dividends during the past year, the total dividends up to November 1, 1883, being also given:

- Scandinavian National Bank of Chicago, 10 per cent.; total, 50 per cent.
- National Bank of the Commonwealth of New York City, final dividend to stockholders of 0.80 per cent.; total to stockholders, 35.80 per cent.
- First National Bank of Norfolk, Va., final dividend, 8.50 per cent.; total, 57.50 per cent.
- First National Bank of Bedford, Iowa, final dividend, 10 per cent.; total, 22.50 per cent.
- Watkins National Bank of Watkins, N. Y., 13 per cent. to stockholders.
- Northumberland County National Bank of Shamokin, Pa., final dividend, 6.59 per cent.; total, 81.59 per cent.
- Second National Bank of Scranton, Pa., 20 per cent.; total, 95 per cent.
- National Bank of State of Missouri, Saint Louis, 35 per cent. interest dividend; total, 85 per cent. interest dividend.
- First National Bank of Monticello, Ind., final dividend, 68 per cent.; total, 98 per cent.
- First National Bank of Butler, Pa., 10 per cent.; total, 70 per cent.
- Mechanics' National Bank of Newark, N. J., 5 per cent.; total, 60 per cent.
- First National Bank of Buffalo, N. Y., 8 per cent.; total, 33 per cent.
- Pacific National Bank of Boston, Mass., 5 per cent.; total, 5 per cent.
- The First National Bank of Union Mills, Union City, Pa., 20 per cent.; total, 20 per cent.
- Lock Haven National Bank of Lock Haven, Pa.; total, 100 per cent.
- Cook County National Bank of Chicago, 7.112 per cent.; total, 15.112 per cent.
- First National Bank of Mansfield, Ohio, final dividend, 12.50 per cent.; total, 57.50 per cent.

Since the commencement of the national banking system 89 banks have been placed in the hands of receivers, and 460 banks have voluntarily closed their business, by the vote of shareholders owning two-thirds of their stock, under the provisions of sections 5220 and 5221 of the Revised Statutes of the United States. Of the banks in the hands of receivers, 7 had been previously placed in voluntary liquidation by their stockholders, but failing to pay their depositors receivers were afterwards appointed by the Comptroller to wind up their affairs. Of the 89 banks placed in the hands of receivers, 58 have been finally closed, leaving 31 still in process of settlement, 13 of which, as has been seen, are awaiting the results of pending litigation, leaving about twenty receiverships only in active operation.

The loss to creditors of national banks which have been placed in the hands of receivers during the twenty years that have elapsed since the passage of the act of February 25, 1863, as near as can be estimated, including dividends which will probably be hereafter paid, has been about \$7,000,000. The annual average loss has been, therefore, about \$400,000 in the business of corporations having an average capital of about \$450,000,000, and which have been responsible for the safe keeping of deposits in their hands, averaging constantly over \$800,000,000, or about one-twentieth of 1 per cent. of annual loss to depositors.

During the year suit has been commenced against the directors of the First National Bank of Buffalo for negligent discharge of their duties, through which the losses resulting in the failure of the bank were incurred. A similar suit will soon be brought against the directors of the Pacific National Bank of Boston, Mass.

The total amount paid to creditors of insolvent national banks amounts to \$21,778,672, upon proved claims, amounting to \$31,136,208. The dividends so far paid thus equal about 70 per cent. of the proved claims. The amount paid during the year was \$833,582.60.

Assessments amounting to \$8,151,750 have been made upon the stockholders of insolvent national banks for the purpose of enforcing their individual liability under section 5151 of the Revised Statutes, of which \$3,351,279 has been collected, and \$151,279 during the past year.

A table showing the national banks which have been placed in the hands of receivers, the amount of their capital, of claims proved, the rates of dividends paid, and also showing the amount of circulation of such banks issued, redeemed, and outstanding, will be found in the appendix.

LOANS AND RATES OF INTEREST.

The following table gives the classification of the loans of the banks in the city of New York, in Boston, Philadelphia, and Baltimore, and in the other reserve cities, at corresponding dates in each of the last three years:

OCTOBER 1, 1881.

Classification.	New York City.	Boston, Philadelphia, and Baltimore.	Other reserve cities.	Country banks.	Aggregate.
	48 banks.	102 banks.	87 banks.	1,895 banks.	2,132 banks.
On U. S. bonds on demand.....	\$2, 539, 928	\$415, 164	\$468, 496	\$2, 661, 256	\$6, 084, 844
On other stocks, bonds, &c., on demand	97, 249, 162	39, 251, 526	24, 227, 158	35, 423, 896	196, 151, 742
On single-name paper without other security	26, 935, 878	34, 465, 661	12, 904, 338	73, 114, 405	147, 420, 282
All other loans	120, 032, 691	137, 682, 302	96, 806, 506	464, 843, 937	819, 365, 436
Totals.....	246, 757, 659	211, 814, 653	134, 406, 498	576, 043, 494	1, 169, 022, 304

OCTOBER 3, 1882.

Classification.	50 banks.	102 banks.	91 banks.	2,026 banks.	2,269 banks.
On U. S. bonds on demand.....	\$1, 618, 687	\$265, 357	\$1, 532, 214	\$1, 851, 550	\$5, 267, 808
On other stocks, bonds, &c., on demand	89, 532, 760	31, 653, 098	22, 143, 725	39, 554, 649	182, 884, 232
On single-name paper without other security	21, 382, 572	26, 721, 688	16, 075, 330	83, 576, 480	147, 754, 806
All other loans	126, 507, 873	143, 297, 359	196, 531, 193	526, 041, 981	902, 379, 670
Totals.....	239, 041, 892	201, 937, 502	146, 282, 462	651, 024, 660	1, 238, 286, 516

OCTOBER 2, 1883.

Classification.	48 banks.	103 banks.	97 banks.	2,253 banks.	2,501 banks.
On U. S. bonds on demand.....	\$2, 093, 526	\$344, 337	\$623, 679	\$1, 972, 232	\$5, 033, 774
On other stocks, bonds, &c., on demand	94, 321, 605	29, 638, 276	23, 099, 682	41, 518, 741	188, 578, 304
On single-name paper without other security	19, 147, 049	24, 684, 110	17, 259, 584	87, 910, 589	149, 001, 332
All other loans	129, 546, 152	146, 149, 205	110, 381, 881	574, 760, 143	960, 837, 381
Totals.....	245, 108, 332	200, 815, 928	151, 364, 826	706, 161, 705	1, 303, 450, 791

In the table below is given a full classification of the loans in New York City alone for the last five years:

Loans and discounts.	October 2, 1879.	October 1, 1880.	October 1, 1881.	October 3, 1882.	October 2 1883.
	47 banks.	47 banks.	48 banks.	50 banks.	48 banks.
On indorsed paper.....	\$81,520,129	\$107,058,860	\$112,049,004	\$118,692,651	\$121,644,201
On single-name paper.....	22,491,926	27,755,152	26,935,878	21,203,573	19,147,051
On U. S. bonds on demand.....	8,286,525	3,915,077	2,539,928	11,797,687	2,093,527
On other stocks, &c., on demand.....	78,062,085	92,630,982	97,249,162	89,532,762	94,321,605
On real-estate security.....	670,021	1,336,513	236,100	304,732	184,683
All other loans.....	4,821,216	5,731,917	7,747,587	7,600,487	7,717,265
Totals.....	195,851,902	238,428,501	246,757,659	239,041,892	245,108,332

The attention of Congress has previously been called to section 5200 of the Revised Statutes, which places restrictions upon loans, and to the difficulty of enforcing its provisions. In cities where large amounts of produce are received and stored, it is represented that it is impossible for the banks to transact this class of business, if restricted to loans for an amount not exceeding in any instance one-tenth of their capital. It is true that the limitation does not apply to loans upon produce in transit, where the drafts are drawn on existing values; but if produce is stored, instead of being shipped, large loans cannot be made except in violation of law. In such case the Comptroller has no means of enforcing the law, except by bringing a suit for forfeiture of charter, and this course might result in great embarrassment to business, as well as loss to many innocent stockholders of the banks. It is evident that the law should be so amended as to exclude from the limitation mentioned legitimate loans upon produce or warehouse receipts, and some other classes of collateral security, as well as loans upon United States' bonds.

RATES OF INTEREST IN NEW YORK CITY, AND IN THE BANK OF ENGLAND AND THE BANK OF FRANCE.

The average rate of interest in New York City for each of the fiscal years from 1874 to 1881, as ascertained from data derived from the Journal of Commerce and The Commercial and Financial Chronicle, was as follows:

- 1874, call loans, 3.8 per cent.; commercial paper, 6.4 per cent.
- 1875, call loans, 3.0 per cent.; commercial paper, 5.8 per cent.
- 1876, call loans, 3.3 per cent.; commercial paper, 5.3 per cent.
- 1877, call loans, 3.0 per cent.; commercial paper 5.2 per cent.
- 1878, call loans, 4.4 per cent.; commercial paper, 5.1 per cent.
- 1879, call loans, 4.4 per cent.: commercial paper, 4.4 per cent.
- 1880, call loans, 4.9 per cent.; commercial paper, 5.3 per cent.
- 1881, call loans, 3.8 per cent.; commercial paper, 5.0 per cent.*
- 1882, call loans, 4.4 per cent.; commercial paper, 5.4 per cent.*
- 1883, call loans, 5.7 per cent.; commercial paper, 5.7 per cent.*

The average rate of discount of the Bank of England for the same years was as follows:

- During the calendar year ending December 31, 1874, 3.69 per cent.
- During the calendar year ending December 31, 1875, 3.23 per cent.
- During the calendar year ending December 31, 1876, 2.61 per cent.
- During the calendar year ending December 31, 1877, 2.91 per cent.
- During the calendar year ending December 31, 1878, 3.78 per cent.
- During the calendar year ending December 31, 1879, 2.50 per cent.
- During the calendar year ending December 31, 1880, 2.76 per cent.
- During the calendar year ending December 31, 1881, 3.49 per cent.
- During the calendar year ending December 31, 1882, 4.10 per cent.
- During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883, 3.7 per cent.

* From the Financial Chronicle only.

In the calendar year ending December 31, 1882, the rate of discount of the Bank of England was increased three times, and three times reduced. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1882, the rate was increased once and decreased three times. The present rate is 3 per cent.

The average rate of interest in New York City for the four months previous to November 9, 1883, was on call loans 2.4 per cent., and on commercial paper 5.6 per cent.; the rate of interest on that date was on call loans 1 to 3 per cent., and on commercial paper $5\frac{1}{2}$ to $6\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

The rate of discount in the Bank of France which was raised from 4 to 5 per cent. on October 20, 1881, was lowered to $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on February 23, 1882, to 4 per cent. on March 2, and lastly, on the 23d of the same month to $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

The average rate of discount during the year 1882 was 3.8 per cent.

The number of trade bills admitted to discount in the Bank of France during the year 1882 was 4,927,024, representing a sum of \$1,027,887,300.*

Of this number of bills there were—

6,742 bills of \$2.08 and under.
483,147 bills from \$2.29 to \$10.
734,437 bills from \$10.21 to \$20.
3,702,692 bills above \$20.

That is to say, nearly a fourth part in bills under \$20.21. The number of trade bills under \$20 steadily increases. In 1880 there were 1,014,412 of these small discounted bills; in 1881, 1,160,945, and in 1882 they have increased to 1,224,326.

The governor of the Bank of France in his report of its transactions for the year 1882 says, "these figures will show how great are the services rendered by the bank to the retail trade of Paris."

TRANSACTIONS OF THE NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE.

The New York Clearing-House Association is composed of forty-seven national and sixteen State banks, and the assistant treasurer of the United States at New York.

Through the courtesy of Mr. W. A. Camp, its manager, a statement of the transactions during the year ending October 1, 1883, has been obtained, which shows that the total exchanges were more than forty-six thousand millions of dollars, while the balances paid in money were nearly 1,600 millions. The daily average balances paid were somewhat more than \$5,000,000, or about 3.9 per cent of the amount of the settlements. The balances paid in money during the year consisted of \$1,020,039,000 in clearing-house certificates of the Bank of America, legal tenders amounting to \$10,017,196, United States gold certificates, \$530,718,000, and \$6,854,000 in gold coin. Since the date of the issue of the new gold certificates (October 4), authorized by the act of July 12, 1882, the balances due from the Government have been paid in these certificates instead of coin, thus dispensing with the movement of large amounts in bags and upon drays from the Treasury to the custody of the banks. The following table shows the yearly transactions of the New York clearing-house for the thirty years since its organization in

* In the table 5 francs are counted as being equal one dollar.

1853, and the amounts and ratios of currency required for the payment of daily balances:

Years.	No. of banks.	Capital.*	Exchanges.	Balances paid in money.	Average daily exchanges.	Average daily balances paid in money.	Ratios.
							<i>Per ct.</i>
1854	50	\$47,044,900	\$5,750,455,987	\$297,411,494	\$19,104,505	\$988,078	5.2
1855	48	48,884,180	5,362,912,098	289,694,137	17,412,052	940,565	5.4
1856	50	52,883,700	6,906,213,329	334,714,489	22,278,108	1,079,724	4.8
1857	50	64,420,200	8,333,226,718	365,313,902	26,968,371	1,182,246	4.4
1858	46	67,146,018	4,756,664,386	314,238,911	15,393,736	1,016,954	6.6
1859	47	67,921,714	5,448,005,956	363,984,683	20,867,333	1,177,944	5.6
1860	50	69,907,435	7,231,143,057	380,693,438	23,401,757	1,232,018	5.3
1861	50	68,900,605	5,915,742,758	353,383,944	19,269,520	1,151,088	6.0
1862	50	68,375,820	6,871,443,591	415,530,331	22,237,682	1,344,758	6.0
1863	50	68,972,508	14,867,597,849	677,626,483	48,428,657	2,207,252	4.6
1864	49	68,586,763	24,097,196,656	885,719,205	77,984,455	2,866,405	3.7
1865	55	80,363,013	26,032,384,342	1,035,765,108	84,796,040	3,373,828	4.0
1866	58	82,370,200	28,717,146,914	1,066,135,106	93,541,195	3,472,753	3.7
1867	58	81,770,200	28,675,159,472	1,144,963,451	93,101,167	3,717,414	4.0
1868	59	82,270,200	28,484,288,637	1,125,455,237	92,182,164	3,642,250	4.0
1869	59	82,720,200	37,407,028,987	1,120,318,308	121,451,393	3,637,397	3.0
1870	61	83,620,200	27,604,539,406	1,036,484,822	90,274,479	3,365,210	3.7
1871	62	84,420,200	29,300,986,682	1,209,721,029	95,133,074	3,927,666	4.1
1872	61	84,420,200	33,844,369,568	1,428,582,707	109,884,317	4,636,632	4.2
1873	59	83,370,200	35,461,052,826	1,474,508,025	115,885,794	4,818,654	4.1
1874	59	81,635,200	22,855,927,636	1,286,753,176	74,692,374	4,205,076	5.7
1875	59	80,435,200	25,061,237,902	1,408,608,777	81,899,470	4,603,297	5.6
1876	59	81,731,200	21,597,274,247	1,295,442,029	70,349,428	4,218,378	5.9
1877	58	71,085,200	23,289,243,701	1,373,996,302	76,358,176	4,504,906	5.9
1878	57	63,611,500	22,508,438,442	1,307,843,857	73,555,988	4,274,000	5.8
1879	59	60,800,200	25,178,770,691	1,400,111,063	82,015,540	4,560,622	5.6
1880	57	60,475,200	37,182,128,621	1,516,538,631	121,510,224	4,956,009	4.1
1881	60	61,162,700	48,565,818,212	1,776,018,162	159,232,191	5,823,010	3.5
1882	61	60,962,700	46,552,846,161	1,595,000,245	151,637,935	5,195,440	3.4
1883	63	61,162,700	40,293,165,258	1,568,983,196	132,543,307	5,161,129	3.9
		\$70,711,009	\$685,352,410,090	\$29,849,140,248	\$70,446,354	\$3,242,690	4.6

The total amount of transactions for the twenty-nine years given in the table is \$685,352,410,090, and the annual average is \$22,845,080,336.

The clearing-house transactions of the assistant treasurer of the United States at New York, for the year ending November 1, 1883, were as follows:

Exchanges received from clearing-house	\$305,306,669 98
Exchanges delivered to clearing-house	123,578,004 83

Balances paid to clearing-house	183,442,561 27
Balances received from clearing-house	1,713,896 12

Showing that the amount paid by the assistant treasurer to the clearing-house was in excess of the amount received by him..... 181,728,665 15

A table compiled from statements made by the New York clearing-house, giving the clearings and balances weekly for the months of September, October, and November, of the years from 1878 to 1883, will be found in the appendix, and are valuable for purposes of comparison.

The following interesting table has been copied from *The Public*, of New York City, of November 8, which gives the latest information concerning the exchanges at New York and other cities having clearing-houses, for the week ending November 3, 1883, comparing them with those for the corresponding week in 1882, and showing the percentage of differences. The exchanges at the same places for the month ending November 3, 1883, are also given, with the percentage of differences re-

* The capital is for various dates, the amounts at a uniform date in each year not being obtainable.
† Yearly averages for thirty years.

sulting from a comparison with the exchanges for the same month of the previous year.

	Week.			October.		
	1883.	1882.	Per cent.	1883.	1882.	Per cent.
New York	\$817,996,284	\$991,296,926	— 17.5	\$3,831,718,815	\$4,384,692,605	— 12.6
Boston	77,634,702	82,653,554	— 6.1	326,154,461	330,610,821	— 1.3
Philadelphia	54,734,467	61,832,953	— 11.5	265,345,366	250,864,077	+ 5.8
Chicago	52,290,729	55,492,262	— 5.8	233,882,807	223,323,336	+ 4.5
Saint Louis	15,611,326	17,080,955	— 8.6	74,496,955	74,939,115	— .6
Baltimore	14,159,848	15,040,369	— 5.9	65,253,165	61,506,526	+ 6.1
San Francisco	14,116,594	15,683,584	— 9.9	58,809,453	58,366,475	+ .8
Cincinnati	10,566,300	9,992,950	+ 5.7	46,698,950	41,150,400	+ 13.5
New Orleans	10,236,633	11,077,343	— 7.6	42,636,890	47,817,804	— 10.8
Pittsburgh	9,196,834	11,377,592	— 19.2	40,029,954	50,185,748	— 20.2
Louisville	5,574,710	4,337,758	+ 27.3	20,377,144	16,843,123	+ 21.0
Providence	4,269,000	5,285,400	— 19.2	25,954,600	21,875,800	+ 18.0
Milwaukee	4,054,058	3,973,632	+ 2.7	16,531,865	16,638,398	— .6
Detroit	2,859,651			13,920,430		
Kansas City	2,614,750	2,445,900	+ 11.4	12,823,250	10,029,300	+ 27.8
Cleveland	2,550,172	2,146,674	+ 18.8	10,062,468	9,786,184	+ 2.8
Hartford	1,654,245	1,595,492	+ 3.7	8,019,839	7,766,751	+ 3.3
Memphis	1,647,654	1,531,443	+ 7.6	5,751,259	4,211,555	+ 36.6
Indianapolis	1,628,123	2,273,621	— 28.4	7,092,972	8,109,769	— 12.5
Columbus	1,477,885	1,146,149	+ 28.8	6,149,411	4,754,470	+ 29.3
New Haven	1,264,022	1,531,789	— 17.5	5,434,781	6,137,014	— 11.4
Peoria	1,244,180	1,043,378	+ 19.2	4,596,986	4,272,397	+ 7.6
Portland	1,071,846	1,363,402	— 21.4	4,512,412	4,800,000	— 5.9
Springfield	854,667	1,032,699	— 17.2	3,798,636	3,723,880	+ 2.0
Worcester	848,431	880,583	— 3.7	4,072,912	4,594,325	— 11.3
Saint Joseph	702,725	620,321	+ 13.3	2,685,789	2,698,074	— .5
Lowell	624,475	752,149	— 17.0	2,893,936	3,315,164	— 12.7
Syracuse	621,199	739,790	— 16.0	2,737,017	2,257,111	+ 21.3
Total	1,109,205,859	1,304,228,418	— 15.0	5,128,022,093	5,655,270,222	— 9.5
Out. New York	291,209,575	312,931,492	— 6.9	1,296,303,278	1,270,577,617	+ 2.0

The following table exhibits the transactions of clearing-houses located in 24 cities, for the year ending October 1, 1883, from official returns received by the manager of the New York Clearing-House:

Cities.	Exchanges.	Balances.
Boston, Mass.	\$3,540,980,659 00	\$437,052,430 00
Philadelphia, Pa.	2,794,181,748 96	238,302,687 25
Chicago, Ill.	2,507,022,178 00	266,597,620 00
Saint Louis, Mo.	874,272,698 00	146,133,728 00
Baltimore, Md.	695,499,933 09	88,460,175 60
Pittsburgh, Pa.	538,134,071 54	90,785,404 12
New Orleans, La.	515,655,203 00	53,729,805 00
Cincinnati, Ohio.	486,177,850 00	(*)
Providence, R. I.	236,558,200 00	(*)
Louisville, Ky.	203,580,839 00	47,082,302 71
Milwaukee, Wis.	174,911,297 45	28,991,866 02
Detroit, Mich.	191,816,936 92	15,363,751 51
Cleveland, Ohio.	110,756,380 00	
Hartford, Conn.	92,785,885 47	\$26,000,000 00
New Haven, Conn.	64,135,000 61	15,229,885 83
Columbus, Ohio.	60,206,815 00	10,547,075 00
Memphis, Tenn.	54,671,255 45	10,889,190 02
Peoria, Ill.	50,961,493 00	(*)
Worcester, Mass.	44,243,340 00	14,047,056 00
Springfield, Mass.	40,861,119 29	12,036,132 87
Lowell, Mass.	36,752,968 36	13,766,129 58
Syracuse, N. Y.	22,903,350 99	6,044,952 19
Saint Joseph, Mo.	5,826,852 00	291,382 60
New York City	40,293,165,257 65	1,568,983,196 15
Twenty-four cities	53,536,061,332 78	3,090,334,770 45

From the above table it will be seen that the exchanges in New York city amounted to 75.3 per cent. of the whole sum, and the balances in that city were more than one-half of the amount stated.

New York City, 75.3 per cent. of total exchanges; 50.8 per cent. of total balances.

* No record kept.

† Organized February, 1883.

‡ Estimated.

COUNTRY CLEARING.

The London Clearing-House includes in its operations a system of clearing checks which are received by London bankers from correspondents, and which are drawn upon banks and bankers in different parts of England. The country clearing is a modification of the town clearing, and has been established twenty-five years. The number of country banks and branches whose checks are cleared through the London Clearing-House is 418.

As there has been some movement toward the organization of a bank in Boston for the purpose of collecting checks drawn on New England banks outside of that city, the following description of "the country clearing" from the London Bankers' Magazine, of October, 1883, will be of interest:

The outside world has no idea of the immense number of country checks which pass through the house in the course of a day. You see, a man buying goods in London and wishing to send payment, can, if he choose, get a postal or post-office order, but this entails more expense, and certainly far more trouble than writing a check. The number of country checks in daily circulation is decidedly on the increase. Now that the parcels post has come into operation, doubtless a still further impetus will be given to the custom of sending to London checks drawn on banks in the country. Now, in the ordinary course of things a banker will not put a country check to a customer's credit forthwith, but will first of all collect it, and then credit his customer's account with the proceeds. This would necessitate a delay of two or three days and give an immense amount of trouble to the banker—supposing the country clearing to be non-existent—infinity increase the risk of loss, and would as well infinity increase the delay through the post by reason of the augmentation of letters containing checks for collection. But all this is obviated. As we have already seen, the book-credit system gradually extended itself till it in reality produced the clearing-house. So the clearing-house has so far developed itself as to take under its maternal wing not only the checks and drafts drawn on and payable at certain London banks, but also at banks all over the country, which have for agents some of the clearing-banks in the metropolis. Separate tables of the amount paid through the country clearing we are afraid we shall not be able to furnish. With regard to the system itself, the country clearers of the clearing-banks, twenty-seven in number, take these checks received by their bank, drawn on country banks which have London head offices or agents, and sort them according to the agents' names. The same ruling and heading is required in the country as in the town books, only the size is much smaller. The clearer then casts his various sets, or charges, of checks and drafts, putting an amount on the back of each bundle, and delivers them at the house in the same way as the morning town charges have been delivered. The country clearing is from 12 till 2:15 p. m. The clearer at the house itself will receive from the other banks charges, or batches of drafts, on the country banks for which his establishment acts as agent. These he enters under the heading of the bank which has handed them in. As there is but one delivery the work is soon run through, and when finished the "sheet" is made out in the same way as in the clearing-house; but here is the essential difference—the balances are not really paid for three days; and so, of course, the balances which are received or paid each day are really the result and clearing of transactions of three days back. When we say three days we would be understood to include the day on which the checks are presented and the day on which they are paid, so that one clear day is left between for postage. The clearers, when they have entered all their charges and agreed their balances, take the checks, &c., to their offices, where they are sorted according to the banks on which they are drawn and dispatched without delay to the country banks for payment. In all respects the country bank is treated as a branch of its London agent, and so the transaction of crediting and debiting charges is carried on in almost exactly the same way as between a bank and its branch in the city.

CLEARING-HOUSE CERTIFICATES.

Section 5192 Revised Statutes provides that clearing-house certificates, representing specie or lawful money specially deposited for the purposes of any clearing-house association, shall also be deemed to be lawful money in the possession of any association belonging to such clearing-house holding and owning such certificate; and section 5193 provides that the Secretary of the Treasury may receive United States

notes on deposit, without interest, from any national banking association, in sum not less than ten thousand dollars, and issue certificates therefor in denominations of not less than five thousand dollars, which certificates may be counted as part of the lawful money reserve, and may be accepted in the settlement of clearing-house balances at the places where the deposits therefor were made.

The legal-tender note certificates were first issued in the fiscal year 1873. On June 30, 1875, there were outstanding \$59,045,000 of these certificates, of which the national banks held \$47,310,000. On June 30, 1876, the amount outstanding was \$33,140,000, of which the banks held \$27,955,000. On June 30, 1879, the amount had been reduced to \$29,330,000, and the banks held on June 14 of the same year, \$25,180,000. The amount outstanding on October 3, 1882, was \$10,725,000, and the national banks held on that day \$8,645,000.

The issue of the gold certificates was authorized by the fifth section of the act of March 3, 1863, and they were used for clearing-house purposes soon after the passage of the national-bank act. The first issue was made on November 13, 1865. On June 30, 1875, there were outstanding \$21,796,300, of which the national banks in New York City held \$12,642,180. The issue of these certificates was discontinued on December 1, 1878, and the amount outstanding had decreased on June 30, 1879, to \$15,413,700, and on October 1, 1880, to \$7,480,100. The amount outstanding on October 3, 1882, was \$4,907,440, of which the national banks held \$4,594,300. The issue of gold certificates having been discontinued by the Government, and the amount of gold coin having rapidly increased, the banks in New York found it necessary to establish a depository of gold coin for the convenience of the clearing-house. This depository at the present time is the Bank of America, by which bank certificates of deposit were first issued on October 14, 1879. The amount of such certificates outstanding on October 1, 1883, was \$22,955,000; on January 1, 1880, \$25,610,000. The largest amount of coin on deposit was on January 21, 1882, viz, \$45,330,000, the capacity of the vault having been increased since 1880. Of this amount, the national banks of New York City held on June 22, 1883, \$22,139,000; on October 2, \$20,345,000.

The act of February 28, 1878, authorized any holder of silver dollars of the weight of 412½ grains troy of standard silver, to deposit the same with the Treasurer, or any assistant treasurer, of the United States, in sums not less than ten dollars, and receive therefor certificates of not less than ten dollars each, corresponding with the denominations of the United States notes. It required that the coin deposited, or representing the certificates, should be retained in the Treasury for the payment of the same on demand, and that said certificates should be receivable for customs, taxes, and all public dues, and also authorized their reissue. This act did not authorize their use as clearing-house certificates, nor make them available as reserve for the national banks.

The act of July 12, 1882, authorized and directed the Secretary of the Treasury to receive deposits of gold coin in denominations of not less than \$20 each, corresponding with the denominations of United States notes. The coin deposited for the certificates is required to be retained for the payment of the same on demand, and these certificates, and also silver certificates, are authorized to be counted as part of the lawful reserve of the national banks.

The amount of silver certificates outstanding on November 1, less the amount held by the Treasury, was \$85,334,381. The amount of gold certificates November 1, 1883, less the amount held by the Treasury, was \$52,075,880.

SPECIE IN BANK AND IN THE TREASURY OF THE UNITED STATES, AND
ESTIMATED AMOUNT IN THE COUNTRY—SPECIE IN THE BANK OF
ENGLAND AND IN THE BANK OF FRANCE.

The following table exhibits the amounts of specie held by the national banks at the dates of their reports for the last eleven years, the coin and coin certificates held by the New York City banks being stated separately:

Dates.	Held by national banks in New York City.				Held by other national banks.	Aggregate.
	Coin.	U. S. gold cer- tificates.	Clearing-house certificates.	Total.		
Sept. 12, 1873..	\$1,063,210 55	\$13,522,600	-----	\$14,585,810 55	\$5,282,658 90	\$19,868,469 45
Dec. 26, 1873..	1,376,170 50	18,325,760	-----	19,701,930 50	7,205,107 08	26,907,037 58
Feb. 27, 1874..	1,167,820 09	23,518,640	-----	24,686,460 09	8,679,403 49	33,365,863 58
May 1, 1874..	1,530,282 10	23,454,660	-----	24,984,942 10	7,585,027 16	32,569,969 26
June 26, 1874..	1,842,525 00	13,671,660	-----	15,514,185 00	6,812,022 27	32,326,207 27
Oct. 2, 1874..	1,291,786 56	13,114,480	-----	14,406,266 56	6,834,678 67	21,240,945 23
Dec. 31, 1874..	1,443,215 42	14,410,940	-----	15,854,155 42	6,582,605 62	22,436,761 04
Mar. 1, 1875..	1,084,555 54	10,622,160	-----	11,706,715 54	4,960,390 63	16,667,106 17
May 1, 1875..	930,105 76	5,753,220	-----	6,683,325 76	3,937,035 88	10,620,361 64
June 30, 1875..	1,023,015 86	12,642,180	-----	13,665,195 86	5,294,386 44	18,959,582 30
Oct. 1, 1875..	753,904 90	4,201,720	-----	4,955,624 90	3,094,704 83	8,050,329 73
Dec. 17, 1875..	869,436 72	12,532,810	-----	13,402,246 72	3,668,659 18	17,070,905 90
Mar. 10, 1876..	3,261,131 36	19,086,920	-----	22,348,051 36	6,729,294 49	29,077,345 85
May 12, 1876..	832,313 70	15,183,760	-----	16,016,073 70	5,098,520 66	21,114,594 36
June 30, 1876..	1,214,522 92	16,872,780	-----	18,087,302 92	7,131,167 00	25,218,469 92
Oct. 2, 1876..	1,120,814 34	13,446,760	-----	14,567,574 34	6,785,079 69	21,352,654 03
Dec. 22, 1876..	1,434,701 83	21,602,900	-----	23,037,601 83	9,962,046 06	32,999,647 89
Jan 20, 1877..	1,669,284 94	33,629,060	-----	35,298,344 94	14,410,322 61	49,709,267 55
Apr. 14, 1877..	1,930,725 59	13,889,180	-----	15,829,905 59	11,240,132 19	27,070,037 78
June 22, 1877..	1,423,258 17	10,324,320	-----	11,747,578 17	9,588,417 89	21,335,996 06
Oct. 1, 1877..	1,538,486 47	11,409,920	-----	12,948,406 47	9,710,413 84	22,658,820 31
Dec. 28, 1877..	1,935,746 20	19,119,080	-----	21,074,826 20	11,832,924 50	32,907,750 70
Mar. 15, 1878..	2,428,797 44	35,003,220	-----	37,432,017 44	17,290,040 58	54,722,058 02
May 1, 1878..	2,688,092 06	25,397,640	-----	28,085,732 06	17,938,024 00	46,023,756 06
June 29, 1878..	1,905,705 22	11,954,500	-----	13,860,205 22	15,391,264 55	29,251,469 77
Oct. 1, 1878..	1,779,792 43	11,514,810	-----	13,294,602 43	17,394,004 16	30,688,606 59
Dec. 6, 1878..	4,009,299 01	12,277,180	-----	16,286,479 01	18,068,771 35	34,355,250 36
Jan. 1, 1879..	5,421,552 49	12,739,540	-----	18,161,092 49	23,338,664 83	41,499,757 32
Apr. 4, 1879..	5,312,966 90	12,220,940	-----	17,533,906 90	23,614,656 51	41,148,563 41
June 14, 1879..	6,058,472 34	12,291,270	-----	18,349,742 34	23,983,545 10	42,333,287 44
Oct. 2, 1879..	7,218,967 69	12,130,900	-----	19,349,867 69	22,823,879 54	42,173,747 23
Dec. 12, 1879..	20,096,249 64	8,366,140	\$21,569,000 00	50,031,389 64	28,981,651 95	79,013,041 59
Feb. 21, 1880..	12,252,541 44	7,464,650	35,855,000 00	55,572,191 44	33,869,860 31	89,442,051 75
Apr. 23, 1880..	12,595,720 49	6,914,250	25,458,000 00	44,967,970 49	41,461,761 72	86,429,732 21
June 11, 1880..	16,682,226 40	7,810,200	33,337,000 00	57,829,426 40	41,677,078 86	99,506,505 26
Oct. 1, 1880..	16,104,855 28	7,489,700	36,189,000 00	59,783,555 28	49,562,954 11	109,346,509 49
Dec. 31, 1880..	19,773,859 01	6,709,900	28,246,000 00	54,729,759 01	52,443,141 91	107,172,900 92
Mar. 11, 1881..	15,924,683 90	4,825,300	30,809,000 00	51,558,983 90	53,597,211 36	105,156,195 26
May 6, 1881..	26,242,108 60	4,625,900	34,176,000 00	65,044,008 60	57,584,553 48	122,628,562 08
June 30, 1881..	20,822,790 87	4,513,400	41,858,000 00	67,194,190 87	61,444,736 63	128,638,927 50
Oct. 1, 1881..	15,317,168 04	4,486,600	31,721,000 00	51,524,768 04	62,809,968 08	114,334,736 12
Dec. 31, 1881..	16,352,630 49	4,037,600	33,852,000 00	54,242,230 49	59,498,409 11	113,680,639 60
Mar. 11, 1882..	17,093,447 39	4,075,800	29,907,000 00	51,076,247 39	58,907,863 65	109,984,111 04
May 19, 1882..	15,541,956 93	4,034,300	31,783,000 00	51,359,256 93	61,056,549 80	112,415,806 73
July 1, 1882..	14,278,290 77	4,005,100	32,854,000 00	51,137,390 77	60,556,871 77	111,694,262 54
Oct. 3, 1882..	14,391,783 74	3,908,100	26,224,000 00	44,523,883 74	58,333,894 53	102,857,778 27
Dec. 30, 1882..	10,811,726 69	17,720,100	22,020,000 00	50,551,826 69	55,875,332 71	106,427,159 40
Mar. 13, 1883..	10,060,551 05	10,813,320	21,818,000 00	42,691,871 05	55,270,495 29	97,962,366 34
May 1, 1883..	9,891,636 15	16,094,210	21,334,000 00	47,319,846 15	56,287,420 17	103,607,266 32
June 22, 1883..	8,219,744 22	26,477,760	22,139,000 00	56,836,504 22	58,517,890 40	115,354,394 62
Oct. 2, 1883..	9,388,073 82	20,541,100	20,345,000 00	50,274,173 82	57,543,809 71	107,817,983 53

The national banks held silver coin amounting, on October 1, 1877, to \$3,700,703, and on October 1, 1878, to \$5,392,628. On October 2, 1879, the amount held was \$4,986,493, and on October 1, 1880, it was \$6,495,477, including \$1,165,120 in silver treasury certificates; on October 3, 1882, it was \$8,273,815, including \$1,807,600 of silver certificates, and on October 2, 1883, it was \$10,247,926, including \$2,653,030 of silver certificates. On October 1 of the present year the official reports of the State banks in New England, New York, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Georgia, Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, Missouri, and

Minnesota show that these banks then held specie amounting to \$9,729,817, of which the banks in New York City held \$6,185,509. The official returns from the State banks of California do not give separately the amount of coin held by them; but it is estimated that of the total cash reported, amounting to \$8,109,198, \$7,700,000 consisted of coin. The amount of coin held by State banks in the States before mentioned, including California, was, therefore, \$17,429,817.

The Director of the Mint, in his report for 1881, estimates the amount of coin in the country on June 30, 1880, at \$501,555,711, of which \$358,958,691 was gold and \$142,597,020 was silver. His estimate for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883, is as follows:

United States coin.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
Circulation June 30, 1882	\$500,862,185	\$192,573,360	\$700,455,545
Coinage for the year, less deposits for recoinage	35,582,798	28,198,541	63,781,339
Excess of exports over imports	3,309,811	519,298	3,829,109
Total	539,754,794	228,291,199	768,045,993
Less amounts used in the arts	2,500,000	75,000	2,575,000
Circulation July 1, 1883	537,254,794	228,216,199	765,470,995

From July 1, 1883, to November 1, there has been added to the coin \$9,842,694 of gold and \$9,466,216 of silver, making the stock of coin in the country at the latter date \$784,779,903, of which \$547,097,488 was gold and \$237,682,415 was silver.

The amount of bullion in the mint and in the New York assay office on November 1 is stated to have been \$62,392,447 of gold and \$4,936,365 of silver, making in all \$67,329,212; which, added to the amount of coin stated above, gives \$852,109,115, of which amount \$609,490,335 was gold and \$242,618,780 was silver.

The following table shows the amount of gold and silver, including the amount held to protect gold and silver certificates, and the percentage of each, in the Treasury of the United States, on September 30 of each year from 1876 to 1883, and on November 1, 1883:

Period.	Silver.			Gold coin and bullion.	Total coin and bullion.	Per cent of—	
	Standard dollars.	Other coin and bullion.	Total silver.			Silver.	Gold.
Sept. 30, 1876		\$6,029,367	\$6,029,367	\$55,423,059	\$61,452,426	9.8	90.2
Sept. 30, 1877		7,425,454	7,425,454	107,039,529	114,464,983	6.5	93.5
Sept. 30, 1878	\$12,155,205	15,777,937	27,933,142	136,036,302	163,969,444	17.0	83.0
Sept. 30, 1879	31,806,774	21,173,023	52,979,797	169,827,571	222,807,368	23.8	76.2
Sept. 30, 1880	47,784,744	30,878,286	78,663,030	135,641,450	214,304,480	36.7	63.3
Sept. 30, 1881	66,092,667	28,945,297	96,037,964	174,361,343	269,399,307	35.3	64.7
Sept. 30, 1882	92,228,649	30,769,705	122,998,354	152,739,106	275,737,460	44.6	55.4
Sept. 30, 1883	114,587,372	31,858,072	146,445,444	206,130,543	352,575,987	41.5	58.5
Nov. 1, 1883	116,036,450	31,648,789	147,685,239	209,429,940	357,115,179	41.4	58.6

The bullion in the Bank of England for each year from 1870 to 1883 is shown in the following table, the pound sterling being estimated at five dollars:

1870	\$103,900,000	1877	\$126,850,000
1871	117,950,000	1878	119,200,000
1872	112,900,000	1879 *	150,942,980
1873	113,500,000	1880 †	141,637,000
1874	111,450,000	1881 †	115,221,870
1875	119,600,000	1882 †	108,689,912
1876	143,500,000	1883 †	121,779,545

* London Economist, November 8, 1879.

† London Bankers' Magazine, October, 1880, 1881, and 1882.

Below is a similar table, giving the amount of gold and silver, and the percentage of each, in the Bank of France, on December 31 of each year* from 1870 to 1882, and on November 1, 1883, five francs being estimated at one dollar :

Years.	Silver coin and bullion.	Gold coin and bullion.	Total.	Per cent. of—	
				Silver.	Gold.
December 31, 1870.....	\$13, 700, 000	\$85, 740, 000	\$99, 440, 000	13. 8	86. 2
December 31, 1871.....	16, 240, 000	110, 680, 000	126, 920, 000	12. 8	87. 2
December 31, 1872.....	26, 520, 000	131, 740, 000	158, 260, 000	16. 8	83. 2
December 31, 1873.....	31, 260, 000	122, 260, 000	153, 520, 000	20. 4	79. 6
December 31, 1874.....	62, 640, 000	204, 220, 000	266, 860, 000	23. 5	76. 5
December 31, 1875.....	101, 000, 000	234, 860, 000	335, 860, 000	30. 1	69. 9
December 31, 1876.....	127, 720, 000	306, 080, 000	433, 800, 000	29. 4	70. 6
December 31, 1877.....	173, 080, 000	235, 420, 000	408, 500, 000	42. 4	57. 6
December 31, 1878.....	211, 620, 000	196, 720, 000	408, 340, 000	51. 8	48. 2
December 31, 1879.....	245, 520, 000	148, 320, 000	393, 840, 000	62. 3	37. 7
December 31, 1880.....	244, 361, 000	110, 480, 000	354, 840, 000	68. 9	31. 1
December 31, 1881.....	231, 180, 000	129, 160, 000	360, 340, 000	64. 2	35. 8
December 31, 1882.....	216, 553, 000	190, 981, 000	407, 534, 000	53. 1	46. 9
November 1, 1883.....	203, 085, 000	192, 112, 000	395, 197, 000	51. 3	48. 7

SECURITY FOR CIRCULATING NOTES.

During previous years there have been many changes in the classes of United States bonds held by the national banks as security for their circulation, owing to the payment or refunding or extension of the different issues of five and six per cent. bonds bearing interest at four and a half, four, three and a half, and three per cent. During the preceding year 259 millions of three and a half per cent. bonds held by the banks, which were extended from five or six per cent. bonds in the year 1881, have been changed into three per cent bonds, and during the present year ending November 1, 1883, all of the remaining three and a half per cent. bonds have been called for payment, of which the national banks held about 40 millions. The amount of United States bonds held by the Treasurer as security for the circulating notes of the national banks on the first day of November, 1883, is exhibited in the following table:

Class of bonds.	Authorizing act.	Rate of interest.	Amount.
		<i>Per cent.</i>	
Funded loan of 1891.....	July 14, 1870, and January 20, 1871..	4½	\$41, 319, 760
Funded loan of 1907.....	do do	4	106, 164, 850
Funded loan of 1881 continued.....	do do	3½	632, 000
Funded loan of July 12, 1882.....	July 12, 1882.....	3	201, 327, 750
Pacific Railway bonds.....	July 1, 1862, and July 2, 1864.....	6	3, 463, 000
Total			352, 937, 300

During the year 1871, and previous thereto, a large portion of the bonds bore interest at the rate of 6 per cent., and until the year 1877 all of the bonds bore interest at either 5 or 6 per cent. The five or six per cent. bonds, in the year 1881, entirely disappeared from the list of these securities, with the exception of three and a half millions of

* The Bulletin de Statistique, as quoted in the Bankers' Magazine, New York, vol. xiii, page 740; except the items for 1879-'80 and '81, which were obtained from the London Bankers' Magazine for August, 1880, page 661, September, 1881, page 716, and September, 1882, page 739, and the last item from L'Economist Francais, November 3, 1883.

Pacific sixes, and during the present year the three and a half per cents have in like manner disappeared, with the exception of six hundred and thirty-two thousand which have been called.

At the present time more than 57 per cent. of the amount pledged for circulation, consists of bonds bearing interest at 3 per cent. only, and the remainder, with the exception of three and a half millions of Pacifics, bear interest at the rate of 4 and $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

STATE BANKS, TRUST COMPANIES, AND SAVINGS BANKS.

The act of Congress of February 19, 1873, section 333 of the United States Revised Statutes, requires the Comptroller to obtain from authentic sources, and report to Congress, statements exhibiting, under appropriate heads, the resources and liabilities of such banks and savings banks as are organized under the laws of the several States and Territories. In compliance with this act, he has presented annually in the appendices to his reports, the resources and liabilities of these corporations, so far as it has been possible to obtain them. Through the courtesy of State officers, returns of State banks, savings banks, and trust and loan companies have, during the past year, been received from twenty-four States. Many of the States and Territories, including Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, Alabama, Arkansas, Tennessee, Illinois, Kansas, Oregon, and Dakota, do not require periodical returns of the condition of the different classes of banks organized under their laws.

From these returns the following abstract has been compiled, showing the resources and liabilities of State banks and trust companies for the last four years, the number reported in 1880 being 650; in 1881, 683; in 1882, 704, and in 1883, 788:

	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.
	650 banks.	683 banks.	704 banks.	788 banks.
RESOURCES.				
Loans and discounts	\$281,496,731	\$352,725,986	\$404,574,420	\$462,380,585
Overdrafts	597,699	1,407,695	1,373,116	1,493,636
United States bonds	26,252,182	27,680,025	25,673,984	22,725,596
Other stocks, bonds, &c	35,661,792	42,330,957	45,658,783	52,405,724
Due from banks	40,340,345	54,662,829	57,973,718	68,270,664
Real estate	19,489,086	21,396,772	19,915,682	20,160,547
Other assets	7,374,037	11,941,741	13,685,205	14,190,044
Expenses	979,492	1,136,427	1,193,345	1,131,586
Cash items	11,176,592	16,900,762	18,546,073	35,206,862
Specie	6,905,977	17,925,628	17,902,760	18,255,300
Legal tenders, bank notes, &c	51,500,226	27,391,317	27,322,912	28,259,069
Total	481,774,159	575,500,139	633,819,998	724,479,613
LIABILITIES.				
Capital stock	109,318,451	112,111,325	113,361,931	125,233,036
Circulation	283,308	274,941	286,391	187,978
Surplus fund	25,008,431	27,857,976	31,504,352	34,575,461
Undivided profits	10,774,731	12,237,320	14,758,438	18,076,610
Dividends unpaid	486,094	576,413	577,419	465,011
Deposits	298,759,619	373,032,632	426,677,092	500,374,217
Due to banks	18,613,336	19,105,664	18,409,351	20,918,936
Other liabilities	18,530,189	30,303,868	28,245,024	24,648,364
Total	481,774,159	575,500,139	633,819,998	724,479,613

The foregoing table was prepared from returns from all the New England States, except Maine; from four Middle States, not including Delaware, and from all the Western States, excepting Illinois, Kansas, and

Nebraska. The only Southern States from which reports have been received were South Carolina, Georgia, Louisiana, Texas, Kentucky, and Missouri. The only Pacific States were California and Colorado. There are no State banks in Maine, but one in New Hampshire, six in Vermont, and none in Massachusetts. There are, however, six trust and loan companies in the latter State, one in Rhode Island, and six in Connecticut.

SAVINGS BANKS.

The following table exhibits the aggregate resources and liabilities of 629 savings banks in 1880, 1881, and 1882, and 630 in 1883:

	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.
	629 banks.	629 banks.	629 banks.	630 banks.
RESOURCES.				
Loans on real estate	\$315,273,232	\$307,096,158	\$307,089,227	\$328,197,858
Loans on personal and collateral security...	70,175,090	95,817,641	128,483,698	155,874,522
United States bonds	187,413,220	210,845,514	237,786,442	219,017,313
State, municipal, and other bonds and stocks.	150,440,359	159,819,942	206,291,274	190,629,915
Railroad bonds and stocks	20,705,378	27,069,048	32,994,578	41,695,701
Bank stock	32,225,923	33,249,203	35,365,717	36,587,817
Real estate	39,038,502	41,987,674	39,882,429	37,224,601
Other assets	27,053,452	37,408,163	11,047,846	53,235,771
Expenses	216,423	135,572	132,204	144,223
Due from banks	22,063,091	40,603,641	38,977,135	43,184,629
Cash	17,072,680	13,758,106	14,932,015	12,998,594
Total	881,677,350	967,790,662	1,052,982,065	1,118,790,944
LIABILITIES.				
Deposits	819,106,973	891,961,142	966,797,081	1,024,856,787
Surplus fund	51,226,472	60,289,905	69,454,512	72,784,155
Undivided profits	4,740,861	10,325,800	11,136,219	15,738,223
Other liabilities	6,603,044	5,213,815	5,594,253	5,411,779
Total	881,677,350	967,790,662	1,052,982,065	1,118,790,944

The foregoing table includes the returns from six New England States, from four Middle States, not including Delaware; from the States of Ohio, Indiana, California, and the District of Columbia. The aggregate of loans in the New England States is \$272,112,554, and of deposits \$453,890,090. In the Middle States the aggregate of loans is \$169,101,770, and of deposits \$499,044,206.

Some of the largest savings banks in the city of Philadelphia, organized under old charters, are not required to make reports to any State officer. Returns received directly from four of these banks, having deposits amounting to \$32,347,733 are included in the returns from the State of Pennsylvania.

The savings banks deposits, given in the foregoing table for 1883, based upon reports made to State authorities, are \$1,024,856,787, and the deposits of the State banks and trust companies were \$500,374,217. These returns do not include bank deposits. The deposits of the national banks on October 2, 1883, exclusive of those due to banks, were \$1,063,601,156. These deposits of the national banks bear to those of the savings banks the proportion nearly of 51 to 49; to those of the State banks and trust companies the proportion of 68 to 32; and to the combined deposits of both the proportion of 41 to 59.

The total population of New England, according to the census of 1880, was 4,010,529, and the number of open deposit accounts of the savings banks in the year 1883 is 1,368,997, which is equal to 34.1 accounts to each one hundred of the entire population. The average amount of each account is \$331.55, and if the total deposits were divided among the entire population the average sum of \$113.17 could be given to each individual.

The deposits of the savings banks in the State of New York were \$412,147,213, while the population is 5,082,871, showing that an equal distribution of the savings-banks deposits among the entire population of the State would give \$81.08 to each individual.

Tables showing the aggregate resources and liabilities of State banks, trust companies, and savings banks in each State, from which returns have been received from the State authorities, appear in the Appendix. A table is also there given showing by States the number of savings-bank depositors, and the average amount due to each in 1882 and 1883. The Comptroller has for the last eight years compiled the returns received by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue from the State and savings banks and private bankers for purposes of taxation, showing the average amount of their capital and deposit for each six months, and the amounts invested in United States bonds. The law requiring such returns to be made has not been repealed, but as the tax on capital and deposits ceased on November 30, 1882, it is not expected that such returns will hereafter be transmitted. The Comptroller must therefore depend exclusively for this information upon the returns to be received from the officers of the different States, and when such returns are required to be made they are as a rule promptly and courteously forwarded to this office in reply to his request.

The legislature of Missouri recently passed a law requiring all banks in the State to make reports in the month of December. With a view of rendering this system of reports more complete and effective than at present, the Comptroller prepared in the year 1876 the form of a bill, which is herewith presented; and it is respectfully suggested to members of Congress and State officers residing in those States where no returns are required that, if approved by them, they shall lend the weight of their influence to procure the enactment of a law, similar in form, by the legislatures of their respective States. It may be mentioned that a bill, substantially the same as that here presented, has been passed by the legislature of Ohio.

A BILL to provide for obtaining and publishing reports of banks, savings institutions, and trust companies organized under State laws.

Be it enacted, That each and every banking institution, organized under the laws of this State, shall make a report to the auditor of state, showing the condition thereof before the commencement of business on the first Monday in the months of January, April, July, and October of each year.

SEC. 2. That the auditor of state shall issue his requisition upon all banking institutions, for the reports required to be made by section 1 of this act, a convenient number of days prior to the first day of January, April, July, and October, in each year, and each banking institution shall, upon receipt thereof, immediately forward to the auditor a balanced report of its condition, verified by the oath or affirmation of one or more of the officers of such institution, and shall also publish such report in full at its own expense, in a newspaper issued at the place where the institution is located, or, if there be no newspaper in that place, then in the one nearest thereto; and any banking institution neglecting to make and transmit to the auditor of state, and publish, such reports, shall, after the expiration of five days from the receipt of the requisition therefor, be subject to a penalty of thirty dollars for each day's delay, which penalty may be collected by suit to be brought by the auditor of state, or by any creditor of the association, before any court of competent jurisdiction in the district wherein such banking institution is located; and all sums of money collected for penalties under this section shall be paid into the treasury of the State.

SEC. 3. That banks, trust companies, savings banks, and other banking institutions, having capital stock, shall report their resources and liabilities in the following form:

Report of the condition of The _____, at _____, in the State of _____, before the commencement of business on the first Monday of _____, 187-.

DR.

CR.

Resources.	Dollars.	Cts.	Liabilities.	Dollars.	Cts.
1. Loans on real estate			1. Capital stock paid in		
2. All other loans and discounts			2. Surplus fund		
3. Overdrafts			3. Undivided profits		
4. United States bonds on hand			4. State-bank notes outstanding		
5. State bonds			5. Dividends unpaid		
6. Other stocks, bonds, and mortgages			6. Individual deposits		
7. Due from other banks and bankers			7. Due to banks and bankers		
8. Real estate			8. Notes and bills rediscounted		
9. Furniture and fixtures			9. Bills payable		
10. Current expenses					
11. Premium on bonds					
12. Cash items					
13. Gold coin, \$—; silver coin, \$—					
14. National-bank notes					
15. United States notes					
Total			Total		

STATE OF _____,
County of _____,
Sworn to and subscribed before me this _____ day
of _____, 187-.

I, _____ of The _____, do
solemnly swear that the above statement is true,
to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Cashier.

SEC. 4. Savings banks and other banking institutions having no capital stock shall report their resources and liabilities in the following form:

Report of the condition of The _____, at _____, in the State of _____, before the commencement of business on the first Monday of _____, 187-.

DR.

CR.

Resources,	Dollar ^s .	Cts.	Liabilities.	Dollars.	Cts.
1. Loans on real estate			1. Individual deposits		
2. Loans on United States and State stocks			2. Due to banks and bankers		
3. Loans on other stocks and bonds			3. Undivided profits		
4. All other loans			4. Other liabilities		
5. United States bonds on hand					
6. State bonds on hand					
7. Other stocks and bonds					
8. Real estate					
9. Furniture and fixtures					
10. Expenses					
11. Due from banks and bankers					
12. Specie					
13. National-bank and United States currency					
14. All other assets					
Total			Total		

STATE OF _____,
County of _____,
Sworn to and subscribed before me this _____ day
of _____, 187-.

I, _____ of The _____, do
solemnly swear that the above statement is true,
to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Cashier.

And such banks shall also furnish, with their reports, the following information: The number of open accounts, and the rate per centum of dividends or interest on deposits, for the past year.

SEC. 5. That the auditor of state shall compile the reports received by him under this act, and the tables so compiled shall be printed quarterly for distribution when prepared, and shall be transmitted by him to the legislature at the beginning of each session thereof.

PRIVATE BANKERS.

In the Appendix will be found three comprehensive tables, of two pages each, giving, by geographical divisions, and by States, Territories, and principal cities, the number of State banks, savings banks, trust and loan companies, and private bankers of the country, for the present and three previous years, together with the amount of their capital and deposits, and the amount of their capital invested by them in United States bonds. The first official information of this character ever published in regard to the private bankers of the country was contained in a table in the Comptroller's report for 1880; and the law requiring these returns to be made having now been repealed, a similar table for the six months ending November 30, 1882, is given, which is the last table of this kind which can be presented. The following information in reference to the private bankers in sixteen of the principal cities has been compiled from the table in the Appendix for the six months ending November 30, 1882:

Cities.	Number of banks.	Capital.	Deposits.	Invested in U. S. bonds.
Boston.....	61	\$5,439,589	\$3,621,863	\$878,590
New York City.....	506	51,758,575	55,565,884	7,926,545
Albany.....	3	91,000	17,592	.....
Philadelphia.....	44	2,206,728	6,738,522	73,914
Pittsburgh.....	8	755,312	2,922,571	54,878
Baltimore.....	35	1,126,738	3,057,709	183,365
Washington.....	8	428,450	4,611,745	324,037
New Orleans.....	11	85,667	692	.....
Louisville.....	3	181,000	732,766	.....
Cincinnati.....	11	673,096	2,600,855	143,083
Cleveland.....	5	52,000	1,359,130	11,525
Chicago.....	22	1,473,408	10,660,525	153,249
Detroit.....	9	205,708	1,192,947	5,933
Milwaukee.....	4	160,000	2,433,026	3,614
Saint Louis.....	9	220,412	18,729	35,838
San Francisco.....	10	1,509,162	8,910,782	149,637
Totals.....	749	66,366,845	104,445,338	9,944,208

The total number of private bankers in the foregoing cities is 749, with an aggregate capital of \$66,366,845, and aggregate deposits of \$104,445,338; the average capital being \$89,942, and the average deposits \$139,446. About 68 per cent. of these private banks are located in New York City, representing more than three-fourths of the aggregate capital and over one-half of the aggregate deposits. In the city of New York the average amount of capital is \$102,289 and deposits \$109,814 for each private banker; and the bankers in that city also held \$7,926,545 of United States bonds, or over one-half of the amount of such bonds held by all of the private bankers of the country.

The following table gives similar information for the thirty-four States and Territories, exclusive of the cities in the above table, having an amount of capital in excess of \$100,000. In this table the number of private bankers is 2,611; the aggregate amount of capital \$38,533,964,

and of deposits \$181,270,757, the average capital being \$14,758, and the average deposits \$69,809.

States and Territories.	No. of banks.	Capital.	Deposits.	Invested in U. S. bonds.
Pennsylvania	189	\$4, 248, 463	\$24, 174, 291	\$218, 107
Iowa	321	4, 200, 584	14, 580, 124	210, 551
Ohio	215	4, 135, 845	22, 482, 648	557, 442
Illinois	337	3, 654, 239	24, 591, 579	640, 121
Indiana	117	2, 910, 130	12, 151, 432	516, 305
Texas	123	2, 881, 555	8, 251, 624	16, 675
New York	166	1, 742, 889	15, 556, 555	446, 821
Michigan	152	1, 424, 515	7, 064, 720	131, 803
Kansas	161	1, 323, 412	5, 595, 708	36, 685
Missouri	83	1, 195, 067	6, 052, 073	121, 165
Nebraska	149	1, 044, 974	3, 369, 134	35, 512
Minnesota	116	1, 000, 781	4, 770, 307	14, 997
Oregon	17	868, 709	2, 752, 552	270, 000
Colorado	47	774, 735	2, 423, 305	.....
Wisconsin	87	764, 904	4, 405, 467	92, 439
Georgia	29	652, 177	1, 117, 969	6, 000
Dakota	79	567, 104	1, 299, 323	.....
Montana	17	525, 727	1, 540, 824	.....
Alabama	22	514, 500	1, 530, 913	.....
Washington	13	466, 414	1, 221, 654	.....
Mississippi	11	423, 615	949, 095	.....
Rhode Island	7	406, 539	577, 740	7, 486
Kentucky	22	395, 386	2, 244, 248	28, 167
Virginia	17	381, 991	2, 934, 803	20, 000
California	27	364, 260	1, 701, 252	7, 967
Connecticut	13	217, 833	1, 519, 857	7, 052
Utah	9	216, 103	2, 274, 675	56, 124
Wyoming	5	214, 965	1, 061, 398	.....
Nevada	7	191, 434	724, 683	105, 000
South Carolina	9	177, 297	58, 122	.....
Louisiana	4	158, 536	55, 907	.....
Florida	9	153, 874	962, 202	.....
Arkansas	16	118, 568	249, 633	3, 500
Tennessee	5	111, 591	344, 952	19, 500
Arizona	10	105, 248	679, 988	.....
Totals	2, 611	38, 533, 964	181, 270, 757	3, 568, 419

The remaining eleven States and Territories enumerated in the following table contain 52 private bankers, with an aggregate capital of \$375,424, and aggregate deposits of \$3,241,483. Massachusetts has only three private bankers outside the city of Boston, with an aggregate capital of \$68,333, and aggregate deposits of \$572,673. Maryland has but three private bankers outside of the city of Baltimore. The State of Maine has nine private bankers, North Carolina but five, New Jersey four, Delaware and Vermont only one each. The average amount of capital held by each of these 52 private bankers is \$7,220, and of deposits \$62,336.

States and Territories.	Number of banks.	Capital.	Deposits.	Invested in U. S. bonds.
Maine	9	\$83, 343	\$256, 080	\$10, 137
Massachusetts	3	68, 333	572, 673	60, 698
North Carolina	5	58, 333	83, 728	.....
West Virginia	3	40, 000	1, 158, 647	14, 325
Maryland	3	39, 025	36, 149	.....
Idaho	10	39, 947	184, 471	.....
New Mexico	13	25, 417	920, 000	.....
New Jersey	4	16, 026	1, 119	61
Delaware	1	5, 000	8, 519	.....
Vermont	1	.....	20, 097	.....
New Hampshire .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	52	375, 424	3, 241, 483	85, 216

The following table shows, by geographical divisions, the number of private bankers in the United States, with the aggregate amount of their capital, deposits, and investments in United States bonds, for the six months ending November 30, 1882.

Geographical divisions.	Number of banks.	Capital.	Deposits.	Invested in U. S. bonds.
New England States.....	94	\$6, 215, 637	\$6, 568, 310	\$963, 958
Middle States.....	967	62, 418, 206	112, 690, 656	9, 227, 728
Southern States.....	289	6, 334, 090	20, 675, 301	107, 167
Western States and Territories.....	2, 062	30, 308, 300	149, 023, 311	3, 298, 990
United States.....	3, 412	105, 276, 233	288, 957, 578	13, 597, 843

The table below is a recapitulation of the foregoing, showing by groups the aggregates for the bankers in the sixteen principal cities in the thirty-three States and Territories having a private banking capital in excess of \$100,000, and in the eleven remaining States and Territories, for the last year.

RECAPITULATION.

	Number of banks.	Capital.	Deposits.	Invested in U. S. bonds.
Principal cities.....	749	\$66, 366, 845	\$104, 445, 333	\$9, 944, 208
Principal States and Territories.....	2, 611	38, 533, 964	181, 270, 757	3, 568, 419
Remaining States and Territories.....	52	375, 424	3, 241, 483	85, 216
United States.....	3, 412	105, 276, 233	288, 957, 578	13, 597, 843

TAXATION.

The act of March 3, 1883, repealed the law imposing a tax upon the capital and deposits of national banks, State banks, and private bankers, except such as was then due and payable. Some doubt arising as to the effect of this law, the question was referred to the Attorney-General, who, on May 18, 1883, decided that the tax upon the capital and deposits of State banks and private bankers ceased on November 1, 1882, and that upon the capital and deposits of the national banks on January 1, 1883. These were the dates of the last assessments under the laws taxing banking capital and deposits.

The only United States taxes now to be paid by banks are the 1 per cent. annual tax upon the circulation outstanding of national banks and the prohibitory tax of 10 per cent. upon state bank circulation paid out, as provided by section 3412 of the Revised Statutes.

The whole cost of the national banking system to the Government, from the date of its establishment in 1863 to the present time, has been \$5,610,669. Up to January 1, 1883, the date upon which the tax on capital and deposits ceased, there had been collected on these two items alone from national banks the sum of \$68,795,948.90. In addition the amount collected up to July 1, 1883, from the tax on circulation, which is still in force, amounted to \$55,385,524.97, making an aggregate of \$124,181,479.87 paid in taxes on capital, deposits, and circulation by the national banks up to July 1, 1883. The tax on circulation alone, paid for the last half of the fiscal year, amounted to \$1,564,521.59. The

following table shows the total amount paid upon capital, circulation, and deposits up to July 1, 1883:

Years.	On circulation.	On deposits.	On capital.	Total.
1864.....	\$53, 193 32	\$95, 911 87	\$18, 432 07	\$167, 537 26
1865.....	733, 247 59	1, 087, 530 86	133, 251 15	1, 954, 029 60
1866.....	2, 106, 785 30	2, 633, 102 77	406, 947 74	5, 146, 835 81
1867.....	2, 868, 636 78	2, 650, 180 09	321, 881 36	5, 840, 698 23
1868.....	2, 946, 343 07	2, 564, 143 44	306, 781 67	5, 817, 268 18
1869.....	2, 957, 416 73	2, 614, 553 58	312, 918 68	5, 884, 888 99
1870.....	2, 949, 744 13	2, 614, 767 61	375, 962 26	5, 940, 474 00
1871.....	2, 987, 021 69	2, 802, 840 85	385, 292 13	6, 175, 154 67
1872.....	3, 193, 570 03	3, 120, 984 37	389, 356 27	6, 703, 910 67
1873.....	3, 353, 186 13	3, 196, 569 29	454, 891 51	7, 004, 646 93
1874.....	3, 404, 483 11	3, 209, 967 72	469, 048 02	7, 083, 498 85
1875.....	3, 283, 450 89	3, 514, 265 39	507, 417 76	7, 305, 134 04
1876.....	3, 091, 795 76	3, 505, 129 64	632, 296 16	7, 229, 221 56
1877.....	2, 900, 957 53	3, 451, 965 38	660, 784 90	7, 013, 707 81
1878.....	2, 948, 047 08	3, 273, 111 74	560, 296 83	6, 781, 455 65
1879.....	3, 009, 647 16	3, 309, 668 90	401, 920 61	6, 721, 236 67
1880.....	3, 153, 635 63	4, 058, 710 61	379, 424 19	7, 591, 770 43
1881.....	3, 121, 374 33	4, 940, 945 12	431, 233 10	8, 493, 552 55
1882.....	3, 190, 981 98	5, 521, 927 47	437, 774 90	9, 150, 684 35
1883.....	3, 132, 006 73	*2, 773, 790 46	*269, 976 43	6, 175, 773 62
Aggregates.....	55, 385, 524 97	60, 940, 067 16	7, 855, 887 74	124, 181, 479 87

The following table exhibits the taxes upon the circulation, deposits, and capital of banks, other than national, collected by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue from 1864 to November 1, 1882, the date upon which the taxation of capital and deposits ceased.

Years.	On circulation.	On deposits.	On capital.	Totals.
1864.....	\$2, 056, 996 30	\$780, 723 52		\$2, 837, 719 82
1865.....	1, 993, 661 84	2, 043, 841 08	\$903, 367 98	4, 940, 870 90
1866.....	990, 278 11	2, 099, 635 83	374, 074 11	3, 463, 988 05
1867.....	214, 298 75	1, 355, 395 98	476, 867 73	2, 046, 562 46
1868.....	28, 669 88	1, 438, 512 77	399, 562 90	1, 866, 745 55
1869.....	16, 565 05	1, 734, 417 63	445, 071 49	2, 196, 054 17
1870.....	15, 419 94	2, 177, 576 46	827, 087 21	3, 020, 083 61
1871.....	22, 781 92	2, 702, 196 84	919, 262 77	3, 644, 241 53
1872.....	8, 919 82	3, 643, 251 71	976, 057 61	4, 628, 229 14
1873.....	24, 778 62	3, 009, 302 79	736, 950 05	3, 771, 031 46
1874.....	16, 738 26	3, 453, 544 26	916, 878 15	3, 387, 160 67
1875.....	22, 746 27	2, 972, 260 27	1, 102, 241 58	4, 097, 248 12
1876.....	17, 947 67	2, 999, 530 75	989, 219 61	4, 006, 698 03
1877.....	5, 430 16	2, 896, 637 93	927, 661 24	3, 829, 729 33
1878.....	1, 118 72	2, 593, 687 29	897, 225 84	3, 492, 031 85
1879.....	13, 903 29	2, 354, 911 74	830, 068 56	3, 198, 883 59
1880.....	28, 773 37	2, 510, 775 43	811, 436 48	3, 350, 985 28
1881.....	4, 295 08	2, 946, 906 64	811, 006 35	3, 762, 208 07
1882.....	4, 285 77	4, 096, 102 45	1, 153, 070 25	5, 253, 458 47
1882†.....		1, 993, 026 02	489, 033 53	2, 482, 059 55
Aggregates.....	5, 487, 608 82	48, 802, 237 39	14, 986, 143 44	69, 275, 989 65

The shares of national banks are still subject to State taxation, and in previous reports tables exhibiting the average rates paid by national banks in the several States and Territories have been given for purposes of comparison and to show the total burden of taxation heretofore borne by the national banks. The national banks having been happily relieved of the United States tax, as has been repeatedly recommended by the Comptroller, it has been thought unnecessary to continue the collection of this information, which can only be obtained from separate returns to be made by each bank to this office.

* Six months to January 1, 1883.

† Six months to November 30, 1882.

UNITED STATES LEGAL-TENDER NOTES AND NATIONAL BANK CIRCULATION.

The acts of February 25, 1862, July 11, 1862, and March 3, 1863, each authorized the issue of 150 millions of dollars of legal tender-notes, making an aggregate of 450 millions of dollars.

On February 3, 1864, the amount of such notes outstanding was \$449,479,222, which was the highest amount outstanding at any one time. The act of June 30, 1864, provided that the total amount of United States notes issued, or to be issued, should not exceed 400 millions of dollars, and such additional sum, not exceeding 50 millions, as might be temporarily required for the redemption of temporary loans. By the act of June 20, 1874, the maximum amount was fixed at 382 millions. Section 3, act of January 14, 1875, authorized an increase of the circulation of national banks in accordance with existing law, without respect to the limit previously existing, and required the Secretary of the Treasury to retire legal-tender notes to an amount equal to eighty per cent. of the national bank notes thereafter issued, until the amount of such legal-tender notes outstanding should be 300 millions, and no more. Under the operations of this act, \$35,318,984 of legal-tender notes were retired, leaving the amount in circulation on May 31, 1878, the date of the repeal of the act, \$346,681,016, which is the amount now outstanding.

In the following table are given the amount and kinds of the outstanding currency of the United States and of the national banks on January 1 of each year, from 1866 to 1883, and on November 1, 1883, to which is prefixed the amount on August 31, 1865, when the public debt reached its maximum:

Date.	United States issues.			Notes of national banks, including gold notes.	Aggregate.	Currency price of \$100 gold.	Gold price of \$100 currency.
	Legal-tender notes.	Old demand notes.	Fractional currency.				
Aug. 31, 1865...	\$432,553,912	\$402,965	\$26,344,742	\$176,213,955	\$635,515,574	\$144 25	\$69 32
Jan. 1, 1866....	425,839,319	392,670	26,000,420	236,636,098	688,867,907	144 50	69 20
Jan. 1, 1867....	380,276,160	221,632	28,732,812	298,588,419	707,819,023	133 00	75 18
Jan. 1, 1868....	356,000,000	159,127	31,597,583	299,846,206	687,602,916	133 25	75 04
Jan. 1, 1869....	356,000,000	128,098	34,215,715	299,747,569	690,091,382	135 00	74 07
Jan. 1, 1870....	356,000,000	113,098	39,762,664	299,629,322	695,505,084	120 00	83 33
Jan. 1, 1871....	356,000,000	101,086	39,995,089	306,307,672	702,403,847	110 75	90 29
Jan. 1, 1872....	357,500,000	92,801	40,767,877	328,465,431	726,826,109	109 50	91 32
Jan. 1, 1873....	358,557,907	84,887	45,722,061	344,582,812	748,947,167	112 00	89 28
Jan. 1, 1874....	378,401,702	79,637	48,544,792	350,848,236	777,874,367	110 25	90 70
Jan. 1, 1875....	382,000,000	72,317	46,390,598	354,128,250	782,591,165	112 50	88 89
Jan. 1, 1876....	371,827,220	69,642	44,147,072	346,479,756	762,523,690	112 75	88 69
Jan. 1, 1877....	366,055,084	65,462	26,348,206	321,595,606	714,064,358	107 00	93 46
Jan. 1, 1878....	349,943,776	63,532	17,764,109	321,672,505	689,443,922	102 87	97 21
Jan. 1, 1879....	346,681,016	62,035	16,108,159	323,791,674	686,642,884	100 00	100 00
Jan. 1, 1880....	346,681,016	61,350	15,674,304	342,387,336	704,804,006	100 00	100 00
Jan. 1, 1881....	346,681,016	60,745	15,523,464	344,355,203	706,620,428	100 00	100 00
Jan. 1, 1882....	346,681,016	59,920	15,451,861	362,421,988	724,614,785	100 00	100 00
Jan. 1, 1883....	346,681,016	59,295	15,398,008	361,882,791	724,021,110	100 00	100 00
Nov. 1, 1883....	346,681,016	58,800	15,366,237	351,528,421	713,634,474	100 00	100 00

The act of June 20, 1874, provided that any national banking association might withdraw its circulating notes upon the deposit of lawful money with the Treasurer of the United States in sums of not less than \$9,000. Since the passage of this act \$154,424,641 of lawful money have been deposited with the Treasurer by the national banks for the purpose of reducing their circulation, and \$120,156,646 of bank notes have been redeemed, destroyed, and retired.

In the following table* is shown, by States, the amount of circulation issued and retired during the year ending November 1, 1883, and the total amount issued and retired since June 20, 1874:

States and Territories.	Circulation issued.	Circulation retired.		Total.
		Act of June 20, 1874.	Liquidating banks.	
Maine.....	\$45,009	\$179,300	\$94,386	\$273,686
New Hampshire.....	67,500	39,300	113,124	152,424
Vermont.....	256,500	394,700	80,875	475,575
Massachusetts.....	861,720	2,999,110	427,281	3,426,391
Rhode Island.....	180,000	849,300	2,587	851,887
Connecticut.....	417,200	1,187,302	130,728	1,318,030
New York.....	1,284,220	3,949,239	813,232	4,762,471
New Jersey.....	372,450	762,723	242,590	1,005,313
Pennsylvania.....	1,339,300	2,735,000	671,642	3,406,642
Delaware.....	46,800	32,900	.....	32,900
Maryland.....	43,200	77,900	2,181	80,081
District of Columbia.....	.....	19,200	9,124	28,324
Virginia.....	173,250	92,800	40,825	133,625
West Virginia.....	13,500	52,200	10,270	62,470
North Carolina.....	45,000	208,800	27,880	236,680
South Carolina.....	.....	104,300	.....	104,300
Georgia.....	45,060	135,640	23,991	159,631
Florida.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Alabama.....	22,500	73,000	16,611	89,611
Mississippi.....	72,000	.....	80	80
Louisiana.....	45,000	45,000	9,505	54,505
Texas.....	507,100	51,650	11,024	62,674
Arkansas.....	101,260	14,300	65	14,365
Kentucky.....	1,048,550	634,489	94,554	729,043
Tennessee.....	90,000	55,500	45,328	100,828
Missouri.....	433,990	313,001	102,076	415,077
Ohio.....	2,828,000	951,174	1,110,335	2,061,509
Indiana.....	791,080	637,550	604,713	1,262,263
Illinois.....	624,100	652,603	303,853	956,456
Michigan.....	287,990	464,752	408,939	873,691
Wisconsin.....	134,990	188,950	157,399	346,349
Iowa.....	479,590	236,250	212,467	448,717
Minnesota.....	260,090	183,786	113,496	297,282
Kansas.....	249,690	53,100	41,078	94,178
Nebraska.....	364,870	129,300	1,985	131,285
Nevada.....	.....	.....	115	115
Oregon.....	75,020	.....	.....	.....
Colorado.....	69,750	3,300	35,673	38,973
Utah.....	90,000	.....	1,772	1,772
Idaho.....	22,750	.....	.....	.....
Montana.....	98,980	11,250	27,030	38,280
Wyoming.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New Mexico.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dakota.....	174,530	29,900	.....	29,900
Washington.....	155,250	56,400	.....	56,400
California, "currency".....	281,240	61,000	.....	61,000
Arizona.....	11,240	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	14,510,200	18,685,969	5,988,814	24,674,783
Surrendered to this office and retired.....	.....	.....	.....	438,097
Total.....	14,510,200	18,685,969	5,988,814	25,112,880
From June 20, 1874, to October 31, 1882.....	145,192,155	99,461,185	20,695,460	120,156,645
Surrendered to this office between same dates.....	.....	.....	.....	12,959,713
Grand total.....	159,702,355	118,147,154	26,684,274	158,229,238

The amount of circulation issued to national banks for the year ending November 1, 1883, was \$14,510,200, including \$7,909,150 issued to banks organized during the year. The amount retired during the year was \$25,112,880, and the actual decrease for the same period was therefore \$10,602,680 and the total outstanding on November 1, was \$351,264,803.

During the year ending November 1, 1883, lawful money to the amount of \$22,349,420 was deposited with the Treasurer to retire circulation, of which amount \$9,100,072 was deposited by banks in liquidation.

* In this table gold notes are excluded.

The amount previously deposited under the act of June 20, 1874, was \$122,769,668; by banks in liquidation, \$42,086,108, to which is to be added a balance of \$3,813,675 remaining from deposits made by liquidating banks prior to the passage of that act. Deducting from the total the amount of circulating notes redeemed and destroyed without re-issue (\$155,262,564), there remained in the hands of the Treasurer, on November 1, 1883, \$35,756,308 of lawful money for the redemption and retirement of bank circulation.

The portion of lawful money on deposit by insolvent banks, by banks in voluntary liquidation, and by banks reducing or retiring their circulation, on the first of each of the last five months, was as follows:

	July 1.	August 1.	September 1.	October 1.	November 1.
Insolvent banks.....	\$966, 426	\$966, 134	\$942, 024	\$860, 651	\$850, 434
Liquidating banks.....	15, 335, 347	14, 799, 959	14, 150, 375	13, 586, 763	13, 220, 336
Reducing under act of 1874....	20, 998, 007	20, 287, 957	20, 880, 857	22, 374, 087	21, 685, 538
Totals.....	37, 299, 780	36, 054, 050	35, 973, 256	36, 821, 501	35, 756, 308

NATIONAL BANK AND LEGAL-TENDER NOTES BY DENOMINATIONS.

CIRCULATING NOTES OF THE BANK OF FRANCE AND IMPERIAL BANK OF GERMANY, BY DENOMINATIONS.

In accordance with law, no national-bank notes of a less denomination than five dollars have been issued since January 1, 1879, when the amount outstanding was \$7,718,747. Since that date the amount of ones and twos issued by the banks has been reduced \$6,791,747, leaving the amount now outstanding \$927,000, and during the same period the legal-tender notes of these denominations have been increased \$17,075,827. The total increase of the amount of ones and twos outstanding in national-bank and legal-tender notes is \$10,284,080.

The following table exhibits by denominations the amount of national-bank and legal-tender notes outstanding on October 31, 1883, and the aggregate amounts of both kinds of notes at the same periods in 1881 and 1882:

Denominations.	1883.			1882.	1881.
	National-bank notes.	Legal-tender notes.	Aggregate.	Aggregate.	Aggregate.
Ones.....	\$573, 768	\$30, 211, 497	\$30, 785, 265	\$28, 068, 944	\$25, 793, 171
Twos.....	353, 232	27, 156, 964	27, 510, 196	25, 199, 955	23, 854, 366
Fives.....	91, 523, 205	72, 994, 415	164, 517, 620	165, 265, 065	168, 380, 062
Tens.....	118, 317, 310	70, 958, 096	189, 275, 406	194, 725, 471	196, 717, 671
Twenties.....	83, 084, 160	59, 298, 309	142, 382, 469	151, 117, 959	152, 322, 503
Fifties.....	23, 265, 300	23, 012, 845	46, 278, 145	47, 802, 645	46, 441, 775
One hundreds.....	32, 559, 700	33, 431, 890	65, 991, 590	65, 836, 690	63, 190, 370
Five hundreds.....	898, 000	14, 997, 500	15, 895, 500	15, 624, 500	14, 949, 500
One thousands.....	185, 000	15, 244, 500	15, 429, 500	12, 397, 500	12, 266, 500
Five thousands.....	.....	255, 000	255, 000	2, 395, 000	2, 430, 000
Ten thousands.....	.....	120, 000	120, 000	230, 000	260, 000
Add for unredeemed fragments of national-bank notes.....	+19, 761	.....	+19, 761	+18, 233	+16, 586
Deduct for legal-tender notes destroyed in Chicago fire.....	.....	—1, 000, 000	—1, 000, 000	—1, 000, 000	—1, 000, 000
Total.....	350, 779, 436	346, 681, 016	697, 460, 452	707, 681, 962	705, 622, 504

The amount of one and two dollar notes outstanding is slightly over one-fourth of 1 per cent. of the whole circulation of the banks; the fives constitute 26.1 per cent., the tens 33.7 per cent., the twenties 23.7 per cent., and the fifties and larger notes 16.2 per cent. of the entire circulation.

Of the entire amount of national-bank and legal-tender notes outstanding, about 4.4 per cent. consists of one and two dollar notes; more than 31 per cent. of ones, twos, and fives; 59 per cent. is in notes of a less denomination than twenty dollars, and about 80 per cent. is in notes of a lower denomination than fifty dollars. Of the entire issue, about 20 per cent. is in denominations of fifties, one hundreds, five hundreds, and one thousands. There are outstanding 51 legal-tender notes of the denomination of five thousand, and 12 notes of the denomination of ten thousand.

The following table * exhibits by denominations the circulation of the Imperial Bank of Germany on January 1, 1883, in thalers and marks, which are here converted into our currency :

Thalers.				Marks.			
Number of notes.	Denominations.	Value of each note in dollars.	Amount in dollars (Thaler = 75 cents.)	Number of notes.	Denominations.	Value of each note in dollars.	Amount in dollars (Mark = 25 cents.)
80	500 thalers.	375 00	30,000	253,684½	1,000 marks.	250	63,421,125
2,130	100 thalers.	75 00	159,750	158,199	500 marks.	125	19,774,875
1,667½	50 thalers.	37 50	62,531	4,964,349	100 marks.	25	124,108,725
8,492	25 thalers.	18 75	159,225	.....	.....	.....	.....
8,848½	10 thalers.	7 50	66,363	.....	.....	.....	.....
21,218	.....	.....	477,869	5,376,232½	.....	.....	207,314,725

The circulation of the Imperial Bank of Germany on January 1, 1882, was \$214,359,750, showing a decrease of \$7,045,015 during the following year; on January 1, 1879, the circulation was \$165,933,942, showing an increase during the four years preceding January 1, 1883, of \$41,380,793.

The following table † gives the circulation of the Bank of France and its branches, with the number of notes and the denominations in francs and in dollars on January 25, 1883 :

Number of notes.	Denominations. Francs.	Value of each note in dollars.	Amount in francs.	Amount in dollars (Franc = 20 cents.)
5	5,000	1,000	25,000	5,000
1,263,286	1,000	200	1,263,286,000	252,657,200
624,757	500	100	312,378,500	62,475,700
2,752	200	40	550,400	110,080
10,812,234	100	20	1,081,223,400	216,244,680
4,725,149	50	10	236,257,450	47,251,490
22,864	25	5	571,600	114,320
196,473	20	4	3,929,460	785,892
176,624	5	1	883,120	176,624
1,212	Forms out of date.	.....	423,200	84,640
17,825,356	.....	.....	2,899,528,130	579,905,626

The amount of circulation of the Bank of France on January 26, 1882, was 2,852,316,675 francs, or, say, \$570,463,335, showing an increase

* London Bankers' Magazine, August, 1883, p. 756.

† London Bankers' Magazine, September, 1883, p. 878.

of 47,211,455 francs, or \$9,442,291 between that time and January 25, 1883, the date of the foregoing table, and, since January 30, 1879, an increase of 608,557,300 francs, or \$121,711,460.

It will be seen that the Imperial Bank of Germany has in circulation no notes of a less denomination than seven dollars and a half (ten thalers), and issues none of less than twenty-five dollars (one hundred marks); and that the Bank of France issues but little over a million of a less denomination than ten dollars. The Bank of England issues no notes of less than £5, or twenty-five dollars; and the Irish and Scotch banks none of less than £1, or five dollars.

REDEMPTION.

Since the passage of the act of June 20, 1874, section 3 of which requires the banks at all times to keep on deposit in the Treasury five per centum of their circulation as a redemption fund, that fund as a rule has been maintained, and circulating notes of the banks have been promptly redeemed at the Treasury without expense to the Government.

The following table exhibits the amount of national-bank notes received monthly, for redemption, by the Comptroller of the Currency during the year ending October 31, 1883, and the amount received during the same period at the redemption agency of the Treasury, together with the total amount received since the passage of the act of June 20, 1874:

Months.	Received by the Comptroller of the Currency.					Received at the redemption agency.
	From national banks for reissue or surrender.	From redemption agency for re-issue.	Notes of national banks in liquidation.	Under act of June 20, 1874.	Total	
1882.						
November	\$32, 017	\$5, 300, 100	\$559, 928	\$1, 429, 578	\$7, 321, 623	\$7, 435, 077
December	51, 910	5, 246, 900	550, 356	1, 538, 146	7, 387, 312	9, 071, 182
1883.						
January	25, 400	4, 710, 900	284, 385	1, 555, 180	6, 575, 865	11, 611, 520
February	78, 600	4, 926, 400	514, 704	1, 883, 157	7, 402, 861	7, 534, 232
March	39, 500	5, 556, 300	726, 938	1, 642, 055	7, 964, 793	7, 874, 134
April	27, 810	3, 631, 600	117, 059	1, 128, 705	4, 905, 174	8, 273, 570
May	26, 630	5, 784, 600	847, 103	1, 621, 075	8, 279, 408	12, 134, 950
June	41, 620	7, 347, 800	687, 337	2, 206, 852	10, 283, 609	12, 606, 689
July	43, 740	5, 204, 400	452, 075	1, 382, 620	7, 082, 835	9, 250, 942
August	18, 550	6, 453, 800	581, 368	1, 670, 650	8, 724, 368	8, 422, 156
September	46, 690	4, 091, 500	333, 711	1, 112, 250	5, 584, 151	7, 387, 227
October	48, 730	5, 458, 900	467, 642	1, 438, 200	7, 413, 472	8, 569, 201
Total	481, 197	63, 713, 200	6, 122, 606	18, 608, 468	88, 925, 471	110, 170, 880
Received from June 20, 1874, to October 31, 1882.	13, 956, 699	487, 740, 455	20, 570, 468	99, 725, 686	621, 993, 308	1, 184, 674, 058
Add amount not heretofore included by the agency in the monthly rec'pts.						17, 062, 741
Grand total ..	14, 437, 896	551, 453, 655	26, 693, 074	108, 334, 154	710, 918, 779	1, 311, 907, 679

From the passage of the act of June 20, 1874, to November 1, 1883, there was received at the redemption agency of the Treasury \$1,311,907,679 of national-bank currency for redemption. During the year the receipts amounted to \$110,170,880, of which amount \$39,957,000, or about 36.3 per cent., was received from banks in the city of New York, and \$19,081,000, or about 17.3 per cent., from banks in the city of Boston. The amount received from Philadelphia was \$7,334,000; from Chicago, \$6,245,000; Cincinnati, \$1,810,000; Saint Louis, \$1,376,-

000; Baltimore, \$1,809,000; Providence, \$1,676,000; Pittsburgh, \$915,000. The amount of notes fit for circulation, returned by the redemption agency to the banks of issue during the year was \$20,785,100, being an increase over last year of \$16,768,000.

The total amount received by the Comptroller of the Currency for destruction from the agency and from the banks direct, was \$64,194,397. Of this amount \$6,299,545 were the issues of banks in the City of New York, \$9,104,400 of banks in Boston, \$2,973,000 of Philadelphia, \$2,644,440 of Providence, \$1,538,800 of Baltimore, \$1,574,000 of Pittsburgh, \$653,300 of Cincinnati, \$738,304 of Louisville, \$432,200 of Albany, \$444,100 of New Orleans, and of each of the other principal cities less than \$400,000.

The following table exhibit the number and amounts of national-bank notes of each denomination, which have been issued and redeemed since the organization of the system, and the number and amount outstanding on November 1, 1883:

Denominations.	Number.			Amount.		
	Issued.	Redeemed.	Outstanding.	Issued.	Redeemed.	Outstanding.
Ones.....	23,167,677	22,593,909	573,768	\$23,167,677	\$22,593,909	\$573,768
Twos.....	7,747,519	7,570,903	176,616	15,495,038	15,141,806	353,232
Fives.....	83,447,208	65,142,567	18,304,641	417,236,040	325,712,835	91,523,205
Tens.....	34,544,086	22,712,355	11,831,731	345,440,860	227,123,550	118,317,310
Twenties.....	10,578,846	6,424,638	4,154,208	211,576,920	128,492,760	83,084,160
Fifties.....	1,556,009	1,090,703	465,306	77,800,450	54,535,150	23,265,300
One hundreds.....	1,114,722	789,125	325,597	111,472,200	78,912,500	32,559,700
Five hundreds.....	23,163	21,367	1,796	11,581,500	10,683,500	898,000
One thousands.....	7,277	7,092	185	7,277,000	7,092,000	185,000
Portions of notes lost or destroyed.....					-19,761	+19,761
Total.....	162,186,507	126,352,659	35,833,848	1,221,047,685	870,268,249	350,779,436

A table showing the number and denomination of national bank notes issued and redeemed, and the number of each denomination outstanding on November 1, for the last fifteen years, will be found in the Appendix.

The following table exhibits the amount of national bank notes received at this office and destroyed yearly since the establishment of the system:

Prior to November 1, 1865.....	\$175,490
During the year ending October 31, 1866.....	1,050,382
During the year ending October 31, 1867.....	3,401,423
During the year ending October 31, 1868.....	4,602,825
During the year ending October 31, 1869.....	8,603,729
During the year ending October 31, 1870.....	14,305,689
During the year ending October 31, 1871.....	24,344,047
During the year ending October 31, 1872.....	30,211,720
During the year ending October 31, 1873.....	36,433,171
During the year ending October 31, 1874.....	49,939,741
During the year ending October 31, 1875.....	137,697,696
During the year ending October 31, 1876.....	98,672,716
During the year ending October 31, 1877.....	76,918,963
During the year ending October 31, 1878.....	57,381,249
During the year ending October 31, 1879.....	41,101,830
During the year ending October 31, 1880.....	35,539,660
During the year ending October 31, 1881.....	54,941,130
During the year ending October 31, 1882.....	74,917,611
During the year ending October 31, 1883.....	82,913,766
Additional amount of notes of national banks in liquidation.....	37,115,410

Total..... 870,268,248

RESERVE.

The following table exhibits the amount of net deposits, and the reserve required thereon by the act of June 20, 1874, together with the amount and classification of reserve held by the national banks in New York City, in the other reserve cities, and by the remaining banks, at the dates of their reports in October of each year from 1875 to 1883:

NEW YORK CITY.

	Number of banks.	Net deposits.	Reserve required.	Reserve held.		Classification of reserve.			
				Amount.	Ratio to deposits.	Specie.	Other lawful money.	Due from agents.	Redemption fund.
		Millions.	Millions.	Millions.	Per cent.	Millions.	Millions.	Millions.	Millions.
October 1, 1875.	48	202.3	50.6	60.5	29.9	5.0	54.4	.....	1.1
October 2, 1876.	47	197.9	49.5	60.7	30.7	14.6	45.3	.....	0.8
October 1, 1877.	47	174.9	43.7	48.1	27.5	13.0	34.3	.....	0.8
October 1, 1878.	47	189.8	47.4	50.9	26.8	13.3	36.5	.....	1.1
October 2, 1879.	47	210.2	52.6	53.1	25.3	19.4	32.6	.....	1.1
October 1, 1880.	47	268.1	67.0	70.6	26.4	58.7	11.0	.....	0.9
October 1, 1881.	48	268.8	67.2	62.5	23.3	50.6	10.9	.....	1.0
October 3, 1882.	50	254.0	63.5	64.4	25.4	44.5	18.9	.....	1.0
October 2, 1883.	48	266.9	66.7	70.8	26.5	50.3	19.7	.....	0.9

OTHER RESERVE CITIES.

October 1, 1875.	188	223.9	56.0	74.5	33.3	1.5	37.1	32.3	3.6
October 2, 1876.	189	217.0	54.2	76.1	35.1	4.0	37.1	32.0	3.0
October 1, 1877.	188	204.1	51.0	67.3	33.0	5.6	34.3	24.4	3.0
October 1, 1878.	184	199.9	50.0	71.1	35.6	9.4	29.4	29.1	3.2
October 2, 1879.	181	228.8	57.2	83.5	36.5	11.3	33.0	35.7	3.5
October 1, 1880.	184	289.4	72.4	105.2	36.3	28.3	25.0	48.2	3.7
October 1, 1881.	189	335.4	83.9	100.8	30.0	34.6	21.9	40.6	3.7
October 3, 1882.	193	318.8	79.7	89.1	28.0	28.3	24.1	33.2	3.5
October 2, 1883.	200	323.9	81.0	100.6	31.1	26.3	30.1	40.8	3.4

STATES AND TERRITORIES.

October 1, 1875.	1,851	307.9	46.3	100.1	32.5	1.6	33.7	53.3	11.5
October 2, 1876.	1,853	291.7	43.8	99.9	34.3	2.7	31.0	55.4	10.8
October 1, 1877.	1,845	290.1	43.6	95.4	32.9	4.2	31.6	48.9	10.7
October 1, 1878.	1,822	289.1	43.4	106.1	36.7	8.0	31.1	56.0	11.0
October 2, 1879.	1,820	329.9	49.5	124.3	37.7	11.5	30.3	71.3	11.2
October 1, 1880.	1,859	410.5	61.6	147.2	35.8	21.2	28.3	86.4	11.3
October 1, 1881.	1,895	507.2	76.1	158.3	31.2	27.5	27.1	92.4	11.4
October 3, 1882.	2,026	545.8	81.9	150.4	27.5	30.0	30.0	80.1	11.3
October 2, 1883.	2,253	577.9	86.7	157.5	27.2	31.2	30.8	84.1	11.3

SUMMARY.

October 1, 1875.	2,087	734.1	152.2	235.1	32.0	8.1	125.2	85.6	16.2
October 2, 1876.	2,089	706.6	147.5	236.7	33.5	21.3	113.4	87.4	14.6
October 1, 1877.	2,080	669.1	138.3	210.8	31.5	22.8	100.2	73.3	14.5
October 1, 1878.	2,053	678.8	140.8	228.1	33.6	30.7	97.0	85.1	15.3
October 2, 1879.	2,048	768.9	159.3	260.9	33.9	42.2	95.9	107.0	15.8
October 1, 1880.	2,090	968.0	201.0	323.0	33.4	108.2	64.3	134.6	15.9
October 1, 1881.	2,132	1,111.6	227.2	321.6	28.9	112.7	59.9	133.0	16.1
October 3, 1882.	2,269	1,118.6	225.1	303.9	27.2	102.8	72.0	113.3	15.8
October 2, 1883.	2,501	1,168.7	234.4	328.9	28.1	107.8	80.6	124.9	15.6

The following table, compiled from returns made to the clearing-house by the national banks in New York City, exhibits the movement of their reserve, weekly, during October, for the last eight years:

Week ending—	Specie.	Legal tend- ers.	Total.	Ratio of reserve to—	
				Circula- tion and deposits.	Deposits.
				<i>Per cent.</i>	<i>Per cent.</i>
October 7, 1876.....	17,682,600	45,535,600	63,218,200	30.5	32.4
October 14, 1876.....	16,233,600	43,004,600	59,238,200	28.8	31.1
October 21, 1876.....	15,577,500	41,421,700	56,999,200	27.8	30.0
October 28, 1876.....	14,011,600	41,645,600	55,657,200	28.0	30.3
October 6, 1877.....	14,665,600	36,168,300	50,833,900	27.0	29.5
October 13, 1877.....	14,726,500	35,178,900	49,905,400	26.7	29.2
October 20, 1877.....	14,087,400	35,101,700	49,189,100	26.5	29.0
October 27, 1877.....	15,209,000	34,367,800	49,576,800	26.8	29.4
October 5, 1878.....	14,995,800	38,304,900	53,300,700	25.7	28.4
October 12, 1878.....	12,184,600	37,685,100	49,869,700	24.4	27.0
October 19, 1878.....	13,531,400	36,576,000	50,107,400	24.7	27.3
October 26, 1878.....	17,884,200	35,690,500	53,074,700	25.8	28.5
October 4, 1879.....	18,979,600	34,368,000	53,347,600	23.3	25.8
October 11, 1879.....	20,901,800	32,820,300	53,722,100	23.4	25.9
October 18, 1879.....	24,686,500	29,305,200	53,991,700	23.5	26.1
October 25, 1879.....	25,636,000	26,713,900	52,349,900	23.0	25.5
October 2, 1880.....	59,823,700	11,129,100	70,952,800	25.4	26.4
October 9, 1880.....	62,521,300	10,785,000	73,306,300	25.4	27.2
October 16, 1880.....	62,760,600	10,939,200	73,699,800	25.5	27.1
October 23, 1880.....	60,888,200	10,988,200	71,876,400	24.9	26.6
October 30, 1880.....	61,471,600	10,925,000	72,396,600	25.0	26.7
October 1, 1881.....	54,954,600	12,150,400	67,105,000	23.1	24.8
October 8, 1881.....	53,287,900	12,153,800	65,441,700	23.1	24.9
October 15, 1881.....	51,008,300	12,452,700	63,461,000	23.2	25.0
October 22, 1881.....	54,016,200	12,496,500	66,512,700	24.6	26.6
October 29, 1881.....	55,961,200	12,947,900	68,909,100	25.6	27.4
October 7, 1882.....	47,016,000	18,384,500	65,400,500	24.0	26.3
October 14, 1882.....	48,281,000	18,002,700	66,283,700	24.7	26.6
October 21, 1882.....	49,518,200	17,023,900	66,542,100	25.0	26.8
October 28, 1882.....	48,374,200	17,204,700	65,578,900	24.8	26.5
October 6, 1883.....	51,586,700	20,122,500	71,709,200	25.5	27.0
October 13, 1883.....	50,894,000	21,145,800	72,039,800	25.4	26.8
October 20, 1883.....	47,262,900	20,719,700	67,982,600	24.5	25.9
October 27, 1883.....	46,372,800	20,617,600	66,990,400	24.5	25.9

Tables will be found in the Appendix, exhibiting the reserve of the national banks as shown by their reports, from October 2, 1874, to October 2, 1883; the reserve by States and principal cities for October 2, 1883; and in the States and Territories, in New York City, and in the other reserve cities, separately, at three dates in each year, from 1878 to 1883.

APPENDIX.*

Special attention is called to the synopsis of judicial decisions contained in the Appendix, to the numerous and carefully prepared tables in both report and Appendix, and to the index of subjects and list of tables to be found on page LIX. At the end of the full volume of more than eight hundred pages is an alphabetical list of the cities and villages in which the national banks are situated.

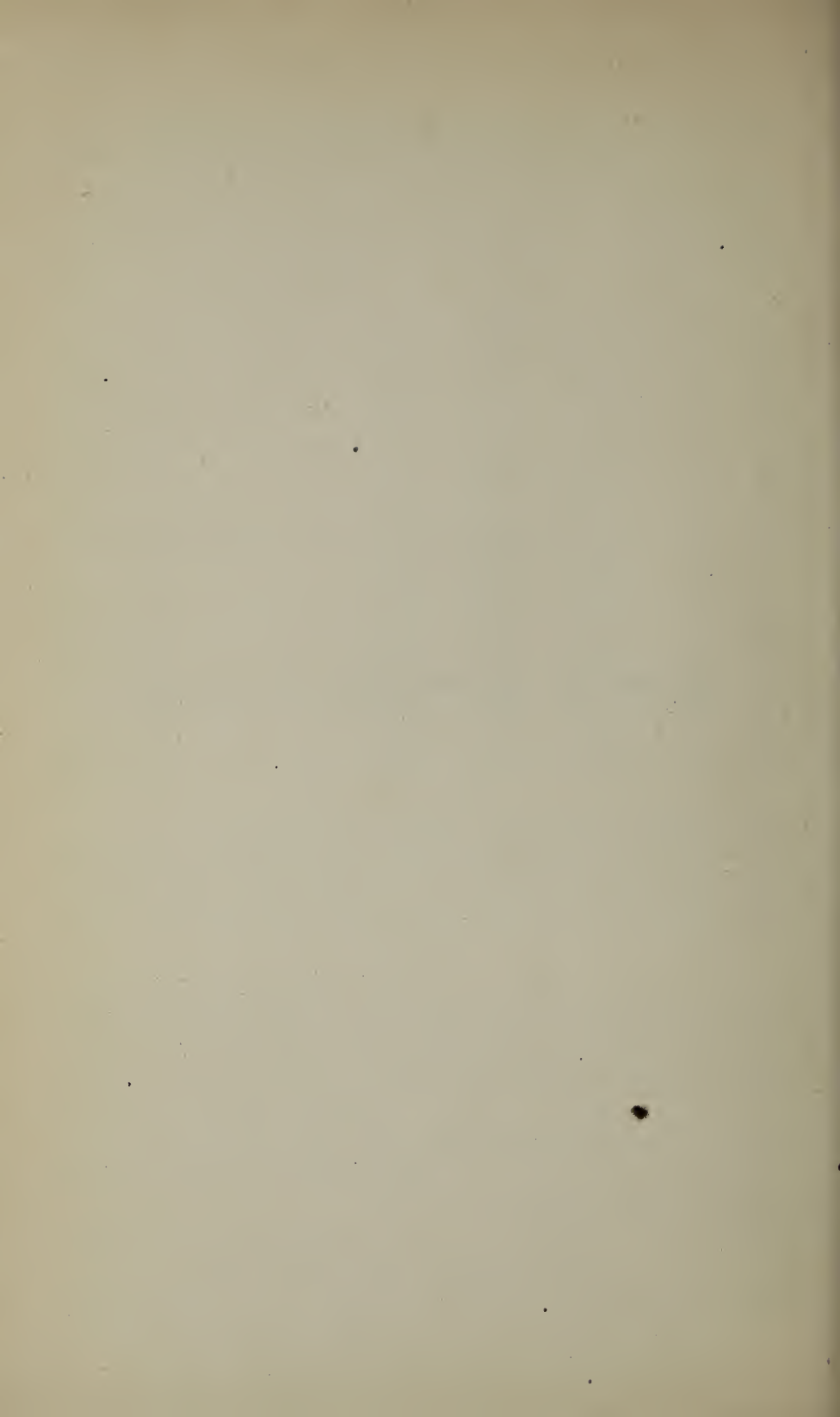
In concluding this report the Comptroller gratefully acknowledges the industry and efficiency of the officers and clerks associated with him in the discharge of official duties.

JOHN JAY KNOX,
Comptroller of the Currency.

Hon. JOHN G. CARLISLE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

* The appendix, which is omitted for want of space, may be found in the bound volumes of the Comptroller's report.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MINT.



REPORT

OF

THE DIRECTOR OF THE MINT.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
BUREAU OF THE MINT,
October 20, 1883.

SIR: In obedience to the requirements of the Revised Statutes, I have the honor to submit my fifth annual report showing the operations of the mints and assay offices of the United States during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, and the present condition of the coinage and metallic circulation, being the eleventh annual report of the Director of the Mint since the creation of this Bureau.

The general work of the year in the receipt of gold bullion fell off from that of the previous year, but the silver bullion received for manufacture into bars and procured for coinage slightly increased.

The imports of foreign coin and bullion were about \$20,000,000 less than during the previous year, and occasioned the diminished receipts at the mints.

Of domestic bullion there was an increase of \$1,180,000 over that deposited in 1882. The bullion requiring to be parted or refined contained less gold but nearly a half million dollars more silver than similar bullion deposited during the preceding year. Besides the coinage of gold for depositors, which has been continued at all the mints, and of the regular monthly coinage of silver dollars, as required by the act of February 28, 1878, it was found necessary to coin, for the convenience of the public, a considerable amount of dimes and also of minor coins. In supplying the latter the Philadelphia Mint has been taxed to its full capacity.

The mints and assay offices, except those at Saint Louis and Charlotte, were visited during or shortly subsequent to the close of the fiscal year, and their accounts and methods of conducting business, and recording and reporting official transactions, were examined and generally found satisfactory, although some of the mints, particularly those at Philadelphia and Denver, are hampered and their efficiency impaired by the want of sufficient facilities for operating upon the bullion received and for performing the work required of them by the demands of the public.

DEPOSITS AND PURCHASES.

The deposits of gold bullion and coin were \$46,347,106.05, and of silver, including purchases, \$36,869,834.65. In addition to these amounts \$2,798,453.11 in gold and \$1,742,760.24 in silver, which had been deposited and made into bars at one institution, were re-deposited for coin, fine bars, or on purchase account at another, making the whole amounts received and operated upon \$49,145,559.16 of gold and \$38,612,594.89 of silver, a total of \$87,758,154.05.

COINAGE.

The coinage executed during the year was as follows:

Description.	Pieces.	Value.
Gold	2, 407, 022	\$35, 936, 927 50
Silver	35, 308, 076	28, 835, 470 15
Minor	60, 951, 526	1, 428, 307 16
Total	98, 666, 624	66, 200, 704 81

Although the value of the coinage was over fifty-one and a half millions less than in the preceding year, the number of pieces struck was greater by about eleven and a half millions than in any fiscal year since the organization of the Mint Bureau.

Of \$28,163,945 gold coinage executed at the mints at San Francisco and Carson, \$27,513,220 were coined into double eagles, that denomination being desired by depositors of bullion at those mints, and of the gold coinage, \$7,729,982.50, at the mint at Philadelphia, \$7,693,425 were in eagles and half eagles.

The coinage of silver dollars was \$28,111,119. On account of the slight demand for this coin in the Pacific States and Territories and of the large amount, over \$40,000,000, held in the mint and Assistant Treasurer's office at San Francisco, it was deemed advisable to execute as large a portion of the silver dollar coinage as possible at the mints at Philadelphia and New Orleans. These mints, therefore, coined \$19,641,119, and those at San Francisco and Carson \$8,470,000.

The number of dimes in the offices of the Treasurer and Assistant Treasurers of the United States having become reduced to 1,844,030 pieces, which would not be sufficient for any considerable length of time to supply the demand for coins of that denomination, the superintendent of the Philadelphia Mint was authorized, on the 25th day of August, 1882, to resume their coinage and at the close of the year had struck \$717,511.90, and delivered to the public coins to the value of \$697,816.90.

For both the one-cent bronze and five-cent copper nickel coins the demand from the public continued to be pressing. The amount of the latter held in the Treasury had become reduced from 23,685,059 pieces in September, 1879, to 1,598,331 pieces on the first of December, 1882, and was less than the requirements of the public upon the mint for this coin for a single month.

It seeming probable that the coinage of a considerable number of these coins would be required, the superintendent of the Philadelphia Mint believed it to be a favorable opportunity for issuing a coin more artistic in its appearance and execution, having the same weight but an increased diameter, and more nearly complying, as to devices and legends, with the requirements of the law.

Specimen coins were accordingly prepared by him and submitted to the Director of the Mint and the Secretary of the Treasury, and on the 8th of January, 1883, he was authorized to issue coins of the weight, size, and having the devices proposed.

During the year 20,455,488 pieces of the five-cent coin, valued at \$1,022,774.40 were struck, and of bronze cents 40,467,400 pieces, of the nominal value of \$404,674.19. The metal for the last-named coin is purchased in the form of planchets or blanks ready for striking, thus relieving the Mint of the labor of handling the metal in the various operations of melting, rolling, punching, etc., and enabling it to execute a much greater amount of coin.

BARS.

During the past year gold bars were manufactured to the value of \$18,269,205.26, and silver bars \$8,050,602.10. The principal part of this work was done at the assay office at New York, which prepared for depositors, fine, standard and sterling gold bars to the amount of \$13,791,053.36, and of bars for transmission to the Mint \$2,195,293.37.

Of fine silver bars \$6,433,097.08 were paid to depositors at the same office. The total value of all the gold and silver bars made during the year was \$26,319,807.36.

The assay office at New York held the following amounts of gold and silver bars at the beginning and close of the fiscal year:

Bars at the New York assay office.	Gold.	Silver.
July 1, 1882:	<i>Standard ozs.</i>	<i>Standard ozs.</i>
Fine bars	126,784.468	189,706.45
Mint bars	858,356.956	130,796.65
Standard bars		11,191.53
June 30, 1883:		
Fine bars	275,849.301	266,030.36
Standard bars	12,876.284	1,585.92
Sterling bars	77,066.236	
Mint bars	1,019,821.937	95,944.11

BARS EXCHANGED FOR COIN.

Under the provisions of the act of May 26, 1882, which authorized the exchange of gold bars at the coinage mints and New York Assay Office for gold coin, the assay office at New York received gold coin and paid in exchange gold bars to the value of \$5,173,965.22, and the mint at Philadelphia \$187,541.07.

Of the bars exchanged at Philadelphia, the whole amount was for manufacturing purposes, and of those exchanged by the New York Assay Office \$3,227,710 were for export, and \$1,946,255 for use in the arts and manufactures.

PARTING AND REFINING.

The amount of bullion parted and refined at the mints and assay-office at New York was nearly a half million dollars in excess of that operated upon during the previous year, and resulted from increased receipts at the mint at Carson.

The following table shows the gross ounces of bullion parted by the use of acid at those institutions which are provided with acid refineries and the ounces of standard gold and silver resulting from the operation:

OUNCES.

Mint or assay office.	Gross.	Standard gold.	Standard silver.
Philadelphia	469,800.57	100,420.940	396,114.63
San Francisco	6,068,881.69	484,810.514	5,619,934.05
Carson	1,134,781.18	83,818.630	1,108,070.14
New Orleans	10,022.84	3,239.227	5,436.92
New York	5,037,228.00	526,628.000	4,286,065.00
Total	12,720,714.28	1,198,917.311	11,415,620.74

VALUE.

Mint or assay office.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
Philadelphia	\$1,868,296 55	\$460,933 38	\$2,329,229 93
San Francisco	9,019,730 49	6,539,559 62	15,559,290 11
Carson	1,559,416 37	1,289,390 71	2,848,807 08
New Orleans	60,264 69	6,326 60	66,591 29
New York	9,797,730 24	4,987,421 09	14,785,151 33
Total	22,305,438 34	13,283,631 40	35,589,069 74

DIES AND MEDALS.

Coinage and medal dies are manufactured only at the mint at Philadelphia, and those required for coinage at the other mints are supplied from that mint. During the year 2,348 dies were made, of which 138 were for the coinage of gold, 460 for silver, 1,695 for minor coins, 40 for proof coins, and 15 for medals.

The number of fine gold medals sold was 86, of silver 1,016, and of bronze 5,787, a total of 6,889; and of proof sets of gold 36, of silver 1,048, and of the minor coins 4,946.

SILVER PURCHASES AND COINAGE.

On the 1st of July, 1882, the coinage mints had on hand of silver bullion belonging to the Government, and excluding silver bullion due depositors, 2,703,222.60 ounces at standard fineness, costing \$2,791,763.04. The purchases and deliveries during the fiscal year 1883 of similar bullion for the coinage of standard dollars, including bullion parted, retained in payment of charges, and surplus returned by officers on settlement, were 25,432,490.27 ounces, at a cost of \$25,577,327.58, and were received at the several mints as follows:

Mint at which delivered.	Standard ounces.	Value.
Philadelphia	10,489,110.92	\$10,567,302 52
San Francisco	6,515,900.28	6,552,439 57
New Orleans	7,330,304.60	7,360,513 93
Carson	1,097,174.47	1,097,071 56
Total	25,432,490.27	25,577,327 58

The average cost was \$1.0056949 per ounce of standard fineness and \$1.11743885 per ounce fine. The average London price for silver, 925 fine (British standard), during the year was $51\frac{23}{100}$ pence, rating exchange at par (\$4.8665) equal to \$1.11826 per ounce fine, and the average New York price was \$1.11889 per ounce fine.

Of the silver bullion on hand at the commencement of and procured during the year for coinage under the act of February 28, 1878, 24,157,992.92 standard ounces costing \$24,409,787.22 were consumed in the coinage of standard dollars, and 40,839.85 standard ounces costing \$40,510.35 were wasted by operative officers and sold in sweeps, leaving a balance on hand June 30, 1883, available for silver dollar coinage of 3,936,880.10 standard ounces costing \$3,918,793.05.

An appropriation having been made by Congress to reimburse the Treasurer for the loss on the recoinage of uncured and mutilated silver

coin in the Treasury, on the 25th of August, 1882, the Secretary of the Treasury directed the transfer of the silver three-cent pieces then in the Treasury to the mint at Philadelphia and their coinage into dimes. Subsequently the Secretary ordered the other denominations of uncurrent and mutilated silver coins to be transferred from the Treasury to the mint for similar coinage. The amount during the fiscal year was 470,201.28 standard ounces, which was carried in the accounts at its subsidiary coining value, \$585,009.38.

Of the bullion resulting from the melting of these coins 468,137.76 ounces, valued at \$582,442, were used in coining dimes, leaving a balance on hand at the Philadelphia Mint of silver transferred for recoinage 2,063.52 standard ounces, valued at \$2,567.38. There were also procured from the New York Assay Office by transfer to the Philadelphia Mint, for the coinage of fractional silver under the provisions of section 3526 of the Revised Statutes, 130,796.65 standard ounces, valued at \$152,199.74. This silver was a part of the accumulations in previous years from the retention of silver bullion in payment of charges, and of fractions contained in bullion due but not delivered to depositors, the value being paid for in coin.

The Philadelphia Mint also, with my approval, applied and carried into the same account of silver procured for the subsidiary coinage the bullion resulting from coins melted at the annual assay 359.39 standard ounces, rated at its coining value \$447.14, making a total of 131,156.64 standard ounces, costing the Mint \$152,646.88, of which 114,059.47 standard ounces, costing \$132,748.91, were consumed in the coinage of dimes, leaving a balance of 17,096.57 standard ounces, costing \$19,897.97.

The total balance of silver bullion on hand at the mints June 30, 1883, was composed as follows:

Silver bullion.	Standard ounces.	Cost.
For standard dollar coinage.....	3, 936, 880. 10	\$3, 918, 793 05
For subsidiary silver coinage.....	2, 063. 52	2, 567 38
For recoinage.....	17, 096. 57	19, 897 97
Total	3, 956, 040. 19	3, 941, 258 40

The deliveries of silver bullion for the standard dollar coinage have averaged over \$2,000,000 worth per month, and have fallen below that amount but twice in the year. These deficiencies were occasioned by failures to deliver during the month the silver purchased.

As sellers of silver bullion are allowed ten days from the date of sale within which to make delivery, it is practically impossible to secure in every month \$2,000,000 worth without the liability of largely exceeding that limit in some subsequent months and that average for the year.

The statement showing the amount purchased during the year and its cost gives an average purchase of \$2,131,444 worth per month.

A statement in continuation of a similar table contained in my last report will be found in the appendix giving the number of ounces at standard and the cost of the silver bullion purchased and received at the Mint for the coinage of silver dollars from January 1, 1882, to June 30, 1883. During that period 36,227,336.16 standard ounces, costing \$36,692,627.92, were purchased and received, and 41,874,919 silver dollars coined. This and the previous statement show the purchase of 128,782,187.25 standard ounces, costing \$131,811,776.28, and the coinage of 147,255,899 silver dollars. The table in the report for 1882 includes not only bullion purchased but also parted and received for charges at the New York Assay Office, of which, however, the partings

and receipts for charges for the calendar year 1881 still remain in that office.

The tale value and denominations of the uncurrent silver coins transferred for re-coinage during the year were:

Three-cent pieces	\$88,808 16
Five-cent pieces	326,507 55
Twenty-cent pieces	100,016 00
Mixed coins	98,069 04
Foreign coins	5,798 15
Total	619,198 90

The loss upon which by recoinage was \$34,698.36.

PROFITS ON SILVER COINAGE AND THEIR DISPOSITION.

The balance to the credit of the silver-profit fund on hand June 30, 1882, was \$807,075.79; the profits on the coinage of standard dollars during the year were \$3,701,331.78; on fractional silver, \$9,160.24; and the Adams Express Company refunded for overpayments prior to 1879 on transportation of silver coin \$9,178.81, making the total to the credit of the silver-profit fund \$4,526,746.45. From this fund \$73,189.45 were paid during the year for the expenses incurred in transmitting silver coin, and \$23,996.45 were paid for wastage and bullion sold in sweeps. The quarterly accounts of the mints show the deposit during the year of \$3,150,964.06 in the Treasury, and a balance in the mints on the 30th of June, 1883, of \$1,278,596.59; of this amount, however, a deposit was made June 27, 1883, with the Treasurer of the United States and certificate issued in favor of the superintendent of the San Francisco Mint for \$250,839.86, reducing the balance to be accounted for by that mint from \$451,104.40 to \$200,264.54; but notice did not reach the San Francisco Mint until after the 30th of June, 1883, and the amount was not entered in the accounts of that mint as deposited until the succeeding quarter.

The remaining balance, \$1,027,756.73, has been deposited in the Treasury, as follows:

Mint.	Date of deposit.	Balance.
Carson	September 15, 1883	\$80,889 73
Philadelphia	September 29, 1883	422,757 94
San Francisco	September 29, 1883	200,264 54
New Orleans	October 5, 1883	323,844 52
		1,027,756 73

As inquiries had been made in relation to the profits on the coinage of silver since the passage of the act of February 28, 1878, authorizing the coinage of the standard silver dollar, and as the statements published in the previous annual reports would not show the actual profits on the coinage of the respective years, the profits having been computed under former instructions and regulations upon the silver purchased, and not upon that coined, although well satisfied that all of the profits had been properly accounted for, I caused an examination to be made of the quarterly accounts of the coinage mints from the 1st of July, 1878, to the 30th of June, 1881, for the purpose of ascertaining the exact amount of silver purchased and acquired, available for coinage, the profits on the actual coinage to that date, and their disposition. The result of this examination was embodied in the series of statements forwarded to you on the 22d of December, 1881, with a request that you would have them verified.

In accordance with your instructions, Mr. William Sherer, of the Assistant Treasurer's office at New York, made an examination of the silver-profit fund accounts of the several coinage mints and of the silver-bullion and silver-coin accounts for the fiscal years 1879, 1880, and 1881, the result of which was an exact verification of the figures presented in the statements which I submitted, showing, as Mr. Sherer states in his report of April 28, 1882, "that the silver profits had been properly accounted for."

I have thought it proper to carry this examination up to the close of the fiscal year 1883, for the purpose of showing, in a succinct form, the amount of bullion acquired, the profits which have been realized, and their disposition. The results have been consolidated with the statements covering the three previous years, which were verified by Mr. Sherer's examination, and are embodied in two statements published in the appendix, one showing the balance of silver bullion available for coinage on hand at the coinage mints on the first of July, 1878, the amount purchased and acquired since, and its cost, and the disposition of the same; the other showing the profits on the coinage of silver for the same period and their disposition pursuant to law.

From the first statement it will be seen that there were on hand at the coinage mints on the first of July, 1878, of silver not due depositors for bars, 3,440,072.69 standard ounces; that there have been purchased, parted from gold, acquired in the payment of charges, &c., including transfers from the New York Assay Office, since that time, 120,007,407.41 ounces, making a total of 123,447,480.10 ounces; of which 119,206,224.53 standard ounces have been used in coinage. 304,375.47 ounces have been wasted by the operative officers and sold in sweeps, leaving a balance at the coinage mints on the 30th of June, 1883, of 3,936,880.10 ounces of silver bullion, which was weighed by representatives of this office at the time, and that amount found to be actually on hand, as will be seen from their reports on file in this office.

The profits on the coinage of silver on hand at the coinage mints on the first of July, 1878, amounted to \$424,725.47; the profits on the coinage from that date to the 30th of June, 1883, were \$16,903,589.71, which, adding the amount of \$9,237 54, refunded by the Adams Express Company for overcharges in their bills for shipping silver coin, and the additional sum of \$4,560.30, carried to the credit of that fund from profits arising on adjustments of silver values and surplus bullion, make a grand total of silver profits to be accounted for of \$17,342,113.02, of which \$358,394.07 have been paid for expenses of distributing the coin, \$51,925.69 for the loss on silver in sweeps sold, \$71,429.18 for wastages by the operative officers, and \$48.86 for losses by recoinage, and prior to June 30, 1883, \$15,581,713.63 had been deposited in the Treasury of the United States and entered in the quarterly mint accounts, leaving a balance in the coinage mints of \$1,278,596.59, all of which has been covered into the Treasury, making the total amount of silver profits for the five years thus deposited \$16,860,310.22, as shown by the books of the Treasury Department.

The statements referred to do not in any way relate to bullion at the New York Assay Office, or any institution other than the four coinage mints.

Since the passage of the act, in 1878, requiring the monthly purchase of not less than two million dollars worth of silver bullion, and its coinage into silver dollars, \$154,370,899 had been coined prior to October, 1883. That this, with the eighty-one millions of fractional silver coin in the country, a total of \$235,000,000, is in excess of the requirements of the country for silver circulation is apparent from the large amount of

these coins in the vaults of the Treasury not represented by outstanding certificates and not required to be held for their payment, namely, over 39,000,000 silver dollars, and nearly \$27,000,000 of fractional silver coin, a total of \$66,000,000.

My views in regard to the policy of further continuing the coinage of silver dollars were expressed in my report two years ago, and remain unchanged. While believing that the equal coinage of both metals by all nations is desirable in order to give greater stability to the values of commodities and credits, yet, in view of our inability to continue the increase of our silver circulation at the present rate without ultimately expelling a large portion of the present stock of gold, as well as of the waning hope for the co-operation of leading commercial nations in securing the general use of silver and its unlimited coinage as money, and of the present abundant paper and increasing gold circulation in this country, I suggest the question again for the consideration of legislators, whether the law directing the monthly coinage of not less than two million dollars' worth of silver bullion into standard dollars should not be modified or repealed.

DISTRIBUTION.

The accompanying statement exhibits the amount of silver dollars on hand at the mints June 30, 1882, the number coined during the year, and balance on hand June 30, 1883, and shows the aggregate amount paid out, exchanged, and distributed from the mints during the year to have been \$20,172,201; of this sum \$11,494,617 were distributed from the mint at Philadelphia, \$6,588,758 from the mint at New Orleans, and \$2,088,826 from the mints on the Pacific coast.

AMOUNT of SILVER DOLLARS REPORTED by the COINAGE MINTS on HAND June 30, 1882, COINED during the year and on HAND at the CLOSE of the FISCAL YEAR ended June 30, 1883.

Period.	Philadel- phia.	San Fran- cisco.	Carson.	New Or- leans.	Total.
On hand June 30, 1882	\$4, 248, 069	\$25, 114, 407	\$1, 260, 901	\$4, 742, 295	\$35, 365, 672
Coinage fiscal year 1883	11, 601, 119	7, 350, 000	1, 120, 000	8, 040, 000	28, 111, 119
Total	15, 849, 188	32, 464, 407	2, 380, 901	12, 782, 295	63, 476, 791
In mints June 30, 1883	4, 354, 571	30, 841, 960	1, 914, 522	6, 193, 537	43, 304, 590
Distributed	11, 494, 617	1, 622, 447	466, 379	6, 588, 758	20, 172, 201

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT, as shown by the TREASURER'S MONTHLY STATEMENT of ASSETS and LIABILITIES, of the COINAGE, MOVEMENT, and CIRCULATION of STANDARD SILVER DOLLARS at the END of EACH SIX MONTHS from July 1, 1882, to July 1, 1883, and for the THREE MONTHS ending October 1, 1883.

Period.	Total coin- age.	In the Treasury.			In circulation.
		Held for payment of certificates out- standing.	Held in excess of cer- tificates outstand- ing.	Total.	
July 1, 1882	\$119, 144, 780	\$54, 506, 090	\$32, 647, 726	\$87, 153, 816	\$31, 990, 964
January 1, 1883	132, 955, 080	68, 443, 660	25, 573, 182	94, 016, 842	38, 938, 238
July 1, 1883	147, 255, 899	72, 620, 686	39, 293, 333	111, 914, 019	35, 341, 880
October 1, 1883	154, 370, 899	78, 921, 961	35, 665, 411	114, 587, 372	39, 783, 527

It appears from this statement that the total number of silver dollars had increased since the 1st of July, 1882, thirty-five millions, of which increase about \$8,000,000 only had gone into general circulation, while the amount in the Treasury had increased \$27,000,000, of which \$24,000,000 were held for the payment of outstanding silver certificates, and the amount in the Treasury in excess of the certificates outstanding had increased from \$32,647,726 to \$35,665,411.

APPROPRIATIONS, EARNINGS, AND EXPENDITURES.

The total amount appropriated for the support of the mints and assay offices for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, was \$1,198,082.07, of which amount the sum of \$1,158,377.43 was expended. In addition thereto there was expended from the appropriation contained in the act of February 28, 1878, authorizing and directing the coinage of the standard silver dollars, the sum of \$161,507.21 on account of the mints and \$1,921.24 at the Treasury Department.

The appropriations for the several institutions, and the amount expended from each, are shown in the following table :

APPROPRIATIONS, 1883.

Institution	Salaries.	Wages.	Contingent.	Coinage of the stand- ard silver dollar, act of February 28, 1878 (indefinite).	Total.
Philadelphia Mint.....	\$40,907 53	\$293,747 25	\$100,070 68	.....	\$434,725 46
San Francisco Mint.....	41,626 03	243,705 50	70,000 00	.....	355,331 53
Carson Mint.....	28,979 22	54,630 00	25,000 00	.....	108,609 22
New Orleans Mint.....	30,938 36	74,967 50	35,000 00	.....	140,905 86
Denver Mint.....	10,950 00	12,000 00	9,000 00	.....	31,950 00
New York Assay Office.....	38,665 07	25,705 00	10,000 00	.....	74,370 07
Helena Assay Office.....	7,759 93	10,180 00	10,000 00	.....	27,939 93
Boise Assay Office.....	3,000 00	.....	5,000 00	.....	8,000 00
Charlotte Assay Office.....	2,750 00	.....	2,000 00	.....	4,750 00
Saint Louis Assay Office.....	5,500 00	.....	6,000 00	.....	11,500 00
Total.....	211,076 14	714,935 25	272,070 68	.....	1,198,082 07

EXPENDITURES, 1883.

Philadelphia Mint.....	\$40,830 64	\$285,684 38	\$100,069 93	\$114,586 03	\$541,170 98
San Francisco Mint.....	40,982 77	243,604 00	56,756 09	8,318 48	349,661 34
Carson Mint.....	28,979 22	54,620 00	24,937 05	18,332 88	126,869 15
New Orleans Mint.....	29,483 42	74,966 78	34,968 40	20,269 82	159,688 42
Denver Mint.....	10,950 00	11,145 25	5,918 99	.....	28,014 24
New York Assay Office.....	38,239 47	23,539 25	9,796 18	.....	71,574 90
Helena Assay Office.....	7,759 93	10,079 98	7,495 75	.....	25,335 66
Boise Assay Office.....	2,997 12	.....	5,000 00	.....	7,997 12
Charlotte Assay Office.....	2,750 00	.....	1,450 80	.....	4,200 80
Saint Louis Assay Office.....	3,500 00	.....	1,872 03	.....	5,372 03
Total.....	206,472 57	703,639 64	248,265 22	161,507 21	1,319,884 64

In the appendix will be found a table showing the earnings and profits from all sources at the mints and assay offices during the year, and the expenditures and losses of all kinds. The total earnings amounted to \$5,215,509.76, and the total expenditures and losses to \$1,726,285.16.

A statement is also appended showing the amount of gold and silver

wasted by the operative officers at the coinage mints during the year, and the loss arising from the sale of bullion in sweeps, for which a lower price was obtained than the value ascertained by mint assay, and the various funds from which the wastages and loss were paid.

The total value of the gold and silver wasted at the four coinage mints during the year was \$30,084.83, while gold of the value of \$16,491.11 was returned by the melter and refiner of the mint at San Francisco in excess of the amount with which he was charged, and gold and silver of the value of \$4,542.81 by the melter and refiner of the mint at Philadelphia, and gold and silver of the value of \$30,217.33 by the melter and refiner of the Assay Office at New York, making a total gain from this source of \$51,251.25, adding to which the surplus bullion recovered from the grains and sweepings of the deposit-melting rooms of the institutions named makes a total gain of the precious metals of the value of \$62,658.33, or a net excess over and above the entire amount of bullion wasted by the operative officers of \$32,573.50.

REFINERY EARNINGS AND EXPENDITURES.

The charges collected of depositors during the year for parting, refining, and toughening bullion, which are appropriated by law for the payment of the expenses of those operations, amounted to \$279,024.92, of which the sum of \$250,280.81 was expended.

The following statement shows the refinery earnings and expenditures at the coinage mints and the New York Assay Office for the year:

Institutions.	Charges collected.	Expenditures.
Philadelphia Mint	\$13,479 30	\$8,537 72
San Francisco Mint	143,951 53	143,435 87
Carson Mint	22,789 01	16,138 68
New Orleans Mint	370 22	172 48
New York Assay Office	98,434 86	81,996 06
Total	279,024 92	250,280 81

The net excess of the earnings of the refineries over the expenses, from the 1st of July, 1876, to June 30, 1883, remaining in the Treasury of the United States, amounted on the 30th of June, 1883, to \$169,860.24.

ANNUAL ASSAY.

The special commissioners appointed by the President, together with those designated by law, to examine and test the fineness and weight of the coins reserved by the several mints during the calendar year 1882, assembled at the mint at Philadelphia on the second Wednesday of February last as required by law.

Coins both of gold and silver which had been reserved from deliveries made by the coiners to the superintendents in each month of the year were weighed and assayed both in mass and single pieces. The committee on weighing reported that "all the coins weighed are within the limits of exactness required by law, and that in fact very few vary from the standard by one-half the tolerance."

The committee on assaying reported that the results are all within the limits of tolerance as required by law, with the exception of one sample coin from the delivery at the New Orleans Mint January

14, 1882, the fineness of which is 898.93, being seven one-hundredths of one-thousandth below the legal limit."

Whereupon the commission reported "that the assay commission having examined and tested the reserved coins of the several mints for the year 1882, and it appearing that these coins are within the tolerance prescribed by law, except as to the reserved gold coin of the mint at New Orleans, the trial is considered satisfactory."

The fact that one of the gold coins reserved at the mint at New Orleans was deficient in fineness was certified to by the commission and reported to the President.

The Superintendent of the mint at Philadelphia, Mr. A. Loudon Snowden, was instructed to proceed to New Orleans to ascertain the cause of the defective coinage. From the facts disclosed by his report and the records it was deemed advisable that a change should be made in the office of assayer, and Dr. Jos. Albrecht was superseded by Dr. B. F. Taylor, who had been coiner of the mint prior to the late war. He was commissioned June 27, and entered upon his duties after the close of the annual settlement.

The proceedings of the Assay Commission show that the average fineness of 550 gold coins from the mints at Philadelphia, San Francisco, and Carson, melted in mass, was 899.9, and of 67 single pieces, 899.86. The assay coins from the mint at New Orleans represented a gold coinage of only \$108,200, and were not assayed in mass but as single pieces, and the average of 13 assays was 899.21. The assays made monthly at the Bureau of the Mint gave an average for 122 pieces from the mints at Philadelphia, San Francisco, and Carson, of 899.9, and for 5 pieces from the mint at New Orleans, 899.64.

The annual Assay Commission ascertained that the average fineness of 950 silver dollars of the coinage of all the mints, melted in mass, was 900.38, and of 48 single pieces, one for each month's coinage at each mint, 899.93. The monthly tests made at the Bureau of the Mint of 212 silver dollars gave an average fineness of 899.9.

The assays of the annual Assay Commission and those made at this bureau substantially agree, and show that the coinage of the year was remarkably close to standard, except as to the gold coinage of the mint at New Orleans. Although the average of the latter was within the legal limit, yet, as before stated, a piece from one delivery was found deficient in fineness. It had been previously ascertained by the monthly tests at this Bureau that the gold coin of one delivery at the New Orleans mint was deficient in fineness and the Superintendent was instructed to withhold from circulation all the coins in his custody that had been made from the defective melt of ingots, for the purpose of recoinage. Tables of the annual and monthly assays appear in the appendix.

ESTIMATION OF THE VALUES OF FOREIGN COINS.

As required by section 3564 of the Revised Statutes, the Director or the Mint estimated the values of the standard coins in circulation of the various nations of the world, and the same was proclaimed by the Secretary of the Treasury on January 1, 1883.

The estimated values were those of the pure metal of such coins of standard value—the gold coins estimated at the coining rate of United States gold coins, and the silver coins at their value as bullion based upon the average price of silver bullion for the last three months of 1882.

No change was made in the values of the standard coins, which are compared with gold, but the decline in the price of silver reduced the

value of the Austria florin from 40.6 cents to 40.1 cents; of the Bolivia boliviano, Ecuador peso, Peru sol, and United States of Colombia peso, from 82.3 cents to 81.2 cents; of the India rupee from 39 cents to 38.6 cents; of the Japan yen from 88.7 cents to 87.6 cents; of the Mexican dollar from 89.4 cents to 88.2 cents; of the Russia ruble from 65.8 cents to 65 cents, and of the Tripoli mahbub from 74.3 cents to 73.3 cents. The gold peso of the Argentine Republic was established as the monetary unit of that country by the law of November 5, 1881, and its value was estimated in the circular at 96.5 cents.

ANNUAL SETTLEMENT.

At the close of the year the operative officers of the several mints, and, on April 26, the melter and refiner of the assay office at New York, returned to their respective superintendents the balances of gold and silver bullion with which they had been charged during the year. This bullion was weighed under the superintendence of the Director or representatives of the Bureau, and the amount of wastage that had occurred was ascertained, which in no case exceeded the legal limits. All coin and bullion in the hands of the superintendents was also counted or weighed, as well as the funds belonging to the ordinary accounts, and in each case was found to agree with the books of the Treasury Department.

The gold bullion charged to the melter and refiners during the periods since their previous settlement amounted to 4,859,811.580 standard ounces, on which the legal limit for wastage was 4,859 standard ounces, and the actual wastage 99,045 standard ounces. Of silver bullion there were charged 59,208,831.09 standard ounces, upon which the legal allowance was 88,813 standard ounces and the actual wastage 18,890.42 standard ounces. There were charged to the coiners of the mints 3,798,568,446 standard ounces of gold bullion, on which the legal limit for wastage was 1,899 standard ounces and the actual wastage 164,186 standard ounces. There were charged also 49,929,135.50 standard ounces of silver bullion, the wastage limit on which was 49,929 standard ounces and the actual wastage 6,523.92 standard ounces. The total wastage at all the institutions was 263,231 standard ounces gold of the value of \$4,897.35, and 25,414.34 ounces of silver of the value of \$25,187.48, a total of \$30,084.83.

MINT AT PHILADELPHIA.

At this Mint the coinage of gold was nearly fifty-two millions less than in the preceding year, in which it had executed a larger amount of gold coin than in any year of its history.

The coinage of standard silver dollars amounted to \$11,601,119, and of the subsidiary coins \$717,511.90 was in dimes.

There existed a large demand for minor coins; \$1,428,307.16 were struck, of which \$1,022,774.40 were in five-cent pieces, and \$404,674.19 in one-cent pieces. The three-cent piece has never been a popular coin; only \$858.57 were coined during the year. This unusually heavy coinage retarded to a considerable extent the coinage of gold bullion belonging to the Government, and necessitated the employment of a full force of workmen.

The officers of the Mint are entitled to credit, not only for the excellency of the work at this institution, but for the amount performed, considering the want of sufficient room to keep the stores and perform the labor required.

SAN FRANCISCO MINT.

The work of this Mint was about two millions less in gold, and four millions less in silver. Only \$7,350,000 were coined in standard dollars, for the reason that a large amount of that denomination of coin is held by the United States Treasury in San Francisco, far ahead of the demand for circulation.

This Mint is well equipped and organized, and fully able to meet all the requirements of the Pacific Coast for coinage and parting and refining bullion, and its accounts and records are kept with commendable care and accuracy. Improvements in the arrangement of machinery and in the storage of supplies have been made by the superintendent, and under his supervision the efficiency and usefulness of the institution have been fully maintained.

CARSON MINT.

This Mint continued in operation during the entire year, the receipts of gold and silver having increased about 35 per cent. over those of the previous year. There was also an increase in the coinage from \$1,546,310 to \$2,523,945.

This institution is of advantage to the miners and mine owners in that portion of Nevada where it is located, in affording a local market for their silver production, as well as a convenient means of obtaining the value of their gold bullion in coin or bars.

MINT AT NEW ORLEANS.

The coinage of gold at this mint was inconsiderable, amounting to only \$43,000. Standard silver dollars were struck of the value of \$8,040,000, being over \$3,000,000 in excess of the coinage of the fiscal year 1882.

The institution is of little local advantage, except that it furnishes a large amount of silver coin for circulation in the Southern and South-western States. The bullion used in its coinage is obtained from distant refineries.

A change took place in the office of superintendent in August, 1882. Mr. M. V. Davis, who was superintendent prior to that time, resigned his office, and Dr. A. W. Smyth was appointed as his successor, and soon thereafter entered upon the discharge of duty. The melter and refiner, Dr. M. F. Bonzano, was superseded by the assistant assayer, Mr. F. F. Claussen, who was commissioned June 27.

NEW YORK ASSAY OFFICE.

Mr. Pierre C. Van Wyck, who had been Superintendent of the New York Assay Office since January 1, 1882, died on April 23, 1883, and was succeeded by Mr. Andrew Mason, who had for many years held the office of melter and refiner, and whose management of that office was characterized by economy and efficiency.

Mr. Van Wyck's brief administration had, by his conscientious regard for the public interests and his courteous demeanor towards those with whom he was associated, secured for him the confidence and respect, not only of those connected with the office, but of the business community, and fully maintained the high reputation and usefulness of this institution.

The deposits of gold during the year amounted to \$17,016,061.56 and of silver \$6,592,657.50.

Bars were manufactured for return to depositors and for coinage amounting to \$15,986,346.73 in gold and \$6,448,409.66 in silver.

DENVER MINT, AND ASSAY OFFICES AT CHARLOTTE, HELENA, BOISÉ,
AND SAINT LOUIS.

At these institutions the deposits of bullion were much greater than in the previous year. The business of the Denver Mint more than doubled in amount, and at Saint Louis it quadrupled. A change was made in the office of assayer at the assay office at Boisé City. Mr. A. Wolters was superseded by Mr. N. H. Camp. A detailed statement of the bullion received at the several offices and of the gold and silver bars manufactured, appears in the Appendix to this report.

LEGISLATION RECOMMENDED.

I would respectfully recommend the passage of an act authorizing and directing:

First. The discontinuance of the coinage of the gold dollar, which has been found too small for ordinary monetary use, and is virtually out of circulation. The only calls for many years upon the mints for gold dollars have been from numismatists, for cabinet specimens, and from jewelers for conversion into personal ornaments. If the issue not only of gold coins but of United States notes in denominations less than five dollars were prohibited, their places for ordinary trade and change purposes could be amply supplied from the silver dollars and fractional silver coin now idle in the Treasury.

Second. The discontinuance of the coinage of the three-cent copper-nickel piece. This coin has also been found inconvenient on account of its size and in other respects, and although the Philadelphia Mint paid the expenses of transmission, a large number remained for some years at that institution in excess of the demand, while the number of pieces in the offices of the Treasurer and Assistant Treasurers has increased from year to year, and the accumulation in the Treasury on the 30th of September, 1882, amounted to over five million pieces, being nearly one-fifth of its entire coinage.

The coinage of this denomination was originally authorized in the act of 1851 reducing the rate of letter postage to three cents, and the purpose appears to have been to furnish a convenient coin for paying letter postage. If the issue of a coin for such purposes is desirable, as the rate for letter postage is now but two cents, a two-cent bronze or copper-nickel coin of suitable size would be convenient, not only for this object, but in paying small sums and making change. The advantages and reasons for issuing this denomination I presented in my report for 1879.

Third. The repeal of the act authorizing the coinage of the trade dollar.

Although its coinage is now discretionary with the Secretary of the Treasury and has been suspended by him, the issue of this coin in any contingency should no longer be authorized or permitted at any of the United States Mints. Originally made in the coinage act of 1873 a legal tender, to the same extent as the other designated silver coins, a considerable number had probably, before its demonetization in 1876, gone into circulation in this country. The statistics of coinage and exports

show that at the latter date the number of pieces coined exceeded the exportations by over two million dollars. Probably from five to seven millions of these coins are now held in the country, mostly in the mining and manufacturing regions of Pennsylvania and contiguous States, and in the vicinity of New York, where they have been paid to workmen and laborers, and by them paid to and received from tradesmen in those localities.

While the United States has incurred no legal liability, yet by the act of the Government the coins were at first put into circulation and given compulsory currency, and have fallen into the hands of those who can ill afford to suffer from the depreciation, and it would seem but an act of justice that the United States should permit these coins to be sent to the mints and exchanged for other silver coins, into which they could be profitably recoined.

I doubt not that action of this kind would have long since been taken, but for the apprehension that a large number of exported trade dollars would be returned to this country. My own investigations and inquiries have satisfied me that the trade dollars sent to China have gone to the melting pots and become sycee silver or disappeared in the interior of that country; for, although their value as silver bullion would be only about eighty-seven cents, yet their commercial market value in New York City has, prior to the late movement to depress their price, fallen below ninety-eight cents but once, and that for a short period, and has usually ranged for several years above ninety-nine cents, and had it been possible to secure trade dollars for import from China to this country, the profits on the operation would have brought them here long since.

SUIT AGAINST THE SUPERINTENDENT AND MELTER AND REFINER
AT SAN FRANCISCO.

The suit in the United States circuit court of California against the superintendent and melter and refiner of the mint at San Francisco, for an alleged infringement of a patent issued to John Reynolds, to which I called attention in my report for 1880, was brought to a hearing, and a decree was rendered by the court in favor of the complainant, Reynolds, declaring the method of refining previously practiced at that mint an infringement of the patent, and adjudging him entitled to damages.

The fact that silver bullion containing one-fourth part or less of gold need not be melted or run into smaller bars or granulations to separate the two metals was known prior to the date of the patent, and there appears to me to have been no novelty in a process for parting without melting and granulating such bullion as the Comstock bars which contained gold in small proportions.

The United States, however, granted the patent, and although contested by the United States district attorney, the circuit court sustained its validity, and decreed that the complainant should recover his damages.

To separate gold and silver in the manner employed at that mint, and decided to be an infringement of the patent, was more economical and of pecuniary advantage to the Government, but of no personal benefit to the officers. It would, therefore, seem just and proper not only that the officers of the mint against whom the suit was brought should be relieved from personal responsibility in this matter, but also that Mr. Reynolds should be compensated to the extent that the Government has been benefited.

MONETARY STATISTICS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Inquiries relative to the production, import, export, and consumption of the precious metals have been continued, and much valuable information has been obtained, which has been tabulated for convenience of reference, and is herewith submitted.

PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER IN THE UNITED STATES.

Nearly all of the gold and silver obtained from mines of the United States is directly or indirectly deposited in the mints and assay offices or exported through the custom-house to foreign countries, and unusual facilities are thus afforded for ascertaining the total production of the country. Records are kept stating the character of each deposit, and, as far as practicable, if of domestic bullion, the locality of its production.

This information is tabulated from year to year, and published in the Director's reports.

As, however, the statistics of the annual production are now procured and compiled for a special report, it has been found of advantage to obtain the necessary data for the calendar instead of the fiscal year. The detailed estimate of production for each State and Territory has therefore been discontinued as to the fiscal year, and that for the calendar year 1882 is substituted.

From this report it appears that the production of the several States and Territories, in 1882, was estimated as follows :

State or Territory.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
Alaska	\$150, 000	-----	\$150, 000
Arizona	1, 065, 000	\$7, 500, 000	8, 565, 000
California	16, 800, 000	845, 000	17, 645, 000
Colorado	3, 360, 000	16, 500, 000	19, 860, 000
Dakota	3, 300, 000	175, 000	3, 475, 000
Georgia	250, 000	-----	250, 000
Idaho	1, 500, 000	2, 000, 000	3, 500, 000
Montana	2, 550, 000	4, 370, 000	6, 920, 000
Nevada	2, 000, 000	6, 750, 000	8, 750, 000
New Mexico	150, 000	1, 800, 000	1, 950, 000
North Carolina	190, 000	25, 000	215, 000
Oregon	830, 000	35, 000	865, 000
South Carolina	25, 000	-----	25, 000
Utah	190, 000	6, 800, 000	6, 990, 000
Virginia	15, 000	-----	15, 000
Washington Territory	120, 000	-----	120, 000
Wyoming	5, 000	-----	5, 000
Total	32, 500, 000	46, 890, 000	79, 390, 000

The total amount, compared with that of the preceding year, indicated that the production of the calendar year 1882 declined \$2,200,000 in gold and increased \$3,800,000 in silver. The probable production of the present calendar year cannot be stated absolutely from the information thus far received.

The mints and assay offices, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, embracing six months of the last and six months of the present calendar year, received domestic bullion of the value of \$32,481,642.38 gold and \$32,758,487.68 in silver; which exceeds the amount of similar bullion received during the calendar year 1882 by \$1,103,393.58 in gold and \$1,357,694.74 in silver. The exports of domestic silver bullion were also, during the fiscal year, \$1,490,000 greater.

The increased deposit of domestic gold was occasioned chiefly by the closing of the San Francisco Mint for receiving deposits earlier than usual in June, 1882, and deposits which otherwise would have been made

in that month were held back until July of the succeeding (or last) fiscal year.

The reports published in the mining journals of the production of many leading mines during the first half of the calendar year 1883, compared with their production for the same period in the previous year, show a diminished yield of about two millions of dollars. These reports, however, are too incomplete to furnish safe data, and a better criterion is a comparison of the amounts of gold and silver received at the mints and assay offices and the exports of domestic bullion to foreign countries.

For the first eight months of 1883 the value of the deposits of gold bullion is less than for the corresponding period in 1882 by a half million of dollars, and the silver deposits, purchases, and exports exceed those for the same time in the former year by two millions of dollars.

The production of gold in the calendar year 1883 will probably be at least a half million less and that of silver at least two millions greater than that of the previous year.

CONSUMPTION OF THE PRECIOUS METALS.

In the report for 1882 it was estimated that the consumption of the precious metals in the United States for use in the arts and manufactures probably exceeded \$12,000,000 of gold and \$7,000,000 of silver, of which \$7,000,000 of gold and \$6,000,000 of silver were of domestic production.

This estimate was based upon the results of inquiries made in 1881 by circular letters to manufacturers in the United States, and also upon the amount of bullion furnished by the New York Assay Office for manufacturing purposes. During the last fiscal year the New York Assay Office supplied bars for this purpose as follows:

Bars furnished to manufacturers.	Gold.	Silver.
Of United States coin.....	\$138 15	\$1,365 82
Of foreign coin.....	130,505 04	102,220 28
Of foreign bullion.....	253,799 44	335,016 73
Of plate, &c.....	665,019 30	205,851 10
Of domestic bullion.....	5,094,808 36	4,860,038 40
Total.....	6,144,270 29	5,504,492 33

Besides these deposits of gold and silver bullion for bars to be used in manufactures, the arts, &c., gold bars of the value of \$1,946,255 were for similar use delivered to manufacturers and dealers in bullion in exchange for gold coin, making the total value of gold bars prepared at that institution and delivered for manufacturing purposes \$8,090,525. If to this is added the bars prepared for depositors and exchanged for gold coin at Philadelphia, an aggregate of \$187,541, and those sold for similar purposes by private refiners, and the amount of coin and gold in the form of lumps and grains, the estimate heretofore made that \$12,000,000 of gold is annually consumed in manufactures, the arts, and ornamentation, and that at least \$7,000,000 of this is of domestic production, is sustained as to the amount thus consumed in the fiscal year 1883; while the amount of silver thus used would appear to have declined by a half million of dollars.

COIN CIRCULATION OF THE UNITED STATES.

On the 1st of July, 1883, the total coin circulation of the United States amounted to about \$765,000,000, of which \$537,000,000 is gold and \$228,000,000 silver coin. This estimate is based upon my estimate of

the circulation of the country in 1873, which I placed at \$135,000,000 in gold and \$5,000,000 in silver. To this last estimate I added the subsequent annual gains to the metallic circulation by coinage and import of coin and deducted the losses from recoinage and export of coin up to July 1, 1879, making the coin circulation at that date, gold, \$286,490,698, silver, \$112,050,985. It was assumed that during that period the coins brought into the country by immigrants on their persons and not reported at the custom-house, equaled the amount of coin consumed in the arts not deposited at the mints and assay offices. As the custom house returns in 1879 and subsequently, distinguished United States from foreign coins, the estimates for the last four years have been based upon the coinage deposit, import and export of United States coins, deducting \$8,500,000 for a possible excess of undeposited coins melted above the unreported amount brought by immigrants.

In my last annual report I estimated the circulation of United States coin to have been \$500,000,000 of gold and \$200,000,000 of silver; the exact figures of coinage and import, less recoinage, export, and estimated use in the arts, being \$500,882,185 of gold and \$199,573,360 of silver. During the year the coinage amounted to \$35,936,927.50 of gold and \$28,835,470.15 of silver; the imports of United States coin were \$8,112,265 of gold and \$670,192 of silver. During the same period \$374,129 of gold coin and \$636,983 of silver coin were deposited at the mints for recoinage, and \$4,802,454 of gold coin and \$150,894 of silver coin were exported.

I have estimated that the amount of United States coin melted by manufacturers during the year was \$2,500,000 of gold and \$75,000 of silver.

The following table therefore shows the gain during the year :

United States coin.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
Circulation June 30, 1882	\$500,882,185	\$199,573,360	\$700,455,545
Year's coinage, less deposits for recoinage	35,562,798	28,198,541	63,761,339
Excess of imports over exports	3,309,811	519,298	3,829,109
Total	539,754,794	228,291,199	768,045,993
Less amount used in the arts	2,500,000	75,000	2,575,000
Circulation July 1, 1883	537,254,794	228,216,199	765,470,993

From the Treasurer's statement of the amount of coin in the Treasury and of gold and silver certificates outstanding, and from the reports made by national banks to the Comptroller of the Currency showing the amount of certificates held by them, it appears that the gold and silver coin of the country on the 1st of July, 1883, was owned as follows :

Belonging to-	Gold.	Silver.			Total United States gold and silver coins.
		Legal tender.	Subsidiary.	Total	
Treasury	*\$82,017,125	*\$39,293,351	\$28,486,001	\$67,779,352	*\$149,796,477
National banks	†105,024,406	†7,121,130	‡3,208,858	10,329,988	†115,354,394
Other banks	‡25,000,000	‡100,841,418	49,265,441	150,106,859	‡500,320,122
Private hands	‡25,213,263				
Total	537,254,794	147,255,899	80,960,300	228,216,199	765,470,993

Less outstanding certificates.

† Including Treasury certificates.

‡ Estimated.

In the above table I have deducted from the stock in the Treasury and credited to the banks and the public to the amount of the certificates held by them, respectively, the coin represented by and required by law to be kept in the Treasury for the payment of outstanding gold and silver certificates.

From July 1 to October 1 there was an additional coinage, less re-coinage, of \$7,646,575 of gold, and \$7,235,372 of silver. During the same period the coin circulation gained \$236,330 of United States gold coin by import and lost \$141,498 of silver coin by export. Making a proportionate estimate of the amount of coin melted for manufacturing purposes during the three months and deducting the same would make the circulation of United States coin on the 1st instant \$544,512,699 of gold, and \$235,291,323 of silver, a total of \$779,804,022, as appears in the following table:

GAIN in COIN from JULY 1, to OCTOBER 1, 1883.

	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
Circulation July 1, 1883.....	\$537,254,794	\$228,216,199	\$765,470,993
Coinage to October 1 (less recoinage).....	7,646,575	7,235,372	14,881,947
Excess of imports over exports to October 1*	236,330	.....	236,330
Total.....	545,137,699	235,451,571	780,589,270
Less excess of exports over imports*.....	.....	141,498	141,498
Remainder	545,137,699	235,310,073	780,447,772
Less amount used in manufactures.....	625,000	18,750	643,750
Circulation October 1, 1883	544,512,699	235,291,323	779,804,022

* All ports for July and August; only New York and San Francisco for September.

In addition to this amount of coin, the mints and assay offices held for coinage on October 1st, \$61,683,816 of gold bullion and \$5,107,911 of silver bullion, making the total amount of United States coin and bullion available for coinage \$606,196,515 of gold and \$240,399,234 of silver, or \$846,595,749 of both gold and silver.

TOTAL UNITED STATES CIRCULATION AND ITS DISPOSITION.

The following table, compiled in this Bureau from the published statements prepared by the Comptroller of the Currency and the Treasurer of the United States, as to the holdings of the banks and Treasury, shows the character and condition of the circulation of the country on the 1st of July, 1883:

STATE of CIRCULATION JULY 1, 1883.

	In Treasury.	In national banks	In other banks and general circulation.	Total.
Gold bullion	\$56,254,071	.....	.....	\$56,254,071
Silver bullion.....	4,482,216	.....	.....	4,482,216
Gold coin	141,824,495	\$72,232,816	\$323,197,483	537,254,794
Silver dollars	111,914,019	4,000,000	31,341,880	147,255,899
Fractional silver coin.....	28,486,001	3,208,858	49,265,441	80,960,300
Gold certificates	22,571,270	32,791,500	27,015,780	82,378,640
Silver certificates	15,996,145	3,121,130	69,499,556	88,616,831
United States notes.....	36,498,839	73,832,458	236,349,719	346,681,016
National bank notes.....	8,217,062	31,748,004	316,850,444	356,815,510
Fractional currency	4,657	456,447	6,539,586	7,000,690
Total	426,248,775	221,391,303	1,060,059,889	1,707,699,967

No account has been taken of the small amounts of unredeemed legal-tender, demand, and interest-bearing notes, which cannot be considered in circulation at the present time.

Strictly speaking, the gold and silver bullion in the Treasury cannot be denominated circulation, but though not money, such bullion may be considered as a part of the Treasury metallic reserve, being held and in case of necessity immediately available for conversion into coin, and therefore is included in Table XXXIV in the appendix, showing the general circulation.

Comparing the foregoing table with a similar one in my last report, showing the state of circulation at the close of the preceding year, it will be seen:

1st. That the total circulation of gold coin has increased in the year \$36,400,000, and of silver coin \$28,500,000; the outstanding gold certificates increased about \$55,000,000, silver certificates \$18,000,000, a total of \$73,000,000, while the total national bank note circulation diminished nearly \$2,000,000.

2d. The Treasury owns, deducting outstanding certificates, \$5,000,000 less gold coin and \$7,000,000 more of silver coin, and \$4,000,000 more of United States and national bank notes.

3d. The national banks have gained \$17,500,000 in the total circulation held by them, and increased their stock of coin, including certificates, \$1,000,000 in gold and \$2,500,000 in silver, and gained \$14,000,000 in paper.

4th. The paper and metallic circulation held by the public and the banks other than the national increased \$40,000,000, gaining, including certificates, \$40,000,000 in gold and \$19,000,000 in silver, a total of \$59,000,000 in coin, but losing \$19,000,000 in United States and national bank notes.

From July 1 to October 1, 1883, there was a further net increase in the circulation of the United States, amounting to \$22,897,856, as appears from the following statement:

STATE of TOTAL UNITED STATES CIRCULATION October 1, 1883.

[Amount held in the Treasury, taken from Treasurer's statement of September 29.]

	In Treasury.	In banks and general cir- culation.	Total.
Gold bullion.....	\$61,683,816	.....	\$61,683,816
Silver bullion.....	5,107,911	.....	5,107,911
Gold coin.....	144,446,726	\$400,065,973	544,512,699
Silver dollars.....	114,587,372	39,783,527	154,370,899
Silver fractional coin.....	26,750,161	54,170,263	80,920,424
Gold certificates.....	27,480,300	55,014,940	82,495,240
Silver certificates.....	15,568,280	78,921,961	94,490,241
United States notes.....	37,194,420	309,486,596	346,681,016
National bank notes.....	6,017,710	347,324,961	353,342,671
Fractional currency.....	5,803	6,987,103	6,992,906
Total.....	438,842,499	1,291,755,324	1,730,597,823

Assuming that the same amount of paper and specie respectively were in the national banks on the 1st of October as on the 22d of June, the comparative changes in the circulation held by the public and banks other than national from October 1, 1882, to October 1, 1883, have been as follows:

UNITED STATES CIRCULATION HELD by the PUBLIC and BANKS OTHER THAN NATIONAL.

Description.	October 1, 1882.	October 1, 1883.	Increase.	Decrease.
Gold coin	\$320, 902, 688	\$327, 833, 157	\$6, 930, 469	.....
Silver dollars	30, 801, 231	35, 783, 527	4, 982, 296	.....
Fractional silver	49, 687, 535	50, 961, 405	1, 273, 870	.....
Gold certificates	313, 140	22, 223, 350	21, 910, 210	.....
Silver certificates	61, 397, 180	75, 800, 831	14, 403, 651	.....
United States notes	251, 419, 341	235, 654, 138	.....	\$15, 765, 203
National bank notes	330, 104, 018	315, 576, 957	.....	14, 527, 061
Fractional currency	6, 623, 253	6, 530, 656	.....	92, 597
Total	1, 051, 248, 386	1, 070, 364, 021	.....	.....

Net increase, \$19,115,635.

THE COURSE OF PRICES IN THE UNITED STATES IN 1882-1883.

The tables showing the average prices of the principal domestic exports during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, and of leading commodities in the New York market for the calendar year 1882, in continuation of similar tables for previous years, have been prepared and accompany this report. The prices of domestic exports, as appear from the average values declared at the custom-house, have not, in the aggregate, materially varied from those of the previous year, if five of the less important articles, upon which the prices advanced 50 per cent. and over, are omitted.

Upon the basis of the previous year's prices of all the articles in the table, the average per cent. of advance or decline of the prices of the fiscal year 1883 would show a rise of 4 per cent. in general prices; but if the per cent. of advance or decline of each article is multiplied by its value exported, the mean decline would show a fall of 1.1 per cent. in general prices.

The average yearly prices of staple articles in the New York market during the calendar year 1882, compared with the prices of 1881, taken from the same source and in the same manner as described in my last report, show an advance in the average percentages of the prices of 1882 of 1.6 per cent. upon the prices of 1881, and 3.3 per cent. upon the average prices for fifty-six years prior to 1881.

For the purpose of comparing the course of prices for the same period in this country and Great Britain, a table has been prepared giving the prices, quantities, and values for the years 1881 and 1882, and the percentages of the prices of the latter year to those of the former, on nearly all the articles imported into the United Kingdom for those years of which the quantities and values are given in the published customs returns of that country. They show a great steadiness in prices and no large decline in the principal imports except cotton and petroleum, and no considerable advance except in hops. The mean of the total average advance or decline in the price of each article upon its price in the previous year was 1.6 per cent. advance.

MONETARY STATISTICS OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

Inquiries were addressed, as in former years, to the United States representatives abroad, in regard to monetary statistics and financial condition of the several countries to which they are accredited, and their responses and accompanying communications have enabled me to re-

wise and continue the tables of production, coinage, and circulation to later dates.

The replies received with extracts from late and valuable publications by distinguished statisticians are printed in the appendix,* and a summary of the more important information is herewith submitted.

GREAT BRITAIN AND COLONIES.

Great Britain and Ireland.—The United States minister to England, Mr. J. R. Lowell, transmitted under date of April 28 very complete statistics of the monetary affairs of that country, which were furnished to him by Lord Granville. From these it appears that in 1882 no gold was coined in Great Britain, but that silver coin was struck to the amount of £209,880.

The imports and exports of gold and silver coin and bullion were as follows:

Gold:	
Imports	£14,350,000
Exports	12,100,000
Silver:	
Imports	9,100,000
Exports	8,950,000

This shows a gain to the country during the year of £2,250,000 in gold, and £150,000 in silver.

Mr. Fremantle estimates that at the close of the year 1882 the gold coin in banks and in circulation was £120,761,000; silver coin, £19,144,000, and the paper money outstanding was as follows:

Of notes of the Bank of England	£25,553,000
Of notes of banks in England and Wales	3,468,000
Of notes of banks in Scotland	6,366,000
Of notes of banks in Ireland	8,334,000
Total paper	43,721,000

Mr. Ottomar Haupt, in his “Arbitrages et Parités,” estimates the amount of gold, including bullion, from £120,000,000 to £130,000,000. Mr. Palgrave, in a late paper read by him before the Institute of Bankers at London, estimated the gold coin in circulation in the United Kingdom at £110,000,000, taking, according to the London Banker's Magazine, no account of the gold bullion held by the Bank of England, but apparently including its gold coin.

I have adopted Mr. Fremantle's estimate of the amount of gold coin in banks and circulation as including the bullion in the banks, which in their published returns is not distinguished from gold coin, and have inserted it in the table of general circulation, as the amount of gold in circulation in the United Kingdom.

The gold circulation in 1858 in the United Kingdom, according to the highest estimation for that period I have seen, was £90,000,000, which was the basis of the later estimate in 1876 of £122,368,000, published in the report of the committee on the depreciation of silver, and is the starting point in other estimates made by distinguished statisticians. The importation of gold coin and bullion into Great Britain and Ireland since the commencement of the year 1858 to the beginning of the year 1883 has exceeded the exports by £77,209,323, which sum added to £90,000,000 makes a total of £167,000,000. From this must be deducted the consumption in the arts and manufactures.

Mr. Jacob in 1831 ascertained the annual consumption of gold in the manufactures and arts in Great Britain and Ireland to be over

* The documents referred to, omitted for want of space, may be found in the separate volume of the Director's report.

£1,750,000, and Mr. Giffen concluded in 1872 that £2,000,000 yearly were consumed in the same way; while Mr. Soetbeer in 1880 made the net consumption, annually, of coin in Great Britain for similar purposes not less than £2,200,000. This would, upon Mr. Giffen's estimate of £2,000,000 consumption, leave £117,000,000 as the gold circulation in 1883, but upon Mr. Soetbeer's estimate of £2,200,000 consumption, leave only £112,000,000.

I have not been able to ascertain whether the estimate of £90,000,000 for 1858 included or omitted the gold in the Bank of England, in which latter case Mr. Fremantle's estimation would not much, if any, exceed the estimate based upon these figures.

A similar deduction from the estimated amount in 1876 of £122,000,000 gold coin and £14,000,000 gold bullion, of £2,000,000 for the excess of gold exports over imports, and of £14,000,000 for consumption from 1876 to 1883, would reduce the stock of gold in the United Kingdom to £120,000,000, and substantially confirm Mr. Fremantle's figures.

India.—The vice-consul-general at Calcutta, Mr. C. C. Bancroft, forwarded the reply of the secretary of the Indian Government, which shows that in 1882 the following coinage was executed :

	Gold.	Silver.
	<i>Rupees.</i>	<i>Rupees.</i>
Calcutta mint.....	360,555	17,004,545
Bombay mint.....	.....	59,125,824
Total.....	360,555	76,130,369

The imports and exports of gold and silver coin and bullion were :

	Imports.	Exports.
	<i>Rupees.</i>	<i>Rupees.</i>
Gold.....	54,229,500	1,018,304
Silver.....	103,734,888	8,295,043

There was no production of gold or silver.

It is difficult to estimate the amount of gold coin in existence as it does not circulate, silver being the commercial medium. At the close of 1882 the Government treasury held about 185,000,000 rupees in silver, the banks 20,000,000.

There were also 161,614,315 rupees in Government currency notes in circulation on the 31st of December, 1882.

The dispatch roughly estimates the silver circulation of India at 1,295,000,000 rupees. I have, however, retained in the table of the circulation of the world the estimate of circulation for India made in former reports, adding the subsequent coinage, less the recoinage and estimated consumption in ornamentation.

In 1835, a coinage of new rupees worth from $4\frac{1}{2}$ to $6\frac{2}{3}$ per cent. less than the silver rupees previously in circulation was commenced, and in the subsequent forty-six years, up to March 31, 1882, their coinage was reported at £260,000,000, of which about £24,000,000 had been recoined from old silver coins; of the latter a considerable amount must still be in existence, if not in circulation, for Mr. Fremantle in his mint report, states that at the Bombay mint in the years 1879 and 1880, £1,120,000 in native coins, principally Baroda rupees, were received for recoinage. Deducting the value of the silver recoined during the period, the re-

mainder amounting to £236,000,000, were coined from imported bullion and old silver in the form of ornaments.

Colonel Henry Hyde, the master of the Calcutta mint, stated to the committee on the depreciation of silver that he estimated the circulation in British India in 1868-9 to be £166,000,000, assuming that one per cent. each year of the total coinage, from 1835 up to that time, had been converted into ornaments. Adding the yearly coinage to this sum, and subtracting annually one per cent. of the amount, the silver coin in circulation in that country in 1882 would be £217,000,000. A reduction of one per cent. gives over ten millions of dollars as an annual appropriation of coin merely for purposes of ornament, besides the consumption of considerable imported bullion, which during the period has exceeded the coinage less recoinage.

And this would seem to be a sufficient yearly deduction from the circulation for this purpose, especially when it is remembered that, according to Mr. J. T. Mackenzie, the old sicca rupees, which were coined prior to 1803, being of purer silver, were in great demand for making ornaments, as they could be manufactured better than the new rupees. This estimation gives for the 252,541,000 of inhabitants of India, including the native states, a per capita of only \$4.18.

Australasia.—A comprehensive communication covering the financial affairs of Australia, New Zealand, and Tasmania, was received from Mr. O. M. Spencer, consul-general at Melbourne. During 1882 the following coinages of gold were made at the colonial branches of the royal mint: At Melbourne £2,519,000, and at Sydney £1,324,000, a total of £3,843,000=\$18,701,960. Silver coin is supplied to the colonies from England.

The imports and exports of gold and silver coin and bullion were as follows:

	Gold.		Silver.	
	£.	Dollars.	£.	Dollars.
Imports	2,441,717	11,882,616	277,729	1,351,568
Exports	7,906,866	38,478,763	70,474	342,962

During the year the production of the mines amounted to gold £5,947,440, or \$28,943,317; and silver, including that separated from gold at the mints, £21,140, or \$102,878.

The bank statements for the quarter ended December 31, 1882, show the following amounts of specie held by them and of notes in circulation:

Gold and silver coin	£10,014,967	\$48,737,837
Gold and silver bullion	740,838	3,605,288
Notes in circulation	5,344,852	26,010,722

From 4 to 5 per cent. of the coin held by the banks was silver.

Messrs. Charles Kahlo, United States consul at Sydney, and G. W. Griffin, at Auckland, furnish information.

Cape Town.—From this colony Mr. James W. Siler, United States consul, writes that the following amounts of specie were imported and exported:

	Imported.	Exported.
Gold coin	£265,131	£51,214
Gold bullion	98	.....
Silver coin	22,516	3,644
Silver bullion	4	.....

The metallic circulation of the colony is placed as follows :

In the treasury	None.
In banks	£1,717,126
In active circulation	5,539,338

The paper circulation consists of bank notes of the value of £942,208.

Newfoundland.—Thomas N. Molloy, our consul at Saint John's, states that \$20,000 of gold coin and bullion and \$80,000 of silver were imported. At the end of the year 1882 there was—

	Gold.	Silver.
In the treasury	\$400,000	\$80,000
In banks	40,000 }	200,000
In circulation	40,000 }	

The paper circulation amounted to \$100,000.

New Providence.—The consul at Nassau states that the coin in circulation is mostly British and United States gold and silver. From the latter country, \$21,900 of gold coin were imported and \$2,228 of mixed coin exported to the United States and Great Britain. The banks held at the close of the year, \$58,782 of gold and \$18,337 of silver. The total amount of coin in the colony does not exceed \$150,000.

FRANCE.

The United States minister, Hon. Levi P. Morton, furnishes the following information:

The gold coinage of 1882 amounted to 3,742,000 francs in 100 franc pieces and the silver coinage to 1,159,859.50 in 50 centime pieces.

The imports and exports were:

	Imports.	Exports.
	<i>Francs.</i>	<i>Francs.</i>
Gold coin	254,537,942	176,195,702
Gold bullion	30,724,474	15,870,148
Silver coin	92,133,887	131,419,705
Silver bullion	33,860,531	25,874,227

At the close of the year the Bank of France had on hand:

	<i>Francs.</i>
Gold	964,481,335 16
Silver	1,091,275,662 97
Total	2,055,756,998 13

This includes the circulation belonging to the treasury, which is not distinguished from the cash belonging to the bank.

The outstanding paper currency of the Bank of France, which alone is authorized to issue paper currency, amounted to 2,790,357,475 francs.

For the amount of gold in circulation in France, I have added to my estimate in last year's report of \$375,000,000, the gain by import for 1881 and 1882, \$20,000,000, and deducted the estimated amount used in the arts \$22,000,000, leaving a net loss of \$2,000,000, and have placed the circulation of gold at \$873,000,000.

For full legal tender silver I have deducted from my estimate of \$545,000,000 the net loss by export of silver coin for 1881 and 1882, and have reduced the same to \$540,000,000.

GUADELOUPE.

Charles Bartlett, esq., consul at Guadeloupe, under date of June 22, 1883, writes that during 1882 there was imported 29,747 francs' worth of Spanish doubloons and 870,000 francs of silver coin.

The specie circulation at the close of the year is estimated to have been:

	Gold.	Silver.
	<i>Francs.</i>	<i>Francs.</i>
In the treasury	262, 220	694, 885
In the bank	1, 709, 398	260, 625

There is no gold coin in active circulation; the amount of silver coin is estimated at 500,000 francs.

The paper circulation was 5,003,885 francs.

ALGIERS.

Mr. Alexander Jourdan, United States consul at Algiers, states that during 1882 the imports and exports of coin and bullion were:

	Imports.	Exports.
	<i>Francs.</i>	<i>Francs.</i>
Gold	3, 935, 384	.....
Silver	5, 800, 000	24, 700

The circulation of the country is estimated as follows:

	In treasury.	In banks.	In circulation.
	<i>Francs.</i>	<i>Francs.</i>	<i>Francs.</i>
Gold coin	186, 000	18, 000, 000	30, 000, 000
Silver coin	576, 000	10, 000, 000	20, 000, 000
Silver bullion	70, 000	1, 500, 000	2, 000, 000

The paper currency amounted to 64,000,000 francs, of which 58,000,000 was the issue of the Bank of Algiers.

GERMANY.

Hon. A. A. Sargent, United States minister to Germany, forwarded, under date of May 30, 1883, a memorandum, furnished by Dr. Busch, from which it appears that the coinage for 1882 amounted to 13,307,080 marks in gold and 26,920,828 marks in silver. The imports and exports were:

	Imports.	Exports.
	<i>Kilograms.</i>	<i>Kilograms.</i>
Gold coin	9, 935	12, 042
Gold bullion	1, 342	3, 213
Silver coin	9, 904	10, 341
Silver bullion	33, 404	84, 679

The mines of Germany produced of gold 1,051,000 marks and of silver 32,763,000 marks. At the end of the year the Imperial Bank and the German banks held in German and foreign gold coins and in gold bars 642,391,000 marks. The paper circulation was:

	Marks.
In Imperial treasury-notes.....	148, 504, 890
In bank-notes	1, 033, 569, 000

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

Mr. Alphonso Taft, United States minister to Austria, forwards, under date of November 16, 1882, a communication from Count Hoyos, relative to monetary statistics of Hungary for the year 1881.

The coinage of the royal mint at Kremnitz amounted to 2,548,725.75 florins in gold and 15,494,763 florins in silver.

During the same year the imports and exports of coin and bullion were:

	Imports.	Exports.
	<i>Kilograms.</i>	<i>Kilograms.</i>
Of gold coin	13, 603	1, 440
Of gold bullion.....	547	173
Of silver coin	30, 549	2, 908
Of silver bullion	126, 725	1, 050

The mines of Hungary produced during 1881, 1,563.9023 kilograms of gold and 17,583.0598 kilograms of silver. At the close of 1881 the Government held of gold 539,810 florins, and of silver 1,500,387 florins.

The bullion supply of the Austro-Hungarian Bank on the 31st December, 1881, amounted to 68,725,532 florins of gold and 122,130,826 florins of silver.

SWEDEN AND NORWAY.

From Mr. John L. Stevens, our minister to Sweden and Norway, has been received important statistics concerning the coinage, import, &c., of the precious metals in that united kingdom for the year 1881.

In Sweden the coinage amounted to 1,270,000 crowns of gold and 1,177,261 crowns of silver.

The imports and exports were:

	Imports.	Exports.
	<i>Kilograms.</i>	<i>Kilograms.</i>
Gold coin.....	2, 130	483
Gold bullion.....	226	.....
Silver coin	1, 971	744
Silver bullion	841	3

The mines produced 1 kilogram of gold and 1,176 kilograms of silver. The circulation at the close of the year was:

	Gold.	Silver.
	<i>Crowns.</i>	<i>Crowns.</i>
In treasury and banks	20, 058, 000	4, 159, 046
In circulation	5, 500, 000	11, 000, 000

The paper circulation amounted to 86, 730 088 crowns.

In Norway no gold was coined in 1881. The coinage of silver amounted to 235,810 crowns. The imports of gold and silver amounted to 257,000 crowns and the exports to 932,200 crowns. Only one silver mine was worked, the yield of which was 4,812 kilograms.

The Bank of Norway held, at the close of 1881, 21,362,000 crowns of coin and bullion, of which about 150,000 crowns was silver.

The treasury held 839,000 crowns of silver coin, and there were about 4,000,000 crowns of silver in circulation, besides paper of the banks of Norway to the amount of 37,654,000 crowns.

TURKEY.

Under date of September 7, 1883, Mr. Lew Wallace, the minister to Turkey, states that the coinage of gold in 1882 amounted to 67,274,000 piasters, equal to \$2,957,365. There was no coinage of silver.

The mines of Turkey produced during the last two years, 1881 and 1882, 1,210,625 drams of silver and 5,371 drams of gold.

The circulation of Turkey is placed at 9,000,000 Turkish pounds of gold, 8,000,000 of silver, 1,800,000 of other coin, and 1,200,000 of paper.

ROUMANIA.

From Roumania the United States minister, Mr. Eugene Schuyler, states, under date of October 27, 1882, that Roumania coined no gold in 1881, and that the coinage of silver amounted to 24,600,000 francs, for which 22,483 kilograms were imported.

At the end of 1881 there was:

	Gold.	Silver.
	<i>Francs.</i>	<i>Francs.</i>
In the treasury.....	161,396.90	286,234.00
In national banks.....	685,367.95	19,568,035.14
In circulation.....		39,145,730.86
Total.....	846,764.85	59,000,000.00

Of the silver circulation it is estimated that 29,000,000 francs are in 5-franc pieces and 30,000,000 francs in smaller denominations. The paper circulation consists of 12,091,730 francs in treasury notes and 58,498,790 francs in national-bank notes.

MADEIRA ISLANDS.

Mr. L. Du Pont Syle, consul at Funchal, states that the metallic circulation in the treasury, banks, and active circulation is gold, \$648,000, silver, \$864,000.

TENERIFFE.

The vice-consul, Mr. Hugh H. Hamilton, reports, under date of May 2, 1883, that the treasury held \$312,742 in gold and \$664,578 in silver.

JAPAN.

From this empire Mr. John A. Bingham, United States minister, forwards, under date of September 9, 1882, interesting statistics regarding the monetary affairs.

The amount of coin in the country on December 31, 1881, was as follows:

	Gold.	Silver.
	Yen.	Yen.
In treasury	5,172,485	5,418,719
In banks	1,470,544	1,265,735
In circulation	86,491,311	39,649,517

The treasury held also 30,379 ounces of gold bullion and 117,321 ounces of silver bullion. At the same date the paper circulation was 105,881,294 yen.

The production of the mines is given for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1880, and amounted to 6,066 ounces of gold and 155,418 ounces of silver.

During the calendar year 1881 there was imported and exported—

	Imports.	Exports.
Gold bullion		13,097
Gold coin		2,021,035
Silver bullion	917,195	4,855
Silver coin	797,694	5,238,051

The coinage for that year amounted to 747,115 yen of gold and 2,927,995 yen of silver.

MOROCCO.

From Tangier Mr. Felix A. Matthews, the United States consul, reports that no money was coined in Morocco in 1882. The import of gold in coin and bullion was \$200,000, and the export \$1,280,460. No mines are operated in the country.

MEXICO.

The United States minister to Mexico, Mr. P. H. Morgan, sends, under date of June 28, 1883, very full and complete statistics regarding the finances of that country.

During 1882 the coinage amounted to \$452,590 in gold and \$25,146,260 in silver.

There was no import of gold nor silver; the export amounted to \$1,241,419 of gold and \$15,822,348 of silver.

The production of the mines of Mexico is estimated from mint and custom-house returns to have been \$936,223 in gold and \$29,237,798 in silver.

These amounts do not represent the total production, as considerable is held by private individuals, and also used for manufacturing purposes.

On the 30th of June, 1882, the treasury held no gold and \$97,877 of silver, and the National Bank \$4,306,495.

National Bank paper to the amount of \$2,062,520 was in circulation.

CUBA.

The consul-general of the United States at Havana, Adam Badeau, esq., reports that the imports and exports of gold and silver in Cuba were as follows:

	Imports.	Exports.
Gold coin and bullion	\$2,558,099	\$3,061,300
Silver coin and bullion	1,255,823	458,795

At the end of the year 1882 the metallic circulation was held as follows:

In the treasury	\$3, 141, 215
In the banks	11, 040, 028
In circulation	14, 000, 000

The total paper circulation amounted to \$44,862,543.

CURAÇOA.

Mr. Almont Barnes, United States consul to this island, states that the colonial paper currency was 148,700 francs.

VENEZUELA.

From Venezuela, Mr. Jehu Baker, our minister at Caracas, furnishes a report on Venezuelan finances for 1881, from which it appears that there was a gold production of 8,000 ounces.

Bullion was exported amounting to 8,236,304 bolivars. which shows an increase over that exported in 1880 of 793,975 bolivars.

No statistics of the amount of money in the country were attainable.

DUTCH GUIANA.

Mr. Henry Barnett, vice-consul at Paramaribo, forwards, under date of August 1, 1883, a dispatch relative to the monetary condition of this colony.

The imports of silver coin were \$32,000, and the exports \$6,000. The mines produced \$320,000.

At the close of 1882, the Bank of Surinam, which is the sole bank in the country, held \$60,000 in gold, and had outstanding \$379,292 in paper.

URUGUAY.

From Montevideo the United States consul, Mr. R. L. Russell, reports that at the end of the year 1882 the banks held \$4,601,000 in coin, which was chiefly gold. The paper circulation consisted of \$3,900,000 of bank notes and \$2,086,000 of national currency.

MONETARY STATISTICS OF THE WORLD.

For convenient reference the statistical information contained in the foregoing summary and attainable from other reliable sources has been tabulated and accompanies this report, giving the production, coinage, and consumption of gold and silver and the metallic and paper circulation of all the principal countries in the world.

THE PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER IN THE WORLD.

The production of the precious metals has been revised for the years 1880 and 1881, and the additional year 1882 added, and is given by producing countries, as will be seen from the table in the appendix.

The production of twenty countries is estimated from official reports and other published information to have been for the calendar year 1882, of gold, 153,226 kilograms, valued at \$103,161,532, and of silver, 2,633,860 kilograms, amounting, at the coining rate of the silver dollar, to \$109,446,586, showing a decrease from the corrected estimate of 1881 of about \$4,000,000 in gold and an increase of about \$6,000,000 in silver.

As to two of the foreign countries, from which, together with the United States, is obtained the greater part of the annual yield of gold, namely, Australia and Russia, the figures for Australia for 1880 and 1882 are taken from official information contained in my reports, and I have carefully revised the estimate of the production of that country for 1881.

From official sources the production of gold of Victoria and New South Wales for that year is given as 1,007,773 ounces, to which I have added the mean of the production of Queensland, Tasmania, New Zealand, and South Australia from official sources for 1880 and 1882, giving as the production of those four provinces the sum of 477,000 ounces, making a total production for Australia for 1881 of 1,484,773 ounces, valued at \$30,690,000.

With reference to the production of the mines of Russia, I have no information later than for the calendar year 1879, and I have therefore been obliged to estimate the production for each of the three years embraced in the table as the same as for 1879.

With reference to Mexico, which next to the United States is the largest producer of silver, its production for 1882 is from official information accompanying this report, and for 1881 I have taken as the production of that country the bullion deposited at the mints and exported as given by official papers.

The production of Bolivia for 1882, for lack of any better information is given as the same as for 1881, which was from official sources.

THE WORLD'S COINAGE.

In the appendix will be found a table showing the coinages of twenty-four countries for the calendar years 1880, 1881, and 1882, as far as they could be ascertained.

Of a total for 1882 of \$99,906,986 of gold the United States coined \$65,887,685, and of a total coinage of \$107,997,952 of silver it coined \$27,972,035, greater by about \$2,800,000 than that of Mexico, and larger than that of any other country in the world except India, which exceeded it by about \$1,300,000.

PAPER AND SPECIE CIRCULATION OF THE PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD.

The tables which have been heretofore published in my reports giving the paper and metallic circulation of the principal countries of the world, compiled as far as possible from official dispatches and reliable data, have been corrected and enlarged to as late a date as possible, and the number of countries embraced has been increased to thirty-eight.

The total paper circulation of these countries, embracing the issue of both Government and bank notes, amounts to \$3,832,920,903, and the gold and silver circulation, the latter divided as far as possible into full legal tender and limited tender, amount to \$3,333,433,000 gold coin, \$2,712,226,000 silver coin, a total, including the coin in banks and treasuries, of \$6,045,659,000.

Following will be found a table showing only the paper circulation and the amount of coin and bullion in national treasuries and banks, from which it would appear that there were in the treasuries and banks of the same countries, as far as known, gold and silver coin and bullion amounting to \$1,839,833,440.

From these tables an additional table has been prepared, and is appended, in which the amount of coin and bullion in the national treas-

uries and banks has been deducted from the total specie and paper circulation shown by the first table, so as to show the amount of paper and specie in active circulation in the countries named, which amounts to \$8,038,746,463. A *per capita* of the circulation of each country is also given.

These tables have been prepared with care after an examination of the official reports and best authorities accessible, and though not considered as absolutely correct, may be regarded as a probable approximate statement for each country of the amount, character, and disposition of its circulation.

CONCLUSION.

Besides the current work incident to the supervision and direction of the business and operations of the mints and assay offices, the examination and comparison of their daily reports and monthly and quarterly accounts, and the testing of the accuracy of their coinage in the assay laboratory, a large amount of labor has been performed in the collection of information for publication and general use in regard to the supplies of gold and silver, of their coinage, consumption, and circulation in the United States and in the world.

In the discharge of official duties and in the preparation of material for the annual and special reports emanating from this Bureau I gratefully acknowledge the valuable assistance, skill, industry, and faithfulness of the clerks in my office, as well as of the officers and clerks in the various mints and assay offices.

I am, very respectfully,

HORATIO C. BURCHARD,
Director.

Hon. CHARLES J. FOLGER,
Secretary of the Treasury.

III.—DEPOSITS of GOLD of DOMESTIC PRODUCTION during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

Locality.	Mints.				Assay offices.					Total.	
	Philadelphia.	San Francisco.	Carson.	Denver.	New Orleans.	New York.	Boisé.	Helena.	Charlotte.		Saint Louis.
Alabama.....	\$26 77					\$817 08					\$843 85
Alaska.....		\$41,838 44									41,838 45
Arizona.....	981 10	298,117 86				13,638 99					242,737 95
California.....	1,747 07	6,596,132 15	\$69,211 63			21,868 57			\$250 42		6,689,229 84
Colorado.....	4,783 00	100 15		\$984,350 89		1,572,417 15			3,314 38		2,564,974 57
Dakota.....	75,542 81					3,158,131 26					3,233,074 07
Georgia.....	9,613 70					77,887 93			\$32,954 71		120,456 54
Idaho.....	9,082 09	398,058 25				72,411 11	\$128,083 74				607,656 09
Maine.....	75 83										75 83
Maryland.....	512 24										512 24
Michigan.....											13 56
Montana.....	966 44	30,868 45	3,385 82		\$9,363 69	813,857 44	354 55	\$611,025 86	740 15		1,470,562 40
Nevada.....	36 97	400,804 87	1,400,026 87			206,233 67			15 05		2,007,117 43
New Mexico.....	25,923 48	1,330 14				67,986 46			163 18		95,403 26
North Carolina.....	45,512 87					7,251 09			41,679 59		94,443 55
Oregon.....		535,314 62				1,123 29	39,836 06				576,273 97
South Carolina.....	4,680 80								28,782 85		33,463 74
Tennessee.....	271 33					287 59					558 92
Utah.....	2,240 99	38,493 63				33,867 85					74,602 47
Virginia.....	2,843 22					10,381 10					13,224 32
Washington Territory.....		26,492 04				115 29					26,607 33
Wyoming.....	1,601 62					401 71					1,903 33
Refined gold.....		13,117,892 65				1,335,181 06					14,453,073 71
Other sources.....	29,972 36	102,442 81									132,415 17
Total gold.....	216,315 08	21,517,906 06	1,472,624 32	984,359 89	9,363 69	7,393,872 20	168,274 35	611,025 86	103,417 15	4,483 18	32,481,642 38

III.—DEPOSITS of SILVER of DOMESTIC PRODUCTION during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

Locality.	Mints.			Assay offices.					Total.	
	Philadelphia.	San Francisco.	Carson.	Denver.	New Orleans.	New York.	Boisé.	Helena.		Charlotte.	Saint Louis.
Alabama.....						\$6 15				
Alaska.....		\$365 51								
Arizona.....	\$12 57	1,897,543 53				207,323 77				
California.....	24 84	464,577 18	\$26,046 73			1,004 80				\$3 42
Colorado.....	6,049 60			\$9,930 54		436,812 09				4,054 46
Dakota.....	613 42	1 22				108,361 92				
Georgia.....	38 18					435 81				
Idaho.....	93,877 35	41,295 44				57,643 94	\$1,974 67		\$176 33	
Maine.....	62									
Maryland.....	59									
Michigan(Lake Superior).....	11,856 96					15,651 83				39
Montana.....	667 24	122,980 48				1,296,139 13	5 44	\$37,549 39		24 52
Nevada.....	1,018 47	3,139,205 98	1,250,135 55			40,144 42				87
New Mexico.....	1,323,189 11	51 24				328,716 05				75
North Carolina.....	360 52					86 31			341 52	
Oregon.....		5,313 38				156 28	614 38			
South Carolina.....	112 41								170 05	
Tennessee.....	1 55					1 07				2 62
Utah.....	29,139 09	632,834 42				1,949,535 47				
Virginia.....	16 31					65 84				
Washington Territory.....		352 04				2 51				82 15
Wyoming.....	8 00					3 83				354 55
Refined silver.....	9,400,472 05	268,570 31				1,310,496 63				11 83
Other sources.....	1,286 93	638,278 14			\$7,593,253 53					
Total silver.....	10,868,745 81	7,211,371 87	1,276,182 28	9,930 54	7,593,253 53	5,753,187 85	2,594 49	37,549 39	687 90	4,984 02

IV.—COINAGE EXECUTED during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

Denomination.	Philadelphia.		San Francisco.		Carson.		New Orleans.		Total.	
	Pieces.	Value.	Pieces.	Value.	Pieces.	Value.	Pieces.	Value.	Pieces.	Value.
GOLD.										
Double-eagles.....	645	\$12,900 00	1,319,000	\$26,380,000 00	56,661	\$1,133,220 00	.....	.....	1,376,308	\$27,526,120 00
Eagles.....	612,115	6,121,150 00	38,000	380,000 00	6,764	67,640 00	4,300	\$43,000 00	661,179	6,611,760 00
Half-eagles.....	314,455	1,572,275 00	.....	.....	40,617	203,085 00	.....	.....	355,072	1,775,360 00
Three dollars.....	1,555	4,665 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,555	4,665 00
Quarter-eagles.....	4,055	10,137 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,055	10,137 50
Dollars.....	8,855	8,855 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,855	8,855 00
Total gold.....	941,080	7,729,982 50	1,357,000	26,760,000 00	104,042	1,403,945 00	4,300	43,000 00	2,407,022	35,936,927 50
SILVER.										
Dollars.....	11,601,119	11,601,119 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28,111,119	28,111,119 00
Half-dollars.....	5,519	2,759 50	7,350,000	7,350,000 00	1,120,000	1,120,000 00	8,040,000	8,040,000 00	5,519	2,759 50
Quarter-dollars.....	16,319	4,079 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	16,319	4,079 75
Dimes.....	7,175,119	717,511 90	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,175,119	717,511 90
Total silver.....	18,798,076	12,325,470 15	7,350,000	7,350,000 00	1,120,000	1,120,000 00	8,040,000	8,040,000 00	35,308,076	28,835,470 15
MINOR.										
Five cents.....	20,455,488	1,022,774 40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20,455,488	1,022,774 40
Three cents.....	28,619	858 57	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28,619	858 57
One cent.....	40,467,419	404,674 19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	40,467,400	404,674 19
Total minor.....	60,951,526	1,428,307 16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	60,951,526	1,428,307 16
Total coinage.....	80,691,282	21,483,759 81	8,707,000	34,110,000 00	1,224,042	2,523,945 00	8,044,300	8,083,000 00	98,668,624	66,200,704 81

V.—COINAGE EXECUTED during the calendar year ended December 31, 1882.

Denomination.	Philadelphia.		San Francisco.		Carson.		New Orleans.		Total.	
	Pieces.	Value.	Pieces.	Value.	Pieces.	Value.	Pieces.	Value.	Pieces.	Value.
GOLD.										
Double-eagles	630	\$12,600	1,125,000	\$22,500,000	31,140	\$782,800			1,164,770	\$23,285,400
Eagles	2,324,480	23,244,800	132,000	1,320,000	6,764	67,640			2,474,064	24,740,640
Half-eagles	2,514,560	12,572,800	969,000	4,845,000	82,817	414,085	10,850	\$108,200	3,566,377	17,831,885
Three dollars	1,540	4,620							1,540	4,620
Quarter-eagles	4,040	10,100							4,040	10,100
Dollars	5,040	5,040							5,040	5,040
Total gold	4,850,290	35,849,960	2,226,000	28,665,000	128,721	1,264,525	10,850	108,200	7,215,831	65,887,685
SILVER.										
Dollars	11,101,100	11,101,100	9,250,000	9,250,000	1,133,000	1,133,000	6,090,000	6,090,000	27,574,100	27,574,100
Half-dollars	5,500	2,750							5,500	2,750
Quarter-dollars	16,300	4,075							16,300	4,075
Dimes	3,911,100	391,110							3,911,100	391,100
Total silver	15,034,000	11,499,035	9,250,000	9,250,000	1,133,000	1,133,000	6,090,000	6,090,000	31,507,000	27,972,035
MINOR.										
Five cents	11,476,606	573,830							11,476,606	573,830
Three cents	25,300	759							25,300	759
One cent	38,581,100	385,811							38,581,100	385,811
Total minor	50,083,000	960,400							50,083,000	960,400
Total coinage	69,967,290	48,309,395	11,476,000	37,915,000	1,261,721	2,397,525	6,100,820	6,198,200	88,805,831	94,850,120

VI.—STATEMENT of EARNINGS and EXPENDITURES of the UNITED STATES MINTS and ASSAY OFFICES for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.
EARNINGS.

	Mints.				Assay offices.					Total.
	Philadelphia.	San Francisco.	New Orleans.	Carson.	Denver.	New York.	Boisé.	Charlotte.	Helena.	Saint Louis.
Parting and refining charges.....	\$13,479 30	\$143,951 53	\$370 22	\$22,789 01	.....	\$98,434 80	.....	.....	.....	.....
Melting, alloy, and bar charges.....	1,751 93	4,129 37	1,210 12	245 59	.....	3,089 10	.....	.....	.....	.....
Melting, assaying, and stamping charges.....	.....	.....	.....	\$1,259 74	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Profits on standard silver dollars coined.....	1,518,226 71	965,117 84	1,071,563 93	146,423 30	.....	.....	\$213 91	\$183 27	\$713 60	\$44 33
Profits on subsidiary silver coined.....	9,160 24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Profits on the manufacture of minor coins.....	1,128,329 82	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Profits on medals and proof coins.....	2,911 20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Amount received from assays of ores.....	308 00	168 00	99 00	135 00	333 00	556 00	262 00	287 20	1,102 50	264 00
Grains, fluxes, and sweepings.....	1,684 96	884 44	56 18	946 27	959 61	7,835 23	.....	25 82	323 83	69 75
Melter and refiner's surplus bullion.....	4,542 81	16,491 11	.....	.....	.....	30,217 33	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gains on bullion shipped to the mint.....	508 84	.....	.....	.....	824 57	.....	.....	273 15	.....	36 24
Proceeds of sale of old material.....	644 12	2,787 79	1 15	5 91	.....	98 22	.....	.....	.....	.....
Profits on leady melts sold.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Refunded by Adams Express Company for overcharge in bills for shipping silver dollars.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	2,890,726 74	1,133,530 08	1,073,300 60	170,545 08	3,376 92	140,230 74	475 91	769 44	2,139 93	414 32
										5,215,509 76

EXPENDITURES.

Salaries of officers and clerks.....	40,830 64	40,982 77	29,483 42	28,979 22	10,950 00	38,239 47	2,937 12	2,750 00	7,759 93	3,500 00	206,472 57
Wages of workmen.....	354,851 08	247,602 50	84,567 10	69,669 78	11,145 25	23,539 25	4,020 00	345 30	10,079 98	1,382 50	807,202 74
Contingent expenses, not including waste- age and loss on sweeps.....	143,885 10	61,076 07	45,534 07	27,756 40	5,918 99	9,796 18	980 00	1,105 50	7,495 75	489 53	304,037 59
Parting and refining expenses, not includ- ing wastage and loss on sweeps.....	8,358 20	137,324 87	.....	15,359 10	.....	81,996 06	.....	.....	.....	.....	243,038 23
Expenses of distributing silver dollars.....	37,440 19	15,004 87	18,704 66	2,039 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	73,189 47
Wastage of the operative officers.....	5,372 93	19,476 98	2,371 26	2,863 64	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	30,084 81
Loss on sale of sweeps.....	4,042 86	6,102 90	2,464 06	.....	.....	4,364 47	.....	.....	.....	.....	16,974 20
Expenses of distributing minor coins.....	28,512 54	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28,512 54
Loss on bullion shipped to the mint.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	213 96	.....	28,512 54
Minor coinage metal wasted.....	16,558 96	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	16,558 96
Total.....	639,852 50	527,570 96	183,124 57	140,607 89	28,014 24	157,935 43	7,997 12	4,200 80	25,549 62	5,372 03	1,726,285 16

VII.—BARS MANUFACTURED during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

[illegible]

IX.—STATEMENT, by MONTHS, of FINE GOLD BARS EXCHANGED for GOLD COIN at the UNITED STATES MINT at PHILADELPHIA and UNITED STATES ASSAY OFFICE at NEW YORK, from July 1, 1882, to June 30, 1883.

Date.	Philadelphia.	New York.	Total.
1882.			
July.....		\$2,396,507 84	\$2,396,507 84
August.....		1,317,066 53	1,317,066 53
September.....		177,259 54	177,259 54
October.....		143,911 40	143,911 40
November.....		111,624 73	111,624 73
December.....		79,934 47	79,934 47
1883.			
January.....	\$21,791 65	170,613 55	192,405 20
February.....	35,317 71	228,977 02	264,294 73
March.....	35,117 29	152,806 44	187,923 73
April.....	45,141 98	88,748 76	133,890 74
May.....	40,139 69	146,314 61	186,454 30
June.....	10,032 75	160,200 33	170,233 08
Total.....	187,541 07	5,173,965 22	5,361,506 29

X.—COINAGE and DEPOSITS and PURCHASES of, fiscal years 1882 and 1883 compared.

COINAGE.

	Fiscal years.			
	1882.		1883.	
	Pieces.	Value.	Pieces.	Value.
Gold.....	11,266,003	\$89,413,447 50	2,407,022	\$35,936,927 50
Silver.....	27,821,300	27,783,388 75	35,308,076	28,835,470 15
Minor.....	46,865,725	644,757 75	60,951,526	1,428,307 16
Total coinage.....	85,953,028	117,841,594 00	98,666,624	66,200,704 81

DEPOSITS AND PURCHASES.

	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.
Fine bars.....	\$56,685,874 65	\$1,648,472 15	\$1,198,635 48	\$1,689,926 30
Unparted bars.....	1,307,211 38	138,913 52	1,599,817 63	52,833 94
Bullion of domestic production.....	31,298,511 97	30,956,588 18	32,481,642 38	32,758,541 91
United States coin.....	599,356 80	127,572 40	374,129 23	636,929 43
Foreign bullion.....	12,783,807 04	1,426,626 95	4,727,143 22	1,829,193 34
Foreign coin.....	20,304,810 78	860,836 22	6,906,083 80	1,266,757 09
Jewelers' bars, &c.....	1,770,166 36	348,867 67	1,858,107 42	378,412 88
Total.....	124,749,738 98	35,507,877 09	49,145,559 16	38,612,594 89

XI.—MEDALS and PROOF SETS SOLD during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

Description.	Number sold.	Value.
MEDALS.		
Gold	86	\$2, 913 25
Silver	1, 016	1, 660 16
Bronze	5, 787	991 75
Total	6, 889	5, 565 15
PROOF SETS.		
Gold	36	1, 548 00
Silver	1, 048	4, 218 85
Nickel	4, 946	936 96
Total	6, 030	6, 703 81

XII.—COINAGE and MEDAL DIES MANUFACTURED at the MINT at PHILADELPHIA during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

Denomination.	For Phila- delphia.	For San Francisco.	For Carson.	For New Orleans.	Total.
For gold coinage:					
Double-eagle		40	6		46
Eagle	16	20	16	4	56
Half-eagle	8	20	4		32
Three-dollar					
Quarter-eagle					
Dollar	4				4
Total	28	80	26	4	138
For silver coinage:					
Dollar	127	105	20	92	344
Half-dollar					
Quarter-dollar	1				1
Dime	115				115
Total	243	105	20	92	460
For minor coinage					
Five cent	1, 493				1, 493
Three-cent	12				12
One-cent	190				190
Total	1, 695				1, 695

TOTAL NUMBER of DIES.

Gold coinage	138
Silver coinage	460
Minor coinage	1, 695
Proof coinage	40
Army marksmanship medals	8
Life-saving medals	3
Presidential medal	2
Indian peace medal	1
Annual assay medal	1
Total	2, 348

XIII.—MEDALS MANUFACTURED at the MINT at PHILADELPHIA during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

Names.	Gold.	Silver.	Bronze.
Adams Academy.....	1		
Amidon.....	1		
Army marksmanship (first prize).....	1		11
Army division marksmanship (first prize).....	6		19
Army division marksmanship (second prize).....	18		29
Army marksmanship (second prize).....	2		29
Army department marksmanship.....	18		29
Army marksmanship (third prize).....		3	11
Army division marksmanship (third prize).....		48	19
Allegiance.....		10	
American Humane Association.....			2
Adams, J. Q. (President).....			20
Bi-centennial.....	2	100	
Bicycle club.....		12	
Blind Asylum.....		12	
Bridge.....		70	
Brown memorial.....		8	
Buchanan, James (President).....			10
Cincinnati, Society of.....	1	35	15
Cabinet.....	1	2	
Carney.....		12	
Coinage, first steam.....			20
Cathedral.....			30
Davis.....	2		
Denman School.....		30	
Diplomatic.....			10
Franklin.....		15	
Fleury, Count de.....			20
Garfield and Lincoln.....	20	200	
Georgetown University.....	1		
Great seal.....		1	45
Garfield, J. A. (President).....		1	37
Grant, U. S. (President).....			10
Hosack, Dr.....			10
Hayes, R. B. (President).....			10
Ingraham, Captain.....			5
Johnson, A. (President).....			2
Japanese embassy.....			10
Ketcham, Jesse.....	6	45	
Knight Templar pilgrimage.....			5,000
Life saving (first class).....	4		
Lincoln School.....		20	
Lincoln, A. (President).....			3
Linderman, Dr.....			5
Massachusetts Charitable Association.....	5		
McKee (Pittsburgh).....	1		
Middlesex, South, Agricultural Society.....		1	
Maine State Agricultural Society.....		25	
Massachusetts Horticultural Society.....		16	7
Massachusetts Humane Society.....		25	25
Marksmanship's badge.....			25
Michigan State Agricultural Society.....	3		
Norman.....	1		3
New England Agricultural Society.....		32	40
Perry, Commodore.....		6	
Pharmacy, College of.....	3		
Presidency relinquished.....		2	
Rose, Dr.....			5
Saint Louis Agricultural and Mechanical Association.....	1	65	
Saint John's Lodge.....		30	125
Sautin.....	1		
Shakespeare.....	1		
Sagadahoc.....		6	
Saint John's Commandery.....			50
Scott, John.....			12
Snowden, A. Loudon.....			10
Stoddart.....			12
Time increases his fame.....	1		
Vanderbilt.....	10		
Washington and Lee University.....	2		
Wisconsin State Agricultural Society.....		22	
Total.....	111	877	5,725

XIV.—COMPARATIVE TABLE showing the OPERATIONS for the fiscal years 1882 and 1883, at the COINAGE MINTS and NEW YORK ASSAY OFFICE.

PHILADELPHIA.

	1882.	1883.
Deposits.....value..	\$69,458,054 35	\$15,319,070 79
Gold coinage.....pieces..	8,270,450	941,680
Silver coinage.....do...	11,100,300	18,798,076
Minor coinage.....do...	46,865,725	60,951,526
Total coinage.....do...	66,236,475	80,691,282
Gold coinage.....value..	\$59,678,437 50	\$7,729,982 50
Silver coinage.....do...	11,062,388 75	12,325,470 15
Minor coinage.....do...	644,757 75	1,428,307 16
Total coinage.....do...	71,385,584 00	21,483,759 81
Gold bars.....do...	\$238,878 96	\$381,508 84
Silver bars.....do...	146,163 05	280,174 78
Total bars.....do...	385,042 01	661,683 62
Gold operated upon by melter and refiner.....standard ounces..	8,085,022	1,231,102
Silver operated upon by melter and refiner.....do...	20,592,228	23,403,427
Gold operated upon by coiner.....do...	7,527,054	979,842
Silver operated upon by coiner.....do...	19,578,321	22,187,911
Gold wastage of melter and refiner.....do...	754	—
Silver wastage of melter and refiner.....do...	728	—
Gold wastage of coiner.....do...	295	22
Silver wastage of coiner.....do...	2,477	4,952

SAN FRANCISCO.

	1882.	1883.
Deposits.....value..	\$38,715,497 04	\$35,328,140 73
Gold coinage.....pieces..	2,900,000	1,357,000
Silver coinage.....do...	11,000,000	7,350,000
Total coinage.....do...	13,900,000	8,707,000
Gold coinage.....value..	\$28,850,000 00	\$26,760,000 00
Silver coinage.....do...	11,000,000 00	7,350,000 00
Total coinage.....do...	39,850,000 00	34,110,000 00
Gold bars.....do...	\$884 30	—
Silver bars.....do...	734,417 28	\$1,246,779 85
Total bars.....do...	735,301 58	1,246,779 85
Gold operated upon by melter and refiner.....standard ounces..	2,961,882	2,671,989
Silver operated upon by melter and refiner.....do...	18,919,514	13,974,639
Gold operated upon by coiner.....do...	2,988,957	2,651,370
Silver operated upon by coiner.....do...	18,202,319	12,628,737
Gold wastage of melter and refiner.....do...	—	16,573
Silver wastage of melter and refiner.....do...	—	134
Gold wastage of coiner.....do...	170	—
Silver wastage of coiner.....do...	979	638

XIV.—COMPARATIVE TABLE showing the OPERATIONS for the fiscal years 1882 and 1883, at the COINAGE MINTS, &c.—Continued.

CARSON.

	1882.	1883.
Deposits value	\$2, 020, 335 29	\$2, 766, 200 93
Gold coinage pieces	85, 383	104, 042
Silver coinage do	763, 000	1, 120, 000
Total coinage do	848, 383	1, 224, 042
Gold coinage value	\$783, 310 00	\$1, 403, 945 00
Silver coinage do	763, 000 00	1, 120, 000 00
Total coinage do	1, 546, 310 00	2, 523, 945 00
Gold bars do		
Silver bars do		\$17, 131 66
Total bars do		17, 131 66
Gold operated upon by melter and refiner standard ounces ..	102, 107	148, 207
Silver operated upon by melter and refiner do	1, 661, 790	2, 553, 517
Gold operated upon by coiner do	88, 058	160, 977
Silver operated upon by coiner do	1, 416, 926	2, 039, 355
Gold wastage of melter and refiner do	67	92
Silver wastage of melter and refiner do	383	600
Gold wastage of coiner do	5	6
Silver wastage of coiner do	278	366

NEW ORLEANS.

	1882.	1883.
Deposits value	\$5, 367, 449 03	\$8, 776, 566 66
Gold coinage pieces	10, 170	4, 300
Silver coinage do	4, 958, 000	8, 040, 000
Total coinage do	4, 968, 170	8, 044, 300
Gold coinage value	\$101, 700	\$43, 000
Silver coinage do	4, 958, 000	8, 040, 000
Total coinage do	5, 059, 700	8, 083, 000
Gold operated upon by melter and refiner standard ounces ..	14, 520	12, 675
Silver operated upon by melter and refiner do	8, 100, 725	13, 849, 995
Gold operated upon by coiner do	12, 244	6, 378
Silver operated upon by coiner do	8, 096, 216	13, 073, 130
Gold wastage of melter and refiner do	13	6
Silver wastage of melter and refiner do	1, 972	1, 656
Gold wastage of coiner do		
Silver wastage of coiner do	545	566

NEW YORK ASSAY OFFICE.

	1882.	1883.
Gold deposits value	\$35, 994, 087 09	\$17, 016, 061 56
Silver deposits do	7, 168, 260 21	6, 592, 657 50
Total deposits do	43, 162, 347 30	23, 608, 719 06
Gold, fine bars manufactured do	\$12, 147 674 90	\$11, 678, 319 07
Gold, mint bars manufactured do	23, 739, 978 18	2, 195, 293 37
Gold, standard bars manufactured do		787, 543 24
Gold, sterling bars manufactured do		1, 325, 191 05
Silver, fine bars manufactured do	6, 905, 715 42	6, 433, 097 02
Silver, standard bars manufactured do	34, 478 09	15, 312 58
Silver, sterling bars manufactured do		
Silver, mint bars manufactured do	152, 199 74	
Total bars manufactured do	42, 980, 046 33	22, 434, 756 39

XV.—SUMMARY of the OPERATIONS and EARNINGS at the DENVER MINT and CHARLOTTE, HELENA, BOISÉ, and SAINT LOUIS ASSAY OFFICES, for the fiscal year 1883.

	Denver.	Charlotte.	Helena.	Boisé.	Saint Louis.	Total.
Gold deposits.....	\$988,684 87	\$104,766 51	\$613,554 16	\$168,608 67	\$25,735 48	\$1,901,349 69
Silver deposits.....	9,930 54	920 22	37,602 65	2,601 55	7,051 19	58,106 15
Unparted bars manufactured	998,615 41	105,686 73	651,156 81	171,210 22	32,786 67	1,959,455 84
Charges collected:						
On deposits.....	1,259 74	183 27	713 60	213 91	44 33	2,414 85
On ore assays.....	333 00	287 20	1,102 50	262 00	264 00	2,248 70
Total earnings.....	3,376 92	769 44	2,139 93	475 91	414 32	7,176 52
Total expenses.....	28,014 24	4,200 80	25,549 62	7,997 12	5,372 03	71,133 81

XVI.—WASTAGE and LOSS on SALE of SWEEPS, 1883.

Losses.	Philadel- phia mint.	San Fran- cisco mint.	Carson mint.	New Orleans mint.	New York assay office.	Total.
Melter and refiner's gold wastage.....	.....	.....	\$1,724 13	\$118 59	.....	\$1,842 72
Coiner's gold wastage.....	\$420 56	\$2,506 33	112 49	15 25	.....	3,054 63
Melter and refiner's silver wastage.....	.....	16,340 83	660 47	1,667 44	.....	18,668 74
Coiner's silver wastage.....	4,952 37	629 82	366 57	569 98	.....	6,518 74
Loss on sale of sweeps.....	4,042 86	6,102 90	.....	1,893 25	\$4,364 47	16,403 48
Total.....	9,415 79	25,579 88	2,863 66	4,264 51	4,364 47	46,488 31
Paid as follows:						
From contingent appropriation.....	1,604 16	.....	463 75	69 56	.....	2,137 47
From parting and refining appro- priation.....	179 52	6,543 87	779 58	34 77	.....	7,537 74
From surplus bullion.....	861 00	4,509 47	821 15	94 20	4,364 47	10,650 29
From silver profit fund.....	6,771 11	*14,526 54	799 18	*4,065 98	.....	26,162 81
Total.....	9,415 79	25,579 88	2,863 66	4,264 51	4,364 47	46,488 31

* Includes loss on sweeps sold since July 1, 1883, but accrued during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

XVII.—GOLD and SILVER of DOMESTIC PRODUCTION DEPOSITED at the MINTS and ASSAY OFFICES, from their ORGANIZATION to the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

Locality.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
Alabama.....	\$222,729 90	\$6 15	\$222,736 05
Alaska.....	88,092 95	532 81	88,625 76
Arizona.....	3,206,275 33	12,377,323 37	15,583,598 70
California.....	723,044,046 07	3,055,850 29	726,099,896 36
Colorado.....	41,958,869 48	22,386,458 79	64,345,328 27
Dakota.....	17,283,843 89	159,844 86	17,443,688 75
Georgia.....	8,043,250 51	1,524 78	8,044,775 29
Idaho.....	25,895,674 07	1,091,942 76	26,987,616 83
Indiana.....	40 13	.....	40 13
Maine.....	5,592 69	22 00	5,614 69
Maryland.....	1,600 15	59	1,600 74
Massachusetts.....	.....	917 56	917 56
Michigan.....	139 71	3,528,339 72	3,528,479 43
Montana.....	52,952,396 34	8,037,916 19	60,990,312 53
Nevada.....	18,523,757 41	85,637,436 82	104,161,194 23
New Hampshire.....	11,020 55	.....	11,020 55
New Mexico.....	1,782,773 19	4,681,710 66	6,414,483 85
North Carolina.....	10,834,202 79	47,345 20	10,881,547 99
Oregon.....	17,392,549 36	46,391 05	17,438,940 41
South Carolina.....	1,468,854 10	457 76	1,469,311 86
Tennessee.....	87,175 12	7 28	87,182 40
Utah.....	605,755 19	15,668,405 38	16,274,160 57
Vermont.....	10,981 27	43 50	11,024 77
Virginia.....	1,707,733 67	165 01	1,707,898 68
Washington Territory.....	285,635 21	681 37	286,316 58
Wyoming.....	729,895 57	11,830 01	741,725 58
Refined bullion.....	245,714,419 05	92,095,190 15	337,809,609 20
Parted from silver.....	16,699,768 48	.....	16,699,768 48
Contained in silver.....	9,322,268 97	.....	9,322,268 97
Parted from gold.....	.....	7,073,251 68	7,073,251 68
Contained in gold.....	.....	526,284 79	526,284 79
Other sources.....	10,638,255 68	33,213,867 51	43,850,123 19
Total.....	1,208,515,596 83	289,613,748 04	1,498,129,344 87

XVIII.—*STATEMENT of COINAGE from the ORGANIZATION of the MINT to the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.*

GOLD COINAGE.

Period.	Double eagles.	Eagles.	Half eagles.	Three dollars.	Quarter eagles.	Dollars.	Total.
1793 to 1848		\$25,662,270	\$45,265,355		\$5,413,815 00		\$76,341,440 00
1849 to 1873	\$646,727,980	29,851,820	22,994,390	\$1,169,913	20,804,702 50	\$19,015,633	740,564,438 50
1874	48,283,900	383,480	809,780	125,460	516,150 00	323,920	50,442,690 00
1875	32,748,140	599,840	203,655	60	2,250 00	20	33,553,965 00
1876	37,896,720	153,610	71,800	135	53,052 50	3,645	38,178,962 50
1877	43,941,700	56,200	67,835	4,464	5,780 00	2,220	44,078,199 00
1878	51,406,340	155,490	688,680	137,850	408,900 00	1,720	52,798,980 00
1879	37,234,340	1,031,440	1,442,130	109,182	1,166,800 00	3,020	40,986,912 00
1880	21,515,360	18,836,320	15,790,860	9,090	3,075 00	3,030	56,157,735 00
1881	15,345,520	33,389,050	29,982,180	4,698	9,140 00	3,276	78,733,864 00
1882	14,563,920	44,369,410	30,473,955	75	62 50	6,025	89,413,447 50
1883	27,526,120	6,603,790	1,775,360	4,665	10,137 50	8,855	35,928,927 50
Total..	977,190,040	161,092,720	149,565,980	1,565,592	28,393,865 00	19,371,364	1,337,179,561 00

SILVER COINAGE.

Period.	Trade dollars.	Dollars.	Half dollars.	Quarter dollars.	Twenty cents.
1793 to 1852		\$2,506,890	\$66,249,153 00	\$2,999,040 50	
1853 to 1873		5,538,948	33,596,082 50	18,002,178 00	
1874	\$3,588,900		1,438,930 00	458,515 50	
1875	5,697,500		2,853,500 00	623,950 00	5,858
1876	6,132,050		4,985,525 00	4,106,262 50	263,560
1877	9,162,900		9,746,350 00	7,584,175 00	1,440
1878	11,378,010	8,573,500	3,875,255 00	3,703,027 50	142
1879		27,227,500	225 00	112 50	
1880		27,933,750	3,275 00	3,837 50	
1881		27,637,955	4,677 50	3,638 75	
1882		27,772,075	5,537 50	3,268 75	
1883		28,111,119	2,759 50	4,079 75	
Total.....	35,959,360	155,301,737	122,761,270 00	38,492,086 25	271,000

SILVER COINAGE.

Period.	Dimes.	Half dimes.	Three cents.	Total.
1793 to 1852	\$3,890,062 50	\$1,823,298 90	\$744,927 00	\$79,213,371 90
1853 to 1873	5,170,733 00	3,083,648 00	536,923 20	65,928,512 70
1874	497,255 80			5,983,601 30
1875	889,560 00			10,070,368 00
1876	3,639,105 00			19,126,502 50
1877	2,055,070 00			28,549,935 00
1878	760,891 00			28,290,825 50
1879	45 00			27,227,882 50
1880	1,575 00			27,942,437 50
1881	3,695 50			27,649,966 75
1882	2,507 50			27,783,388 75
1883	717,511 90			28,835,470 15
Total.....	17,628,012 20	4,906,946 90	1,281,850 20	376,602,262 55

MINOR COIN.

Period.	Five cents.	Three cents.	Two cents.	Cents.	Half cents.	Total.
1793 to 1873	\$5,276,140 00	\$805,356 00	\$912,020 00	\$4,886,452 44	\$39,926 11	\$11,919,888 55
1874	244,350 00	29,640 00		137,935 00		411,925 00
1875	94,650 00	12,540 00		123,185 00		230,375 00
1876	132,700 00	7,560 00		120,090 00		260,350 00
1877	25,250 00			36,915 00		62,165 00
1878	80 00	48 00		30,566 00		30,694 00
1879	1,175 00	984 00		95,639 00		97,798 00
1880	1,247 50	982 50		267,741 50		269,971 50
1881	177 75	32,416 65		372,515 55		405,109 95
1882	220,038 75	104 25		424,614 75		644,757 75
1883	1,022,774 40	858 57		404,674 19		1,428,307 16
Total.....	7,018,583 40	890,483 97	912,020 00	6,900,328 43	39,926 11	15,761,341 91

XIX.—*STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of OUNCES at STANDARD and COST of SILVER BULLION PURCHASED and DELIVERED at the COINAGE MINTS, and the NUMBER of SILVER DOLLARS COINED EACH MONTH from January 1, 1882, to June 30, 1883.*

Date.	Standard ounces.	Cost.	Coinage.
1882.			
January	1,852,660 90	\$1,888,090 47	2,300,000
February	1,846,400 79	1,898,823 38	2,300,200
March	1,820,060 40	1,871,343 12	2,300,500
April	1,795,104 12	1,850,869 91	2,300,000
May	2,024,963 66	2,100,189 56	2,262,000
June	1,455,646 02	1,505,984 70	2,301,100
July	2,044,640 28	2,098,712 40	2,160,000
August	2,106,435 74	2,170,532 17	2,425,000
September	2,166,656 35	2,230,170 86	2,300,100
October	2,450,615 36	2,497,971 03	2,300,000
November	2,233,303 90	2,257,650 11	2,300,000
December	2,405,687 83	2,386,514 08	2,225,200
1883.			
January	2,125,432 25	2,094,514 58	2,450,000
February	2,038,416 10	2,020,399 89	2,400,000
March	2,099,802 10	2,090,863 48	2,400,619
April	1,792,988 82	1,783,189 54	2,350,000
May	2,120,743 67	2,098,772 88	2,350,000
June	1,847,767 87	1,836,036 56	2,350,200
Total	36,227,326 16	36,692,627 72	41,874,919
Purchased and coined from March 1, 1878, to December 31, 1881	92,554,861 09	95,119,048 56	105,380,980
Total	128,782,187 25	131,811,676 28	147,255,899
Monthly average for 64 months	2,012,220 73	2,059,557 44	2,300,873

XX.—*AVERAGE MONTHLY PRICE of FINE SILVER BARS at LONDON, &c., during fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.*

Date.	Price per ounce British standard, 925 thousandths fine.	Equivalent in United States money per ounce fine with exchange at par, \$1.86.65.	Average monthly price at New York of exchange on London.	Equivalent in United States money of fine bar silver, 1,000 fine, based on average monthly London quotations with exchange at average monthly rate.	Average monthly New York price of fine bar silver.
1882.	<i>Pence.</i>				
July	51.817	\$1 13.578	\$4 88.89	\$1 14.079	\$1 14.079
August	51.974	1 13.989	4 89.7	1 14.659	1 14.525
September	51.91	1 13.715	4 88.86	1 14.291	1 14.402
October	51.75	1 13.441	4 86.25	1 13.350	1 13.290
November	51.39	1 12.619	4 85.00	1 12.258	1 12.359
December	50.48	1 10.701	4 85.04	1 10.306	1 09.914
1883.					
January	50.264	1 10.153	4 86.07	1 10.058	1 09.884
February	50.602	1 10.813	4 86.59	1 10.912	1 11.076
March	51.022	1 11.797	4 84.28	1 11.302	1 11.138
April	50.572	1 10.811	4 85.92	1 10.704	1 10.837
May	50.206	1 10.140	4 87.57	1 10.198	1 10.394
June	50.288	1 10.160	4 89.25	1 10.835	1 10.775
Average	51.023	1 11.826	4 86.95	1 11.912	1 11.889

XXI a.—*STATEMENT of the NUMBER of OUNCES and COST of SILVER BULLION, AVAILABLE for COINAGE, on HAND and RECEIVED at the COINAGE MINTS, from July 1, 1881, to June 30, 1883, with PROFITS CREDITED on the COINAGE THEREOF and DISPOSITION of SAME, COMPILED from the QUARTERLY MINT ACCOUNTS.*

Silver bullion.	Ounces.	Value.
SOURCES.		
July 1, 1881, balance	3, 145, 117 13	\$3, 191, 211 19
Purchased	48, 648, 065 20	49, 302, 642 48
Parted from gold	203, 132 78	203, 132 78
Received for charges and gains	46, 642 38	46, 598 60
Received by transfer	111, 448 76	114, 747 64
	52, 154, 406 25	52, 858, 332 69
DISPOSITION.		
Consumed in coinage	48, 033, 713 29	\$48, 752, 288 82
Wasted by operative officers	32, 780 03	32, 628 14
Sold in sweeps	39, 584 07	39, 875 04
Transferred	111, 448 76	114, 747 64
June 30, 1883, balance	3, 936, 880 10	3, 918, 793 05
	52, 154, 406 25	52, 858, 332 69

SILVER PROFITS.

SOURCES.		
July 1, 1881 balance	\$1, 101, 645 43	
Profits on the coinage	7, 151, 379 17	
Refunded by the Adams Express Company	9, 237 54	
Total	8, 262, 262 14	
DISPOSITION.		
Deposited in the Treasury	\$6, 807, 338 82	
Expense of distribution	137, 274 29	
Loss on sweeps sold	11, 927 79	
Wasted by operative officers	27, 124 65	
June 30, 1883 balance	1, 278, 596 59	
Total	8, 262, 262 14	

XXI b.—*STATEMENT of the NUMBER of OUNCES and COST of SILVER BULLION, AVAILABLE for COINAGE, on HAND and RECEIVED at the COINAGE MINTS, from July 1, 1878, to June 30, 1883, with PROFITS to be credited on the COINAGE thereof and DISPOSITION of SAME, COMPILED from the QUARTERLY MINT ACCOUNTS.*

Silver bullion.	Standard ounces.	Value.
SOURCES.		
July 1, 1878, balance San Francisco and Carson Mints	*805, 223 32	.....
July 1, 1878, balance Philadelphia Mint	2, 634, 849 37	\$2, 872, 704 86
Purchased, parted, &c.	120, 007, 407 41	122, 253, 111 35
Total	123, 447, 480 10	125, 125, 816 21
DISPOSITION.		
Consumed in coinage	118, 401, 001 21	120, 883, 377 89
Consumed in coinage	*805, 223 32	.....
Wasted, sold in sweeps, &c.	304, 375 47	323, 645 27
June 30, 1883, balance	3, 936, 880 10	3, 918, 793 05
Total	123, 447, 480 10	125, 125, 816 21

*Carried at coining rate on which profits had been previously credited.

XXII.—*STATEMENT showing the PROFITS on the COINAGE of SILVER at
DR. DISPOSITION*

1878.			
July 1.	Balance on hand:		
	Philadelphia	\$285,892 84	
	San Francisco	137,182 25	
	Carson	1,650 38	
	New Orleans		\$424,725 47
	Profits on the coinage:		
	Philadelphia	7,074,939 05	
	San Francisco	6,283,980 28	
	Carson	528,796 58	
	New Orleans	3,015,873 80	16,903,589 71
	Surplus bullion and adjustments on trade dollars and sub- sidiary silver carried to silver profit fund:		
	Philadelphia	659 93	
	Carson	3,900 37	4,560 30
	Overcharges refunded by the Adams Express Company:		
	Philadelphia		9,237 54
Total.....			17,342,113 02

the MINTS of the UNITED STATES from July 1, 1878, to June 30, 1883, and the of same.

Cr.

Paid expenses of distribution:			
Philadelphia.....	\$176,040	24	
San Francisco.....	111,243	73	
Carson.....	22,874	17	
New Orleans.....	48,240	93	
			\$358,399 07
Paid losses on sweeps sold:			
Philadelphia.....	16,361	28	
San Francisco.....	28,527	06	
Carson.....	5,638	79	
New Orleans.....	1,398	56	
			51,925 69
Paid for wastages of operative officers:			
Philadelphia.....	18,262	44	
San Francisco.....	40,492	48	
Carson.....	3,418	76	
New Orleans.....	9,255	50	
			71,429 18
Paid loss on recoinages:			
Philadelphia.....			48 86

Deposited in the Treasury as follows:

PHILADELPHIA.

Warrant No. 492	\$200,000 00	Warrant No. 1585	\$200,000 00	
No. 494	75,000 00	No. 1639	200,000 00	
No. 1810	500,000 00	No. 1092	400,000 00	
No. 1122	500,000 00	No. 597	400,000 00	
No. 688	400,000 00	No. 610	350,000 00	
No. 1164	11,556 61	No. 674	300,000 00	
No. 671	300,000 00	No. 1597	190,000 00	
No. 1703	200,000 00	No. 807	300,000 00	
No. 1849	131,298 62	No. 2211	407,486 68	
No. 1493	293,676 87	No. 2157	308,643 30	
No. 2014	311,345 30	No. 1959	758,251 22	
	2,922,877 40		3,814,381 20..	6,737,258 60

SAN FRANCISCO.

Warrant No. 1798	\$100,000 00	Warrant No. 493	5,000 00	
No. 494	495,000 00	No. 492	400,000 00	
No. 1811	650,000 00	No. 603	40,000 00	
No. 1689	1,794 52	No. 598	400,000 00	
No. 1162	540,488 74	No. 672	746,069 85	
No. 1702	553,481 43	No. 2213	755,758 85	
No. 1495	356,337 56	No. 2158	260,551 49	
No. 2180	273,785 10	No. 1960	211,527 32	
	2,970,887 35		2,818,907 51..	5,789,794 86

CARSON.

Warrant No. 493	\$100,000 00	Warrant No. 1690	\$50,000 00	
No. 609	50,000 00	No. 817	50,000 00	
No. 1847	14,749 79	No. 2214	16,995 80	
No. 2159	77,085 65	No. 1252	26,015 71	
No. 1961	36,678 93			
	278,514 37		143,011 51..	421,525 88

NEW ORLEANS.

Warrant No. 1254	\$19,454 69	Warrant No. 687	\$400,000 00	
No. 611	9 50	No. 1163	90	
No. 818	698,812 03	No. 989	1,187 97	
No. 1848	202,115 59	No. 2212	272,258 64	
No. 1494	152,214 93	No. 2160	160,795 28	
No. 2179	160,505 09	No. 2697	239,406 13	
No. 2578	326,373 54			
	1,559,485 37		1,073,648 92..	2,633,134 29

1883.	Balance on hand:*			
June 30.	Philadelphia.....	422,757	94	15,581,713 63
	San Francisco.....	451,104	40	
	Carson.....	80,889	73	
	New Orleans.....	323,844	52	
				1,278,596 59
				17,342,113 02

*These balances have been covered into the Treasury as follows:

Philadelphia, warrant No. 997.....	\$422,757 94	
San Francisco, warrant No. 2576.....	250,839 86	
San Francisco, warrant No. 996.....	200,264 54	
Carson warrant No. 995.....	80,889 73	
New Orleans, C. D. No. 29528.....	323,844 52	
		1,278,596 95

XXIII.—STATEMENT of IMPORTS and EXPORTS of GOLD and SILVER during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883. (Reported by Chief of Bureau of Statistics.)

IMPORTS.

Ports.	Gold.			Silver.				Total.
	Bullion.	Coin.		Bullion.	Coin.			
		American.	Foreign.		American.			
					Trade dollars.	Other.		
NEW YORK.								
July, 1882.....	\$17,610	\$20,542	\$14,828	.....	\$48,460	\$61,340	\$162,780
August, 1882.....	21,377	29,457	19,416	\$617	48,304	349,880	469,051	
September, 1882.....	14,196	351,161	17,229	.....	22,317	113,538	518,441
October, 1882.....	8,416	1,065,558	192,762	737	26,377	129,095	1,422,945	
November, 1882.....	10,780	427,188	611,372	.....	45,917	613,131	1,708,388
December, 1882.....	199,258	155,345	696,529	1,530	26,709	392,947	1,472,318	
January, 1883.....	20,565	200,055	177,145	.....	28,968	178,790	605,523
February, 1883.....	19,745	21,906	22,169	250	174,066	270,524	508,660	
March, 1883.....	613,448	1,213,399	1,059,671	120	87,032	759,046	3,732,716	
April, 1883.....	7,154	517,181	852,538	.....	30,171	218,132	1,625,176
May, 1883.....	11,095	14,829	10,173	3,253	23,088	175,198	239,636	
June, 1883.....	14,788	71,975	30,595	2,461	31,238	78,509	229,566	
Total	958,432	4,088,596	3,704,427	8,968	594,647	3,340,130	12,695,200	
SAN FRANCISCO.								
July, 1882.....	25,120	12,187	46,181	158,351	4,720	112,073	358,632	
August, 1882.....	323,092	3,308	15,610	132,227	2,174	132,239	608,650	
September, 1882.....	299,349	41,210	303,031	151,655	698	36,092	832,035	
October, 1882.....	678,025	1,638	312,853	.....	2,638	61,340	1,056,494
November, 1882.....	381,431	1,058	721,302	217,212	2,800	376,107	1,699,910	
December, 1882.....	252,569	1,922	118,691	171,360	575	229,240	774,357	
January, 1883.....	101,332	119,063	227,304	159,117	3,044	294,009	903,869	
February, 1883.....	8,195	86,135	101,973	119,650	5,318	167,760	489,031	
March, 1883.....	7,390	91,021	181,930	223,030	.....	273,097	776,468
April, 1883.....	156,779	11,300	122,547	170,341	8,915	91,425	561,307	
May, 1883.....	31,840	1,720	143,737	179,015	950	245,380	602,642	
June, 1883.....	42,390	1,300	206,810	211,832	1,847	123,674	587,853	
Total	2,307,512	371,862	2,501,969	1,893,790	33,679	2,142,436	9,251,248	
ALL OTHER PORTS.								
July, 1882.....	7,059	6,766	11,909	.....	.....	35,026	60,760
August, 1882.....	4,000	.....	8,618	10,126	11,218	35,679	69,641
September, 1882.....	3,680	100,200	5,743	85,188	.....	102,747	297,558
October, 1882.....	11,456	1,562,000	2,702	29,186	6,479	20,491	1,632,314	
November, 1882.....	1,475	76,100	11,081	72,736	2,703	396,865	560,960	
December, 1882.....	4,197	714,186	4,255	90,141	3,531	255,028	1,071,338	
January, 1883.....	2,098	449,960	12,117	65,023	1,699	164,152	695,049	
February, 1883.....	386	22,500	8,002	44,955	800	202,753	279,396	
March, 1883.....	.....	77,000	1,000	37,629	.....	142,934	258,563
April, 1883.....	3,538	639,655	659	42,729	6,234	455,727	1,148,542	
May, 1883.....	12,252	3,375	2,994	21,473	8,470	139,882	188,446	
June, 1883.....	18,623	65	11,700	74,024	732	175,232	280,376	
Total	68,764	3,651,807	80,780	573,210	41,866	2,126,516	6,542,943	
Total imports	3,334,708	8,112,265	6,287,176	2,475,968	670,192	7,609,082	28,489,391	

XXIII.—STATEMENT of IMPORTS and EXPORTS, &c.—Continued.**EXPORTS (DOMESTIC).**

Ports.	Gold.		Silver.			Total.
	Bullion.	Coin.	Bullion.	Coin.		
				Trade dollars.	Other.	
NEW YORK.						
July, 1882.....	\$3,080,745	\$1,374,400	\$995,050	.....	\$9	\$5,450,204
August, 1882.....	1,004,183	523,051	670,600	.....	13,930	2,211,764
September, 1882.....	146,005	602,200	602,200	.....	8,879	757,084
October, 1882.....	21,620	156,700	156,700	.....	.....	178,320
November, 1882.....	5,600	405,400	405,400	.....	23,000	434,000
December, 1882.....	106,785	936,223	936,223	.....	14,230	1,057,238
January, 1883.....	21,285	1,137,324	1,137,324	.....	20,985	1,179,594
February, 1883.....	121,200	571,600	571,600	.....	2,000	694,800
March, 1883.....	5,600	31,600	1,064,460	.....	16,695	1,117,755
April, 1883.....	100,969	800,959	800,959	.....	4,823	906,751
May, 1883.....	2,000	129,000	475,430	.....	7,340	613,770
June, 1883.....	1,850	51,920	602,230	.....	6,039	662,039
Total.....	4,094,378	2,632,835	8,418,176	.....	117,930	15,263,319
SAN FRANCISCO.						
July, 1882.....	.....	53,945	340,501	.....	.....	394,446
August, 1882.....	6,578	64,440	347,306	.....	.....	418,324
September, 1882.....	500	58,900	273,971	.....	1,300	334,671
October, 1882.....	4,290	78,206	97,411	.....	1,100	181,007
November, 1882.....	2,120	42,505	.....	.....	44,625	44,625
December, 1882.....	5,736	62,678	72,064	.....	400	140,878
January, 1883.....	890	11,825	759,166	.....	.....	771,881
February, 1883.....	45	19,605	168,980	.....	.....	188,630
March, 1883.....	340	28,740	247,083	.....	800	276,963
April, 1883.....	.....	22,355	307,127	.....	1,698	331,180
May, 1883.....	1,540	45,915	815,132	.....	10,000	872,587
June, 1883.....	2,038	36,405	701,331	.....	2,500	742,274
Total.....	24,077	525,519	4,130,072	.....	17,798	4,697,466
ALL OTHER PORTS.						
July, 1882.....	.....	240,000	.....	.....	.....	240,000
August, 1882.....	.....	.....	.....	\$1,000	.....	1,000
September, 1882.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	800	800
October, 1882.....	.....	.....	1,315	.....	1,500	2,815
November, 1882.....	.....	.....	1,815	.....	.....	1,815
December, 1882.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	650	650
January, 1883.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,600	1,600
February, 1883.....	.....	600,000	.....	.....	1,040	601,040
March, 1883.....	.....	100,000	.....	.....	2,067	102,067
April, 1883.....	.....	200,100	.....	.....	1,000	201,100
May, 1883.....	.....	500,000	.....	.....	609	500,609
June, 1883.....	.....	4,000	.....	.....	4,900	8,900
Total.....	.....	1,644,100	3,130	1,000	14,166	1,662,336
Total domestic exports.....	4,118,455	4,802,454	12,551,378	1,000	149,894	21,623,181

XXIII.—STATEMENT of IMPORTS and EXPORTS, &c.—Continued.**EXPORTS (FOREIGN).**

Ports.	Gold.		Silver.		Total.
	Bullion.	Coin.	Bullion.	Coin.	
NEW YORK.					
July, 1882		\$5,332		\$184,500	\$189,832
August, 1882		38,960	\$110,000	345,061	494,021
September, 1882		24,444		197,434	221,878
October, 1882		500		154,776	155,276
November, 1882		2,500	15,000	285,998	303,498
December, 1882		500	55,000	436,098	491,598
January, 1883				211,106	211,106
February, 1883		4,865		363,194	368,059
March, 1883		118,500	74,000	1,073,190	1,265,690
April, 1883		1,726,791		393,676	2,120,467
May, 1883		246,901		205,945	452,846
June, 1883		500,936	65,900	208,725	775,561
Total		2,670,229	319,900	4,059,703	7,049,832
SAN FRANCISCO.					
July, 1882				135,921	135,921
August, 1882				169,437	169,437
September, 1882				103,876	103,876
October, 1882				195,125	195,125
November, 1882				192,878	192,878
December, 1882				347,281	347,281
January, 1883				374,958	374,958
February, 1883				307,180	307,180
March, 1883				467,856	467,856
April, 1883				173,393	173,393
May, 1883		9,750		287,918	297,668
June, 1883				285,571	285,571
Total		9,750		3,041,394	3,051,144
ALL OTHER PORTS.					
July, 1882					
August, 1882					
September, 1882					
October, 1882					
November, 1882				1,648	1,648
December, 1882					
January, 1883				12,750	12,750
February, 1883				10,200	10,200
March, 1883				11,323	11,323
April, 1883				6,000	6,000
May, 1883				23,208	23,208
June, 1883				31,047	31,047
Total				96,176	96,176
Total foreign exports		2,679,979	319,900	7,197,273	10,197,152

XXIV.—USE of the PRECIOUS METALS in the ARTS and MANUFACTURES.

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF UNITED STATES ASSAY OFFICE,
New York City, July 24, 1883.

SIR: Deposits of gold and silver bullion for bars, which have probably been used in the arts and manufactures during the fiscal year from July 1, 1882, to June 30, 1883, appears as follows, viz:

	Gold.	Silver.
Of United States coin	\$138 15	\$1,365 82
Of foreign coin	130,505 04	102,220 28
Of foreign bullion	253,799 44	335,016 73
Of plate, &c.	665,019 30	205,851 10
Of domestic bullion	5,094,808 36	4,860,038 40
Total	6,144,270 29	5,504,492 33

Very respectfully,

ANDREW MASON,
Superintendent.

R. E. PRESTON, Esq.,
Acting Director Mint, Washington, D. C.

XXV.—TABLE showing the NUMBER OF PIECES of each TITLE of FINENESS of the COINAGE of the calendar year 1882, ASSAYED at the ANNUAL ASSAY and MONTHLY at the MINT BUREAU.

GOLD.

Fineness.	Philadelphia.		San Francisco.		Carson.		New Orleans.	
	Annual.	Monthly.	Annual.	Monthly.	Annual.	Monthly.	Annual.	Monthly.
	Pieces.	Pieces.	Pieces.	Pieces.	Pieces.	Pieces.	Pieces.	Pieces.
900.5					1			
900.4	1							
900.3								
900.2	3	5			1	1		
900.1	5	9	1	1	1	2		
900 standard	9	13	2	6	1	7		1
899.9	3	11	2	19	7	8		
899.8	1	6	4	14	7	5		3
899.7	1	3	3	6	1	1		
899.6			5	5	1		2	
899.5			3					
899.4			2					
899.3			1				5	
899.2			1					
899.1							2	
899.							2	
898.9							2	
898.8								1
Total pieces	23	47	24	51	20	24	13	5
Average fineness	900.03	899.97	899.66	899.83	899.9	899.92	899.2	899.64

SILVER.

Fineness.	Philadelphia.		San Francisco		Carson.		New Orleans.	
	Annual.	Monthly.	Annual.	Monthly.	Annual.	Monthly.	Annual.	Monthly.
	Pieces.	Pieces.	Pieces.	Pieces.	Pieces.	Pieces.	Pieces.	Pieces.
902			1					
901.9								
901.8				1				
901.7								
901.6								
901.5	2							
901.4						1		
901.3								
901.2		2						
901.1			1			2		
901.						1		
900.9		2						
900.8		1			1	1		
900.7		2		1		1		
900.6			1		2	2		
900.5		5		1		3		
900.4	4	3	2		2	2		1
900.3		7		5		4		
900.2	2	7		4	1		1	4
900.1		6		6		5		3
900 standard		11		3		1	1	3
899.9		9	1	2		2		2
899.8		8		7	1	2		3
899.7	1	4	2	4	3	1	4	5
899.6		9	1			1		2
899.5	2	2		2	1	1	1	6
899.4		1						1
899.3	1	3	2	3	1		4	2
899.2		3		2				2
899.1		2		1				3
899.		1		2				2
898.9		1		1				5
898.8								
898.7			1				1	1
898.6								
898.5								1
898.4		1	1					
Total pieces	12	90	12	46	12	30	12	46
Average fineness	900.25	899.95	899.84	899.89	900.05	900.31	899.54	899.54

XXVI.—TABLE showing the PERCENTAGE of PIECES of each TITLE of FINE-NESS of the WHOLE NUMBER ASSAYED at the ANNUAL ASSAY and MONTHLY at the Mint Bureau.

GOLD.

Fineness.	Philadelphia.		San Francisco.		Carson.		New Orleans.	
	Annual.	Monthly.	Annual.	Monthly.	Annual.	Monthly.	Annual.	Monthly.
	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
900.5					5.00			
900.4	4.34							
900.3								
900.2	13.05	10.62			5.00	4.17		
900.1	21.74	19.15	4.17	1.96	5.00	8.33		
900 standard	39.14	27.66	8.33	11.76	5.00	29.17		20.00
899.9	13.05	23.41	8.33	37.26	35.00	33.33		
899.8	4.34	12.77	16.67	27.46	35.00	20.83		60.00
899.7	4.34	6.39	12.50	11.76	5.00	4.17		
899.6			20.83	9.80	5.00		15.39	
899.5			12.50					
899.4			8.33					
899.3			4.17				38.46	
899.2			4.17					
899.1							15.38	
899							15.38	
898.9							15.39	
898.8								20.00
Average fineness	900.03	899.97	899.66	899.83	899.9	899.92	899.2	899.64
Melted in mass	909.1		899.6		900.0			

SILVER.

Fineness.	Philadelphia.		San Francisco.		Carson.		New Orleans.	
	Annual.	Monthly.	Annual.	Monthly.	Annual.	Monthly.	Annual.	Monthly.
	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
902			8.34					
901.9								
901.8				2.17				
901.7								
901.6								
901.5	16.67							
901.4						3.33		
901.3								
901.2		2.22						
901.1						6.67		
901						3.33		
900.9		2.22						
900.8		1.11			8.34	3.33		
900.7		2.22		2.17		3.33		
900.6			8.33	2.17	16.67	6.67		
900.5		5.56		2.17		10.00		
900.4	33.33	3.38	16.67		16.67	6.67		2.17
900.3		7.78		10.87		13.33		
900.2	16.67	7.78		8.71	8.33		8.33	8.71
900.1		6.67		15.21		16.67		6.52
900 standard		12.22		6.53		3.33	8.33	6.52
899.9		10.00	8.33	4.35		6.67		4.35
899.8		8.89		15.21	8.33	6.67		6.52
899.7	8.33	4.45	16.67	8.71	25.00	3.33	33.34	10.87
899.6		10.00	8.33			3.33		4.35
899.5	16.67	2.22		4.35	8.33	3.33	8.33	13.04
899.4		1.11						2.17
899.3	8.33	3.34	16.67	6.52	8.33		33.34	4.35
899.2		3.34		4.35				4.35
899.1		2.22		2.17				6.52
899		1.11		4.35				4.35
898.9		1.11		2.17				10.87
898.8			8.33				8.33	2.17
898.7								
898.6								2.17
898.5								
898.4		1.11	8.33					
Average fineness	900.25	899.95	899.84	899.89	900.05	900.31	899.54	899.54
Melted in mass	900.2		900.2		901.2		900.0	

XXVII.—ASSAY COINS FROM JAPAN.

[Translation.]

LEGATION OF JAPAN,

Washington, 14th, 9th month, fifteenth year Meiji.

SIR: Under instruction from my Government, I have the honor to herewith transmit to you ten sealed packets containing as marked on each of them, three gold five yen cuttings and one cutting from bar, and five silver yen cuttings and one dip, which were struck at the Imperial mint of Osaka during the financial year 1881-1882, and to request that you will have the goodness to have them assayed at the mint of the United States. I also inclose to you for the information of the officials of the mint a copy of the letter addressed to the Commissioner of the Imperial mint by the assayer of the same, on the result of an assay executed by him.

It is hardly necessary to add, that the friendly offices rendered by the Government of the United States on several occasions heretofore by responding to the request of my Government on the same subject, are very highly appreciated.

Accept, sir, the renewed assurances of my highest consideration.

TAKAHIRA KOGORO.

HON. FREDERICK T. FRELINGHUYSEN,
Secretary of State.

THE ASSAY DEPARTMENT,

July 5, 1882.

DEAR SIR: Three five yen and five silver yen coins, selected this morning by His Excellency, Mats Kata Masayoshe, Minister of Finance, from the pyx pieces representing the coinage of the mint for the financial year 1881-1882, have been individually assayed by me.

One hundred and fifty of the remaining five yen coins were melted together and cast into a bar. A cutting was taken from the bar and assayed.

Two hundred of silver yen coins were melted together, a "dip" was taken from the molten metal, granulated and assayed.

The results are as follows:

Gold five-yen coin, September 22, 1881	900.3
Gold five-yen coin, February 23, 1882	900.0
Gold five-yen coin, May 30, 1882	900.0
Gold five-yen cutting from bar	900.1
Silver yen coin, September 28, 1881	900.2
Silver yen coin, November 29, 1881	900.5
Silver yen coin, January 19, 1882	901.3
Silver yen coin, March 18, 1882	900.0
Silver yen coin, June 15, 1882	900.1
Silver yen dip granulated	900.6

Each coin, dip, and cutting was divided into four parts, one part was assayed by me as above, and the other three parts were separately sealed up in your presence and delivered to you. In every case the coins are within the legal remedy as to fineness.

I have the honor to be, sir, your obedient servant,

WILLIAM GOWLAND, F. C. S.,

Associate of the Royal School of Mines.

THE COMMISSIONER OF THE MINT.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, BUREAU OF THE MINT,
Washington, D. C., September 21, 1882.

SIR: The following is the result of assays of the samples of gold and silver coin from the Japanese Mint handed me by you for assay. I also give the assays of the mint of Japan, viz:

	Japan.	United States.
Gold five-yen coin, September 22, 1881	900.2	900.3
Gold five-yen coin, February 23, 1882	900.0	900.1
Gold five-yen coin, May 30, 1882	900.0	900.0
Gold five-yen cutting from bar	900.1	900.1
Silver yen coin, September 28, 1881	900.2	900.4
Silver yen coin, November 29, 1881	900.5	901.1
Silver yen coin, January 19, 1882	901.3	900.9
Silver yen coin, March 18, 1882	900.0	901.1
Silver yen coin, June 15, 1882	900.1	900.7
Silver yen dip, granulated	900.6	900.6

Very respectfully,

Hon. HORATIO C. BURCHARD,
Director of the Mint.

W. P. LAWVER, *Assayer.*

[Translation.]

LEGATION OF JAPAN,
Washington, 10th of 9th Month, Sixteenth year, Meiji.

SIR: In compliance with the request of His Imperial Majesty's minister of finance, I have the honor to transmit herewith several specimens of the gold and silver coinage of the Japanese mint for the financial year 1882-1883, and beg that you will request the honorable the Secretary of the Treasury to add to the obligations under which he has already placed my Government by his courteous compliance with similar applications in the past by directing that the same be assayed at the United States Mint.

According to the letter of the assayer of the imperial mint, a copy of which I have the honor to inclose, the accompanying packet contains one five-yen gold piece of the pyx of 1882, two of the pyx of 1883, and one cutting from a gold bar; also two one-yen silver pieces of the pyx of 1882, three of the pyx of 1883, and one specimen of silver-yen granulation.

Accept, sir, the renewed assurance of my highest consideration.

TERASHIMA MUNENORI.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS,
Acting Secretary of State.

THE IMPERIAL MINT ASSAY DEPARTMENT,
June 27, 1883.

DEAR SIR: Three five yen and five silver yen coins selected this day by H. E. Matsukata, Masayoshi, minister of finance, from the pyx pieces representing the coinage of the mint for the financial year 1882-1883, have been individually assayed by me.

Eighty-six of the remaining five-yen coins were melted together and cast into a bar, and a cutting was taken from this bar and assayed. Two hundred of the silver yen coins were melted together, a dip was taken from the molten metal and granulated and the granules assayed.

The result was as follows:

Gold five-yen coin, September 13, 1882	900.0
Gold five-yen coin, March 27, 1883	900.1
Gold five-yen coin, May 18, 1883	900.1
Gold five-yen cutting from bar	900.1
Silver yen coin, September 25, 1882	901.1
Silver yen coin, November 25, 1882	900.3

Silver yen coin, January 27, 1883	900.3
Silver yen coin, March 27, 1883	900.3
Silver yen coin, May 22, 1883	900.5
Silver yen dip granulated	900.3

Each coin, dip, and cutting was divided into four parts; one part was assayed by me as above, the other three parts were separately sealed up in your presence and delivered to you.

In every case the fineness of the coins is within the limits of the deviation permitted by law.

I have the honor to be, sir, your obedient servant,

WILLIAM GOWLAND, F. C. S.,
Associate of the Royal School of Mines.

The COMMISSIONER OF THE MINT.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, BUREAU OF THE MINT,
Washington, D. C., September 29, 1883.

SIR: The following is the result of assays of the pyx coins sent from the Imperial Mint of Japan, handed me by you for assay. I also give the assay of the Imperial Mint of Japan:

GOLD.

	Japanese Mint assay.	United States Mint assay.
Five-yen coin, September 13, 1882	900.	900.1
Five-yen coin, March 27, 1883	900.1	900.1
Five-yen coin, May 18, 1883	900.1	900.1
Five-yen coin, cutting from bar	900.1	900.2

SILVER.

Yen coin, September 25, 1882	901.1	900.9
Yen coin, November 25, 1882	900.3	900.6
Yen coin, January 27, 1883	900.3	900.6
Yen coin, March 27, 1883	900.3	900.2
Yen coin, May 22, 1883	900.5	900.3
Yen coin, dip granulated	900.3	900.2

Very respectfully,

W. P. LAWVER,
Assayer, Mint Bureau.

HON. HORATIO C. BURCHARD,
Director of the Mint.

XXVIII.—CIRCULAR, ESTIMATING AND PROCLAIMING, IN UNITED STATES MONEY OF ACCOUNT, THE VALUES OF THE STANDARD COINS IN CIRCULATION OF THE VARIOUS NATIONS OF THE WORLD.

1883.
DEPARTMENT No. 1. }
Secretary's Office.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
BUREAU OF THE MINT,
Washington, D. C., January 1, 1883.

SIR: In pursuance of the provisions of section 3564 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, I have estimated the values of the standard coins in circulation of the various nations of the world, and submit the same in the accompanying table.

Very respectfully,

HORATIO C. BURCHARD,
Director.

Hon. CHAS. J. FOLGER,
Secretary of the Treasury.

ESTIMATE of VALUES of FOREIGN COINS.

Country.	Monetary unit.	Standard.	Value in United States money.	Standard coin.
Argentine Republic	Peso	Gold and silver	\$0 96.5	$\frac{1}{20}$, $\frac{1}{10}$, $\frac{1}{5}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, and 1 peso, $\frac{1}{2}$ Argentine, and Argentine.
Austria	Florin	Silver	40.1	
Belgium	Franc	Gold and silver	19.3	5, 10, and 20 francs.
Bolivia	Boliviano	Silver	81.2	Boliviano.
Brazil	Milreis of 1,000 reis	Gold	54.6	
British Possessions in North America	Dollar	do	1 00	
Chili	Peso	Gold and silver	91.2	Condor, doubloon, and escudo.
Cuba	do	do	93.2	$\frac{1}{8}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, and 1 doubloon.
Denmark	Crown	Gold	26.8	10 and 20 crowns.
Ecuador	Peso	Silver	81.2	Peso.
Egypt	Piaster	Gold	04.9	5, 10, 25, 50, and 100 piasters.
France	Franc	Gold and silver	19.3	5, 10, and 20 francs.
Great Britain	Pound sterling	Gold	4 86.6 $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$ sovereign and sovereign.
Greece	Drachma	Gold and silver	19.3	5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 drachmas.
German Empire	Mark	Gold	23.8	5, 10, and 20 marks.
Hayti	Gourde	Gold and silver	96.5	1, 2, 5, and 10 gourdes.
India	Rupree of 16 annas	Silver	38.6	
Italy	Lira	Gold and silver	19.3	5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 lire.
Japan	Yen	Silver	87.6	1, 2, 5, 10, and 20 yen; gold and silver yen.
Liberia	Dollar	Gold	1 00.0	
Mexico	do	Silver	88.2	Peso or dollar, 5, 10, 25, and 50 centavo.
Netherlands	Florin	Gold and silver	40.2	
Norway	Crown	Gold	26.8	10 and 20 crowns.
Peru	Sol	Silver	81.2	Sol.
Portugal	Milreis of 1,000 reis	Gold	1 08	2, 5, and 10 milreis.
Russia	Rouble of 100 copecks	Silver	65	$\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, and 1 rouble.
Spain	Peseta of 100 centimes	Gold and silver	19.3	5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 pesetas.
Sweden	Crown	Gold	26.8	10 and 20 crowns.
Switzerland	Franc	Gold and silver	19.3	5, 10, and 20 francs.
Tripoli	Mahbub of 20 piasters	Silver	73.3	
Turkey	Piaster	Gold	04.4	25, 50, 100, 250, and 500 piasters.
United States of Colombia	Peso	Silver	81.2	Peso.
Venezuela	Bolivar	Gold and silver	19.3	5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 Bolivar.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Washington, D. C., January 1, 1883.

The foregoing estimation, made by the Director of the Mint, of the value of the foreign coins above mentioned, I hereby proclaim to be the values of such coins expressed in the money of account of the United States, and to be taken in estimating the values of all foreign merchandise, made out in any of said currencies, imported on or after January 1, 1883.

CHAS. J. FOLGER,
Secretary of the Treasury.

XXIX.—AVERAGE and COMPARATIVE PRICES of the PRINCIPAL DOMESTIC COMMODITIES EXPORTED from the UNITED STATES from DECLARED VALUES at TIME of EXPORT.

Commodities.	Average price during month of June—		Average price during year ended June 30—		Percentage of the prices of year 1883 to prices of the years—	
	1882.	1883.	1882.	1883.	1870.	1882.
Acids pound..	\$0 02.5	\$0 03.6	\$0 02.7	\$0 02.7	50.9	100.0
Hogs piece..	13 17.3	15 15.0	14 01.3	16 89.6	107.3	120.5
Horned cattle do..	45 16.9	83 63.7	72 14.9	79 86.5	499.7	110.6
Horses dc..	360 17.0	182 29.0	209 15.6	169 93.0	203.0	81.2
Mules do..	70 25.0	95 26.3	121 62.9	114 83.5	81.4	94.4
Sheep do..	4 32.6	2 71.4	4 32.2	3 42.4	142.3	79.2
Ashes, pot and pearl pound..	5.7	5.6	6.1	5.8	80.5	95.0
Beer:						
In bottles dozen..	1 84.4	1 90.6	1 86.1	1 85.4	88.6	99.0
In casks gallon..	44.7	31.7	39.3	37.5	105.0	95.4
Bones and bone-dust cwt..	1 94.5	1 94.3	1 90.5	2 04.5	124.3	107.3
Bone-black, lamp-black pound..	1.6	8.0	3.2	*4.9	*104.2	153.1
Barley bushel..	82.9	61.6	73.6	69.0	125.6	93.7
Bread and biscuit pound..	5.5	4.9	5.0	4.9	85.9	98.0
Indian corn bushel..	81.4	63.4	66.8	68.3	73.9	102.2
Indian-corn meal barrel..	3 98.7	3 32.4	3 44.0	3 67.0	73.4	106.6
Oats bushel..	67.4	61.7	47.6	50.6	80.4	106.3
Rye do..	87.3	74.2	97.1	76.4	67.5	78.6
Rye flour barrel..	4 44.2	3 88.8	5 77.8	4 15.6	75.3	71.9
Wheat bushel..	1 24.4	1 15.3	1 18.5	1 12.6	87.3	95.0
Wheat flour barrel..	6 18.9	5 77.0	6 14.8	5 95.5	97.4	96.8
Bricks M..	10 12.1	7 99.0	9 42.3	8 85.4	79.6	93.9
Candles pound..	12.3	12.4	12.3	12.4	75.6	100.8
Coal:						
Anthracite ton..	4 46.2	4 60.9	4 67.7	4 74.7	71.5	101.4
Bituminous do..	3 20.4	2 87.4	3 50.8	3 44.0	73.0	98.0
Copper, pigs and bars pound..	17.8	14.9	16.9	15.7	90.2	92.8
Cordage, rope, twine do..	12.4	11.7	11.3	10.9	53.1	96.4
Cotton:						
Sea-island pound..	30.4	24.1	28.8	29.2	54.3	101.3
Other do..	12.0	10.7	11.4	10.7	45.5	93.8
Colored yard..	8.3	8.4	7.9	7.7	45.2	97.4
Uncolored do..	8.1	7.7	8.1	8.3	51.2	102.4
Apples, dried pound..	7.5	7.4	7.9	7.7	81.9	97.4
Ginseng do..	1 94.8	1 98.1	1 83.9	2 04.9	213.6	111.4
Glue do..	17.8	16.7	16.8	18.1	72.1	107.7
Hay ton..	18 92.6	21 95.5	17 99.1	19 65.6	112.8	100.2
Hemp, cables cwt..	13 97.3	11 78.2	13 31.9	13 26.6	86.9	99.6
Hops pound..	27.0	48.0	24.8	*71.8	*469.2	289.5
Ice ton..	27.1	2 54.9	2 76.0	2 59.9	63.8	94.1
India-rubber boots, &c. pair..	2 00.6	1 02.7	1 38.8	1 38.2	42.5	99.5
Iron:						
Pig pound..	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.5	93.7	115.2
Bar do..	3.3	3.1	4.0	3.4	68.0	85.0
Boiler-plate do..	2.2	2.6	3.7	3.6	78.2	97.2
Railroad bars do..	1.9	5.0	2.5	3.2	88.8	128.0
Sheet, band, &c do..	3.8	6.3	4.2	4.9	90.7	116.6
Car-wheels piece..	10 70.2	10 57.8	9 59.4	10 66.2	53.5	111.1
Nails and spikes pound..	5.5	3.1	3.3	3.5	61.4	106.0
Steel ingots do..	9.2	8.3	9.3	9.2	77.3	98.9
Leather, sole and upper do..	21.7	20.7	20.9	21.1	74.2	100.0
Boots and shoes pair..	1 19.2	1 29.3	1 25.6	1 21.9	80.2	97.0
Lime and cement barrel..	1 36.5	1 83.1	1 49.4	1 60.8	81.5	107.6
Resin and turpentine do..	2 74.8	2 35.6	2 80.3	2 27.7	74.7	81.2
Tar and pitch do..	2 61.7	2 24.4	2 55.9	2 41.7	79.8	94.4
Oil-cake pound..	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	61.9	92.7
Mineral oil, crude gallon..	7.2	7.5	7.5	7.4	359.2	98.6
Naphthas, benzine, &c do..	8.0	8.3	8.9	7.6	73.0	85.3
Illuminating oil do..	8.5	8.9	9.1	8.7	28.5	95.6
Lubricating oil do..	21.7	21.8	22.9	22.8	.....	99.5
Lard oil do..	94.4	92.4	85.7	93.1	67.7	108.6
Neat's-foot oil do..	47.2	99.4	85.0	89.2	68.8	104.9
Sperm oil do..	1 11.8	1 09.2	1 02.0	1 05.5	66.3	103.4
Whale oil do..	44.5	40.4	38.8	50.8	69.2	130.9
Cotton-seed oil do..	53.7	48.9	46.2	52.0	.....	112.5
Linseed oil do..	72.3	64.1	68.4	63.8	60.3	93.2
Gunpowder pound..	16.3	16.2	17.8	15.3	97.4	85.9
Baron do..	11.0	11.4	9.8	10.9	69.4	111.2
Hams do..	13.1	12.1	14.0	12.7	80.8	90.7
Fresh beef do..	11.0	10.3	9.7	10.2	141.6	105.1
Salted beef do..	9.1	8.1	8.5	8.9	202.2	104.7
Butter do..	18.8	17.6	19.3	18.5	63.1	95.8
Cheese do..	10.8	11.1	10.9	11.2	73.2	102.7
Eggs dozen..	17.3	19.2	19.2	20.8	52.6	108.3

XXIX.—AVERAGE and COMPARATIVE PRICES of the PRINCIPAL DOMESTIC COMMODITIES, &c.—Continued.

Commodities.	Average price during month of June—		Average price during year ended June 30—		Percentage of the prices of year 1883 to prices of the years—	
	1882.	1883.	1882.	1883.	1870.	1882.
Fish:						
Dried.....cwt..	\$4 07.8	\$5 29.5	\$3 60.6	\$5 57.1	*107.4	154.4
Pickled.....barrel..	6 78.2	7 50.5	6 39.5	7 66.9	93.6	119.9
Lard.....pound..	11.8	11.2	11.5	11.8	71.5	102.6
Mutton, fresh.....do..	12.1	7.9	9.5	8.7	-----	91.5
Pork.....do..	9.8	9.5	8.9	9.9	72.7	111.2
Onions.....bushel..	1 62.8	1 06.3	1 14.7	94.5	56.4	82.3
Potatoes.....do..	1 29.1	72.0	1 08.2	97.5	141.3	90.1
Quicksilver.....pound..	38.7	36.0	38.6	36.9	90.8	95.5
Rags.....do..	2.5	1.9	1.2	*1.8	*20.2	150.0
Rice.....do..	7.1	5.7	7.0	6.3	106.7	90.0
Salt.....bushel..	44.5	33.5	43.4	31.9	79.5	73.5
Cotton-seed.....pound..	1.6	1.4	0.9	0.9	-----	100.0
Soap.....do..	5.0	5.2	5.0	5.1	63.7	102.0
Spermaceti.....do..	18.1	17.0	18.3	16.7	50.7	91.2
Spirits:						
Grain.....gallon..	20.0	43.2	20.6	*41.2	*20.3	200.0
Molasses.....do..	23.5	45.3	34.0	43.2	57.7	127.0
Spirits of turpentine.....do..	43.4	36.2	46.6	44.2	105.7	94.8
Starch.....pound..	5.0	4.7	4.7	4.6	56.0	97.8
Sugar:						
Brown.....pound..	8.6	6.3	8.0	8.6	76.7	107.5
Refined.....do..	9.6	9.1	9.7	9.1	72.8	93.8
Molasses.....gallon..	24.7	17.6	24.8	22.3	74.3	89.9
Tallow.....pound..	8.6	8.4	7.9	8.3	82.1	105.0
Tobacco, leaf.....do..	8.9	8.0	8.5	8.2	72.5	96.4
Varnish.....gallon..	1 92.7	1 71.2	1 84.3	1 94.1	122.3	105.3
Wax, bees.....pound..	33.5	27.8	26.0	29.6	74.7	113.8
Boards, planks.....M feet..	16 08.3	16 55.9	16 90.2	16 78.8	80.9	99.3
Timber, sawed.....cubic feet..	14.7	15.9	14.4	15.3	89.4	106.2
Wool, raw.....pound..	30.0	-----	32.1	34.2	95.2	106.5
Zinc, plates and bars.....do..	8.4	6.9	8.3	8.3	86.4	100.0
Average.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	93.6	104.4
Deducting per cents marked *.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	90.9	99.8

XXX.—PRICES of PRINCIPAL COMMODITIES in the NEW YORK MARKET for the CALENDAR YEAR 1882, compared with the AVERAGE PRICES for FIFTY-SIX YEARS PRECEDING 1881, and with AVERAGE PRICES for 1881.

Articles.	Average prices in New York.			Percentage of prices of 1882 to average prices.	
	For fifty-six years ending 1880.	For the year 1881.	For the year 1882.	Of fifty-six years.	Of 1881.
Flour:					
Superfine.....barrel..	\$5 44.8	\$4 43.9	\$3 95.8	72.6	89.1
Western.....do..	5 72.5	5 02.0	4 77.4	83.3	95.1
Rye flour.....do..	3 99.9	3 52.4	3 24.7	81.1	92.1
Corn meal.....do..	3 40.0	3 07.4	3 91.8	115.2	127.4
Wheat:					
Northern.....bushel..	1 34.9	1 30.7	1 27.7	94.6	97.7
Western.....do..	1 28.2	1 27.1	1 28.5	100.2	101.1
Rye.....do..	79.4	1 02.4	83.3	104.9	81.3
Oats.....do..	43.7	48.4	57.5	131.5	118.8
Corn.....do..	70.0	62.5	79.6	113.7	127.3
Barley.....do..	92.9	97.5	95.3	102.5	97.7

XXX.—PRICES of PRINCIPAL COMMODITIES, &c.—Continued.

Articles.	Average prices in New York.			Percentage of prices of 1882 to average prices.	
	For fifty-six years ending 1880.	For the year 1881.	For the year 1882.	Of fifty-six years.	Of 1881.
Candles:					
Sperm	pound.. \$0 32.6	\$0 20.3	\$0 18.5	56.7	91.1
Paraffine	do..		17.8		
Coal:					
Anthracite	ton.. 6 35.6	4 21.6	4 33.5	68.2	102.8
Liverpool	chaldron.. 8 98.0	11 00.0	11 00.0	122.5	100.0
Coffee:					
Rio	pound.. 12.2	11.6	9.8	80.2	84.4
Java	do.. 15.3	17.3	16.0	106.6	92.4
Copper:					
Pig	pound.. 19.0	18.3	18.5	97.3	191.0
Bolts	do.. 29.2	27.0	30.0	102.7	111.1
Sheathing	do.. 25.9	25.0	28.0	108.1	112.0
Cotton, upland	do.. 14.6	11.5	11.8	80.8	102.6
Fish:					
Cod	cwt.. 3 71.5	5 44.9	6 57.4	176.9	120.6
Mackerel	barrel.. 12 26.6	18 99.0	18 79.0	153.1	98.9
Fruit:					
Almonds	pound.. 15.0	16.7	16.5	110.0	98.8
Raisins	box.. 2 32.7	2 75.0	1 80.0	77.3	65.4
Figs	pound.. 8.7	16.2	12.4	142.5	76.5
Prunes	do.. 12.8	6.0	6.6	51.5	110.0
Furs, beaver	do.. 3 24.8	3 16.8	3 25.0	100.0	102.5
Gunpowder:					
Rifle	25 pounds.. 4 37.4	6 21.9	6 25.0	142.8	100.5
Blasting	do.. 3 16.6	3 81.0	3 90.0	123.1	102.3
Hemp:					
Dressed	ton.. 205 48.8	220 00.0	196 00.0	95.3	89.0
Undressed	do.. 138 19.2	140 00.0	125 00.0	90.4	89.2
Russia	do.. 212 92.2	184 62.0	175 00.0	82.1	94.7
Hides:					
South American	pound.. 17.2	24.0	24.8	144.2	103.3
Mexican	do.. 15.4	19.1	19.7	127.9	103.1
Hops	do.. 17.9	20.1	45.8		
Indigo	do.. 88.1	75.0	77.0	87.4	102.6
Iron:					
Scotch	ton.. 34 61.3	24 44.5	26 75.3	77.3	109.4
Sheet	pound.. 6.9	4.1	4.1	59.4	100.0
Russia	do.. 12.6	14.0	12.2	96.8	87.1
Lead, pig	cwt.. 5 32.3	4 85.8	4 96.0	93.1	102.1
Leather	pound.. 20.3	23.4	23.7	116.7	101.2
Molasses:					
New Orleans	gallon.. 40.3	47.6	58.7	145.6	123.3
Sugar-house	do.. 30.1	21.9	23.8	79.0	108.6
West Indies	do.. 26.2	43.6	49.8	190.0	114.2
Nails:					
Cut	pound.. 4.3	3.7	4.1	95.3	110.8
Wrought	do.. 9.2	4.9	5.3	57.5	108.1
Naval stores:					
Turpentine	gallon.. 49.0	47.0	51.5	105.1	109.5
Rosin	barrel.. 2 98.3	2 06.7	2 11.5	70.9	102.3
Oil:					
Whale	gallon.. 42.0	51.5	55.7	132.6	108.1
Sperm	do.. 1 17.6	90.5	1 08.3	92.0	119.6
Olive	do.. 1 05.9	97.9	96.0	90.6	92.5
Linseed	do.. 79.3	58.8	63.0	79.4	107.1
Paint:					
Red lead	cwt.. 7 36.3	6 29.0	6 30.0	85.5	100.1
White lead	do.. 9 54.9	7 21.0	7 00.0	73.3	97.0
Petroleum:					
Crude	gallon.. 12.0	7.1	7.0	58.3	98.6
Refined	do.. 22.1	8.3	7.3	33.0	87.9
Pork:					
Mess	barrel.. 14 87.0	17 29.9	17 04.0	114.5	98.5
Prime	do.. 11 41.0	15 78.3	18 92.0	165.8	119.8
Beef:					
Mess	barrel.. 9 66.4	11 82.2	13 60.8	140.8	115.1
Prime	do.. 6 37.0	14 26.9	18 97.2	297.8	132.9
Hams	pound.. 9.5	11.6	14.0	147.3	120.6

XXX.—PRICES of PRINCIPAL COMMODITIES, &c.—Continued.

Articles.	Average prices in New York.			Percentage of prices of 1882 to average prices.	
	For fifty-six years ending 1880.	For the year 1881.	For the year 1882.	Of fifty-six years.	Of 1881.
Shoulders.....pound..	\$0 07.3	\$0 07.5	\$0 09.2	126.0	122.6
Lard.....do.....	9.1	12.0	11.9	130.7	99.1
Butter.....do.....	17.5	23.2	22.4	128.0	96.5
Cheese.....do.....	8.2	11.4	11.9	145.1	104.3
Rice.....do.....	4 60.7	6 20.0	5 90.0	128.0	95.1
Salt:					
Liverpool.....sack..	1 45.7	75.0	75.0	51.4	100.0
Turk's Island.....bushel..	33.6	22.0	22.2	66.0	100.9
Seeds:					
Clover.....pound..	9.2	8.7	8.9	96.7	102.3
Timothy.....bushel..	2 85.1	2 87.5	2 52.7	88.6	87.8
Soap:					
Brown.....pound..	5.5				
Castile.....do.....	10.9	14.0	13.9	127.5	99.3
Spices:					
Pepper.....pound..	10.1	15.9	16.2	160.4	101.8
Nutmeg.....do.....	1 05.2	84.0	80.0	76.4	95.2
Sugar:					
New Orleans.....pound..	6.4	6.7		104.6	
Cuba.....do.....	7.4	7.7	7.3	98.6	94.8
Loaf.....do.....	11.7	10.0	9.9	84.6	99.0
Tallow, American.....do.....	8.3	7.0	8.3	100.0	118.5
Tea:					
Young Hyson.....pound..	56.7	26.6	23.9	42.1	89.8
Oolong.....do.....	53.6	26.0	23.0	42.9	88.4
Souchong.....do.....	43.0	27.5	22.2	51.6	80.7
Imperial.....do.....	70.0	32.0	30.0	42.8	93.7
Tobacco:					
Kentucky.....pound..	7.9	8.2	9.3	117.7	113.4
Manufactured.....do.....	17.1	19.5	17.6	102.9	90.2
Havana.....do.....	75.3	91.9	89.5	118.8	97.3
Wool:					
Common.....pound..	29.5	45.4	45.5	154.2	100.2
Merino.....do.....	44.5	29.0	30.6	68.7	105.5
Pulled.....do.....	35.0	36.4	38.6	110.3	106.0
Average.....				103.3	101.6

XXXI.—COMPARATIVE PRICES, for the years 1881 and 1882, of the PRINCIPAL COMMODITIES IMPORTED into the UNITED KINGDOM, of which QUANTITIES and VALUES are GIVEN in the ACCOUNTS relating to TRADE and NAVIGATION as OFFICIALLY PUBLISHED for those years, and the MEAN PER CENT. of PRICES in 1882, compared with 1881.

IMPORTS.

Principal articles.	Year ended December 31, 1881.		Year ended December 31, 1882.		Per cent.
	Quantity, thousands.	Price per unit £.	Quantity, thousands.	Price per unit £.	
Alkali.....	cwt..	59.6	1.27	67.0	103.5
Oxen.....	number..	251.6	21.75	264.3	97.6
Cows.....	do.....	31.0	19.49	45.0	100.0
Calves.....	do.....	36.6	4.65	34.3	100.8
Sheep.....	do.....	935.2	2.34	1,124.3	97.0
Swine.....	do.....	24.2	3.37	15.6	108.9
Bacon.....	cwt..	3,858.8	2.29	2,348.0	115.2
Bark.....	do.....	323.5	0.40	271.5	115.0
Bark, Peruvian.....	do.....	125.2	14.47	138.7	88.6
Beef:					
Salted.....	cwt..	248.6	1.93	227.7	114.7
Fresh.....	do.....	812.7	2.66	460.6	104.5
Bones, for manure.....	tons..	65.0	5.86	54.4	110.5
Brimstone.....	cwt..	811.2	0.29	945.5	103.4
Bristles.....	pounds..	2,319.5	0.15	2,563.0	106.6
Butter and butterine.....	cwt..	2,046.4	5.30	2,167.4	98.6
Caoutchouc.....	do.....	169.4	13.05	179.9	116.6
Cheese.....	do.....	183.4	2.85	1,692.4	98.2
Chicory.....	do.....	143.6	9.66	128.0	122.7
Clocks.....	number..	863.0	0.55	950.6	100.0
Cochineal.....	cwt..	33.1	10.68	24.9	91.9
Copper:					
Ore.....	tons..	102.6	7.80	103.2	128.4
Regulus.....	do.....	44.2	36.37	49.2	89.9
Unwrought.....	do.....	32.1	64.22	35.5	105.8
Corn.....	cwt..	57,042.6	0.55	64,171.6	94.5
Barley.....	do.....	9,811.0	0.41	15,519.8	85.3
Oats.....	do.....	10,336.7	0.36	13,646.1	91.6
Pease.....	do.....	1,972.7	0.40	2,100.1	97.5
Beans.....	do.....	2,070.1	0.39	2,074.2	97.4
Indian corn or maize.....	do.....	33,429.7	0.31	18,255.2	112.9
Wheat meal and flour.....	do.....	11,360.4	0.81	13,028.7	100.0
Indian corn meal.....	do.....	25.1	0.95	16.4	140.0
Cotton, raw.....	do.....	14,952.7	2.91	15,794.5	78.6
Cutch and gambier.....	tons..	32.9	21.42	30.1	107.5
Eggs.....	G. H..	6,306.6	0.36	6,757.2	97.2
Fish.....	cwt..	986.5	1.85	862.5	103.7
Flax.....	do.....	1,781.7	1.90	1,966.9	97.3
Glass:					
Window.....	cwt..	659.1	0.77	790.2	101.2
Plate.....	do.....	78.5	2.25	74.3	90.6
Unenumerated.....	cwt..	546.5	1.85	475.5	102.7
Guano.....	tons..	50.0	9.76	45.0	88.6
Gum-arabic.....	cwt..	99.8	2.50	115.9	86.8
Lac seed, shell and stick.....	do.....	104.0	5.76	113.3	78.6
Gutta-percha.....	do.....	68.4	7.34	72.6	100.6
Hams.....	do.....	747.0	2.45	548.5	113.0
Hats or bonnets of straw.....	pounds..	268.4	0.12	355.3	104.3
Hemp.....	cwt..	1,475.4	1.47	1,354.4	108.8
Hides:					
Raw.....	cwt..	554.1	3.57	576.4	101.6
Wet.....	do.....	457.2	2.67	613.5	99.6
Hops.....	do.....	146.7	4.70	315.3	196.8
Indigo.....	do.....	81.2	28.88	95.4	98.2
Iron and steel:					
Iron ore.....	tons..	2,449.2	0.96	3,282.4	96.8
Bar.....	do.....	111.7	10.22	139.6	98.1
Unenumerated.....	cwt..	3,512.9	0.73	3,460.5	97.2
Steel, unwrought.....	tons..	6.6	11.47	5.8	96.9
Jute.....	do.....	4,949.3	0.80	5,964.3	90.0
Lard.....	cwt..	855.7	2.44	665.8	111.0
Lead, pig and sheet.....	ton..	93.4	14.82	87.7	96.7
Leather.....	pounds..	66,125.2	0.07	74,953.6	100.0
Leather, boots and shoes.....	dozen pairs..	85.7	4.53	109.2	83.2
Leather, gloves.....	do.....	1,254.0	1.20	1,615.3	98.3
Madder and garancine.....	cwt..	19.5	1.46	23.1	97.2
Meat:					
Salt or fresh.....	cwt..	177.9	2.85	13.0	107.7
Preserved.....	do.....	575.9	2.84	559.8	106.3

XXXI.—COMPARATIVE PRICES for the years 1881 and 1882, &c.—Continued.**IMPORTS.**

Principal articles.	Year ended Decem- ber 31, 1881.		Year ended Decem- ber 31, 1882.		Per cent.
	Quanti- ty, thous- ands.	Price per unit £.	Quanti- ty, thous- ands.	Price per unit £.	
Nitre (nitrate of soda) .....do....	1, 080.5	0.73	1, 915.1	0.66	90.4
Oil:					
Train .....tuns..	17.9	32.10	15.9	33.08	103.0
Palm .....cwt..	819.7	1.45	801.5	1.52	104.8
Cocoanut .....do....	248.4	1.48	136.0	1.57	106.0
Olive .....tuns..	29.8	40.53	23.1	40.43	99.7
Seed .....do....	17.1	31.33	14.6	32.70	104.3
Turpentine.....cwt..	285.4	1.74	357.8	1.78	102.2
Oil-seed cakes.....tons..	220.7	7.93	190.2	7.67	96.7
Oranges and lemons .....bushels..	3, 813.0	0.38	4, 245.2	0.39	102.6
Paper:					
For printing or writing.....cwt..	190.6	1.80	190.0	1.76	97.7
Other (except hangings).....do....	531.9	1.50	911.4	0.95	63.3
Petroleum .....gallons..	59, 211.9	0.03	59, 135.3	0.02	66.6
Pork:					
Salted (not hams).....cwt..	349.7	1.73	266.2	1.97	113.8
Fresh .....do....	30.2	2.34	23.4	2.44	104.2
Potatoes .....do....	4, 034.5	0.27	2, 997.5	0.33	122.2
Pyrites of iron, copper, and sulphur .....tons..	542.0	2.21	626.9	2.26	102.2
Quicksilver .....pounds..	4, 219.5	0.07	3, 444.0	0.08	114.2
Rags for paper:					
Linen and cotton.....tons..	26.7	14.80	20.9	14.35	96.9
Esparto, or other vegetable fiber.....do....	192.3	6.63	181.0	7.07	106.6
Rice .....cwt..	8, 479.3	0.43	8, 249.7	0.39	90.6
Rosin .....do....	1, 124.9	0.30	1, 227.5	0.32	106.6
Salt-peter.....do....	267.5	1.10	322.2	1.09	99.0
Seeds:					
Clover and grass .....cwt..	279.9	2.21	354.8	2.13	96.3
Cotton .....tons..	232.1	7.67	210.2	7.44	97.0
Flax and linseed.....quarters..	1, 829.8	2.40	2, 437.9	2.15	91.2
Rape.....do....	373.0	2.05	547.6	1.88	91.7
Silk:					
Raw .....pounds..	2, 907.5	0.84	3, 375.3	0.82	97.6
Knubs or husks, waste .....cwt..	54.0	14.00	44.3	13.26	94.7
Thrown .....pounds..	131.8	1.07	294.2	1.19	111.2
Spices:					
Cinnamon .....pounds..	1, 736.4	0.07	1, 835.0	0.05	71.4
Ginger .....cwt..	27.3	2.06	25.4	2.52	122.3
Pepper .....pounds..	20, 792.9	0.02	24, 867.8	0.02	100.0
Sugar:					
Refined.....cwt..	2, 783.5	1.44	2, 769.0	1.43	99.3
Unrefined.....do....	18, 667.4	1.08	19, 805.5	1.05	97.2
Molasses .....do....	285.7	0.46	209.6	0.43	93.2
Tallow and stearine .....do....	1, 192.6	1.76	1, 118.8	2.01	114.2
Tar .....barrels..	152.3	0.79	160.0	0.70	88.6
Teeth, elephants', &c .....cwt..	12.3	44.00	9.2	49.11	111.6
Tin, in blocks, ingots .....do....	406.9	4.61	487.6	5.22	113.2
Valonia .....tons..	26.8	14.88	35.5	14.75	99.1
Wine:					
Red .....gallons..	9, 563.7	0.25	9, 052.5	0.24	96.0
White .....do....	6, 778.1	0.47	6, 690.9	0.46	97.8
Wood and timber.....loads..	1, 866.2	2.56	2, 018.4	2.61	101.9
Sawn or split.....do....	3, 668.8	2.47	4, 176.7	2.60	105.2
Staves .....do....	118.6	4.94	125.6	5.06	102.4
Mahogany .....tons..	42.2	9.22	36.0	9.74	105.6
Wool:					
Sheep and lambs' .....pounds..	447, 044.8	0.05	483, 954.3	0.05	100.0
Alpaca, vicuna, and llama.....do....	2, 619.8	0.06	4, 051.7	0.06	100.0
Goats' wool or hair.....do....	10, 067.5	0.07	16, 859.7	0.08	114.2
Woolen rags to be used as wool.....do....	78, 265.6	0.009	84, 981.1	0.009	100.0
Woolen yarn, silk mixture.....do....	10, 068.1	0.12	12, 728.8	0.12	106.0
Yeast, dried .....cwt..	206.8	2.62	217.7	2.67	101.9
Zinc:					
Crude, in cakes .....tons..	46.1	16.63	42.0	16.92	101.7
Manufactures of, unenumerated.....cwt..	386.0	1.07	363.3	1.09	101.8
Average.....do....					101.6

Countries.	1880.				1881.				1882.			
	Gold.		Silver.		Gold.		Silver.		Gold.		Silver.	
	Kilos. ^a	Dollars.	Kilos.	Dollars.	Kilos.	Dollars.	Kilos.	Dollars.	Kilos.	Dollars.	Kilos.	Dollars.
United States.....	54,168	36,000,000	942,987	33,200,000	52,212	34,700,000	1,034,649	43,000,000	48,902	32,500,000	1,126,083	46,800,000
Russia.....	*42,960	28,551,028	*11,391	473,519	*42,960	28,551,028	*11,391	473,519	*42,960	28,551,028	*11,391	473,519
Australia.....	43,282	28,765,000	5,465	227,125	146,178	30,690,000	3,970	164,983	43,550	28,943,217	2,475	102,878
Mexico.....	51,488	980,160	5605,469	25,167,763	11,292	858,909	1665,918	27,675,540	1,409	836,223	703,508	29,237,798
Germany.....	11,350	232,010	2186,011	7,730,617	1,350	232,610	2186,990	7,771,304	1,376	249,800	214,982	8,934,652
Austria-Hungary.....	1,647	1,094,596	48,000	1,994,880	1,867	1,240,808	51,359	1,303,280	e1,580	1,050,068	e47,118	1,958,224
Sweden.....	5	3,323	1,312	54,527	1	1,240,808	1,176	48,875	d1	665	d1,176	48,875
Norway.....			4,436	184,360			4,812	199,987			d4,812	199,987
Italy.....	e109	72,375	e432	17,949	e109	72,375	e432	17,949	e109	72,375	e432	17,949
Spain.....			74,500	3,096,220			f74,500	3,096,220			f74,500	3,096,220
Turkey.....	7	4,918	1,719	71,441	7	4,918	1,719	71,441	10	6,646	2,164	89,916
Argentine Republic.....	g118	78,546	g10,109	420,225	g118	78,546	g10,109	420,225	g118	78,546	g10,109	420,225
Colombia.....	g6,019	4,000,000	g24,057	1,000,000	g6,019	4,000,000	g24,057	1,000,000	g6,019	4,000,000	g24,057	1,000,000
Bolivia.....	d109	72,345	d264,677	11,000,000	109	72,345	264,677	11,000,000	d109	72,345	264,677	11,000,000
Chili.....	d194	128,869	d122,275	5,081,747	194	128,869	122,275	5,081,747	d194	128,869	d122,275	5,081,747
Brazil.....	1,345	893,887	1,116	741,694	1,116	741,694	g22,046	916,400	d1,116	741,694	g22,046	916,400
Japan.....	g702	466,548	g702	466,548	g702	466,548	g702	466,548	g702	466,548	g702	466,548
Africa.....	a3,000	1,993,800	a3,000	1,993,800	a3,000	1,993,800	a3,000	1,993,800	a3,000	1,993,800	a3,000	1,993,800
Venezuela.....	3,423	2,274,692	f3,423	2,274,692	f3,423	2,274,692	f3,423	2,274,692	f3,423	2,274,692	f3,423	2,274,692
Dominion of Canada.....	1,226	815,080	1,648	68,205	1,648	1,094,926	1,641	68,205	d1,648	1,094,926	d1,641	68,205
Total.....	160,152	106,436,786	2,326,941	96,704,978	161,305	107,202,733	2,461,721	102,309,675	155,226	103,161,532	2,633,800	109,446,595

* Estimated the same as for 1879, which was official from "L'Economiste Français," July, 1881, p. 112.

† Official for Victoria and New South Wales, with estimated production of the other provinces.

‡ The mean of the official production for 1880 and 1882.

§ Estimated same as for 1879, which was furnished by the Mexican minister.

|| Coinage and export of bullion from official data.

¶ From official total production, 17 per cent. deducted for foreign ore.

a Estimated by Dr. A. Soetbeer.

b Same estimate as 1880.

c Official for Hungary, with former annual official production for Austria added.

d Estimated same as 1881.

e Estimated same as official statement for 1877.

f Estimated same as official statement for 1880.

g Estimated same as official statement for 1879.

XXXIII.—COINAGE of VARIOUS COUNTRIES.

Countries.	1880.		1881.		1882.	
	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.
United States.....	\$62,308,279	\$27,409,706	\$96,850,890	\$27,939,203	\$65,887,685	\$27,972,035
Mexico.....	.....	.....	438,778	24,139,023	452,590	25,146,260
Bolivia.....	.....	.....	.....	1,970,983	.....	.....
Venezuela.....	324,024	.....	.....	780,000	.....	.....
Hayti.....	20,196,228	3,705,878	.....	4,852,523	.....	1,021,381
Great Britain.....	22,151,334	40,002,173	19,699,115	20,682,625	18,701,959	29,386,322
Australia.....	69,670	.....	1,634,189	9,028,671	170,543	6,407,157
India.....	6,662,153	8,373,563	2,439,998	1,209,554	2,829,590	3,122,819
Germany.....	2,468,029	150,639	.....	38,055	2,722,206	223,853
Austria-Hungary.....	.....	.....	3,253,988	1,598,346	2,016,117	.....
France.....	490,897	40,200	.....	.....	.....	698,312
Belgium.....	259,313	223,094	.....	3,862,798	.....	123,280
Italy.....	752,992	208,955	11,149,950	.....	40,200	19,703
Netherlands.....	33,113,719	133,920	245,100	.....	1,996,310	10,671,842
Norway.....	319,680	2,076,955	490,585	4,514,043	162,000	.....
Sweden.....	460,365	.....	21,659	.....	803,645	3,294,988
Spain.....	30,368	.....	.....	4,747,800	.....	.....
Portugal.....	.....	.....	125,280	3,020,000	2,960,056	.....
Japan.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brazil.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Roumania.....	108,930	84,611,974	136,757,823	108,473,624	99,909,986	107,997,952
Turkey.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chili.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	149,725,081	84,611,974	136,757,823	108,473,624	99,909,986	107,997,952

XXXIV.—CIRCULATION.

Countries.	Population.		Date for which circulation is stated.	P per.	Specie.			Total.	Per capita.	
	Year.	Latest census, or estimate.			Gold.	Silver, full legal tender.	Silver, limited tender.		Total paper and currency and specie.	Paper. Specie.
United States	1880	50,155,783	Oct. 1, 1883	\$884,002,074	\$606,197,000	\$159,479,000	\$80,920,000	\$846,596,000	\$1,730,598,074	\$17 63
Great Britain and Ireland, including Canada, and Newfoundland.	1881	35,246,562	July 28, 1883	203,534,617	587,683,000	.....	93,164,000	680,847,000	884,351,617	5 77
British India	1881	4,506,563	{ July 1, 1881 June 30, 1883 }	{ *51,081,469 62,383,126 }	{ 49,326,000 }	{ \$1,027,000,000 }	{ }	{ 13,826,000 1,027,000,000 }	{ 64,907,469 1,089,383,126 }	{ 11 33 24 }
Ceylon	1881	252,541,210	Dec. 31, 1882	1,503,300	.....	772,000	.....	772,000	2,335,300	57 28
Australia, Tasmania, and New Zealand.	1881	2,798,898	Dec. 31, 1882	26,010,722	665,000,000	.....	5,000,000	70,000,000	96,010,722	9 03
Cape of Good Hope	1880	780,757	June 30, 1882	15,637,000	£30,000,000	.....	£12,441,300	32,441,000	38,078,000	7 22
France	1881	37,321,116	Sept. 20, 1883	6566,594,466	6873,000,000	6540,000,000	57,900,000	1,470,900,000	2,037,494,466	15 16
Algiers	1877	2,867,626	Dec. 31, 1882	12,332,000	9,300,000	5,915,000	.....	15,215,000	27,567,000	4 30
Gratetoupe	1878	185,480	Dec. 31, 1882	965,750	831,000	234,000	.....	662,000	1,627,750	5 21
Belgium	1879	5,336,654	Sept. 6, 1883	**62,841,115	668,000,000	658,000,000	66,500,000	132,300,000	195,341,115	11 38
Switzerland	1880	2,846,102	Sept. 8, 1883	618,283,440	171,000,000	10,000,000	4,700,000	31,700,000	43,983,440	6 42
Italy	1881	28,452,639	Jan. 1, 1883	6294,793,100	6160,000,000	62,702,000	620,000,000	230,000,000	514,733,100	10 36
Greece	1882	1,979,423	Jan. 1, 1883	623,739,000	62,702,000	62,702,000	.....	5,404,000	29,143,000	12 00
Spain	1877	16,625,860	May 31, 1883	608,875,574	6130,000,000	640,000,000	630,000,000	200,000,000	208,875,574	4 14
Cuba	1877	1,394,516	Dec. 31, 1882	44,862,543	28,181,000	.....	.....	28,181,000	73,043,543	32 17
Luzon	1880	4,450,191	Dec. 31, 1882	1,200,000	762,000	2,236,000	.....	2,998,000	4,198,000	27 67
Portugal, including Azores and Madeira.	1878	4,550,699	Jan. 1, 1879	5,023,360	£30,000,000	.....	£10,000,000	40,000,000	45,023,360	1 10
Germany	1880	45,234,061	Sept. 15, 1883	6207,564,732	£342,720,000	7109,480,000	7104,720,000	556,920,000	704,484,732	4 59
Austria-Hungary	1880	35,839,428	Aug. 31, 1883	644,500,000	£44,500,000	£74,000,000	.....	118,500,000	417,912,324	8 34
Sweden and Norway	1880	6,479,168	Dec. 31, 1881	33,602,936	12,534,000	.....	5,405,000	17,939,000	51,541,936	5 19
Danish Kingdom	1880	2,096,400	Dec. 31, 1881	20,158,767	14,000,000	.....	4,327,000	18,327,000	38,485,767	9 62

* New York Bankers' Magazine, February, 1883.

† Adding to estimate of last year amount exported from England in 1881 and 1882.

‡ Silver coinage for last 12 years.

§ Estimate of former report adding coinage less recoinage, and estimated consumption in ornamentation.

|| Estimated.

** London Economist, September 15, 1883.

a Arbitrages et Paries, 1883, by Ottomar Haupt.

b London Economist, August 26, 1882.

c London Economist, September 22, 1883.

d Estimate of last year, adding gain from imports and deducting consumption in arts.

e Estimate of last year, less excess of exports in 1881 and 1882.

f Adding to estimate of last year gained by import and deducting consumption.

g London Economist, June 16, 1883.

h Estimate of the Silver Commission, p. 510, which agrees with that of Ottomar Haupt, deducting probable consumption in arts and manufactures.

i Estimate of Ottomar Haupt with excess of imports for two years, deducting the amount used in the arts and manufactures.

j Estimate of Dr. A. Soetbeer.

k Bank reserve, with \$8,000,000 gold and \$14,000,000 silver added as active circulation.

XXXIV.—CIRCULATION—Continued.

Countries.	Population.		Date for which circulation is stated.	Paper.	Specie.			Total paper currency and specie.	Per capita.	
	Year.	Latest census or estimate.			Gold.	Silver, full legal tender.	Silver, limited tender.		Paper.	Specie.
Netherlands.....	1880	4,061,580	Sept. 15, 1883	*\$76,871,505	\$814,000,000	\$56,489,000	.....	\$151,360,505	\$18 92	\$18 34
Russia.....	1880	98,323,000	Sept. 10, 1883	*509,945,935	+119,769,000	.....	.....	629,714,935	5 18	1 21
Turkey.....	1880	24,987,000	Dec. 31, 1882	5,280,000	39,600,000	35,200,000	.....	80,080,000	21	3 00
Roumania.....	1881	5,376,000	Dec. 31, 1881	15,822,383	163,000	11,387,000	.....	27,372,383	2 94	2 15
Mexico.....	1880	9,557,279	June 30, 1883	\$2,058,529	+10,000,000	1140,000,000	.....	50,000,000	21	5 23
Central America.....	1881	2,891,600	June 30, 1880	163,347	2,318,000	374,000	.....	2,855,347	06	93
Argentina Republic.....	1880	2,540,000	Dec. 31, 1882	37,101,756	.....	.....	.....	46,101,756	14 60	3 54
Colombia.....	1881	3,000,000	Aug. 18, 1879	1,895,343	500,000	13,000,000	\$4,000,000	6,395,343	63	1 50
Brazil.....	1880	11,108,291	Aug. 18, 1883	**102,000,000	.....	.....	.....	102,000,000	9 18	.....
Peru.....	1876	3,050,000	Mar. 1, 1879	13,028,820	62,000	1,820,000	.....	14,980,820	4 29	62
Venezuela.....	1881	2,673,245	Sept. 1, 1881	26,555,341	H4,000,000	.....	111,000,000	3,250,900	09	1 80
Chili.....	1876	2,420,500	Dec. 31, 1881	1,131,517	.....	116,000,000	.....	32,555,341	10 97	2 47
Bolivia.....	1876	2,325,000	Dec. 31, 1881	.....	.....	5,400,000	.....	6,531,517	10 97	2 47
Uruguay.....	1880	4,338,245	Dec. 31, 1882	5,986,000	+4,601,000	111,000,000	.....	11,587,000	13 66	2 28
Haiti.....	1877	572,000	Dec. 31, 1881	.....	4,000,000	780,000	.....	4,780,000	.....	8 36
Japan.....	1883	36,700,110	Dec. 31, 1881	140,278,112	93,134,000	46,334,000	.....	279,746,112	3 82	3 80
Total.....				3,832,920,903	3,333,433,000	2,277,649,000	434,577,000	9,878,579,903	.....	.....

* London Economist, September 22, 1883.

† Estimate in report of last year, deducting loss by export for 1881 and 1882, and the consumption in arts and manufactures.

‡ Bank reserve only.

§ London Economist, September 15, 1883.

|| Estimated.

¶ Estimate of last year with \$2,000,000 gold and \$1,500,000 silver added for new coinage.

** London Economist, August 18, 1883.

†† Arbitrages of Parities, 1883, by Ottomar Haupt.

XXXV.—TABLE of GOVERNMENT and BANK ISSUE and METALLIC RESERVES.

Countries.	Date referred to.	Paper.			Treasury.			Banks.			Aggregate.
		Government issue.	Bank issue.	Total.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.	
United States	Oct. 1, 1883	\$530,659,403	\$353,342,671	\$884,002,074	\$206,130,542	\$146,445,444	\$352,575,986	\$72,232,816	\$7,208,858	\$79,441,674	\$432,017,660
Great Britain and Ireland	July 28, 1883	.....	203,534,617	203,534,617	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	142,500,181	142,500,181
Dominion of Canada, including Manitoba and Newfoundland	July 1, 1881	14,579,775	*36,501,694	51,081,469	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	*6,555,761	6,555,761
Ceylon	Dec. 31, 1882	62,383,126	.....	62,383,126	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Australia, Tasmania, and New Zealand	Dec. 31, 1882	.....	1,563,300	1,563,300	.....	70,638,000	70,638,000	.....	7,720,000	1,273,800	78,358,000
Cape of Good Hope	June 30, 1882	.....	26,010,722	26,010,722	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,273,800	48,737,837	1,273,800
France	Sept. 20, 1883	.....	15,637,000	5,637,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	48,737,837	48,737,837
Algiers	Dec. 31, 1882	.....	566,594,466	566,594,466	.....	.....	.....	18,092,000	.....	8,092,000	8,092,000
Guadeloupe	Dec. 31, 1882	.....	12,352,000	12,352,000	35,798	124,678	160,476	188,114,808	386,700,439	386,700,439	386,700,439
Belgium	Sept. 6, 1883	.....	965,750	965,750	50,608	134,113	184,721	3,474,000	1,930,000	5,404,000	5,564,476
Switzerland	Sept. 8, 1883	.....	662,841,115	62,841,115	.....	.....	.....	50,300	.....	50,300	564,335
Italy	Jan. 1, 1883	.....	118,283,440	18,283,440	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	18,590,000
Greece	Jan. 1, 1883	.....	1137,118,500	294,793,100	1110,000,000	130,000,000	140,000,000	130,000,000	120,000,000	10,920,426	10,920,426
Spain	May 31, 1883	.....	123,739,000	23,739,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	50,000,000	190,000,000
Cuba	Dec. 31, 1882	.....	108,875,574	68,875,574	3,141,215	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,800,000	1,800,000
Luzon	Dec. 31, 1882	.....	44,862,543	44,862,543	3,141,215	.....	.....	11,040,028	.....	22,648,691	22,648,691
Portugal, including Azores and Madeira	Jan. 1, 1879	.....	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,237,401	2,538,276	3,765,677	.....	.....	14,181,243	14,181,243
Germany	Sept. 15, 1883	35,344,164	172,220,568	207,564,732	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,508,169	9,508,169
Austria-Hungary	Aug. 31, 1883	128,860,965	170,531,359	299,412,324	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	142,757,777	142,757,777
Sweden and Norway	Dec. 31, 1881	.....	33,602,936	33,602,936	.....	230,212	230,212	336,785,873	559,789,819	96,575,692	96,575,692
Danish Kingdom	Dec. 31, 1881	.....	20,158,767	20,158,767	.....	.....	.....	11,060,360	1,154,824	12,215,184	12,445,396
Netherlands	Sept. 15, 1883	.....	172,851,505	76,871,505	.....	.....	.....	17,772,000	4,750,400	8,522,400	8,522,400
Russia	Sept. 10, 1883	4,020,000	509,945,935	509,945,935	.....	.....	.....	11,470,340	37,812,705	49,283,045	49,283,045

* New York Bankers' Magazine, February, 1883.

† London Economist, August 26, 1883.

‡ London Economist, September 22, 1883.

§ London Economist, September 15, 1883.

¶ Arbitrages et Parities 1883, Ottomar Haupt.

|| London Economist, June 16, 1883.

XXXV.—TABLE of GOVERNMENT and BANK ISSUE and METALLIC RESERVES—Continued.

Countries.	Date referred to.	Paper.			Treasury.			Banks.			Aggregate.	
		Government issue.	Bank issue.	Total.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.		
Turkey	Dec. 31, 1882		\$5, 839, 800	\$5, 839, 300								
Roumania	Dec. 31, 1881	\$2, 333, 704	13, 484, 679	15, 822, 383	\$31, 149	\$55, 243	\$86, 392	\$132, 276	\$3, 776, 630	\$3, 908, 906	\$3, 995, 298	
Mexico	July 31, 1883		12, 058, 329	2, 058, 329						1, 763, 008	1, 763, 008	
Central America	June 30, 1880			163, 347								
Argentine Republic	June 30, 1881		37, 101, 756	37, 101, 756								
Colombia	Aug. 18, 1879		1, 895, 343	1, 895, 343								
Brazil	Aug. 18, 1883	*102, 000, 000		102, 000, 000						200, 000	200, 000	
Peru	Mar. 1, 1879	13, 098, 820		13, 098, 820					1, 819, 933	1, 882, 018	1, 882, 018	
Venezuela	Sept. 1, 1881		250, 900	250, 900								
Chili	Dec. 31, 1881		26, 555, 341	26, 555, 341			798, 000			1, 600, 000	2, 398, 000	
Bolivia	Dec. 31, 1881		1, 131, 517	1, 131, 517					443, 597	443, 597	443, 597	
Uruguay	Dec. 31, 1881	2, 086, 000	3, 900, 000	5, 986, 000				4, 601, 000		4, 601, 000	4, 601, 000	
Japan	Dec. 31, 1881	105, 881, 294	34, 396, 818	140, 278, 112	5, 172, 485	5, 418, 719	10, 591, 204	1, 470, 544	1, 265, 735	2, 736, 279	13, 327, 483	
Total		1, 158, 921, 851	2, 674, 558, 652	3, 833, 480, 503	325, 799, 198	255, 574, 685	582, 171, 883	435, 375, 881	343, 872, 232	1, 257, 661, 557	1, 839, 833, 440	

† London Economist, September 15, 1883.

* London Economist, August 18, 1883.

XXXVI.—TABLE showing the *TOTAL PAPER and SPECIE CIRCULATION* in *EACH* of the *PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES* of the *WORLD*, the *AMOUNT* of *SPECIE* in *BANK* and *NATIONAL TREASURIES*, and the *AMOUNT* of *ACTIVE CIRCULATION*.

Countries.	Population.	Total metallic and paper circulation.	Amount of specie in banks and national treasuries.	Active circulation.	Per capita of active circulation.
United States	50,155,783	\$1,730,598,674	\$432,017,660	\$1,298,580,414	\$25.89
Great Britain and Ireland ..	35,246,562	884,381,617	142,500,181	741,881,436	21.05
Dominion of Canada, including Manitoba and Newfoundland	4,506,563	64,907,469	6,555,761	58,351,708	12.94
British India	252,541,210	1,089,383,126	78,358,000	1,011,025,126	4.00
Ceylon	2,758,166	2,335,300	1,273,800	1,061,500	.38
Australia, Tasmania, and New Zealand	2,798,898	96,010,722	48,737,837	47,272,885	16.89
Cape of Good Hope	780,757	38,078,000	8,092,000	29,986,000	38.41
France	37,321,186	2,037,494,466	386,790,439	1,650,704,027	44.23
Algiers	2,867,626	27,567,000	5,564,476	22,002,524	7.67
Guadeloupe	185,460	1,627,450	564,935	1,062,515	5.73
Belgium	5,536,654	195,341,115	18,590,000	176,751,115	31.92
Switzerland	2,816,102	49,983,440	10,920,426	39,063,014	13.72
Italy	28,452,639	514,793,100	190,000,000	324,793,100	11.41
Greece	1,979,423	29,143,000	1,800,000	27,343,000	13.81
Spain	16,625,860	268,875,574	22,648,691	246,226,883	14.81
Cuba	1,394,516	73,043,543	14,181,243	58,862,300	42.21
Luzon	4,450,191	4,198,000	3,765,077	432,323	.10
Portugal, including Azores and Madeira	4,550,699	45,023,360	9,508,169	35,515,191	7.80
Germany	45,234,061	764,484,732	142,757,777	621,726,955	13.74
Austria-Hungary	35,839,428	417,912,324	96,575,592	321,336,732	8.96
Sweden and Norway	6,479,168	51,541,936	12,445,396	39,096,540	6.03
Danish Kingdom	2,096,400	38,485,767	8,522,400	29,963,367	14.29
Netherlands	4,061,580	151,360,505	49,283,045	102,077,460	25.13
Russia	98,323,000	629,714,935	119,769,431	509,945,504	5.18
Turkey	24,987,000	80,080,000	.....	80,080,000	3.20
Roumania	5,376,000	27,372,383	3,995,298	23,377,085	4.35
Mexico	9,557,279	52,058,529	1,763,008	50,295,521	5.26
Central America	2,891,600	2,855,347	.....	2,855,347	.98
Argentine Republic	2,510,000	46,101,756	.....	46,101,756	18.15
Colombia	3,000,000	6,395,343	200,000	6,195,343	2.06
Brazil	11,108,291	102,000,000	.....	102,000,000	9.18
Peru	3,050,000	14,980,820	1,882,018	13,098,802	4.29
Venezuela	2,675,245	5,250,900	.....	5,250,900	1.96
Chili	2,420,500	32,555,341	2,398,000	30,157,341	12.45
Bolivia	2,325,000	6,531,517	443,597	6,087,920	2.61
Uruguay	438,245	11,587,000	4,601,000	6,986,000	15.94
Haiti	572,000	4,780,000	.....	4,780,000	8.35
Japan	36,700,110	279,746,112	13,327,483	266,418,629	7.26
		9,878,579,903	1,839,833,440	8,038,746,463	

REPORT OF THE FIRST COMPTROLLER.

REPORT

OF

THE FIRST COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
FIRST COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,
Washington, November 15, 1883.

SIR: In compliance with the request made in your letter of September 10, 1883, I have the honor to submit the following report of the transactions of this office during the fiscal year which ended June 30, 1883.

The following-described warrants were received, examined, counter-signed, entered into blotters, and posted into ledgers under their proper heads of appropriation:

Kind.	Number of warrants.	Amounts.
APPROPRIATION.		
Treasury proper	79	\$43, 113, 668 58
Public debt.	1	649, 243, 961 21
Diplomatic and consular.....	6	2, 175, 275 87
Customs	16	23, 982, 208 21
Internal revenue.....	9	5, 949, 011 01
Interior civil.....	17	8, 621, 048 05
Indians and pensions.....	42	112, 114, 407 51
War.....	23	54, 669, 909 55
Navy.....	15	19, 056, 257 60
	208	918, 925, 747 59
ACCOUNTABLE AND SETTLEMENT.		
Treasury proper	2, 939	\$28, 424, 642 26
Public debt.	80	649, 315, 672 17
Quarterly salaries	1, 833	595, 759 10
Diplomatic and consular	3, 031	2, 503, 776 83
Customs	3, 811	21, 044, 377 90
Internal revenue.....	4, 570	5, 815, 731 80
Judiciary.....	4, 314	4, 225, 675 42
Interior civil.....	2, 605	8, 745, 431 41
Indians and pensions	5, 244	82, 286, 928 22
War.....	8, 823	50, 333, 730 77
Navy.....	2, 283	21, 324, 952 76
	39, 533	874, 616, 678 64
COVERING.		
Indians and pensions repay	501	8, 911, 764 24
War repay.....	1, 653	1, 422, 347 88
Navy repay.....	305	6, 302, 819 77
Miscellaneous repay: Interior civil, Treasury, customs, judiciary, diplo- matic and consular, internal revenue, and public lands	2, 496	2, 747, 382 50
	4, 955	19, 384, 314 39
Miscellaneous revenue covering warrants	10, 403	318, 387, 609 68
Internal-revenue covering warrants	1, 751	144, 720, 368 98
Land covering warrants	1, 209	7, 955, 864 42
Customs covering warrants.....	1, 580	214, 706, 496 93
	14, 943	685, 770, 340 01

RECAPITULATION.

Pay, repay, and appropriation warrants	44,696
Miscellaneous and internal revenue, and lands, and customs covering	14,943
Total warrants received and passed	59,639
Miscellaneous requisitions registered and countersigned	782
Requisitions on chief clerk and stationery clerk of the Department	418
Grand total	60,839

Accounts have been received from the auditing offices, revised, recorded, and the balances thereon certified to the Register of the Treasury, as follows:

Kind.	No. of accounts.	No. of vouchers.	Amount involved.
FROM THE FIRST AUDITOR.			
1. <i>Judiciary:</i>			
Accounts of marshals for their fees and for expenses of courts, of district attorneys and their assistants, of clerks of courts, of circuit court commissioners, and accounts for rent of court rooms	4,288	111,152	\$4,819,019 84
Judgments by Court of Claims examined and ordered paid	39	39	646,129 77
Total	4,327	111,191	5,465,149 61
2. <i>Public Debt:</i>			
Accounts of the Treasurer of the United States:			
For coupons payable in coin	95	1,477,593	8,184,413 30
For coupons of Treasury notes, Louisville and Portland Canal stock, and old funded debt of the District of Columbia	52	115,311	2,458,206 99
For bonds of the District of Columbia purchased for sinking funds	2	843	217,662 24
For United States bonds redeemed	37	71,352	479,631,364 19
For Louisville and Portland Canal stock	1	1	1,000 00
For unclaimed interest	7	78	7,306 30
For interest on Pacific Railroad stock (reimbursable)	13	420	2,398,794 38
For checks for interest on the public debt	91	349,719	60,218,041 14
For gold certificates and refunding certificates	24	13,864	1,614,885 36
For certificates of deposit (act June 8, 1872)	10	1,838	15,880,000 00
For legal-tender notes, old demand notes, fractional currency, and silver certificates	38	1,547	115,870,106 15
For compound-interest, seven-thirty, and other old Treasury notes	40	398	11,726 85
For interest on Navy pension fund	1	1	420,000 00
For sinking fund for bonds of the Central Pacific Railroad Co. .	1	2	552,636 00
Total	412	2,032,967	687,466,142 90
3. <i>Public Buildings:</i>			
Accounts for the construction of public buildings throughout the United States, the fire-proof building for the Pension Office, and the buildings for the State, War, and Navy Departments, and the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, Washington, D. C.; for the completion of the Washington Monument, the care of public buildings and grounds under the Chief of Engineers, U. S. A.; for annual repairs of the Capitol and improving the Capitol grounds; extension of Government Printing Office, and enlarging Court-House, Washington, D. C.; for Coast and Geodetic Surveys; and for the beneficiary and charitable institutions in the District of Columbia	356	20,240	3,203,079 52
4. <i>Steamboats:</i>			
Accounts for salaries and incidental expenses of inspectors of hulls and boilers	1,093	12,296	266,112 74
5. <i>Territorial:</i>			
Accounts for salaries of Territorial officers and for the legislative and contingent expenses incidental to the government of the Territories	295	2,455	293,373 73
6. <i>Mint and Assay:</i>			
Accounts for gold, silver, and nickel coinage; for bullion; for salaries of the officers and employes of the several mints, and for the general expenses of the same; and for bullion deposits, purchases, and transfers	409	103,404	195,076,926 71

Kind.	No. of accounts.	No. of vouchers.	Amount in- volved.
FROM THE FIRST AUDITOR—Continued.			
7. <i>Transportation:</i>			
Accounts for transportation of gold and silver coin and bullion, minor and base coin, United States currency, national-bank notes, complete and incomplete coin certificates, registered and coupon bonds, mutilated currency, canceled and incomplete securities, national-bank notes for redemption, stamp-paper, stationery, boxes, parcels, &c	105	57,422	\$134,294 15
8. <i>Congressional:</i>			
Accounts for salaries of the officers and employes, and for contingent and other expenses of the United States Senate and House of Representatives	190	8,708	1,258,451 01
9. <i>Outstanding Liabilities:</i>			
Accounts arising from demands for payment of drafts and disbursing-officers' checks which have remained outstanding for three years, the funds from which they were payable having been covered into the Treasury	99	114	30,307 17
10. <i>District of Columbia:</i>			
Accounts of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia and general accounts between the United States and said District	196	91,565	8,640,100 82
11. <i>Public Printing:</i>			
Accounts of the Public Printer for the salaries and wages of the employes of the Government Printing Office, for the purchase of materials for printing, and for contingent expenses of the Government Printing Office	197	19,434	2,141,541 86
12. <i>Treasurer's General Accounts:</i>			
Quarterly accounts of the Treasurer of the United States for receipts and expenditures, including receipts from all sources covered into the Treasury, and all payments made from the Treasury	4	51,431	951,350,929 68
13. <i>Assistant Treasurers' Accounts:</i>			
Accounts of the several assistant treasurers of the United States for the salaries of their employes and the incidental expenses of their offices	78	2,261	378,299 09
14. <i>Miscellaneous:</i>			
Accounts of the disbursing officers of the executive Departments for salaries of officers and employes, and contingent expenses of the same; accounts for salaries of Senators and Representatives in Congress; for salaries of the judges of the United States Supreme Court, United States circuit and district judges, district attorneys and marshals; for salaries and contingent expenses of the National Board of Health; and for the expenses of the Tenth Census	3,558	172,725	19,430,093 62
Total from the First Auditor	11,409	2,686,213	1,875,134,802 61
FROM THE FIFTH AUDITOR.			
15. <i>Internal Revenue:</i>			
Accounts of collectors of internal revenue	543	48,992	299,012,598 20
Accounts of same acting as disbursing agents	949	39,680	3,299,192 63
Accounts of internal-revenue stamp agents	126	2,528	2,556,085 55
Miscellaneous internal-revenue accounts, including direct tax accounts with the States and with direct-tax commissioners; accounts with collectors for disbursements under the appropriation for punishment for violation of internal-revenue laws, and for expenses of seizure and sale of property for the violation of said laws; seven different monthly accounts with the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for internal-revenue stamps; accounts with the Secretary of the Treasury for deposits made in compromise cases, and for fines, penalties, and forfeitures; accounts with the Treasury Department for stationery furnished to internal-revenue offices; accounts with the disbursing clerk for payment of internal-revenue agents and gaugers, and for disbursements under three other different appropriations; accounts for refunding			

Kind.	No. of accounts.	No. of vouchers.	Amount in- volved.
FROM THE FIFTH AUDITOR—Continued.			
15. <i>Internal Revenue</i> —Continued.			
taxes on spirits destroyed, and for the redemption of internal-revenue stamps; accounts for rewards for information and other expenses of detecting and suppressing violators of internal-revenue laws; expense accounts of revenue agents and distillery surveyors; also drawback accounts and accounts for paper for internal-revenue stamps; for transportation of stationery, and for purchasing hydrometers, stamps, dies, locks, seals, &c.....	2, 570	42, 301	\$564, 200, 600 59
16. <i>Foreign Intercourse</i> :			
Accounts for the salaries, of ministers, charges d'affaires, consuls, commercial agents, interpreters, secretaries to legations, and marshals of consular courts; accounts for the relief and protection of American seamen, for expenses of prisons in China and Japan, for contingent expenses of legations and consulates, for salaries and expenses of legations and consulates, also for those of mixed commissions, accounts of United States bankers in London; accounts of the disbursing clerk, Department of State, for miscellaneous diplomatic expenses, &c.....	2, 792	41, 451	7, 542, 397 74
17. <i>Transportation</i> :			
Accounts for transportation of internal-revenue moneys to the sub-treasuries and designated depositories, and for the transportation of stationery, &c., to internal-revenue offices.....	31	12, 806	7, 754 03
Total from Fifth Auditor.....	5, 393	96, 558	571, 750, 752 36
FROM THE COMMISSIONER OF THE GENERAL LAND OFFICE.			
18. <i>Public Lands</i> :			
Accounts of surveyors-general and the employés in their offices.	239	3, 546	470, 173 33
Accounts of deputy surveyors	673	1, 205	1, 846, 273 68
Accounts of receivers of public moneys	394	11, 526	6, 328, 117 12
Accounts of same acting as disbursing agents	515	2, 504	526, 287 25
Accounts for the refunding of purchase money paid for lands erroneously sold.....	515	4, 919	54, 152 77
Miscellaneous accounts, such as accounts with the several States for indemnity for swamp and overflowed lands erroneously sold, and for 2 per cent., 3 per cent., and 5 per cent., upon the proceeds of sales of public lands; accounts of surveyors-general for the contingent expenses of their offices; accounts for the salaries and commissions of registers of local land-offices not paid by the receivers; accounts with the Kansas, Denver, Central, Northern, and Union Pacific Railroads, for the transportation of special agents of the General Land Office; accounts for printing and stationery furnished the several surveyors-general, registers, and receivers; accounts of special agents of the Interior Department; accounts for the transportation of public moneys from the local land-offices to designated depositories; accounts for salaries and incidental expenses of agents employed to examine and verify public surveys; for the return of deposits in excess of the amount required for the survey of private land claims; for the transportation of stationery to the several district land-offices, &c	508	4, 787	1, 051, 001 03
Total from Commissioner of General Land Office.....	2, 844	28, 487	10, 276, 005 18

RECAPITULATION.

From—	Number.	Vouchers.	Amount involved.
First Auditor	11, 409	2, 686, 213	\$1, 875, 134, 802 61
Fifth Auditor	5, 393	96, 558	571, 750, 752 36
Commissioner of General Land Office	2, 844	28, 487	10, 276, 005 18
Total.....	19, 646	2, 811, 258	2, 457, 161, 560 15

Requisitions for the advance of money from the Treasury, in the number following, have been examined and advances thereon recommended:

Internal revenue.....	1, 579
Foreign intercourse.....	1, 451
Judiciary.....	589
Public buildings.....	213
Mint and assay.....	389
District of Columbia.....	156
Territorial.....	52
Printing office.....	40
Miscellaneous.....	761
Total.....	5, 220
Official letters written.....	13, 207
Letters received, briefed and registered.....	6, 057
Powers of attorney recorded.....	2, 508
Official bonds registered and filed.....	715
Number of internal-revenue special tax stamp books counted and certified...	5, 665
Number of internal-revenue tobacco stamp books counted and certified.....	11, 627
Number of spirit books counted and certified.....	10, 277
Orders for special allowances to collectors examined, recorded and referred...	244
Reports on accounts compared and transmitted.....	1, 568
Collectors' tax-list receipts (Form 23½) registered, scheduled and referred.....	1, 548
Cases for suits against internal revenue collectors prepared and referred.....	5
Copies of public-land accounts made, compared and transmitted.....	1, 167
Caveat cases (United States bonds).....	18
Folios copied.....	9, 545

The foregoing statement omits mention of a large amount of official work which does not admit of systematic classification and detailed report, and yet has occupied much time and care; such as, *e. g.*, investigation of legal points arising in the adjustment of accounts and the preparation of opinions and decisions printed under the authority of Congress; the examination of, and decision upon, applications for the issuing of duplicate bonds and other securities lost and destroyed; examination of powers of attorney for collection of money due to creditors of the United States; decisions upon the rights of persons claiming to be executors, administrators, or heirs of deceased claimants to receive money due from the United States; examination of official bonds; copying of letters forwarded; answering calls for information made by Congress, the Departments, and private persons; receiving and examining emolument returns, and other work of a miscellaneous character.

RENEWAL OF THE ACT OF JUNE 14, 1878. (20 Stat., 130, Sec. 4.)

From an early period in the history of the Government Congress has made provisions, by law, generally limiting the authority to pay claims against the United States to a definite period after the proper appropriation had been made for that purpose. This has been done by a series of acts, which limited the use of *annual* appropriations for the purpose of paying claims accrued within the year for the service of which the appropriations were made, to two years thereafter, and by providing that any unexpended balances of appropriations should be carried to the surplus fund. (Act March 3, 1795, 1 Stat., 437, Sec. 16; act May 1, 1820, 3 Stat., 568, Sec. 2; and see Sec. 8, same act; act August 31, 1852, 10 Stat., 98, Sec. 10; act July 12, 1870, 16 Stat., 251, Secs. 5 and 6, Rev. Stat., 3690, 3691; act June 16, 1874, 18 Stat., 75; act June 20, 1874, *Id.*, 110; act 14, 1878, 20 Stat., 130.) The policy of these acts has been fully considered and approved in the Department. See House Ex.

Doc., No. 27, 2d sess., 45th Cong.; 1 Lawrence, Compt. Dec., 2d ed., App., ch. XIV, p. 579. Special provision making appropriations available for a longer period than two years has been made in some acts. (Act April 29, 1816, 3 Stat., 320; act August 31, 1852, 10 Stat., 112; act June 10, 1872, 17 Stat., 355; act June 16, 1874, 18 Stat., 75; act June 23, 1874, *Id.*, 275.)

Prior to the act of March 3, 1795 (1 Stat., 437, sec. 16), balances of appropriations were carried upon the books of the Department from year to year and were available until exhausted. Prior to the fiscal year 1871 the appropriation accounts on the ledgers of the Treasury Department were kept in continuous accounts from year to year, but after the passage of the act of July 12, 1870 (16 Stat., 251), annual accounts were opened, and have since been continued with those appropriations made for fiscal years.

The act of June 16, 1874 (18 Stat., 75), excepted certain appropriations from being carried to the surplus fund, made it the duty of certain of the accounting officers to "continue to receive, examine, and consider the justice and validity of" specified classes of claims, and required the Secretary of the Treasury to "make report of each claim allowed by them, at the commencement of each session of Congress, to the Speaker of the House of Representatives," to be laid "before Congress for consideration." The act of June 14, 1878 (20 Stat., 130, sec. 4), enlarged the act of June 20, 1874, by providing, that—

It shall be the duty of the several accounting officers of the Treasury to continue to receive, examine, and consider the justice and validity of all claims under appropriations, the balances of which have been exhausted or carried to the surplus fund, under the provisions of said section, that may be brought before them within a period of five years. And the Secretary of the Treasury shall report the amount due each claimant, at the commencement of each session, to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, who shall lay the same before Congress for consideration: *Provided*, that nothing in this act shall be construed to authorize the re-examination and payment of any claim or account which has been once examined and rejected, unless reopened in accordance with existing law.

The "period of five years" mentioned in this section expired June 14, 1883. I respectfully recommend that you will call the attention of Congress to this matter, as it would seem proper that there should be some provision of law on the subject.

It may be well to consider whether it is not desirable that there should be a *permanent statute* authorizing the examination and report to Congress of all claims which arise under annual appropriations (the balances of which have been exhausted or carried to the surplus fund), and which may be brought before the proper accounting officers within six years after the appropriation was made, or perhaps more properly *within six years after the right of the claimant originated*, reserving the rights of minors and persons *non compos mentis*, and with exceptions in favor of claims evidenced by written contract or fixed in amount by statute. The act of June 14, 1878, did not prevent the payment of claims under *permanent specific appropriations*, but even as to these it may be well to consider whether there should not be some limitation fixed by statute within which they may be allowed by accounting officers. See *Ward v. United States* (10 Wall., 601); *Baring Brothers & Co.'s case* (4 Lawrence, Compt. Dec., 8).

THE PACIFIC RAILROADS.

The act of March 3, 1873 (17 Stat., 508, sec. 2), as carried into section 5260 of the Revised Statutes, directs the Secretary of the Treasury "to

withhold all payments to any railroad company and its assigns on account of freights or transportation [,] over their respective roads [,] of any kind, to the amount of payments made by the United States for interest upon bonds of the United States issued to any such company, and which shall not have been reimbursed, together with the five per centum of net earnings due and unapplied, as provided by law." Under this act *all* payments for transportation services rendered for the Government by the Pacific bond-subsidized railroad companies, both on their bond-subsidized lines and on roads not so aided by subsidy bonds, but owned, leased, controlled, or operated by such bond-subsidized companies, were withheld and applied to the "account of reimbursement of interest paid [by the United States] on [subsidy] bonds," from January 1st, 1873, up to the time of the sinking-fund act of May 7, 1878 (20 Stat., 58); since which, and up to the date of the Department circular, No. 83, of June 27, 1883, *all* payments were withheld, and *one-half* applied to reimburse interest, and the *other half* applied to the sinking-fund.

The Supreme Court has decided that the act of March 3, 1873 (Rev. Stat., 5260, 5261), "means nothing more or less than the remission to the judicial tribunals of the question, whether" the bond-subsidized Pacific railroad companies "have the right to recover from the Government *one-half* of what they earned by transportation; and [that] * * * the merits of such a question are determined when the *effect of the charter* [acts of July 1, 1862, 12 Stat., 489, and July 2, 1864, 13 Stat., 356] is ascertained and declared." And judgments have been rendered against the United States for *one-half* of the amount of compensation so earned both before and since March 3, 1873. (*United States v. Union Pacific Railroad Co.*, 91 U. S., 91; *Union Pacific Railway Co. v. United States*, 16 Ct. Cl., 353.) And the decisions imply that Congress has no power to change or deny the right of the companies to demand payment of *one-half* of such compensation for transportation services on bond-subsidized roads, but that such half may be set apart as a *sinking fund*, as required by the act of May 7, 1878, 20 Stat., 58. (Sinking fund cases, 99 U. S., 700; *Union Pacific Railroad Co. v. United States*, 104 U. S., 662.)

It has also been decided in principle that no part of the compensation for Government transportation rendered by bond-subsidized companies on lines of road owned, leased, controlled, or operated by them, but not aided by bond-subsidies, can be retained by the United States, either to reimburse the United States for interest paid on subsidy bonds, or to be applied under existing statutes to the sinking-fund. (*Central Branch Union Pacific Railroad Co. v. United States*, 16 Ct. Cl., 360.) And it has been decided further that the sinking-fund act of May 7, 1878 (20 Stat., 58), which requires that *one-half* of the compensation for Government transportation be withheld and applied as a sinking-fund, does not apply to *all* the bond-subsidized lines covered by the acts of July 1, 1862 (12 Stat., 489), and July 2, 1864 (13 Stat., 356), but only to "the companies to which the act [of May 7, 1878], in its terms, applies." (*Pacific Railroad cases*, 16 Ct. Cl., 359.)

The sinking-fund act of May 7, 1878, clearly applies to the Central Pacific Railroad Company, including the Western Pacific Railroad Company, both consolidated, and to the Union Pacific Railroad Company, now Union Pacific Railway Company. These are all covered by the acts of July 1, 1862, and July 2, 1864. As to these companies a sinking-fund has been created. The latter acts of July 1, 1862, and July 2, 1864, cover other companies which received bond subsidies—the Kansas Pacific, con-

solidated with the Union Pacific January 24, 1880; the Sioux City and Pacific, and the Central Branch Union Pacific Railroad Companies—but “the sinking-fund” act does not “in terms” apply to these others and no sinking-fund has been created as to either of them.

Under the decision of the Court of Claims it follows, that, as to bond-subsidized lines not covered by the sinking-fund act, *one-half* of the compensation for transportation services rendered for the Government is, under existing statutes, to be paid to the proper company, and is not to be applied to the sinking-fund. (Pacific Railroad Cases, 16 Ct. Cl., 356,360.) Notwithstanding this, the *whole* compensation for these services on such lines has been withheld up to this time and applied on “account of re-imbursement of interest.” The Department Circular, No. 83, Secretary’s Office, of June 27, 1883, has made no change in this practice. Its principal feature is as follows :

The provisions of circular No. 168 of 1879 and circular No. 55 of 1880 are modified so as to permit payments to be made for transportation services performed for any Department of the Government over such portions of the several Pacific Railroads as have not been built by the aid of Government bonds, and no payments shall be withheld from either of said railroads except for services performed for the Government over the subsidized or aided portions thereof.

It thus seems to follow from the judicial decisions that the act of March 3, 1873 (Rev. Stat., 5260, 5261), has, for future purposes, been declared inoperative; that the provisions of the act of March 3, 1879 (20 Stat., 420), designed to carry out said section 5260 have been and are inoperative, so far as *they*, without reference to the sinking-fund act, might seem to require more than one-half of the compensation to be withheld; that said act of March 3, 1879, remains operative only to carry out the acts of July 1, 1862, and July 2, 1864, and the “sinking-fund” act, and for this purpose to raise the indefinite appropriations necessary “to enable the proper accounting officers to state on the books of the Treasury the accounts between the Government and said companies respectively;” that the bond-subsidized companies are asserting a right to payment of (1) *one-half* of all compensation withheld from them from the date of the act of March 3, 1873, to the date of the act of May 7, 1878, on bond-subsidized lines; (2.) the *whole* compensation on non-bond-subsidized lines owned, leased, or operated by such subsidized companies during that period and ever since; and (3) *one-half* of the compensation for transportation services on bond-subsidized lines not covered by the sinking-fund act, withheld since its date, May 7, 1878; and that the rights thus asserted call for large deficiency appropriations to meet the demands thus made, and will call for increased appropriations hereafter from the postal and other revenues of the Government.

The accounts of the several railroad companies have not been kept in the Treasury Department in a form to show separately by years, or in the aggregate, the gross amount of each of the three distinct classes of claims for payment above mentioned, but this can be ascertained by the necessary research and examination. There is appended to this report a tabular statement (Appendix A), page 343, prepared by the Auditor of the Treasury for the Post-Office Department, and “showing by years the compensation for mail transportation on the bond-subsidized portions of the Pacific railroads, and the compensation on the non-bond-subsidized portions, including all roads owned, leased, controlled, or operated by the said bond-subsidized Pacific roads, *withheld* from January 1, 1873, to June 30, 1883, and, in separate columns, showing the amount of *one-half* of the compensation withheld on the bond subsidized, and

the amount of the whole compensation withheld on the non-bond subsidized." From this has been condensed another tabular statement (Appendix B, page 352), showing an *approximate* estimate of the compensation earned for mail transportation, the payment of which has been withheld in the three classes of cases mentioned, as follows:

1. One-half compensation earned on bond-subsidized roads from January 1, 1873, to June 30, 1878.....	\$1,753,554 79
2. Total compensation earned on non-bond-subsidized roads owned, leased, or operated by subsidized companies from January 1, 1873, to June 30, 1882.....	1,418 110 84
3. One-half compensation earned from July 1, 1878, to June 30, 1883, on bond-subsidized roads not covered by the act of May 7, 1878....	221,572,01
Total	\$3,393,237 64

It has not been practicable to obtain *data* with sufficient accuracy to give even approximate estimates as to the amount of compensation earned by the bond-subsidized railroad companies for services other than mail transportation of the three several classes, and for the separate periods mentioned. But the gross amount will probably equal, if it does not exceed, that for mail transportation. Some idea may thus be obtained of the amounts claimed by the railroad companies, and of the increase necessary in the appropriations hereafter required, if the claims of the companies are to be paid. It will, of course, become necessary to obtain exact statements of the compensation earned, if further legislative action be taken upon the subject.

The questions above referred to have been officially brought before the First Comptroller, and thus made the subjects of one decision and one opinion,* based on rulings of the courts which he regarded as conclusive, and in support of *some portions* of which some reasons were also presented by him. The judicial decisions in fact left no ground for doubt as to their meaning or effect and hence no room for any original expression of opinion by the Comptroller, whatever such expression of opinion might have been. (Mis. Doc. No. 16, 3d session, 41st Congress, January 4, 1871; House Rep. No. 440, 1st session, 44th Congress, April 25, 1876.)

These matters are brought to your notice also, because the right of the bond-subsidized companies to payment for transportation services has been the subject of some correspondence in the Department, in reference to which the decision above referred to of the Comptroller was made, and his opinion given as stated; and so that, if it be deemed advisable, the attention of Congress may be called to all the questions mentioned for such appropriate action, if any, as may be necessary or proper. It is understood that the sinking fund provided by the act of May 7, 1878, is inadequate to meet the objects of that statute. (Annual Rep. of the Commissioner of Railroads for 1882, p. 15.) The purpose of this act would be aided if Congress should provide for an enlargement of the sinking fund. But it seems just that the discretion of the Secretary should also be enlarged as to the mode of investing the sinking fund, so that, if *possible*, it should be made to yield an interest on the investment equal to that accruing on the subsidy bonds. Some provision, doubtless, should be made as to the compensation which the bond-subsidized companies may be entitled to receive from the United States under the judicial decisions above mentioned. Whether this compensation, or any portion of it, can, under the Constitution, and in the exercise of good faith to the railroad companies, be applied to the sinking

* For this decision and this opinion of the Comptroller, see 4 Lawrence, Compt., Dec., p. 188, *et sequentes*.

fund, is a question which might be considered by Congress. No reason is perceived why the sinking-fund act should not be extended to all the bond-subsidized lines of roads, and in other respects be made adequate to secure its objects. It is worthy of consideration whether it might not be found advantageous to give to the companies the option to pay to the Government at any time the then present value of the principal of the subsidy bonds, on terms to be prescribed, and thus, in a large measure, avoid the difficult questions which grow out of a sinking-fund.

THE LAND-GRANT RAILROAD COMPANIES.

The Army appropriation act of June 30, 1882 (22 Stat., 120), contains a provision as follows:

For the payment for Army transportation lawfully due such land-grant railroads as have not received aid in Government bonds, to be adjusted by the proper accounting officers in accordance with the decisions of the Supreme Court in cases decided under such land-grant acts, but in no case shall more than fifty per centum of the full amount of the service be paid, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars: *Provided*, That such compensation shall be computed upon the basis of the tariff rates for like transportation performed for the public at large, and shall be accepted as in full for all demands for said services: *And provided further*, That any such land-grant roads as shall file with the Secretary of the Treasury their written acceptance of this provision shall hereafter be paid for like services as herein provided; and all accounts of such railroads for services heretofore rendered shall be audited and paid as herein provided upon application of such roads and their acceptance of such sum in full of all claims for such services; and all laws inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

The policy of this provision extends to *all* Government transportation, and it has by force of decisions of the Supreme Court and of necessity been so applied. (*Lake Superior and Mississippi Railroad Co. v. United States*, and *Atchison, Topeka, and Santa Fé Railroad Co. v. United States*, 93, U. S., 442, 455; *Land Grant Railroad Company's case*, 4 Lawrence, Compt. Dec., 127.) It may be worthy of consideration, whether it is not advisable by legislation to remove all doubt upon the subject, and to provide more efficient means of determining what is the *reasonable* compensation authorized by said act, within the maximum of "fifty per centum of the full amount of the service" therein limited.

PAYMENT OF ASSIGNED CLAIMS.

Section 3477 of the Revised Statutes very wisely prohibits the assignment of claims against the United States, except as therein authorized. If officers and other persons could sell their salaries before they were earned, or witnesses in courts and such other persons could sell their claims for fees or compensation, they might be subjected to sacrifices, and much difficulty might arise in the adjustment of such claims in the Treasury Department. It is now well settled that all assignments of claims against the United States, except in rare cases, are void. (*Claims-Assignment case*, 4 Lawrence, Compt. Dec., 36.) In addition to this, the act of February 22, 1875 (18 Stat., 333), provides:

That, before any bill of costs shall be taxed by any judge or other officer, or any account payable out of the money of the United States shall be allowed by any officer of the Treasury, in favor of clerks, marshals, or district attorneys, the party claiming such account shall render the same, with the vouchers and items thereof, to a United States circuit or district court, and, in presence of the district attorney or his sworn assistant, whose presence shall be noted on the record, prove in open court, to the satisfaction of the court, by his own oath or that of other persons having knowledge of the facts, to be attached to such account, that the services therein charged have been actually and necessarily performed as therein stated; and that the disbursements charged have been fully paid in lawful money.

This contemplates *actual payment in money, and generally to the original claimant*—not to an assignee, nor to any party who has purchased a claim. In adjusting the disbursing accounts of marshals it has been found that notwithstanding the plain provisions of the statutes, claims have been sold and assigned, and have been paid by the marshals to the purchasers. Congress has, in some instances, authorized payments to such purchasers, and, in others, authorized credit to be given to disbursing officers who had paid such assigned claims. (Act February 20, 1882, 22 Stat., 4; act August 5, 1882, *id.*, 260, 276; act March 3, 1883, *id.*, 596.) It does not seem advisable that any general authority should be given to accounting officers to allow disbursing officers credit for payments of assigned claims. But there may be cases in which Congress may deem it proper by special provision to authorize credit to be given in such cases to a marshal as a disbursing officer, or to authorize payments to purchasers, as for instance, in those cases in which after an appropriation has been exhausted, or for other cause, a marshal has not been supplied with funds to pay fees allowed by the proper court or commissioner, in consequence of which a necessity has arisen for the sale and assignment of claims for fees. So far as knowledge of the existence of such claims may be attainable in this office, it can be furnished if desired by either branch of Congress or by any committee thereof.

INDORSEMENTS OF INTEREST CHECKS AND TRANSFERS OF REGISTERED GOVERNMENT BONDS.

The First Comptroller, as a part of his authority in settling the accounts of the Treasurer of the United States, is required to pass upon the legal validity of all vouchers presented by that officer, including bonds of the United States redeemed, and checks for the payment of interest on registered bonds. Such interest checks are negotiable, and, in case of the death of any payee therein, or in other contingencies, questions frequently arise as to the proper party authorized to indorse and collect such checks. These are to be decided by the First Comptroller. In the same classes of cases it may happen that precisely the same questions arise as to the proper party entitled to a transfer and registry in the office of the Register of the Treasury Department of the same bonds on which such interest checks issued. The same question arising on the indorsement of interest checks, and in the transfer of bonds, should manifestly be decided in the same way. And yet it is liable to be decided differently. It is worthy of consideration, whether some provision should not be made to secure uniformity of decisions in all such cases.

ACCOUNTS OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

In settling the accounts of the former Commissioners of the District of Columbia it has been found that some vouchers were for payments which were not technically and strictly authorized by law, but which would, upon an examination by Congress, probably be approved because of the manifest propriety and justice of the payments. Attention is respectfully called to this subject, so that it may receive such consideration as it may require.

STATES CHARGED WITH DIRECT TAXES.

In 1868 the First Comptroller then in office certified balances due to

the United States from several States respectively, for direct taxes due and unpaid, under the direct tax act of August 5, 1861 (12 Stat., 292), and such States were accordingly debited on the books in the office of the Register of the Treasury. It may well be doubted whether any *corporate* State was properly so charged, but as the Comptroller had jurisdiction of the subject-matter, his action, even if erroneous, cannot be treated as void by the Comptroller now in office. The result is, that money due, or which may become due, from the United States to any State so charged, to the extent of the amount so charged, cannot be paid to the State, but, by usage and law is to be applied by way of set-off. It may thus happen that some States will in this mode pay the direct tax, while others indebted in the same form will continue so indebted, and hence there will seem to be inequality, if not injustice, in the dealings between the United States and such States. The money appropriated by the act of March 3, 1883 (22 Stat., 485), "to refund to the State of Georgia certain money expended by said State for the common defense in 1877," was withheld and applied by way of set-off on the sum charged against said State for direct taxes. If it be the purpose of Congress that moneys due, or to become due, to such States shall be paid, it is respectfully suggested that provision should be made authorizing payment without reference to the charge against any such States.

Under orders of the House of Representatives, a volume of the decisions of the Comptroller for the year 1880, and one for 1881, were printed, and copies were furnished, fixed in number, and as provided by law. In addition to these, fifty copies were distributed to the Departments in sheets, as originally printed under authority of the Treasury Department. The Comptroller ordered printed, on his own account and at his own expense, a limited number of copies, which can, if desired, be furnished at cost to Departments, or be disposed of otherwise, if Congress shall, within a brief period, so direct; but, if not, they will be disposed of by the Comptroller. Attention was called to the subject of these two volumes in my last annual report, and the matter is only referred to now, as it is deemed just that the Government should have the option to take these volumes, if thought advisable.

It is due to the chiefs of divisions, clerks, and employés in this Bureau, that I should, as I do, bear testimony generally to the skill, efficiency, and fidelity with which their respective duties have been performed.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully,

WILLIAM LAWRENCE,

First Comptroller.

The Hon. CHARLES J. FOLGER,
Secretary of the Treasury.

A.—STATEMENT showing by YEARS the COMPENSATION for MAIL TRANSPORTATION of the BOND-SUBSIDIZED PORTIONS of the PACIFIC RAILROADS, and the COMPENSATION on the NON-BOND SUBSIDIZED PORTIONS, including ALL ROADS OWNED, LEASED, CONTROLLED, or OPERATED by the said BOND-SUBSIDIZED PACIFIC ROADS WITHHELD from January 1, 1873, to June 30, 1883, and in separate columns showing the amount of one-half of the compensation withheld on the bond-subsidized and the amount of the whole compensation withheld on the non-bond subsidized.

[illegible]

A.—STATEMENT showing by YEARS the COMPENSATION for MAIL TRANSPORTATION on the BOND-SUBSIDIZED PORTIONS of the PACIFIC RAILROADS, &c.—Continued.

Route.	Title of company.	Period of service.		Bond-subsidized.		Non-bond subsidized.		Amount of one-half of compensation held on bond-subsidized.	Amount of whole compensation held on non-bond-subsidized.	Remarks.
		From—	To—	Number of miles.	Amount.	Number of miles.	Amount.			
14001	Kansas Pacific Railway Company.	Jan. 1, 1873	June 30, 1873	394	\$29,550 00	278	\$19,777 50	\$14,775 00	\$17,183 06	Paid company by collections, \$2,594.44.
14001	do	July 1, 1873	June 30, 1874	394	74,860 00	278	49,520 00	37,430 00	49,520 00	
33001	do	July 1, 1874	June 30, 1875	394	74,860 00	278	49,520 00	37,430 00	49,520 00	
33001	do	July 1, 1875	June 30, 1876	394	74,860 00	278	49,520 00	37,430 00	49,520 00	
33001	do	July 1, 1876	June 30, 1877	394	67,374 00	278	44,568 00	33,687 00	44,568 00	
33001	do	July 1, 1877	June 30, 1878	394	57,533 85	278	38,449 11	28,766 92	38,449 11	
								189,518 92		
33001	do	July 1, 1878	June 30, 1879	394	52,216 82	246 10	32,615 62	26,108 41	32,615 62	
33002	do	July 1, 1878	June 30, 1879			35 05	2,247 76		2,247 76	
33002	do	July 1, 1879	June 30, 1880	394	62,657 82	246 10	39,137 26	31,328 91	39,137 26	
33001	do	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881	394	73,939 38	246 10	44,314 83	36,969 69	44,314 83	
33001	do	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882	394	75,735 35	246 10	44,950 13	37,807 67	44,950 13	
33002	do	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882			35 05	2,247 76		2,247 76	
33001	Kansas Pacific Railway Company (Union Pacific Railroad Company from July 1, 1882).	July 1, 1882	June 30, 1883	394	78,856 33			29,428 16		Service on this route to be paid company after July 1, 1882.
14002	Central Branch Union Pacific Railroad	Jan. 1, 1873	June 30, 1873	100	3,750 00			1,875 00		Paid to company, \$46,991.91.
14002	do	July 1, 1873	June 30, 1874	100	10,000 00			5,000 00		
33002	do	July 1, 1874	June 30, 1875	100	9,983 55			4,991 77		
33002	do	July 1, 1875	June 30, 1876	100	9,840 30			4,920 15		
33002	do	July 1, 1876	June 30, 1877	100	9,000 00			4,500 00		
33002	do	July 1, 1877	June 30, 1878	100	9,000 00			4,500 00		
33003	do	July 1, 1878	June 30, 1879	100	6,755 00			25,786 92		
33003	do	July 1, 1879	June 30, 1880	100	11,286 00	.50	33 76	3,377 50	33 76	
33030 ^b	do	Mar. 16, 1880	June 30, 1880	100		.50	56 44	5,643 00	56 44	
33003	do	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881	100	11,213 56	33 95	342 02	5,606 78	342 02	
						.50	56 44		56 44	

33030 ^b	do	1, 1880	June 30, 1881	100	11, 286 00	33.95	1, 442 80	5, 643 00	1, 442 80	
33003	do	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882	100	11, 286 00	.50	56 44	5, 643 00	56 44	
33030 ^b	do	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882	100	11, 286 00	33.95	1, 480 56	6, 835 32	1, 480 56	
33008	do	July 1, 1882	June 30, 1883	100	13, 670 64	.40	27 36	6, 835 32	27 36	
33021	do	July 1, 1882	Dec. 31, 1882			20.62	1, 154 82		1, 154 82	
33022	do	July 1, 1882	Dec. 31, 1882			42.05	2, 750 48		2, 750 48	
33026	do	July 1, 1882	Dec. 31, 1882			138.54	6, 311 60		6, 311 60	
33027	do	July 1, 1882	Dec. 31, 1882			30.86	659 62		659 62	
33029	do	July 1, 1882	Dec. 31, 1882			24.08	524 56		524 56	
33032	do	July 1, 1882	Dec. 31, 1882			33.90	782 58		782 58	
14401	Union Pacific Railroad Com- pany.	Jan. 1, 1873	June 30, 1873	1, 032. 2	141, 927 50			70, 963 75		\$7, 800.93 paid the company by collections.
14401	do	July 1, 1873	June 30, 1874	1, 032. 2	325, 143 00			162, 571 50		\$15.05 paid the company by special agents.
14401	do	July 1, 1874	June 30, 1875	1, 032. 4	325, 206 00			162, 603 00		
34001	do	July 1, 1875	Feb. 13, 1876	1, 032. 4	201, 913 62			100, 936 81		
34001	do	Feb. 14, 1876	Mar. 31, 1876	1, 032. 4	47, 630 14			23, 815 07		\$100.50 paid the company by special agents.
34001	do	Apr. 1, 1876	June 30, 1876	1, 033. 348	95, 336 35	1.852	170 85	47, 663 17	170 85	
34001	do	July 1, 1876	June 30, 1877	1, 033. 348	347, 308 26	1.852	622 46	173, 654 13	622 46	
34001	do	July 1, 1877	June 30, 1878	1, 033. 348	344, 890 46	1.852	622 46	172, 445 23	605 36	\$17.10 paid company by spe- cial agents.
34001	do	July 1, 1878	June 30, 1879	1, 032. 348	376, 190 34	1.852	674 22	188, 085 17	674 22	
34001	do	July 1, 1879	June 30, 1880	1, 033. 348	383, 406 93	1.852	687 15	191, 703 46	686 65	50 cents paid company by special agents.
34001	do	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881	1, 033. 348	442, 537 90	1.852	800 41	221, 268 95	786 91	\$13.50 paid company by spe- cial agents.
34001	do	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882	1, 033. 348	451, 256 91	1.852	772 57	225, 628 95	772 57	
34001	do	July 1, 1882	June 30, 1883	1, 033. 348	509, 639 59	.732		254, 819 79		
38008	Union Pacific Railroad Com- pany.	Apr. 1, 1880	June 30, 1880			6.75	72 14		71 30	Paid company by collec- tions, 84 cents.
38008	do	July 1, 1880	Oct. 13, 1880			6.75	82 33		82 33	Service discontinued Octo- ber 13, 1880.

*Held under opinion of Attorney
General.*

A.—STATEMENT showing by YEARS the COMPENSATION for MAIL TRANSPORTATION on the BOND-SUBSIDIZED PORTIONS of the PACIFIC RAILROADS, &c.—Continued.

Route.	Title of company.	Period of service		Bond-subsidized.		Non-bond subsidized.		Amount of one-half of compensation with-held on bond-subsidized.	Amount of whole compensation with-held on non-bond-subsidized.	Remarks.
		From—	To—	Number of miles.	Amount.	Number of miles.	Amount.			
34013	Omaha and Republican Valley Railroad Company.	May 16, 1880	June 30, 1880				\$206 86		\$206 86	
34014	do	May 17, 1880	June 30, 1880				109 14		109 14	
34015	do	June 16, 1880	June 30, 1880				39 85		39 85	
34008	do	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881				4, 448 11		4, 448 11	
34013	do	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881				1, 639 49		1, 639 49	
34014	do	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881				1, 882 80		1, 882 80	
34015	do	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881				967 00		967 00	
34008	do	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882				4, 799 76		4, 799 76	
34013	do	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882				1, 636 88		1, 636 88	
34014	do	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882				882 80		882 80	
34015	do	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882				967 00		967 00	
34012	Omaha, Niobrara and Black Hills Railroad Company.	Feb. 2, 1880	June 30, 1880				852 12		852 12	
34012	do	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881				1, 844 83		1, 844 83	
34017	do	Apr. 15, 1881	June 30, 1881				308 91		308 91	
34012	do	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882				2, 166 12		2, 166 12	
34017	do	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882				1, 460 34		1, 460 34	
38002	Denver and Boulder Valley Railroad Company.	Jan. 1, 1880	June 30, 1880				593 16		593 16	
38002	do	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881				1, 184 43		1, 184 43	
38002	do	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882				1, 188 21		1, 188 21	
33007	Saint Joseph and Western Railroad Company.	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881				7, 978 98		7, 978 98	
33007	do	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882				14, 450 12		14, 450 12	
33014	Carbondale Branch Railroad Company.	Mar. 1, 1880	June 30, 1880				469 25		469 25	

33014	.....do.....	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881	.....	.....	1,389 99
33014	.....do.....	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882	.....	.....	1,398 08
33015	Junction City and Fort Kearney Railroad Company.	Feb. 15, 1879	June 30, 1879	.....	.....	142 35
33015	.....do.....	July 1, 1879	June 30, 1880	.....	.....	731 84
33015	.....do.....	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881	.....	.....	3,569 70
33015	.....do.....	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882	.....	.....	3,581 08
33021	Central Branch Union Pacific, lessee.	Jan. 1, 1880	June 30, 1880	.....	.....	891 18
33022	.....do.....	Jan. 1, 1880	June 30, 1880	.....	.....	2,135 22
33026	.....do.....	Jan. 1, 1880	June 30, 1880	.....	.....	3,996 78
33027	.....do.....	Jan. 1, 1880	June 30, 1880	.....	.....	426 64
33029	.....do.....	Jan. 1, 1880	June 30, 1880	.....	.....	624 44
33021	.....do.....	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881	.....	.....	1,297 36
33022	.....do.....	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881	.....	.....	4,270 44
33026	.....do.....	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881	.....	.....	9,471 51
33027	.....do.....	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881	.....	.....	1,448 15
33029	.....do.....	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881	.....	.....	1,297 44
33021	.....do.....	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882	.....	.....	1,783 70
33022	.....do.....	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882	.....	.....	4,270 44
33026	.....do.....	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882	.....	.....	10,127 31
33027	.....do.....	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882	.....	.....	1,504 80
33029	.....do.....	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882	.....	.....	1,297 44
33025	Solomon Railroad Company	Oct. 1, 1878	June 30, 1879	.....	.....	864 72
33025	.....do.....	July 1, 1879	June 30, 1880	.....	.....	2,058 52
33025	.....do.....	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881	.....	.....	2,792 43
33025	.....do.....	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882	.....	.....	2,821 68
33028	Salina and South Western Railroad Company.	Oct. 1, 1879	June 30, 1880	.....	.....	846 13
33028	.....do.....	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881	.....	.....	1,555 34
33028	.....do.....	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882	.....	.....	1,559 08
38003	Union Pacific Railroad Company, lessee Colorado Central Railroad.	Apr. 1, 1880	June 30, 1880	.....	.....	3,011 69
38003	.....do.....	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881	.....	.....	12,017 20
38003	.....do.....	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882	.....	.....	11,124 68
38029	.....do.....	Mar. 1, 1882	June 30, 1882	.....	.....	187 30

Paid company by collections
\$1,699.44.

A.—STATEMENT showing by YEARS the COMPENSATION for MAIL TRANSPORTATION on the BOND-SUBSIDIZED PORTIONS of the PACIFIC RAILROADS, &c.—Continued.

Route.	Title of company.	Period of service.		Bond-subsidized.		Non-bond subsidized.		Amount of one-half of compensation with-held on non-bond-subsidized.	Amount of whole compensation with-held on non-bond-subsidized.	Remarks.
		From—	To—	Number of miles.	Amount.	Number of miles.	Amount.			
38021	Union Pacific Railroad Company, lessee Colorado Central Railroad.	Mar. 1, 1882	June 30, 1882	.....	.....	.....	704 65	.....	704 65	
38007	Denver Pacific Railway and Telegraph Company.	Apr. 1, 1880	June 30, 1880	.....	.....	.....	1,812 60	.....	1,812 60	
38007	.....do.....	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881	.....	.....	.....	9,154 16	.....	9,154 16	
38007	.....do.....	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882	.....	.....	.....	9,725 97	.....	9,725 97	
41003	Utah Northern Railroad Company.	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881	.....	.....	.....	8,256 80	.....	8,256 80	
41003	.....do.....	July 1, 1881	Mar. 31, 1882	.....	.....	.....	6,048 84	.....	6,048 84	
41008	Echo and Park City Railway Company.	May 2, 1881	June 30, 1881	.....	.....	.....	226 11	.....	226 11	
41008	.....do.....	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882	.....	.....	.....	1,371 76	.....	1,371 76	
14701	Central Pacific Railroad Company.	Jan. 1, 1873	June 30, 1873	846.44	116,385 50	.....	4,270 75	46,484 58	4,270 75	Company paid by collections and special agents, \$11,708.17.
14701	.....do.....	July 1, 1873	June 30, 1874	846.44	197,220 52	.....	7,236 97	98,610 26	7,180 47	Company paid by special agents, \$56.50.
46001	.....do.....	July 1, 1874	June 30, 1875	846.44	197,220 52	.....	8,805 07	98,610 26	8,892 57	Company paid by special agents, \$3.30.
46001	.....do.....	July 1, 1875	June 30, 1876	846.44	221,766 34	.....	10,051 53	110,833 17	10,043 05	Company paid by special agents, \$3.48.
46001	.....do.....	July 1, 1876	June 30, 1877	846.44	247,160 48	.....	10,905 34	123,580 24	10,905 34	Company paid by special agents, \$1.50.
46001	.....do.....	July 1, 1877	June 30, 1878	846.44	247,160 48	.....	11,034 66	123,580 24	11,033 16	Paid company by special agents, \$1.50.
46001	.....do.....	July 1, 1878	June 30, 1879	(*)	266,467 04	.....	26,493 94	133,233 52	26,493 94	
46001	.....do.....	July 1, 1879	June 30, 1880	(†)	253,478 38	.....	29,899 32	126,739 19	29,149 94	

46001	do	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881	742.61	281,582 86	35,249 09	140,791 43	35,249 09	Paid to agent of company from July 1, 1882.
46001	do	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882	742.61	281,582 86	35,691 91	140,791 43	34,503 37	
46001	do	July 1, 1882	June 30, 1883	742.61	305,085 39	.....	152,942 69	.....
46028	do	Sept. 8, 1878	June 30, 1879	41.53	2,423 43	1,762 28	1,211 71	1,762 28	Paid to agent of company from July 1, 1882.
46028	do	July 1, 1879	June 30, 1880	(1)	7,672 44	3,227 82	3,836 22	3,227 82	
46028	do	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881	103.83	12,162 64	4,241 64	6,081 32	4,241 64	
46028	do	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882	103.83	12,162 64	4,241 64	6,081 32	4,241 64	Paid to agent of company from July 1, 1882.
46028	do	July 1, 1882	June 30, 1883	103.83	11,807 54	.....	5,903 77	.....
14706	do	July 1, 1870	June 30, 1871	17	1,275 00	637 50	Paid to agent of company from July 1, 1882.
14706	do	July 1, 1871	June 30, 1872	17	1,275 00	.....	637 50	.....
14706	do	July 1, 1872	June 30, 1873	17	1,275 00	.....	637 50	.....
46029	do	July 1, 1873	June 30, 1874	17	1,275 00	637 50	Paid to agent of company from July 1, 1882.
46029	do	July 1, 1874	June 30, 1875	17.54	1,105 02	53	552 51	33 39	
46029	do	July 1, 1875	June 30, 1876	17.54	1,105 02	53	552 51	33 39	
46029	do	July 1, 1876	June 30, 1877	17.54	994 51	53	497 25	30 05	Paid to agent of company from July 1, 1882.
46029	do	July 1, 1877	June 30, 1878	17.54	994 51	53	497 25	30 05	
46029	do	July 1, 1878	June 30, 1879	17.54	944 88	53	472 44	28 55	
46029	do	July 1, 1879	June 30, 1880	17.54	944 88	53	472 44	28 55	Paid to agent of company from July 1, 1882.
46029	do	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881	17.54	944 88	53	472 44	28 55	
46029	do	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882	17.54	944 88	53	472 44	28 55	
46029	do	July 1, 1882	June 30, 1883	17.54	824 90	412 45	Paid to agent of company from July 1, 1882.
46032	do	Dec. 28, 1879	June 30, 1880	11.09	789 60	51.08	394 80	3,636 90	
46032	do	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881	11.09	1,893 67	51.08	946 83	7,746 59	
46032	do	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882	11.09	1,822 26	51.08	911 13	8,396 02	Paid to agent of company from July 1, 1882.
46032	do	July 1, 1882	June 30, 1883	11.09	1,908 14	.....	954 07	.....
14703	do	Jan. 1, 1873	June 30, 1873	.....	.....	3,937 50	.....	3,612 86
14703	do	July 1, 1873	June 30, 1874	13,125 00	13,125 00	Paid to company by collec- tions, \$234.64.
46003	do	July 1, 1874	June 30, 1875	.....	.....	19,000 00	.....	19,000 00
46003	do	July 1, 1875	June 30, 1876	.....	.....	19,000 00	.....	19,000 00
46003	do	July 1, 1876	June 30, 1877	18,022 83	18,022 83	Paid to company by collec- tions, \$23.03.
46003	do	July 1, 1877	June 30, 1878	.....	.....	18,158 73	.....	18,158 73
46003	do	July 1, 1878	June 30, 1879	.....	.....	18,648 16	.....	18,648 16
46003	do	July 1, 1879	June 30, 1880	18,673 88	18,673 88	Paid to company by special agents, \$2.50.
46003	do	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881	.....	.....	18,776 76	.....	18,776 76
46003	do	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882	.....	.....	18,776 76	.....	18,776 76
14876	do	Jan. 1, 1873	June 30, 1873	3,622 75	3,599 72	Paid to company by special agents, \$2.50.
14876	do	July 1, 1873	June 30, 1874	.....	.....	11,592 57	.....	11,592 57
46010	do	July 1, 1874	June 30, 1875	.....	.....	11,592 80	.....	11,590 30
46010	do	July 1, 1875	June 30, 1876	11,592 80	11,592 80	Paid to company by special agents, \$2.50.
46010	do	July 1, 1876	June 30, 1877	.....	.....	10,433 52	.....	10,433 52
46010	do	July 1, 1877	June 30, 1878	.....	.....	10,433 52	.....	10,433 52
46010	do	July 1, 1878	June 30, 1879	19,763 64	19,763 64	Paid to company by special agents, \$2.50.
46010	do	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
46010	do	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

* \$46.44 to Sept. 7, 1878; 804.91 from Sept. 8, 1878.

1804.91 to Dec. 27, 1879; 742.61 from Dec. 28, 1879.

41.53 to Dec. 27, 1879; 103.83 from Dec. 28, 1879.

A.—STATEMENT showing by YEARS the COMPENSATION for MAIL TRANSPORTATION on the BOND-SUBSIDIZED PORTIONS of the PACIFIC RAILROADS, &c.—Continued.

Route.	Title of company.	Period of service.		Bond-subsidized.		Non-bond subsidized.		Amount of one-half of compensa- tion with- held on non- bond sub- sidized.	Remarks.
		From—	To—	Number of miles.	Amount.	Number of miles.	Amount.		
46010	Central Pacific Railroad Com- pany.	July 1, 1879	June 30, 1880	.....	.....	.....	\$20, 272 61	\$20, 272 61	
46010	do	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881	.....	.....	.....	23, 442 06	23, 442 06	
46010	do	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882	.....	.....	.....	24, 803 68	24, 803 68	
46024	do	July 1, 1878	June 30, 1879	.....	.....	.....	496 20	496 20	
46024	do	July 1, 1879	June 30, 1880	.....	.....	.....	252 20	252 20	
46024	do	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881	.....	.....	.....	252 20	252 20	
46024	do	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882	.....	.....	.....	495 05	495 05	
46026	do	July 1, 1877	June 30, 1878	.....	.....	.....	625 12	625 12	
46026	do	July 1, 1878	June 30, 1879	.....	.....	.....	629 11	629 11	
46026	do	July 1, 1879	June 30, 1880	.....	.....	.....	631 12	631 12	
46026	do	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881	.....	.....	.....	631 12	631 12	
46026	do	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882	.....	.....	.....	365 58	365 58	
46027	do	Jan. 1, 1875	June 30, 1876	.....	.....	.....	731 16	731 16	
46027	do	July 1, 1876	June 30, 1877	.....	.....	.....	658 04	658 04	
46027	do	July 1, 1877	June 30, 1878	.....	.....	.....	658 04	658 04	
39005	<i>Withheld under opinion of At- torney-General, as being oper- ated by the Central Pacific Railroad Company.</i>								
40001	Southern Pacific Railroad of New Mexico.	Aug. 15, 1881	June 30, 1882	.....	.....	.....	3, 331 60	3, 331 60	
40001	Southern Pacific Railroad Com- pany of Arizona and New Mexico.	Sept. 20, 1880	June 30, 1881	.....	.....	.....	35, 370 46	35, 370 46	
40001	do	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882	.....	.....	.....	64, 289 97	64, 289 97	
46008	California Pacific Railroad Com- pany.	May 1, 1880	June 30, 1880	.....	.....	.....	105 28	105 28	
46006	do	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881	.....	.....	.....	1, 009 45	1, 009 45	
46007	do	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881	.....	.....	.....	471 61	471 61	
46008	do	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1881	.....	.....	.....	2, 815 41	2, 815 41	
46008	do	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882	.....	.....	.....	1, 011 52	1, 011 52	
46007	do	July 1, 1881	June 30, 1882	.....	.....	.....	384 23	384 23	

46008	.....do	July	1, 1881	June 30, 1882	.....	2, 965 44	.....	2, 965 44	
46012	Stockton and Copperopolis Railroad Company.	July	1, 1880	June 30, 1881	.....	2, 761 64	.....	2, 761 64	
46012	.....do	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
46035	.....do	July	1, 1881	June 30, 1882	.....	2, 488 64	.....	2, 488 64	
46013	.....do	July	1, 1881	June 30, 1882	.....	273 00	.....	273 00	
46014	Southern Pacific Railroad Co	July	1, 1880	June 30, 1881	.....	929 80	.....	929 80	
46017	.....do	July	1, 1880	June 30, 1881	.....	43, 686 45	.....	43, 686 45	
46013	.....do	July	1, 1880	June 30, 1881	.....	2, 132 44	.....	2, 132 44	
46013	.....do	July	1, 1880	June 30, 1882	.....	929 80	.....	929 80	
46014	.....do	July	1, 1881	June 30, 1882	.....	45, 939 48	.....	45, 939 48	
46017	.....do	July	1, 1881	June 30, 1882	.....	2, 132 44	.....	2, 132 44	
46020	Los Angeles and Independence Railroad Company.	July	1, 1880	June 30, 1881	.....	716 49	.....	716 49	
46020	.....do	July	1, 1881	June 30, 1882	.....	718 20	.....	718 20	
46022	Northern Railway Company	July	1, 1880	June 30, 1881	.....	3, 880 97	.....	3, 880 97	
46022	.....do	July	1, 1881	June 30, 1882	.....	3, 984 12	.....	3, 984 12	
46024	Anador Branch Railroad Company.	Feb.	1, 1877	June 30, 1877	.....	642 97	.....	642 97	
46024	.....do	July	1, 1877	June 30, 1878	.....	1, 553 48	.....	1, 553 48	
46023	.....do	Apr.	1, 1880	June 30, 1880	.....	352 79	.....	188 36	
46023	.....do	July	1, 1880	June 30, 1881	.....	1, 475 80	.....	1, 475 80	
46023	.....do	July	1, 1881	June 30, 1882	.....	1, 471 10	.....	1, 471 10	
46023	.....do	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,418,110 84	

Paid to company by special agents, \$3.

{ Withheld awaiting appropriation, and when appropriated the decision of the Attorney-General held all pay due company.
Paid company by collections, \$154.43.

Number changed July 1, 1878.

OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR OF THE TREASURY FOR THE POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

I, J. H. Ela, Auditor of the Treasury for the Post-Office Department, do hereby certify the annexed to be a true and correct statement from the records of this office of the compensation for mail transportation on all the Pacific Railroads aided in whole or in part by the United States from January 1, 1873, to June 30, 1883.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto signed my name, and caused to be affixed my seal of office, at the city of Washington, District of Columbia, this 12th day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three

J. H. ELA, Auditor.

[SEAL.]

B.—STATEMENT showing an APPROXIMATE ESTIMATE of the COMPENSATION EARNED for MAIL TRANSPORTATION, of the BOND-SUBSIDIZED and NON-BOND-SUBSIDIZED PORTIONS of the PACIFIC RAILROADS, and of LINES of ROAD LEASED, OWNED, or CONTROLLED BY THEM, the PAYMENT of WHICH HAS BEEN WITHHELD.

Title of company.	Period of service.		Amount of one half of compensation withheld on bond-subsidized.	Amount of whole compensation withheld on non-bond-subsidized.	Amount.	Remarks.
	From—	To—				
Sioux City and Pacific Railroad Company	Jan. 1, 1873	June 30, 1878	\$21, 827 54		\$409 33	Paid to company by collections.
Do	Jan. 1, 1873	June 30, 1882		\$21, 224 38	58 70	Paid to company by special agents.
Do	July 1, 1878	June 30, 1883	22, 763 57			
Trenton, Elkhorn and Missouri Valley Railroad Company	Apr. 1, 1880	June 30, 1882		19, 973 77		
Do	Jan. 1, 1873	June 30, 1878	189, 518 92		2, 594 44	Paid by collections.
Do	Jan. 1, 1873	June 30, 1882		418, 760 05		
Do	July 1, 1878	June 30, 1882	132, 274 68			
Do (W. P. R. Co.)	July 1, 1882	June 30, 1883	30, 428 16			
Central Branch Union Pacific Railroad	Jan. 1, 1873	June 30, 1878	23, 786 92		46, 991 91	Paid to company.
Do	July 1, 1878	Dec. 31, 1882	27, 105 60			
Do	July 1, 1878	Dec. 31, 1882		15, 679 48		
Union Pacific Railroad Company	Jan. 1, 1873	June 30, 1878	914, 672 66		7, 800 93	Paid company by collections.
Do	July 1, 1878	June 30, 1883	1, 081, 516 32		146 65	Paid company by special agents.
Do	Apr. 1, 1876	June 30, 1882		4, 319 02		
Do	Apr. 1, 1880	Oct. 13, 1880		153 63	84	Paid by collections.
				4, 472 65	7, 948 42	
Omaha and Republican Valley Railroad Company	May 16, 1880	June 30, 1882		16, 579 69		
Do	Feb. 2, 1880	June 30, 1882		6, 632 32		
Omaha, Niobrara and Black Hills Railroad Company	Jan. 1, 1880	June 30, 1882		2, 965 80		
Denver and Boulder Valley Railroad Company	July 1, 1880	June 30, 1882		22, 429 10		
Saint Joseph and Western Railroad Company	Mar. 1, 1880	June 30, 1882		3, 257 32		
Carbondale Branch Railroad Company	Mar. 1, 1880	June 30, 1882		8, 024 97		
Junction City and Fort Kearney Railroad Company	Feb. 15, 1879	June 30, 1882		44, 812 85		
Central Branch Union Pacific (lessee)	Jan. 1, 1880	June 30, 1882		8, 337 35		
Solomon Railroad Company	Oct. 1, 1878	June 30, 1882		3, 960 35		
Salina and South Western Railroad Company	Oct. 1, 1879	June 30, 1882		25, 346 08		
Union Pacific Railroad Company (lessee Colorado Central R. R.)	Apr. 1, 1880	June 30, 1882			1, 699 44	Paid company by collections.
Do	Apr. 1, 1880	June 30, 1882		20, 692 73		
Denver Pacific Railway and Telegraph Company	Apr. 1, 1880	June 30, 1882		14, 305 64		
Utah Northern Railroad Company	July 1, 1880	Mar. 31, 1882		1, 397 87		
Echo and Park City Railway Company	May 2, 1881	June 30, 1882				

CONDENSED ABSTRACT.

Title of company.	Aggregate amount of one-half of all compensation withheld on bond-subsidized from January 1, 1873, to June 30, 1878.	Aggregate amount of one-half of all compensation withheld on bond-subsidized from July 1, 1878, to June 30, 1883.	Aggregate amount of whole compensation withheld on non-bond subsidized from January 1, 1873, to June 30, 1882.	Aggregate amount paid to company by collectors and special agents.
Sioux City and Pacific Railroad Company.....	\$21,827 54	\$22,763 57	\$21,224 38	\$468 03
Fremont, Elkhorn and Missouri Valley Railroad Company.....			19,973 77	
Kansas Pacific Railway Company (Union Pacific Railroad Company).....	189,518 92	171,702 84	418,769 05	2,594 44
Central Branch Union Pacific Railroad.....	25,786 92	27,105 60	15,679 48	46,991 91
		221,572 01		
Union Pacific Railroad Company.....	914,672 66	1,081,516 32	4,472 65	7,948 42
Omaha and Republican Valley Railroad Company.....			16,579 69	
Omaha, Niobrara and Black Hills Railroad Company.....			6,632 32	
Denver and Boulder Valley Railroad Company.....			2,965 80	
Saint Joseph and Western Railroad Company.....			22,429 10	
Carbondale Branch Railroad Company.....			3,257 32	
Junction City and Fort Kearney Railroad Company.....			8,024 97	
Central Branch Union Pacific—Lessee.....			44,812 85	
Solomon Railroad Company.....			8,537 35	
Salina and Southwestern Railroad Company.....			3,960 55	
Union Pacific Railroad Company (Lessee Colorado Central Railroad).....			25,346 08	1,609 44
Denver Pacific Railway and Telegraph Company.....			20,692 73	
Utah Northern Railroad Company.....			*14,305 64	
Echo and Park City Railway Company.....			1,597 87	
Central Pacific Railroad Company.....	601,748 75	727,371 17	531,182 09	12,128 22
		1,808,887 49		
Southern Pacific Railroad of New Mexico.....			3,331 60	
Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Arizona and New Mexico.....			99,660 43	
California Pacific Railroad Company.....			8,762 94	
Stockton and Copperopolis Railroad Company.....			5,523 28	
Southern Pacific Railroad Company.....			95,747 41	3 00
Los Angeles and Independence Railroad Company.....			1,434 69	
Northern Railway Company.....			7,865 09	
Amador Branch Railroad Company.....			5,341 71	154 43
	1,753,554 79	2,030,459 50	1,418,110 84	71,987 90

* To March 31, 1882.

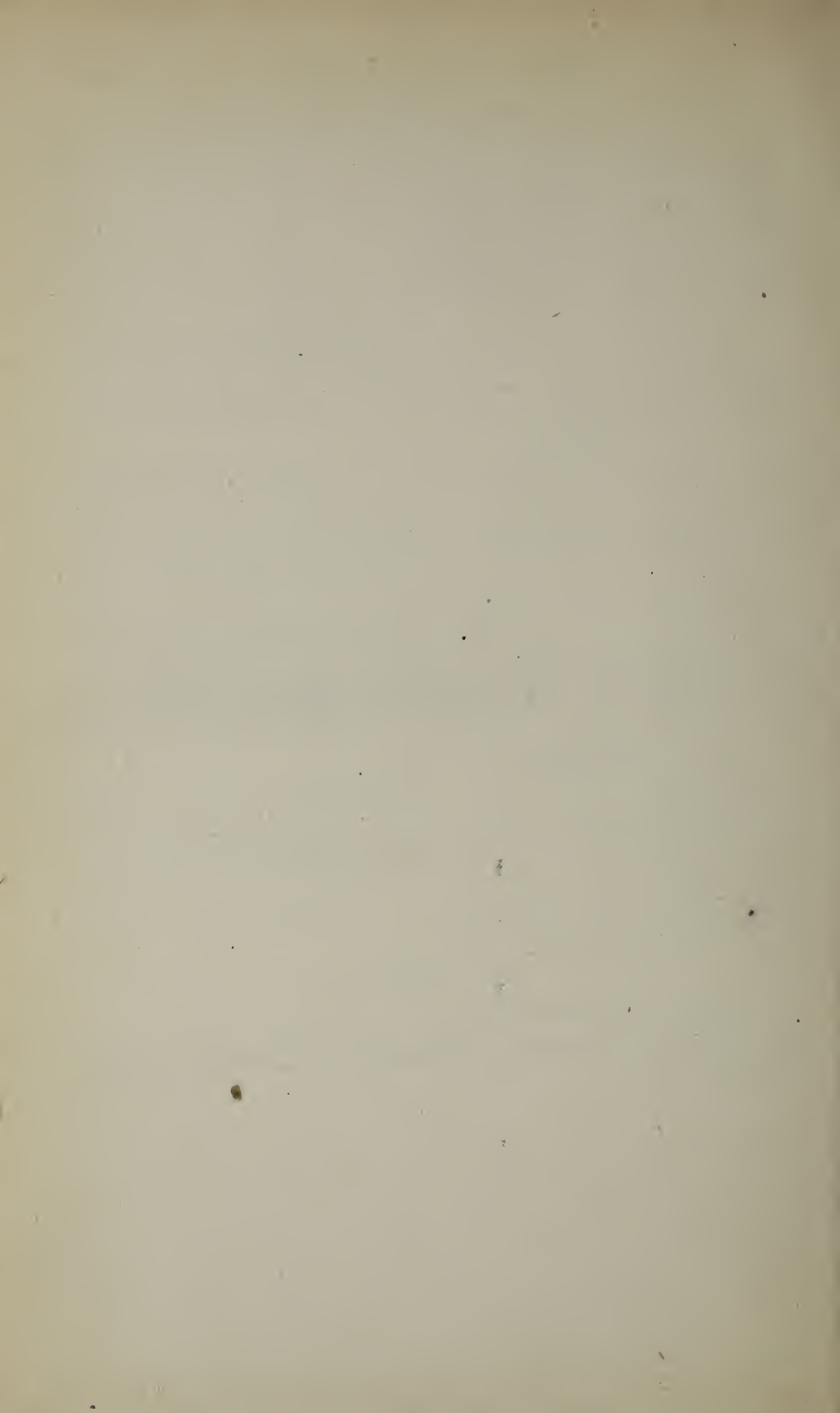
TREASURY DEPARTMENT, REGISTER'S OFFICE.

November 12, 1883.

I, R. A. McMurray, a clerk in the Register's Office, do hereby certify that the foregoing schedules are correct, as computed by me from the statement prepared by the Sixth Auditor's Office, Treasury Department.

R. A. McMURRAY.

REPORT OF THE SECOND COMPTROLLER.



REPORT

OF

THE SECOND COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
SECOND COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,
Washington, October 24, 1883.

SIR: In compliance with your direction, by letter of the 10th ultimo, I have the honor to submit a report, in two tabular statements, of the transactions of this office during the fiscal year which ended on the 30th day of June, 1883.

The first tabular statement shows the total number of accounts, claims, and cases of every kind settled and adjusted, and the amounts allowed thereon.

The second table furnishes a more detailed statement of the same accounts, claims, and cases, showing the character of the accounts, the source from which received, the number of each kind, and the amounts allowed. A still more detailed statement is prepared, and filed for preservation in this office, but it is deemed too voluminous for publication.

TOTAL NUMBER of ACCOUNTS and CLAIMS SETTLED.

From—	Number.	Amounts allowed.
Second Auditor.....	14, 449	\$16, 982, 185
Third Auditor.....	8, 311	65, 038, 156
Fourth Auditor.....	2, 549	17, 292, 779
	25, 309	99, 313, 120
Various sources, not involving present expenditure	3, 207	149, 480
Total	28, 516	99, 462, 600

ACCOUNTS REVISED during the year.

Character of the accounts.	Number revised.	Amounts allowed.
FROM THE SECOND AUDITOR.		
1. Of Army paymasters, for pay of the Army.....	261	\$6, 114, 675
2. Of disbursing officers of the Ordnance Department, for ordnance, ordnance stores, supplies, armories, and arsenals.....	246	423, 455
3. Of recruiting officers, for regular recruiting service.....	566	153, 418
4. In favor of the Soldiers' Home	30	161, 641
5. Of miscellaneous disbursements for contingent expenses of the Army, Adjutant-General's Office, Commanding General's Office, Artillery School, &c.....	188	68, 209
6. Of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers.....	26	1, 428, 715
7. Of Indian agents' current and contingent expenses, annuities, and installments.....	1, 058	4, 847, 804
Total	2, 375	13, 197, 917

ACCOUNTS REVISED during the year—Continued.

Character of the accounts.	Number revised.	Amounts allowed.
FROM THE THIRD AUDITOR.		
1. Of disbursing officers of the Quartermaster's Department, for regular and incidental expenses.....	1, 181	\$9, 048, 393
2. Of disbursing officers of the Subsistence Department.....	531	3, 417, 420
3. Of disbursing officers of the Engineer Department, for military surveys, fortifications, river and harbor improvements, &c.....	80	9, 398, 554
4. Of pension agents, for payment of Army pensions.....	109	39, 506, 308
Total.....	1, 901	61, 370, 675
FROM THE FOURTH AUDITOR.		
1. Of paymasters of the Navy, including paymasters at navy-yards, and as Navy agents and other disbursing officers.....	301	15, 496, 460
2. Of disbursing officers and agents of the Marine Corps.....	12	796, 848
3. Of Navy pension agents, for payment of pensioners of the Navy and Marine Corps.....	78	608, 422
4. Of miscellaneous naval accounts.....	496	123, 619
Total.....	887	17, 025, 349

CLAIMS REVISED during the year.

Character of the claims.	Number revised.	Amounts allowed.
FROM THE SECOND AUDITOR.		
1. Soldiers' pay and bounty.....	9, 877	\$928, 266
2. Miscellaneous, of Army Pay Department.....	376	62, 432
3. Miscellaneous, Indian claims.....	1, 821	2, 793, 570
FROM THE THIRD AUDITOR.		
1. For lost property, paid under act March 3, 1849.....	464	54, 959
2. For quartermasters' stores and commissary supplies, paid under act of July 4, 1864.....	1, 502	307, 615
3. State war claims, act of 1861 and other acts.....	7	218, 922
4. For Army transportation.....	1, 005	2, 606, 912
5. Miscellaneous claims.....	1, 647	285, 687
6. Oregon and Washington Territory war claims.....	25	3, 236
7. Reimbursement, expenses of last sickness and burial of deceased pensioners.....	1, 511	100, 130
8. Claims examined and disallowed.....	159	
FROM THE FOURTH AUDITOR		
1. For officers' and sailors' pay, bounty and prize money.....	1, 662	267, 430
Total.....	20, 146	7, 719, 179

CASES ADJUSTED, NOT INVOLVING PRESENT EXPENDITURE.

	Number.	Amounts involved.
1. Duplicate checks approved.....	583	\$33, 625
2. Financial agents' accounts (naval).....	4	35, 268
3. Referred cases adjusted and decided.....	2, 239	
4. Special settlements reported by the Second Auditor.....	381	80, 587
Total.....	3, 207	149, 480

Bonds filed during the year.....	113
Contracts filed during the year.....	2, 337
Official letters written and copied.....	1, 744
Requisitions countersigned and recorded.....	18, 574
Settlements recorded.....	12, 048
Differences recorded.....	3, 239
Clerks employed, average.....	70.8

It affords me pleasure to be able to report faithful performance of duty on the part of the clerical force employed in the office during the year, but I am compelled to say there are some branches of the work in which the force employed is entirely inadequate to the performance of the duties required by the needs of the public service. This is especially the case in the examination of Army paymasters' accounts, soldiers' pay and bounty, claims and accounts of quartermasters, commissaries of subsistence, and engineers, although every available clerk having experience or skill in either of these branches of the service has been continuously engaged upon them. As was said in the letter I had the honor to address to you on the 1st instant in transmitting an estimate of the expenses of this office for the ensuing year, this condition of the work arises from several causes, the most notable of which is the great amount of new work devolved upon the office by the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in the action relative to longevity pay of Army officers, known as the Tyler case; a decision which necessitated a careful examination of the entire military history of a majority of the officers of the Army, including an inspection of every payment of salary or allowance and every leave of absence, the officers interested having theretofore been paid by disbursing officers, and their individual accounts, in most instances, having never previously been brought directly before the accounting officers for settlement.

The settlement of the unpaid claims sanctioned by that decision was deemed more urgent than the examinations of accounts of current expenses already paid by paymasters, and their adjustment has, during ten months past, required the labor of all the clerks in the office skilled in Army pay, except those engaged on the settlement of soldiers' bounties and two clerks who have continued upon miscellaneous work of the Army Pay Division, and for this reason the settlement of paymasters' accounts has been practically suspended during that time.

The additional work made necessary by that decision cannot be completed in less than from three to five months.

A similar but less extensive additional labor was made necessary by the decision of the Supreme Court in the action known as the Temple case, in regard to the payment of mileage to naval officers for travel performed elsewhere than within the United States.

Another new and great increase in the work of the office has arisen from the circumstance that the amount of clerical force employed in the Second Auditor's Office has enabled that officer during the year past to settle and transmit to this office for decision a very much larger number of claims of soldiers and their heirs for pay and bounty on account of services rendered during the rebellion than has been transmitted during any one of several preceding years. Until recently the number of these claims so transmitted by the Auditor has been substantially the same as the number decided in this office and certified to the Secretary of War, and the extent of this increase of work will be seen from a statement of the number so decided annually since 1876.

In the year ending June 30, 1877, the number decided and certified in this office was 4,252; in 1878, 3,988; in 1879, 3,765; in 1880, 4,520; in 1881, 4,367; in 1882, 5,412; in 1883, 9,877; those settled during the last fiscal year being more than double (and in exact number 5,491 in excess of) the average number settled annually from 1876 to 1881, and nearly double the number settled in the year ending June 30, 1882.

The amount of additional labor thus bestowed on this class of cases will be appreciated when it is remembered that a large part of them are claims for both pay and bounty, requiring not only an examination of

the soldier's military history, but also of all payments heretofore made on account of his services.

To these causes must be added the effect of increased work now being done in the Pension Bureau.

When accounts can be examined administratively and by the accounting officers soon after the transaction of the business to which they relate, while proof is attainable of the actual facts relative to the contracts, the manner of their fulfillment, and the payments actually and legally made, the settlements can be made with very much less labor and expense and with very much greater certainty than is possible when the accounts have remained unsettled during several years; and their early settlement is otherwise of the greatest advantage both to the public and to individuals.

While it is the case, as above stated, that Army paymasters' accounts have remained almost untouched for ten months, it is also true that up to ten months ago great progress had been made during several years in bringing the time of their settlement nearer to the time of the transactions to which they relate, and great progress has been made in that respect by the administrative officers of the Government generally, and by the accounting officers in most of the accounts and claims settled in this office.

As an illustration I may state, in regard to the settlement of the accounts of all disbursing officers in the Indian service, that in all the accounts of that class settled in this office during the year ending June 30, 1878, the average time between the dates on which the accounts were respectively filed in the office of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs and the dates of their respective settlements in this office was seven years and one month; in all accounts of this class settled in this office during the year ending June 30, 1882, such average time was four years and seven days; and in those settled in this office during the last fiscal year the average time between the date of filing the account with the Commissioner and the date of its settlement in this office was one year, eleven months and nine days.

Similar advances in this respect, but in most cases not so great, have been made in nearly all other branches of the public business assigned by law to this office.

In addition to what has been said of the already settled claims of soldiers and their heirs for pay and bounty on account of services rendered during the war, it seems proper to refer to the condition of unsettled claims of that class. At the commencement of the year ending June 30, 1882, there were 354 of these claims pending in this office, and since that time the Second Auditor has been able to transmit a greater number than this office has been able to examine and decide, so that the number pending in this office on the first of this month was 2,517. The number then pending in the Second Auditor's office was, I am informed, 37,391, making a total of 39,908 pending before the accounting officers. Very many of these claims have been pending several years, and in those cases no reason appears for doubting their having been presented in good faith and upon reasonable grounds; but claims of this class are now being presented from day to day, and I am informed that the number presented since the 1st of January last exceeds the number the Second Auditor has been able to settle within the same time by 4,900.

In a large proportion of those recently filed it is found, upon examination, that everything due has been paid, either directly by paymasters on company rolls or other vouchers, or on settlements made by the accounting officers. This is found to be true of claims of some other classes

originating during the war, and there seems to be a prevailing opinion among persons who have given attention to this subject that some new legislation is needed in the nature of a statute of limitation on the presentation of claims.

Because claims growing out of the war have to a great extent become claims of widows and heirs, there may be difficulty in devising any effective statute of direct limitation that will not operate harshly upon claimants of this class; but it has occurred to me that if you should see cause to recommend an enactment that would effectively prohibit any agent or attorney from receiving compensation for services in cases hereafter filed in this Department, more than a specified number of years after the origin of the claim, the recommendation would strike at the root of all that is most objectionable in connection with the recent presentation of claims by agents who have perhaps not even attempted to ascertain whether the claims are meritorious.

Very respectfully,

W. W. UPTON,
Comptroller.

HON. CHARLES J. FOLGER,
Secretary of the Treasury.

REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS

REPORT

OF

THE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS,
Washington City, D. C., October 31, 1883.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith for your information a statement of the work performed in this office during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883:

Number of accounts on hand July 1, 1882.....	139	
Number of accounts received from the First Auditor during the year	6,602	
		6,741
Number of accounts adjusted during the year	6,634	
Number of accounts returned to the First Auditor	14	
		6,648
Number of accounts on hand June 30, 1883.....		93

There was paid into the Treasury from sources the accounts relating to which are settled in this office:

On account of customs	\$214,706,496	93
On account of marine-hospital tax	415,945	80
On account of steamboat fees	184,188	44
On account of fines, penalties, and forfeitures.....	134,590	74
On account of storage, fees, &c	895,183	50
On account of emolument fees	404,103	40
On account of immigrant fund.....	231,476	50
On account of interest on debts due.....	68,553	63
On account of rent of public buildings	5,800	63
On account of mileage of examiners.....	2,358	70
On account of relief of sick and disabled seamen	2,049	55
On account of deceased passengers.....	1,050	00
On account of proceeds of Government property	15,032	87
Aggregate	217,066,830	69

And there was paid out of the Treasury on the following accounts, viz:

Expenses of collecting the revenue from customs	\$6,591,224	51
Excess of deposits.....	4,367,838	85
Debentures	2,257,730	33
Construction, &c., of public buildings.....	2,694,228	63
Construction and maintenance of lights.....	2,224,432	30
Construction and maintenance of revenue cutters	944,819	26
Life-saving stations.....	746,649	19
Marine-hospital service.....	461,181	46
Expenses of regulating immigration	127,345	97
Detection and prevention of frauds upon the customs revenue.....	76,600	95
Compensation and expenses of the Tariff Commission.....	69,000	00
Inspection of neat cattle shipped to foreign ports	52,240	77
Compensation in lieu of moieties.....	25,389	83

Protection of sea-otter hunting grounds and seal fisheries in Alaska . . .	\$20,000 00
Salaries and expenses of agents at seal fisheries in Alaska	11,090 32
Metric standard weights and measures	4,578 70
Unclaimed merchandise	2,565 18
Debentures and other charges	25 23
Extra pay to officers and men who served in the Mexican war	216 00
Refunding moneys erroneously received and covered into the Treasury.	376 70
Refunding duties to American company of revisers of the New Testament	1,472 50
Payment to W. and J. Sloane for merchandise erroneously sold	1,017 33
Relief of David Mordecai and J. Randolph Mordecai	822 00
Refunding duties to Schmidt & Zeigler, of New Orleans	91 64
Refund to William Robinson, master of schooner Dreadnaught	20 00
Refund to J. W. Bell, master of sloop Theodosia E. Bell	20 00
Refund to R. T. Aycock, master of schooner Geo. W. Thomas	45 00

20,681,022 65

Deduct repayment:

Removal of remains of R. H. Carter, late inspector of customs, from Panama to Virginia	36 58
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Aggregate 20,680,986 07

Number of estimates received and examined	2,438
Number of requisitions issued	2,438
Amount involved in requisitions	\$16,853,805 52
Number of letters received	11,752
Number of letters written	10,492
Number of letters recorded	9,389
Number of stubs of receipts for duties and fees returned by collectors .	243,423
Number of stubs examined	214,775
Number of stubs of certificates of payment of tonnage dues received and entered	8,634
Number of returns received and examined	39,454
Number of oaths examined and registered	2,732
Number of appointments registered	4,320
Average number of clerks employed	31

I inclose herewith a statement of the transactions in bonded goods during the year ending June 30, 1883, as shown by the adjusted accounts.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

H. C. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

The SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

Districts.	Balance of bonds to secure duties on goods remaining in warehouse July 1, 1882.	Warehoused and bonded.	Rewarehoused and bonded.	Constructively warehoused.	Increase of duties ascertained on liquidation.	Withdrawal duty paid.	Withdrawal for transportation.	Withdrawal for exportation.	Allowances and deficiencies.	Balance on bonds to secure duties on goods remaining in warehouse June 30, 1883.
Albany.....	\$165,953 19	\$526,547 70	\$20,426 81	\$119,979 28	\$28 55	\$120,007 83	\$75,068 98	\$50,064 36	\$26,109 98	\$170,152 39
Baltimore.....	177 12	597 34	895 40	134,572 82	5,584 85	531,089 66	4,168 30	172,541 20	415 20	423 36
Bangor.....	732 24		10,580 44	176,878 20		1,410 20		11,683 16		156 00
Barnstable.....	51,721 13	43,943 02	98,941 23	4,189 57	53 73	72,213 33	542 24	11,145 02	42,855 87	83,092 22
Bath.....	16,115 55			2,495,266 70	301,304 40	13,466,942 69	417,866 67	2,564,318 97	751,855 04	16,115 55
Beaufort, N. C.....	3,289,620 95	15,736,295 94	144,989 84	2,495,266 70	301,304 40	13,466,942 69	417,866 67	2,564,318 97	751,855 04	4,766,365 61
Boston and Charlestown.....	10,620 41	59,811 11	62,480 84	77,596 06	31 59	19,378 85	173,618 73	628,816 17	83 86	2,950 05
Brazos de Santiago.....	2,401 07	10,504 12	7,340 20	804,486 72	59 30	293 91		2,143 10		4,610 70
Buffalo Creek.....	662 07		6,041 54	284 80				1,172 30		
Belfast.....				11,319 18				1,604 36		
Cape Vincent.....	70 08	2,024 38		186,681 05	1,114 69	8,266 02	167,991 50	24,060 64	2 03	5,438 37
Gastine.....	11,482 24	6,480 58	2,251 01	2,506 25	103 33	3,406 84		132 63		610 51
Champlain.....	1,869 39			3,741 30						
Charleston.....				195,063 59	17,760 40	1,550,220 49	13,362 48	109,728 42	25,173 16	213,154 43
Chattanooga.....	217,089 37	1,338,191 67	143,533 86	12,359 61	453 77	116,280 25	6,771 40	9,260 62	1,741 30	37,506 27
Cincinnati.....	108,399 29	14,010 49	23,996 85	49,270 41	4 55	128 30	20,126 70	87,516 92	190 80	7,717 78
Corpus Christi.....	91 35	34,408 76	6,338 51	5,514 35	52 45	21,898 08	328 96		459 90	2,000 35
Cuyahoga.....	2,051 02	16,179 29	15,001 97	2,131 83		19,084 05				
Delaware.....	1,085 55	3,324 95	763 80	2,148 68		2,912 48				
Denver.....				1,456,122 15	156 85	108,408 79	6,138 77	1,481,085 42	192 62	48,345 57
Detroit.....	31,174 69	85,496 36	17,221 12	1,718,892 09		12,376 27	5,158 13	1,727,789 64		8,959 71
Duluth.....	646 33	13,409 35	9,151 48	5,765 30		182 46				85,732 16
Erie.....	6,419 20		85,732 16	135 26						
Evansville.....	47 20			85,788 75						
Fall River.....										
Fernandina.....	4,936 40		664 65		493 63	5,503 88	590 80			
Frenchman's Bay.....	240 20		959 05	1,189 61	9 18			2,144 50		91 46
Galveston.....	135,448 21	70,626 90	20,523 22	132,997 53	2,173 01	222,272 32	16,766 71	108,233 74	786 19	13,709 71
Genesee.....	7,338 90	12,853 03	3,491 36	2,238 91	90 93	17,184 64	1,148 00		14 00	7,165 89
Gloucester.....	7,948 08	38,601 88	9,848 89	473 48	473 48	917 90	917 90	49,420 64	1,040 23	4,760 69
Georgetown, D. C.....	1,338 27	1,754 70	282 76	2,279 18	39 06	5,362 49	38 60	3,848,352 05		292 88
Huron.....				3,896,836 27			48,484 22			
Indianapolis.....	205 10	376 00	817 60	5,897 07		6,513 92				781 85
Kansas City.....				737 10						
Kennebunk.....				210 89						
Key West.....	40,842 23	232,586 89	4,830 88	201 00	3,681 57	250,189 75	707 35	1,704 04	\$39 31	34,702 12

San Diego.....	61,183 76	357 00	1,170 18	49,499 37	357 00	10,513 71
San Francisco.....	3,787,356 76	858,382 87	3,134,558 03	145,570 29	924,621 35	1,433,226 99
San Francisco.....	6,582 21	6,236 14	38 30	3,741 30	132,643 98	13 80
Savannah.....	33,362 53	1,022,186 26	285 49	253 90	16,376 36	9,472 80
Saint Louis.....	1,962 49	262,092 31	509,926 35	243,600 85	765,013 89	135,442 48
Vermont.....	8,605 40	7,431 10	649 72	391,785 43	487,744 19	3,036 99
Waldoborough.....	28,462 74	7,089 13	397 80	1,164 33	11,555 93	3,318 58
Wheeler.....	2,019 46	32,434 37	1,164 33	1,164 33	27,059 96	27,059 96
Wilmington, N. C.....	1,939 53	4,948 34	34 82	136,480 61	5,311 80	2,098 05
Wilmington, N. C.....	7,287 37	4,948 34	102 33	1,188 06	438 61	5,762 43
Total.....	21,656,431 38	36,097,019 01	2,045,746 08	4,687,630 91	35,283,603 45	28,479,455 62

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RECAPITULATION.

Balance due July 1, 1882.....	\$21,655,431 38	Withdrawal duty paid.....	\$81,628,918 96
Warehoused and bonded.....	91,228,700 62	Withdrawal for transportation.....	4,687,630 91
Rewarehoused and bonded.....	2,143,320 89	Withdrawal for exportation.....	35,283,603 45
Constructively warehoused.....	36,097,019 01	Allowances and deficiencies.....	3,091,609 04
Increase of duties ascertained on liquidation.....	2,045,746 08	Balance due June 30, 1883.....	28,479,455 62
Total.....	153,171,217 98	Total.....	153,171,217 98

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS,
October 31, 1883.

H. C. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

REPORT OF THE FIRST AUDITOR.

REPORT

OF

THE FIRST AUDITOR OF THE TREASURY.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
FIRST AUDITOR'S OFFICE,
Washington, October 20, 1883.

SIR: In compliance with your letter relating to the annual report from this Bureau, I have the honor to submit the following exhibits of the business transacted in this office during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883:

Accounts adjusted.	Number of accounts.	Amount.
RECEIPTS.		
Duties on merchandise and tonnage	1, 426	\$229, 894, 982 31
Steamboat fees	1, 366	202, 937 14
Fines, penalties, and forfeitures	954	136, 505 10
Marine-hospital money collected	1, 670	421, 329 42
Official emoluments of collectors, naval officers, and surveyors	1, 425	1, 050, 141 80
Moneys received on account of deceased passengers	89	1, 349 50
Moneys received from sales of old material, &c.	214	705, 082 83
Miscellaneous receipts	736	920, 477 33
Moneys retained from Pacific railroad companies for accrued interest on bonds.	12	840, 554 37
Treasurer of the United States for moneys received	4	535, 081, 361 49
Mints and assay offices	31	55, 427, 739 34
Water rents, Hot Springs, Arkansas	9	3, 081 41
Immigration fund	153	97, 062 50
Receipts for advertising change of name of vessels	24	378 80
Accounts of the collector of taxes for the District of Columbia for taxes collected by him and deposited with the treasurer of said District	12	1, 775, 018 73
Accounts of the treasurer of the District of Columbia for moneys received and deposited with the Treasurer of the United States	24	1, 802, 878 35
Total	8, 149	828, 360, 880 42
DISBURSEMENTS.		
Expenses of collecting the revenue from customs	1, 770	6, 949, 344 24
Detection and prevention of frauds on customs revenue	24	55, 429 24
Debentures, drawbacks, &c	242	1, 862, 654 27
Excess of deposits refunded	494	5, 001, 761 78
Revenue-cutter service	612	866, 923 48
Duties refunded, fines remitted, judgments satisfied, &c.	2, 482	2, 168, 821 05
Marine Hospital Service	475	418, 282 27
Official emoluments of collectors, naval officers, and surveyors	1, 422	668, 160 35
Awards of compensation	243	25, 219 21
Expenses in advertising change of name of vessels	24	378 80
Inspection of neat cattle shipped to foreign ports	12	7, 102 07
Light-House Establishment, miscellaneous expenses	41	52, 849 55
Supplies of light-houses	92	351, 868 39
Repairs of light-houses	68	195, 723 15
Expenses of light-vessels	34	215, 500 11
Expenses of buoyage	67	264, 659 10
Expenses of fog-signals	46	38, 640 65
Expenses of lighting and buoyage of the Mississippi, Missouri, and Ohio Rivers	22	132, 145 47
Expenses of inspection of lights	9	2, 102 35
Salaries of light-house keepers	42	372, 494 31

Accounts adj usted.	Number of accounts.	
DISBURSEMENTS—Continued.		
Salaries, &c., Senate and House reporters	85	\$57, 164 60
Salaries and mileage of Senators	3	303, 032 39
Salaries, officers and employes Senate	8	255, 355 60
Salaries and mileage, Members and Delegates House of Representatives	21	2, 814, 018 97
Salaries, officers and employes House of Representatives	46	412, 286 31
Salaries of employes, Executive Mansion	3	25, 938 19
Salaries paid by disbursing clerks of the Departments	334	8, 105, 835 74
Salaries, officers and employes Independent Treasury	38	347, 484 99
Salaries and expenses, reporter of Supreme Court	2	872 47
Salary, Director of Geological Survey	3	4, 500 00
Salaries and expenses, special inspectors foreign steam vessels	22	7, 225 84
Salaries, governors, &c., Territories of the United States	6	920 00
Salaries of the civil list, paid directly from the Treasury	2, 060	604, 939 43
Salaries, office of the Public Printer	4	13, 861 98
Salaries, Bureau of Engraving and Printing	6	26, 024 20
Salaries, Congressional Library	5	38, 125 68
Salaries, standard weights and measures	2	3, 816 84
Salaries, Steamboat-Inspection Service	4	193, 211 64
Salaries, special agents Independent Treasury	4	637 64
Salaries, custodians and janitors	5	202, 308 36
Salaries, Agricultural Department	5	94, 544 33
Salaries, Botanic Garden	9	12, 841 36
Salaries and expenses, National Board of Health	20	98, 765 93
Salaries of employes, public buildings and grounds	13	40, 816 92
Salaries and expenses, seal fisheries	19	11, 156 87
Contingent expenses, Executive Mansion	3	7, 040 84
Contingent expenses, United States Senate	42	144, 951 43
Contingent expenses, House of Representatives	46	216, 540 03
Contingent expenses, Departments, Washington	229	356, 295 93
Contingent expenses Independent Treasury	198	55, 176 50
Contingent expenses, Steamboat-Inspection Service	969	38, 214 77
Contingent expenses, public buildings and grounds	12	493 65
Contingent expenses, office of Public Printer	16	2, 660 98
Contingent expenses, Library of Congress	8	964 49
Contingent expenses, executive offices, Territories	15	4, 582 45
Contingent expenses, Mints and Assay Offices	166	6, 977 34
Stationery, Treasury Department	234	67, 937 05
Stationery, Interior Department	6	61, 199 08
Treasurer of the United States, for general expenditures	4	543, 151, 934 87
Gold and silver bullion account	18	53, 604, 103 81
Ordinary expenses, Mints and Assay Offices	106	776, 248 79
Parting and refining bullion	12	137, 867 94
Coinage of standard silver dollars	28	98, 819 04
Freight on bullion and coin	7	11, 639 73
Transportation of silver coin	6	9, 484 66
Storage of silver dollars	2	1, 138 00
Re-coinage of gold, silver, and minor coins	14	35, 129 21
Legislative expenses, Territories of the United States	21	145, 385 95
Defending suits in claims against the United States	6	10, 079 95
Examination of rebel archives	2	1, 936 85
Geodetic and Coast Survey of the United States	23	308, 749 71
Geological Survey of the Territories	17	129, 247 13
Illustrations for report on Geological Survey	1	2, 804 25
Lands and other property of the United States	6	1, 257 04
Protection and improvement of Hot Springs, Ark	11	6, 096 37
Reproducing plats of surveys, General Land Office	5	22, 537 50
Adjusting claims for indemnity for swamp lands	6	13, 837 28
Protection and improvement of Yellowstone Park	5	13, 280 15
Commission to classify land and codify land laws	1	9, 163 31
Depredations on public timber	7	56, 524 01
Reclamation of arid and waste lands	5	7, 051 03
Smithsonian Institution, expenses of	2	42, 180 00
Smithsonian Institution, North American ethnology	8	19, 053 12
Smithsonian Institution, Polaris report	3	435 00
Bureau of Education, distribution documents	7	3, 955 76
Portraits of the Presidents	3	280 00
Compensation and expenses of the Tariff Commission	3	62, 645 79
Expenses contesting seats in Congress	52	74, 782 33
Expenses in connection with the illness and death of President Garfield	81	39, 793 01
Expenses draping public buildings at Garfield's death	41	2, 841 45
Descriptive catalogue of Government publications	97	9, 155 99
Publication of Tenth Census reports	12	44, 951 66
Judicial expenses, embracing accounts of United States marshals, district attorneys, assistant district attorneys, special assistants, clerks and commissioners, rent of court-houses, support of prisoners, &c.	5, 299	4, 056, 944 48
Prosecution of crimes	3	10, 223 78
Suppressing counterfeiting and crime	11	54, 352 06
Punishing violations of intercourse acts and frauds	3	1, 243 46
Investigation of frauds, Office of Commissioner of Pensions	6	162, 544 27

Accounts adjusted.	Number of accounts.	Amount.
DISBURSEMENTS—Continued.		
INTEREST ACCOUNT.		
Registered stock.....	153	\$58,495,592 74
Coupons.....	113	9,945,381 43
District of Columbia, Washington, Georgetown, and corporation bonds.....	43	1,947,878 16
Navy pension fund.....	1	420,000 00
Louisville and Portland Canal Company's bonds.....	4	24,120 00
REDEMPTION ACCOUNT.		
United States bonds, called:		
Principal.....	14	115,153,200 00
Interest.....		1,222,708 64
United States bonds, purchased for sinking fund:		
Principal.....	13	45,404,800 00
Interest.....		332,680 68
United States bonds exchanged into loan of 1882 3 per cent.:		
Principal.....	9	303,177,550 00
Interest.....		39,332 25
Refunding certificates:		
Principal.....	12	118,550 00
Interest.....		17,268 21
Certificates of deposit.....	24	25,922,400 00
District of Columbia stock:		
Principal.....	2	144,550 00
Interest and premium.....		19,895 54
Louisville and Portland Canal Company's bonds.....	1	1,000 00
Notes, one and two years, compound interest, 7.30s and Treasury, and war bounty scrip:		
Principal.....	44	11,490 00
Interest.....		2,039 15
Legal tender notes destroyed.....	14	132,169,003 00
Fractional currency destroyed.....	14	75,035 75
Old demand notes destroyed.....	12	710 00
Silver certificates destroyed.....	14	13,138,360 00
Redemption worn and mutilated United States notes.....	38	48,976 62
Expenses of national currency.....	45	58,073 92
Distinctive paper for United States securities.....	3	33,334 77
Purchase of bonds for sinking fund, Pacific Railroads.....	1	552,636 00
Outstanding drafts and checks.....	103	30,646 93
Judgments of the Court of Claims.....	42	554,943 73
Public printing and binding.....	159	2,444,957 53
Labor and expenses of Engraving and Printing.....	12	724,860 16
Post-Office Department requisitions.....	5	266,309 60
Postage.....	28	159,421 41
Telephonic and telegraphic connection between the Departments.....	12	1,421 59
Life-Saving Service.....	166	592,548 47
Establishing Life-Saving Stations.....	25	16,227 10
Fish-hatching establishment.....	1	5,001 45
Propagation of food-fishes.....	7	136,404 03
Illustrations for report on food fishes.....	4	1,107 23
Inquiry respecting food-fishes.....	6	4,500 02
Steam-vessels (food-fishes).....	9	136,259 72
Construction of fish pond on Monument lot.....	3	3,661 36
Construction of custom-houses and post-offices.....	278	1,310,299 51
Construction of court-houses and post-offices.....	426	1,803,415 09
Construction of National Museum.....	6	2,352 14
Construction of building for State, War, and Navy Departments.....	11	220,852 02
Construction of barge office, New York.....	16	51,207 82
Construction of light-houses.....	74	174,160 18
Construction of building for Bureau of Engraving and Printing.....	5	4,693 24
Construction of extension of Government Printing Office.....	4	3,571 44
Construction of marine hospitals.....	18	72,967 28
Construction of penitentiary building, Dakota.....	5	16,731 90
Construction of building for Agricultural Department.....	3	31,173 95
Construction of Pension Office building.....	2	16,189 76
Construction of steam tenders.....	11	27,615 68
Construction of light-ships.....	4	14,741 57
Construction and repair of revenue vessels.....	21	92,051 99
Construction of Senate stable and engine-house.....	3	177 00
Construction of elevator, &c., Department of Justice.....	2	7,577 96
Construction of elevator Interior Department.....	2	7,500 00
Construction of elevator and steam machinery, Senate.....	3	8,338 81
Reconstruction of Interior Department building.....	4	44,951 24
Plans for public buildings.....	5	4,005 89
Completion of Washington Monument.....	12	179,237 28
Repairs of the Interior Department building.....	6	10,068 84
Repairs, fuel, &c., Executive Mansion.....	13	58,398 47
Annual repairs of the Capitol.....	7	78,309 44
Annual repairs of the Treasury Department.....	12	20,056 46
Repairs and preservation of public buildings.....	27	102,100 36
Heating apparatus for public buildings.....	22	78,283 40
Rent of buildings in Washington.....	28	76,423 42

Accounts adjusted.		Number of accounts.	Amount.
DISBURSEMENTS—Continued.			
Fuel, lights, and water for public buildings	49	\$434, 272 55	
Furniture and repairs of same for public buildings	37	177, 235 48	
Vaults, safes, and locks for public buildings	11	27, 543 54	
Lighting, &c., Executive Mansion	13	15, 388 69	
Lighting the Capitol Grounds	5	37, 374 73	
Fuel, lights, &c., Department of the Interior	5	11, 207 51	
Improvement and care of public grounds	13	83, 246 62	
Improving Capitol Grounds	5	77, 274 19	
Improving Botanic Garden and buildings	13	11, 601 70	
Washington Aqueduct	6	14, 630 09	
Increasing the water supply	1	5, 141 94	
Repairs of water-pipes and fire-plugs	12	3, 376 64	
Constructing, repairing, and maintaining bridges, District of Columbia	13	2, 051 94	
Increase of Library of Congress	10	14, 562 68	
Joint select committee to provide additional accommodations for Library of Congress	7	5, 481 52	
Works of art for the Capitol	6	10, 000 13	
Preventing the spread of epidemic diseases	12	84, 637 92	
Agricultural Department:			
Experimental garden	5	8, 105 77	
Library	5	1, 360 15	
Museum	4	820 26	
Laboratory	5	5, 181 68	
Furniture, cases, &c.	4	6, 607 03	
Collecting statistics	5	54, 014 99	
Purchase and distribution of valuable seeds	5	80, 704 13	
Improving grounds	4	7, 543 43	
Printing annual report, 1881	19	55, 068 76	
Commission to report on the cotton-worm and Rocky Mountain locust	3	1, 357 45	
Experiments in tea culture	6	3, 568 39	
Report on forestry	5	6, 228 24	
Investigating diseases of swine and other domestic animals	5	15, 669 44	
Investigating history of insects injurious to agriculture	9	20, 077 22	
Machinery for and experiments in the manufacture of sugar	11	11, 112 88	
Examination of wools and animal fibers	5	5, 345 18	
Data respecting agricultural needs of arid regions, United States	1	1, 054 06	
Transportation agricultural and mineral specimens to Atlanta, Ga.	4	3, 360 89	
Purchase and distribution of seeds along Mississippi River	1	20, 000 00	
Captured and abandoned property	2	20, 000 00	
Yorktown monument	6	5, 020 24	
Maps of the United States	2	6, 000 00	
Transportation of maps and reports to foreign countries	2	241 39	
Reform School, District of Columbia	6	40, 645 36	
Freedman's Hospital and Asylum	5	53, 995 94	
Government Hospital for the Insane, buildings, &c.	4	31, 030 64	
Government Hospital for the Insane, current expenses	7	310, 929 29	
Columbia Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, buildings, &c.	3	5, 134 38	
Columbia Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, current expenses	4	55, 253 24	
Columbia Hospital for Women, current expenses	7	18, 919 06	
Columbia Hospital for Women, buildings and grounds	5	27, 995 00	
Providence Hospital	12	15, 000 00	
Children's Hospital	5	6, 175 51	
St. Ann's Infant Asylum	5	6, 250 16	
National Association for the Relief of Colored Women and Children	3	3, 236 75	
Women's Christian Association	5	6, 268 13	
Industrial Home School	4	5, 051 28	
National Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans' Home	1	1, 549 98	
Maryland Institution for the Instruction of the Blind	2	2, 787 00	
Howard University	6	16, 065 00	
Howard University buildings and ground	1	9, 998 00	
Transfers by warrant and counter-warrant	303	286, 755 08	
Miscellaneous accounts	206	266, 939 10	
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA ACCOUNTS.			
Refunding taxes	36	12, 411 97	
Washington redemption fund	33	9, 320 45	
Redemption of tax-lien certificates	26	3, 187 01	
Washington special-tax fund	33	15, 878 04	
Redemption paving scrip and certificates	62	4, 919 47	
Relief of the poor	47	31, 821 97	
Employment of the poor	17	53, 420 90	
Salaries and contingent expenses	45	167, 381 57	
Improvement and repairs	84	902, 350 08	
Constructing, repairing, and maintaining bridges	13	2, 167 51	
Public schools	36	404, 540 92	
Public schools, buildings and grounds	28	226, 214 60	
Metropolitan police	43	347, 972 50	
Fire department	44	118, 051 63	
Courts	59	38, 342 93	
Streets	59	387, 598 19	

Accounts adjusted.	Number of accounts.	Amount.
DISBURSEMENTS—Continued.		
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA ACCOUNTS—Continued.		
Health department	29	\$49,086 57
Markets	22	7,336 21
Water fund	29	123,709 41
Judgments	37	81,078 58
Telegraph and telephone service	9	8,718 90
Transportation of paupers and prisoners	40	3,356 11
Washington Asylum	37	50,817 41
Georgetown Almshouse	13	1,356 40
Government Hospital for the Insane	11	30,000 00
Washington Asylum, buildings and grounds	9	157 56
Police station-houses, Washington	3	12,804 94
Miscellaneous expenses	101	41,596 82
Total	22,950	1,361,099,615 73

Number of certificates recorded	18,871
Number of letters recorded	5,248
Judiciary emolument accounts registered and referred	545
Number of powers of attorney for collection of interest on the public debt examined, registered, and filed	3,200
Requisitions answered	1,157

SUMMARY STATEMENT OF WORK OF THE OFFICE, AS SHOWN BY THE REPORTS OF THE VARIOUS DIVISIONS AND MISCELLANEOUS DESKS.

CUSTOMS DIVISION.

Comprising the Accounts of Collectors of Customs for Receipts of Customs Revenue, and Disbursements for the Expenses of Collecting the same, and also including Accounts of Collectors for Receipts and Disbursements in connection with the Revenue-Cutter, Steamboat, Fines, Light-House, and Marine-Hospital Services, with Accounts for Official Emoluments, Debentures, Refunds of Duties, Sales of Old Materials, and Miscellaneous Disbursements.

	Number of accounts.	Amount.
Receipts	8,048	\$233,426,669 72
Disbursements	7,471	17,374,645 80
Total	15,519	250,801,315 52

JUDICIARY DIVISION.

Comprising the Accounts of District Attorneys, Marshals, Clerks, and Commissioners, Rents, and Miscellaneous Court Accounts.

	Number of accounts.	Amount.
Disbursements	5,299	\$4,056,944 48

PUBLIC DEBT DIVISION.

Public Debt Division, comprising all Accounts for Payment of Interest on the Public Debt, both Registered Stock and Coupon Bonds, Interest on District of Columbia Bonds, Pacific Railroad Bonds, Louisville and Portland Canal Bonds, Navy Pension Fund, Redemption of United States and District of Columbia Bonds, Redemption of Coin and Currency Certificates, Old Notes and Bounty Scrip, and Accounts for Notes and Fractional Currency destroyed.

	Number of accounts.	Amount.
Interest accounts	314	\$70,832,972 33
Redemption accounts	173	636,950,573 22
Total	487	707,783,545 55

WAREHOUSE AND BOND DIVISION.

STATEMENT of TRANSACTIONS in BONDED MERCHANDISE, as shown by ACCOUNTS ADJUSTED during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.

Number of accounts adjusted.....	1,036
Number of reports of "No transactions" received, examined, and referred.....	558
Balance of duties on merchandise in warehouse per last report.....	\$14,305,427 68
Duties on merchandise warehoused.....	90,361,618 19
Duties on merchandise rewarehoused.....	2,043,739 16
Duties on merchandise constructively warehoused.....	40,885,457 89
Increased and additional duties, &c.....	2,390,534 81
Total.....	149,986,777 73

Contra:

Duties on merchandise withdrawn for consumption.....	80,345,058 96
Duties on merchandise withdrawn for transportation.....	5,006,394 93
Duties on merchandise withdrawn for exportation.....	39,367,650 98
Allowances for deficiencies, damage, &c.....	3,248,978 31
Duties on withdrawals for construction and repair of vessels.....	180,117 55
Duties on bonds delivered to district attorneys for prosecution.....	4,487 15
Balance of duties on merchandise in warehouse.....	21,834,089 85
Total.....	149,986,777 73

MISCELLANEOUS DESKS.

No. 1.—Comprising Accounts of Disbursing Clerks of the Departments for Salaries, Salary Accounts of the various Assistant Treasurers, and of the Congressional Library, Public Printer, and Executive Office, Accounts for Salaries of the Officers and Employees, House of Representatives, and the Accounts relating to the Coast Survey.

	Number of accounts.	Amount.
Disbursements.....	459	\$9,395,446 64

No. 2.—Comprising the Accounts of the Disbursing Clerks of the Departments for Contingent Expenses, Contingent Expenses of the House of Representatives and Assistant Treasurers, Accounts of the Geological Survey, National Board of Health, and a very great Number of Miscellaneous Accounts.

	Number of accounts.	Amount.
Receipts.....	9	\$3,081 41
Disbursements.....	1,017	3,533,616 95
Total.....	1,026	3,536,698 36

No. 3.—Comprising Accounts for Construction of Custom-Houses, Post-Offices, Court-Houses, and other Public Buildings; Accounts of Light-House Engineers and Inspectors; Accounts of the Public Printer; Steamboat Inspection and Life-Saving Service; the Accounts of the Government Hospital for the Insane, Columbia Hospital for Deaf and Dumb, and many Charitable Institutions.

	Number of accounts.	Amount.
Receipts.....	17	\$841,986 39
Disbursements.....	2,915	11,522,876 26
Total.....	2,932	12,364,862 65

No. 4.—*Comprising the Account of the Treasurer of the United States for General Expenditures; the Salary and Mileage Accounts for the Senate and House of Representatives, and the Accounts for Contingent Expenses of the United States Senate.*

	Number of accounts.	Amount.
Receipts	4	\$536,081,361 49
Disbursements	78	546,669,293 26
Total	82	1,081,750,654 75

No. 5.—*Comprising the Accounts of Mints and Assay Offices; Salaries of the Civil List paid directly from the Treasury on First Auditor's Certificates, Captured and Abandoned Property Accounts; Accounts for the Legislative and Contingent Expenses of the United States Territories and Transportation of United States Securities.*

	Number of accounts.	Amount.
Receipts	35	\$55,429,884 33
Disbursements	2,573	55,581,968 65
Total	2,608	111,011,852 98

No. 6.—*Comprising the accounts of the District of Columbia.*

	Number of accounts.	Amount.
Receipts	36	\$3,577,897 08
Disbursements	1,005	3,135,598 65
Total	1,041	6,713,495 73

No. 7.—*Under the Chief of the Warehouse and Bond Division, and Comprising Judgments of the Court of Claims, Outstanding Liabilities, Postal Requisitions, Transfer of Appropriations, &c.*

	Number of accounts.	Amount.
Disbursements	1,646	\$2,045,679 49

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT, by FISCAL YEARS, of TRANSACTIONS in the OFFICE, from 1861 to 1883, inclusive.

Fiscal years.	Number of accounts examined and adjusted.		Total.	Amount.		Total amount.	Number of certificates recorded.	Number of letters written.	Number of powers of attorney filed.
	Receipts.	Disbursements.		Receipts.	Disbursements.				
1861	1,744	7,461	9,205	\$40,032,704 03	\$201,800,753 25	\$241,893,457 28	7,249	727	.....
1862	1,477	7,906	9,383	47,225,611 94	352,564,687 88	399,790,299 82	7,907	1,065	.....
1863	1,407	8,543	9,950	67,417,405 95	890,917,695 77	958,335,101 72	7,436	1,339	.....
1864	1,342	9,560	10,902	81,540,726 80	1,447,668,825 90	1,529,209,552 70	7,580	1,316	1,646
1865	1,972	10,520	12,492	90,763,635 52	1,755,151,696 75	1,845,915,332 27	8,594	1,824	2,424
1866	2,192	13,329	15,521	221,445,243 71	1,972,713,889 06	2,194,158,132 77	12,635	1,909	2,326
1867	2,035	10,812	12,847	218,884,931 81	2,339,633,571 08	2,558,518,502 89	10,523	1,735	2,973
1868	2,364	11,306	13,670	215,497,955 23	1,949,304,257 09	2,164,802,212 32	10,160	1,737	5,022
1869	2,547	13,352	15,899	231,762,318 23	1,808,044,481 50	2,040,406,799 73	10,859	1,900	4,295
1870	2,441	12,630	15,071	240,196,298 97	1,344,512,789 41	1,584,709,088 38	10,572	2,395	7,690
1871	2,864	14,101	16,965	239,338,078 13	1,773,277,492 08	2,012,615,570 21	11,426	2,393	6,856
1872	4,511	15,293	19,804	912,200,147 78	1,339,778,632 45	2,251,978,780 23	12,900	2,356	5,672
1873	5,522	14,474	19,996	1,202,869,370 18	1,416,193,007 42	2,619,062,377 60	12,433	2,339	5,138
1874	6,586	17,237	23,823	875,692,671 71	1,283,786,750 33	2,159,479,422 04	13,766	1,905	5,362
1875	7,065	17,994	25,059	1,144,320,298 80	1,491,427,101 07	2,635,747,399 87	12,860	2,282	4,149
1876	16,847	16,847	33,694	1,139,847,330 52	1,746,678,602 58	2,886,525,931 10	12,163	2,048	4,505
1877	7,016	17,544	24,560	696,493,659 61	986,401,191 96	1,682,894,851 57	13,059	2,055	4,505
1878	7,038	16,381	23,419	959,020,393 82	1,287,812,745 00	2,246,833,138 82	12,729	2,473	4,626
1879	7,207	17,618	24,825	917,547,049 73	1,147,581,192 79	2,065,128,242 52	13,824	3,219	5,891
1880	7,035	20,046	27,081	1,206,298,429 71	1,593,413,941 53	3,099,712,371 21	13,768	3,443	8,801
1881	6,814	20,308	27,122	882,066,031 94	1,016,464,134 81	1,878,530,216 75	15,396	3,857	3,539
1882	7,193	20,802	27,995	973,657,471 39	1,025,640,807 73	1,999,298,279 14	15,179	4,501	3,568
1883	8,148	22,950	31,099	828,360,880 42	1,361,099,615 73	2,189,460,496 15	18,871	5,248	3,200

In presenting the foregoing exhibit of the official work in the Bureau during last fiscal year, I most earnestly call your attention to recommendations made in the last annual report from this office.

The continued increase of labor demanded each year over the one preceding admonishes me that should I fail to direct your attention to the absolute necessity for relief I would be justly censurable for neglect of a public duty.

An examination of the comparative statement by fiscal years, &c. (page 10), since 1861, will convince the most skeptical that the requirements of the service in this office for former years are *not adequate* to the pressing necessities of the present year.

When it is remembered that no increase in the clerical force has been made by Congress for over three years, it will be readily understood why I have been compelled to ask of you special detail of clerks to aid in the current work pressing for settlement in this Bureau.

During the last four years the official work required has increased *over twenty per cent.* This increase has created the necessity of requiring more work of the clerical force each year than formerly, and it is feared that the rapid and hurried examination of accounts presented may result in grave errors in audit and certificates issued from this office in settlement of claims, &c., pressed for final adjudication.

I have the honor, therefore, to make recommendation and urgent appeal for an increase of the clerical force in this Bureau by the action of Congress, as follows:

One clerk of class four.

Two clerks of class three.

Three clerks of class two.

Four clerks of class one.

The increase now asked for is less than 18 per cent. of the present clerical force, while the *actual increase* of work during the last four years has been nearly 24 per cent., as shown by the number of accounts examined and adjusted, the number of certificates recorded, and letters written in each year (1880, 1881, 1882, 1883).

The urgent necessity of further supervision of accounts, &c., examined and stated on what are noted as "miscellaneous desks" still exists; yet I find it impossible to make assignment of "*a clerk in charge*" of the proposed division in this Bureau, on account of greatly increased demands upon the present force of the office.

In view of the embarrassment caused by inadequate clerical force as herein stated, I have the honor to request that you will approve the recommendation for additional number of clerks, and forward the estimate to Congress, asking for favorable consideration.

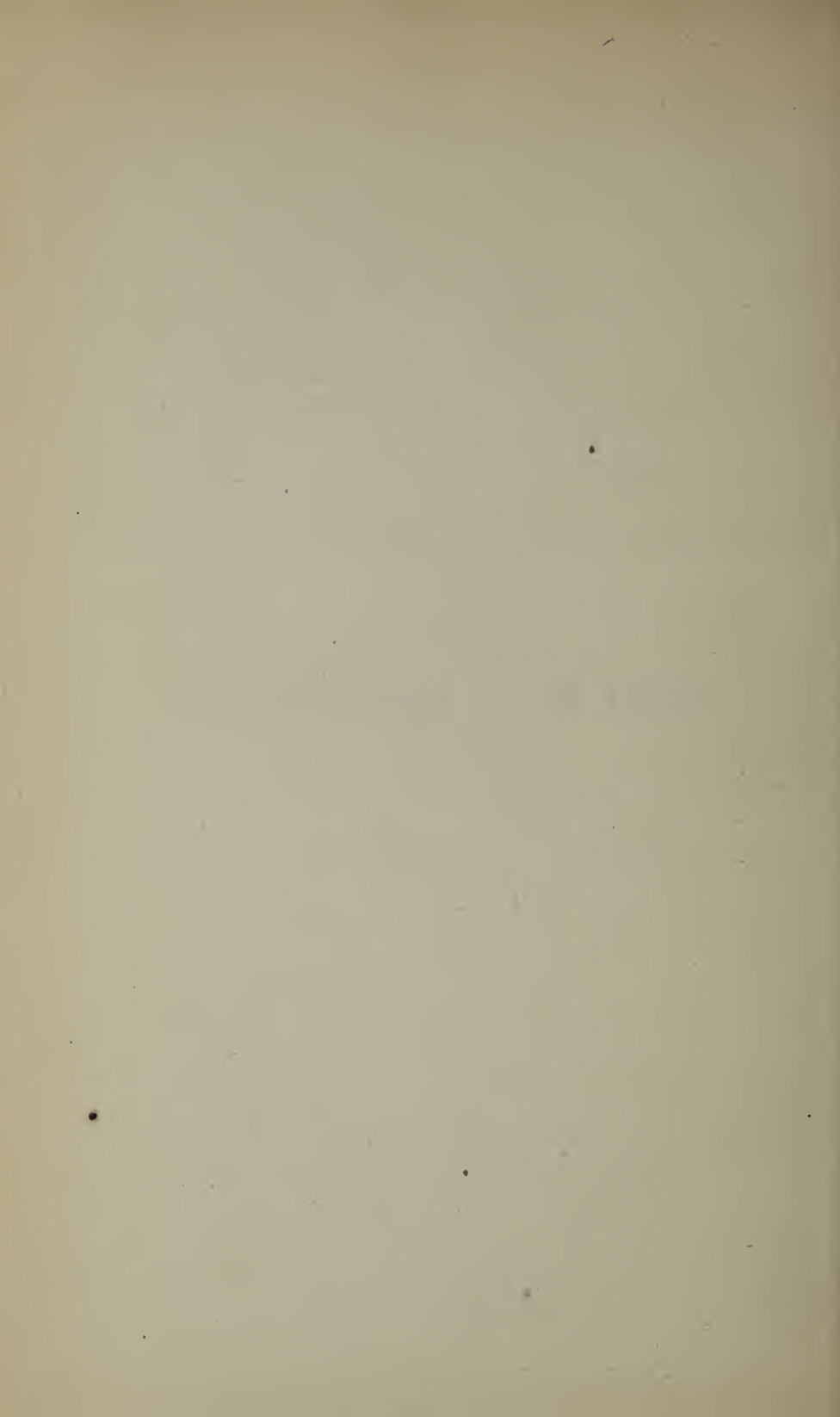
I desire to heartily commend the Deputy First Auditor, Chiefs of Divisions, clerks, and employés for prompt and intelligent discharge of duty during the year.

Respectfully, &c., your obedient servant,

R. M. REYNOLDS,
Auditor.

Hon. CHARLES J. FOLGER,
Secretary of the Treasury.

REPORT OF THE SECOND AUDITOR.



REPORT

OF

THE SECOND AUDITOR OF THE TREASURY.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
SECOND AUDITOR'S OFFICE,
Washington, October 3, 1883.

SIR: In compliance with your request of the 10th ultimo, I have the honor to submit my report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883, showing the work performed during that period and the condition of the public business intrusted to my charge at the close of the year.

BOOKKEEPERS' DIVISION.

The following statement of amounts drawn from and repaid to the War Department appropriations on the books of this office is furnished pursuant to section 283 of the Revised Statutes, which requires that the auditors charged with the examination of the accounts of the Department of War shall annually report to the Secretary of the Treasury the application of the money appropriated for that Department. To this statement are added the drafts and repayments on account of the appropriations for the Indian service, without which the record of the financial transactions of the office would be incomplete:

Appropriations.	Drafts.	Repayments.
<i>Under immediate control of the Secretary of War.</i>		
Artillery school, Fort Monroe, Va	\$5,000 00	\$1 60
Contingencies of the Army	27,211 39	535 20
Expenses of military convicts	7,544 57	.....
Publication of official records of the war of the rebellion	33,490 00	3 32
Removal of the remains of Major-General George Sykes .....	.....	569 26
<i>Under control of the Commanding General.</i>		
Expenses of the Commanding General's office	2,500 00	.....
<i>Under control of the Adjutant-General.</i>		
Bounty to volunteers and regulars on enlistment .....	.....	25 00
Collecting, drilling, and organizing volunteers	647 21	97 76
Draft and substitute fund	87 13	.....
Expenses of recruiting	102,008 15	1,577 57
Contingencies of the Adjutant-General's department	2,800 00	83 27
<i>Under control of the Quartermaster-General.</i>		
Clothing, camp and garrison equipage .....	.....	35 71
<i>Under control of the Surgeon-General.</i>		
Appliances for disabled soldiers	500 00	369 00
Artificial limbs	105,051 16	9,900 94
Medical and hospital department	203,743 82	4,202 28
Medical Museum and library	10,000 00	.....
Twenty per cent. additional compensation	139 32	.....
Trusses for disabled soldiers	21 00	.....
		385

Appropriations.	Drafts.	Repayments.
<i>Under control of the Paymaster-General.</i>		
Bounty under the act of July 28, 1866	\$80,000 00	\$6,334 75
Bounty to volunteers, and their widows and legal heirs	246,821 20	6,876 97
Bounty to the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Missouri Cavalry	7,000 00	.....
Collection and payment of bounty, &c., to colored soldiers and seamen	2,900 00	76 87
Extra pay to officers and men who served in the war with Mexico	500 00	21 00
General expenses	8,206 73	18,398 73
Mileage	35 54	6,285 47
Pay, &c., of the Army	12,776,429 15	434,536 88
Pay of the Military Academy	198,011 39	2,380 80
Pay of two and three year volunteers	148,256 70	15,876 22
Pay of volunteers (Mexican war)	476 49	.....
Pay of Florida volunteers	680 20	.....
Pay of mounted riflemen under Col. John C. Frémont in 1846	206 66	.....
Payment of expenses under reconstruction acts	2,854 07	.....
Traveling expenses of California and Nevada volunteers	155 12	.....
Traveling expenses of the First Michigan Cavalry	359 34	.....
<i>Under control of the Chief of Ordnance.</i>		
Armament of fortifications	85,127 95	135 13
Arming and equipping the militia	141,924 05	34,324 04
Allowance for reduction of wages under the eight-hour law	30 56	.....
Benicia Arsenal, California	24,025 00	.....
Examination of heavy ordnance and projectiles .....	.....	535 22
Manufacture of arms at national armories	351,000 00	1,000 00
Manufacture or purchase of magazine guns	6,000 00	.....
Magazine for storing gunpowder	16 00	.....
Ordnance service	114,947 83	2,625 11
Ordnance, ordnance stores, &c.	395,452 00	670 56
Ordnance material, proceeds of sales, including \$7,500 for a statue or monument to the memory of Gen. James A. Garfield (act March 11, 1882)	82,500 00	.....
Powder and projectiles (act March 3, 1881)	40,640 00	.....
Powder depot	75,000 00	.....
Repairs of arsenals	40,000 00	6 86
Rock Island arsenal	386,000 00	.....
Rock Island bridge	9,250 00	.....
San Antonio arsenal	21,455 00	.....
Sea-coast batteries for instruction of militia	5,000 00	.....
Springfield arsenal	16,000 00	.....
Testing machine	10,000 00	3,235 54
<i>Miscellaneous.</i>		
Relief of sundry persons	2,953 57	60
Support of National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers	1,122,088 03	.....
Support of the Soldiers' Home	147,804 42	5 60
Soldiers' Home, permanent fund (act March 3, 1881)	15,129 66	.....
Total drafts and repayments (War Department)	17,065,980 41	550,727 26
<i>Appropriations for the Indian service.</i>		
Additional beef for Indian service	139,523 81	54
Appraisal and sale of Otoe and Missouri lands	3,900 00	.....
Buildings at agencies and repairs	26,280 76	2,386 14
Civilization fund (14 Statutes, 688)	14,301 71	20,135 59
Contingencies of the Indian Department	53,499 78	6,841 39
Expenses of board of Indian commissioners	8,820 53	.....
Expenses of special agent for Miami of Indiana	1,659 43	.....
Expenses of Ute commission	14,713 32	360 06
Fulfilling treaties with Indian tribes	973,629 74	39,976 51
Fulfilling treaties with Indian tribes (proceeds of lands)	45,606 06	.....
Gratuities and payments to Indians	7,250 00	179 70
Incidental expenses	202,930 58	16,215 57
Indian school buildings	7,769 50	.....
Interest on trust funds, &c.	608,323 00	7,352 25
Investigating Cherokee disputes	2,500 00	.....
Kaskaskia, Peoria, Wea, and Piankeshaw fund	15,000 00	.....
Negotiating with Sioux for modification of treaty	9,026 79	.....
Payment to Creeks for lands occupied by Seminoles	175,000 00	.....
Payment to Flatheads removed to Jocko Reservation	5,000 00	.....
Payment to North Carolina Cherokees	5,446 96	.....
Pay of Indian agents	91,270 11	1,567 63
Pay of inspectors	16,734 82	611 41
Pay of Indian police	75,767 46	1,632 70
Pay of interpreters	19,639 05	2,114 77
Proceeds of Sioux reservations in Minnesota and Dakota	74,127 55	440 98
Relief of sundry individuals	26,167 87	.....
Reimbursement to Creek orphan fund, &c.	345,105 83	.....

Appropriations.	Drafts.	Repayments.
<i>Appropriations for the Indian service—Continued.</i>		
Removal and support of Indians	\$164,662 28	\$1,190 58
Reservoir at headwaters of the Mississippi River, &c	15,966 90	15,466 90
Support of schools, &c	175,242 35	16,184 58
Support of various Indian tribes and bands	3,788,050 19	69,996 06
Telegraphing and purchase of Indian supplies	50,786 85	2,123 70
Transportation of Indian supplies	388,473 05	4,718 52
Traveling expenses of inspectors	8,866 77	1,519 49
Vaccination of Indians	760 75	—
Miscellaneous items	12,769 84	768 28
Total drafts and repayments (Indian Department)	7,574,573 64	211,783 30

GENERAL BALANCE SHEET of APPROPRIATIONS.

	War.	Indian.
DEBIT.		
To amount withdrawn from the Treasury, July 1, 1882, to June 30, 1883	\$17,065,980 41	\$7,574,573 64
To amount of transfer warrants issued to adjust appropriations	100,388 33	158,947 19
To unexpended balances carried to the surplus fund	298,349 66	165,616 41
To aggregate amount of balances remaining to the credit of all appropriations on the books of this office, June 30, 1883	2,669,727 50	13,076,535 93
Total	20,134,445 90	20,975,673 17
CREDIT.		
By balances to the credit of all appropriations, July 1, 1882	1,478,536 60	11,503,569 72
By amount of repayments during the year	550,727 26	211,783 30
By amount of counter warrants issued to adjust appropriations	109,329 63	415,438 41
By amount of appropriation warrants issued during the year	17,995,852 41	8,844,881 74
Total	20,134,445 90	20,975,673 17

The balance remaining to the credit of Indian appropriations is made up as follows:

Indian trust funds deposited in the Treasury in lieu of investment under the act of April 1, 1880	\$9,347,079 10
Proceeds of Indian lands on deposit in the Treasury	1,530,187 23
Annual and permanent appropriations	2,199,269 60
Total	13,076,535 93

The amount of appropriation warrants issued on account of the Indian service consists of the following items:

Appropriations for the fiscal year 1883	\$5,810,301 55
Interest on investments, net proceeds of lands, &c	556,253 96
Amount derived from sales of lands	1,108,304 21
Appropriations to supply deficiencies	973,941 98
Appropriation to reimburse the Creek orphan fund	338,912 17
Appropriation to carry out agreements with Crows, and Shoshones and Bannocks	31,000 00
Special acts of relief	26,167 87
Total	8,844,881 74

The following is a summary of the work performed in the bookkeepers' division, incidental to keeping the accounts of the office:

Requisitions registered, journalized, and posted, 5,678; settlements recorded, journalized, and posted, 4,128; settlements made in the division chiefly to adjust and close accounts, 215; statements of balances, &c., furnished to settling clerks, 2,449; certificates of deposit listed and indexed, 1,188; repay requisitions prepared for the War and Interior De-

partments, 479; appropriation warrants recorded and posted, 49; official bonds of disbursing officers entered, 85; certificates of non-indebtedness issued in cases of officers and enlisted men, 2,087; letters written, 803; amount drawn from the Treasury on settlements made in this division, \$389,528.14.

PAYMASTERS' DIVISION.

The number of paymasters now on disbursing duty whose accounts, rendered monthly, are settled in this division is forty-eight. The average number of clerks employed during the year was fifteen, of whom seven were engaged on accounts, five on longevity claims, and three on miscellaneous matters. The following is a summary of the year's work:

	Paymasters' accounts.	Longevity claims.
On hand unexamined July 1, 1882.....	502	1,083
Received during the year.....	583	393
Total.....	1,085	1,476
Audited and reported to the Second Comptroller.....	469	1,406
On hand not examined June 30, 1883.....	616	70

The amount involved in 469 disbursing accounts, 1,406 claims, and 228 miscellaneous settlements was \$11,572,804.65, as follows:

Amount disbursed by paymasters.....	\$10,768,654 40
Amount paid to officers of the United States Army under the decision of the Supreme Court in the matter of computing "longevity" pay.....	626,002 11
Amount paid to the Soldiers' Home.....	83,751 92
Amount transferred to the books of the Third Auditor's office on account of tobacco sold to soldiers, stoppages for subsistence, property, &c.....	80,566 84
Charges on account of overpayments.....	6,814 06
Amount of overpayments refunded.....	1,677 09
Sundry charges and credits.....	5,338 23
Total.....	11,572,804 65

The service records of 1,389 officers have been re-examined to determine their pay status under the acts of June 13, 1878, and February 24, 1881.

The record of deposits by and repayment of deposits to enlisted men of the Regular Army, under the act of May 15, 1872, shows that 7,444 deposits were made, amounting to \$441,637.26, and that 7,457 deposits, amounting to \$384,864.82, were repaid to soldiers on their discharge from the service. During the five years that this record has been kept, the deposits have aggregated \$2,203,917.50, and the repayments, exclusive of interest, \$1,512,157.95.

Letters received, 966; letters written, 3,594.

MISCELLANEOUS DIVISION.

The accounts of the following classes of disbursing officers are adjusted in this division: recruiting officers, 31; ordnance officers, 21; medical officers, 4; assistant adjutant-generals, 11; paymasters who pay arrears of pay and bounty to colored soldiers, 2; the acting treasurer of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers; the disbursing clerk of the War Department; the aide to the General of the Army, who disburses the special appropriation for expenses of the commanding-general's office, and the disbursing officer of the artillery school, Fort Monroe. In addition to settling the accounts of these seventy-three

disbursing officers (all rendered monthly, except the accounts of the disbursing clerk of the War Department), this division certifies the claims of contract and other physicians for attendance on enlisted men of the Signal Service, and officers and soldiers on detached service, and the accounts of State penitentiaries in which military convicts are confined. Special settlements are made charging officers with ordnance stores sold to them for their personal use, and with the value of stores lost, damaged, or not accounted for, and a record is kept of payments to commissioned officers. During the past year seven clerks were employed on this record, four on accounts and claims, and one in recording and indexing the general correspondence of the office which was transferred to this division on July 1, 1882.

The following statements show the number of accounts received, examined, and remaining on hand, and the amount of disbursements involved:

Unsettled accounts on hand July 1, 1882	494
Received during the year from the Secretary of War, the Adjutant-General, Surgeon-General, and Chief of Ordnance	2, 101
Total	2, 595
Accounts settled during the year	2, 084
Remaining on hand June 30, 1883	511

The amount of disbursements allowed in the settlement of accounts was \$4,019,829.88, under the following appropriations:

Arming and equipping the militia, armament of fortifications, manufacture of arms at national armories, ordnance, ordnance stores and supplies, ordnance service, and other appropriations of the Ordnance Department.....	\$1, 570, 103 05
Medical and hospital department, artificial limbs, Medical Museum and library, and other appropriations of the Medical Department.....	603, 845 93
Regular and volunteer recruiting, claims for repayment of local bounty, accounts for payment of arrears of pay and bounty to colored soldiers, &c	366, 211 87
Contingencies of the Army, expenses of military convicts, publication of Official Records of the War of the Rebellion, contingencies of the Adjutant-General's Department, artillery school at Fort Monroe, Va., expenses of Commanding General's office, &c	120, 861 64
Support of National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers.....	1, 358, 807 69
Total	4, 019, 829 85

The work of compiling the pay record of officers of the Regular Army and volunteer force has progressed rapidly, 155,393 payments having been entered during the year. Incidentally, twelve double payments to volunteer officers were discovered and reported for collection.

Letters written, 2,371; letters recorded, 1,937.

INDIAN DIVISION.

There are eighty-three disbursing officers of the Indian service whose accounts, rendered quarterly, are adjusted in this division, namely: Fifty-seven Indian agents, two acting agents (officers of the Army), four special Indian agents at large, one superintendent of Indian schools, five Indian inspectors, the disbursing officer of the Board of Indian Commissioners, the superintendent of the New York warehouse, the issue clerk for the Pine Ridge and Rosebud agencies, Dakota, the Army officer in charge of the Carlisle Indian school, the superintendent of the Indian school at Forest Grove, Oregon, and nine disbursing agents temporarily employed for special purposes. With the exception of the three Army officers, all these disbursing agents give bonds to the United States in penalties ranging from \$500 to \$60,000.

The twenty-three clerks in this division are employed as follows: Auditing money accounts, 6; examining property accounts, 10; settling claims of contractors and others for supplies and services, 4; copying, recording, preparing transcripts of accounts for suit, and other miscellaneous work, 3. Subjoined is an exhibit of the work performed:

	Money accounts.	Property accounts.	Claims.
On hand July 1, 1882	185	376	103
Received during the year	869	460	3,492
Total	1,055	836	3,595
Settled during the year	868	757	3,527
On hand June 30, 1883	186	79	68

The amount disbursed was \$7,644,889.11, as follows:

Expended by Indian agents and other disbursing officers and allowed by this office	\$2,457,464 08
Amount paid by Treasury drafts in settlement of 3,026 claims of contractors and others for supplies and services	5,187,425 03
Total disbursements	7,644,889 11

Fifty-five transcripts of Indian agents' accounts have been forwarded to the Second Comptroller for transmittal to the Department of Justice in order that suits may be entered against the agents and their sureties. The balances declared to be due the United States in these fifty-five cases amount to \$335,933.73, and consist of items disallowed by the accounting officers for reasons not necessarily incompatible with the personal integrity of the agents to be sued.

During last year the sum of \$2,089.27 was recovered by suit and otherwise in settlement of the accounts of certain agents no longer in the service. Letters written, 4,487; letters recorded, 846.

PAY AND BOUNTY DIVISION.

This division is charged with the settlement of all claims for bounty and arrears of pay, except such claims as are filed by officers of the Army still in service for increased longevity allowance, which have been assigned to the Paymasters' Division.

Examining branch.

Classes of claims.	Claims pending July 1, 1882.	New claims received.	Old claims revived.	Sent to settling branch.	Disallowed.	Referred to other divisions and other offices.	Claims pending June 30, 1883.
<i>White soldiers.</i>							
Commissioned officers							
Enlisted men, subsequent to April, 1861—arrears of pay and all bounties.	21,667	11,686	1,762	1,989	4,069	2,242	26,815
Claims for pay prior to April, 1861.	227	209	12	28	171	9	240
Claims of Army laundresses, sutlers, tailors, &c ...	55	11	1	15	7	1	44
<i>Colored soldiers.</i>							
Arrears of pay and bounty	7,091	2,491	406	645	990	90	8,263
Total	29,040	14,397	2,181	2,677	5,237	2,342	35,362

Settling branch.

Classes of claims.	Claims pending July 1, 1882.	Received from examining branch.	Claims settled and allowed.	Claims disallowed.	Referred to other divisions and other offices.	Claims pending June 30, 1883.
<i>White soldiers.</i>						
Commissioned officers	885	1,989	2,235	40	1	598
Enlisted men, subsequent to April, 1861—arrears of pay and all bounties		28	28			
Claims for pay prior to April, 1861		15	15			
Claims of Army laundresses, sutlers, tailors, &c.						
<i>Colored soldiers.</i>						
Arrears of pay and bounty	94	645	653	4		82
Total	979	2,677	2,931	44	1	680

The claims settled and allowed averaged a fraction more than \$136.93 each, the total amount being \$401,363.93. The claims disallowed aggregated about \$700,000. The total amount of claims allowed includes the following items: Payments under the "Tyler decision" to officers out of service and to the heirs of deceased officers, \$20,199.69; payments under the decision of the Second Comptroller, dated November 25, 1881, of 33½ per cent. additional pay per act of March 2, 1867, \$14,555.68.

Eighteen settlements were made in favor of the Soldiers' Home for \$82,051.47 unclaimed moneys belonging to estates of deceased soldiers.

The clerks of this division are distributed as follows: Examining branch, 25; settling branch, 13; on Soldiers' Home accounts, 5; on old claims (Mexican war, Florida war, &c.), 2; corresponding clerks, 6; registering clerks, 3; file clerks, 6; chief of division, 1; total 61. Letters written, 102,149.

DIVISION FOR THE INVESTIGATION OF FRAUD.

On July 1, 1882, 6,868 cases remained on hand; 560 new cases have been received during the year, making a total of 7,446 before the division. Of these, 5,168 were examined and partially investigated, 1,093 were finally disposed of, and 6,353 remain on hand for further action. The cases not disposed of are as follows:

Unsettled claims:	
White soldiers	445
Colored soldiers	1,531
	<hr/> 1,976
Settled claims:	
White soldiers	783
Colored soldiers	3,332
Double payments to officers and enlisted men	262
	<hr/> 4,377
Total	6,353

These cases involve alleged, apparent, and suspected fraud, contested heirship, forgery, criminal personation of soldiers and their heirs, illegal withholding of moneys by attorneys, over-payments, &c.

The sum of \$6,944.91 has been recovered by suit and otherwise, and deposited in the Treasury; judgments amounting to \$5,276.91 have been

obtained, but are not yet satisfied; \$6,794.64 has been secured to claimants from persons unlawfully withholding it; \$12,482.34 has been returned to the Treasury by the Pay Department in cases of colored soldiers, and fees amounting to \$2,760.80 have been withheld from suspended and suspected attorneys.

Abstracts of material facts have been made in 440 cases; 30 cases were prepared for suit and criminal prosecution and transmitted to the Department of Justice, and 5,098 letters were written.

I would again invite attention to a matter that has been referred to in half a dozen annual reports, namely: The necessity for some action on the part of Congress looking to an adjustment of the claims of those colored soldiers who allege that they were defrauded of their arrears of pay and bounty by the subordinate agents of the late Freedmen's Bureau.

PROPERTY DIVISION.

The property accounts (quarterly returns of clothing, camp and garrison equipage) of eleven hundred and fifty officers are examined and finally settled by five clerks in this division. These accounts are originally rendered to the Quartermaster-General for administrative action and are by him transmitted to the Second Auditor for adjustment. During last year 3,116 returns were received which, added to 5,678 on hand July 1, 1882, made a total of 8,794 to be examined. Of these 4,433 were settled and filed away, leaving 4,356 on hand June 30, 1883, a decrease of 1,322. If this progress can be maintained the work of the division will be up to date in less than three years. Charges amounting to \$3,775.70 were made against officers for property not accounted for and the sum of \$2,254.91 was recovered and deposited in the Treasury. Seven hundred and eighty-three certificates of non-indebtedness were issued, chiefly to officers who served in the volunteer forces during the late war, and who have claims against the United States for horses lost in the service or for arrears of pay and allowances. Letters written, 2,795; letters recorded, 1,164.

DIVISION OF INQUIRIES AND REPLIES.

Fifteen clerks were needed to attend to the work of this division, of which the following is a summary:

Office making inquiry.	On hand July 1, 1882.	Received.	Answered.	On hand June 30, 1883.
Adjutant-General.....	424	6,322	5,862	884
Quartermaster-General.....	11	346	313	44
Commissary-General.....	4	1,120	1,123	1
Commissioner of Pensions.....	25	4,070	3,775	320
Third Auditor.....	47	1,525	1,515	57
General Land-Office.....	3	256	256	3
Miscellaneous.....		559	558	1
Total.....	514	14,198	13,402	1,310

Miscellaneous work.

Rolls and vouchers copied for the Adjutant-General, 434; letters, affidavits, final statements, certificates of disability, vouchers, &c., copied for this office and other Bureaus, 1,620; pages of foolscap used in copying, 1,791; letters written, 3,232; signatures compared, 3,672; descriptive lists of soldiers briefed and filed away, 12,212. Overpayments and double payments amounting to \$4,008.09 have been brought

to light in the examination of muster-rolls and vouchers for information required from this division, and about one-half of the amount will be recovered through the Third Auditor's office by deductions from claims of enlisted men for commutation of rations while prisoners of war, and of officers and men for the value of horses lost in the service. Of the overpayments heretofore reported the sum of \$2,579.41 was collected during the fiscal year, as follows: by the division for the investigation of fraud, \$234; through the Third Auditor's Office, \$2,345.41.

The foregoing exhibit shows an increase of 4,717 in the number of inquiries received, and that all inquiries have been answered except 1,310—the majority of which are held for information from the Paymaster-General's Office.

DIVISION OF CORRESPONDENCE AND RECORDS.

Letters received, 27,353; letters written, 15,320; letters referred to other offices, 187; letters returned uncalled for, 429; claims received, briefed, and registered, 22,493; miscellaneous vouchers received, stamped, and distributed, 76,655; letters containing additional evidence to perfect suspended claims briefed and registered, 14,215; pay and bounty certificates examined, registered, and mailed, 1,695; pay and bounty certificates examined, registered, and sent to the Pay Department, 2,059; reports calling for requisitions sent to the Secretary of War, 202; miscellaneous cases disposed of, 5,257.

The average number of clerks employed in this division was five. On July 1, 1882, the work of recording and indexing the miscellaneous correspondence of the office was transferred to the miscellaneous division, and on January 1, 1883, the pay and bounty division was charged with the duty of mailing certificates for arrears of pay and bounty, heretofore performed by this division.

ARCHIVES DIVISION.

The following is a statement of the routine business of this division:

Paymasters' accounts received from the Pay Department	\$583
Confirmed settlements received from the Second Comptroller, entered, indexed, and filed: Paymasters', 76; Indian, 2,367; miscellaneous, 985....	3, 428
Miscellaneous accounts withdrawn for reference and returned to the files..	3, 356
Vouchers withdrawn from the files for use in the settlement of accounts and claims and for repairs	41, 589
Vouchers returned to files	54, 921
Vouchers examined and briefed.....	1, 538, 217
Mutilated and worn vouchers repaired and returned to the files.....	1, 864
Number of pages copied	931
Letters written	369
Miscellaneous settlements examined and placed in boxes.....	109, 842
File boxes stenciled	9, 560
File boxes briefed	2, 459

The necessity of a thorough revision and systematic rearrangement of the permanent files of the office has been amply demonstrated during the progress of that work since 1880. In the hurry and great press of business following the War of the Rebellion thousands of vouchers were withdrawn every month from the files by examining and settling clerks, many of them inexperienced, and it is not at all surprising that numerous cases of misfiling resulted. When it is considered that a voucher misfiled among several million is practically lost, the importance of careful handling and constant watchfulness can scarcely be overestimated. The rearranged files, when completed, will be as nearly perfect as it is possible to make them.

RECAPITULATION.

Number of accounts and claims of all kinds on hand July 1, 1882.....	38, 440
Number of accounts and claims received during the year, including 2,181 revived claims for arrears of pay and bounty.....	27, 592
Total	66, 032
Number disposed of, including rejected and referred claims for pay and bounty	24, 104
Number of accounts and claims on hand June 30, 1883	41, 928
Amount drawn out of the Treasury in payment of claims and in ad- vances to disbursing officers.....	\$24, 640, 554 05
Less repayments of unexpended balances, &c.....	762, 510 56
Net amount paid out.....	23, 878, 043 49
Total number of letters written	140, 218
Average number of clerks employed	157

CONDITION OF THE PUBLIC BUSINESS.

The condition of the public business intrusted to my charge is shown by the following:

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS and CLAIMS RECEIVED, DISPOSED OF, and REMAINING ON HAND, in the fiscal years 1881, 1882, and 1883.

Description of accounts, &c.	FISCAL YEAR 1881.			FISCAL YEAR 1882.			FISCAL YEAR 1883.		
	Number of accounts and claims.			Number of accounts and claims.			Number of accounts and claims.		
	Received.	Disposed of.	On hand June 30.	Received.	Disposed of.	On hand June 30.	Received.	Disposed of.	On hand June 30.
<i>Disbursing accounts.</i>									
Army paymasters	601	419	312	588	398	502	583	469	616
Recruiting, medical, ordnance, and miscellaneous	1,732	1,664	514	1,869	1,889	494	2,101	2,084	511
Indian agents	847	1,166	24	958	1,797	185	869	868	186
Total disbursing accounts	3,180	3,249	850	3,415	3,084	1,181	3,553	3,421	1,313
<i>Claims.</i>									
Arrears of pay and bounty	8,682	9,110	32,747	13,789	15,434	31,102	16,971	11,961	36,112
Indian	3,052	3,140	60	3,069	3,026	103	3,492	3,527	68
Total claims	11,734	12,250	32,807	16,858	18,460	31,205	20,463	15,488	36,180
<i>Property accounts.</i>									
Clothing, camp and garrison equipage	3,649	4,969	6,241	3,569	4,132	5,678	3,116	4,438	4,356
Indian	354	372	331	558	513	376	460	757	79
Total property accounts	4,003	5,341	6,572	4,127	4,645	6,054	3,576	5,195	4,435
Aggregate	18,917	20,840	40,229	24,400	26,189	38,440	27,592	24,104	41,928

Notwithstanding the best efforts of the office it has been found impossible to prevent an accumulation of unfinished work. The record of accounts of disbursing officers shows an increase of 138 in the number received, 337 in the number audited, and 132 in the number remaining unsettled at the close of the year. The record of property accounts makes a more favorable showing, the number received being 751 less than last year, the number settled 550 more, and the number on hand 1,619 less than on June 30, 1882. The number of claims on hand (arrears of pay and bounty, exclusive of longevity claims of officers in the service) has increased by 4,950, the number received being 3,191 in excess of last year's returns and the number disposed of 4,842 less. It should be stated, however, that in reporting disallowed cases only those are counted that have been finally rejected by the Second Comptroller. The number actually disallowed by this office was 6,580, of which only 5,281 are included in this report—1,299 not having been acted upon by the Second Comptroller on June 30. The actual falling off in the number of cases disposed of is therefore 3,543. But it by no means follows that less work was performed in 1883 than in 1882. On the contrary the decrease in the number of cases settled was accompanied by a large increase of work. This apparent anomaly is explained by the fact that disallowed cases which, prior to January 1, 1882, were summarily disposed of by the Second Auditor, are now formally reported to the Second Comptroller; and by the further fact that all cases, whether disallowed or not, are so exhaustively examined and inquired into as to consume at least thrice as much time as was formerly considered necessary. It is not an unusual occurrence for one claim to occupy the entire time of an experienced clerk for two or three days, and then be suspended for further evidence. There are now more unsettled claims on hand than at any time since 1872. On June 30, 1873, 34,771 claims remained on hand. The number then gradually decreased until it reached 15,466 in 1877. Since that year there has been a steady increase until the unadjusted cases on June 30 numbered 36,042. At the present rate of settlement (about 12,000 per annum) it will take three years to clear off this accumulation provided no more claims be filed. But as the number presented is increasing instead of diminishing, the prospect of settling a claim within a reasonable time is somewhat remote. Since July 1 I have withdrawn five experienced clerks from other divisions of the office in which the work, though equally important, is not so pressing, and assigned them to the pay and bounty division. But even with this increase of force the number of unsettled claims on hand on October 1, was 37,391, being 1,349 more than on June 30. Under these circumstances I feel constrained to ask for a material addition to the clerical force of the office, and I have accordingly submitted, with the annual estimate, a request for fifty more clerks.

If no addition be made to the force I shall, as heretofore, use my best endeavors for the dispatch of public business, but in justice to the great mass of claimants I shall be compelled to suspend the long established rule of the office which permits a case to be made special, or advanced by request, and to insist upon each claim being taken up in its proper order, according to date of presentation, departing from this course only upon satisfactory evidence that the claimant is in destitute circumstances and suffering for want of pecuniary aid.

The great increase in the number of applications for arrears of pay and bounty is something anomalous, and when it is stated that not one in ten of the applications now being filed possesses any merit, the inquiry is naturally suggested why, at this late period—nearly twenty

years after the war—so many claims are filed, and the number increasing. The following table shows the number filed in each month of the last fiscal year:

Month.	New claims.	Old claims revived.	Total.
1882.			
July	1,049	36	1,085
August	1,023	121	1,144
September	948	109	1,057
October	503	117	620
November	1,091	102	1,193
December	1,321	120	1,441
1883.			
January	1,638	165	1,803
February	1,002	165	1,167
March	1,456	209	1,665
April	1,145	180	1,325
May	1,582	491	2,073
June	1,728	277	2,005
Total	14,486	2,092	16,578

Not one in twenty of all these claims was filed upon the suggestion or by the voluntary action of the claimant. The ordinary causes that establish the relation of attorney and client do not exist. The person who has business to transact and is ignorant of the proper manner of accomplishing it usually applies to an attorney who is supposed to be well informed upon the subject. In claims for back pay and bounty this order is, in most cases, reversed, and the attorney seeks the client. An agent is employed to solicit business in a certain section. His advent is announced by advertisement. He is armed with blanks ready to be filled up, and represents to the uninformed, more generally the colored soldiers or their heirs, that they have not been paid all that is justly due them; that some new law, or new construction of existing law, entitles them to more bounty or further pay; a small fee in advance is required, generally two or three dollars, sometimes more, in fact all that can be got, with the promise that no more will be demanded unless the claim be allowed. The fee is paid, the application filed, and in the end rejected. It is a very common thing to receive, in one package, fifty or a hundred such claims. The attorney rarely looks after them—it *does not pay*. He has received his little advance fee, and it pays better to hunt up more victims. After a few months the deluded soldiers complain that their claims have been a long time pending and that they can hear nothing from them. They state that their attorneys do not or will not answer their letters. In this way a very large correspondence is imposed upon this office—a correspondence that costs the Government a large amount of money and benefits no one. The soldiers are swindled, and after their claims are rejected, frequently denounce the Government and its officers, who simply administer the law as they find it.

Another class of worthless claims is constantly increasing, namely, claims for bounties already paid. In many of these cases denials of former payments are made, under oath, when the records of this office, authenticated in the highest manner known to the law and the courts, show conclusively that payments were made years ago. To perjury is sometimes added forgery, and the lapse of time since the war increases the chances of success to the forgers and perjurers. Should these records be destroyed, and such a calamity is not beyond the pale of possibility, the Government would certainly be defrauded out of millions of dollars.

A STATUTE OF LIMITATION RECOMMENDED.

It is not alone with a view of protecting the Government from fraudulent claims, but also for the protection of soldiers and their representatives that I renew my former recommendation for the passage of a law of limitation. All claims growing out of the late war should be presented for payment within one or two years from the enactment of the law. There is no other way of checking the growing evils to which I have referred.

Statutes of limitation are common in all States of the Union. They apply not only to transactions between individuals, associations and corporations, but generally to transactions in which the State is a party. They are regarded as a necessary preventive of fraud and imposition; are universally commended by jurists, and no complaint of their effect is made by business men.

In 1793 Congress enacted that all claims upon the United States for services, &c., prior to March 4, 1789, should be presented before May 1, 1794, or be forever barred and precluded from settlement or allowance (1 Stats., 301). In 1863, the time for commencing suit in cases where the Court of Claims has jurisdiction was limited to six years after the claim first accrued (12 Stats., 767). This limitation, it is worthy of note, was not imposed until eight years after the establishment of the court. The time for the presentation of claims for the refundment of internal-revenue taxes erroneously or illegally assessed, is limited to two years next after the cause of action accrued (Section 3228 Revised Statutes). No action can be maintained in case of forfeiture or penalty under the copyright laws unless commenced within two years after the cause of action has arisen (Section 4968 Revised Statutes). The time for filing claims on account of collecting, drilling and organizing volunteers during the late war, and for additional bounty under the act of July 28, 1866, expired by statutory limitation on June 30, 1874, and June 30, 1880, respectively. The time for filing claims for the value of horses and equipments lost in battle will expire on January 9, 1884. All these are salutary laws, and the propriety of their enactment was never seriously questioned.

It is not to avoid the payment of just demands that a statute of limitation is recommended. A person to whom the Government is indebted is not justified in withholding the presentation of his claim until a time when the Government may be without the means of determining its justness and validity; and the Government has a right at all times to know, by a call upon its creditors, the full amount of its indebtedness.

While earnestly advocating the enactment of a statute of limitation as to claims against the United States, I beg leave to repeat the following suggestions made by me two years ago in relation to overpayments, and to the final settlement of the accounts of disbursing officers:

In view of all the circumstances connected with overpayments, it has become a question whether the Government would not really lose less by ignoring overpayments made during the war of the rebellion than by attempting to collect them; but, in the absence of legal authority to ignore them, it is the custom of this office to take action on all cases brought to its knowledge in which the Treasury has suffered by erroneous payments. I would suggest, however, that as, in my opinion, the time has arrived when all claims against the United States, growing out of the late war, should be barred by a statute of limitation, so, also, should claims by the United States against individuals be barred, with the exception, perhaps, of cases of double payment. It would doubtless be a measure of economy if Congress were to authorize the Second Auditor and Second Comptroller to make no further charges on account

of overpayments prior to March 16, 1868, in cases where it is evident that payees did not knowingly and willfully obtain more than their just dues.

* * * * *

Practically, the sureties of a public disbursing officer are never released, and a law seems to be needed making it obligatory upon the accounting officers to prepare and transmit to the Department of Justice, within a reasonable time, transcripts of the accounts of delinquent disbursing officers and all other persons who are in arrear to the United States; suit to be entered within ten years after the officer or other person became in arrear; otherwise, the United States to be estopped as regards the sureties—the principals, however, to be held.

A PASSENGER AND FREIGHT ELEVATOR NEEDED.

The necessity of providing a passenger and freight elevator for Wind-er's Building has repeatedly been urged by the Secretary of War, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Second Auditor. The three upper floors of the building, which is six stories high, is occupied by this office. We have now a force of 169 clerks, 68 of whom are ex-soldiers, many of them laboring under disabilities incurred and wounds received in the military service. The daily climbing of eight or ten flights of iron steps is not conducive to the health of any one, disabled or not. This office is visited by the public to a greater extent than any other bureau, except perhaps the Pension office, and scarcely a day passes without complaint being made of the absence of an elevator. Independently of the comfort of the clerks, an elevator is much needed for the convenience of the public.

The gentlemen employed in this Bureau are entitled to commendation for general efficiency, industry, and good conduct.

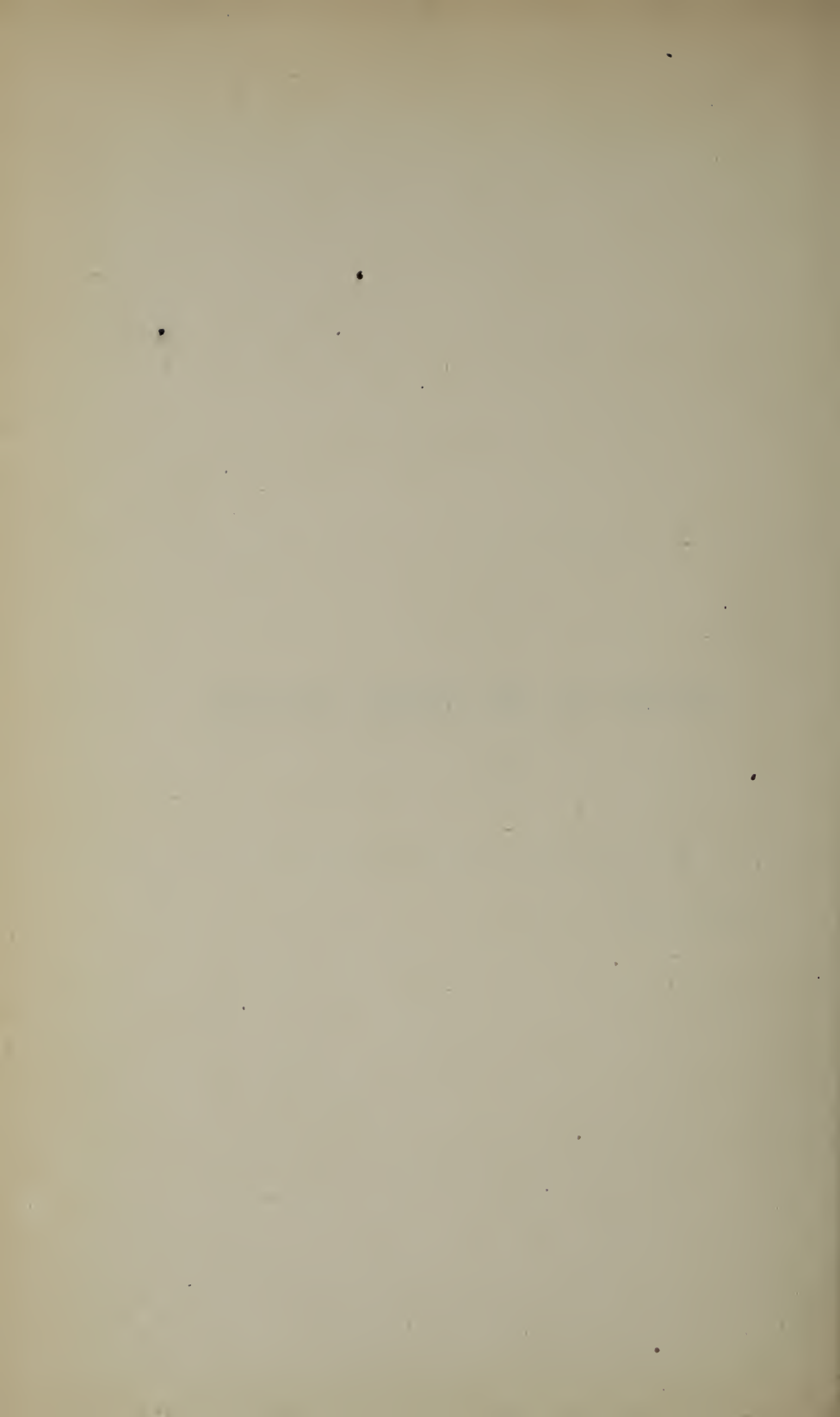
I cannot close this report without expressing my sense of the loss the office has sustained in the death of Ambrose F. Wight, chief of the Indian Division, after an honorable service of more than twenty years. During my official acquaintance with him Mr. Wight was conspicuous for integrity, ability, and strict attention to the onerous duties of his responsible position.

Very respectfully,

O. FERRISS,
Auditor.

Hon. CHARLES J. FOLGER,
Secretary of the Treasury.

REPORT OF THE THIRD AUDITOR.



REPORT OF THE THIRD AUDITOR OF THE TREASURY.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
THIRD AUDITOR'S OFFICE,
Washington, D. C., October 20, 1883.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith report of the operations of this office for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883. The following statement shows, in tabular form, the number and amount of accounts and claims remaining on hand unsettled at the close of the last fiscal year, the number received and audited, and the number and amount of accounts and claims remaining unsettled June 30, 1883, viz:

BUSINESS TRANSACTED in the OFFICE during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

Description of accounts.	Number of accounts remaining on hand June 30, 1883.	Number of accounts received in fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.	Number of accounts settled in fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.		Number of accounts unsettled June 30, 1883.	
	Monthly and quarterly.	Monthly and quarterly.	Monthly and quarterly.	Amount involved.	Monthly and quarterly.	Amount involved.
Quartermasters' money.....	763	3, 206	2, 708	\$8, 820, 221 42	1, 261	\$3, 038, 494 34
Quartermasters' property.....	783	3, 912	3, 812		883	
Commissaries' money.....	962	1, 929	1, 584	2, 785, 390 86	1, 307	1, 400, 610 71
Pension agents' money.....	292	405	382	41, 570, 820 66	315	63, 939, 200 79
Engineers' money.....	31	247	228	12, 321, 749 58	50	5, 681, 287 74
Signal officers' money.....	186	297	295	491, 571 12	188	758, 730 80
Signal officers' property.....	1, 055	838	1, 614		279	
Montana war claims.....		442	402	6, 631 00	40	248 00
Claims for horses lost.....	4, 804	1, 180	533	72, 567 06	5, 451	966, 518 60
Claims for steamboats destroyed.....	70	10	5	14, 728 00	75	702, 763 87
Oregon war claims.....	690	24	15	862 17	699	10, 434 28
Miscellaneous claims.....	13, 515	6, 892	5, 079	4, 079, 043 11	15, 328	10, 442, 606 15
State war claims.....	10	12	7	340, 714 75	15	5, 114, 216 19
Total.....	23, 161	19, 394	16, 664	70, 504, 299 73	25, 891	92, 055, 111 47

BOOKKEEPER'S DIVISION.

The duty devolving upon this division is to keep the appropriation and money accounts of disbursing officers, which are settled in this office.

The annexed statement shows the amount drawn out of certain of its appropriation accounts, and also the repayments made through this office into the Treasury, and is a full exhibit of its financial operations during the fiscal year:

STATEMENT showing the FINANCIAL OPERATIONS of the OFFICE during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

	Advances to officers and agents during the fiscal year.	Claims paid during the fiscal year.	Transfers not involving expenditure of money from the Treasury.	Special relief acts.	Total.
The number of requisitions drawn by the Secretaries of War and the Interior is 9,018, amounting to \$107,003,080.22, and paid in the manner herein set forth, out of the following appropriations:					
Regular supplies, Quartermaster's Department	\$3, 526, 528 97	\$42, 882 37	\$8, 651 48	.....	\$3, 578, 062 82
Incidental expenses, Quartermaster's Department	836, 812 28	13, 035 54	3, 713 52	.....	853, 561 34
Baracks and quarters	832, 338 32	11, 459 96	444 78	.....	844, 243 06
Army transportation	4, 310, 716 33	770, 713 56	12, 213 75	.....	5, 093, 643 64
Army transportation (Pacific railroads) .....	.....	1, 663, 151 30	.....	.....	1, 663, 151 30
Clothing, camp and garrison equipage	1, 469, 101 39	197 79	27 55	.....	1, 469, 326 73
Cavalry and artillery horses	228, 850 50	15, 954 00	.....	.....	244, 804 50
National cemeteries	106, 374 76	170 45	2, 017 57	.....	108, 562 78
Pay of superintendents of national cemeteries	59, 795 51	30 00	.....	.....	59, 825 51
Construction and repair of hospitals	80, 136 33	.....	.....	.....	80, 136 33
Observation and report of storms	281, 207 38	247 16	2, 655 69	.....	284, 110 23
Fifty per cent. of Army transportation due certain land-grant railroad companies .....	.....	296, 379 38	.....	.....	296, 379 38
Observation and exploration in the Arctic Seas	53, 000 00	.....	.....	.....	53, 000 00
Reimbursing State and citizens of California for expenses in suppressing Modoc Indian hostilities .....	.....	3, 827 08	.....	.....	3, 827 08
Reimbursing State of Oregon for expenses in suppressing Modoc Indian hostilities .....	.....	70, 268 08	.....	.....	70, 268 08
Headstones for graves of soldiers in private cemeteries	10, 000 00	8, 707 35	.....	.....	18, 707 35
Signal Service	10, 502 50	.....	.....	.....	10, 502 50
Construction, maintenance, and repair of military telegraph lines	50, 001 40	.....	.....	.....	50, 001 40
Refunding to States expenses incurred in raising, &c., volunteers, &c .....	.....	692, 763 95	187 00	.....	692, 950 95
Building for military quarters at Fort Leavenworth, Kans	106, 956 77	.....	.....	.....	106, 956 77
Building for military quarters at Fort Apache, Ariz	13, 928 44	.....	.....	.....	13, 928 44
Military posts for the protection of the Rio Grande frontier	66, 842 20	.....	.....	.....	66, 842 20
Military post at Fort McKinney, Wyo	25, 000 00	.....	.....	.....	25, 000 00
Military post near Musselshell River, Fort Maginnis, Mont	25, 000 00	.....	.....	.....	25, 000 00
Military road from Yankton to Fort Randall, Dak	5, 000 00	.....	.....	.....	5, 000 00
Constructing jetties and other works at South Pass, Mississippi River, Louisiana .....	.....	150, 000 00	.....	.....	150, 000 00
Twenty per cent. additional compensation. Officers' transportation, 1871 and prior years .....	.....	1, 186 29	.....	.....	1, 186 29
Services and supplies of Montana Volunteers in the Nez Perces Indian war .....	.....	103 10	101 68	.....	204 78
Relief of heirs of Peter Gallagher, act June 19, 1883 .....	.....	9, 697 00	.....	.....	9, 697 00
Relief of Charles A. Luke, act Dec. 19, 1882 .....	.....	.....	.....	\$6, 128 82	6, 128 82
Relief of Wm. Wallace Screws, act Dec. 18, 1882 .....	.....	.....	.....	1, 200 00	1, 200 00
Relief of W. S. Hansell and Sons, act Feb. 22, 1883 .....	.....	.....	.....	365 25	365 25
Relief of Joseph C. Irwin, act March 3, 1883 .....	.....	.....	.....	901 57	901 57
Relief of Chas. H. Tompkins, act March 3, 1883 .....	.....	.....	.....	8, 378 46	8, 378 46
Relief of Edward F. Brownell, act March 3, 1881 .....	.....	.....	.....	976 00	976 00
.....	.....	.....	.....	90 00	90 00

	Advances to officers and agents during the fiscal year.	Claims paid during the fiscal year.	Transfers not in- volving expendi- ture of money from the Treasury.	Special relief acts.	Total.
Road from New Albany to National Ceme- tery, Indiana	\$12,000 00				\$12,000 00
Road from Fort Scott to National Ceme- tery, Kansas	3,000 00	\$556 93			3,556 93
Road from Chattanooga to National Ceme- tery, Tennessee	5,000 00				5,000 00
Road from Mound City to National Ceme- tery, Illinois	10,000 00				10,000 00
Rogue River Indian war—prior to July 1, 1880		613 14			613 14
Purchase of Arlington estate		125,000 00			125,000 00
Constructing approaches to Fort Bliss, Texas	5,000 00				5,000 00
Act authorizing compensation to Company B, Fourteenth Infantry, for losses, &c., on Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad ..			\$977 08	\$5,643 54	6,620 62
Pay transportation and services of Wash- ington and Oregon Volunteers, 1855 and 1856		5,551 81			5,551 81
Claims for quartermaster's stores and com- missary supplies, act May 1, 1882		14,302 38			14,302 38
Claims for quartermaster's stores and com- missary supplies, act March 1, 1883		296,335 37			296,335 37
Claims for quartermaster's stores and com- missary supplies, act March 1, 1881		145 00			145 00
Reimbursement to James Burke, superin- tendent National Cemetery, Salisbury, N. C., act August 5, 1882				180 40	180 40
Commutation of rations to prisoners of war in rebel States prior to July 1, 1879, and July 1, 1880		32,351 58	600 17		32,951 75
Army pensions	73,644,739 84	89,933 90	846 08		73,735,519 82
Horses and other property lost in the mili- tary service, act March 3, 1849		101,877 40	3,184 20		105,061 60
Support of military prison, Fort Leaven- worth, Kansas	87,538 25				87,538 25
Subsistence of the Army	2,279,670 00	3,277 64	601 18		2,283,548 82
Sundry engineer appropriations	14,363,534 49	156 61	13,542 67		14,377,233 77
Total	102,508,575 66	4,420,876 12	49,764 40	23,864 04	107,003,080 22

	Deposits.	Transfers.	Total.
The number of credit and counter requisitions drawn by the Secretaries of War and Interior on sundry persons in favor of the Treasurer of the United States is 1,162, on which repayments into the Treasury have been made through the Third Auditor's office during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883	\$8,505,637 31	\$168,562 10	\$8,674,199 41

QUARTERMASTER'S DIVISION.

	Money accounts.		Property returns.	Supplemental settlements.	
	Number.	Amount.		Money.	Amount.
On hand per last report	763	\$1,972,292 64	783		
Received during the fiscal year ..	3,206	9,886,423 12	3,912	446	\$237,196 35
Total	3,969	11,858,715 76	4,695	446	237,196 35
Reported during the fiscal year ..	2,708	8,820,221 42	3,812	446	237,196 35
Remaining unsettled	1,261	3,038,494 34	883		
Total	3,969	11,858,715 76	4,695	446	237,196 35

	Signal accounts.			Total.	
	Property.	Money.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.
On hand per last report	1,055	186	\$664,964 15	2,787	\$2,637,256 79
Received during the fiscal year..	838	297	585,337 77	8,699	10,708,957 24
Total.....	1,893	483	1,250,301 92	11,486	13,346,214 03
Reported during the fiscal year ..	1,614	295	491,571 12	8,875	9,548,988 89
Remaining unsettled.....	279	188	758,730 80	2,611	3,797,225 14
Total.....	1,893	483	1,250,301 92	11,486	13,346,214 03

Number of letters written, 5,486; number of clerks employed, 19; number of vouchers examined, 265,358; number of pages of manuscript written, 9,253.

SUBSISTENCE AND ENGINEER DIVISION.

The transactions of the subsistence and engineer branches for the fiscal year are shown by the following statement, viz :

	Subsistence accounts.		Engineer accounts.	
	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.
On hand per last report, June 30, 1882.....	962	\$1,230,191 51	31	\$4,826,589 08
Received during the fiscal year	1,929	2,955,810 06	247	13,176,448 24
Total	2,891	4,186,001 57	278	18,003,037 32
Reported during the fiscal year	1,584	2,785,390 86	228	12,321,749 58
Remaining on hand June 30, 1883	1,307	1,400,610 71	50	5,681,287 74

Number of vouchers examined, 120,525; number of letters written, 1,765; number of differences written, 1,099; number of calls answered, 2,039; number of clerks employed, 9.

CLAIMS DIVISION.

	Miscellaneous claims.		
	Number.	Amount claimed.	Amount allowed.
On hand June 30, 1882	13,515	\$9,312,165 13	.....
Received during the year	6,892	65,209,484 13	.....
Total	20,407	14,521,649 26	.....
Disposed of during the year.....	5,079	4,079,043 11	\$2,978,588 08
On hand June 30, 1883	15,328	10,442,606 15	.....

	Washington and Oregon Indian war claims.		
	Number.	Amount claimed.	Amount allowed.
On hand June 30, 1882.....	690	\$6,047 25	.....
Received during the year	24	4,663 03	.....
Total	714	10,710 28	.....
Disposed of during the year.....	15	276 00	\$862 17
On hand June 30, 1883.....	699	10,434 28	.....

Lost vessels, &c., act March 3, 1849.			
	Number.	Amount claimed.	Amount allowed.
On hand June 30, 1882.....	70	\$672, 903 87	.....
Received during the year	10	44, 588 00	.....
Total.....	80	717, 491 87	.....
Disposed of during the year.....	5	14, 728 00	\$4, 640 00
On hand June 30, 1883.....	75	702, 763 87	.....

a This is the amount claimed in 11,868 cases, the amount claimed in the other 1,647 cases not being stated
b This is the amount claimed in 4,865 cases, the amount claimed in the other 2,027 cases not being stated
c This is the amount claimed in 4,918 cases, the amount claimed in the other 161 cases not being stated
d This is the amount claimed in 11,815 cases, the amount claimed in the other 3,513 cases not being stated
e This is the amount claimed in 328 cases, the amount claimed in the other 371 cases not being stated
 Number of letters written during the year 2,629.

STATE AND HORSE CLAIMS DIVISION.

State claims.	Original account.		Suspended account.		Montana Nez Percé Indian war account.	
	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.
On hand June 30, 1882	10	\$4, 345, 020 12	27	\$4, 852, 852 42		
Received during the fiscal year...	12	1, 109, 910 82	4	121, 513 78	442	\$6, 879 00
Total	22	5, 454, 930 94	31	4, 974, 366 20	442	6, 879 00
Reported during the fiscal year...	7	340, 714 75	3	39, 224 68	402	6, 631 00
On hand June 30, 1883.....	15	5, 114, 216 19	28	4, 935, 141 52	40	248 00

Horse claims.	Original account.			
	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.
On hand June 30, 1882	4, 804	\$868, 513 08		
Recorded during the fiscal year.....	1, 027	148, 206 70		
Reconsidered during the fiscal year	153	22, 365 88		
Total	5, 984	1, 039, 085 66	5, 984	1, 039, 085 66
Allowed during the fiscal year.....	478	57, 436 90		
Disallowed on amount claimed.....		7, 761 61		
Rejected during the fiscal year	55	7, 368 55		
Total	533	72, 567 06		
Deduct disposed of			533	72, 567 06
On hand June 30, 1883			5, 451	906, 518 60

Number of briefs, 1,263; number of claims examined, 2,726; number of letters received, 5,328; number of letters written, 8,987; number of clerks employed, 6.

PENSION DIVISION.

The duties of this division embrace the settlement of all accounts which pertain to the payment of army pensions, including claims for reimbursement on account of expenses of last sickness and burial, payable from accrued pension in cases of deceased pensioners under the provisions of section 4718 Revised Statutes. By the decision of the Attorney-General, dated August 3, 1882, the adjudication of these claims, heretofore paid by the Pension Agents under authority of the Commissioner of Pensions, was made a part of the duties of the accounting officers, and has greatly increased the work of this division. Since this decision was rendered there have been received and settled, up to the close of the fiscal year, 1,378 reimbursement claims, involving \$89,884.09.

The following table shows the number of pension agents' accounts, and amount involved, received, and audited during the fiscal year:

	Army pensions.		Arrears of pensions.		Total.	
	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.
Accounts on hand June 30, 1882....	205	\$50,399,658 72	87	\$72,832 76	292	\$50,472,491 48
Accounts received during the year.	200	54,953,783 81	205	83,746 16	405	55,037,529 97
Total.....	405	105,353,442 53	292	156,578 92	697	105,510,021 45
Accounts reported to Second Comptroller.....	159	41,441,705 83	223	129,114 83	382	41,570,820 66
Accounts remaining unsettled June 30, 1883.....	246	63,911,736 70	69	27,464 09	315	63,939,200 79
Total.....	405	105,353,442 53	292	156,578 92	697	105,510,021 45

Notifications of issue of original pension certificates recorded.....	12,959
Notifications of issue of increase pension certificates recorded.....	4,292
Notifications of issue of restoration pension certificates recorded.....	358
Notifications of issue of reissue pension certificates recorded.....	995
Notifications of issue of arrears pension certificates recorded.....	82
Transfers noted.....	3,632
Changes noted.....	1,168
Corrections made.....	4,102
Names and records copied (153,730 day work, and 177,117 night work).....	330,847
Pension vouchers examined.....	971,872
Payments entered.....	892,631
Pages of abstract added.....	34,106
Pages of miscellaneous copied.....	2,849
Payments corrected.....	365
Surgeons' certificates copied.....	126
Vouchers withdrawn from the files.....	4,859
Letters received and registered.....	8,391
Letters written.....	10,308
Letters copied.....	5,260
Letters indexed.....	4,602
Pension checks verified before payment, 49, amounting to.....	\$5,424 60
Settlements for "lost checks" made, 7, amounting to.....	3,416 54
Settlements for "forged checks" made, 3, amounting to.....	934 40
Settlement for transportation on account of artificial limbs, 1, amounting to.....	3 60
Settlement for "Relief of Edward F. Brownell," amounting to.....	90 00
Settlement for repayment to Chas. E. Brown, late pension agent.....	14 00

The following tabular statement exhibits the number of accounts, and amount involved, on hand and unsettled July 1, 1869, together with those received and audited each fiscal year since:

	Received.		Audited.	
	Num-ber.	Amount.	Num-ber.	Amount.
On hand July 1, 1869.....	637	\$34,811,593 83	.....	.....
Received and audited fiscal year 1870.....	714	27,743,819 29	631	\$25,596,876 39
Received and audited fiscal year 1871.....	930	28,513,262 44	789	32,813,334 28
Received and audited fiscal year 1872.....	684	28,661,597 26	900	40,000,205 68
Received and audited fiscal year 1873.....	711	28,756,702 92	795	33,926,556 19
Received and audited fiscal year 1874.....	864	29,708,332 26	786	26,431,956 71
Received and audited fiscal year 1875.....	798	29,572,855 54	619	19,888,428 52
Received and audited fiscal year 1876.....	741	28,348,161 99	1,150	48,433,036 92
Received and audited fiscal year 1877.....	834	27,899,359 30	952	34,067,985 43
Received and audited fiscal year 1878.....	538	33,194,149 18	715	24,133,591 52
Received and audited fiscal year 1879.....	256	26,123,111 64	281	25,765,870 58
Received and audited fiscal year 1880.....	547	61,010,132 95	277	31,169,748 01
Received and audited fiscal year 1881.....	449	50,666,841 04	555	54,973,659 39
Received and audited fiscal year 1882.....	455	50,191,885 62	416	37,528,064 66
Received and audited fiscal year 1883.....	1,796	55,131,872 60	1,773	41,665,163 29
Total.....	10,954	540,333,678 36	10,639	476,394,477 57
Deduct amount audited.....	10,639	476,394,477 57		
Balance on hand June 30, 1883.....	315	63,939,200 79		

AMOUNTS DISBURSED by PENSION AGENTS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, as shown by their ACCOUNTS-CURRENT.

Agency.	Agent.	Invalids.	Widows.	Minors.	Dependent relatives.	War of 1812.		Surgeons.	Pay and allowances.			Contingent expenses of agents.	Total.
						Survivors.	Widows.		Salary.	Voucher fees.	Contingent.		
San Francisco, Cal	Henry Cox	\$337,436 94	\$24,153 62	\$12,122 74	\$10,960 80	\$2,537 07	\$8,881 87	\$899 00	\$4,000 00	\$553 05	\$910 84	\$345 00	\$402,600 93
Washington, D. C.	Theop's Games.	2,540,768 56	401,928 96	42,498 21	308,207 50	16,095 47	98,180 85	11,515 35	4,000 00	10,744 65	5,030 53	1,640 00	3,440,610 08
Indianapolis, Ind.	Fred. Kneifer	4,072,664 55	456,343 54	149,715 88	333,687 02	13,298 40	73,853 11	36,917 35	4,000 00	10,960 95	1,974 53	1,479 70	5,154,895 03
Chicago, Ills	Ada C. Sweet	4,716,030 84	532,138 68	118,899 97	341,489 93	16,125 33	76,645 14	32,999 40	4,000 00	13,280 25	3,913 43	1,256 85	5,856,779 87
Des Moines, Iowa	Jacob Rich	3,116,661 76	231,425 04	37,014 51	180,613 07	8,326 67	42,455 26	17,998 00	4,000 00	8,183 85	2,075 31	274 20	3,649,528 67
Topeka, Kans	N. A. Adams	2,468,373 10	337,228 36	120,613 33	167,447 54	10,890 41	61,461 91	28,999 65	4,000 00	8,638 45	2,562 15	625 55	4,214,040 45
Louisville, Ky	R. M. Kelly	1,038,083 98	256,749 53	55,661 73	169,946 96	12,300 26	74,484 07	8,000 00	4,000 00	3,259 95	865 12	213 99	1,614,564 29
Augusta, Me	Selden Connor	1,292,483 63	151,519 91	17,739 66	307,151 31	33,883 46	134,800 26	13,851 46	4,000 00	5,590 95	2,223 27	347 80	3,806,537 80
Boston, Mass.	D. W. Gooch	2,715,674 04	545,342 06	38,841 22	401,754 30	26,131 99	134,310 19	16,997 25	4,000 00	11,223 45	1,915 30	22 00	2,780,644 64
Detroit, Mich	Samuel Post	2,239,496 07	199,841 01	35,933 21	210,468 27	15,774 93	49,188 75	16,997 05	4,000 00	5,514 45	2,003 87	830 75	4,126,680 90
Concord, N. H.	E. L. Whitford	1,490,063 12	193,295 17	13,529 09	292,874 34	17,105 87	71,947 77	13,791 25	4,000 00	11,150 55	3,154 78	370 54	2,635,346 25
Syracuse, N. Y.	T. L. Poole	2,857,195 47	418,545 39	34,755 93	579,543 98	40,582 14	177,954 46	18,987 45	4,000 00	7,855 05	6,161 18	895 67	5,684,320 20
New York City, N. Y.	Chas. R. Coster	1,686,000 99	415,839 02	39,546 63	340,878 05	19,257 07	100,464 58	14,993 14	4,000 00	14,903 70	4,611 95	153 30	2,057,990 00
Columbus, Ohio	A. T. Winkof	4,276,211 04	647,053 04	88,981 72	435,862 71	25,978 93	148,825 39	36,996 05	4,000 00	5,996 29	3,083 48	743 30	3,106,741 47
Pittsburgh, Pa.	W. A. Herron	1,491,718 54	198,749 46	21,443 21	272,366 95	8,078 66	45,440 90	7,934 74	3,177 77	2,115 15	1,080 69	488 34	2,859,332 99
Do	Russell Errett	738,748 43	89,885 12	24,445 45	175,801 17	2,472 00	15,707 74	.....	822 23	2,115 15	3,364 29	520 93	3,307,348 71
Philadelphia, Pa.	H. G. Siekel	2,141,886 04	437,244 30	36,705 49	382,966 64	8,364 26	66,052 30	15,498 50	4,000 00	9,916 35	2,610 97	743 30	3,106,741 47
Knoxville, Tenn	D. T. Boynton	1,495,596 47	460,972 13	93,454 89	227,779 53	69,427 62	483,770 49	12,998 60	4,000 00	8,233 95	1,282 05	488 34	2,859,332 99
Milwaukee, Wis	E. A. Ferguson	2,732,784 84	228,790 07	41,149 60	235,457 45	10,796 27	29,626 15	15,799 25	4,000 00	7,142 10	1,282 05	520 93	3,307,348 71
Total.	.....	44,447,878 41	6,227,045 41	1,023,032 47	5,366,257 92	357,406 81	1,877,351 19	321,966 49	72,000 00	152,009 14	51,276 49	10,278 26	59,906,501 69

AMOUNT of "ARREARS of PENSIONS" DISBURSED by PENSION AGENTS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

Agency.	Agent.	Invalids.	Widows, &c.	Voucher fees.	Total.
San Francisco, Cal.....	Henry Cox.....	\$4,546 70	\$2,370 27	\$4 80	\$6,921 77
Washington, D. C.....	Theophilus Gaines.....	2,764 27	1,362 40	3 60	4,130 27
Indianapolis, Ind.....	Fred. Knefer.....	3,346 96	1,913 34	5 10	5,265 40
Chicago, Ill.....	Ada C. Sweet.....	1,413 73	.....	1 50	1,415 23
Des Moines, Iowa.....	Jacob Rich.....	4,271 08	3,781 93	6 30	8,059 31
Topeka, Kans.....	N. A. Adams.....	2,110 96	5,243 34	5 10	7,359 70
Louisville, Ky.....	R. M. Kelly.....	.....	.....	90	7,322 37
Augusta, Me.....	Selden Connor.....	521 47	2,556 79	2 70	4,094 30
Boston, Mass.....	D. W. Gooch.....	1,534 81	654 40	1 80	2,190 08
Detroit, Mich.....	Samuel Post.....	2,105 88	1,589 86	2 70	4,219 42
Concord, N. H.....	E. L. Whitford.....	2,626 80	1,215 74	1 50	2,199 51
Syracuse, N. Y.....	T. L. Poole.....	982 27	1,215 74	3 90	3,969 83
New York City, N. Y.....	Charles R. Coster.....	3,514 47	1,683 35	4 50	8,436 07
Columbus, Ohio.....	A. T. Wikoff.....	6,748 22	1,287 20	1 50	3,773 17
Pittsburgh, Pa.....	W. A. Herron.....	2,484 47	.....	30	310 10
Do.....	Russell Errett.....	309 80	.....	4 50	5,369 22
Philadelphia, Pa.....	H. G. Sickel.....	5,364 72	4,260 95	3 90	7,487 73
Knoxville, Tenn.....	D. T. Boynton.....	3,222 83	2,903 20	1 80	3,517 22
Milwaukee, Wis.....	Ed. Ferguson.....	612 22	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	.....	48,481 07	31,274 23	56 40	79,811 70

AMOUNT of UNEXPENDED BALANCES in HANDS OF PENSION AGENTS June 30, 1883.

. THIRD AUDITOR.

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Agency.	Agent.	Army pensions.				Arrears of pensions.		
		Army.	Surgeons.	Pay, &c.	Total.	Arrears.	Voucher fcs.	Total.
San Francisco, Cal.....	Henry Cox.....	\$45,406 96	\$1 00	\$536 11	\$45,944 07	\$9,196 10	\$14 40	\$9,210 50
Washington, D. C.....	Theophilus Gaines.....	1,262,320 45	484 65	1,224 82	1,264,029 92	10,454 69	16 40	10,471 09
Indianapolis, Ind.....	Fred. Knicher.....	723,503 17	82 65	.....	1,725,585 82	10,091 91	1 90	10,093 81
Chicago, Ill.....	Ada C. Sweet.....	853,722 78	60	.....	853,723 38	4,724 70	9 90	4,734 60
Des Moines, Iowa.....	Jacob Rich.....	725,137 69	2 00	.....	725,139 69	9,191 81	1 90	9,193 71
Topeka, Kans.....	N. A. Adams.....	508,056 98	35	.....	508,057 33	871 79	13 40	885 19
Louisville, Ky.....	R. M. Kelly.....	195,774 17	.....	.....	195,774 17	3,351 01	3 30	3,354 31
Augusta, Me.....	Selden Connor.....	894,651 77	148 54	.....	894,774 37	12,709 41	8 50	12,717 91
Boston, Mass.....	D. W. Gooch.....	858,497 51	.....	1,071 40	859,568 91	23,841 87	99 70	23,941 57
Detroit, Mich.....	Samuel Post.....	491,321 36	9 95	.....	491,331 31	1,257 85	7 90	1,265 75
Concord, N. H.....	E. L. Whitford.....	663,184 64	.....	2,421 68	665,606 32	37,443 84	22 70	37,466 54
Syracuse, N. Y.....	T. L. Poole.....	601,392 94	12 55	694 67	602,100 16	13,336 14	9 10	13,345 24
New York City, N. Y.....	A. T. Wilcox.....	1,088,086 80	6 86	.....	1,088,093 66	14,484 94	14 60	14,499 54
Columbus, Ohio.....	Charles R. Coster.....	927,139 28	3 95	.....	927,143 23	7,979 58	20	7,979 78
Pittsburgh, Pa.....	W. A. Herron.....	152,202 28	65 26	742 46	153,010 00	7,662 14	26 10	7,688 24
Do.....	Russell Errett.....	502,940 09	.....	.....	502,940 09	9,690 20	4 70	9,694 90
Philadelphia, Pa.....	H. G. Sikel.....	1,113,868 89	1 50	.....	1,113,868 39	17,444 20	203 70	17,648 90
Knoxville, Tenn.....	D. T. Boynton.....	933,562 46	40	.....	933,562 86	1,028 50	.....	1,028 50
Milwaukee, Wis.....	Ed. Ferguson.....	513,395 62	75	.....	513,396 37	233 52	7 60	241 12
Total.....	.....	13,106,163 84	821 01	6,865 20	13,113,850 05	194,994 20	466 00	195,460 20

BALANCES due PENSION AGENTS, June 30, 1883.

Agency.	Agent.	Army pensions*.				Arrears of pensions.	
		Surgeons.	Pay and allowances.	Contingent expenses of agents.	Total.	Voucher fees.	Total.
San Francisco, Cal	Henry Cox			\$345 00	\$345 00		
Washington, D. C.	Theophilus Gaines			439 50	439 50		
Indianapolis, Ind	Fred. Knefer				935 48		
Chicago, Ill	Ada C. Sweet		\$935 48				
Des Moines, Iowa	Jacob Rich		3,193 68		3,193 68		
Topeka, Kans	N. A. Adams		2,239 16		2,435 46		
Louisville, Ky	R. M. Kelly		2,400 60	176 30	2,400 60		
Augusta, Me	Selden Connor		124 47		124 47		
Boston, Mass	D. W. Gooch						
Detroit, Mich	Samuel Post		210 15		210 15		
Concord, N. H.	E. L. Whitford		930 35	22 00	952 35		
Syracuse, N. Y.	T. L. Poole	\$2,791 25			2,791 25		
New York City, N. Y.	Charles R. Coester						
Columbus, Ohio	A. T. Wilkoff		2,016 23		2,016 23		
Pittsburgh, Pa	W. A. Herron		2,515 65		2,515 65		
Do	Russell Errett		*128 25	457 50	585 75		
Philadelphia, Pa	H. G. Sichel		1,018 07	153 30	1,171 37		
Knoxville, Tenn	D. T. Boynton		3,280 64		3,280 64		
Milwaukee, Wis	Ed. Ferguson		1,844 92		1,844 92	\$0 10	\$0 10
			1,424 15		1,424 15		
Total		2,791 25	22,281 80	1,593 80	26,666 65	10	10

*In supplemental account, approved and rendered since agent's term of office expired.

The amount appropriated for "pay and allowances"—salaries, fees on vouchers, rent, fuel, lights, stationery, and postage, was \$265,000. The expenses of the agencies for these items amount to \$275,413.88, or \$10,413.88 in excess of the appropriation. As will be seen from the foregoing tables, there was due from this appropriation, at the close of the fiscal year, to several of the agents, sums aggregating \$22,281.80, while there remained in the hands of other agents \$6,865.20, leaving net amount due agents \$15,416.60. To pay this there remained in the Treasury, undrawn June 30, 1883, \$5,007.72, a deficiency as stated above of \$10,413.88. As the expenses enumerated are fixed by law, and were legitimately and unavoidably incurred, I would suggest that authority be given the accounting officers, in settlement of the accounts of the several agents, to transfer so much of the \$13,106,163.84, unexpended balance "Army pensions" which remained in hands of agents June 30, 1883, to credit of appropriation for "pay and allowances, 1883," as may be necessary to adjust this small deficiency and balance the agents' accounts.

COLLECTION DIVISION.

	Entries on registers.	Number of special cases.	Accounts referred to.	Bounty-land and pension cases examined.	Letters written.	Names of soldiers of the war of 1812 abstracted.	Days comparing.	Cases prepared for suit.	Transcripts prepared for authentication.
July, 1882	823	329	5, 196	107	351	14, 397	52	1	11
August, 1882		191	4, 511	50	205	12, 788	21		13
September, 1882	1, 023	219	2, 939	175	222	13, 047	52	7	11
October, 1882	569	272	4, 294	125	261	6, 508	52		
November, 1882	432	151	6, 142	112	156	11, 214	32	4	
December, 1882	699	261	4, 695	113	264	14, 098	40	1	9
January, 1883	682	275	5, 720	104	304	14, 416	52	3	11
February, 1883	769	292	6, 739	111	289	9, 555	47	5	7
March, 1883	2, 633	277	6, 248	110	290	14, 238	54	4	8
April, 1883	593	287	6, 817	124	291	4, 611	50	3	8
May, 1883	809	333	7, 540	128	358	5, 745	26	2	8
June, 1883		297	7, 248	106	334	7, 878	50	2	12
Total	9, 032	3, 184	68, 089	1, 365	3, 325	128, 495	528	32	98

RECORDS AND FILES.

There have been added to the files during the year new settlements as follows, viz, 7,857 money settlements and 5,737 property returns; in all, 13,594 new settlements. The records are well arranged and properly labeled, but, as a considerable portion of them are in daily use, the wear and tear is a somewhat serious matter. This is especially the case with the abstracts of pension accounts. The experiment of using wooden boxes for the records has lately been tried, and the result is so far satisfactory. The papers are much less exposed to dust, and the deterioration is not nearly so great as with the old system of twine and boards. There are four clerks employed upon the files.

CERTIFICATION OF TRANSCRIPTS.

Under the provisions of section 886 of the Revised Statutes, in cases where suit is instituted to collect money due from pension agents, the

transcripts can be certified only by the Register of the Treasury, *who has nothing whatever to do either with the settlement of said account or the custody of the same after settlement, and who can have no knowledge respecting the correctness of the transcript except that gained from the Third Auditor. The Third Auditor is also without authority to certify transcripts for suit against failing contractors and other persons charged upon the books of his office.* To remedy this defect in the law, I respectfully suggest that section 886 of the Revised Statutes ought to be so amended as to provide that upon the trial of a suit against any person on a contract with the United States, express or implied, or against any person accountable for public money, or the sureties of such person, a transcript from the books and proceedings of the Auditor charged with the examination and settlement of the account with such person or persons, certified by the Auditor, and authenticated under the seal of the Treasury Department, shall be admitted on the trial of such suit as evidence of the balance due to the United States, and be entitled to the same degree of credit which would be due to the original papers or records if produced and authenticated in court.

PAYMENTS BY NON-BONDED OFFICERS.

Many of the suits in which this office has been called upon to furnish transcripts have been instituted against *non-bonded* officers, who disbursed public moneys during the late rebellion. In this connection I desire to call attention to the practice of employing non-bonded officers to disburse Government funds, a practice which has resulted in great loss to the Government during each of the several wars in which the United States has been engaged, and more or less loss in time of peace. At the present time one hundred and twenty non-bonded officers are disbursing in the Quartermaster's Department alone, having in their hands two hundred and ten thousand dollars, too large a sum to be held and paid out by any class of men upon the security of honor alone. In the Engineer Department the entire amount appropriated by the "river and harbor" and "fortification" bills is disbursed by officers not under bond. The sums so paid out aggregate millions of dollars every year. This is not in accordance with good sound business policy. It is said that there is not a sufficient number of bonded officers in the Army to make necessary disbursements, and that non-bonded officers must be employed to make payments. In reply to this it may be said that bonds may be required by law of all commissioned officers, or, in default of this, non-bonded officers should, in my opinion, be authorized to purchase only, leaving payment to be made by the bonded officers within the district or department of the purchase. By this course the Government would not only be secured against disbursement by irresponsible officers, but payment of every claim could be readily traced, and better protection afforded against fraudulent claims and double payments. I believe firmly in the honor and fidelity of the great body of our Army officers, but I also believe that, in the interest of the Government, inherent honesty should be supplemented by a good and sufficient bond.

PAYMENTS TO AGENTS OR ATTORNEYS.

The accounting officers hold that, under section 3477 of the Revised Statutes, all payments made by disbursing officers in liquidation of claims or demands against the United States should be made to *principals only*. This requirement has resulted in great embarrassment to

disbursing officers in their transactions, as contractors, corporations, and nearly all persons presenting demands do so through agents or attorneys. Complaints of hardships resulting from the enforcement of the letter of the law are frequent, and it would seem wise and safe to so modify section 3477 of the Revised Statutes as to clearly permit all payments made by bonded disbursing officers to be made to authorized attorneys or agents.

INCREASE OF PENSION-ROLL.

During the year the business of the office has been largely increased from different sources. The working force of the Pension Office having been nearly doubled, its business has been dispatched with great rapidity; and to the same extent that the pension-roll has been swelled the work of this office has been increased. A constant increase of work in this office from this source may be confidently expected for several years to come. During the past year there have been added to the roll the names of about 38,000 pensioners, which means a net increase in the work of this office represented by the examination of 102,000 vouchers, and the entry of 102,000 payments annually, except as death may reduce the list.

REIMBURSEMENT CLAIMS.

Prior to the decision of the Attorney-General, hereinbefore referred to, nearly all the correspondence and other work incident to the examination of claims for reimbursement under section 4718 of the Revised Statutes were performed by the pension agents. By that decision the entire labor of investigating these claims was thrown upon this office. As, with the lapse of time, the death rate among pensioners rises, the number of these claims must continue to increase.

LOST-HORSE CLAIMS.

Under the act of January 9, 1883, extending the time within which claims for horses lost in the military service might be filed, over 4,500 claims have been received up to this date. Of the whole number filed it is found upon examination that about ten per centum are duplicates of claims filed years ago, and either allowed and paid or rejected, a fact which clearly demonstrates the need of extreme care in dealing with these stale claims. The whole number does not appear in the tabulated statement, owing to the fact that the force available for this work was not sufficient to enter them on our docket during the fiscal year.

CLAIMS FROM THE COMMISSARY-GENERAL.

There being a question whether the fourth section of the deficiency act of June 14, 1878, might not operate to bar the adjudication of certain claims if they should not be presented to the *accounting officers* before June 15, 1883, the Commissary-General, early in June last, sent to this office in one mass over 7,000 claims, that they might be registered upon the books of this office and be then returned for completion of the work of administrative examination in his department. This circumstance involved considerable addition to the clerical work and an abnormal addition to the number of claims received during the fiscal year.

STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.

I deem it my duty to again renew my recommendation in regard to a

statute of limitation. The experience of this office during the present year in the examination of claims for horses lost in the military service, hereinbefore stated, feebly illustrates a danger to be avoided by the enactment of, and strict adherence to, a law fixing *some* period within which claimants must present their demands or be forever barred.

EXTENDED HOURS OF LABOR.

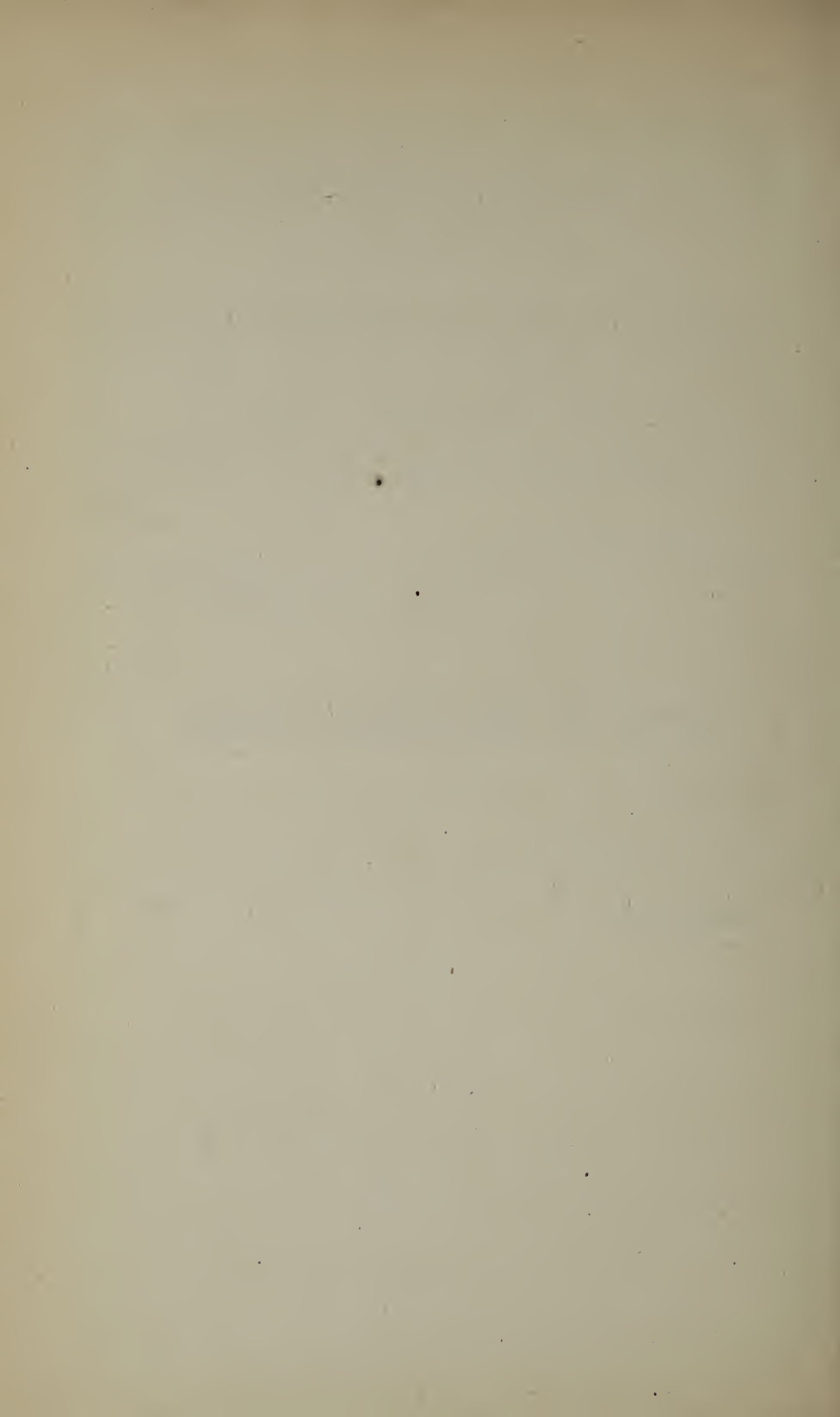
In order to prevent great delay in the transaction of current business, in April I was compelled to ask authority to extend the hours of labor in this office to include the hours from seven to ten o'clock in the evening, one-third of the force to be employed each evening. The order, having been issued May 1, was cheerfully obeyed by the entire force for the remainder of the fiscal year. For the willingness and promptness with which the clerks of this office took up and performed these additional duties they are entitled to great credit and ought to have good reason to hope for additional compensation at the hands of Congress.

Respectfully submitted.

E. W. KEIGHTLEY,
Auditor.

Hon. CHAS. J. FOLGER,
Secretary of the Treasury.

REPORT OF THE FOURTH AUDITOR.



REPORT

OF

THE FOURTH AUDITOR OF THE TREASURY.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
FOURTH AUDITOR'S OFFICE,
Washington, November 1, 1883.

SIR: On the 19th of June, 1878, an act was approved authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to make advances to disbursing officers under a general account, the only limitation being the total appropriation for the Navy. The amounts so advanced are to be used exclusively to pay current obligations upon proper vouchers, and the "Pay of the Navy" is to be used only for its legitimate purpose as provided by law. The sum of these vouchers is to be charged to their proper and respective appropriations, the charge being limited to the amount appropriated to each. The Fourth Auditor, under this act, is required to declare the sums due from the several special appropriations upon complete vouchers, and to adjust the said liabilities with the "general account of advances." While apparently under the operations of this law "Pay of the Navy" is left intact except for its own legitimate expenditures, it is really in the end made to bear the burden of all deficiencies in the other appropriations which are not made good by Congress. The present condition of "Pay," as here shown, will help to illustrate this:

"PAY OF THE NAVY" IN ACCOUNT WITH THE UNITED STATES.

To balance in hands of disbursing officers July 1, 1882.....	\$131,547 25
balance in Treasury by ledger July 1, 1882.....	1,629,067 70
amount appropriated by Congress.....	7,236,225 06
repayments.....	18,584 43
charges by settlements.....	82,144 12
	<hr/>
	9,097,568 56
By expended.....	\$6,832,115 75
credits by settlements.....	79,131 86
	<hr/>
	6,911,247 61
Balance in hand July 1, 1883.....	2,186,320 05
Balance here explained:	
In hands disbursing officers June 30, 1883.....	135,248 36
In Treasury by ledger June 30, 1883.....	2,051,072 59
	<hr/>
	2,186,320 95
Of the balance in hand.....	2,186,320 95
There is due to officers and men unpaid.....	741,701 33
hospital fund.....	16,854 48
clothing fund.....	43,229 38
small-stores fund.....	15,174 67
expenditures abroad.....	477,768 16
	<hr/>
	1,294,723 02
Balance.....	891,592 93

While "Pay of the Navy" had this balance at the close of the fiscal year after deducting its known liabilities, it must be borne in mind that a large portion of it is offset by deficiencies in other appropriations not yet made good by Congress. In other words, if the operations of the Department were to be closed with the accounts of the fiscal year 1883, the balances remaining to the credit of other appropriations would be returned to the Treasury, and "Pay of the Navy," which is continuous, would be left to bear the sum of deficiencies, which would go far towards exhausting the above balance. Careful management may reduce these deficiencies to the minimum, but the nature of the service is such that more or less are liable to occur every year. In authorizing the drawing of funds under a general account, and stipulating that "Pay of the Navy" should be drawn on only for its own proper expenditures, it was doubtless the intention of Congress that unavoidable deficiencies should be provided for by further appropriations. That intention ought to be fulfilled.

The following table gives a general view of appropriations and expenditures for the year:

Title of appropriation.	Year.	Amount appropriated.	Amount drawn out by warrant.	Balance in hand June 30, 1883.	Amount expended as shown by vouchers.	Amount overpaid.	Amount carried to surplus fund.
Pay of the Navy.....	1883	\$8,865,292 75	\$6,814,220 16	\$2,051,072 59	\$6,902,777 87	.....	.....
Pay, miscellaneous.....	1883	300,143 84	299,510 38	633 46	322,639 83	\$22,495 99	.....
Contingent, Navy.....	1883	103,263 13	87,413 16	15,869 97	95,804 59	.....	.....
Pay of Marine Corps.....	1883	853,747 96	638,079 73	215,668 23	636,413 18	.....	.....
Contingent, Marine Corps.....	1883	25,000 00	19 50	24,980 50	23,038 60	.....	.....
Provisions, Marine Corps.....	1883	68,013 10	65,875 11	2,137 99	65,005 30	.....	.....
Clothing, Marine Corps.....	1883	79,823 40	79,779 23	44 17	79,372 86	.....	.....
Fuel, Marine Corps.....	1883	18,496 50	17,357 81	1,138 69	18,637 06	.....	.....
Military stores, Marine Corps.....	1883	11,286 50	11,260 14	26 36	11,091 23	.....	.....
Transportation and recruiting, Marine Corps.....	1883	10,000 00	10,000 00	.....	8,782 92	.....	.....
Repairs of barracks, Marine Corps.....	1883	13,000 00	13,000 00	.....	12,613 24	.....	.....
Forage for horses, Marine Corps.....	1883	5,400 00	4,000 00	1,400 00	3,227 55	.....	.....
Pay, professors and others, Naval Academy.....	1883	52,506 00	52,200 00	306 00	52,185 50	.....	.....
Pay, watchmen and others, Naval Academy.....	1883	24,507 50	24,507 50	.....	24,507 50	.....	.....
Pay, mechanics and others, Naval Academy.....	1883	16,835 95	16,835 95	.....	16,835 77	.....	.....
Pay, steam employes, Naval Academy.....	1883	8,577 50	8,577 50	.....	8,476 65	.....	.....
Repairs, Naval Academy.....	1883	21,000 00	21,000 00	.....	19,870 22	.....	.....
Heating and lighting, Naval Academy.....	1883	17,000 00	17,000 00	.....	17,000 00	.....	.....
Stationery, Naval Academy.....	1883	2,000 00	2,000 00	.....	874 89	.....	.....
Chemistry, Naval Academy.....	1883	2,000 00	2,000 00	.....	2,000 00	.....	.....
Stores, Naval Academy.....	1883	2,500 00	2,500 00	.....	772 47	.....	.....
Materials, Naval Academy.....	1883	800 00	800 00	.....	800 00	.....	.....
Board of Visitors, Naval Academy.....	1883	1,000 00	1,000 00	.....	276 91	.....	.....
Miscellaneous, Naval Academy.....	1883	2,600 00	2,600 00	.....	1,317 84	.....	.....
Navigation and navigation supplies.....	1883	37,600 00	37,600 00	.....	37,398 27	.....	.....
Contingent, navigation.....	1883	100,244 08	80,427 65	19,816 43	94,914 99	.....	.....
Civil establishment, navigation.....	1883	4,000 00	3,480 43	519 57	3,523 28	.....	.....
Lighting vessels by electricity.....	1883	5,708 08	5,707 53	55	5,621 87	.....	.....
Copper plates, Hydrographic Office.....	1883	15,000 00	1,243 94	5,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Survey of west coast of Mexico.....	1883	14,000 00	1,171 60	13,756 06	1,243 14	.....	.....
Hydrographic work.....	1883	4,698 63	3,160 14	1,538 49	1,711 60	.....	.....
Naval Observatory.....	1883	2,674 02	2,109 44	564 58	3,582 19	.....	.....
Nautical Almanac.....	1883	2,253 42	2,253 42	.....	2,200 26	.....	.....
Velocity of light, Nautical Almanac.....	1883	2,000 00	430 30	1,569 70	2,378 22	.....	.....
Ordnance and ordnance stores.....	1883	150,130 09	139,525 09	10,605 00	140,427 63	.....	.....
Contingent, ordnance.....	1883	3,500 00	2,134 77	1,365 23	2,257 34	.....	.....
Civil establishment, ordnance.....	1883	6,513 01	6,512 98	03	6,468 98	.....	.....
Repairs, ordnance.....	1883	17,500 00	11,856 64	5,643 36	11,163 26	.....	.....
Torpedo Corps.....	1883	60,000 00	31,875 74	28,124 26	31,035 76	.....	.....
Steel rifled breech-loading guns.....	1883	20,000 00	15,200 90	4,799 10	16,045 68	.....	.....

APPROPRIATIONS and EXPENDITURES of the UNITED STATES NAVY, &c.—Continued.

Title of appropriation.	Year.	Amount appropriated.	Amount drawn out by warrant.	Balance in hand July 30, 1883.	Amount expended as shown by vouchers.	Amount overpaid.	Amount carried to surplus fund.
Equipment of vessels.	1883	\$750,000 00	\$740,732 33	\$9,267 67	\$799,700 96	\$49,700 96	.....
Recruiting, equipment and recruiting	1883	10,000 00	2,695 76	7,304 24	2,717 06	.....	.....
Transportation of enlisted men, equipment and recruiting	1883	35,000 00	27,042 72	7,957 28	29,287 02	.....	.....
Civil establishment, equipment and recruiting	1883	10,000 95	9,991 49	9 46	9,843 27	.....	.....
Contingent, equipment and recruiting	1883	15,311 60	12,329 00	2,982 66	11,712 01	.....	.....
Maintenance, yards and docks	1883	259,231 94	251,604 80	7,627 14	251,151 02	.....	.....
Maintenance, yards and docks	1883	64,000 00	63,999 36	62	63,991 36	.....	.....
Contingent, yards and docks	1883	20,000 00	12,117 12	7,882 88	9,774 22	.....	.....
Civil establishment, yards and docks	1883	20,770 54	20,768 04	2 50	20,710 17	.....	.....
Naval Asylum, Philadelphia	1883	59,813 00	46,536 38	13,282 62	46,515 75	.....	.....
Navy-yard, Brooklyn	1883	150,000 00	99,226 33	50,773 67	99,213 18	.....	.....
Navy-yard, Washington, D. C.	1883	27,800 00	19,860 00	7,940 00	19,433 98	.....	.....
Navy-yard, Norfolk, Va.	1883	5,000 00	4,998 31	1 69	4,998 31	.....	.....
Navy-yard, Mare Island, Cal.	1883	263,000 00	217,291 03	45,708 97	214,948 07	.....	.....
Naval station and coaling depot, Port Royal, S. C.	.....	20,000 00	.....	20,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Repairs and preservation at navy-yards.	1883	5,000 00	4,800 47	199 53	4,800 47	.....	.....
Medical Department, medicine and surgery	1883	161,000 00	144,646 91	16,353 09	144,634 66	.....	.....
Repairs, medicine and surgery	1883	40,000 00	32,024 48	7,975 52	35,283 46	.....	.....
Civil establishment, medicine and surgery	1883	15,000 00	9,950 27	5,049 73	10,395 16	.....	.....
Contingent, medicine and surgery	1883	21,963 07	21,239 10	723 97	19,752 89	.....	.....
Naval hospital fund	1883	30,000 00	11,574 36	3,550 08	11,078 38	.....	.....
Naval laboratory	1883	192,411 26	29,992 38	7 62	32,043 13	.....	.....
Museum of hygiene	1883	2,000 00	49,257 23	143,154 03	54,896 37	.....	.....
Provisions, Navy.	1883	7,500 00	836 25	1,163 75	833 30	.....	.....
Civil establishment, provisions and clothing	1883	1,000,249 33	5,271 97	2,228 03	5,203 06	.....	.....
Construction and repair	1883	6,800 82	944,134 35	56,124 98	1,117,248 92	116,997 59	.....
Civil establishment, construction and repair	1883	1,750,085 00	17,706 32	32,293 68	18,744 02	.....	.....
Steam machinery	1883	21,975 75	19,878 17	109,817 96	1,639,290 27	.....	.....
Machine for testing iron	1883	1,200,136 00	1,083,073 68	117,062 32	1,083,222 66	.....	.....
Civil establishment, steam engineering	1883	6,000 00	6,000 00	577 72	10,351 01	.....	.....
Contingent, steam engineering	1883	10,379 73	10,402 01	.....	1,000 00	.....	.....
Contingent, Navy	1883	1,000 00	1,000 00	213 13	11,839 68	.....	.....
Pay, miscellaneous	1882	16,392 82	16,179 69	96,387 28	26,196 66	.....	.....
Contingent, Marine Corps	1882	146,762 39	50,375 11	87 19	6,236 95	3,416 90	.....
Clothing, Marine Corps	1882	2,820 05	2,732 86	2,153 27	18,783 40	.....	.....
Transportation and recruiting, Marine Corps	1882	19,662 20	17,528 93	2,153 27	2,140 72	.....	.....
Forage for horses, Marine Corps	1882	3,023 48	2,430 96	592 52	2,373 43	.....	.....
Provisions, Marine Corps	1882	4,346 04	2,501 76	1,844 28	1,844 28	.....	.....
	1882	14,584 74	.....	14,584 74	1,321 77	.....	.....

Military stores, Marine Corps.....	1882	836 61		936 61	236 47
Repairs barracks, Marine Corps.....	1882			90	271 30
Fuel, Marine Corps.....	1882	1, 719 90		1, 719 90	1, 565 62
Library, Naval Academy.....	1882				833 21
Heating and lighting, Naval Academy.....	1882				131 25
Miscellaneous, Naval Academy.....	1882	2 27	2 27		4 30
Stationery, Naval Academy.....	1882	02			356 10
Stores, Naval Academy.....	1882				162 16
Chemistry, Naval Academy.....	1882	13 44		13 44	109 08
Materials, Naval Academy.....	1882				250 81
Repairs, Naval Academy.....	1882				2, 056 99
Preservation of cemeteries in foreign countries.....	1882	2, 777 50	38 74	2, 738 76	407 25
Navigation and navigation supplies.....	1882	11, 868 42	11, 518 27	350 15	8, 697 38
Contingent, navigation.....	1882	2, 035 63	1, 744 91	290 72	370 00
Civil establishment, navigation.....	1882	8 87	2 67		53 48
Nautical Almanac.....	1882	3, 222 07	3, 136 42	85 65	3, 237 68
Naval Observatory.....	1882	876 97	603 50	273 47	2, 067 48
Hydrographic work.....	1882	7, 376 97	4, 467 26	2, 909 71	5, 388 56
Ordnance and ordnance stores.....	1882	47, 055 15	16, 679 06	30, 376 09	10, 394 76
Contingent, ordnance.....	1882	11, 501 31	689 60	811 71	452 77
Torpedo Corps.....	1882	11, 657 35	3, 352 47	8, 304 88	2, 263 57
Civil establishment, ordnance.....	1882	91 67	82 62	9 05	138 77
Equipment of vessels.....	1882	5, 229 68	3, 744 45	1, 485 23	6, 572 37
Contingent, equipment and recruiting.....	1882	12, 002 97	11, 870 34	132 63	6, 923 28
Civil establishment, equipment and recruiting.....	1882				1, 342 69
Maintenance, yards and docks.....	1882	12, 389 40	11, 642 80	646 60	13, 660 63
Contingent, yards and docks.....	1882	4, 394 42	4, 391 21	3 21	4, 321 36
Civil establishment, yards and docks.....	1882	5 84		5 84	191 49
Naval Asylum, Philadelphia.....	1882	12, 066 39	11, 289 78	776 61	11, 305 00
Navy-yard, Mare Island, Cal.....	1882	1, 393 51	1, 392 88	63	3, 477 38
Navy-yard, Pensacola, Fla.....	1882	33, 730 41	18, 589 11	15, 141 30	19, 235 64
Repairs and preservation at navy-yards.....	1882	20, 410 81	18, 797 80	1, 613 01	21, 145 35
Medical Department, medicine and surgery.....	1882	4, 791 87	4, 567 07	224 80	4, 053 21
Contingent, medicine and surgery.....	1882	2, 972 09	2, 306 41	665 68	2, 482 93
Civil establishment, medicine and surgery.....	1882	604 97	223 62	381 35	583 66
Naval Laboratory, Washington, D. C.....	1882	124 09		124 09	768 08
Naval hospital fund.....	1882		1, 422 19	17 79	1, 914 07
Repairs, medicine and surgery.....	1882	1, 439 98	7, 972 53	189 02	7, 380 82
Provisions, Navy.....	1882	8, 161 55	161, 947 55	1, 018 68	43, 743 91
Contingent, provisions and clothing.....	1882	162, 966 23	3, 522 95	24, 019 68	3, 143 94
Civil establishment, provisions and clothing.....	1882	27, 543 69		2 21	83 00
Construction and repair.....	1882	96, 232 83	45, 142 42	51, 090 41	23, 951 13
Civil establishment, construction and repair.....	1882	270 78		270 78	229 93
Steam machinery.....	1882	224, 698 36	216, 766 45	7, 931 91	206, 674 46
Civil establishment, steam engineering.....	1882	4 84	4 76	95 02	95 02
Contingent, steam engineering.....	1882	413 82	413 82	125 42	125 42
Contingent, Marine Corps.....	1881	661 99	661 89		661 98
Forage for horses, Marine Corps.....	1881	94, 539 57	8, 369 30		16, 671 54
Pay, miscellaneous.....	1881	248 45	248 45		212 45
Transportation and recruiting, Marine Corps.....	1881	2, 722 32	1, 204 00		1, 203 10
Hydrographic work.....	1881				6 25
Navigation and navigation supplies.....	1881	468 93			130 72
Contingent, navigation.....	1881	130 72			
					\$0 01
					86, 170 27
					1, 518 32
					462 68

APPROPRIATIONS and EXPENDITURES of the UNITED STATES NAVY, &c.—Continued.

Title of appropriation.	Year.	Amount appropriated.	Amount drawn out by warrant.	Balance in hand June 30, 1883.	Amount expended as shown by vouchers.	Amount overpaid.	Amount carried to surplus fund.
Navy-yard, Norfolk	1881	\$1,022 34	\$1,022 34		\$1,724 00		
Navy-yard, New London	1881	1,639 86	1,632 00		1,739 30		\$27 56
Navy-yard, Pensacola	1881	1,674 24	1,682 00		675 63		982 24
Torpedo Corps	1881	21,678 12	34 67		34 67		21,643 45
Contingent, medicine and surgery	1881	758 03	185 81		7 65		18,472 22
Provisions, Marine Corps	1881	20,079 90	1,504 55		1,504 55		18,575 35
Provisions, Navy	1881	88,694 00	31 50		31 50		88,662 50
Contingent, provisions and clothing	1881	22,544 89	9 30		9 30		22,535 59
Contingent, equipment and recruiting	1881	323 30	323 30		318 65		9,882 92
Construction and repair	1881	34,118 80	24,235 97		24,236 27		
Equipment of vessels	1881	591 86	591 86		591 86		
Pay, miscellaneous	1880				1,165 76		
Ordnance and ordnance stores	1881	2,654 32	2,542 47		23 55		111 85
Provisions, Navy	1880				112 50		
Contingent, ordnance	1881	87 85	87 85		83 27		
Pay, miscellaneous	1879	11,769 95	11,525 68	\$244 27	11,260 11		
Pay, Navy, prior to July 1, 1880		20,787 03	19,378 96	1,408 07	19,378 96		
Pay, Marine Corps, prior to July 1, 1880		151 92	151 92		151 92		
Enlistment bounty to seamen, prior to July 1, 1880		689 36	682 73	6 63	649 33		
Bounty for destruction of enemy's vessels, prior to July 1, 1880		157 08	157 68		137 90		
Indemnity for lost clothing, prior to July 1, 1880		368 90	368 90		368 90		
Pay, miscellaneous, 1880, and prior years		11,892 16	2,246 69		1,945 51		
Contingent, Marine Corps, 1880, and prior years		475 86	2,475 86		1,475 86		9,645 47
Fuel, Marine Corps, 1880, and prior years		24 50	24 50		24 50		
Transportation and recruiting, 1880, and prior years		96 00	96 00		96 00		
Naval Observatory, 1880, and prior years		29 60	29 60		29 60		
Contingent, equipment and recruiting, 1880 and prior years		130 08	130 08		130 08		
Civil establishment, equipment and recruiting, 1880 and prior years		54 79	54 79		54 79		
Maintenance, yards and docks, 1880 and prior years		28 66	28 66		28 66		
Contingent, medicine and surgery, 1880 and prior years		147 19	147 19		147 19		
Provisions, Navy, 1880 and prior years		3 00	3 00		3 00		
Contingent, provisions and clothing, 1880 and prior years		362 51	362 51		362 51		
Steam machinery, 1880 and prior years		44 40	44 40		44 40		
Construction and repair, 1880 and prior years		41,061 87	40,986 86	74 51	108 63		
Pay, Navy, prior to July 1, 1879		1,077 40	1,077 40		40,985 99		
Pay, Marine Corps, prior to July 1, 1879		940 83	940 83		1,094 20		
Indemnity for lost clothing prior to July 1, 1879		3,527 79	3,518 95	8 84	940 83		
Enlistment bounty to seamen prior to July 1, 1879		100 00	100 00		3,452 79		
Gratuity to seamen prior to July 1, 1879		314 49	314 49		100 00		
Contingent, equipment and recruiting, 1879 and prior years		1,083 47	1,083 47		314 49		
Provisions, Navy, 1879 and prior years		821 17	1,451 51	369 66	1,083 47		
Pay, Navy, prior to July 1, 1878					451 51		

Enlistment bounty to seamen prior to July 1, 1878	183 34	33 34	100 00	33 34
Contingent, Marine Corps, 1879 and prior years	31 00	31 00		31 00
Maintenance, yards and docks, 1879 and prior years	33 00	33 00		33 00
Construction and repair, 1879 and prior years	2 25	2 25		2 25
Bounty for destruction of enemy's vessels prior to July 1, 1879	1, 148 72	1, 148 72		1, 148 72
Bounty for destruction of enemy's vessels prior to July 1, 1878				17 19
Observation transit of Venus	84, 480 00	67, 939 71	16, 540 29	61, 633 99
Charts of the Amazon and Madeira Rivers	5, 418 74	2, 491 63	2, 927 11	2, 495 00
Charts of the Pacific coast of Mexico	2, 473 40	2, 464 30	9 20	2, 155 20
Sale of small-arms	20, 724 33	11, 926 11	8, 798 22	11, 975 55
Accrued mileage, Navy and Marine Corps	50, 000 00	49, 785 22	214 78	51, 081 36
Search for steamer Jeannette	20, 315 58	2, 043 87	18, 271 71	2, 043 87
Extra pay to officers and men who served in the Mexican war	315 00	315 00		971 00
Allowance for reduction of wages, eight-hour law, prior to July 1, 1879	63 91	63 91		63 91
Destruction of bedding and clothing for sanitary reasons	1, 519 65	246 06	1, 273 59	144 20
Gratuity to machinists	13, 000 00	13, 000 00		17, 518 50
Naval warrant, Key West, Fla	28, 000 00	24, 986 83	3, 013 17	26, 986 83
New propeller, United States steamer Alarm	607 51		607 51	103 75
Bounty for destruction of enemy's vessels				48 90
Indemnity for lost clothing	1, 620 00	1, 620 00		1, 200 00
Double-turreted monitors	400, 000 00	76, 490 04	323, 509 96	76, 486 58
Ordnance material, proceeds of sales	1, 654 50	1, 654 50		1, 654 50
Payment to Japanese award	140, 000 00	88, 475 56	51, 524 44	80, 978 64
Payment to H. H. Nichols for engraving Bowditch Navigator	2, 581 79	2, 581 79		2, 581 79
Payment to Potomac Steamboat Company for damages by collision	19, 957 15	18, 350 86		18, 350 86
Payment to Roger N. Stembel	6, 556 85	6, 556 85		6, 556 85
Payment to Isaac A. Sylvester for damages by collision	2, 000 00	2, 000 00		2, 000 00
Payment to owners of Norwegian bark Vassa	133 00	133 00		133 00
Relief of David S. Booth	1, 781 89	1, 781 89		1, 781 89
Relief of officers and crew of United States steamer Rodgers	5, 115 00	5, 115 00		4, 746 66
Reward for services to officers and crew of United States steamer Rodgers	3, 000 00	1, 800 00	1, 200 00	1, 748 10
Navy-yard Commission	2, 500 00	1, 270 00	1, 230 00	1, 270 00
Testing Clark's defective turrets	20, 600 00	150 00	19, 450 00	88 50
Steel cruisers	1, 300, 000 00	8, 006 00	1, 291, 994 00	1, 396 85
Removal and burial of remains of Lieut. Com. George W. De Long and companions	25, 000 00		25, 000 00	104 76
Prize-money	538, 311 51	1, 403 08	556, 908 43	3, 233 09
Marine barracks, Annapolis				1, 227 87
Clothing, Navy	556, 879 13	212, 293 23	344, 585 90	200, 365 02
Small stores	149, 452 58	22, 402 64	127, 049 94	24, 315 54
Total	22, 028, 906 85	15, 545, 040 96	6, 221, 459 17	15, 724, 506 52
				\$-93, 954 13
				262, 406 72

BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS NOT DRAWN AGAINST during the fiscal year 1883.

Title of appropriation.	Year.	Amount appropriated.	Balance in hand June 30, 1883.
Pay professors and others, Naval Academy	1882	\$2, 779 55	\$2, 779 55
Marine Barracks, Washington, D. C.	1882	9 29	9 29
Pay steam employes, Naval Academy.....	1882	431 40	431 40
Armory, Naval Academy .....	.....	07	07
Navy-yard, Portsmouth, N. H.	1882	07	07
Navy-yard, Norfolk, Va.	1882	1 00	1 00
Headstones naval cemetery, Philadelphia.....	1882	356 50	356 50
Payment to T. C. Basshor, for ships' knees .....	.....	9, 734 71	9, 734 71
Payment to officers and crew Kearsarge for the destruction of the Alabama .....	.....	1, 639 30	1, 639 30
Act for the relief of children of Otway H. Berryman and others .....	.....	12, 367 84	12, 367 84
Preservation of the Chevalier de Ternay monument.....	.....	800 00	800 00
Indemnity for lost clothing prior to July 1, 1876 .....	.....	120 00	120 00
Indemnity for lost clothing prior to July 1, 1878.....	.....	40 00	40 00
Indemnity for lost clothing prior to July 1, 1877 .....	.....	118 00	118 00
Bounty for destruction of enemy's vessels prior to July 1, 1877.....	.....	49 20	49 20
Enlistment bounty to seamen prior to July 1, 1877.....	.....	33 35	33 35
Bureau Steam Engineering, act June 14, 1878 .....	.....	21, 731 68	21, 731 68
Bureau Construction and Repair, act June 14, 1878 .....	.....	58, 291 39	58, 291 39
Naval station and coaling depot, Isthmus of Panama.....	.....	200, 000 00	200, 000 00
Navy-yard, Boston, rope-walk.....	1881 } 1882 }	21 86	21 86
Construction and repair.....	1881 } 1882 }	78	78
Steam machinery.....	1881 } 1882 }	1, 212 16	1, 212 16
Expenses in connection with Arctic exploring expedition.....	.....	12, 504 64	12, 504 64
Tuition of two naval cadets, Royal Naval College, Greenwich..	.....	900 00	900 00
Site for naval station and coaling depot, Port Royal, S. C. ....	.....	5, 000 00	5, 000 00
Payment to captain and owners of North Star for rescue of crew of United States steamer Rodgers .....	.....	20, 000 00	20, 000 00
Machinery double-turreted monitors .....	.....	1, 000, 000 00	1, 000, 000 00
Pay of Marine Corps prior to July 1, 1878 .....	.....	66 72	66 72
Total.....	.....	1, 348, 209 51	1, 348, 209 51

STATEMENT of INTEREST ACCOUNT of NAVY PENSION FUND.

Date.	No. of requisition.		Amount.	Date.	No. of requisition.		Amount.
1882. Oct. 3	1269	To transfer to Navy pensions.....	\$59, 813	1882. July 1 Sept. 25	4121	By balance	\$210, 000
3	1270	To transfer to Navy pensions.....	570, 187			By deposit.....	420, 000
			630, 000				630, 000

EXCHANGE.

Bills of exchange were sold by the pay officers of the Department of the Navy during the year to the amount of \$1,850,675.47. Of this sum \$1,489,606.37 was drawn on Messrs. Seligman Brothers, London, and \$361,069.10 on the Secretary of the Navy. The following tables show these transactions in detail:

DRAFTS DRAWN on SELIGMAN BROTHERS, NAVY AGENTS, LONDON, ENGLAND, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.

	Amount.	Amount.	Amount received.	Loss.	Gain.
	£ s. d.				
Alexandria, Egypt	7, 000 0 0	\$34, 065 50	\$34, 069 35	\$57 91	\$61 76
Auckland, New Zealand.....	1, 300 0 0	6, 326 45	6, 326 45		
Bahia, Brazil	100 0 0	486 65	468 44	18 21	
Barbadoes, West Indies	1, 000 0 0	4, 866 50	4, 850 08	16 42	
Bombay, India	2, 000 0 0	9, 733 00	9, 516 78	216 22	
Callao, Peru	1, 055 13 0	5, 137 32	5, 034 58	102 74	
Cape Town, South Africa.....	6, 050 0 0	29, 442 33	29, 532 75	13 39	103 81
Conception, Chili	1, 000 0 0	4, 866 50	4, 731 84	134 66	
Corunna, Spain	400 0 0	1, 946 60	1, 946 60		
Fayal, Azores	300 0 0	1, 459 95	1, 459 95		
Freetown, Sierra Leone	1, 000 0 0	4, 866 50	4, 817 84	48 66	
Funchal, Madeira	2, 000 0 0	9, 733 00	9, 797 50		64 50
Genoa, Italy	3, 000 0 0	14, 599 50	14, 515 53	83 97	
Gibraltar, Spain	13, 449 0 0	65, 449 56	65, 421 11	48 03	19 58
Havre, France	9, 600 0 0	46, 718 40	46, 682 84	35 56	
Hong-Hong, China	28, 000 0 0	136, 262 00	134, 589 00	1, 673 00	
Kingston, Jamaica	3, 000 0 0	14, 599 50	14, 487 00	112 50	
Kobe, Japan	6, 200 0 0	30, 172 30	29, 589 32	582 98	
Lima, Peru	4, 008 12 3	19, 507 92	18, 981 53	526 39	
Lisbon, Portugal	16, 400 0 0	79, 810 60	80, 557 18		746 58
London, England	15, 625 4 2	76, 040 08	76, 040 08		
Montevideo, Uruguay	52, 420 0 0	255, 101 93	253, 343 07	1, 833 38	74 52
Nagasaki, Japan	7, 200 0 0	35, 038 80	34, 264 54	774 26	
Naples, Italy	5, 000 0 0	24, 332 50	24, 173 25	159 25	
Nice, France	24, 000 0 0	116, 796 00	116, 303 08	493 88	96
Palermo, Sicily	3, 000 0 0	14, 599 50	14, 480 79	118 71	
Paris, France	6, 000 0 0	29, 199 00	29, 125 64	77 70	4 34
Port Elizabeth, Cape Colony.....	2, 000 0 0	9, 733 00	9, 757 73		24 73
Port Said, Egypt	1, 000 0 0	4, 866 50	4, 854 33	12 17	
Punta Arenas, Chili	1, 000 0 0	4, 866 50	4, 866 50		
Rio de Janeiro, Brazil	13, 280 11 11	64, 630 02	64, 119 44	510 58	
Shanghai, China	7, 600 0 0	36, 985 40	36, 604 58	420 27	39 45
Simon's Town, South Africa.....	500 0 0	2, 433 25	2, 433 25		
Singapore	2, 000 0 0	9, 733 00	9, 559 76	173 24	
Southampton, England	3, 000 0 0	14, 599 50	14, 581 26	18 24	
Saint Vincent, Cape Verde Islands.....	256 10 0	1, 248 25	1, 248 25		
Tahiti, Society Islands	500 0 0	2, 433 25	2, 433 25		
Teneriffe, Canary Islands	256 12 0	1, 248 74	1, 248 74		
Tientsin, China	1, 000 0 0	4, 866 50	4, 770 65	95 85	
Trieste, Austria	5, 391 0 0	26, 235 30	26, 076 05	159 25	
Valletta, Malta	1, 500 0 0	7, 299 75	7, 299 75		
Valparaiso, Chili	15, 700 16 4	76, 408 02	76, 133 40	560 62	286 00
Yokohama, Japan	31, 000 0 0	150, 861 50	146, 033 06	4, 828 44	
Total.....	306, 093 19 8	1, 489, 606 37	1, 477, 126 12	13, 906 48	1, 426 23

* * * * *

*DRAFTS DRAWN on the SECRETARY of the NAVY for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.**

	Amount.	Amount received.	Loss.	Gain.
Acapulco, Mexico	\$10,271 00	\$10,271 00	-----	-----
Aspinwall, United States of Colombia	9,999 20	9,954 20	\$45 00	-----
Beaufort, South Carolina	15,200 00	15,158 20	41 80	-----
Bermuda	2,910 00	2,919 90	-----	\$9 90
Callao, Peru	46,000 00	45,220 00	780 00	-----
Havana, Cuba	1,000 00	1,000 00	-----	-----
Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands	101,000 00	100,239 70	865 30	105 00
Iquique, Peru	1,824 94	1,824 94	-----	-----
Lima, Peru	47,628 87	46,908 87	720 00	-----
Panama, United States of Colombia	31,270 48	30,750 48	520 00	-----
Santa Anna, Curaçoa, West Indies	5,000 00	5,000 00	-----	-----
St. Thomas, West Indies	7,500 00	7,500 00	-----	-----
Tabiti, Society Islands	2,500 00	2,500 00	-----	-----
Tientsin, China	5,000 00	4,912 50	87 50	-----
Valparaiso, Chili	33,964 61	33,444 61	520 00	-----
Victoria, British Columbia	40,000 00	39,821 25	178 75	-----
Total	361,069 10	357,425 65	3,758 35	114 90

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TOTAL EXCHANGE, 1883.

	Amount.	Amount received.	Loss.	Gain.
London	\$1,489,606 37	\$1,477,126 12	\$13,906 48	\$1,426 23
United States	361,069 10	357,425 65	3,758 35	114 90
	1,850,675 47	1,834,551 77	17,664 83	1,541 13
Loss per change in value of Mexican dollar and Japan yen by United States Treasury circular ..	30,632 37	30,229 53	402 84	-----

EXCHANGE SOLD in 1883, 1882, 1881, and 1880.

Drawn on—	Year.	Amount.	Loss.	Gain.
United States	1883	\$361,069 10	\$3,758 35	\$114 90
London	1883	1,489,606 37	13,906 48	1,426 23
Total		1,850,675 47	17,664 83	1,541 13
United States	1882	412,586 04	4,679 28	9 60
London	1882	1,355,137 71	20,014 90	286 12
Total		1,767,723 75	24,694 18	295 72
United States	1881	78,044 30	1,531 38	102 50
London	1881	1,767,333 09	26,268 00	891 97
Total		1,845,377 39	27,799 38	994 47
United States	1880	188,590 91	614 05	328 84
London	1880	1,746,887 39	27,475 15	1,130 79
Total		1,935,478 30	28,089 20	1,459 63

ACCOUNT WITH SELIGMAN BROTHERS.

A commission of 1 per cent. is paid to Seligman Brothers, London, for disbursements made by them. Their commissions for the year amounted to \$15,943.11. They pay 4 per cent. interest on daily balances remaining on deposit with them and receive 5 per cent. interest on advances they make. The interest paid by them during the year was \$2,884.20, and that received \$3,037.49, making a net loss to the Department of \$153.29. Money is transferred to London from New York by means of

* A detailed statement of these drafts appears in the pamphlet copy of the Auditor's report.

sixty-day bills. Exchange was favorable during the greater part of the year, and the net gain from this source was \$10,050.53.

In this connection I renew the suggestion which I have before made, that the work of the London fiscal agents could be equally well done by one of the Navy Department's own disbursing officers, with little if any addition to present expense, and resulting in the saving of the commission now paid to those agents—a commission which, if continued, ought to be reduced at least one-half.

The following tables exhibit a summary of work performed in the different divisions of the office :

BOOKKEEPER'S DIVISION.

SUMMARY of REQUISITIONS, ACCOUNTS, LETTERS, &c., for the year ending June 30, 1883.

Date.	Number of pay requisitions.	Amount of pay requisitions.	Number of repay requisitions.	Amount of repay requisitions.	Letters received.	Letters written.	Accounts journalized, entered, and balanced.	Ledger extracts for settlement.	Answers to inquiries for accounts on ledgers.	Accounts received.	Accounts settled.	Monthly returns of receipts and expenditures.
1882.												
July	180	\$1,740,815 52	26	\$48,479 33	224	293	74	185	129	...	...	84
August	226	1,398 129 03	21	12,408 91	171	362	158	461	111	...	...	83
September	199	1,360,211 45	24	574,459 51	168	316	52	245	155	1	1	78
October	187	2,414,483 95	28	244,146 85	179	316	115	31	224	...	...	80
November	189	2,141,039 01	28	797,633 94	157	333	180	37	201	...	...	83
December	185	2,786,865 69	17	1,284,661 79	165	295	82	29	164	...	...	89
1883.												
January	198	1,061,342 89	29	91,771 76	162	301	22	28	85	...	...	83
February	187	2,340,035 99	50	1,037,549 78	163	268	28	39	94	...	...	65
March	215	2,007,320 75	17	320,385 22	170	338	48	63	173	...	...	101
April	202	1,080,979 01	19	63,999 55	157	275	133	37	201	...	...	61
May	200	2,200,940 93	52	998,391 40	174	290	37	36	134	4	4	88
June	190	1,915,858 32	38	847,413 14	150	269	129	46	125	3	3	71
Total	2,358	22,448,022 54	349	6,321,301 18	2,040	3,656	1,058	1,237	1,796	8	8	966

PAYMASTERS' AND MARINE ACCOUNTS DIVISION.

STATEMENT of WORK PERFORMED for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.

Date.	Accounts received.	Accounts settled.	Letters received.	Letters written.	Cash vouchers.	Cash disbursements.
1882.						
July	39	37	155	102	516	\$601,590 73
August	53	44	147	118	1,434	1,426,360 58
September	12	21	84	104	770	1,119,349 77
October	25	37	147	116	1,018	670,596 87
November	50	38	150	147	484	734,292 84
December	25	30	145	153	619	1,041,548 51
1883.						
January	18	35	148	121	1,342	1,082,522 80
February	47	36	159	143	676	1,494,221 36
March	26	39	153	167	1,137	579,421 36
April	20	32	153	160	669	1,273,502 85
May	48	35	152	154	987	854,946 60
June	26	35	126	153	1,007	1,451,909 82
Total	389	419	1,719	1,638	10,659	12,330,264 09

Accounts on hand July 1, 1882..... 66
Accounts on hand June 30, 1883..... 36

PURCHASING PAYMASTERS' AND ALLOTMENT ACCOUNTS DIVISION

STATEMENT of the WORK PERFORMED for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.

Date.	Accounts received.	Accounts settled.	Letters received.	Letters written.	Amount involved.
1882.					
July.....	10	23	260	222	\$722,317 14
August.....	129	40	206	217	377,698 88
September.....	5	33	164	164	868,699 39
October.....	9	57	190	182	228,741 56
November.....	21	43	236	213	510,290 72
December.....	32	70	283	274	213,774 69
1883.					
January.....	72	73	259	262	568,716 09
February.....	60	41	214	193	478,199 14
March.....	41	19	238	161	52,941 32
April.....	23	12	221	208	630,067 12
May.....	14	24	210	209	102,419 30
June.....	20	20	267	233	931,056 61
Total.....	436	455	2,748	2,538	5,684,921 96

Allotment accounts.

Date.	Allotments registered.	Allotments discontinued.	Date.	Allotments registered.	Allotments discontinued.
1882.			1883.		
July.....	63	96	January.....	105	114
August.....	178	107	February.....	129	107
September.....	95	70	March.....	55	79
October.....	67	69	April.....	54	91
November.....	104	83	May.....	27	78
December.....	133	133	June.....	98	102
			Total.....	1,108	1,129

Amounts paid for allotments at Navy Pay Offices during the year 1882.

New York.....	\$152,708 00
Washington, D. C.....	99,559 50
Boston.....	85,971 50
Philadelphia.....	79,122 00
Baltimore.....	41,299 00
San Francisco.....	35,259 00
Norfolk.....	31,134 00
Total.....	525,053 00
Accounts remaining on hand June 30, 1882.....	193
Accounts remaining on hand June 30, 1883.....	174
Number of vouchers examined.....	33,635

NAVY PENSION ACCOUNTS DIVISION.

STATEMENT of the WORK PERFORMED for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.

Date.	Accounts received.	Accounts settled.	Letters received.	Letters written.	Amount involved.
1882.					
July	93	85	66	51	.....
August	23	23	83	46	\$106,446 32
September	60	65	54	56	85,633 74
October	18	8	50	87	199 50
November	27	32	57	50	70,002 83
December	24	22	88	54	114,854 33
1883.					
January	10	14	130	51	6,692 58
February	22	25	106	76	32,221 61
March	28	25	111	129	39,861 41
April	10	16	140	159	63,236 76
May	13	8	133	134	3,886 34
June	13	17	115	129	96,385 81
Total	341	340	1,133	1,022	619,421 23

Number of accounts on hand June 30, 1882	25
Number of accounts on hand June 30, 1883	26
Vouchers examined	9,990

The sum of \$1,531.23, included in the forgoing expenditure for the month of August, 1882, was the entire amount paid for Navy arrears of pension during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883, under acts January 25 and March 4, 1879.

Of the above settled accounts, forty, amounting to \$1,738.07, were allowed under section 4718 Revised Statutes, reimbursing those who paid the expenses of deceased pensioners during their last illness and burial.

NUMBER of NAVAL PENSIONERS and the AMOUNT DISBURSED during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.

Pension agencies.	Number of Navy in valid pensioners.	Number of Navy widow pensioners.	Number of dependent relations.	Number of minors.	Total.	Disbursement for the year ending June 30, 1883.
BOSTON, MASS.	715	485	206	24	1,430	\$205,131 71
(Concord, N. H., Augusta, Me.)						
CHICAGO, ILL.	243	123	15	8	389	92,061 15
(Detroit, Mich., Columbus, Ohio, Milwaukee, Wis., Louisville, Ky., Topeka, Kans.)						
NEW YORK CITY, N. Y.	539	322	85	14	960	130,318 36
PHILADELPHIA, PA.	475	415	75	12	977	115,267 00
(Pittsburgh, Pa.)						
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.	71	33	.....	4	108	12,410 07
WASHINGTON, D. C.	515	526	95	22	1,158	177,249 17
(Knoxville, Tenn.)						
Total	2,558	1,904	476	84	5,022	732,437 46

By Executive order, dated December 4, 1882, the consolidation of the above named agencies with the agencies located in Boston, Chicago, New York City, Philadelphia, San Francisco, and Washington was consummated, and all the Navy pensioners at present are paid at the above agencies.

In addition to the foregoing the names of pensioners have been transcribed from the abstracts of payments to Navy pensioners at the New

York agency, from 1876 to 1883, into books prepared for the purpose, in order to preserve the records for reference. Also much time and labor are required in furnishing the Pension Office the necessary information or status of pensioners applying for increase pension.

BOUNTY, ARREARS OF PAY, AND GENERAL CLAIMS DIVISION.

STATEMENT of the WORK PERFORMED for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.

Date.	Claims.			Amount involved.	Letters.		Number of reports on application for—		
	Received.	Settled.	Rejected.		Received.	Written.	Pensions.	Bounty land.	Admission to naval asylum.
1882.									
July	211	106	12	\$20,271 09	675	612	175	.....	.....
August	150	121	8	24,487 91	605	798	152	.....	1
September	124	128	2	19,341 99	550	681	145	.....	.....
October	138	177	28	29,252 36	579	636	132	.....	.....
November	120	131	20	23,003 65	568	550	121	.....	.....
December	85	152	14	26,933 47	587	545	109	.....	.....
1883.									
January	168	74	50	18,435 73	607	570	187	.....	.....
February	176	74	80	18,586 33	603	577	162	.....	1
March	241	109	52	10,790 71	903	782	227	.....	.....
April	212	129	54	11,716 02	740	642	221	.....	2
May	228	109	51	11,074 42	739	674	223	.....	3
June	387	92	41	9,973 11	907	581	101	.....	.....
Total.....	2,240	1,402	412	223,866 79	8,063	7,648	1,955	.....	7

Claims remaining on hand June 30, 1882

616

Claims remaining on hand June 30, 1883

1,042

Of the total amount involved in the claims settled, the sum of \$12,217.59 was allowed to officers of the Navy and Marine Corps, under the decision of the United States Supreme Court in the case of Commodore Temple, as the difference between actual expenses and mileage for travel out of the United States; \$22,632.10 to officers of the Marine Corps, under the decision of the Supreme Court in the case of Captain Tyler as "longevity pay"; \$18,691.84 to officers of the Navy, under the acts of August 5, 1882, as longevity pay; and \$15,300 to machinists honorably discharged from the Navy, as the gratuity authorized by the act of June 16, 1880. Of the \$18,691.84, paid under act of August 5, 1882, as longevity pay, the sum of \$6,384.15 was appropriated by Congress at the last session. The act of March 3, 1883, included the provisions on this subject in the act of August 5, 1882, and added some additional words, which, if the provision were held to be retroactive, would very much enlarge its scope and require several hundred thousand dollars to satisfy claims already filed. Before any settlements were made under the act of March 3, 1883, the matter was presented by the Secretary of the Treasury to the Attorney-General with the inquiry whether under either of said acts the party was entitled to additional pay for services rendered prior to their enactment. The Attorney-General, in an elaborate opinion given on the 22d of June, 1883, decided that neither of these acts is retroactive. Since the date of that opinion no money has been paid contrary thereto.

A STATUTE OF LIMITATION.

The filing of a large number of claims for mileage arising in travel performed abroad by officers of the Navy, from 1835 to 1874, presents,

in my opinion, strong evidence of the propriety of some limitation being placed by law upon the prosecution of such stale demands.

The cases referred to arise under a law of 1835; it was construed by the Attorney-General, the Secretary of the Navy, and the accounting officers, and acquiesced in by the officers interested, until the law was repealed by new legislation in 1874, although the Court of Claims—established in 1855—was open to them had they desired to contest the construction placed upon the law by the executive branch of the Government.

Now, nearly ten years since the repeal of the law, upon a decision of the Supreme Court upon the construction of a law of 1876, somewhat similar to that of 1835, a mass of claims arising between 1835 and 1874 are presented and urged. A case under the act of 1835 is now before the Supreme Court, and should judgment be given against the Government a large sum will be required to meet claims revived after years of acquiescence, some of them nearly fifty years old. This statement of facts shows very clearly the necessity of some limitation, or every act since the foundation of the Government may be opened to a new construction by decisions of the Supreme Court, rendered upon that which the claimants, or their attorneys, conceive to be similar conditions. The policy of law would seem in favor of some statute of repose, or never-ending new litigations may arise upon acts long obsolete. For these reasons I submit that some limitation upon the recognition of old claims by the accounting officers be authorized by law.

PRIZE-MONEY, RECORD, AND FILES DIVISION.

STATEMENT of the WORK PERFORMED for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.

Date.	Letters—		Claims—			Amount of prize-money paid.	Records.			
	Received.	Written.	Received.	Settled.	Rejected.		Letters keyed in.	Letters keyed out.	Letters recorded.	Letters indexed.
1882.										
July	115	139	14	6	6	\$142 47	1, 495	1, 419	1, 463	3, 535
August	144	180	23	8	12	616 39	1, 356	1, 721	1, 236	1, 650
September	119	141	15	7	6	359 22	1, 139	1, 462	990	990
October	111	132	18	3	15	19 96	1, 256	1, 469	2, 040	2, 929
November	79	100	21	10	11	288 19	1, 247	1, 393	1, 850	3, 572
December	101	102	7	2	5	58 96	1, 369	1, 423	1, 904	2, 884
1883.										
January	124	155	11	6	5	96 07	1, 430	1, 460	2, 153	4, 384
February	134	139	10	4	4	330 34	1, 379	1, 396	1, 162	2, 032
March	215	232	44	43	8	34, 115 76	1, 790	1, 809	1, 736	2, 563
April	159	254	42	31	11	19, 939 80	1, 570	1, 698	2, 419	2, 814
May	149	144	14	12	2	13, 567 77	1, 557	1, 605	2, 180	2, 513
June	156	172	25	17	8	29, 615 21	1, 721	1, 537	2, 109	3, 166
Total	1, 606	1, 890	244	149	93	99, 150 14	17, 309	18, 392	21, 242	33, 032

This division is charged also with the preparation of all reports and tabular statements called for by Congress and the Secretary of the Treasury; the preservation and care of the files; keeping a record of appointments, resignations, removals, and absences; the care and issuing of stationery used in the office, and the payment of salaries to employes.

JAPANESE INDEMNITY AND NEW ORLEANS PRIZE-MONEY.

The act of February 22, 1883, known as the "Japanese indemnity act," making an award in the nature of prize-money to the officers and crews of the U. S. ships Wyoming and Takiang, for services in 1863 and 1864, has given rise to a class of claims for settlement in this division requiring more than ordinary care. Of the \$140,000 awarded \$95,519.07 has been paid to 75 claimants of the 172 who are entitled to share.

The time that has elapsed since the service was rendered adds much to the difficulty of settlement. The seamen are many of them dead, and their families or relatives in ignorance that anything is due them; and, in cases where claims have been made, the required evidence of identity, marriage, birth, or death, is difficult of access, or entirely out of the power of the claimants to produce, since the majority of the applications are from persons of slight education and careless habits. These causes make it frequently difficult to decide in conflicting cases, and largely increases the opportunities for fraudulent representations and claims, every case demanding the closest scrutiny.

The above remarks as to the difficulty of settlement due to lapse of time apply forcibly to the case of the New Orleans award. The action was fought in April, 1862, the award was made in 1873; two installments were distributed in 1874 and 1875, but a third installment of \$143,644.47 remains due to the captors; and in this case absolute injustice is added to the inconvenience and expense placed upon the claimants by delay. The award was made in 1873 by the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, and affirmed by the Supreme Court of the United States May 3, 1875; thus it became a *debt* due by the United States. If Congress does not soon make the necessary appropriation, very few of the men who forced the passage of Forts Jackson and Philip will be alive to enjoy their due; many widows will suffer and *are* suffering for want of that which is theirs *by law*.

In conclusion I have to report that the work of the Bureau for the year has been well and promptly done. I have been greatly aided by the ability and experience of the Deputy Auditor, Mr. B. P. Davis, and the chiefs of divisions, and the faithfulness and efficiency of clerks and employés generally.

Respectfully submitted.

CHAS. BEARDSLEY,
Auditor.

Hon. CHARLES J. FOLGER.

Secretary of the Treasury.

REPORT OF THE FIFTH AUDITOR.

R E P O R T
OF
THE FIFTH AUDITOR OF THE TREASURY.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
FIFTH AUDITOR'S OFFICE,
Washington, October 28, 1883.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith the annual report of this office for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883, accompanied by an appendix of tabular statements, as follows:

Table A, giving the names of diplomatic officers, including ministers, chargés d'affaires, secretaries, and interpreters, with salaries, contingent expenses, and passport fees.

Tables B and C, showing the salaries of consuls and their compensation from agencies; salaries for instruction, transit, and while awaiting exequatur; fees collected, contingent expenses, loss by exchange, and allowance for clerks at the several consulates.

Table D, showing the fees collected at unsalaried consulates and the compensation of consuls; also, rent, clerk hire, and contingent expenses.

Table E, giving the names of consular clerks, with their salaries and location.

Table F, showing the expenses for rent of prisons and wages of prison keepers at consulates in China, Japan, Siam, and Turkey; also, salaries of marshals and interpreters.

Table G, showing the number of seamen afforded relief at the various consulates, with the amount expended and the extra and arrears of wages collected.

Table H, showing the number of seamen sent to the United States, with the amount paid at the Treasury for their passage.

Table I, showing the character and amount of the fees and charges collected at each consulate, inclusive of agencies.

Table K, showing the internal-revenue assessments and the amount of cash deposited by districts and States.

Table L, showing the salaries of collectors of internal revenue, with the amounts paid deputies, clerks, storekeepers, gaugers, and for incidental expenses.

The clerical force of the Bureau consists of three chiefs of divisions, four clerks of class 4, five of class 3, four of class 2, six of class 1, two at \$1,000 each, and four at \$900 each.

During the year 11,457 accounts have been adjusted, 236,081 vouchers examined, 7,168 reports copied, 6,753 letters written, 26,884 coupon books counted, and 26,815 coupon books scheduled. The amounts involved in the accounts adjusted aggregate \$894,138,353.17.

DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR DIVISION.

In this division the expenses of the diplomatic and consular service of the United States are adjusted, including salaries and contingent expenses, relief and passage of American seamen, estates of American citizens and seamen dying abroad, awards of commissions, expenses of international exhibitions, &c.

Diplomatic service.—The accounts of ministers and other officials in this service, so far as they have been presented for settlement (Table A), show \$291,304.57 paid for salaries of ministers and chargé d'affaires, \$30,703.83 for salaries of secretaries, interpreters, and clerks of legations, \$60,460.96 for contingent expenses, and \$1,602.83 for loss by exchange, aggregating \$384,072.19. Passport fees were collected amounting to \$3,516.17. In the absence of a minister the secretary of legation becomes *ex officio* chargé d'affaires and receives salary as such. This accounts for the repetition of names in the tabular statement. It will be noted also that in a few cases the amount paid for salary exceeds the amount appropriated. This occurs whenever an official remains in office while his successor is paid salary for instructions and transit.

Consular service.—Consulates-general, consulates, and commercial agencies are divided by statute into three classes, as follows: (1) Those embraced in a schedule known as Schedule B, the incumbents of which receive a fixed salary and are not allowed to engage in private business. (2) Those embraced in a schedule known as Schedule C, the incumbents of which receive a fixed salary and are allowed to engage in business. (3) All other consulates, the incumbents of which are compensated by the fees collected in their offices and are allowed to transact business. In tabulating consular accounts for fees, salaries, and other expenditures (Tables B, C, and D) this classification has been observed.

During the year accounts have been adjusted showing that official fees were received and expenses paid as follows:

Fees for official services	\$914, 839 74
Consular salaries	\$413, 606 22
Loss by exchange	3, 554 31
Compensation from fees	210, 332 57
Rent, clerk hire, &c. (sec. 1732 R. S.)	9, 475 74
Contingent expenses	132, 699 89
Allowance for clerks	64, 991 27
Rent of prison, wages of keepers, &c., China	7, 913 46
Rent of prison, wages of keepers, &c., Japan	3, 181 60
Rent of prisons, wages of keepers, &c., Siam and Turkey...	1, 279 62
Salaries of interpreters in China, Japan, and Siam	13, 946 02
Salaries of marshals for consular courts	6, 350 00
Expenses for interpreters, guards, &c., in Turkish dominions.	2, 957 90
	<hr/>
	870, 290 60

Excess of receipts over expenditures	44, 549 14
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In the amount given for consular salaries are included the salaries of consular officers not citizens of the United States, aggregating \$953.72, covered by a separate appropriation, and also the salaries of consular officers for instructions, transit, and while awaiting exequatur, amounting to \$11,920.46.

Consular fees.—The receipts from consular fees have increased year by year from \$624,265.99 in the fiscal year 1877 to \$826,545.76 in 1880, and to \$843,066.36 in 1881. The last report gave the fees for 1882 at \$889,840.55, but several accounts then unadjusted have increased this to \$917,331.30, as shown in Tables B, C, and D. For the fiscal year just closed the fees adjusted aggregate \$914,839.74. This amount will be increased by a few returns not yet received, so that the receipts for 1883 will equal if not slightly exceed those for 1882.

Consulates from which returns are incomplete are properly marked in the tables.

For the purpose of comparison, fees collected at the various consulates and their agencies are given in Tables B, C, and D for the fiscal years 1882 and 1883. It will be noted that while the fees aggregate about the same for the two years, most of the consulates show some increase or diminution of receipts. In some cases these differences are quite noticeable. Among the consulates-general there is a decrease of \$2,400 at Berlin, \$3,000 at London, \$2,000 at Montreal, and \$700 at Shanghai. The noticeable gains are at Havana \$1,300 and Calcutta \$900. Several consulates in Schedule B present similar changes. At Liverpool the receipts are \$2,700 less, at Lyons \$2,200, at Toronto \$1,300, at Prague \$1,000, at Belfast \$2,000, and at Hamburg \$1,500; while the receipts at Bradford have increased \$1,300, at Barmen \$2,100, at Palermo \$3,200, and at Tunstall \$3,300. Lurgan, an agency of Belfast, established in June, 1882, reports \$1,625, which nearly covers the decrease of fees at Belfast, and probably explains the loss, the business going to the agency instead of to the consulate. The returns from Altona, amounting to \$1,251, may also account in part for the decrease of fees at Hamburg, of which it is an agency, being established in January, 1882. Perhaps the most conspicuous gain is at Garita Gonzalez, an agency of Nuevo Laredo. It was established in January, 1882, and for the six months ending June 30 returned fees to the amount of \$217.50. This year the returns aggregate \$1,949, while the consulate reports \$1,199.50 as against \$1,527 last year.

In this connection I desire to call attention to Table I, showing the sources from which consular fees are derived. It will be observed that the total consular charges on American shipping amount to \$135,499.96, as against \$129,906.18 reported last year. The following totals are given:

VESSELS' FEES AND CHARGES.

Shipping and discharging crews.....	\$15,564 55
Receiving and delivering ships' papers.....	29,432 23
Bills of health, clearances, and other fees.....	51,212 66
Extra wages.....	39,290 52
Total from vessels.....	\$135,499 96

MISCELLANEOUS FEES.

Invoices.....	\$752,760 04
Other fees.....	65,870 26
Total.....	818,630 30
Total.....	954,130 26

Extra wages are included in this last amount which accounts for its being larger than the total given elsewhere of official fees collected.

Relief of seamen.—During the year, 1,042 seamen were relieved at an average cost of about \$25 each, and 384 sent to the United States on certificates payable at the Treasury at an additional cost of \$14 each.

Last year 1,380 were relieved at a cost of \$22.50 each, and 704 sent home at \$12.50 each. Accounts were adjusted as follows:

Extra wages collected.....	\$39,290 52	
Arrears of wages collected	17,093 05	
		\$56,383 57
Extra and arrears of wages refunded to seamen.....		24,317 75
		<hr/> 32,065 82
Board and lodging	8,003 36	
Clothing	4,600 53	
Passage certificates paid at Treasury.....	5,374 00	
Other expenses, including medical aid.....	13,599 08	
		<hr/> 31,576 97
Excess of wages not refunded over relief		488 85

To the amount paid for relief should be added \$1,500 or thereabouts, to cover accounts not yet received and adjusted. But in arriving at the exact amount of relief, the expense covered by arrears of wages should be deducted from the total amount afforded, for seamen cannot be regarded *destitute* who have arrears of wages. During the year such expense amounted to about \$3,000, showing that the relief afforded seamen who were actually *destitute* was less than \$30,000. Of this amount one of the largest items was for medical aid, an expense which might be materially reduced if seamen were subjected to a physical examination preliminary to shipment.

Of those to whom relief was granted, 491, or nearly one-half, had suffered shipwreck. This class of seamen become the special wards of the Government, and ample provision is made for their care without regard to nationality or to their character as American seamen. It is gratifying to know that the greater part of the relief afforded this year went to that unfortunate class.

It is to the credit of the consular service also that of those relieved only 82 were "deserters," or about one-half the number aided in 1882. Of the 128 seamen relieved at Santiago, Cape Verde Islands, and Fayal, Azores, during that year, 97 were deserters. This year 9 were relieved at Victoria, Vancouver's Island, being the highest number of deserters aided at any consulate except at Fayal, the accounts of which are not yet adjusted. Six were relieved at Santiago, Cape Verde Islands, and at Port Louis, Cape Town, Marseilles, and Hull, five each. Of the 88 consulates granting relief, only 31 afforded aid to this class.

Since the passage of the laws respecting relief, the conditions have materially changed. In earlier days the men who manned American vessels represented the homes of the New England and seaboard States. "The controlling object of the statutes," says the Consular Regulations, Par. 234, "was the preservation and protection of a body of seamen, citizen of the United States, who should be available for the merchant marine, and whom consular officers should have the means of maintaining and returning to the United States on their discharge abroad." It is well understood, however, that the great body of seamen now manning American vessels belong to a different class.

Writing of this subject, United States Consular Agent Comsett, of Desterro, South Brazil, says (Consular Reports No. 26):

And it is also true that the American sailor, of whom tradition has taught Americans to be proud, is gradually disappearing from actual existence.

Mr. H. C. Marston, United States consul at Malaga, writing of the same subject, says (Consular Reports No. 10):

American seamen, like American ships, are a thing of the past. Even among the crews of American vessels you will find nine-tenths are composed of foreign subjects, and in many cases many of them are men who never saw America and have no feeling in common with her interests.

Mr. John S. Mosby, United States consul at Hong-Kong (No. 157), writes:

An American sailor is certainly now a *rara avis in terris*. At least nine-tenths of the sailors I discharge are foreigners who sail indifferently under the flags of every nationality, * * * always ready to go on the first ship that offers a chance as soon as they have had a spree on shore.

Mr. Packard, the United States consul at Liverpool (No. 168), says:

During the calendar year of 1881 there arrived at this port from the United States 159 American ships, the crews numbering, exclusive of the masters, 3,088. Of this number 1,197 were reported on the articles as citizens of the United States, and 1,891 were reported as subjects of the various foreign countries. These crews are accounted for as follows: 1,886 deserted at this port, 159 were discharged with extra wages, 21 died, 22 detained or imprisoned by the authorities, and 1,000 continued the voyage. The number of seamen deserting, it will be observed, corresponds nearly with the number of foreigners comprised in the crews of the 159 American ships arriving.

Mr. Howard, United States commercial agent at Hull, England, says (Consular Reports No. 17):

I beg to record my settled conviction that the present system of relief of American seamen only results in the expenditure of money for the relief of foreigners, the encouragement of crimps, and in many cases even to false swearing by the master to the desertion list.

In a letter addressed this office in January last, the shipping commissioner at New York states that of 6,947 seamen shipped during the year 1881, only 1,449 seamen and 1,145 officers declared themselves American born. "But of these 1,449 seamen who declared themselves American born," says the commissioner, "I believe, judging from their names, their speech, and their general appearance, that not one in five were so born." Similar statements have been addressed this office by the shipping commissioners at Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Boston.

In view of these statements which might be multiplied by reference to other consular reports, it is evident that consular officers cannot be too careful that they act advisedly in the disbursement of relief, and that most of them are careful is evidenced by the fact that the relief this year is less than one-half the amount afforded in 1879.

Adjustment of consular returns.—The work of revising consular returns of fees and charges as required by section 4213 of the Revised Statutes has been prosecuted with good results during the year. It adds materially to the labor bestowed in former years on the adjustment of consular accounts, but with the present clerical force allowed the division it can be satisfactorily performed. Reports from collectors of customs are received monthly, which are compiled and afterwards compared with the consular returns rendered quarterly. This work has been retarded somewhat by the illegible and irregular numbering of invoices by some of the consular officers, but their attention has been called to the matter by instructions from the Department of State.

Another and perhaps the most serious delay to the work of the division is the failure of many consular agents to forward their returns promptly and in order. The opinion seems to obtain that agents, being paid from fees, are required to report only once a year; but respecting returns, consular regulations make no distinction between salaried and unsalaried consular officials, par. 493 requiring that "returns of fees must be made *without fail at the close of each quarter*." Many accounts

audited and reported below, under "accounts for prior years," should have been adjusted in former years, and would have been but for the delay in reaching this office.

Other expenses of the foreign service.—During the year other accounts pertaining to the foreign service have been adjusted as follows:

Court of Commissioners of Alabama Claims	\$133,407 12
French and American Claims Commission	193,533 45
Commissioner to negotiate a commercial treaty with Mexico	6,000 00
Spanish and American Claims Commission	4,458 33
International Congress of Electricians held in 1881 at Paris	2,957 75
Commission to China 1880-1881. Act approved August 5, 1882	2,000 00
International Bureau of Weights and Measures, 1883	2,231 27
Allowance to widows or heirs of diplomatic and consular officers who died abroad, 1883	1,038 27
Rescuing shipwrecked American seamen, 1883	807 23
Bringing home criminals, 1883	199 91
Cape Spartel light, 1883	301 80
Shipping and discharging seamen, 1883	4,203 00
Rent of court-house and jail at Yedo, 1883	3,400 00
Buildings and grounds for legation in China, 1883	3,000 00
Payment of Japanese indemnity fund (act approved February 22, 1883) ..	785,000 87
Relief of claimants for destruction of private armed brig General Armstrong, act of April 20, 1882	13,723 84
Allowance to James Rea, late consul at Belfast, for clerk hire and other expenses, per acts approved June 30, 1882, and March 3, 1883	6,036 98
Allowance to James Rea, for relief of seamen for 1880 and prior years, per act approved June 30, 1882	600 00
Two years' salary to E. J. Mallett, late consul-general at Italy, per act approved March 3, 1883	6,000 00
Payment to creditors of Henry O. Wagner, late consular clerk at Lyons, France, act approved April 1, 1882	545 50
Allowance to Mrs. Sophronia R. Hurlbut, widow of Stephen A. Hurlbut, late envoy, &c., per joint resolution of July 28, 1882	3,453 50
Allowance to Mrs. Louisa V. De Kilpatrick, widow of General Judson Kilpatrick, late minister to Chili, per joint resolution approved July 28, 1882	5,124 17
Allowance to Mrs. Sarah J. S. Garnet, widow of Henry A. Garnet, late minister to Liberia, under joint resolution approved August 1, 1882 ..	2,728 50
Allowance to Rebecca L. Lewis and J. J. Coffey, per private act No. 63, approved March 3, 1883	4,000 00

Disbursing clerk's accounts.—The disbursing clerk of the Department of State, R. C. Morgan, has rendered accounts which have been adjusted as follows:

Expenses under the neutrality act, 1882, \$3,500; 1883, \$5,883.73	\$9,383 73
Rescuing American seamen, 1882, \$1,626.43; 1883, \$1,834.95	3,461 38
Contingent expenses, foreign missions, 1880, \$756.44; 1881, \$1,850.65; 1882, \$3,865.84; 1883, \$10,320.03	21,792 96
Bringing home criminals, 1881, \$393; 1882, \$2,544.83; 1883, \$46.87	3,484 70
Contingent expenses, consulates, 1880 and prior years, \$969.18; 1881, \$613.61; 1882, \$32,529.03; 1883, \$46,813.94	80,925 76
International Sanitary Congress	200 00
International Exhibition at Sydney and Melbourne, 1879-'80	20 00
Fishery Exhibition of 1883 at London	39,241 55
Removal of remains of S. A. Hurlbut from Peru to Illinois	487 62
Payment to E. J. Mallett, late consul-general to Italy, act March 3, 1883 ..	2,525 00

Accounts for prior years.—Diplomatic and consular accounts, not heretofore reported, were received during the year and have been adjusted as follows:

Salaries of ministers, 1881, \$1,098.90; 1882, \$13,264	\$14,362 90
Salaries of secretaries of legation, 1878	825 83
Salaries of United States consuls, 1871 and prior years, \$762.37; 1874, \$163.04; 1881, \$636.98; 1882, \$6,219.33	7,781 72
Contingent expenses foreign missions, 1879, \$1,003; 1880 and prior years, \$226; 1882, \$1,505.91	2,734 91
Contingent expenses United States consulates, 1874, \$82.79; 1875, \$102.64; 1879, \$186.63; 1880, \$316.49; 1881, \$1,200.85; 1882, \$1,665.03	3,554 43

Allowance for clerks at consulates, 1881, \$162; 1882, \$573.92	\$735 92
Expenses of interpreters, guards, &c., Turkish dominions, 1882.....	130 20
Wages of keepers, &c., China, 1882.....	555 80
Salaries of interpreters to China, Japan, and Siam, 1882.....	625 00
Salaries of marshals for consular courts, 1882.....	250 00
Rent of prisons, wages of keepers, Siam and Turkey, 1882	296 50
Rent of court-house and jail, Yedo, 1879, \$3,400; 1880, \$3,400; 1881, \$3,400; 1882, \$3,400	13,600 00
Shipping and discharging seamen, 1882	606 00
Rescuing American seamen, 1878, \$100; 1880, \$440; 1882, \$335.93.....	875 93
Relief and protection of destitute American seamen, 1871 and prior years, \$117.80; 1881, \$1,420.04; 1882, \$3,666.68.....	5,204 52
Allowance to widows or heirs of consular and diplomatic officers who die abroad, 1882	1,115 34
International Exposition at Paris, 1878	192 34
Procuring copies of Dr. Kohl's maps of the continent and islands of America	245 09

Morton, Rose & Co.'s accounts.—During the year Messrs. Morton, Rose & Co., bankers of the United States at London, received \$255,296.78 on account of consular fees, \$13,729.15 on account of extra wages and other money of seamen, and \$3,647.52 from the estate of Clews, Habicht & Co. Their disbursements were as follows:

Salaries of ministers, 1882, \$44,214.27; 1883, \$146,523.92.....	\$190,738 19
Salaries of secretaries of legation, 1881, \$449.98; 1882, \$6,696.70; 1883, \$24,007.58	31,154 26
Contingent expenses foreign missions, 1882, \$3,480.94; 1883, \$29,947.07...	33,428 01
Salaries of consular service, 1882, \$3,336.08; 1883, \$3,674 06.....	7,010 14
Contingent expenses United States consulates, 1882, \$550; 1883, \$800.03..	1,350 03
Books and maps, 1882	4 42
Fishery exhibition of 1883 at London	4,374 45
Expenses of Cape Spartel light, 1883	285 00
Expenses of interpreters, guards, &c., in Turkish dominions, 1883.....	125 00
Oil jettisoned from ship Empire.....	2,627 54

Decedents' trust fund.—Amounts were paid from “estates of decedents, trust fund,” having been previously covered into the Treasury, as follows:

Charles Frodin, deceased seaman	\$251 86
Axel Ek, alias Charles Bailey, deceased citizen.....	332 35
Mary K. Colburn, deceased citizen.....	1,061 50
John Mulligan, deceased citizen	78 66
G. F. Shipley, deceased citizen	1,070 94
James Totten, deceased citizen	946 76
	3,742 07

INTERNAL REVENUE DIVISION.

In this division the accounts of collectors of internal revenue are adjusted, including salaries, contingent expenses, and compensation of storekeepers. The recent consolidation of collection-districts, reducing the number of collectors from 126 to 84, will not materially lessen the work of this division. There will be no decrease in deputy collectors or storekeepers, so that the number of vouchers to be examined will remain the same. Indeed, this character of work is more likely to increase than decrease, as is shown in the following table, giving the work of this division for the past six years:

Fiscal year.	Number of accounts audited.	Number of vouchers examined.	Reports recorded and copied.	Coupon books counted and scheduled.
1878.....	3,081	89,088	1,497	14,134
1879.....	3,159	92,750	1,617	20,504
1880.....	3,152	98,562	1,468	23,629
1881.....	3,085	110,851	1,383	22,361
1882.....	3,078	98,767	1,542	25,790
1883.....	3,031	113,739	1,576	26,883

It will be noted that while the number of accounts audited has remained about the same during these years, the vouchers examined and coupon books counted and scheduled have gradually increased.

Assessments and deposits.—During the year collectors of internal revenue collected and deposited \$137,622,842.55, as shown by districts in Table K. This was exclusive of \$7,034,804.61 derived from the sale of adhesive stamps, and \$53,979.42 from other sources. The following statement shows the assessments by States, with the cash deposited for 1883. For purposes of comparison the cash deposited for 1882 has been added:

States.	Assessments and stamps charged.	Cash deposited 1883.	Cash deposited 1882.
Alabama.....	\$126,224 41	\$112,118 86	\$139,706 96
Arizona.....	75,082 25	41,051 89	45,068 05
Arkansas.....	153,992 97	97,521 29	110,957 37
California.....	4,742,736 57	4,002,796 64	4,126,744 11
Colorado.....	272,700 68	216,100 47	247,264 09
Connecticut.....	527,922 72	509,895 13	561,592 30
Dakota.....	132,389 03	88,256 08	65,998 56
Delaware.....	306,310 99	293,636 48	350,906 37
Florida.....	278,750 20	251,613 92	278,855 98
Georgia.....	485,933 84	398,751 26	360,123 32
Idaho.....	58,055 10	34,588 68	31,070 89
Illinois.....	28,484,218 28	25,996,595 00	28,207,453 19
Indiana.....	6,163,679 65	5,586,693 88	6,505,508 17
Iowa.....	4,394,226 22	4,071,975 30	1,841,531 21
Kansas.....	276,757 55	239,225 39	264,091 35
Kentucky.....	19,267,549 01	15,385,689 22	10,533,315 96
Louisiana.....	1,005,672 79	739,808 34	918,899 19
Maine.....	80,158 21	72,693 32	85,259 83
Maryland.....	4,092,421 68	3,431,852 24	2,819,440 10
Massachusetts.....	3,042,476 47	2,753,661 97	2,937,359 07
Michigan.....	2,290,836 70	1,884,220 40	1,999,932 80
Minnesota.....	597,798 11	538,151 27	521,820 19
Mississippi.....	74,542 32	77,631 64	87,314 18
Missouri.....	9,693,994 11	7,671,792 86	7,554,454 16
Montana.....	112,365 75	75,542 81	68,601 31
Nebraska.....	1,434,812 46	1,320,517 23	1,108,194 05
Nevada.....	51,276 10	40,308 22	50,350 57
New Hampshire.....	381,681 58	351,366 60	352,394 58
New Jersey.....	6,341,106 14	5,424,428 79	5,450,968 24
New Mexico.....	82,095 11	53,172 29	58,085 91
New York.....	19,264,122 10	17,967,911 57	19,453,355 36
North Carolina.....	2,938,582 69	2,379,141 75	2,869,344 98
Ohio.....	18,454,640 77	15,712,020 36	18,368,784 59
Oregon.....	115,544 53	101,097 75	88,648 78
Pennsylvania.....	9,661,332 28	8,732,447 01	8,763,174 54
Rhode Island.....	388,447 81	395,319 43	229,258 48
South Carolina.....	153,711 57	118,045 06	118,867 71
Tennessee.....	1,412,982 58	1,175,557 65	999,049 60
Texas.....	308,747 13	277,370 53	267,056 38
Utah.....	61,095 46	53,895 10	48,523 16
Vermont.....	52,538 19	46,092 80	54,561 62
Virginia.....	7,322,196 11	5,078,021 44	6,231,913 71
Washington.....	66,941 42	48,760 12	41,024 42
West Virginia.....	620,500 00	560,397 73	499,469 06
Wisconsin.....	3,527,352 85	3,195,200 96	3,191,298 07
Wyoming.....	26,986 73	19,705 82	19,467 20
	159,403,489 02	137,622,842 55	138,926,779 72

Collectors' expenses.—Disbursement accounts were adjusted, aggregating \$4,092,708.89, as follows: Salaries of collectors, \$433,236.17; compensation of deputies and clerks, \$1,478,328.08; rent, fuel, and lights, \$55,917.25; stationery, expressage, and other incidental expenses, \$20,628.63; compensation of storekeepers, \$1,300,083; compensation of gaugers, \$804,515.76. The statement following exhibits these expenses by States, showing at a glance the relative cost of collecting the revenue.

It will be observed that the cost in North Carolina is about as much as in New York, although nearly eighteen millions were collected in

the latter State, as shown by the preceding table, while in North Carolina less than three millions were collected. In other words, \$1 in New York collects \$55, and in North Carolina it collects \$7. The neighboring States of Indiana and Kentucky present interesting differences, the cost of collecting the revenue in Kentucky being \$1 for every \$22 collected, and in Indiana \$1 for every \$43. In Illinois it is \$1 to \$70; in Nebraska, \$1 to \$54; in Ohio, \$1 to \$49; in Michigan, \$1 to 41; in Wisconsin, \$1 to \$45; in Pennsylvania, \$1 to \$25; in Virginia, \$1 to \$34; in South Carolina, \$1 to \$3; in Georgia, \$1 to \$5; in Alabama, \$1 to \$4; in Mississippi, \$1 to \$4; in Tennessee, \$1 to \$8, and in Texas, \$1 to \$6. The average cost for all the States is \$1 to \$34.

States.	Expenses of collector's office.				Compensation of storekeepers.	Compensation of gaugers.	Total expense.
	Salary of collector.	Deputies and clerks.	Rent, fuel, and lights.	Stationery, expressage, and other expenses.			
Alabama	\$5,000 00	\$19,428 95	\$399 99	\$227 49	\$1,887 00	\$2,550 69	\$29,494 12
Arizona	2,250 04	4,309 01	641 01	150 52		824 35	8,174 93
Arkansas	2,625 00	12,758 20		254 93	7,376 00	1,782 67	24,796 80
California	7,750 00	51,534 70	1,280 00	869 93	25,852 00	35,079 98	122,366 61
Colorado	2,875 00	11,789 12	1,100 00	142 62		1,976 72	17,883 46
Connecticut	6,000 00	17,156 31	650 00	194 08	2,932 00	4,850 65	31,783 04
Dakota	2,750 00	6,900 00	475 00	157 37			10,282 37
Delaware	3,125 00	8,425 00	300 20	85 36		1,213 82	13,149 38
Florida	3,000 00	10,351 60	589 32	96 72			14,037 64
Georgia	5,766 33	41,136 25	100 00	441 04	37,263 00	8,910 34	93,716 96
Idaho	2,125 00	4,487 40	380 00	341 61	1,252 00	414 14	9,000 15
Illinois	29,313 20	93,089 40	2,969 09	1,362 54	104,601 00	108,964 23	340,299 46
Indiana	21,250 00	36,859 20	1,292 20	688 12	38,213 00	27,543 11	125,845 63
Iowa	13,500 00	28,948 79	715 60	440 37	15,464 00	14,468 21	73,536 97
Kansas	3,000 00	12,585 94	552 05	112 48	2,191 00	469 56	18,911 03
Kentucky	24,000 00	82,840 80	2,197 34	2,381 54	441,974 00	147,222 73	700,616 41
Louisiana	4,000 00	26,223 65	112 50	193 20		7,687 87	38,217 22
Maine	2,375 00	6,700 00		56 75			9,131 75
Maryland	7,250 00	39,635 48	750 00	445 35	31,699 00	29,994 60	109,774 43
Massachusetts	12,125 00	39,275 00	946 20	338 09	17,812 00	19,296 36	89,792 65
Michigan	13,125 00	28,172 04	1,331 25	406 29		3,238 09	46,272 67
Minnesota	6,000 00	14,998 55	200 00	240 74		2,925 21	24,364 50
Mississippi	2,875 00	17,355 45	480 00	198 81		166 90	21,076 16
Missouri	17,250 00	53,352 75	4,315 35	1,258 41	34,328 00	38,347 96	148,852 47
Montana	2,500 00	7,600 00	400 00	39 88		105 14	10,645 02
Nebraska	4,500 00	8,000 00		113 21	5,816 00	5,675 60	24,104 81
Nevada	2,500 00	4,978 80	400 00	96 05		87 01	8,061 86
New Hampshire	3,343 75	5,300 00		97 32	1,460 00	1,080 19	11,281 26
New Jersey	11,375 00	38,696 08	907 50	329 21	3,476 00	7,382 36	62,166 15
New Mexico	2,500 00	4,655 25	700 00	132 60		270 26	8,258 11
New York	46,281 25	180,894 11	12,230 69	1,682 22	18,110 00	67,684 74	326,883 01
North Carolina	14,625 00	85,717 37	1,615 00	1,255 25	188,549 49	33,414 84	325,176 46
Ohio	33,781 60	96,400 69	7,082 17	1,320 27	80,349 00	101,136 17	320,069 90
Oregon	2,625 00	4,926 04		52 85	188 00	1,074 55	8,866 44
Pennsylvania	36,125 00	130,017 12	4,386 89	1,529 63	105,621 00	73,895 35	351,574 99
Rhode Island	3,375 00	6,600 00		54 34		758 17	10,787 51
South Carolina	3,625 00	20,321 28		237 96	11,662 00	1,959 98	37,806 22
Tennessee	9,500 00	37,504 59	515 00	482 15	74,925 00	16,005 03	138,931 77
Texas	8,125 00	31,099 72	1,278 20	276 85	4,361 00	2,637 36	47,778 13
Utah	2,500 00	3,400 00	396 00	47 71		1,137 52	7,481 23
Vermont	2,250 00	3,998 20	191 53	55 65			6,495 38
Virginia	20,500 00	85,664 68	2,111 69	961 83	25,356 00	16,544 16	151,137 76
Washington	7,250 00	3,991 20	250 00	192 56			6,683 76
West Virginia	6,125 00	16,266 90	437 50	67 38	4,335 00	4,074 92	31,306 70
Wisconsin	13,375 00	31,179 06	888 58	473 13	12,931 00	11,664 22	70,510 99
Wyoming	2,125 00	2,803 40	350 00	46 22			5,324 62
	433,236 17	1,478,328 08	55,917 25	20,628 63	1,300,083 00	804,515 76	4,092,708 89

MISCELLANEOUS DIVISION.

In this division are adjusted all miscellaneous internal-revenue accounts, including salaries and expenses of agents, surveyors of distil-

leries, fees and expenses of gaugers, stamp agents' accounts, counsel fees, drawbacks, taxes refunded, redemption of stamps, accounts for the manufacture of paper and stamps and for the salaries of the office of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue; also accounts of the Census Office, Smithsonian Institution and National Museum, contingent expenses of the Post-Office Department, and sundry accounts of the Department of State and the Patent Office.

Agents' accounts.—The salaries and expenses of internal-revenue agents for the year are as follows:

Name.	Per diem.	Salary.	Expenses.			Total.
			Transportation.	Subsistence.	Other expenses.	
A. H. Brooks	\$8 00	\$2,504 00	\$272 82	\$316 79	\$60 42	\$3,154 03
W. H. Chapman	8 00	2,504 00	362 29	578 29	35 36	3,479 94
G. Clemen	7 00	2,191 00	255 30	492 50	91 04	3,029 84
A. M. Crane	8 00	2,496 00	559 26	713 55	46 69	3,815 50
M. H. Creager	7 00	2,142 00	559 17	619 68	49 07	3,369 92
O. G. Daniels	7 00	1,901 00	469 27	695 92	91 81	3,158 00
C. W. Eldridge	8 00	2,496 00	406 71	380 88	34 32	3,317 91
T. J. Grimeson	8 00	2,504 00	349 62	1,018 16	54 68	3,926 46
J. H. Hale	8 00	2,496 00	582 06	666 29	70 14	3,814 49
C. B. Harrison	8 00	2,488 00	388 90	525 12	39 05	3,441 07
W. L. Hollister	6 00	234 00	61 29	76 25	3 85	375 39
H. Kellogg	8 00	2,504 00	430 70	702 24	74 55	3,711 49
T. J. Kinney	8 00	2,496 00	418 98	857 65	55 62	3,828 25
A. A. Knight	8 00	2,504 00	617 62	1,106 39	76 84	4,304 85
J. E. Larkin	7 00	2,177 00	470 60	790 63	61 50	3,499 73
J. Lofland	6 00	1,729 00	569 05	525 06	52 75	2,875 86
J. B. Marvin	8 00	2,504 00	841 12	778 76	93 50	4,217 38
J. B. McCoy	7 00	2,244 00	576 17	697 24	56 73	3,574 14
P. H. McGowan	8 00	2,360 00	167 88	942 10	67 52	3,537 50
E. McLeer	8 00	2,488 00	333 72	398 25	87 12	3,307 09
F. S. Neustadt	7 00	2,347 00	342 86	165 25	77 15	2,932 26
J. Packard	8 00	2,504 00	815 55	991 92	156 10	4,467 57
S. Plummer	8 00	2,504 00	427 53	993 95	101 11	4,026 59
T. Powers	7 00	2,296 00	656 12	730 49	76 98	3,759 59
J. M. Raum	8 00	2,472 00	379 69	750 45	78 65	3,680 79
F. D. Sewall	12 00	3,768 00	228 60	128 90	17 00	4,082 50
William Somerville	8 00	2,480 00	229 95	734 35	70 76	3,515 06
D. D. Spaulding	8 00	2,496 00	835 47	663 95	75 26	4,070 68
L. A. Thrasher	8 00	2,504 00	276 09	838 87	56 63	3,675 59
T. C. Tracie	8 00	2,080 00	453 35	244 65	165 75	2,943 75
J. L. Trumbull	8 00	2,488 00	362 60	426 85	38 10	3,315 55
J. Wagner	8 00	2,504 00	500 35	725 01	112 70	3,842 06
E. D. Webster	8 00	2,080 00	380 25	773 55	102 13	3,335 93
J. C. Wheeler	8 00	2,496 00	918 67	839 03	118 54	4,372 24
A. T. Wimerly	6 00	1,020 00	344 30	178 50	28 50	1,571 30
G. W. Wilson	8 00	2,480 00	409 95	754 79	91 37	3,736 11
J. T. Wilson	6 00	576 00	21 70	205 60	9 55	812 85
Total	...	83,997 00	16,275 56	23,027 86	2,578 84	125,879 26
Stationery furnished revenue agents	...	...	...	...	...	292 07
Transportation over Pacific railroads under orders from Treasury Department	...	...	...	...	...	1,223 55
Total	...	...	...	...	...	127,394 88

Stamp accounts.—The accounts of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for distilled spirit and other stamps are as follows:

DISTILLED SPIRIT STAMPS.

DR.		CREDITED STAMP STAMPS.		CR.
To stamps on hand June 30, 1882...	\$30,866,880 00	By stamps sent to collectors.....	\$78,836,025 00	
To stamps received from printers...	78,010,900 00	By stamps destroyed by committee.	247 50	
To stamps received from collectors.	326,295 00	By stamps on hand June 30, 1883....	30,368,050 00	
To stamps returned for redemption.	247 50			
	<hr/> 109,204,322 50		<hr/> 109,204,322 50	

SPECIAL TAX STAMPS.

To stamps on hand June 30, 1882....	1,213,800 00	By stamps sent to collectors	9,102,958 00
To stamps received from printers....	11,078,500 00	Amount of reduction in value of	
To stamps returned by collectors ...	352,300 00	stamps under act March 3, 1883 ...	1,510,660 00
		By stamps destroyed by committee..	771,000 00
		By stamps on hand June 30, 1883	1,259,982 00
	<hr/>		<hr/>
	12,644,600 00		12,644,600 00

BEER STAMPS.

To stamps on hand June 30, 1882....	4,228,208 34	By stamps sent to collectors.....	17,901,185 00
To stamps received from printers....	17,810,833 33	By stamps destroyed by committee..	9,863 90
To stamps returned by collectors ...	9,268 91	By stamps on hand June 30, 1883	4,137,856 67
To stamps received for redemption...	594 99		
	<hr/>		<hr/>
	22,048,905 57		22,048,905 57

STAMPS FOR TOBACCO, SNUFF, AND CIGARS.

To stamps on hand June 30, 1882....	12,073,867 67	By stamps sent to collectors	49,134,416 22
To stamps received from printers....	57,620,747 12	Amount stamps delivered for im-	
To stamps returned by collectors ...	6,834,749 98	print under act of March 3, 1883 ...	15,998,434 89
To stamps received for redemption...	1,051 63	By stamps destroyed by committee..	939,884 99
To stamps received for exchange ...	2,158 46	By amount of exportation stamps	
		on hand, value abolished by act	
		August 8, 1882	2,840 00
		By stamps on hand June 30, 1883 ...	10,456,998 76
	<hr/>		<hr/>
	76,532,574 86		76,532,574 86

STAMPED FOIL WRAPPERS.

To wrappers received from printer..	330,917 12	By wrappers sent to collectors	330,917 12
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STAMPED PAPER LABELS.

To labels received from printers ...	2,128 80	By labels sent to collectors.....	2,128 80
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DOCUMENTARY AND PROPRIETARY STAMPS.

To stamps on hand June 30, 1882...	1,296,514 52	By stamps sent to agents	3,556,549 72
To stamps received from printers...	6,950,908 78	By amount cash deposited.....	3,164,420 23
To stamps returned for exchange...	22,549 52	By amount allowed as commissions.	194,794 86
To stamps returned for redemption...	6,383 48	By stamps destroyed by committee..	33,552 72
To stamps returned by agents.....	4,619 72	By stamps issued in exchange	22,549 52
	<hr/>	By stamps on hand June 30, 1883....	1,309,108 97
	8,280,976 02		<hr/>
			8,280,976 02

Stamps, paper, and dies.—The following accounts were adjusted, being expenses incurred for dies and paper and for the engraving and printing of internal-revenue stamps, &c.:

Bureau of Engraving and Printing.....	\$443,364 74
The Fairchild Paper Company	45,650 96
Treasury Department	561 17
John J. Crooke	5,125 93

Miscellaneous expenses.—The following sums embrace payments made by collectors of internal revenue and revenue agents for the detection of frauds upon the revenue; also disbursements made by T. J. Hobbs for the counting and issuing of stamps, and for other expenses incident to the collection of the internal revenue:

Salary.....	\$62,202 21
Traveling expenses	19,652 21
Expenses (incidental)	23,092 63
Stationery	15,769 26
Telegrams	2,066 04
Rent	4,992 49
Expressage	8,341 69
Counsel fees and expenses.....	7,826 50
Rewards	8,276 40
Surveyors of distilleries	5,064 82
Salaries in office of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue	293,153 92
Salaries in office of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue (reimbursable) ..	5,198 68
Fees and expenses of gaugers prior to July 1, 1882	39,963 99
Fees and expenses of gaugers.....	804,515 76

An adjustment of the accounts of 93 stamp agents shows a deposit of \$4,473,806.53.

Seven hundred and seventy-eight claims for the redemption of stamps, amounting to \$33,538.92, were settled during the year, from which \$671.34 were discounted, leaving \$32,867.58 actually paid.

By the last report the Secretary of the Treasury had on deposit to his credit, on account of "fines, penalties, and forfeitures," a balance of \$153,847.94. During the year \$223,075.44 have been deposited and \$235,668.11 disbursed, leaving a balance to his credit January 1, 1883, of \$141,255.27. The balance to his credit January 1, 1881, on account of "offers in compromise" (special deposit account No. 5) was \$38,873.61. During the year \$440,073.09 were deposited and \$418,499.90 disbursed, leaving a balance to his credit January 1, 1883, of \$60,466.36.

Accounts were adjusted for the following sums refunded: Taxes erroneously assessed and collected, \$662,328.40; drawback on merchandise exported, \$58,219.20; claims for rebate of tax on tobacco, snuff, and cigars, \$151,559.18, and "surplus proceeds" of lands sold for taxes in the insurrectionary States, \$8,179.65.

Moneys refunded on lands sold for taxes and moneys illegally collected in the insurrectionary States amount to \$1,436.18.

Accounts have been adjusted with the States of Colorado, Delaware, Kansas, Nebraska, Nevada, and Oregon, on account of direct tax imposed by the act of August 5, 1861.

The disbursements by George Waterhouse, chairman of the South Carolina free-school fund commissioners, amounted to \$2,224.

Disbursing clerks' accounts.—Accounts rendered by R. C. Morgan, disbursing clerk of the Department of State, have been adjusted as follows:

Publications of consular and other commercial reports, 1882, \$5,607.18;	
1883, \$14,478.78.....	\$20,085 96
Editing, publishing, and distributing Revised and Annual Statutes, 1883...	3,016 88
Books and maps, 1882, \$18.50; 1883, \$2,331.32	2,349 82
Removal and rearrangement of records, 1883.....	1,000 00
Monument to Thomas Jefferson at Monticello, Va.....	8,169 89
Observance of the centennial anniversary of the surrender of Lord Cornwallis at Yorktown, Va.....	31,383 42
Stationery and furniture, 1882, \$985.95; 1883, \$3,568.58	4,554 53
Proof reading and packing laws, 1882, \$525.05; 1883, \$313.63.....	838 68
Lithographing, 1882, \$318.55; 1883, \$842.11	1,160 66
Purchase of the Franklin collection of books and papers.....	413 11
Publication of information in aid of Societies of the Red Cross	49 43

Accounts rendered by Richard Joseph, (late) disbursing clerk of the Department of the Interior, have been adjusted as follows:

Furniture and fixtures, National Museum, 1881, \$112.50; 1882, \$55,619.06;	
1883, \$53,160.87	\$108,892 43
Preservation of collections, National Museum, 1883.....	78,281 88
Preservation of collections, National Museum (Armory Building), 1883...	1,879 83
Preservation of collections, Smithsonian Institution, 1881, \$25.; 1882, \$32,882.19	32,907 19
Preservation of collections, Smithsonian Institution (Armory Building), 1882	19 04
Scientific library, office of Commissioner of Patents, 1882, \$3,280.22; 1883, \$3,034.57	6,314 79
Photolithographing, office of Commissioner of Patents, 1882, \$3,224.54;	
1883, \$48,781.02	52,005 56
Copies of drawings, office of Commissioner of Patents, 1882, \$824.93; 1883, \$26,022.72.....	26,847 65
Contingent expenses, office of Commissioner of Patents, 1882, \$15,257.65;	
1883, \$19,800.88	35,058 53
Plates for Patent Office Official Gazette, 1881, \$722.15; 1882, \$1,120.50;	
1883, \$26,576.40	28,419 05
Reimbursements to the American Photolithographic Company	2,000 00

Publishing the Biennial Register.....	\$26 00
Expenses for packing and distributing official documents, 1883.....	4 88
Expenses of the Tenth Census.....	1, 618, 891 58
Expenses of the Tenth Census, printing and engraving, 1882, \$34,120.57; 1883, \$11,810.08.....	45, 930 65

Accounts rendered by George W. Evans, disbursing clerk of the Department of the Interior, have been adjusted as follows:

Plates for Patent Office Official Gazette, 1883	\$5, 423 00
Preservation of collections, National Museum, 1883	15, 229 22
Preservation of collections, National Museum (Armory Building), 1883	399 95
Furniture and fixtures, National Museum, 1883	5, 646 86
Copies of drawings, office of Commissioner of Patents, 1883	3, 325 57
Photolithographing, office of Commissioner of Patents, 1883	11, 218 93
Scientific library, office of Commissioner of Patents, 1883	1, 719 80
Contingent expenses, office of Commissioner of Patents, 1883	3, 787 56
Expenses of the Tenth Census, printing and engraving, 1882, \$2,397.30; 1883, \$173.50	2, 570 80

Other accounts received from the Census Office have been adjusted as follows:

H. A. Gill, disbursing agent	\$7, 030 06
Union Pacific Railway Company.....	75 00

Accounts rendered by J. O. P. Burnside, disbursing clerk of the Post-Office Department, have been adjusted as follows:

Publication of Official Postal Guide, 1883.....	\$21, 100 34
Publication of post-route maps, 1883.....	3, 900 48
Miscellaneous expenses, Money-Order Office, 1883.....	5, 444 74
Telegraphing, 1880, \$318.37; 1882, \$2,218.71; 1883, \$1,084.93	3, 622 01
Stationery, 1883	7, 302 01
Furniture, 1883	3, 982 64
Gas, 1880, \$178.20; 1883, \$3,014.42	3, 192 62
Carpets, 1883	3, 998 56
Hardware, 1883	1, 073 37
Rent, 1883	4, 247 30
Fuel, 1882, \$2,692.37; 1883, \$4,288.62.....	6, 980 99
Painting, 1883	3, 999 86
Plumbing and gas fixtures, 1883	2, 016 73
Keeping horses, and repair of wagons and harness, 1881, \$274.32; 1882, \$336.27; 1883, \$591.75	1, 202 34
Miscellaneous items, 1881, \$139.75; 1882, \$9,993.94; 1883, \$9,102.17	19, 235 86

Accounts rendered by Thomas J. Hobbs, disbursing clerk of the Treasury Department, have been adjusted as follows:

International exchanges, Smithsonian Institution, 1883	\$5, 000 00
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I have the honor to be,

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

D. S. ALEXANDER,
Auditor.

Hon. CHARLES J. FOLGER,
Secretary of the Treasury.

APPENDIX.

A.—STATEMENT of EXPENSES of the DIPLOMATIC SERVICE of the UNITED STATES for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

Country.	Officers.	Salaries adjusted.	Contingent expenses and loss by exchange.	Total.	Passport fees.
ArgentinaRe-public.	Thomas O. Osborn, minister	\$6,236 41	\$100 00	.....	.....
	E. L. Baker, consul in charge .....	.....	284 96	.....	.....
				\$6,621 37	
Austria.....	W. W. Phelps, late minister	978 26	.....	.....	.....
	A. Taft, minister	12,000 00	997 74	.....	\$155 00
	J. R. Weaver, chargé d'affaires <i>ad interim</i> ..	939 56	.....	.....	.....
				14,915 56	
Belgium	J. O. Putnam, late minister	407 61	.....	.....	.....
	Nicholas Fish, minister	7,500 00	460 99	.....	40 00
				8,368 60	
Bolivia	Charles Adams, late minister and consul-general.	2,201 10	159 05	.....	15 00
	George Maney, late minister and consul-general.	4,741 85	367 47	.....	.....
	R. Gibbs, minister	178 57	.....	.....	.....
				7,648 04	
Brazil	Thomas A. Osborn, minister	12,000 00	1,277 25	13,277 25	45 00
CentralAmer-ican States.	H. C. Hall, minister	10,000 00	1,844 97	.....	.....
	Clerk to legation	1,000 00	13 74	.....	.....
				12,858 71	
Chili.....	Judson Kilpatrick, late minister .....	.....	632 44	.....	.....
	C. A. Logan, minister	9,456 52	2,560 82	.....	.....
	L. H. Foote, consul in charge	125 00	.....	.....	.....
				12,774 78	
China.....	John R. Young, minister	27,891 31	2,214 36	.....	170 00
	C. Holcombe, chargé d'affaires <i>ad interim</i> ..	2782 58	.....	.....	.....
	C. Holcombe, secretary of legation and interpreter.	4,347 82	189 75	.....	.....
				15,425 82	
Colombia	George Maney, late minister	387 23	21 09	.....	.....
	W. L. Scruggs, minister	7,500 00	682 73	.....	.....
				8,591 05	
Denmark	J. P. Wickersham, late minister and consul-general	1,562 50	180 66	.....	.....
	W. Hoffman, minister and consul-general..	1,625 46	203 93	.....	.....
	H. B. Ryder, consul in charge	2510 18	394 41	.....	.....
				4,477 14	
France	L. P. Morton, minister	17,500 00	3,484 01	.....	657 17
	E. J. Brulatour, chargé d'affaires <i>ad interim</i> ..	1,426 63	.....	.....	.....
	G. P. Pomeroy, late secretary of legation ..	185 46	.....	.....	.....
	E. J. Brulatour, secretary of legation	2,518 00	2 47	.....	.....
	H. Vignaud, second secretary of legation ..	2,000 00	6 34	.....	.....
				27,122 91	
Germany	A. A. Sargent, minister	17,500 00	2,695 51	.....	1,145 00
	C. Coleman, chargé d'affaires <i>ad interim</i>	256 79	.....	.....	.....
	H. S. Everett, secretary of legation	1,968 75	.....	.....	.....
	C. Coleman, second secretary of legation ..	2,000 00	11 05	.....	.....
				24,432 10	
Great Britain	J. R. Lowell, minister	17,500 00	2,966 25	.....	229 94
	W. J. Hoppin, chargé d'affaires <i>ad interim</i> ..	1,426 60	706 16	.....	189 06
	W. J. Hoppin, secretary of legation	2,196 98	.....	.....	.....
	E. S. Nadal, second secretary of legation ..	2,000 00	.....	.....	.....
				26,795 99	
Hawaiian Isl-ands.	J. M. Conly, late minister	1,671 19	45 85	.....	.....
	R. M. Daggett, minister	7,500 00	348 51	.....	.....
				9,565 55	
Hayti.....	John M. Langston, minister and consul-general.	5,000 00	570 02	.....	5 00
				5,570 02	
Italy.....	G. P. Marsh, late minister	750 00	37 50	.....	.....
	W. W. Astor, minister	9,097 83	362 18	.....	125 00
	G. W. Wurts, chargé d'affaires <i>ad interim</i> ..	1,597 83	136 76	.....	.....
	L. Richmond, chargé d'affaires <i>ad interim</i> ..	750 00	69 35	.....	5 00
	G. W. Wurtz, secretary of legation	122 26	.....	.....	.....
				12,923 71	
Japan	John A. Bingham, minister	12,000 00	519 01	.....	15 00
	D. W. Stevens, secretary of legation	2782 04	.....	.....	.....
	S. R. Frazier, interpreter	1,875 00	.....	.....	.....
	W. A. Whiting, interpreter	377 74	.....	.....	.....
	G. Goward, secretary of legation	1,055 53	.....	.....	.....
				16,615 32	

A.—STATEMENT of the EXPENSES of the DIPLOMATIC SERVICE, &c.—Cont'd.

Country.	Officers.	Salaries adjusted.	Contingent expenses and loss by exchange.	Total	Passport fees.
Liberia	J. H. Smythe, minister and consul-general.	\$5,000 00	\$604 46		
	M. A. Aenmey, vice-consul-general.	475 55		\$6,080 61	
Mexico	P. H. Morgan, minister	12,000 00	3,125 17		\$170 00
	E. M. Neill, late secretary of legation	176 09			
	H. H. Morgan, secretary of legation.	α191 57		16,220 83	
Netherlands	W. L. Dayton, minister	7,500 00	480 46	7,980 46	
Paraguay and Uruguay.	W. Williams, chargé d'affaires.....	5,000 00	489 66	5,489 66	
Peru.....	J. R. Partridge, late minister	9,669 95	234 19		5 00
	S. L. Phelps, minister	357 14		10,261 28	
Persia	S. G. W. Benjamin, charge d'affaires and consul-general.	α116 67		416 67	
Portugal	B. Moran, late chargé d'affaires <i>ad interim</i> .	1,250 00	112 50		
	Jno. M. Francis, minister and consul-general.	3,750 00	633 39	5,745 89	
Russia	W. H. Hunt, minister	17,500 00	2,928 37		125 00
	W. Hoffman, chargé d'affaires <i>ad interim</i> .	1,283 97	339 03		
	W. Hoffman, late secretary of legation.	1,199 16			
	G. W. Wurts, secretary of legation..	947 93		24,198 46	
Romania, Servia, and Greece.	E. Schuyler, minister and consul-general.	α4,773 93	1,764 29	6,538 22	10 00
Spain.....	H. Hamlin, late minister	6,300 01	944 83		
	H. Hamlin, for clerk to legation.....	275 02			
	Jno. W. Foster, minister	2,611 73	737 94		5 00
	Jno. W. Foster, for clerk to legation.	289 50			
	D. T. Reed, chargé d'affaires <i>ad interim</i> .	3,991 88	2,241 97		15 00
	D. T. Reed, for clerk to legation ...	564 52			
	D. T. Reed, secretary of legation ...	651 90			
	G. Goward, secretary of legation and consul-general.	244 56		18,873 86	
Sweden and Norway.	J. L. Stevens, minister	7,500 00	523 36		35 00
	W. W. Thomas, jr., minister	515 11		8,538 47	
Switzerland.....	M. J. Cramer, minister and consul-general.	5,000 00	1,423 97	6,423 97	280 00
Turkey	L. Wallace, minister	7,500 00	3,282 40		75 00
	G. H. Heap, chargé d'affaires <i>ad interim</i> .	407 62	40 76		
	A. A. Garguilo, interpreter	3,000 00		14,230 78	
Venezuela	Jehu Baker, minister.....	7,500 00	150 00	7,650 00	
OTHER PLACES.					
Cairo	George P. Pomeroy, agent and consul-general.		254 87		
	N. D. Comanos, vice-consul-general.		129 52	384 39	
Cape Town	J. W. Siler, consul		50 61	50 61	
Liverpool.....	S. B. Packard, dispatch agent		243 33	243 33	
London	B. F. Stevens, dispatch agent		6,341 35	6,341 35	
Panama	R. W. Trpin, vice-consul		100 00	100 00	
State Department.	R. C. Morgan, disbursing clerk.....		10,320 03	10,320 03	
		322,008 40	62,063 79	384,072 19	3,516 17

α Comprises all accounts received.

RECAPITULATION.

Paid for salaries of ministers, chargés d'affaires, and chargés d'affaires <i>ad interim</i>	\$291,304 57
Paid for salaries of secretaries, interpreters, and clerks of legations.....	30,703 83
Paid for contingent expenses of foreign missions	60,460 96
Paid for loss by exchange.....	1,602 83
	384,072 19
Passport fees accounted for.....	3,516 17

B.—STATEMENT of CONSULAR FEES, SALARIES, and EXPENSES for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

SCHEDULE B.

[a, For one quarter. b, For two quarters. c, For three quarters. d, No returns.]

Consulates and their agencies.	Salaries and compensation from agencies.	Compensation while awaiting instructions, &c.	Loss by exchange.	Contingent expenses.	Allowance for clerks.	Fees collected, 1883.	Fees collected, 1882.
CONSULATES-GENERAL.							
Athens						\$8 50	
Bangkok	\$3,000 00	\$758 16		\$434 11		82 80	\$254 61
Berlin	4,000 00			1,209 82	\$1,500 00	11,496 47	13,942 02
Berne ¹						457 75	
Cairo	5,000 00	1,657 62	\$161 11	2,505 48		c202 50	c135 00
Alexandria						157 00	(d)
Benisouef							
Gergheh							
Khartoum							
Luxor							
Mahsurah							
Osiut							
Port Said							
Suez							
Tantah							
Calcutta	5,000 00			1,846 32	1,000 00	7,945 10	6,982 09
Akyab						5 00	33 38
Bassein						26 59	
Chittagong						1,088 02	736 00
Madras	88 02					45 48	22 80
Moulmein						173 92	220 75
Rangoon						675 00	723 50
Constantinople ²	3,119 57			824 01			
Adrianople							
Dardanelles							
Philippopolis							
Rustchuck							
Salonica						162 50	55 50
Trebizonde						c19 50	(d)
Frankfort-on-the-Main	3,000 00		8 20	905 00	1,500 00	5,464 50	5,545 44
Halifax	3,000 00		10 13	403 79	800 00	2,833 09	2,950 60
Barrington						7 50	(d)
Bridgewater						99 00	(d)
Liverpool						46 29	(d)
Shelburne						5 00	(d)
Havana	6,000 00			c2,702 63	c2,047 32	18,469 45	17,130 45
Gibara						(d)	
Nuevitas						(d)	
Kanagawa	4,000 00			1,790 33	388 23	7,966 18	7,854 97
Lisbon						907 70	1,147 66
Oporto						322 50	467 50
London	6,000 00			3,895 41	2,000 00	54,392 56	57,462 16
Dover						6 50	9 38
Melbourne	4,500 00		17 39	c705 62	1,000 00	1,181 27	1,189 83
Albany						678 48	16 15
Port Adelaide						437 96	315 80
Mexico	2,000 00			c715 46	600 00	102 00	65 00
Monrovia						101 05	
Grand Bassa						68 66	
Montreal	4,000 00			1,612 04	1,200 00	5,589 56	7,661 80
Coteau Landing						415 50	
Hemmingford						637 00	577 50
Hinchinbrook ³						10 00	
Hochelaga and Longueuil ⁴						347 50	
Huntingdon						353 00	157 50
Paris	6,000 00			4,595 70	2,000 00	62,961 72	62,283 00
Port au Prince						969 39	
Rio de Janeiro	6,000 00	1,565 21	22 42	2,203 01	2,000 00	9,036 01	9,464 10
Rome	3,500 00	203 80	182 24	c1,059 12		915 00	839 50
Ancona						16 50	26 50
Civita Vecchia							15 00
Shanghai	5,000 00			c1,693 38	2,000 00	5,449 12	6,222 49

¹ Made a consulate-general November 15, 1882; late an agency of Basle.² Consul-general was acting chargé d'affaires from November 2, 1882, to December 11, 1882.³ Established June 8, 1883.⁴ Established November 24, 1882.

B.—STATEMENT of CONSULAR FEES, SALARIES, and EXPENSES, &c.—Cont'd.

SCHEDULE B.

Consulates and their agencies.	Salaries and compensation from agencies.	Compensation while awaiting instructions, &c.	Loss by exchange.	Contingent expenses.	Allowance for clerks.	Fees collected 1883.	Fees collected 1882.
CONSULATES—GENERAL—Continued.							
St. Petersburg	c\$2,250 00		\$38 92	c\$660 33		c\$446 50	\$666 50
Cronstadt						15 14	24 06
Revel						38 26	71 85
Riga						191 50	236 00
Vienna ¹	2,951 92			1,018 28	\$1,500 00	8,828 50	8,433 49
Brunn	169 00					1,169 00	1,165 50
CONSULATES.							
Acapulco	2,000 00			518 37		1,097 97	810 00
Tehuantepec						6136 93	
Aix-la-Chapelle	1,500 00			372 76		1,520 00	2,117 49
Burtscheid						775 00	(c)
Amherstburg	1,500 00			6119 35		1,479 00	1,959 00
Amoy	3,500 00			c\$79 17		1,573 45	1,830 38
Amsterdam	1,500 00			661 33	400 00	3,350 03	2,569 61
Antigua	1,500 0			6407 05		531 24	604 53
Anguilla						25 43	15 00
Dominica						656 45	392 73
Montserrat						c\$6 66	36 70
Nevis						42 55	
Portsmouth						38 96	23 98
Antwerp	2,500 00			731 40	1,000 00	4,228 54	4,501 25
Apia	3,000 00	\$1,190 23	433 38	939 01		98 11	312 66
Auckland ²			21 03	c\$97 83			597 92
Bahia	1,500 00			c\$28 90		721 88	893 34
Barbadoes	1,500 00		1 70	416 40		1,864 39	1,728 38
St. Lucia						293 85	228 93
St. Vincent						106 97	55 74
Barcelona	1,500 00		5 00	c\$86 40		250 70	397 08
Grao	1,000 00					c2,133 84	1,212 50
Palma Majorca						5 00	42 65
Port Mahon						13 00	(d)
Tarragona						516 00	403 30
Torevieja						657 50	
Barmen	2,000 00			1,406 35	800 00	8,872 50	6,767 56
Elberfeld ³	859 89					2,040 00	
Basle	2,000 00			1,769 61		3,665 97	4,205 00
Berne ⁴	1,000 00					1,099 50	2,422 00
Chaux de fond ⁵						997 50	
Beirut	2,000 00			c\$82 31	600 00	90 00	117 56
Aleppo						59 00	9 50
Alexandretta						55 00	
Aintab							
Damascus						4 50	16 00
Haifa						20 50	12 50
Latakia							
Morash						1 00	
Sidon							4 00
Tarsus and Mersine							10 00
Tripoli							40 50
Belfast	3,000 00			2,340 41	1,200 00	10,954 75	13,032 31
Ballymena						242 00	325 00
Lurgan	625 00					1,625 00	30 00
Bermuda	1,500 00			220 88	50 00	2,092 73	1,873 74
Birmingham	2,500 00			734 53	1,200 00	8,720 52	9,158 97
Kidderminster	280 00					1,280 00	930 00
Redditch						972 50	830 00
Wolverhampton						526 25	418 00
Bordeaux	2,500 00			697 68	1,109 49	8,100 43	7,826 84
Bayonne						43 50	107 50
Panillac ⁶						27 50	
Paris						157 00	154 50
Bradford	3,000 00			1,587 10	1,200 00	15,115 01	13,727 02
Bremen	2,500 00			1,174 73	1,425 00	3,836 50	4,547 75
Brake and Nordenham						41 84	60 72
Bremerhaven	1,000 00					2,032 52	1,584 36
Bristol	1,500 00	142 66	31 88	c\$42 27		869 60	780 16

¹ Consul-general was acting chargé d'affaires *ad interim* from April 16, 1883, to June 11, 1883.² Although in schedule B. Auckland is exempt from the prohibition as to trading. Returns incomplete.³ Made a consulate May 11, 1883.⁴ Made a consulate-general November 15, 1882.⁵ Established November 15, 1882.⁶ Established November 28, 1882.

B.—STATEMENT of CONSULAR FEES, SALARIES, and EXPENSES, &c.—Cont'd.

SCHEDULE B.

Consulates and their agencies.	Salaries and compensation from agencies.	Compensation while awaiting instructions, &c.	Loss by exchange.	Contingent expenses.	Allowance for clerks.	Fees collected, 1883.	Fees collected, 1882.
CONSULATES—Continued.							
Brussels	\$2,500 00			\$701 69		\$3,229 99	\$3,009 00
Charleroi	1,000 00					2,410 00	1,997 50
Buenos Ayres	3,000 00			1,221 12		2,170 40	2,721 19
Cadiz	1,500 00		\$18 41	c329 77		1,387 72	1,024 39
Huelva						147 91	239 30
Jerez	547 50					1,547 50	1,632 50
Seville						486 25	492 92
San Lucia						5 79	2 50
Callao	3,500 00		79 82	c626 43		503 78	556 77
Cerro de Pasco ¹							
Lima							
Canton	3,500 00	\$865 48		b415 81		1,879 62	1,967 00
Swatow						85 22	130 80
Cape Town	1,500 00		72 80	b424 80		486 90	626 61
East London						112 78	203 66
Port Elizabeth						625 35	618 86
Port Natal						246 13	140 48
Cardiff	2,000 00		26 08	653 13	\$400 00	1,638 66	2,506 05
Llanelli						47 50	c52 50
Milford Haven						7 50	c32 00
Newport Haven						808 09	c645 85
Swansea						421 70	c254 60
Ceylon	1,500 00		26 25	c414 17		589 55	602 00
Point de Galle						166 55	12 50
Chemnitz	2,000 00	465 78		1,397 46	1,500 00	18,053 00	18,462 53
Annaberg ²	70 65					782 50	
Glanchau ³	660 00					c1,595 00	
Chiu Kiang	3,500 00		14 98	786 90		425 14	785 54
Cienfuegos	2,500 00			407 32	150 00	1,961 03	2,162 41
Trinidad de Cuba						290 23	336 04
Zaza						70 88	60 17
Clifton	1,500 00		7 00	c202 02		756 00	568 01
St. Catharines						229 75	383 00
Coaticook	2,000 00		11 90	332 50		625 50	443 00
Georgeville						125 50	70 00
Hereford						176 50	130 00
Lineboro'						835 00	560 00
Potton						318 50	122 50
Stanstead						231 50	226 50
Cologne	1,994 57	130 43	2 86	666 83		2,836 00	2,770 00
Colon	3,000 00	514 95		1,128 95	1,000 00	3,284 79	2,964 48
Boca del Toro						a17 61	137 08
Porto Bello						(d)	118 39
San Andres						a56 95	286 00
Copenhagen	1,500 00			c646 16		536 00	401 25
Elsinore						3 50	2 50
Ronne						4 00	
Cork	2,000 00		51 58	c379 59		503 26	476 20
Waterford						23 75	22 66
Crefeld	2,000 00			1,024 57	1,500 00	8,107 50	7,962 46
Essen ⁴						a105 00	
Demerara	3,000 00		52 26	c584 61	1,000 00	1,997 84	1,611 36
Dresden	2,500 00			c546 55	1,000 00	2,512 50	2,693 49
Dublin	2,000 00			c474 76		1,833 37	1,758 38
Limerick						87 75	119 57
Sligo ⁵						c19 50	
Dundee	2,500 00			838 17	800 00	7,713 56	8,432 91
Aberdeen	3 50					1,003 50	1,108 07
Fayal ⁶	1,500 00			c12 02		514 60	376 11
Flores						28 32	34 75
Graciosa						3 00	2 00
St. George						20 50	27 29
St. Michael						178 16	145 02
Terceira						50 00	57 87
Florence	1,500 00	529 87	14 18	578 54	538 04	3,051 51	2,972 00
Cagliari						96 00	86 50

¹Established July 20, 1882.²Made a consulate July 27, 1882.³Established August 24, 1882.⁴Established March 5, 1883.⁵Established August 23, 1882.⁶Although in Schedule B, Fayal is exempt from the prohibition as to trading (act of March 3, 1875).

B.—STATEMENT of CONSULAR FEES, SALARIES, and EXPENSES, &c.—Cont'd.

SCHEDULE B.

Consulates and their agencies.	Salaries and compensation from agencies.	Compensation while awaiting instructions, &c.	Loss by exchange.	Contingent expenses.	Allowance for clerks.	Fees collected, 1883.	Fees collected, 1882.
CONSULATES—Continued.							
Foo Chow	\$3,500 00			c\$770 85		\$420 65	\$653 08
Fort Erie	1,500 00	\$154 88	\$4 00	c258 29		714 50	918 00
Funchal	1,500 00	93 75	111 99	c464 68		222 79	209 22
Geneva ¹	1,495 88		19 50	c413 23		818 00	786 50
Vevey						726 50	615 00
Genoa	1,500 00		4 70	427 55	\$600 00	1,630 70	1,669 00
Spezia							
Gibraltar	1,500 00			c190 22		394 52	963 72
Glasgow	3,000 00			1,112 92	1,000 00	13,662 55	14,479 59
Greenock						231 49	208 90
Guadeloupe	1,500 00			370 14		1,120 21	926 50
Guayaquil ²	1,080 16	118 20	1 92	82 71		1,587 89	1,697 50
Bahia de Caraquez ³						6168 00	
Hamburg	2,500 00			1,605 46	1,500 00	7,668 91	9,201 23
Altona	251 00					1,251 00	521 00
Cuxhaven						8 00	12 00
Kiel						418 50	296 00
Lubec							36 00
Hamilton (Ont.)	2,000 00	263 75				1,810 50	2,631 50
Guelph ⁴	1,000 00					{ 1,682 00	2,359 00
Paris						{ 1,662 00	
Hankow	3,500 00			c745 49		716 98	1,481 70
Ichiang	37 50					75 00	344 00
Kiu Kiang	15 00					30 00	17 18
Havre	3,000 00			1,072 95	1,500 00	4,726 18	5,458 99
Brest						59 50	37 50
Cherbourg						15 50	22 03
Honfleur						72 50	66 00
St. Malo						23 50	10 50
Hong-Kong ⁵	4,000 00			1,208 39	1,500 00	13,665 37	18,457 41
Honolulu	4,000 00			712 49	1,500 00	6,742 82	6,495 47
Hilo						180 06	160 66
Mahukona ⁶						22 55	
Kahului						697 72	861 29
Jerusalem	1,500 00	163 40	125 41	c316 10		24 25	42 50
Jaffa						5 50	10 50
Kingston (Canada)	1,500 00			535 00	400 00	1,867 50	1,753 06
Dese-onto						879 50	723 50
Gananogue						182 50	177 50
Napanee						659 50	851 00
Pictou						550 50	571 00
Kingston (Jamaica)	2,000 00		33 74	749 78		1,880 78	2,388 95
Falmouth						126 26	145 99
Milk River						218 48	63 19
Montego Bay						285 51	335 60
Port Antonio	51 03					1,051 03	1,013 84
St. Ann's Bay						230 50	393 87
Savana-la-Mar						199 04	214 77
Laguayra	1,500 00		4 35	c255 31		1,276 81	1,251 68
Barcelona						51 46	22 78
Caracas ⁷							
Carupano							
Cumana ⁸							
Leeds	2,000 00			469 31	400 00	3,057 50	2,970 20
Huddersfield	1,000 00			210 73		4,585 00	4,182 50
Leghorn	1,500 00			668 11		3,564 06	3,832 50
Bologna						181 00	24 30
Carara ⁹						960 00	(d)
Leipsic ¹⁰	1,769 24	230 67		635 40	1,000 00	6,128 50	5,872 00
Gera	702 50					1,702 50	1,067 50

¹ No returns for one day (June 30, 1883).² Salary account from October 1, 1882, to December 11, 1882, not received.³ Established December 5, 1882.⁴ Made a consulate March 16, 1883.⁵ Salary accounts unadjusted.⁶ Established September 15, 1882.⁷ Established May 19, 1883.⁸ Established March 6, 1883.⁹ Established June 10, 1882.¹⁰ Salary and fee accounts from April 1, 1883, to May 12, 1883, not received.

B.—STATEMENT of CONSULAR FEES, SALARIES, and EXPENSES, &c.—Cont'd.

SCHEDULE B.

Consulates and their agencies.	Salaries and compensation from agencies.	Compensation while awaiting instructions, &c.	Loss by exchange.	Contingent expenses.	Allowance for clerks.	Fees collected, 1883.	Fees collected, 1882.
CONSULATES—Continued.							
Leith.....	\$2,500 00		\$19 35	\$635 20	\$800 00	\$1,557 25	\$1,637 50
Galashiels.....						412 50	10 00
Liverpool.....	6,000 00			3,857 84	2,500 00	35,759 43	38,463 63
Holyhead.....							12 00
St. Helens.....	1,000 00					2,057 54	1,975 00
Lyons.....	2,500 00			2,121 78	1,500 00	12,556 74	14,757 53
Mahé.....	1,500 00		86 86	c233 50		18 00	92 96
Malaga.....	1,500 00		28 00	672 99	600 00	2,199 39	2,092 22
Almeria.....						156 00	296 15
Marbella.....						384 15	149 78
Manchester.....	3,000 00			b707 42	c1,125 00	20,030 03	19,147 48
Manila ¹		\$94 78		c564 35		1,454 99	1,646 10
Cebu.....						219 15	235 63
Mannheim.....	1,500 00		1 60	491 07	600 00	2,284 50	2,049 75
Kehl ²	40 76					104 00	
Marseilles.....	2,500 00		16 19	918 76	1,000 00	3,481 72	4,254 17
Cette.....						423 49	563 33
Toulon.....						28 50	80 50
Martinique.....	1,500 00			c240 50		1,242 28	1,222 06
Fort de France.....						263 71	260 18
Matamoros.....	2,000 00			c477 11	800 00	487 57	607 72
Camargo.....						c52 00	217 50
Mier.....						b287 50	441 00
Santa Cruz Point.....	152 50					1,152 50	1,497 50
Matanzas.....	300 00			855 95		3,324 54	3,219 43
Messina.....	1,500 00			538 01	200 00	3,982 57	3,634 33
Catania.....	1,000 00					2,263 00	1,926 31
Gioja.....							
Milazzo.....						7 50	38 50
Syracuse.....						b81 00	16 50
Milan.....	1,500 00			c246 47		1,574 49	1,378 00
Montevideo.....	2,000 00		10 53	c524 05		1,723 49	2,458 24
Munich.....	1,500 00		12 24	c374 39		1,260 50	1,235 75
Augsburg.....						474 25	407 25
Nagasaki.....	3,000 00			c573 06		376 52	343 30
Naples.....	1,500 00	181 31	75 71	b244 32	600 00	1,610 99	1,350 00
Bari.....						307 50	196 50
Rodi.....						b120 00	673 00
Nassau.....	2,000 00			c294 90		1,282 32	1,101 39
Dunmoretown.....						108 89	36 48
Governor's Harbor.....						497 18	467 76
Green Turtle Cay.....						177 72	147 63
Inagua.....						101 30	60 53
Newcastle-on-Tyne.....	1,500 00		10 53	c350 24		1,817 50	1,162 50
Carlisle.....						630 50	753 00
Hartlepool and Middleboro' ³						361 18	285 14
Sunderland.....						152 55	99 92
Nice.....	1,500 00		52 51	322 94		368 00	449 29
Cannes.....						104 50	669 00
Mentone.....						c44 00	616 50
Monaco.....						(b)	(a)
Ningpo.....	3,500 00			873 64		94 09	169 62
Nuremberg.....	2,000 00			761 26	1,000 00	4,630 00	4,151 50
Fürth.....	1,000 00					4,260 00	3,686 00
Odessa.....	2,000 00		190 74	c454 02		291 00	225 00
Osaka and Hiogo.....	3,000 00			812 89		3,745 71	2,740 31
Palermo.....	1,500 00			1,998 57	395 65	10,375 07	7,131 71
Carini ³						a82 50	(d)
Girgenti.....						224 00	330 50
Licata.....						68 00	83 00
Marsala.....						89 50	49 00
Trapani.....						296 82	302 88
Panama.....	3,000 00	368 19		953 05	1,000 00	4,231 28	4,136 74
Aqua Dulce.....							

¹ Salary and fee accounts not adjusted.² Made a consulate July 16, 1882.³ Established June 27, 1882.

B.—STATEMENT of CONSULAR FEES, SALARIES, and EXPENSES, &c.—Cont'd.

SCHEDULE B.

Consulates and their agencies.	Salaries and compensation from agencies.	Compensation while awaiting instructions, &c.	Loss by exchange.	Contingent expenses.	Allowance for clerks.	Fees collected, 1883.	Fees collected, 1882.
CONSULATES—Continued.							
Para	\$1,500 00	\$472 83		\$429 74		\$2,173 96	\$1,908 37
Maranham						517 80	484 62
Pernambuco	2,000 00		\$30 37	c212 57		1,009 68	1,678 06
Ceara						60 51	25 95
Macerio						c288 42	257 66
Natal						b79 48	(d)
Paraiba						(a)	(d)
Pictou	1,500 00			176 37		197 50	160 00
Cape Canso						50 50	c83 06
Cow Bay						275 52	c316 50
Glace Bay						257 33	c149 51
Guysborough							
Lingan							c77 66
Louisburg						40 00	c5 00
North Sydney						60 00	c72 89
Port Hastings						91 50	c96 09
Sydney						179 27	c159 68
Port Louis	2,000 00			c327 86		57 11	237 64
Port Sarnia	1,500 00			c215 57		1,106 00	1,911 00
London	604 00					1,604 00	2,744 00
Port Stanley (F. I.)	1,500 00		75 50	c306 20		89 08	14 00
Prague	2,000 00			516 73	\$750 00	14,031 50	15,057 01
Prescott	1,500 00		4 57	c232 34		1,098 50	1,494 01
Brockville	1,000 00			67 87		2,833 00	2,998 00
Prince Edward Island	1,500 00		2 77	c236 84		1,159 71	1,184 38
Cascumpee						40 50	25 00
Georgetown						163 36	176 82
Souris						87 50	105 00
Summerside						222 00	240 40
Puerto Cabello ²	1,500 00			188 05		1,436 53	1,264 88
Quebec	1,500 00		13 97	c499 95		419 53	381 40
Point Levi	1,000 00					2,054 00	1,948 00
Rotterdam	2,000 00			599 21		3,260 99	3,363 47
Flushing						2 00	4 00
Scheidam	1,000 00					2,003 00	1,890 00
San Juan (P. R.)	2,000 00			c375 12		670 39	450 89
Aguadilla						92 88	98 83
Arecibo						309 10	355 06
Guayamas						349 36	314 95
Naguabo						530 39	365 60
Vie uez						49 39	19 98
Santiago de Cuba	2,500 00			c552 22		916 99	913 43
Guantanamo						704 61	566 48
Manzanillo						254 19	217 02
Santa Cruz						90 30	290 86
Sheffield	2,500 00			668 19	1,000 00	5,502 52	5,962 55
Singapore	2,500 00		47 12	c600 12	1,000 00	2,198 04	2,534 49
Penang						797 55	803 50
Smyrna	2,500 00	475 52	177 94	c613 48		1,650 50	1,925 02
Mytelene						(d)	
Sonneberg	2,000 00	32 97		586 94	1,000 00	8,887 01	8,221 50
Southampton	1,500 00			c172 95		210 00	180 50
Portsmouth						65 75	84 25
Weymouth							6 00
San Domingo	1,500 00	62 50		484 43		1,615 65	864 43
Macoris						c79 83	
Azua						275 39	191 32
St. Helena ³	1,495 93	326 08	90 56	c223 05		682 43	625 39
St. John's (P. Q.)	1,500 00		2 38	263 16		2,431 50	2,941 01
Farnham ⁴	73 67					332 00	
Lacolle						670 50	207 00
St. John (N. B.)	2,000 00			670 61		3,336 62	3,547 38
Fredericton						465 00	b221 50
Grand Manan						c176 13	b152 00
McAdam Junction						477 00	b128 25
Miramichi						79 87	b60 50

¹ Returns from November 16, 1881, to June 30, 1882.² Salary account for the June quarter unadjusted.³ Salary account for one day (August 1, 1882 not received).⁴ Established March 3, 1883.

B.—STATEMENT of CONSULAR FEES, SALARIES, and EXPENSES, &c—Cont'd.

SCHEDULE B.

Consulates and their agencies.	Salaries and compensation from agencies.	Compensation while awaiting instructions.	Loss by exchange.	Contingent expenses.	Allowance for clerks.	Fees collected, 1883.	Fees collected, 1882.
CONSULATES—Continued.							
St. John (N. B.)—Cont'd.							
St. Andrews						\$102 37	b\$110 03
St. George						88 80	b29 70
St. Stephen ¹						69 75	(b)
St. Stephen ¹	\$1, 117 93	\$167 12		b\$285 48		290 50	221 50
St. Thomas (W. I.)	2, 500 00			c530 50		763 89	851 97
Christiansted						113 50	154 50
Fredericksted						237 11	239 76
Stuttgart	1, 500 00			629 49	\$600 00	1, 697 25	1, 754 75
Sydney	2, 000 00		\$8 38	708 41		1, 935 09	1, 616 74
Brisbane						135 91	269 76
Newcastle	799 41					1, 799 41	1, 254 19
Tamatave	2, 000 00		58 73	289 44		143 55	116 30
Andakabe						c8 02	(a)
Majunga						c65 69	(d)
Tampico	1, 500 00			c347 42		713 40	730 36
Tangier	2, 000 00			835 03		37 99	20 40
Casa Blanca							
Larache							
Mazagan							
Mogador							
Rabat							
Safi							
Tien-Tsin	3, 500 00		83 45	c1, 084 28		369 17	335 52
Che-Foo						227 34	214 96
Toronto	2, 000 00			604 27		4, 928 00	6, 305 50
Whitby						806 50	989 50
Trieste	2, 000 00			c297 33	b250 00	2, 102 12	2, 180 40
Fiume						134 28	248 78
Tripoli ²	220 11		15 38	256 34			17 49
Tunis ²	375 00	301 63		200 00			2 50
Tunstall	2, 500 00			845 42	755 32	12, 047 53	9, 342 52
Valparaiso	3, 000 00			c708 50		1, 554 73	1, 568 52
Vera Cruz	3, 000 00			1, 212 12		4, 530 31	4, 463 93
Coatzacoalcas						130 48	108 94
Frontera						663 72	531 73
Minatitlan						(d)	(d)
Verviers and Leige	1, 500 00			503 79		1, 910 00	1, 967 50
Windsor (Ont.)	1, 500 00			185 09		2, 392 00	2, 877 00
Winnipeg	1, 500 00		7 33	c286 30		312 51	217 00
Emerson						432 50	350 00
Zurich	2, 000 00		1 70	793 88	600 00	4, 252 01	5, 244 25
COMMERCIAL AGENCIES.							
Goderich	1, 500 00	8 15	8 35	c275 06		270 00	660 50
Stratford	1, 000 00					2, 940 00	4, 163 50
Maracaibo	2, 000 00			934 55		3, 277 27	3, 122 10
Coro ³						388 50	
San Cristobal ³						(d)	
Valera ³						(d)	
Nottingham	2, 500 00			842 40	400 00	12, 240 03	13, 450 52
Derby ⁴						507 50	
Leicester	142 50					1, 142 50	995 00
Ottawa	3, 000 00			415 06		4, 052 50	4, 016 75
Grenville						429 50	572 00
Totals	388, 043 74	11, 539 92	2, 749 76	119, 350 65	64, 284 05	760, 662 34	760, 700 53

¹ Made a consulate October 3, 1882, late an agency of St. John, N. B.² Returns for part of September quarter, consulate discontinued.³ Established January 13, 1883.⁴ Established October 13, 1882.

C.—STATEMENT of CONSULAR FEES, SALARIES, and EXPENSES for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

SCHEDULE C.

Consulates and their agencies.	Salaries and compensation from agencies.	Compensation while awaiting instructions, &c.	Loss by exchange.	Contingent expenses.	Allowance for clerks.	Fees collected, 1883.	Fees collected, 1882.
CONSULATES.							
Batavia	c\$750 00		\$11 14	c\$118 67		\$620 71	\$947 18
Soerabaya.....						c463 38	
Bombay.....	1,000 00		11 26			779 72	765 51
Cape Haytien	1,000 00		25 23			931 06	1,142 88
Gonaives.....						384 07	435 72
Port de Paix						315 26	249 63
Gaspé Basin	1,000 00		2 45	83 33		15 00	5 00
Magdalen						2 00	
Paspebiac.....						10 00	15 00
Guaymas.....	1,000 00			72 97		899 16	1,216 25
Nantes.....	1,000 00			c62 29		495 00	346 00
L'Orient						39 50	15 50
St. Nazaire						c156 72	171 16
Nuevo Laredo.....	1,000 00	\$135 97	38	35 02		1,199 50	1,527 00
Garita Gonzalez	949 00					1,949 00	217 50
Piedras Negras	1,000 00			c40 62		390 00	610 00
Rio Grande d' Sul.....	1,000 00			61 03		483 68	456 38
Ruatan and Truxillo	c750 00			37 10		239 03	401 20
Puerto Cortez.....							
Sabanilla.....	a250 00			a11 50	a\$100 00	a225 00	793 86
Barranquilla.....	a250 00					a1,088 50	
Santiago, C. V. I. ²	918 47	108 70	13 19	36 35		86 48	118 50
Brava.....						b30 34	55 02
Fogo.....						(d)	
Sal.....						b2 92	13 57
St. Vincent.....						b258 62	318 26
Sierra Leone.....	1,000 00			b40 63		225 03	177 89
St. Paul de Loando	1,000 00			c198 21	198 91	9 80	35 56
Stettin.....	1,000 00		36 97	c58 59		324 00	365 78
Dantzic.....						126 00	104 20
Konigsburg.....						613 50	671 00
Tabiti.....	1,000 00					415 09	440 27
Talcahuano.....	1,000 00			13 20		620 41	393 64
Turk's Island.....	c750 00	135 87		b10 53		c524 23	529 07
Cockburn Harbor						c184 74	158 72
Salt Cay.....						c195 75	226 15
Venice.....	1,000 00		33 86	c202 78		583 00	585 50
Windor, N. S.....	1,000 00			119 95		918 28	781 38
Annapolis.....						299 18	239 10
Coruwallis.....						133 00	147 50
Digby.....						85 00	68 50
Kempton.....						314 38	274 06
Parrsboro'.....						104 65	144 48
Port Joggins.....						405 66	416 04
Walton.....						40 00	52 50
Wolfville.....						96 50	108 50
Yarmouth.....	85 22					1,085 22	769 50
Zanzibar.....	892 86			59 29		362 14	531 33
COMMERCIAL AGENCIES.							
Gaboon.....	c750 00					13 38	
Levuka.....	1,000 00		c32 50	141 43		79 26	58 68
San Juan del Norte d.....							
Bluefields.....							
Totals.....	22,345 55	380 54	166 98	1,403 49	298 91	18,823 75	22,001 07

¹Made a consulate March 20, 1883.²Returns from July 1, 1882, to July 30, 1882, not received.

D.—STATEMENT of CONSULAR FEES, COMPENSATION, EXPENSES, and LOSS by EXCHANGE for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

NOT INCLUDED IN SCHEDULES B or C.

(a) For one quarter. (b) For two quarters. (c) For three quarters. (d) No returns.

Consulates and their agencies.	Fees collected 1883.	Fees collected 1882.	Compensation of consuls.	Rent, clerk hire, &c., of consuls.	Fees accruing to Government.	Contingent expenses.	Loss by exchange.
UNSALARIED CONSULATES.							
Aden.....	\$666 65	\$632 24	\$666 65				
Algiers.....	91 25	106 50	91 25	\$200 00		\$38 03	
Bona.....	72 50	97 50					
Oran.....	157 00	235 00					
Alicante.....	105 97	115 76	105 97				
Amapala.....	152 50	260 00	152 50				
Annaberg ¹	5,817 50	7,518 50	2,323 37	1,531 16	\$1,962 97		
Barranquilla ²	1,424 63		708 33	345 15			
Rio Hacha.....	a159 00						
Bathurst.....	34 93	46 23	34 93				
Belleville.....	2,065 00	1,868 86	2,065 00			48 28	
Bergen.....	333 09	238 50	333 09			35 28	
Drontheim.....	50 00	41 50					
Stavanger.....	56 50	48 00					
Bogota.....	b14 00	b12 00	14 00				
Breslau.....	1,402 00	1,467 00	1,402 00			33 82	\$0 77
Briudisi.....	(d)	(d)					
Binnswick.....	3,273 00	3,181 00	2,500 00	311 48	4461 52		
Buda-Pesth.....	693 50	788 75	693 50			83 74	
Carthagena, Spain.....	303 00	395 00	303 00				
Carthagena, U. S. C.....	c1,188 42	1,774 21	1,188 42			118 50	
Cayenne.....	c113 72	117 34	113 72				
Chihuahua.....	c88 50	245 50	88 50				
Christiania.....	184 50	192 50	184 50			25 89	
Arendal.....							
Christiansand.....	2 50	6 50					
Ciudad Bolivar.....	550 60	713 76	550 60				
Colonia.....							
Pavсандu.....	92 87	110 49					
Coquimbo.....	329 71	421 91	329 71				
Cordoba.....	(b)						
Corunna.....	95 63	124 05	95 63				
Caril.....							
Corembion.....	b6 00						
Ferrol.....	b19 42	b2 00					
Vigo.....	131 00	39 00					
Vivero.....							
Curacao.....	1,838 07	2,343 26				36 32	
Bonaire.....	135 64	100 06					
Denia.....	1,457 50	780 00	1,457 50				
Elberfeld ³	495 00	2,342 50	357 24	137 76			
Falmouth.....	299 05	145 80	299 05				
Galatz.....	(d)						
Ghent.....	893 00	687 50	893 00			68 00	
Ostend.....	25 00						
Gottenburg.....	1,307 17	1,519 72	1,307 17	126 00		343 45	5 60
Malmo.....	44 88	40 50					
Guatemala.....	544 04	408 19	544 04			130 16	
Champerico.....	392 56	297 93					
Livingston.....	474 92	57 50					
San José de Guatemala.....	442 38	444 54					
Guerrero.....	117 50	77 50	117 50			1 11	
Guelph.....	716 00	3,318 00	716 00			11 39	
Helsingfors.....	b16 00	75 77	16 00				
Wyborg.....	(d)	5 08					
Hobart Town.....	41 53	28 86	41 53			5 22	
Horgen.....	2,780 00	2,140 00	2,500 00	280 00			
Iloilo.....	(d)	659 44					
Ignique.....	976 98	961 10	976 98			56 63	
Kehl ⁵	2,045 50	2,247 50	2,045 50			258 98	
Lambayeque.....	85 49	146 91	85 49			21 36	
Chiubote.....							
Eten.....							
Lobos de Afuera.....							
Pacasmayo.....	a17 50	27 50					

¹ From July 27, 1882. An agency prior to this.

² From March 20, 1883.

³ From May 10, 1883. An agency prior to this.

⁴ Vouchers for \$284.03, expenses and clerk hire, wanting.

⁵ From July 18, 1882. An agency prior to this.

D.—STATEMENT of CONSULAR FEES, COMPENSATION, &c.—Continued.

Consulates and their agencies.	Fees collected 1883.	Fees collected 1882.	Compensation of consuls.	Rent, clerk hire, &c., of consuls.	Fees accruing to Government.	Contingent expenses.	Loss by exchange
UNSALARIED CONSULATES—Continued.							
Lambayeque—Continued.							
Payta	(d)	\$126 50					
Tumbez							
La Paz, Mexico	\$411 71	391 45	\$411 71			\$1 97	
La Rochelle	246 50	253 00	246 50			283 25	\$2 14
Cognac	1,992 50	2,122 50					
Limoges	1,345 00	1,436 50	1,000 00	{ \$86 36	\$251 14		
La Union	342 50	247 50	342 50				
Londonderry	75 00	505 25	75 00				
Malta	107 25	66 50	107 25			26 39	1 31
Manzanillo, Mexico	a25 18	517 69	25 18				
Mazatlan	a838 80	1,047 37	838 80			70 75	
Altata	a7 25						
Merida	a391 00	1,164 00	391 00			590 82	
Monterey ¹	26 50	620 00	26 50			187 23	
Moscow	214 50	214 50	214 50			22 27	
Muscate	(d)	a7 50					
New Chwang	14 47	46 14	14 47			135 00	6 75
Patras	324 00	335 00	324 00			3 20	
Cephalonia		30 00					
Cortin	15 50	28 50					
Pirans	30 00	85 50					
Syra	13 50	21 00					
Zante	150 00	92 50					
Padang	137 86	116 37	137 86				
Pamamiribo	330 11	552 83	330 11			125 00	
Plymouth	330 53	296 28					
Dartmouth	18 00	8 50					
Guernsey	338 50	52 00					
Jersey	1,688 00	753 00	688 00				
Rheims	2,812 00	2,344 50	2,500 00	312 00		57 13	
Rio Hacha	c361 23	426 34	361 23				
Rosario	c592 79	1,054 99	592 79				
Rouen	1,389 96	1,785 96	1,389 96			164 75	1 81
Calais	1,732 60	2,247 00	732 60				
Dieppe							
Dunkirk	154 73	389 05					
Lille	121 50	99 00					
Roulaix	817 50	877 00					
St. John's, N. F.	659 02	588 29	659 02			105 43	1 58
St. Martin	313 01	181 42	313 01				
St. Eustatius	38 36	16 52					
St. Gall	6,837 50	5,605 00	2,500 00	1,902 33	2,435 17		
Saltillo	43 50	97 00	43 50			2 31	
San Blas	a27 50	a 10 00	27 50				
San José (Costa Rica)	38 00	70 00	38 00			156 00	
Port Limon	919 01	1,131 38					
Punta Arenas	898 00	1,061 38					
San José and Cape St. Lucas	(d)	10 00					
San José de los Remedios	c579 78	951 09	579 78				
Santander	136 08	237 02	136 08				
Bilbao	407 99	439 60					
Gijon	10 00	7 00					
San Sebastian	(d)	52 00					
Santos	1,427 23	1,469 31	1,427 23			63 44	
Desterro	17 44	9 73					
Sherbrooke	4,006 62	3,936 50		615 00	1,542 00		
Sonsonate	455 00	345 00	455 00			63 25	
Stockholm	1,360 00	1,331 50	1,360 00			110 12	
Christianstad							
Gefle	37 50	58 50					
Norrköping							
Söderhamn	7 34	11 69					
Sundsvall	5 00						
Teneriffe	465 85	718 51	465 85			15 56	
Palma	59 00	194 86					
Grand Canary	230 65						
Three Rivers	1,957 00	1,805 50	1,957 00			101 45	
Trinidad (island)	2,438 09	1,892 10	2,438 09				
Turin	437 00	431 00	437 00			19 52	
Tuxpan (?)	b348 60	(d)	348 60				

¹ From December 14, 1882.² From April 13, 1883.

D.—STATEMENT of CONSULAR FEES, COMPENSATION, &c.—Continued.

Consulates and their agencies.	Fees collected 1883.	Fees collected 1882.	Compensation of consuls.	Rent, clerk hire, &c., of consuls.	Fees accruing to Government.	Contingent expenses.	Loss by exchange.
UNSALARIED CONSULATES—Continued.							
Victoria.....	\$3,230 85	\$2,410 28	\$2,500 00	.....	1,730 85	.....	.....
Warsaw.....	12 50	43 25	12 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
Zacatecas.....	648 00	30 00	48 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
UNSALARIED COMMERCIAL AGENCIES.							
Baracoa.....	3,749 10	3,293 90	2,500 00	\$1,152 25	86 85	.....	.....
Belize.....	928 19	(d)	928 19	.....	.....	\$78 00	.....
Buenaventura.....	2155 50	472 00	155 50	.....	.....	7 65	.....
Cardenas.....	4,456 94	3,541 40	2,500 00	1,313 47	643 47	.....	.....
Castellamare.....	1,320 00	1,929 50	1,320 00	.....	.....	43 63	\$2 18
Chatham.....	2,534 50	2,151 50	2,500 00	.....	34 50	.....	.....
Wallaceburg.....	2,090 50	2,300 00	1,000 00	.....	90 50	.....	.....
Cobija.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Collingwood.....	685 00	774 00	685 00	.....	.....	55 81	50
Orilla.....	446 50	529 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Owen Sound.....	168 50	537 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sault Ste. Marie.....	206 00	241 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dunfermline.....	3,433 25	3,470 00	2,500 00	550 99	382 26	.....	.....
Kirkaldy.....	1,245 00	1,277 50	245 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dusseldorf.....	1,755 00	1,647 50	1,755 00	.....	.....	45 34	.....
Gaboon.....	(d)	(d)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Garrucha.....	(d)	(d)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gloucester.....	385 06	369 78	385 06	.....	.....	350 93	.....
Hull.....	1,328 99	1,466 22	1,328 99	.....	.....	114 23	.....
Manaos.....	(d)	(d)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mayaguez.....	1,070 02	857 16	1,070 02	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mayence.....	4,461 00	4,140 50	2,500 00	690 28	1,270 72	.....	.....
Medellin.....	32 00	39 00	32 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Morrisburg.....	1,426 00	1,544 00	1,426 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cornwall.....	859 50	1,146 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pago Pago.....	(b)	2 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Paso del Norte.....	533 50	211 00	533 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ponce.....	1,005 32	1,258 85	1,005 32	.....	.....	55 64	.....
Port Hope.....	2,196 50	2,730 50	2,196 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cobourg.....	920 50	1,034 00	920 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
Port Rowan.....	1,065 00	1,659 00	1,065 00	.....	.....	142 70	.....
Port Stanley and St. Thomas	2,099 50	2,638 50	2,099 50	.....	.....	103 10	.....
Courtwright.....	813 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Presidio del Norte.....	(d)	(d)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Puerto Plata.....	479 04	375 21	479 04	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sagua la Grande.....	2,203 81	1,859 24	2,203 81	266 66	.....	113 74	.....
St. Bartholomew.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Christopher.....	485 49	416 60	485 49	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Denis.....	4 50	68 21	4 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Etienne.....	2,139 00	2,722 00	2,139 00	.....	.....	139 95	2 55
St. Georges.....	142 38	389 51	142 38	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Hyacinthe.....	1,821 00	1,761 50	1,821 00	.....	.....	129 90	1 00
Waterloo.....	163 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Marc.....	241 74	264 88	241 74	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Pierre.....	161 33	162 31	161 33	.....	.....	.....	.....
Samana.....	186 50	71 48	186 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
San Juan del Sur.....	(d)	142 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Santa Martha.....	159 62	193 00	159 62	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sorel.....	597 00	2123 50	597 00	.....	.....	60 75	71
Stanbridge.....	1,824 00	1,458 50	1,824 00	.....	.....	108 90	.....
Clarenceville.....	454 50	413 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Frelighsburg.....	329 50	184 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sutton.....	1,864 50	2,300 00	864 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tetuan.....	(d)	1 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Woodstock ²	402 50	.....	402 50	.....	.....	82 06	.....
Purchases of consular stationery, &c., by State Department.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,349 17	.....
Totals.....	135,353 65	134,629 70	98,545 86	9,475 74	9,891 95	11,534 60	25 90

¹ No vouchers for rent, clerk-hire, &c., received.² From December 7, 1882.

E.—NAMES of CONSULAR CLERKS, with THEIR SALARY and EXPENSES for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

Name.	Place.	Salary.	Loss by exchange.	Contingent expenses.
Brown, Samnel P	Belfast.....	\$1,000 00		
De Zeyk, Albert J	Lisbon.....	1,200 00	\$44 43	\$258 90
Eaton, J. S. J ^a	Paris	1,063 90		
Hastings, F. P	Honolulu	1,200 00		
MacLean, E. P	Paris	1,200 00		
Scidmore, George H.	Kanagawa	1,200 00		
Smith, G. Harrison ^b	Berlin	690 00		152 25
Springer, Joseph A	Havana	1,200 00		
Thirion, Charles F	Paris	1,200 00		
Wood, Charles M ^c	Rome	1,050 00	51 00	
Zimmerman, F. C ^d	Zanzibar	750 00		
Totals		11,754 12	95 43	411 15

^a In service five years March 3, 1883, when his salary was increased to \$1,200 per annum.

^b Appointed October 23, 1882.

^c Consular clerk, was acting consul-general from October 7, 1882, to November 21, 1882.

^d Account for June quarter not received.

F.—STATEMENT of SUNDRY EXPENSES at CONSULATES in CHINA, JAPAN, SIAM, and TURKEY for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

Consulates.	Rent of prisons, China.	Rent of prisons, Japan.	Wages of keepers, &c., China.	Wages of keepers, &c., Japan.	Rent of prisons, wages of keepers, &c., Siam and Turkey.	Salaries of interpreters to consulates, China, Japan, and Siam.	Salaries of marshals for consular courts.	Expenses interpreters, guards, &c., Turkish dominions.	Loss by exchange.	Totals.
Amoy			\$1,240 00			\$750 00				\$1,990 00
Bangkok					\$850 00	625 00				1,475 00
Beirut								\$600 00	\$36 00	636 00
Cairo								500 00	4 52	504 52
Canton			558 68			750 00				1,308 68
Swatow						500 00				500 00
Chin Kiang						500 00			2 49	502 49
Constantinople							\$1,000 00	710 00	175 00	1,885 00
Foo-Chow			300 00			2,000 00	600 00			2,900 00
Hankow						750 00	750 00		30 58	1,530 58
Hong-Kong						750 00				750 00
Jerusalem								600 00	42 00	642 00
Kanagawa	\$600 00			\$1,824 63		1,901 10	1,000 00			5,325 73
Nagasaki						500 00	1,000 00			1,500 00
New Chwang			600 00			500 00	1,000 00		55 00	1,155 00
Ningpo			444 59			480 00				924 59
Osaka and Hiogo				756 97		500 00				1,256 97
Shanghai	\$1,116 66		3,049 85			1,939 92	1,000 00			7,106 43
Smyrna					429 62			547 90	108 59	1,086 11
Tien-Tsin			123 68			1,500 00	1,000 00		62 06	2,685 74
Che-Foo			480 00							480 00
Totals	1,116 66	600 00	6,796 80	2,581 60	1,279 62	13,946 02	6,350 00	2,957 90	516 24	36,144 84

RECAPITULATION OF EXHIBITS B, C, D, E, and F.

Total fees received for official services	\$914,839 74
Paid:	
Consular salaries <i>a</i>	\$413,606 22
Loss by exchange	3,554 31
Compensation from fees	210,332 57
Office rent, clerk hire, &c. (sec. 1732 R. S.)	9,475 74
Contingent expenses of consulates	132,699 89
Allowance for clerks at consulates	64,991 27
Rent of prison and wages of keepers, &c., China	7,913 46
Rent of prison and wages of keepers, &c., Japan	3,181 60
Rent of prison and wages of keepers, &c., Siam and Turkey	1,279 62
Salaries of interpreters to consulates in China, Japan, and Siam	13,946 02
Salaries of marshals to consular courts	6,350 00
Expenses of interpreters, guards, &c., in the Turkish dominions	2,957 90
	<u>870,290 60</u>
Excess of receipts over expenditures	44,549 14
Loss by exchange, consular accounts	3,554 31
Loss by exchange, diplomatic accounts	1,602 83
Loss by exchange, relief of teamen accounts	179 19
Total loss by exchange	<u>5,336 33</u>
<i>a</i> Inclusive of \$953 72 of salaries of consular officers not citizens of the United States, and \$11,920.46 of salaries while awaiting instructions, &c.	

G.—STATEMENT of RELIEF AFFORDED SEAMEN, with LOSS BY EXCHANGE, EXTRA WAGES, and ARREARS, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

Where afforded.	Number relieved.	Board and lodging.	Clothing.	Other expenses.	Total.	Loss by exchange.	Extra wages and arrears collected.	Wages refunded.
Acapulco	1	\$24 00	.....	\$0 50	\$24 50	.....	.....	.....
Aden	2	38 61	\$1 95	55 57	96 13	.....	\$18 00	.....
Antwerp .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,792 62	\$1,361 14
Apia	5	238 50	99 45	10 00	347 95	\$1 94	.....	.....
Auckland	3	8 88	3 48	79 32	91 68	5 99	124 00	.....
Bahia	3	51 00	.....	14 50	65 50	.....	105 00	70 00
Bangkok	1	9 60	.....	.....	9 60	.....	.....	.....
Barbadoes	8	46 50	28 18	.....	74 68	.....	210 00	61 50
Batavia	8	129 65	2 71	264 78	397 14	.....	478 75	83 14
Belize	8	35 72	.....	14 29	50 01	.....	225 43	155 75
Bombay	2	5 85	.....	3 78	9 63	.....	123 55	54 03
Bremen	2	63	17 10	104 23	121 96	.....	89 86	37 03
Bristol	2	33 54	23 05	.....	56 59	.....	.....	.....
Buenos Ayres	22	189 00	216 40	465 60	871 00	13 16	991 59	568 83
Calcutta	7	174 00	.....	14 00	188 00	.....	573 60	298 00
Callao	3	22 30	19 00	125 46	166 76	56	29 19	.....
Cape Town	50	671 48	383 64	92 47	1,147 59	40 60	111 44	.....
Cardenas	1	.....	.....	86 01	86 01	.....	481 66	80 00
Cardiff	4	17 00	69 00	.....	86 00	.....	35 00	.....
Ceylon .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	250 00	150 00
Cienfuegos	2	47 96	.....	31 65	79 61	.....	389 19	124 57
Colon	16	43 50	.....	750 00	793 50	.....	55 32	40 32
Cork	2	.....	.....	61 31	61 31	92	2,122 05	1,614 86
Coquimbo .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	183 76	183 76
Demerara .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	75 00	50 00
Dublin	24	45 26	.....	.....	45 26	.....	.....	.....
Dundee .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	32 00	.....
Falmouth	29	15 89	.....	162 84	178 73	.....	819 97	496 01
Fayal* .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Funchal	2	.....	.....	9 72	9 72	63	.....	.....
Gottenburg .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	310 00	167 99
Guadeloupe	4	3 20	11 39	79 31	93 90	.....	110 83	.....
Halifax	65	220 23	272 60	327 20	820 03	5 18	79 65	25 65
Hamburg .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	50 00	.....
Havana	19	84 17	66 75	118 20	269 12	.....	309 05	43 40
Havre	4	9 36	.....	56 36	65 72	.....	200 04	46 84
Hobart	1	.....	.....	13 86	13 86	.....	190 84	.....
Hong-Kong	4	.....	.....	227 90	227 90	.....	2,759 70	561 09
Honolulu	23	60 25	213 75	351 50	625 50	9 31	3,547 01	2,411 18
Hull	7	39 15	139 33	48 48	226 96	.....	.....	.....
Iquique	2	.....	25 20	143 70	168 90	.....	290 08	79 48
Kanagawa	7	50 48	10 14	71 46	132 08	.....	2,057 09	446 04
Kingston	26	324 25	.....	15 49	339 74	.....	10 00	.....
La Paz .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	405 00	230 00
Levuka	8	142 50	93 85	156 75	393 10	5 25	95 00	.....
Lisbon	4	6 00	.....	47 46	53 46	.....	60 19	.....
Liverpool	15	53 44	94 41	425 26	573 11	.....	10,826 13	2,326 48
London .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,093 96	470 00
Mahé	2	.....	32 00	40 00	72 00	7 60	.....	.....
Manchester	14	.....	.....	29 17	29 17	.....	.....	.....
Manila	4	3 75	5 00	154 50	163 25	3 86	351 99	34 08
Marseilles	9	82 50	170 73	59 64	312 87	4 68	999 28	652 85
Martinique	4	12 90	8 55	23 20	44 65	.....	272 36	57 76
Matanzas	5	69 00	.....	38 75	107 75	.....	200 82	20 00
Mayaguez .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	120 00	80 00
Mazatlan .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,055 80	660 80
Melbourne	5	95 38	18 00	208 13	321 51	.....	2,517 79	2,510 97
Merida	23	374 25	5 00	49 75	429 00	.....	.....	.....
Montevideo	17	193 20	.....	561 22	754 42	3 70	1,075 90	846 06
Montreal	1	.....	.....	16 00	16 00	.....	75 00	75 00
Nagasaki	1	3 00	.....	98 48	101 48	.....	.....	.....
Nassau	42	264 89	13 50	78 25	356 64	.....	579 17	109 97
Newcastle-upon-Tyne .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20 35	.....
Osaka and Hiogo	10	10 26	7 15	522 15	539 56	.....	1,783 37	778 73
Panama	20	49 60	.....	206 00	255 60	.....	983 78	327 78
Panamaribo .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	82 80	52 80
Pernambuco	8	59 91	46 69	34 93	141 53	.....	299 24	95 73
Pictou	23	82 90	60 05	229 82	378 77	.....	.....	.....
Ponce	2	15 50	24 37	.....	39 87	.....	.....	16 96
Port Louis	8	108 75	7 00	67 25	183 00	.....	.....	.....
Port Stanley (F. I.)	15	288 95	383 42	540 00	1,212 37	62 23	.....	.....
Puerto Cabello	1	.....	.....	1 50	1 50	.....	17 00	15 50
Puerto Plata .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	450 00	.....
Rio de Janeiro	5	54 55	41 39	29 78	125 72	.....	1,545 01	928 39
Rosario .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	73 00	.....
Rotterdam	2	7 65	.....	.....	7 65	.....	1,767 73	1,719 73

*Accounts unadjusted.

G.—STATEMENT OF RELIEF AFFORDED SEAMEN, &c.—Continued.

Where afforded.	Number relieved.	Board and lodging.	Clothing.	Other expenses.	Total.	Loss by exchange.	Extra wages and arrears collected.	Wages refunded.
Ruatan	1	\$40 00	.....	.....	\$40 00	.....	\$45 00	.....
Sagua la Grande	14	91 50	\$5 00	\$1 50	98 00	.....	653 34	\$543 24
San Domingo	1	15 00	1 25	73 05	89 30	.....	85 30	.....
San José (C. R.)	6	91 55	.....	.....	91 55	.....	.....	.....
San Juan (P. R.)	5	48 50	9 25	144 66	202 41	.....	97 59	.....
Santiago (C. V. I.)	9	116 25	59 22	172 66	348 13	\$4 37	161 37	4 50
Santiago de Cuba .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	35 00	.....
Santander .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	192 00	.....
Santos .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	313 08	200 58
Shanghai	14	119 00	117 50	858 00	1,094 50	.....	1,121 61	70 00
Sierra Leone	4	24 75	43 20	4 80	72 75	18	.....	.....
Singapore	10	48 00	.....	143 00	191 00	.....	2,056 27	1,383 63
St. George's .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	40 00	.....
St. Helena	14	153 25	12 79	201 00	367 04	.....	996 63	198 70
St. John (N. B.)	7	34 50	25 65	47 20	107 35	.....	160 00	50 00
St. John's (N. F.)	22	202 23	160 79	274 44	637 46	9 03	.....	.....
St. Petersburg .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 00	.....
St. Pierre	11	26 77	184 60	45 86	257 23	.....	.....	.....
St. Thomas	12	106 00	.....	100 59	206 59	.....	.....	.....
Sydney	12	109 42	52 61	154 95	316 98	.....	286 80	29 60
Tahiti .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	145 00	.....
Talcahuano	24	425 89	350 50	321 40	1,097 79	.....	255 00	.....
Tamatave	1	17 00	.....	39 24	56 24	.....	248 50	.....
Tampico .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	45 00	.....
Teneriffe	5	6 00	.....	66 80	72 80	.....	195 00	30 00
Trinidad (Island) .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	45 00	.....
Turk s Island	7	168 00	.....	6 00	174 00	.....	.....	.....
Tuxpan	3	40 50	.....	.....	40 50	.....	.....	.....
Valparaiso	46	480 00	561 30	2,049 20	3,090 50	.....	2,045 34	437 30
Vera Cruz	48	357 75	85 38	121 33	564 46	.....	137 20	.....
Victoria	30	108 50	54 75	.....	163 25	.....	40 00	.....
Windsor (N. S.)	26	100 00	74 10	85 53	259 63	.....	.....	.....
Zanzibar	35	319 58	.....	116 15	435 73	.....	.....	.....
United States naval paymasters	5	119 58	77 76	5 99	203 33	.....	.....	.....
Masters and owners of vessels	53	15 00	104 65	1,148 25	1,267 90	.....	.....	150 00
Totals	1,042	8,003 36	4,600 53	13,599 08	26,202 97	179 19	56,383 57	24,317 75

II.—NUMBER of SEAMEN SENT to the UNITED STATES, with AMOUNT PAID at the TREASURY for THEIR PASSAGE, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

Where from.	No. of men.	Amount.	Where from.	No. of men.	Amount.
Acapulco	6	\$60 00	Montevideo	1	\$10 00
Aspinwall	1	10 00	Naguabo	9	105 00
Auckland	3	30 00	Nassau	49	488 00
Bahia	3	30 00	North Sydney	1	10 00
Barbadoes	4	40 00	Nuevitas	8	80 00
Barrington	5	61 00	Panama	5	50 00
Batavia	2	20 00	Pernambuco	6	55 00
Belize	2	20 00	Ponce	1	10 00
Calcutta	1	10 00	Port Hastings	5	50 00
Cape Canso	2	20 00	Port Limon	5	20 00
Cape Town	9	120 00	Port Stanley (Fiji Islands)	2	20 00
Cardenas	2	20 00	Rio de Janeiro	3	30 00
Charlottetown	1	10 00	Sagua la Grande	4	40 00
Cienfuegos	3	30 00	San Andres	2	30 00
Colon	37	370 00	San Blas	1	10 00
East London	1	10 00	Santiago (Cape Verde Islands)	10	260 00
Fayal	76	1,247 00	Sierra Leone	3	30 00
Gonaives	1	10 00	St. Helena	5	50 00
Guadaloupe	1	10 00	St. John (New Brunswick)	5	13 00
Guatemala	3	30 00	St. Martin (West Indies)	2	20 00
Halifax	49	484 00	St. Thomas	2	20 00
Havana	13	106 00	Sydney	2	20 00
Honolulu	4	40 00	Talcahuano	2	20 00
Hong-Kong	1	20 00	Tamatoyo	1	10 00
Iquique	1	10 00	Teneriffa	1	10 00
Kanagawa	5	50 00	Turk's Island	7	70 00
Kingston (Jamaica)	25	250 00	Valparaiso	3	30 00
La Paz	1	10 00	Vera Cruz	14	140 00
Liverpool (England)	19	190 00	Victoria	11	54 00
Liverpool (Nova Scotia)	1	10 00	Windsor (Nova Scotia)	9	66 00
Manzanillo	4	40 00	Yarmouth	1	5 00
Mazatlan	1	10 00			
Merida	17	170 00		384	5,374 00

RECAPITULATION OF EXHIBITS G AND H.

Amount of extra wages and arrears collected	\$56,383 57
Amount of extra wages and arrears refunded	24,317 75
Balance extra wages and arrears	\$32,065 82
Amount expended for relief of seamen:	
Board and lodging	8,003 36
Clothing	4,600 53
Passage to the United States (paid at Treasury)	5,374 00
Other expenses	13,599 08
Total expenses	31,576 97
Excess of extra wages and arrears over relief	488 85
Amount of loss by exchange on drafts for relief of seamen	179 19

I.—STATEMENT showing the CHARACTER and AMOUNT of the FEES and CHARGES COLLECTED at EACH CONSULATE (including agencies) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

Consulates, &c.	Vessels' fees and charges.					Miscellaneous.		
	Shipping and dis- charging crews.	Receiving and de- livering ships' papers.	Bills of health, clearances, and other fees.	Extra wages.	Total.	Invoices.	Other fees.	Grand total.
Acapulco	\$3 00	\$46 39	\$50 51	.....	\$99 90	\$1,089 00	\$46 00	\$1,234 90
Aden	2 00	18 65	23 50	\$18 00	62 15	615 00	7 50	684 65
Aix-la-Chapelle .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,295 00	.....	2,295 00
Algiers .....	.....	.....	62 50	494 00	556 50	184 50	73 75	814 75
Alicante .....	.....	17 47	27 00	.....	44 47	30 00	31 50	105 97
Amapala .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	152 00	.....	152 00
Amherstburg .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,477 00	2 00	1,479 00
Amoy	55 00	20 45	39 50	.....	114 95	1,445 00	13 50	1,573 45
Amsterdam .....	.....	.....	142 53	.....	142 53	2,850 50	357 00	3,350 03
Annaberg .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,817 50	.....	5,817 50
Antigua	10 00	70 95	296 00	.....	376 95	920 00	54 34	1,351 29
Antwerp	432 00	347 54	196 50	772 00	1,748 04	2,887 50	365 00	5,000 54
Apia	24 00	17 98	36 75	341 20	419 93	.....	19 38	439 31
Athens .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 50	6 00	8 50
Auckland .....	.....	.....	.....	124 00	124 00	.....	.....	124 00
Bahia	7 00	33 38	189 50	105 00	334 88	282 50	209 50	826 88
Bangkok .....	.....	2 80	7 50	.....	10 30	17 00	55 50	82 80
Baracoa de Cuba	3 00	390 60	2,362 00	.....	2,755 60	645 00	348 50	3,749 10
Barbadoes	78 00	320 63	933 60	210 00	1,542 23	437 50	495 48	2,475 21
Barcelona	1 00	21 54	360 50	.....	383 04	2,420 00	173 00	2,976 04
Barmen .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10,912 50	.....	10,912 50
Barranquilla	2 00	4 13	86 00	.....	92 13	1,035 00	456 50	1,583 63
Basle .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,752 47	10 50	5,762 97
Batavia	12 00	173 09	201 00	354 49	740 58	475 00	223 00	1,438 58
Bathurst	1 00	14 43	19 50	.....	34 93	.....	.....	34 93
Beirut .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	167 50	62 50	230 00
Belfast .....	.....	12 72	120 03	.....	132 75	12,645 00	44 00	12,821 75
Belize	49 00	86 19	192 00	.....	327 19	337 50	263 50	928 19
Belleville .....	.....	.....	6 50	.....	6 50	2,047 00	11 50	2,065 00
Bergen	7 00	11 59	5 00	.....	23 59	353 50	62 50	439 59
Berlin .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	13,862 50	79 52	13,942 02
Bermuda	4 00	26 73	179 50	.....	210 23	1,180 00	702 50	2,092 73
Berne .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	452 50	5 25	457 75
Birmingham .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11,482 50	16 77	11,499 27
Bogota .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14 00	14 00
Bombay	40 00	110 22	118 50	117 50	386 22	477 50	33 50	897 22
Bordeaux	3 00	27 93	307 50	.....	338 43	7,777 50	212 50	8,328 43
Bradford .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15,112 50	2 51	15,115 01
Bremen	5 00	25 15	711 21	75 00	816 36	4,302 50	867 00	5,985 86
Breslau .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,397 50	4 50	1,402 00
Brindisi .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bristol	18 00	46 10	108 50	.....	172 60	482 50	214 50	869 60
Brunswick .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,250 00	23 00	3,273 00
Brussels .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,637 49	2 50	5,639 99
Buda Pesth .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	492 50	201 00	693 50
Buenaventura .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	152 50	3 00	155 50
Buenos Ayres	108 00	258 01	327 89	451 26	1,145 16	1,050 00	426 50	2,621 66
Cadiz .....	.....	95 42	298 50	.....	393 92	3,135 00	46 25	3,575 17
Cairo .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	359 50	.....	359 50
Calcutta	253 90	351 04	1,003 07	402 00	2,009 11	7,122 50	554 50	9,686 11
Callao	76 00	136 78	139 50	29 19	381 47	82 50	69 00	582 97
Canton	32 00	19 34	10 00	.....	61 34	1,881 00	22 50	1,964 84
Cape Haytien	10 00	328 14	366 25	.....	704 39	687 50	238 50	1,630 39
Cape Town	48 00	215 46	155 40	83 69	502 55	692 50	359 80	1,554 85
Cardenas	33 00	1,176 45	1,887 99	455 00	3,552 44	895 00	464 50	4,911 94
Cardiff	733 50	561 25	608 70	35 00	1,938 45	940 00	80 00	2,958 45
Cartagena, Spain .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	303 00	303 00
Cartagena, U. S. C.	4 50	15 38	179 54	.....	199 42	607 50	381 50	1,188 42
Castelamare .....	.....	.....	30 00	.....	30 00	775 00	515 00	1,320 00
Cayenne .....	.....	20 22	75 50	.....	95 72	7 50	10 50	113 72
Ceylon	12 00	22 00	147 10	250 00	431 10	575 00	.....	1,006 10
Chatham .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,624 50	50	4,625 00
Chemnitz .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20,430 00	50	20,430 50
Chihuahua .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20 00	68 50	88 50
Chin-Kiang .....	.....	15 96	380 18	.....	396 14	.....	29 00	425 14
Christiania .....	.....	.....	2 50	.....	2 50	167 00	17 50	187 00
Cienfuegos	14 00	350 64	846 00	288 50	1,499 14	912 50	199 00	2,610 64
Ciudad Bolivar	4 00	25 60	74 50	.....	104 10	152 50	294 00	550 60
Clifton .....	.....	.....	2 00	.....	2 00	928 00	55 75	985 75

I.—CHARACTER and AMOUNT of the FEES COLLECTED, &c.—Continued.

Consulates, &c.	Vessels' fees, and charges.					Miscellaneous.		
	Shipping and dis- charging crews.	Receiving and de- livering ships' papers.	Bills of health, clearances, and other fees.	Extra wages.	Total.	Invoice.	Other fees.	Grand total.
Coaticook.....						\$2,303 50	\$9 00	\$2,312 50
Cobija.....						2,835 00	1 00	2,836 00
Cologne.....						522 50	1,311 00	3,404 35
Colon.....	\$ 51 00	\$518 85	\$956 00	\$45 00	\$1,570 85	5 00	19 00	92 87
Colonia.....		34 37	34 50		68 87	1,498 00	4 00	1,506 00
Collingwood.....			4 00		4 00	622 50	234 50	857 00
Constantinople.....						460 00	57 50	543 50
Copenhagen.....	1 00		25 00		26 00	10 00	8 50	446 41
Coquimbo.....	101 50	113 46	96 25	116 70	427 91			
Cordoba.....								
Cork.....	76 00	98 19	115 25	1,423 89	1,713 33	180 00	57 57	1,950 90
Corunna.....	4 00	45 29	14 50		63 79	6 00	182 26	252 05
Crefeld.....						8,212 50		8,212 50
Curacao.....	53 00	130 72	339 50		523 22	995 00	455 49	1,973 71
Demerara.....	43 00	298 91	847 93	75 00	1,264 84	547 50	260 50	2,072 84
Denia.....			7 50		7 50	1,450 00		1,457 50
Dresden.....						2,512 00		2,512 00
Dublin.....	78 00	68 42	222 70		369 12	1,420 00	151 50	1,940 62
Dundee.....	4 00	5 06	25 50	32 00	66 56	8,643 50	39 00	8,749 06
Dunfermline.....						4,678 00	25	4,678 25
Dusseldorf.....						1,755 00		1,755 00
Elberfeld.....						495 00		495 00
Falmouth.....	35 00	122 73	88 57	809 00	1,055 30	40 00	12 75	1,108 05
Fayal.....	141 00	128 08	275 00		544 08	97 50	153 00	794 58
Florence.....			28 50		28 50	2,455 00	664 01	3,147 51
Foo-Chow.....		30 15	16 50		46 65	370 00	4 00	420 65
Fort Erie.....						699 00	15 50	714 50
Frankfort-on-the-Main.....						5,307 50	157 00	5,464 50
Funchal.....	1 00	2 79	108 50		112 29	102 50	8 00	222 79
Gaboon.....	1 00	3 88	2 50		7 38	5 00	1 00	13 38
Galatz.....								
Gaspé Basin.....			2 00		2 00	25 00		27 00
Garrucha.....								
Geneva.....						1,505 00	39 50	1,544 50
Genoa.....	3 00	23 20	168 50		194 70	1,042 50	393 50	1,630 70
Ghent.....						857 50	60 50	918 00
Gibraltar.....		4 02	256 00		260 02	35 00	99 50	394 52
Glasgow.....		42 46	87 03		129 49	13,457 50	307 05	13,894 04
Gloucester.....		17 06	10 50		27 56	357 50		385 06
Goderich.....						3,206 50	3 50	3,210 00
Gottenburg.....	6 00	9 55	2 00	310 00	327 55	1,317 00	17 50	1,662 05
Guadeloupe.....	12 00	143 96	580 75	75 00	811 71	335 00	48 50	1,195 21
Guatemala.....	5 00	113 68	136 68		255 36	1,402 00	196 54	1,553 90
Guayaquil.....		39			39	1,303 00	452 50	1,755 89
Guaymas.....	10 00	143 16	91 00		244 16	200 00	455 00	899 16
Guelph.....						716 00		716 00
Guerrero.....						100 00	17 50	117 50
Halifax.....	18 00	100 38	121 50	54 00	293 88	2,386 50	364 50	3,044 88
Hamburg.....	69 00	54 13	749 76	50 00	922 89	7,782 50	727 02	9,432 41
Hamilton, Ont.....						5,152 50	2 00	5,154 50
Hankow.....	33 88	527 00			560 88	65 00	196 10	821 98
Havana.....	58 50	1,639 05	4,259 40	244 00	6,200 95	10,999 00	1,513 50	18,713 45
Havre.....	423 00	422 63	743 05	200 04	1,788 72	2,454 00	854 50	5,097 22
Helsingfors.....							16 00	16 00
Hobart Town.....	6 00	10 53	9 50	166 50	192 53	7 50	8 00	208 03
Hong-Kong.....	1,035 00	919 87	470 50	2,663 45	5,088 82	11,020 00	220 00	16,328 82
Honolulu.....	237 00	794 94	1,161 55	1,860 00	4,053 49	4,202 50	1,247 16	9,503 15
Horgen.....						2,780 00		2,780 00
Hull.....	84 00	80 74	337 00		501 74	687 50	139 75	1,328 99
Iiolo.....								
Iquique.....	85 50	236 48	341 00	165 00	827 98	250 50	63 50	1,141 98
Jerusalem.....						12 50	17 25	29 75
Kanagawa.....	271 00	367 72	253 16	1,698 57	2,590 45	6,585 50	488 80	9,664 75
Kehl.....			2 00		2 00	1,884 00	159 50	2,045 50
Kingston, Ont.....			10 00		10 00	4,107 00	22 50	4,139 50
Kingston, Jamaica.....	51 00	243 35	981 25		1,275 60	2,467 50	248 50	3,991 60
Lagnayra.....	9 00	123 32	145 49		277 81	507 50	542 96	1,328 27
Lambayeque.....		16 99	29 00		45 99	40 00	17 00	102 99
La Paz, Mexico.....	1 00	82 26	37 17	405 00	525 43	177 50	113 78	816 71
La Rochelle.....						3,530 00	54 00	3,584 00
La Union.....						342 50		342 50

I.—CHARACTER and AMOUNT of the FEES COLLECTED, &c.—Continued.

Consulates, &c.	Vessels' fees, and charges.					Miscellaneous.		
	Shipping and discharging crews.	Receiving and delivering ships' papers.	Bills of health, clearances, and other fees.	Extra wages.	Total.	Invoices.	Other fees.	Grand total.
Leeds						\$7,642 50		\$7,642 50
Leghorn	\$4 00	\$37 56	\$74 50		\$116 06	3,597 50	\$991 50	4,705 06
Leipsic						7,820 00	11 00	7,831 00
Leith						1,938 00	31 75	1,969 75
Levuka	10 00	24 72	28 54	\$95 00	158 26	16 00		174 26
Lisbon	9 00	26 70	222 00	60 00	317 70	925 00	47 50	1,290 20
Liverpool	3,597 50	1,649 18	494 50	9,452 50	15,193 68	28,569 50	3,506 25	47,269 43
London	236 00	282 57	302 50	2,093 96	2,915 03	52,217 50	1,360 50	56,493 03
Londonderry			37 50		37 50	32 50	5 00	75 00
Lyons						12,555 00	1 74	12,556 74
Mahé							18 00	18 00
Malaga	1 00	10 89	172 15		184 04	2,475 00	80 50	2,739 54
Malta			32 00		32 00	17 50	57 75	107 25
Mansos								
Manchester						20,020 00	10 03	20,030 03
Manila	149 00	384 14	306 75	345 16	1,185 05	812 50	21 75	2,019 30
Mannheim						2,339 00	49 50	2,388 50
Manzanillo		68	2 50		3 18	12 50	9 50	25 18
Maracaibo		39 27	80 00		119 27	2,335 00	1,211 50	3,665 77
Marseilles	21 00	30 71	238 50	173 00	463 21	3,485 00	158 50	4,106 71
Martinique	18 00	259 99	750 50	240 00	1,268 49	385 00	92 50	1,745 99
Matamoras		5 00	7 32		12 32	649 00	1,318 25	1,979 57
Matanzas	12 00	1,141 29	1,226 75	175 00	2,555 04	745 00	199 50	3,499 54
Mayaguez	6 00	120 67	416 85	120 00	663 52	372 50	154 00	1,190 02
Mayence						4,452 50	8 50	4,461 00
Mazatlan	5 00	76 05	120 50	555 00	756 55	290 00	354 50	1,401 05
Medellin							32 00	32 00
Melbourne	432 00	426 21	348 00	724 50	1,930 71	190 00	301 50	2,422 21
Merida			3 00		3 00	302 50	85 50	391 00
Messina		10 07	464 50		474 57	4,577 50	1,282 00	6,334 07
Mexico							102 00	102 00
Milan						1,502 50	71 99	1,574 49
Monrovia	3 00	49 21	34 50		86 71	20 00	63 00	169 71
Monterey						2 50	24 00	26 50
Montevideo	44 00	185 87	369 92	367 49	967 28	700 00	423 50	2,090 78
Montreal				75 00	75 00	7,056 00	296 56	7,427 56
Morrisburg						2,275 50	10 00	2,285 50
Moscow						135 00	79 50	214 50
Munich						1,632 50	102 25	1,734 75
Muscat								
Nagasaki	31 00	106 52	18 50		156 02	190 00	30 50	376 52
Nantes	73 00	56 72	8 00		137 72	530 00	23 50	691 22
Naples		12 49	124 00		136 49	1,542 50	359 50	2,038 49
Nassau	41 49	315 16	755 26	335 00	1,446 91	645 00	410 50	2,502 41
Newcastle-upon-Tyne	33 00	46 73	279 50		359 23	2,029 50	73 00	2,461 73
New Chwang		10 47	2 00		12 47		2 00	14 47
Nice						402 50	114 00	516 50
Ningpo	31 00	106 52	18 50		156 02	190 00	30 50	376 52
Nottingham						13,890 00	03	13,890 03
Nuevo Laredo						1,158 50	1,990 00	3,148 50
Nuremberg						8,890 00		8,890 00
Odessa			2 00		2 00	185 00	104 00	291 00
Osaka and Hiogo	42 00	247 27	90 00	705 00	1,084 27	2,777 50	588 94	4,450 71
Ottawa						4,465 50	16 50	4,482 00
Padang		27 86	42 50		70 36	65 00	2 50	137 86
Pago Pago								
Palermo	8 50	23 88	856 00		888 38	8,072 51	2,175 00	11,135 89
Panama	2,517 00	650 11	275 75	780 00	4,222 86	627 00	161 42	5,011 28
Para	6 00	265 89	447 87		719 76	1,055 00	917 00	2,691 76
Paramaribo	5 00	52 36	175 75	30 00	263 11	70 00	27 00	360 11
Paris						62,905 00	56 72	62,961 72
Paso del Norte						115 00	418 50	533 50
Patras			35 00		35 00	450 00	48 00	533 00
Pernambuco	26 00	114 51	598 00	235 26	973 77	365 00	334 50	1,673 27
Pictou	3 00	73 11	174 51		250 62	872 00	38 00	1,160 62
Piedras Negras						320 00	70 00	390 00
Plymouth	57 50	50 53	26 50		134 53	183 50	2,057 00	2,375 03
Ponce		123 77	434 80		558 57	307 50	139 25	1,005 32
Port au Prince	5 00	56 64	102 25		163 89	420 00	385 50	969 39
Port Louis	7 00	14 61	5 50		27 11	20 00	10 00	57 11

I.—CHARACTER and AMOUNT of the FEES COLLECTED, &c.—Continued.

Consulates, &c.	Vessels' fees, and charges.					Miscellaneous.		
	Shipping and dis- charging crews.	Receiving and de- livering ships' papers.	Bills of health, clearances, and other fees.	Extra wages.	Total.	Invoices.	Other fees.	Grand total.
Port Sarnia						\$2,494 00		\$2,710 00
Port Stanley and St. Thomas						2,906 50	6 00	2,912 50
Port Stanley, F. I.	\$4 00	\$34 58	\$50 50		\$89 08			89 08
Port Hope						3,103 50	13 50	3,117 00
Port Rowan						1,060 00	5 00	1,065 00
Prague						10,017 50	4,014 00	14,031 50
Prescott						3,913 50	18 00	3,931 50
Presidio del Norte								
Prince Edward Island		9 93	121 14		131 07	1,421 00	121 00	1,673 07
Puerto Cabello	3 00	43 28	168 25	\$17 00	231 53	627 50	594 50	1,453 53
Puerto Plata	5 00	13 54	67 00	450 00	535 54	155 00	238 50	929 04
Quebec	19 00	26 03	50		45 53	2,425 50	2 50	2,473 53
Rheims						2,812 00		2,812 00
Rio Grande	4 68		66 50		71 18	255 00	157 50	483 68
Rio Hacha		3 96	101 25		105 23	157 50	98 50	361 23
Rio de Janeiro	260 00	545 51	1,212 50	996 04	3,014 05	4,682 50	2,335 50	10,032 05
Rome						704 00	227 50	931 50
Rosario	36 00	91 79	160 00	73 00	360 79	147 00	158 00	665 79
Rotterdam	77 00	30 91	82 00	48 00	237 91	4,892 50	203 58	5,333 99
Rouen	35 00	40 29	83 00		158 29	4,015 00	43 00	4,216 29
Ruatan	1 00	35 03	65 00	45 00	146 03	97 00	41 00	284 03
Sabanilla	5 00	3 65	55 25		63 90	1,088 50	102 00	1,314 40
Sagua la Grande	28 50	640 81	990 00		1,659 31	467 50	77 00	2,203 81
Saltillo						20 00	23 50	43 50
Samana		1 00	35 00		36 00	112 50	38 00	186 50
San Blas							27 50	27 50
San José & Cape St. Lucas								
San José, Costa Rica		18 27	153 00		171 27	1,282 50	401 24	1,855 01
San Juan de los Remedios		182 03	242 75		424 78	142 50	12 50	579 78
San Juan del Norte								
San Juan del Sur								
San Juan, Porto Rico		297 43	580 54	90 00	967 97	927 54	296 00	2,191 51
Santa Martha		13 12	37 50		50 62	65 00	44 00	159 62
Santander	2 00	82 02	81 00	192 00	357 02	270 00	119 05	746 07
Santiago, C. V. I.	56 00	77 85	193 00	150 00	476 85	30 00	21 51	528 36
Santiago de Cuba	21 00	451 09	615 50	35 00	1,122 59	665 00	213 50	2,001 09
Santas	7 00	25 17	184 00	165 00	381 17	805 00	423 50	1,609 67
Shanghai	172 00	309 82	379 30	1,118 22	1,979 34	4,492 50	95 50	6,567 34
Sheffield						5,592 51	01	5,592 52
Sherbrooke						4,660 00	2 00	4,662 00
Sierra Leone	3 00	50 78	93 25		147 03	35 00	43 00	225 03
Singapore	114 00	230 59	348 25	647 93	1,340 77	1,917 50	385 25	3,643 52
Smyrna		80 00			80 00	1,097 50	473 00	1,650 50
Sonneberg						8,863 00	24 01	8,887 01
Sonsonate						437 50	17 50	455 00
Sorel						594 00	3 00	597 00
Southampton		128 25			128 25	75 00	72 50	275 75
St. Bartholomew								
St. Christopher	3 00	61 99	182 00		246 99	182 50	56 00	485 49
St. Denis							4 50	4 50
San Domingo	23 00	289 60	701 00	75 00	1,088 60	617 50	339 75	2,045 85
St. Etienne						2,122 00	17 00	2,139 00
St. Galle						6,837 50		6,837 50
St. George's	9 00	8 38	75 00	40 00	132 38	17 50	32 50	182 38
St. Helena	359 00	96 93	221 50	930 00	1,607 43	2 50	2 50	1,612 43
St. Hyacinthe						1,965 00	19 50	1,984 50
St. John's, Quebec						3,412 50	21 50	3,434 00
St. John, N. B.	26 00	690 29	118 25	160 00	994 50	3,288 50	672 50	4,955 54
St. John's, N. F.	3 00	1 27	43 50		47 77	425 00	186 25	659 02
St. Marc		29 74	52 00		81 74	142 50	17 50	241 74
St. Martin	2 00	54 51	152 36		208 87	142 50		351 37
St. Paul de Loando		3 03			3 03		6 77	9 80
St. Pierre		5 83	17 00		22 83	80 00	58 50	161 33
St. Petersburg		26 90	74 00	1 00	101 90	525 00	65 50	692 40
St. Stephen	1 00	5 50	4 50		11 00	269 50	10 00	290 50
St. Thomas	34 00	339 32	262 08		636 00	305 00	173 50	1,114 50
Stanbridge						4,456 50	16 00	4,472 50
Stettin		30 00			30 00	960 00	73 50	1,063 50
Stockholm		7 34	17 50		24 84	1,270 00	115 00	1,409 84
Stuttgart						1,627 50	69 75	1,697 25

I.—CHARACTER and AMOUNT of the FEES COLLECTED, &c.—Continued.

Consulates, &c.	Vessels' fees, and charges.					Miscellaneous.		Grand total.
	Shipping and discharging crews.	Receiving and delivering ships' papers.	Bills of health, clearances, and other fees.	Extra wages.	Total.	Invoices.	Other fees.	
Sydney	\$772 00	\$932 10	\$971 31	\$238 00	\$2,913 41	\$840 00	\$355 00	\$4 108 41
Tahiti	8 00	34 59	42 50	145 00	230 09	115 00	215 00	560 09
Talcahuano.....	361 00	100 46	158 95	255 00	875 41	.....	.....	875 41
Tamatave.....	2 00	40 05	80 21	105 00	227 26	87 50	7 50	322 26
Tampico.....	21 00	126 40	366 00	45 00	558 40	125 00	75 00	758 40
Tangier.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	29 97	8 02	37 99
Teneriffe.....	105 50	42 50	129 00	195 00	472 00	317 50	161 00	950 50
Tetuan.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Three Rivers.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,957 00	.....	1,957 00
Tien-Tsin.....	6 00	29 49	49 50	.....	84 99	440 00	71 52	596 51
Toronto.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,724 50	10 00	5,734 50
Trieste.....	6 00	27 90	112 50	.....	146 40	1,837 50	252 50	2,236 40
Trinidad (island)	53 00	358 84	783 75	45 00	1,240 59	815 00	427 50	2,483 09
Tripoli.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tunis.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tunstall.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12,047 53	.....	12,047 53
Turin.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	310 00	127 00	437 00
Turk's Island.....	2 00	161 23	114 00	.....	277 23	142 50	484 99	904 72
Tuxpan.....	.....	.....	123 60	.....	123 60	202 50	22 50	348 60
Valparaiso.....	308 00	550 13	411 60	1,296 48	2,566 21	145 00	140 00	2,851 21
Venice.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	551 00	32 00	583 00
Vera Cruz.....	41 00	511 90	1,397 11	132 00	2,082 01	2,552 50	822 00	5,456 51
Verviers and Liege.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,910 00	.....	1,910 00
Victoria.....	12 00	365 60	602 75	40 00	1,020 35	1,442 00	808 50	3,270 85
Vienna.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,082 50	2,915 00	9,997 50
Warsaw.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7 50	5 00	12 50
Windsor, N. S.....	20 00	687 87	31 00	.....	738 87	2,548 00	195 00	3,481 87
Windsor, Ontario.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,338 00	54 00	2,392 00
Winnipeg.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	743 01	2 00	745 01
Woodstock.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	398 00	4 50	402 50
Zacatecas.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	48 00	48 00
Zanzibar.....	8 50	73 14	35 00	.....	116 64	215 00	30 50	362 14
Zurich.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,252 01	.....	4,252 01
Totals.....	15,564 55	29,432 23	51,212 66	39,290 52	135,499 96	752,760 04	65,870 26	954,130 26

RECAPITULATION.

Vessels fees, and charges:		
Shipping and discharging crews	\$15,564 55	
Receiving and delivering ships' papers	29,432 23	
Bills of health, clearances, and other fees	51,212 66	
Extra wages	39,290 52	
Total from vessels		\$135,499 96
Miscellaneous fees:		
Invoices	752,760 04	
Other fees	65,870 26	
		818,630 30
Total		954,130 26

K.—*INTERNAL REVENUE ASSESSMENTS and STAMPS CHARGED for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, and CASH DEPOSITED for the fiscal years 1882 and 1883.*

District.	Assessments and stamps charged.	Cash deposited 1883.	Cash deposited 1882.
First Alabama.....	\$61,720 23	\$51,721 57	\$72,678 29
Second Alabama.....	64,509 18	60,397 29	67,028 67
Total.....	126,229 41	112,118 86	139,706 96
Arizona.....	75,082 25	41,051 89	45,068 05
Arkansas.....	153,992 97	97,521 29	110,957 37
First California.....	4,380,656 72	3,675,765 34	3,814,737 56
Fourth California.....	362,079 85	327,031 30	312,006 55
Total.....	4,742,736 57	4,002,796 64	4,126,744 11
Colorado.....	272,700 68	216,100 47	247,264 09
First Connecticut.....	240,951 30	223,428 63	259,602 76
Second Connecticut.....	286,971 42	286,466 50	301,989 54
Total.....	527,922 72	509,895 13	561,592 30
Dakota.....	132,389 03	88,256 08	65,998 56
Delaware.....	306,310 99	293,636 48	350,906 37
Florida.....	278,750 20	251,613 92	278,855 98
Second Georgia.....	351,098 23	307,588 50	264,525 58
Third Georgia.....	134,835 61	88,094 07	95,597 74
Fourth Georgia, old.....		3,068 69	
Total.....	485,933 84	398,751 26	360,123 32
Idaho.....	58,055 10	34,588 68	31,070 89
First Illinois.....	10,479,463 48	9,120,171 79	10,466,026 54
Second Illinois.....	276,173 83	255,457 13	261,241 96
Third Illinois.....	62,260 89	101,313 92	677,045 39
Fourth Illinois.....	944,159 06	769,463 40	1,243,742 90
Fifth Illinois.....	14,621,802 63	13,987,541 87	13,213,843 84
Seventh Illinois.....	62,353 77	55,250 62	76,915 78
Eighth Illinois.....	1,103,017 04	1,110,704 38	1,440,609 02
Thirteenth Illinois.....	934,987 58	596,691 89	828,027 76
Total.....	28,484,218 28	25,996,595 00	28,207,453 19
First Indiana.....	245,570 58	209,102 89	259,550 17
Fourth Indiana.....	2,888,900 05	2,763,371 35	3,472,837 89
Sixth Indiana.....	854,515 18	726,344 31	1,164,648 03
Seventh Indiana.....	1,862,575 70	1,619,998 86	1,306,174 00
Tenth Indiana.....	194,875 17	165,499 41	197,799 26
Eleventh Indiana.....	117,242 97	92,377 06	104,498 82
Total.....	6,163,679 65	5,586,693 88	6,505,508 17
Second Iowa.....	303,979 22	297,030 95	420,357 42
Third Iowa.....	323,046 12	303,366 78	319,564 94
Fourth Iowa.....	157,422 89	148,728 06	183,133 39
Fifth Iowa.....	3,609,777 99	3,322,849 51	918,475 46
Total.....	4,394,226 22	4,071,975 30	1,841,531 21
Kansas.....	276,757 55	239,225 39	264,091 35
Second Kentucky.....	1,950,108 63	1,536,865 07	954,894 27
First Kentucky.....	9,971,559 83	7,550,781 73	4,467,721 54
Sixth Kentucky.....	4,605,828 77	3,835,345 17	3,435,658 55
Seventh Kentucky.....	2,157,880 17	1,973,863 33	1,281,464 30
Eighth Kentucky.....	348,774 65	298,203 23	223,791 40
Ninth Kentucky.....	233,396 96	190,630 69	169,785 90
Total.....	19,267,549 01	15,385,689 22	10,533,315 96
Louisiana.....	1,005,672 79	738,788 34	918,899 19
Second Louisiana (old).....		1,020 00	
Total.....	1,005,672 79	739,808 34	918,899 19

K.—INTERNAL REVENUE ASSESSMENTS and STAMPS CHARGED for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, &c.—Continued.

District.	Assessments and stamps charged.	Cash deposited 1883.	Cash deposited 1882.
Maine	\$80, 158 21	\$72, 893 32	\$85, 259 83
Third Maryland	3, 931, 493 25	3, 289, 962 73	2, 662, 009 47
Fourth Maryland	160, 928 43	141, 889 51	157, 430 63
Total	4, 092, 421 68	3, 431, 852 24	2, 819, 440 10
Third Massachusetts	1, 698, 422 84	1, 508, 116 79	1, 601, 844 13
Fifth Massachusetts	903, 906 15	861, 060 58	933, 919 13
Tenth Massachusetts	440, 147 48	384, 484 60	401, 595 81
Total	3, 042, 476 47	2, 753, 661 97	2, 937, 359 07
First Michigan	1, 595, 025 15	1, 251, 409 52	1, 362, 945 87
Third Michigan	258, 411 19	246, 769 75	273, 462 15
Fourth Michigan	194, 539 46	169, 912 55	164, 576 96
Sixth Michigan	242, 860 90	216, 128 58	198, 947 82
Total	2, 290, 836 70	1, 884, 220 40	1, 999, 932 80
First Minnesota	120, 765 48	120, 531 89	118, 399 45
Second Minnesota	477, 032 63	417, 619 38	403, 420 74
Total	597, 798 11	538, 151 27	521, 820 19
Mississippi	74, 542 32	67, 878 53	87, 314 18
Second Mississippi (old)		9, 753 11	
Total	74, 542 32	77, 631 64	87, 314 18
First Missouri	7, 471, 276 63	6, 194, 184 83	6, 186, 922 72
Second Missouri	75, 148 45	60, 492 86	70, 927 47
Fourth Missouri	716, 228 52	384, 313 99	507, 719 88
Fifth Missouri	166, 753 13	132, 250 64	154, 008 74
Sixth Missouri	1, 264, 607 38	900, 550 54	634, 875 35
Total	9, 693, 994 11	7, 671, 792 86	7, 554, 454 16
Montana	112, 365 75	75, 542 81	68, 001 31
Nebraska	1, 434, 812 46	1, 320, 517 23	1, 108, 194 05
Nevada	51, 276 10	40, 308 22	50, 350 57
New Hampshire	381, 681 58	351, 366 60	352, 394 58
First New Jersey	280, 020 02	278, 548 57	303, 779 82
Third New Jersey	603, 040 94	483, 777 15	460, 583 70
Fifth New Jersey	5, 458, 045 18	4, 662, 103 07	4, 686, 604 72
Total	6, 341, 106 14	5, 424, 428 79	5, 450, 968 24
New Mexico	82, 095 11	53, 172 29	58, 085 91
First New York	3, 060, 690 32	2, 802, 941 66	2, 984, 084 80
Second New York	3, 015, 574 54	3, 024, 441 53	4, 206, 252 54
Third New York	6, 968, 879 33	6, 735, 929 65	6, 762, 211 18
Eleventh New York	170, 079 78	169, 226 61	181, 788 88
Twelfth New York	656, 843 87	591, 314 72	627, 245 66
Fourteenth New York	702, 723 62	590, 677 39	620, 596 47
Fifteenth New York	373, 351 05	336, 832 04	346, 397 30
Twenty-first New York	390, 301 53	323, 251 46	333, 264 94
Twenty-fourth New York	755, 611 97	559, 763 69	469, 874 25
Twenty-sixth New York	491, 169 73	411, 763 86	384, 253 23
Twenty-eighth New York	1, 167, 984 02	1, 079, 377 69	1, 133, 989 26
Thirtieth New York	1, 510, 912 34	1, 342, 391 27	1, 403, 396 85
Total	19, 264, 122 10	17, 967, 911 57	19, 453, 355 36
Second North Carolina	89, 565 60	65, 854 02	62, 223 69
Third North Carolina (old)		750 00	
Fourth North Carolina	1, 016, 693 68	865, 952 08	1, 025, 782 71
Fifth North Carolina	1, 211, 615 18	989, 750 03	1, 274, 314 36
Sixth North Carolina	620, 708 23	456, 835 62	507, 024 22
Total	2, 938, 582 69	2, 379, 141 75	2, 869, 344 98

K.—INTERNAL REVENUE ASSESSMENTS and STAMPS CHARGED for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, &c.—Continued.

District.	Assessments and stamps charged.	Cash deposited 1883.	Cash deposited 1882.
First Ohio	\$12,315,551 69	\$10,577,527 72	\$11,928,328 84
Third Ohio	2,040,364 21	1,557,956 52	1,627,045 69
Fourth Ohio	204,747 15	181,758 46	476,943 52
Sixth Ohio	603,724 10	444,438 12	303,962 86
Seventh Ohio	759,329 26	673,466 44	700,260 02
Tenth Ohio	822,583 99	682,905 05	1,021,133 71
Eleventh Ohio	523,932 42	524,215 61	1,211,959 33
Fifteenth Ohio	181,224 53	170,242 11	202,849 89
Eighteenth Ohio	1,003,183 42	899,510 33	896,300 73
Total	18,454,640 77	15,712,020 36	18,368,784 59
Oregon	115,544 53	101,097 75	88,648 78
First Pennsylvania	3,137,959 30	2,824,875 99	3,011,318 33
Eighth Pennsylvania	780,007 51	675,254 77	689,758 24
Ninth Pennsylvania	1,423,085 21	1,340,739 84	1,450,720 01
Twelfth Pennsylvania	455,622 87	429,591 55	415,147 38
Fourteenth Pennsylvania	280,578 82	261,369 25	245,762 27
Sixteenth Pennsylvania	279,208 73	254,533 04	250,842 50
Nineteenth Pennsylvania	146,098 67	123,310 67	144,726 27
Twentieth Pennsylvania	93,408 39	83,981 61	102,320 33
Twenty-second Pennsylvania	2,139,149 84	1,854,674 11	1,685,424 77
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	926,212 94	884,116 18	767,154 44
Total	9,661,332 28	8,732,447 01	8,763,174 54
Rhode Island	388,447 81	395,319 43	229,258 48
South Carolina	153,711 57	118,045 06	118,867 71
Second Tennessee	182,489 16	119,241 32	118,312 99
Fifth Tennessee	1,112,952 97	979,280 05	777,590 72
Sixth Tennessee (old)		2,290 85	
Eighth Tennessee	117,540 45	74,745 43	103,145 89
Total	1,412,982 58	1,175,557 65	999,049 60
First Texas	75,814 05	77,277 76	87,754 75
Third Texas	89,569 11	79,668 02	84,630 35
Fourth Texas	143,363 97	120,424 75	94,671 28
Total	308,747 13	277,370 53	267,056 38
Utah	61,095 46	53,895 10	48,523 16
Vermont	52,538 19	46,092 80	54,861 62
Second Virginia	1,092,066 68	770,216 72	1,016,069 62
Third Virginia	2,163,786 62	1,699,837 83	2,144,886 37
Fourth Virginia	1,779,488 93	1,109,739 27	1,097,142 80
Fifth Virginia	2,063,656 67	1,295,593 59	1,740,517 13
Sixth Virginia	223,197 21	202,634 03	233,297 79
Total	7,322,196 11	5,078,021 44	6,231,913 71
Washington	66,941 42	48,760 12	41,024 42
First West Virginia	372,289 01	348,268 59	364,241 17
Second West Virginia	248,210 99	212,129 14	135,227 89
Total	620,500 00	560,397 73	499,469 06
First Wisconsin	2,804,414 84	2,533,844 10	2,560,688 30
Second Wisconsin	194,936 50	193,816 09	198,570 39
Third Wisconsin	309,393 01	276,631 58	257,962 95
Sixth Wisconsin	218,608 50	190,909 19	174,076 43
Total	3,527,352 85	3,195,200 96	3,191,298 07
Wyoming	26,986 73	19,705 82	19,487 20

L.—INTERNAL-REVENUE EXPENSES for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

District.	Expenses of collector's office.				Compensation of storekeepers.	Compensation of gaugers.	Total expense.
	Salary of collector.	Deputies and clerks.	Rent, fuel, and lights.	Stationery, expressage, and other expenses.			
First Alabama	\$2,500 00	\$7,780 22	.....	\$78 86	.....	\$1,063 39	\$11,422 47
Second Alabama	2,500 00	11,648 73	\$399 99	148 63	\$1,887 00	1,487 30	18,071 65
Total.....	5,000 00	19,428 95	399 99	227 49	1,887 00	2,550 69	29,494 12
Arizona	2,250 04	4,309 01	641 01	150 52	.....	824 35	8,174 93
Arkansas	2,625 00	12,758 20	.....	254 93	a7,376 00	1,782 67	24,796 80
First California	4,500 00	33,634 70	.....	663 03	20,844 00	27,187 86	86,829 59
Fourth California	3,250 00	17,900 00	1,280 00	206 90	5,008 00	7,892 12	35,537 02
Total.....	7,750 00	51,534 70	1,280 00	869 93	25,852 00	35,079 98	122,306 61
Colorado	2,875 00	11,789 12	1,100 00	142 62	.....	1,976 72	17,883 46
First Connecticut	2,875 00	8,507 50	250 00	102 65	2,932 00	2,222 25	16,889 40
Second Connecticut	3,125 00	8,648 81	400 00	91 43	.....	2,628 40	14,893 64
Total.....	6,000 00	17,156 31	650 00	194 08	2,932 00	4,850 65	31,783 04
Dakota.....	2,750 00	6,900 00	475 00	157 37	.....	.....	10,282 37
Delaware	3,125 00	8,425 00	300 20	85 36	.....	1,213 82	13,149 38
Florida.....	3,000 00	10,351 60	589 32	96 72	.....	.....	14,037 64
Second Georgia	3,125 00	26,136 38	100 00	299 74	34,663 00	7,136 82	71,460 94
Third Georgia	2,641 33	14,999 87	.....	141 30	2,700 00	1,773 52	22,256 02
Total.....	5,766 33	41,136 25	100 00	441 04	37,363 00	8,910 34	93,716 96
Idaho	2,125 00	4,487 40	380 00	341 61	1,252 00	414 14	9,000 15
First Illinois	4,500 00	26,600 00	.....	459 30	b32,640 00	44,273 12	108,472 42
Second Illinois	3,000 00	4,858 13	418 56	107 91	1,252 00	492 31	10,128 91
Third Illinois	2,625 00	5,995 98	375 00	53 92	.....	122 81	9,756 71
Fourth Illinois	4,000 00	12,654 40	551 30	225 49	5,422 00	3,755 87	26,589 06
Fifth Illinois	4,500 00	15,538 39	1,283 48	220 14	54,932 00	52,441 40	128,915 41
Seventh Illinois	2,375 00	2,720 00	140 75	34 95	.....	.....	5,270 70
Eighth Illinois	4,500 00	10,700 00	.....	83 78	8,063 00	5,848 44	29,195 22
Thirteenth Illinois	3,813 20	14,042 50	.....	177 05	1,908 00	2,030 28	21,971 03
Total.....	29,313 20	93,089 40	2,969 09	1,362 54	104,601 00	108,964 23	340,299 46
First Indiana	2,875 00	6,589 03	.....	153 65	3,284 00	1,881 78	14,783 46
Fourth Indiana	4,500 00	7,081 84	330 00	174 98	22,084 00	16,147 18	50,318 00
Sixth Indiana	4,000 00	5,253 55	.....	119 21	c6,747 00	3,307 32	19,427 08
Seventh Indiana	4,500 00	7,700 00	663 25	113 36	5,678 00	5,395 36	24,049 97
Tenth Indiana	d2,875 00	6,253 10	177 00	71 18	.....	811 47	10,187 75
Eleventh Indiana	2,500 00	3,981 68	121 95	55 74	420 00	.....	7,079 37
Total.....	21,250 00	36,859 20	1,292 20	688 12	38,213 00	27,543 11	125,845 63
Second Iowa	3,125 00	5,200 00	362 50	82 25	684 00	720 94	10,174 69
Third Iowa	3,125 00	9,070 60	.....	179 66	.....	980 82	13,356 08
Fourth Iowa	2,750 00	5,902 44	353 10	71 66	.....	852 99	9,930 19
Fifth Iowa	4,500 00	8,775 75	.....	106 80	14,780 00	11,913 46	40,076 01
Total.....	13,500 00	28,948 79	715 60	440 37	15,464 00	14,468 21	73,536 97
Kansas.....	3,000 00	12,585 94	552 05	112 48	2,191 00	469 56	18,911 03
Second Kentucky	4,500 00	15,505 42	490 19	313 07	57,012 00	21,771 95	99,592 63
Fifth Kentucky	4,500 00	25,206 71	194 60	1,123 03	191,048 00	65,003 74	287,076 08
Sixth Kentucky	4,500 00	14,744 90	75 00	192 73	61,250 00	35,709 46	116,472 09
Seventh Kentucky	4,500 00	13,555 27	700 00	350 44	82,485 00	19,952 53	121,543 24
Eighth Kentucky	3,125 00	8,167 65	350 00	308 72	39,066 00	2,882 36	53,899 73
Ninth Kentucky	2,875 00	5,660 85	387 55	93 55	11,113 00	1,902 69	22,032 64
Total.....	24,000 00	82,840 80	2,197 34	2,381 54	441,974 00	147,222 73	700,616 41

a Includes \$252 appertaining to fiscal year 1881.

b Includes \$776 appertaining to fiscal year 1881.

c Includes \$207 appertaining to fiscal year 1881.

d Includes \$125 salary of previous year.

L.—INTERNAL-REVENUE EXPENSES for fiscal year ending June 30, 1883—Cont'd

District.	Expenses of collector's office.				Compensation of storekeepers.	Compensation of gaugers.	Total expenses.
	Salary of collector.	Deputies and clerks.	Rent, fuel, and lights.	Stationery, expressage, and other expenses.			
Louisiana	\$4,000 00	\$26,223 65	\$112 50	\$193 20	.....	\$7,687 87	\$38,217 22
Maine	2,375 00	6,700 00	.....	56 75	.....	.....	9,131 75
Third Maryland	4,500 00	33,035 48	500 00	346 95	\$18,470 00	29,365 29	86,217 72
Fourth Maryland	2,750 00	6,600 00	250 00	98 40	13,229 00	629 31	23,556 71
Total	7,250 00	39,635 48	750 00	445 35	31,699 00	29,994 60	109,774 43
Third Massachusetts	4,500 00	17,525 00	.....	104 85	5,840 00	10,968 62	38,938 47
Fifth Massachusetts	4,250 00	13,450 00	500 00	76 13	10,036 00	6,254 77	34,566 90
Tenth Massachusetts	3,375 00	8,300 00	446 20	157 11	1,936 00	2,072 97	16,287 28
Total	12,125 00	39,275 00	946 20	338 09	17,812 00	19,296 36	89,792 65
First Michigan	4,500 00	11,528 48	768 75	162 55	.....	2,399 18	19,358 96
Third Michigan	3,000 00	6,336 45	237 50	117 36	.....	.....	9,691 31
Fourth Michigan	2,750 00	4,108 76	.....	57 35	.....	838 91	7,755 02
Sixth Michigan	2,875 00	6,198 35	325 00	69 03	.....	.....	9,467 38
Total	13,125 00	28,172 04	1,331 25	406 29	.....	3,238 09	46,272 67
First Minnesota	2,625 00	5,948 55	200 00	49 86	.....	591 86	9,415 27
Second Minnesota	3,375 00	9,050 00	.....	190 88	.....	2,333 35	14,949 23
Total	6,000 00	14,998 55	200 00	240 74	.....	2,925 21	24,364 50
Mississippi	2,875 00	17,355 45	480 00	198 81	.....	166 90	21,076 16
First Missouri	4,500 00	23,585 00	2,367 10	493 40	13,308 00	27,554 41	71,807 91
Second Missouri	2,375 00	5,191 85	230 00	216 80	2,645 00	1,911 54	12,570 19
Fourth Missouri	3,375 00	7,777 80	400 00	237 44	1,719 00	262 20	13,771 44
Fifth Missouri	2,750 00	6,699 00	318 25	216 72	1,624 00	691 12	12,299 09
Sixth Missouri	4,250 00	10,099 10	1,000 00	94 05	15,032 00	7,928 69	38,403 84
Total	17,250 00	53,352 75	4,315 35	1,258 41	34,328 00	38,347 96	148,852 47
Montana	2,500 00	7,600 00	400 00	39 88	.....	105 14	10,645 02
Nebraska	4,500 00	8,000 00	.....	113 21	5,816 00	5,675 60	24,104 81
Nevada	2,500 00	4,978 80	400 00	96 05	.....	87 01	8,061 86
New Hampshire	3,343 75	5,300 00	.....	97 32	1,460 00	1,080 19	11,281 26
First New Jersey	3,250 00	8,200 00	481 25	105 20	.....	1,279 82	13,316 27
Third New Jersey	3,625 00	8,996 15	426 25	55 34	3,476 00	3,701 04	20,279 78
Fifth New Jersey	4,500 00	21,499 93	.....	168 67	.....	2,401 50	28,570 10
Total	11,375 00	38,696 08	907 50	329 21	3,476 00	7,382 36	62,166 15
New Mexico	2,500 00	4,655 25	700 00	132 60	.....	270 26	8,258 11
First New York	4,500 00	33,346 47	4,150 00	242 66	8,094 00	13,377 40	63,710 53
Second New York	4,500 00	33,636 09	.....	214 10	.....	25,824 40	64,174 59
Third New York	4,500 00	34,737 81	3,500 00	321 24	.....	4,866 68	47,925 73
Eleventh New York	2,750 00	7,161 59	350 00	117 27	.....	523 01	10,901 87
Twelfth New York	3,750 00	10,600 00	500 00	9 86	.....	194 21	15,054 07
Fourteenth New York	3,750 00	9,123 54	632 75	154 95	.....	3,187 86	16,849 10
Fifteenth New York	3,156 25	5,269 11	550 00	56 85	.....	717 41	9,749 62
Twenty-first New York	3,250 00	6,110 77	.....	53 88	1,252 00	1,406 97	12,073 62
Twenty-fourth New York	3,750 00	7,478 51	829 19	165 97	1,464 00	2,831 36	16,519 03
Twenty-sixth New York	3,375 00	6,498 44	342 65	85 93	.....	816 17	11,118 19
Twenty-eighth New York	4,500 00	12,431 78	1,376 10	168 21	.....	5,263 94	23,704 03
Thirtieth New York	4,500 00	14,500 00	.....	91 30	67,300 00	8,675 33	35,066 63
Total	46,281 25	180,894 11	12,230 69	1,682 22	18,110 00	67,684 74	326,883 01

a Includes \$93.75 salary of previous year.

b Includes \$224 appertaining to fiscal year 1881.

L.—INTERNAL-REVENUE EXPENSES for fiscal year ended June 30, 1883—Cont'd.

District.	Expenses of collector's office.				Compensation of storekeepers.	Compensation of gaugers.	Total expense.
	Salary of collector.	Deputies and clerks.	Rent, fuel, and lights.	Stationery, expressage, and other expenses.			
Second North Carolina.	\$2,500 00	\$12,832 80	\$230 00	\$75 56	\$1,427 00	\$3,409 49	\$20,474 85
Fourth North Carolina.	4,250 00	24,415 13	.....	223 25	a6,845 00	6,954 19	42,687 57
Fifth North Carolina.	4,375 00	19,246 37	700 00	341 12	b38,368 00	4,734 65	67,765 14
Sixth North Carolina.	3,500 00	29,223 07	685 00	615 32	b141,909 00	18,316 51	194,248 90
Total.....	14,625 00	85,717 37	1,615 00	1,255 25	188,549 00	33,414 84	325,176 46
First Ohio.....	4,500 00	26,830 65	2,515 31	501 87	44,772 00	79,000 38	158,120 21
Third Ohio.....	4,500 00	11,195 90	1,160 60	92 17	c8,044 00	6,033 64	31,026 31
Fourth Ohio.....	2,875 00	5,480 18	250 00	53 21	d2,328 00	830 39	11,816 78
Sixth Ohio.....	3,500 00	4,500 00	170 60	85 94	4,836 00	2,573 43	15,665 97
Seventh Ohio.....	3,875 00	8,028 57	853 14	101 42	4,386 00	2,742 95	19,987 08
Tenth Ohio.....	3,906 60	11,573 21	828 92	173 67	4,604 00	3,586 11	24,672 51
Eleventh Ohio.....	3,625 00	7,594 73	314 88	58 38	3,261 00	3,437 15	18,291 14
Fifteenth Ohio.....	2,750 00	5,297 45	145 86	58 02	2,032 00	6 70	10,290 03
Eighteenth Ohio.....	4,250 00	15,900 00	842 86	195 59	6,086 00	2,925 42	30,199 87
Total.....	33,781 60	96,400 69	7,082 17	1,320 27	80,349 00	101,136 17	320,069 90
Oregon.....	2,625 00	4,926 04	.....	52 85	188 00	1,074 55	8,866 44
First Pennsylvania.....	4,500 00	36,037 86	.....	177 21	4,900 00	42,043 33	87,658 40
Eighth Pennsylvania.....	3,875 00	11,628 98	636 82	114 12	4,879 00	2,658 78	23,792 70
Ninth Pennsylvania.....	4,500 00	14,300 00	738 95	286 63	11,190 00	1,691 18	32,706 76
Twelfth Pennsylvania.....	3,375 00	13,973 65	562 00	250 98	2,817 00	3,074 99	24,053 62
Fourteenth Pennsylvania.....	3,000 00	7,253 51	215 00	82 19	12,934 00	1,585 75	25,070 45
Sixteenth Pennsylvania.....	3,000 00	8,165 40	289 51	97 37	17,535 00	300 29	29,387 57
Nineteenth Pennsylvania.....	2,625 00	5,050 00	.....	63 96	.....	431 84	8,170 80
Twentieth Pennsylvania.....	2,500 00	4,990 97	116 36	38 61	3,079 00	.....	10,724 94
Twenty-second Pennsylvania.....	4,500 00	18,445 01	1,178 25	222 22	40,080 00	16,933 49	81,358 97
Twenty-third Pennsylvania.....	4,250 00	10,171 74	650 00	196 34	8,207 00	5,175 70	28,650 78
Total.....	36,125 00	130,017 12	4,386 89	1,529 63	105,621 00	73,895 35	351,574 99
Rhode Island.....	3,375 00	6,600 00	.....	54 34	.....	758 17	10,787 51
South Carolina.....	e3,625 00	20,321 28	.....	237 96	11,662 00	1,959 98	37,806 22
Second Tennessee.....	2,625 00	11,898 15	.....	82 66	f14,105 00	4,529 87	33,240 68
Fifth Tennessee.....	4,375 00	18,415 19	.....	333 18	59,180 00	11,383 21	93,686 58
Eighth Tennessee.....	2,500 00	7,191 25	515 00	66 31	1,640 00	91 95	12,004 51
Total.....	9,500 00	37,504 59	515 00	482 15	74,925 00	16,005 03	138,931 77
First Texas.....	3,000 00	9,876 29	905 00	149 24	.....	1,820 32	15,750 85
Third Texas.....	2,500 00	10,726 22	.....	76 31	2,504 00	70 14	15,786 67
Fourth Texas.....	2,625 00	10,497 21	373 20	51 30	1,857 00	746 90	16,150 61
Total.....	8,125 00	31,099 72	1,278 20	276 85	4,361 00	2,637 36	47,778 13
Utah.....	2,500 00	3,400 00	396 00	47 71	.....	1,137 52	7,481 23
Vermont.....	2,250 00	3,998 20	191 53	55 65	.....	.....	6,495 38
Second Virginia.....	4,000 00	19,183 47	.....	311 02	.....	5,678 15	29,172 64
Third Virginia.....	4,500 00	17,274 98	.....	92 80	111 00	3,152 60	25,131 38
Fourth Virginia.....	4,500 00	15,924 77	643 85	166 39	.....	1,153 70	22,388 71
Fifth Virginia.....	4,500 00	21,740 47	1,127 34	244 51	2,984 00	3,742 03	34,338 35
Sixth Virginia.....	3,000 00	11,540 99	339 90	147 11	22,261 00	2,817 68	40,106 68
Total.....	20,500 00	85,664 68	2,111 09	961 83	25,356 00	16,544 16	151,137 76

a Includes \$207 appertaining to fiscal year 1881.

b Includes \$27 appertaining to fiscal year 1881.

c Includes \$260 appertaining to fiscal year 1881.

d Includes \$136 appertaining to fiscal year 1881.

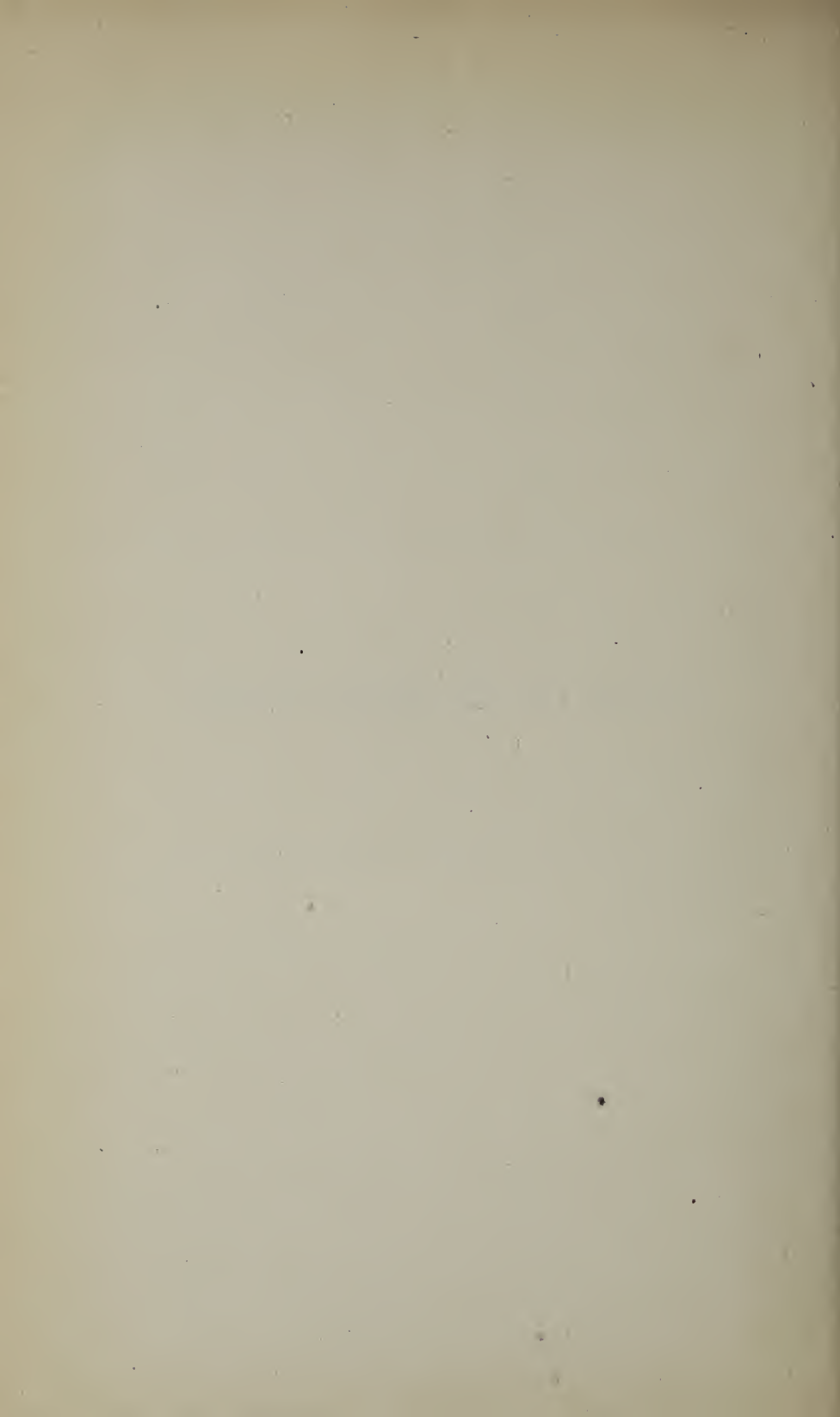
e Includes \$125 salary of previous year.

f Includes \$441 appertaining to fiscal year 1881.

L.—INTERNAL-REVENUE EXPENSES for fiscal year ending June 30, 1883—Cont'd.

District.	Expenses of collectors's office.				Compensation of storekeepers.	Compensation of gaugers.	Total expense.
	Salary of collector.	Deputies and clerks.	Rent, fuel, and lights.	Stationery, expressage, and other expenses.			
Washington	\$2,250 00	\$3,991 20	\$250 00	\$192 56	.....	.....	\$6,683 76
First West Virginia...	3,250 00	10,200 00	199 00	58 07	.....	\$1,671 85	15,378 92
Second West Virginia.	2,875 00	6,066 90	238 50	9 31	\$4,335 00	2,403 07	15,927 78
Total	6,125 00	16,266 90	437 50	67 38	4,335 00	4,074 92	31,306 70
First Wisconsin	4,500 00	11,088 82	.....	159 01	11,992 00	10,584 43	38,324 26
Second Wisconsin	2,875 00	5,700 00	.....	100 07	.....	448 47	9,123 54
Third Wisconsin	3,125 00	8,690 24	488 58	96 08	939 00	631 32	13,970 22
Sixth Wisconsin	2,875 00	5,700 00	400 00	117 97	.....	.....	9,092 97
Total	13,375 00	31,179 06	888 58	473 13	12,931 00	11,664 22	70,510 99
Wyoming	2,125 00	2,803 40	350 00	46 24	.....	.....	5,324 62

REPORT OF THE SIXTH AUDITOR.



REPORT

OF THE

AUDITOR OF THE TREASURY FOR THE POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR OF THE TREASURY
FOR THE POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
Washington, D. C., November 8, 1883.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the report of the business operations of this office for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

My annual report to the Postmaster-General exhibits in detail the financial transactions of the Post-Office Department during the last fiscal year. The following is a summary* of the principal labors of the divisions of this office during the last fiscal year, viz:

* * * * *

NUMBER of GENERAL POSTAL ACCOUNTS of POSTMASTERS, the INCREASE in the NUMBER, and the CLASSIFICATION of the OFFICES, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

States.	First, second, and third class offices.				Fourth class offices.	Total in each State.	Increase.	First, second, and third class offices.			Fourth class offices.	
	Special.	Depository.	Depositing.	Total.				Letter carriers.	Railway postal clerks.	Mail messengers.	Railway postal clerks.	Mail messengers.
Alabama	2	18	20	1,290	1,319	59	1	4	8	49	69	1
Alaska Territory				5	5	1						
Arizona Territory		5	5	125	130	9			1	1	7	5
Arkansas	1	14	15	1,003	1,018	44	1	4	5	17	15	
California	1	56	57	917	974	31	3	5	25	1	47	57
Colorado		1	37	448	466	50	2	6	15	42	41	
Connecticut	2	51	53	406	459	12	4	6	28	1	76	8
Dakota Territory	1	19	20	702	722	181		8	7	1	34	79
Delaware		7	7	112	119	2	1	1	6	3	10	1
District of Columbia	1		1	5	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Florida	1	12	13	426	439	49	1	4	6	2	29	28
Georgia	2	26	28	1,265	1,293	56	4	10	12	5	24	39
Idaho Territory	1	1	2	141	143	11					20	17
Illinois	1	2	183	1,924	2,110	34	7	33	110		196	33
Indiana	4	83	87	1,700	1,787	53	7	19	63		195	71
Indian Territory				123	123	12						4
Iowa	5	115	120	1,458	1,578	22	8	28	75	5	168	22
Kansas	1	78	79	1,486	1,565	3	3	15	51		102	23
Kentucky	2	32	34	1,561	1,595	80	3	7	11		41	144

* Much of the matter here referred to is omitted for want of space, but it will all be found in the pamphlet edition of the Auditor's report.

† Decrease.

NUMBER of GENERAL POSTAL ACCOUNTS of POSTMASTERS, &c.—Cont'd.

Name.	First, second, and third class offices.				Fourth class offices.	Total in each State.	Increase.	First, second, and third class offices.			Fourth class offices.		
	Special.	Depository.	Depositing.	Total.	Depositing.			Letter-carriers.	Postal clerks.	Mail messengers.	Railway postal clerks.	Mail messengers.	Special mail carriers.
Louisiana	1		13	14	517	531	14	1	4	6		68	28
Maine		3	28	31	946	977	21	4	7	12	1	77	41
Maryland	1		18	19	780	799	49	1	10	7		49	41
Massachusetts	1	2	113	116	658	774	*1	14	7	57		129	25
Michigan		5	101	106	1,423	1,529	51	7	16	65		172	144
Minnesota		2	49	51	999	1,050	26	2	15	30	1	91	112
Mississippi		1	22	23	788	811	25		5	8		39	30
Missouri	1		65	66	1,848	1,914	46	4	13	41	4	65	35
Montana Territory		1	8	9	191	200	6			1	1	11	9
Nebraska		1	38	39	836	875	34	2	7	23		87	14
Nevada			11	11	128	139	6		1	2		1	8
New Hampshire		2	28	30	460	490	9	2	4	16	1	64	11
New Jersey		1	57	58	665	723	11	7	3	28	3	149	48
New Mexico Territory		1	5	6	109	175	2		1	2		14	29
New York	2	10	196	208	2,874	3,082	50	15	36	135	5	527	195
North Carolina		1	17	18	1,680	1,698	96	1	7	10		44	115
Ohio	1	4	129	134	2,487	2,621	68	12	25	95		246	97
Oregon		1	11	12	399	411	14	1	1	5		16	12
Pennsylvania	1	6	147	154	3,591	3,745	155	14	38	90		430	132
Rhode Island		1	10	11	111	122	1	3	1	6		26	6
South Carolina		1	15	16	757	773	21	1	7	9		35	34
Tennessee		3	18	21	1,726	1,747	113	3	17	15	1	52	117
Texas		2	59	61	1,404	1,465	20	5	10	20	2	68	33
Utah Territory		1	6	7	218	225	7		2	3		32	12
Vermont		4	23	27	482	509	11	1	7	14		69	11
Virginia		1	27	28	1,876	1,904	62	4	9	19		93	81
Washington Territory		1	7	8	288	296	14		3	4		9	32
West Virginia		1	12	13	1,031	1,044	49	1	5	6		31	41
Wisconsin		2	76	78	1,352	1,430	33	4	20	51		132	107
Wyoming Territory		1	3	4	90	94	14					2	8
Total	11	84	2,049	2,144	45,880	48,024	.....	155	432	1,204	38	3,886	2,271
Increase				182	1,541	1,723	.....	43	61	202	*36	252	141

* Decrease.

NUMBER of CHANGES of POST-OFFICES and POSTMASTERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

Offices established and re-established	3,361
Offices discontinued	1,578
New bonds given by postmasters	1,668
Miscellaneous changes	10,947

Total 17,494

Increase 1,522

Accounts of late postmasters adjusted during the year	14,860
Accounts of late postmasters unadjusted at close of fiscal year	10,777

Total 25,637

Increase in number of late accounts 3,013

* * * * *

STATEMENT showing TRANSACTIONS in MONEY ORDERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

	Number.	Value.	Increase.		Decrease.	
			Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.
Number of money-order statements received, examined, filed, and registered.....	308,204		38,655			
Money orders issued:						
Domestic.....	8,807,556	\$117,329,406 31	386,687	\$3,929,288 10		
Canadian, international.....	48,094	1,016,598 62			135	2,043 00
British, international.....	220,624	3,194,126 64	38,331	453,764 55		
German, international.....	151,962	2,450,969 43	35,592	393,264 01		
Swiss, international.....	13,541	272,512 83	3,461	66,692 77		
Italian, international.....	23,418	640,035 35	9,185	231,813 75		
French, international.....	7,672	121,805 30	1,657	22,067 20		
Jamaica, international.....	136	2,628 62	91	1,711 39		
New Zealand, international.....	169	4,837 41	107	3,275 63		
New South Wales, international.....	115	2,804 47	46	458 72		
Belgian, international.....	413	7,863 74	413	7,863 74		
Tasmanian, international.....	5	91 52	5	91 52		
India, international.....	53	882 83	53	882 83		
Victoria, international.....	124	2,675 35	77	1,474 52		
Money orders paid, received, examined, assorted, checked, and filed:						
Domestic.....	8,602,625	116,498,702 04	200,957	3,893,496 20		
Canadian, international.....	65,809	1,014,887 79	16,272	229,561 78		
British, international.....	29,546	483,142 94	4,606	75,376 01		
German, international.....	41,187	1,242,478 84	6,213	194,538 07		
Swiss, international.....	4,271	124,380 07	251	11,088 02		
Italian, international.....	724	19,979 89		363 02	14	
French, international.....	3,128	71,296 09	400	13,943 30		
Jamaica, international.....	775	18,204 97	478	9,920 84		
New Zealand, international.....	1,275	19,685 22	848	10,482 75		
New South Wales, international.....	532	11,685 44	439	9,608 39		
Belgian, international.....	371	9,390 10	371	9,390 10		
Tasmanian, international.....	26	471 36	26	471 36		
India, international.....	343	4,213 87	343	4,213 87		
Victoria, international.....	465	10,584 13	336	7,980 41		
Money orders repaid, received, examined, assorted, checked, and filed:						
Domestic.....	63,269	845,579 74		62,573 62		
Canadian, international.....	312	5,007 08		710 35		
British, international.....	623	8,681 02		3,210 06		
German, international.....	1,062	15,098 09		4,676 94		
Swiss, international.....	56	918 62		59 57		
Italian, international.....	69	1,403 36		687 38		
French, international.....	79	1,395 12		550 02		
Jamaica, international.....	2	73 05	2	73 05		
New Zealand, international.....						
New South Wales, international.....	4	200 00	4	200 00		
Belgian, international.....						
Tasmanian, international.....						
India, international.....	1	10 00	1	10 00		
Victoria, international.....						
Certificates of deposits received, registered, compared, and checked.....	574,032	92,166,154 24	44,050	4,778,425 74		
Transfers received, registered, compared, and checked.....	12,081	1,676,527 00		18,614 51	1	
Drafts received, registered, compared, and checked.....	24,319	11,395,734 87	1,234	572,534 41		
Remittances received, registered, compared, and checked.....	1,258	334,618 18	30			63,607 89
International lists of orders of United States issue received, examined, registered, and checked:						
Canadian.....	252	770,673 41	94	287,781 19		
British.....	207	2,674,922 93			62	334,508 27
German.....	275	2,943,121 15	58	1,013,371 64		
Swiss.....	189	265,464 12	18	69,356 01		
Italian.....	169	613,065 52	28	251,924 89		
French.....	18	146,170 57	6	80,429 44		
Jamaica.....	34	2,060 29	25	1,590 23		
New Zealand.....	17	5,618 14	14	5,008 84		
Belgian.....	26	4,354 04	26	4,354 04		
New South Wales.....	14	3,640 84	11	3,102 55		

STATEMENT showing TRANSACTIONS in MONEY ORDERS during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883—Continued.

	Number.	Value.	Increase.		Decrease.	
			Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.
International lists of orders of United States issue received, examined, registered, and checked—Continued.						
India	30	\$625 60	30	\$625 60		
Victoria	11	2,148 31	8	1,827 11		
International lists of orders of foreign issue received, examined, registered, and checked:						
Canadian	345	263,382 23	103	273,200 52		
British	181	394,189 84			68	\$69,031 63
German	260	1,541,183 31	51	532,398 35		
Swiss	210	131,033 45	54			19,744 58
Italian	104	21,236 97		3,239 06		
French	18	87,385 81	6	54,245 12		
Jamaica	37	15,519 03	29	10,049 63		
New Zealand	34	24,168 36	27	16,460 75		
Belgian	39	6,646 91	39	6,646 91		
New South Wales	14	11,201 06	11	9,734 15		
India	36	4,631 21	36	4,631 21		
Victoria	13	8,607 33	10	6,636 51		
International accounts received, examined, registered, and adjusted:						
Canadian	3	1,394,055 64	1	561,073 71		
British	10	3,069,112 77	4			403,539 90
German	5	4,484,304 46	1	1,545,769 99		
Swiss	4	396,497 57	1	49,611 46		
Italian	4	634,302 49		255,164 55		
French	6	233,556 38	2	134,674 56		
Jamaica	4	17,579 32	3	11,648 86		
New Zealand	5	29,786 50	4	21,469 59		
Belgian	1	11,000 95	1	11,000 95		
New South Wales	4	14,841 90	3	12,836 70		
India	9	5,256 81	9	5,256 81		
Victoria	3	10,755 64	2	8,463 62		
Money orders withdrawn for examination and returned ..	2,112		130			
Advices sent for, examined, and returned ..	21,123		1,985			
Money orders returned for correction ..	36,975		850			
Money-order accounts prepared, entered, and submitted for suit ..	7	3,877 93		477 36	4	
Letters written and transmitted ..	7,720		710			
Commission and error circulars transmitted ..	195,240		41,212			

BALANCES RECEIVED by the UNITED STATES on SETTLEMENT of POSTAL ACCOUNTS with FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.

Great Britain, 1881-'82	\$143,407 31
Canada	12,051 13
Japan	2,377 30
Mexico	2,645 85
Spain, 1881-'82	924 94
Bermuda, 1881-'82	544 73
Curacao, 1881-'82	243 76
Bahama, 1881-'82	220 65
New South Wales	253 11
Norway	101 90
Hong-Kong	85 31
Chili, 1881-'82	70 14
Republic of Honduras, 1881-'82	82 87
Switzerland	39 18
Singapore	11 67
Victoria	158 20
Jamaica	735 83

Total amount received 163,953 88

BALANCES PAID FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS on the SETTLEMENT of POSTAL ACCOUNTS.

Belgium	\$16,136 46
Germany	8,802 96
Denmark	5,216 94
France	4,176 30
Italy	4,100 86
Sweden	1,253 16
St. Thomas, 1881-'82	1,507 79
Brazil, 1881-'82	611 24
Austria	582 62
Roumania	297 08
Total amount paid	42,685 41
* * * * *	

During the past year there has been a very great addition to the current work of the office, besides the extra work caused by the preparation of all that part of the Biennial Register relating to mail transportation and the compensation of postmasters, and the readjustment of nearly forty-six thousand accounts caused by the change in commissions of postmasters of the fourth class. The addition to the current work was caused by new mail routes, increase in the number of failing mail contractors, changed methods of payment occasioned by changes in the laws, by the addition of sixteen hundred and thirty-two new post-offices, and the increase of business in every post-office, and nearly every branch of the Post-Office Department. The following table prepared last year, at your direction, shows the disproportion between the increase of the business and the increase of the force of this office since July 1, 1860.

CONDENSED COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the WORK of the OFFICE, from July 1, 1860, to June 30, 1882.

Year.	No. of quarterly postal accounts.	No. of clerks on postal accounts.	No. of postal accounts per clerk.	Aggregate number of all accounts including M. O.	Cost of adjustment per 1,000 accounts.	No. of money orders issued and audited.	No. of money-order clerks.	No. of money orders per clerk.
1861.....	148,735	130	1,144	148,735	\$1,165 00	.....	.....	.....
1862.....	112,650	134	840	112,650	1,611 00	.....	.....	.....
1863.....	117,260	134	875	117,260	1,558 00	.....	.....	.....
1864.....	119,824	135	888	119,824	1,535 00	.....	.....	.....
1865.....	117,263	134	875	124,647	1,462 00	71,277	6	12,379
1866.....	125,887	135	932	148,778	1,305 00	243,600	6	40,601
1867.....	140,827	132	1,067	184,143	1,041 00	474,496	9	52,722
1868.....	152,096	128	1,188	215,224	898 00	831,937	13	63,995
1869.....	155,773	131	1,189	243,393	943 00	1,264,143	34	37,181
1870.....	157,037	125	1,256	255,277	892 00	1,671,981	40	41,799
1871.....	167,027	115	1,452	276,248	829 00	2,151,794	50	43,035
1872.....	176,280	115	1,533	301,276	799 00	2,573,349	58	44,368
1873.....	189,444	125	1,515	328,923	811 00	3,447,533	73	47,226
1874.....	201,036	122	1,648	360,252	782 00	4,533,247	87	52,106
1875.....	209,101	134	1,560	372,205	778 00	5,108,573	90	56,762
1876.....	219,458	143	1,535	396,962	782 00	5,108,009	90	56,756
1877.....	226,776	139	1,631	419,072	711 00	5,030,657	84	59,889
1878.....	236,122	134	1,762	448,231	693 00	5,733,905	99	57,918
1879.....	251,752	139	1,811	477,000	673 00	6,509,331	104	62,590
1880.....	271,599	139	1,954	504,111	637 00	7,461,909	104	71,748
1881.....	292,198	150	1,948	540,262	638 00	7,954,330	109	72,975
1882.....	307,399	156	1,970	576,948	622 00	8,798,312	114	77,178

With the diligent and faithful work of the clerks, extended beyond the required hours, it has been found impossible to keep up the current work in all the divisions of the office. In the money-order division the change in fees and the introduction of postal notes has added greatly to

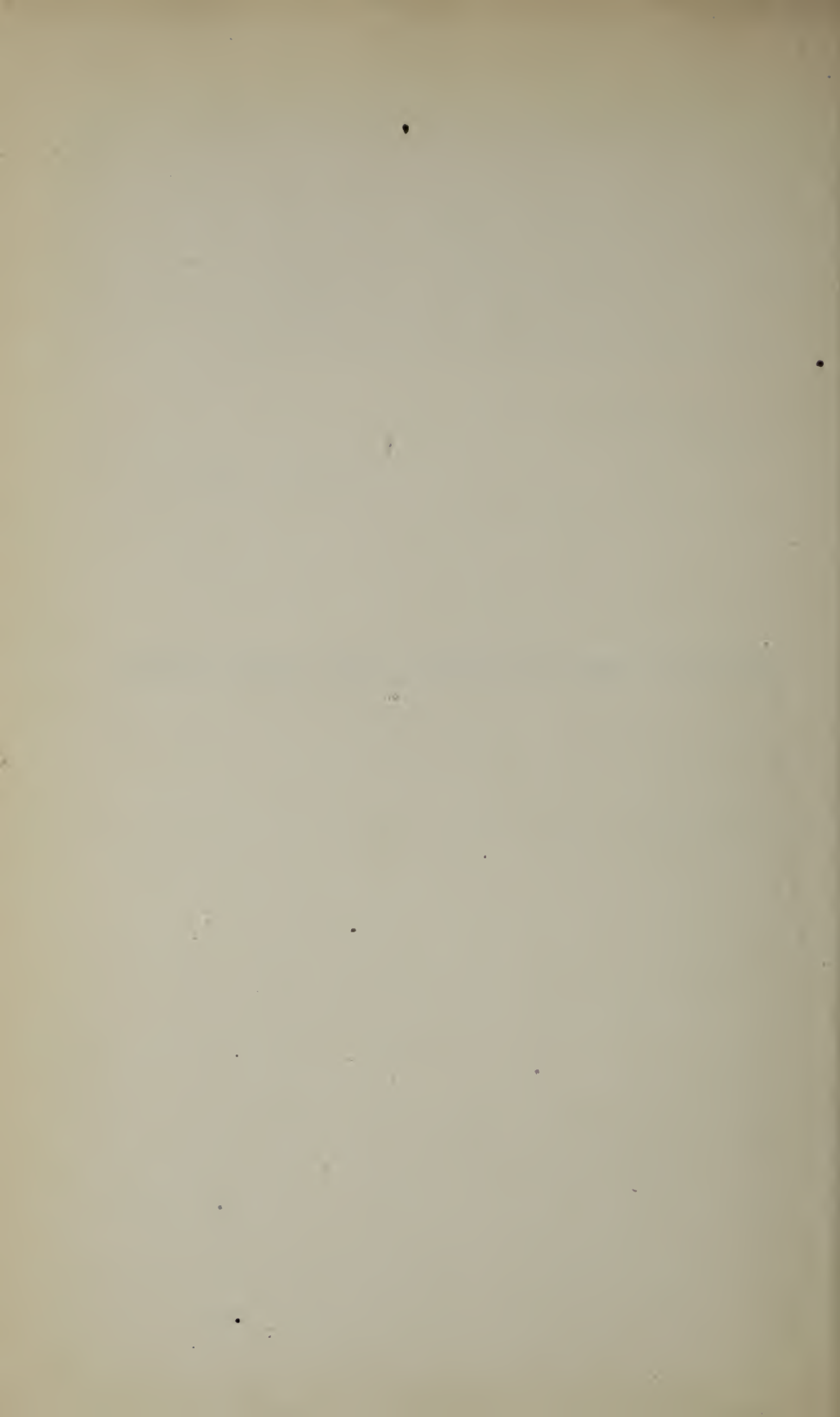
the current work, besides the regular increase of business and the addition of four hundred and twenty-one new money-order offices. The work of this division has been performed under difficulties, caused by being moved into a building without casing for its files, and where the carpenters have been at work, in one room after another, putting up casing during the whole year. This new building is not large enough for the force required at the present time. The narrow hallways are already filled with casing for files, and there is no space in the building for the books in almost daily use. Another building, in addition to the present one, is an immediate necessity for the money-order business. It should be made large enough to accommodate the Auditor's office, and be under the control of the Department which furnishes its working force.

Respectfully,

J. H. ELA,
Auditor.

Hon. CHARLES J. FOLGER,
Secretary of the Treasury.

REPORT OF THE TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES.



REPORT

OF

THE TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES.

TREASURY OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, D. C., November 1, 1883.

SIR: The following report, showing the operations of the Treasury of the United States for the fiscal year 1883, and its condition on June 30, 1883, is respectfully submitted:

SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS.

The receipts of the Government show an increase over those of 1882 in the revenue from sales of public lands only; the amount of this increase was \$3,202,724.05. The decrease in the revenue from customs was \$5,704,233.32; from internal revenue, \$1,777,226.47, and from miscellaneous sources, \$958,932.59; making a decrease in the net revenue of \$5,237,668.33. The total net revenue was \$398,287,581.95.

The net expenditures amounted to \$265,408,137.54, an increase over those of 1882 of \$7,426,697.97, which added to the decrease in the net revenue, makes a decrease in the surplus revenue applicable to the reduction of the public debt of \$12,664,366.30. The increase in expenditures was, on account of civil and miscellaneous, \$11,458,271.23; on account of War Department, \$5,340,888.74; on account of Navy Department, \$251,390.91; and on account of Interior Department, \$2,293,222.63. The expenditures on account of interest on the public debt show a decrease of \$11,917,075.54—from \$71,077,206.79 in 1882, to \$59,160,131.25 in 1883.

The amount standing to the credit of disbursing officers of the United States on the books of the Treasury at the close of the year was \$37,939,769.06.

The receipts on account of the Post-Office Department for the fiscal year were \$46,046,342.89, and the expenditures \$43,311,358.49. Of these amounts, \$23,095,914.63 was received and expended by postmasters without being deposited in the Treasury.

The unavailable funds of the Treasury decreased from \$29,517,275.32 to \$29,514,665.44, or \$2,609.88; and the unavailable funds of the Post-Office Department from \$40,078.06 to \$37,277.06, or \$2,801.

The amount collected from national banks on account of semi-annual duty accruing on their capital, circulation, and deposits during the first half of the fiscal year was \$4,611,252.03, and on account of duty accruing on their circulation for the second half of the year \$1,564,521.59.

The total amount collected on this account since the beginning of the national-banking system is \$124,181,479.87.

At the close of the fiscal year there were in the custody of this office \$373,712,500 in United States bonds held in trust for national banks, of which \$356,596,500 were held as security for circulation, a decrease of \$4,126,200 from the amount so held at the close of the previous year; \$17,116,000 were held as security for public moneys deposited with national-bank depositories. During the year \$268,035,400 in bonds were deposited for these purposes and \$270,970,600 withdrawn; a total movement of bonds of \$539,006,000, and an increase of \$280,903,500 over the movement of the previous year.

The amount of United States currency outstanding at the close of the year was \$362,403,315.14. There was redeemed during the year \$130,180,7599.6 in United States currency, silver certificates, and gold certificates of the new issue, making the total redemptions since the first issue of currency \$2,407,590,868.22.

The issues of silver certificates amounted to \$35,040,000 during the year, and the redemptions were \$12,519,879, leaving the amount nominally outstanding at the close of the year, \$88,616,831.

Of the gold certificates authorized by the act of July 12, 1882, there were issued \$86,710,000, and redeemed \$7,834,900; leaving nominally outstanding \$78,875,100, which added to the amount of gold certificates of the old issue in circulation, \$3,503,540, makes a total of \$82,378,640.

Coupons from United States bonds amounting to \$9,562,689.26 were paid at the various offices of the Treasury during the year and forwarded to the Treasurer's office for examination; and there were issued in payment of interest on registered bonds 298,380 checks on the Treasurer and assistant treasurers of the United States amounting to \$48,003,130.19.

There were also issued 42,018 drafts on warrants of the Secretary of the Treasury, 48,268 drafts on warrants of the Postmaster-General, and 61,767 transfer checks on assistant treasurers, making a total of 450,433 drafts and checks issued from this office during the year.

Bonds of the United States to the amount of \$134,009,750 were redeemed during the year, \$44,850,700 of which amount was applied to the sinking fund. There were also retired, by exchange into 3 per cent. bonds authorized by the act of July 12, 1882, \$304,252,000 of the bonds formerly bearing $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. The total amount of bonds retired by purchase, redemption, conversion, or exchange from March 11, 1869, to June 30, 1883, is \$2,587,811,000.

Circulating notes of national banks amounting to \$102,699,677 were received for redemption during the year, making the total receipts of these notes since the passage of the act of June 20, 1874, \$1,278,278,153. Of the amount received during the year \$23,552,279 was in notes of ailed, liquidating, and reducing banks.

THE STATE OF THE TREASURY.

The following statement shows the condition of the Treasury at the close of September in each of the last four years:

	September 30, 1880.	September 30, 1881.	September 30, 1882.	September 30, 1883.
ASSETS.				
Gold Coin	\$68,868,091 10	\$77,338,088 71	\$102,212,334 49	\$146,069,376 83
Gold Bullion	66,772,094 67	97,453,477 70	50,835,629 63	60,062,067 21
Standard Silver Dollars	47,784,744 00	65,949,279 00	92,025,350 00	114,576,044 00
Fractional Silver Coin	24,723,892 68	26,343,477 17	27,429,246 56	26,792,519 83
Silver Bullion	6,154,392 93	2,622,676 18	3,641,589 37	5,010,801 58
Gold Certificates	31,600 00	10,100 00	.....	28,288,390 00
Silver Certificates	6,092,579 00	11,309,470 00	8,243,830 00	15,060,410 00
United States Notes	27,901,594 07	28,422,169 89	32,918,255 77	38,125,122 48
National-Bank Notes	3,288,404 57	4,457,713 59	6,810,338 08	6,301,907 43
National-Bank Gold-Notes	220,125 00	98,545 00	480 00	.....
Fractional Currency	60,712 08	22,973 03	8,459 52	5,772 44
Deposits held by National-Bank De- positaries	11,212,315 94	12,677,454 48	12,848,870 74	14,281,703 01
Minor Coin	1,063,665 22	552,585 06	504,515 29	523,437 33
New York and San Francisco Ex- change	1,443,000 00	1,483,000 00	1,300,000 00	.....
One and Two Year Notes, &c.	325 50	10 50	1,127 52	100 26
Redeemed Certificates of Deposit (Act of June 8, 1872)	90,000 00	210,000 00	240,000 00	80,000 00
Quarterly Interest Checks and Coin Coupons paid	141,517 91	193,452 68	166,361 31	106,092 97
Registered and Unclaimed Interest paid	10,303 50	900 00	2,610 00	.....
United States Bonds and Interest ..	997,343 81	2,016,876 70	6,527,231 51	.....
Interest on District of Columbia Bonds	3,047 12	1,770 25	2,002 83	817 30
Speaker's Certificates	126,315 00	116,916 00	138,841 00	140,544 87
Deficits, Unavailable Funds	690,848 30	790,274 17	695,916 77	694,710 31
Total	267,676,912 40	331,981,210 11	346,552,990 39	456,119,817 85
LIABILITIES.				
Post-Office Department Account	\$2,600,489 16	\$3,617,703 79	\$6,157,625 54	\$7,610,127 41
Disbursing Officers' Balances	22,189,236 49	21,916,110 81	27,756,493 83	31,681,884 20
Fund for redemption of Notes of Na- tional Banks failed, in liquidation, and reducing circulation	19,746,955 25	31,152,713 60	38,507,029 10	36,415,368 10
Undistributed Assets of failed Na- tional Banks	616,560 21	399,835 68	867,276 57	357,248 43
Five per cent. Fund for Redemption of National-Bank Notes	15,428,010 82	15,768,662 75	15,085,182 67	14,623,314 29
Fund for Redemption of National- Bank Gold-Notes	475,965 00	394,847 00	344,729 00	239,914 00
Currency and Minor-Coin Redem- ption Account	3,075 60	7,176 11	4,118 05	8,001 10
Fractional Silver-Coin Redemption Account	74,681 75	75,320 70	63,916 45	75,972 80
Interest Account	99,585 00	.....	.....	.....
Interest Account, Pacific Railroads and Louisville and Portland Canal Company	8,400 00	4,930 00	5,080 00	4,080 00
Treasurer United States, Agent for paying Interest on District of Co- lumbia Bonds	366,532 59	233,795 34	244,671 50	52,050 44
Treasurer's Transfer Checks and Drafts outstanding	4,216,845 94	5,475,492 11	8,337,984 52	4,379,789 76
Treasurer's General Account:				
Interest due and unpaid	2,401,809 92	2,151,139 93	1,537,684 01	2,027,133 00
Matured Bonds and Interest .....	.....	3,004,205 94	793,690 50	541,661 90
Called Bonds and Interest	5,959,436 43	17,832,841 34	14,887,218 49	4,629,350 18
Old Debt	816,585 07	796,488 28	793,746 37	776,038 15
Gold Certificates	7,511,700 00	5,248,920 00	4,907,440 00	82,895,240 00
Silver Certificates	18,521,960 00	64,149,910 00	71,569,210 00	94,490,241 00
Certificates of Deposit (Act of June 8, 1872)	9,975,000 00	8,395,000 00	10,725,000 00	12,080,000 00
Balance, including Bullion Fund ..	156,664,083 17	151,336,116 73	143,964,893 79	163,232,463 09
Total	267,676,912 40	331,981,210 11	346,552,990 39	456,119,817 85

The following table shows the increase and decrease during the year ended September 30, in the various items of assets and liabilities; gold, silver, and legal-tender certificates, and the moneys held therefor, being first eliminated and offsets being made of other items similar to each other, so far as applicable:

	Assets, increase.	Liabilities, decrease.	Total.
Gold Coin and Bullion	\$3,384,069 92	.....
Standard Silver Dollars	6,446,243 00	.....
Silver Bullion	1,369,212 21	.....
United States Notes	3,691,866 71	.....
Deposits in National-Bank Depositories	1,432,832 27	.....
Fractional Currency and Minor Coin	12,351 91	.....
Speaker's Certificates	1,703 87	.....
Funds for the Redemption of National-Bank Notes .....	.....	\$2,658,404 38	
Undistributed Assets of failed National Banks .....	.....	510,028 14	
Interest Account, Pacific Railroads and Louisville and Portland Canal Company .....	.....	1,000 00	
Treasurer United States, Agent for paying interest on District of Columbia Bonds .....	.....	191,435 53	
Treasurer's Transfer Checks and Drafts outstanding .....	.....	3,958,194 76	
Treasurer's General Account:			
United States Bonds and Interest .....	.....	3,982,665 40	
Old Debt .....	.....	26,680 96	
Total	16,338,279 89	11,328,409 17	\$27,666,689
	Assets, decrease.	Liabilities, increase.	
Fractional Silver Coin, including Redemption Account	\$648,783 08	.....
New York and San Francisco Exchange	1,300,000 00	.....
National-Bank Notes	508,910 65	.....
Unavailable Funds	1,206 46	.....
Post-Office Department Account .....	.....	\$1,452,501 87	
Disbursing Officers' Balances .....	.....	3,935,390 37	
Treasurer's General Account:			
Interest due and unpaid .....	.....	552,327 33	
Total	2,458,900 19	5,940,219 57	8,399,119 76
Increased Balance .....	.....	.....	19,267,569 30

The general balance increased from \$143,964,893.79 in 1882 to \$163,232,463.09 in 1883, an increase of \$19,267,569.30, made up in part as follows:

By an increase of \$3,384,069.92 in the amount of gold coin and bullion owned by the Treasury, or from \$148,140,524.12 to \$151,524,594.04; there having been deducted, from the total amount held, the amount of certificates actually outstanding.

By an increase of \$6,446,243 in the amount of standard silver dollars owned by the Treasury, or from \$28,699,970 in 1882 to \$35,146,213 in 1883; the amount of certificates actually outstanding having been deducted.

By an increase of \$1,369,212.21 in the amount of silver bullion, or from \$3,641,589.37 to \$5,010,801.58.

By an increase of \$3,691,866.71 in United States notes after providing for outstanding certificates.

By a decrease in the funds for redemption of notes of national banks from \$53,936,940.77 to \$51,278,536.39, or \$2,658,404.38.

The fractional silver coin in the Treasury was decreased by \$636,726.73, or from \$27,429,246.56 in 1882 to \$26,792,519.83 in 1883.

The aggregate amount of gold and silver coin and bullion held by the Treasury increased from \$276,144,150.05 in 1882 to \$352,510,809.45, or

\$76,366,659.40, chiefly due to the new issue of gold certificates and the increase in the amount of outstanding silver certificates. The amount now held is greater than that held in 1880 by \$138,207,594.07, and than that held in 1881 by \$82,803,810.69. The gross assets increased from \$346,552,990.39 in 1882 to \$456,119,817.85, or \$109,566,827.46.

THE RESERVE.

The following statement shows the excess of the cash assets of the Government over its net demand liabilities on the first day of November, 1883, compared with that on the same date in 1882:

	1882.	1883.
ASSETS.		
Gold Coin.....	\$108,888,963 44	\$147,037,092 56
Gold Bullion.....	50,916,780 10	62,332,847 34
Standard Silver Dollars.....	92,414,977 00	116,036,450 00
Fractional Silver Coin.....	26,749,432 45	26,712,424 15
Silver Bullion.....	4,012,503 27	4,936,264 86
Deposits with National Bank Depositories.....	8,738,523 16	7,987,693 27
United States Notes.....	29,689,196 17	37,113,037 33
National-Bank Notes.....	6,370,051 58	6,428,179 99
Total assets.....	327,780,427 17	408,644,089 50
LIABILITIES.		
Old Debt.....	\$792,012 27	775,096 84
Called Bonds matured, and interest.....	9,661,510 16	3,531,342 84
Matured Bonds and interest.....	786,524 00	331,009 90
Interest due and not paid.....	5,255,170 24	2,371,276 57
Gold Certificates outstanding.....	11,370,270 00	52,076,180 00
Silver Certificates outstanding.....	65,620,450 00	85,334,381 00
Certificates of Deposit (act of June 8, 1872) outstanding.....	9,835,000 00	12,545,000 00
Disbursing Officers' Balances and various small accounts.....	24,208,117 05	24,331,528 02
Outstanding Drafts and Checks.....	5,635,232 31	8,379,155 26
Five per cent. Fund for redemption of National-Bank Notes.....	14,471,298 01	14,220,766 81
Fund for Redemption of Notes of National Banks failed, in liquidation, and reducing circulation.....	38,169,253 10	35,672,219 60
Post-Office Department Account.....	6,823,901 04	8,253,587 24
Total Liabilities.....	192,628,738 18	247,821,544 08
Reserve—Excess of Assets.....	135,151,688 99	160,822,545 42

It will be seen that the reserve is ascertained by deducting from the cash in the Treasury the aggregate of the current liabilities other than United States notes, the amounts of certificates and other obligations nominally outstanding having been first reduced by the amounts of those held by the Treasury.

The reserve increased from \$135,151,688.99 in 1882 to \$160,822,545.42, due to the increase in the cash owned by the Government of \$8,918,286.36 in gold coin and bullion, \$4,831,403.59 in silver dollars and bullion, and \$4,771,969.57 in currency; and to the decrease in the liabilities for bonds and interest of \$9,486,490.52, and in the funds for redemption of national bank notes of \$2,747,564.70. This aggregate increase of \$30,755,714.74 is, however, reduced to \$25,670,856.43 by the increase in the liabilities on account of Post-Office Department, outstanding drafts and checks and disbursing officers' balances of \$4,297,020.12, and by an actual decrease in the fractional silver coin in the Treasury and the funds on deposit with national-bank depositories of \$787,838.19.

The amount of the reserve a year ago would, however, have appeared greater by \$12,063,714.72, had not payment been anticipated of that

amount of called bonds, not then matured; which should be considered in making any comparison.

The following table shows, for the first day of each of the past thirteen months, the amount of the current liabilities exclusive of United States notes; the amount including such notes; and the cash in the Treasury, certificates for gold, silver and currency deposits and the moneys held for the redemption of the same, having been deducted; also the percentage of the reserve ascertained as stated above, to the United States notes outstanding, and of the cash to current liabilities including those notes.

Month.	Current liabilities, excluding United States notes and coin and currency certificates.	Current liabilities, excluding certificates and including United States notes, viz. \$346,681,016.	Cash, less amount of coin and currency certificates.	Percentage of reserve to United States notes outstanding.	Percentage of cash to demand liabilities, including United States notes, certificates having been eliminated.
1882.					
November.....	\$105,803,018 18	\$452,464,034 18	\$240,954,707 17	39 0	53.3
December.....	112,156,311 13	458,837,327 13	236,742,304 00	35.9	51.6
1883.					
January.....	111,908,927 79	458,589,943 79	223,700,425 05	32.2	48.8
February.....	105,295,921 02	451,976,937 02	226,707,110 73	35.0	50.2
March.....	110,604,935 34	457,285,951 34	238,201,333 89	36.8	52.1
April.....	108,292,907 34	454,973,923 34	240,420,177 64	38.1	52.8
May.....	122,080,864 40	468,761,880 40	243,783,639 91	35.1	52.0
June.....	116,546,697 48	463,227,713 48	244,580,843 16	36.9	52.8
July.....	112,105,099 61	458,786,115 61	253,111,870 34	40.7	55.2
August.....	105,931,897 37	452,612,913 37	258,374,204 94	44.0	57.1
September.....	109,370,166 29	456,051,182 29	261,665,988 79	43.9	57.4
October.....	107,070,088 12	453,751,104 12	259,236,856 51	43.9	57.1
November.....	97,865,983 08	444,546,999 08	258,688,528 50	46.4	58.2
Average for fifty-nine months	98,050,296 47	444,740,312 47	233,424,407 81	33.0	52.5

The range of the percentage of the reserve to the amount of United States notes outstanding (\$346,681,016) during the period was from 32.2 per cent. in January to 46.4 per cent. in November, 1883; and the average for the four years and eleven months since the resumption of specie payments was 39 per cent.

Upon the assumption that the percentage should be computed between the cash in the Treasury and the liabilities, including United States notes, all certificates and the moneys for their redemption being excluded, the range was from 48.8 per cent. to 58.2 per cent. during the thirteen months, and averaged 52.5 per cent. for the fifty-nine months since resumption.

UNITED STATES NOTES.

The following statement shows the changes which have taken place in the denominations of United States notes outstanding at the close of each of the last four fiscal years:

Denomination.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.
One dollar	\$20,332,332 00	\$22,645,761 60	\$25,720,953 60	\$27,736,456 80
Two dollars	20,352,813 00	22,244,122 40	24,622,625 40	25,524,394 20
Five dollars	65,432,548 00	69,569,078 00	67,342,540 00	71,150,085 00
Ten dollars	74,916,751 00	76,990,387 00	72,784,766 00	72,732,886 00
Twenty dollars	72,143,207 00	72,271,597 00	68,657,471 00	62,346,909 00
Fifty dollars	24,808,995 00	23,702,910 00	24,191,770 00	23,985,895 00
One hundred dollars	32,797,870 00	32,947,660 00	34,469,390 00	34,302,390 00
Five hundred dollars	19,224,000 00	14,570,000 00	14,876,000 00	15,098,500 00
One thousand dollars	16,532,500 00	12,024,500 00	12,335,500 00	14,328,500 00
Five thousand dollars	680,000 00	455,000 00	420,000 00	315,000 00
Ten thousand dollars	460,000 00	260,000 00	2,260,000 00	160,000 00
Total	347,681,016 00	347,681,016 00	347,681,016 00	347,681,016 00
Less unknown denominations destroyed in sub-treasury in Chicago fire	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00
Outstanding	346,681,016 00	346,681,016 00	346,681,016 00	346,681,016 00

There was an increase during the year of \$2,015,503 in the one-dollar notes, \$901,769 in two-dollar notes, \$3,807,545 in five-dollar notes, \$222,500 in five-hundred-dollar notes, and \$1,993,000 in one-thousand-dollar notes, outstanding; and a decrease of \$51,880 in ten-dollar notes, \$6,310,562 in twenty-dollar notes, \$205,875 in fifty-dollar notes, \$167,000 in one-hundred-dollar notes, \$105,000 in five-thousand-dollar notes, and \$2,100,000 in ten-thousand-dollar notes.

The number of notes outstanding at the close of the year increased 2,903,607; having been 65,986,654 against 63,083,047 on June 30, 1882. The amount of ones and twos outstanding has increased \$16,958,217 in the last four years.

The issues and redemptions during the last three fiscal years have been as follows:

Denomination.	1881.		1882.		1883.	
	Issued.	Redeemed.	Issued.	Redeemed.	Issued.	Redeemed.
One dollar	\$9,889,634	\$7,575,604 40	\$11,445,524	\$8,370,332 00	\$11,986,114 00	\$9,970,610 80
Two dollars	8,752,000	6,860,690 60	10,472,000	8,093,497 00	9,672,000 00	8,770,231 20
Five dollars	14,760,000	10,623,470 00	14,280,000	16,506,538 00	22,860,000 00	19,052,455 00
Ten dollars	9,160,000	7,086,364 00	6,680,000	10,885,621 00	14,244,000 00	14,291,880 00
Twenty dollars	6,240,000	6,111,610 00	5,680,000	9,294,126 00	6,000,000 00	12,210,462 00
Fifty dollars	1,200,000	2,306,085 00	3,200,000	2,711,140 00	3,900,000 00	4,205,875 00
One hundred dollars	2,944,300	2,794,510 00	4,527,900	3,006,170 00	4,356,600 00	4,523,600 00
Five hundred dollars	700,000	5,354,000 00	1,750,000	1,444,000 00	2,350,000 00	2,127,500 00
One thousand dollars	900,000	5,408,000 00	1,500,000	1,189,000 00	4,400,000 00	2,407,000 00
Five thousand dollars .....	.....	225,000 00	4,995,000	5,030,000 00	10,000,000 00	10,105,000 00
Ten thousand dollars .....	.....	200,000 00	14,990,000	12,990,000 00	20,000,000 00	22,100,000 00
Total	54,545,334	54,545,334 00	79,520,424	79,520,424 00	109,764,714 00	109,764,714 00

Of the notes of the denominations of \$5,000 and \$10,000 reported as issued and redeemed, there were passed through the accounts, for the purpose of destruction, from the reserve fund of unissued notes, \$17,885,000 in 1882 and \$32,000,000 in 1883, thus making the actual redemptions in 1882, \$61,635,424, and in 1883, \$77,764,714, an increase

of \$16,129,290. The number of notes redeemed increased from 14,235,106 in 1881 to 17,362,320 in 1882 and 20,339,164 in 1883.

The following table shows the amount of United States notes received in payment of duties on imports for each month since the redemption of specie payments to September 30, 1883. The amount so received during the past fiscal year was \$27,937,216, against \$20,595,119 the previous year, and the aggregate of such receipts was \$210,405,404, an average of \$3,691,323 per month:

Month.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.
January.....	\$6,864,889	\$4,126,450	\$1,689,738	\$1,779,336	\$2,121,503
February.....	9,340,452	4,477,161	2,049,956	1,886,585	2,000,776
March.....	11,919,876	3,702,727	1,830,813	1,931,273	2,770,801
April.....	10,562,066	3,231,697	1,310,292	2,032,592	2,061,875
May.....	9,703,566	2,888,138	1,402,118	2,089,339	1,677,130
June.....	9,336,778	3,951,588	1,479,503	2,045,150	2,671,646
July.....	10,588,145	4,029,892	1,641,006	2,619,515	2,278,662
August.....	11,261,307	2,844,658	1,873,788	2,732,499	2,476,080
September.....	12,506,018	2,241,305	1,476,118	2,599,294	2,032,138
October.....	9,281,243	1,020,288	1,353,253	2,448,314	.....
November.....	4,612,198	1,567,184	1,341,614	2,330,849	.....
December.....	3,051,219	1,463,984	1,145,065	1,903,014	.....

SILVER CERTIFICATES.

The amount of silver certificates nominally outstanding increased during the fiscal year from \$66,096,710 to \$88,616,831; the amount held by the Treasury increased during the same period from \$11,590,620 to \$15,996,145, leaving actually outstanding on June 30, 1883, \$72,620,686. On September 30, 1883, the amount nominally outstanding was \$94,490,241, of which the Treasury held \$15,060,410. The departmental circular of September 18, 1880, authorizing the receipt of deposits of gold coin with the assistant treasurer at New York, payable in silver certificates by other assistant treasurers, continued in force until October 15, 1882, with a modification in November, 1881, due to the fact that the limit of issue (being the amount of standard dollars held by the Treasury,) had then nearly been reached. The receipt of such deposits was suspended from October 15, 1882, to March 2, 1883, when, by direction of the acting Secretary of the Treasury it was resumed, and continues to the present time. The amount of deposits made during the fiscal year was \$13,095,000, payment for which was made in certificates as follows: By the Chicago office, \$15,000; the Cincinnati office, \$925,000; the New Orleans office, \$6,140,000, and the Saint Louis office, \$6,015,000. The total amount of deposits, from the commencement, under the circular of September, 1880, to June 30, 1883, was \$42,949,500, and to September 30, 1883, \$45,814,500.

The issues and redemptions of silver certificates of each denomination during the fiscal year have been as follows:

Denomination.	Outstand- ing June 30, 1882.	Issued.		Redeemed.		Outstand- ing June 30, 1883.
		During fis- cal year.	To June 30, 1883.	During fis- cal year.	To June 30, 1883.	
Ten dollars	\$29,245,720	\$11,880,000	\$44,994,000	\$4,237,828	\$8,106,108	\$36,887,892
Twenty dollars	24,960,240	13,360,000	40,946,000	3,167,456	5,793,216	35,152,784
Fifty dollars	3,283,550	1,600,000	5,650,000	886,615	1,653,065	3,996,935
One hundred dollars	4,020,700	2,400,000	7,540,000	1,173,480	2,292,780	5,247,220
Five hundred dollars	1,734,500	1,800,000	6,150,000	1,008,500	3,624,000	2,526,000
One thousand dollars	2,852,000	4,000,000	15,990,000	2,046,000	11,184,000	4,806,000
Total	66,096,710	35,040,000	121,270,000	12,519,879	32,653,169	88,616,831

From the commencement of the issue of silver certificates in March, 1878, to the 31st of October, 1883, there have been transferred to the offices of the several assistant treasurers, certificates to the following amounts, there being deducted from the gross amount transferred to each office any amount transferred from it: To Baltimore, \$535,000; Boston, \$3,410,000; Cincinnati, \$15,431,000; New Orleans, \$31,550,000; New York, \$16,360,000; Philadelphia, \$14,665,000; Saint Louis, \$20,275,000; San Francisco, \$19,240,000; to the Washington office, \$16,246,000.

GOLD CERTIFICATES.

Of the old issue of gold certificates under the act of March 3, 1863, there were redeemed during the year \$1,533,580, against \$745,800 the previous year, making the total redemptions \$977,631,340.46, and reducing the amount outstanding to \$3,503,540.

Of the issue authorized by the act of July 12, 1882, there were issued during the fiscal year \$86,710,000 and redeemed \$7,834,900, leaving \$78,875,100 nominally outstanding. The Treasury held \$22,571,270 of that amount at the close of the year.

The following statement shows the issues and redemptions by denominations during the year:

Denominations.	Issued.	Redeemed.	Outstanding.
Twenty dollars.....	\$9,360,000	\$197,100	\$9,162,900
Fifty dollars.....	9,200,000	149,200	9,050,800
One hundred dollars.....	8,900,000	135,600	8,764,400
Five hundred dollars.....	8,250,000	208,000	8,042,000
One thousand dollars.....	13,000,000	350,000	12,650,000
Five thousand dollars.....	8,000,000	1,035,000	6,965,000
Ten thousand dollars.....	30,000,000	5,760,000	24,240,000
	86,710,000	7,834,900	78,875,100

Of the issues, \$71,350,000 was of the New York series and \$15,360,000 of the departmental series.

On September 30, 1883, the amount issued had increased to \$92,550,000, the amount redeemed to \$12,905,800, and the amount held by the Treasury to \$28,288,390, thus reducing the amount actually outstanding from \$56,303,830 to \$51,355,810, or \$4,948,020 in the three months ended on that date.

EXPRESS CHARGES ON UNITED STATES MONEY.

In consequence of the failure by Congress to make appropriation for the transportation of worn and mutilated United States notes to the Treasury and of new notes in return therefor, the express charges on such notes as have been received since the beginning of the fiscal year, from others than assistant treasurers, have been borne by the parties sending them for redemption. Previous to and including 1875 appropriations for such transportation had been regularly made; but thereafter these appropriations were omitted until 1881, when the Government again assumed the expense until the close of the last fiscal year. It is natural that the holder of a note, however much it may be defaced, should hesitate to incur the expense of express charges; and thus the note will be kept in circulation as long as it can possibly be used. A note-holder in a city where there is an assistant treasurer may obtain redemption by presentation to that officer, who forwards the notes to the Treasurer at the expense of the Government, payable from another appropriation; but this does not afford equal facilities of redemption to all holders of notes; and it makes necessary an extra count, by the assistant treasurer, of money which should come directly to this office.

The Government has required of the national banks that they provide, through a deposit at the Treasury, for the redemption of their worn and mutilated notes, and they bear the expense of transportation to this office for such redemption. It would seem that the Government should do at least as much toward keeping in good condition among the people the notes of its own issue, as it requires of the banks in regard to their issues. Otherwise the United States notes now in circulation, many of them already worn and defaced, will, in a short time, become more wretched in condition and more unfit for use. The gain to the Government, and of course the corresponding loss to the holders, by non-presentation for redemption of the United States notes will be considerable, and it can well afford the comparatively small expense necessary to keep the notes in good condition. Of the first issue of legal-tender notes, amounting to \$669,321,676, there remain outstanding at this date nearly \$12,000,000, and this after more than fourteen years from the time the issue ceased; the redemptions for the past four years not having averaged one-fifth of 1 per cent. of the issue, or 9 per cent. of the outstanding. The gain to the Government from the losses on this and the later issues of notes, although it may not yet be stated with any certainty, will be very great.

The gold and silver certificates are also rapidly becoming defaced and worn. Although not issued as a circulating medium, but as certificates of deposit, they have, from various causes, passed into the circulation of the country. The charges for the transportation of these for redemption have never been borne by the Government; nor is it proposed now to pay any charges where redemption in coin is demanded, but it is submitted that it would be proper to furnish new certificates for those which have been defaced in handling, and that the express charges thereon be paid by the Government. Authority is asked for such payment in any appropriation that may be made.

The appropriation for the transportation of worn and mutilated notes for the year 1882 was \$50,000, and for the year 1883, \$48,000. It is respectfully recommended that an appropriation of \$30,000 be asked for, to be available for the remainder of the present fiscal year, and \$70,000 for the ensuing year, which amounts are deemed sufficient to provide for the transportation of worn and mutilated gold and silver certificates as well as of United States notes.

STANDARD SILVER DOLLARS.

The following table shows the amount of silver dollars coined, on hand, distributed, and outstanding at the close of each fiscal year since the coinage was resumed, the percentage of the total coinage outstanding and the percentage of the annual coinage distributed each year:

Fiscal year ended June 30.	Annual coinage.	Total coinage.	On hand at close of year.	Net distribution during year.	Outstanding at close of year.	Percentage of distribution to annual coinage.	Percentage of outstanding to total coinage.
1878*	\$8, 572, 500	\$8, 573, 500	\$7, 718, 357	\$855, 143	\$855, 143	9.9	9.9
1879	27, 227, 500	35, 801, 000	28, 358, 589	6, 557, 268	7, 442, 411	24.2	20.8
1880	27, 933, 750	63, 734, 750	45, 108, 296	11, 184, 043	18, 626, 454	40	29.2
1881	27, 637, 955	91, 372, 705	63, 249, 309	9, 496, 951	28, 123, 405	35.8	30.8
1882	27, 772, 075	119, 144, 780	87, 524, 182	3, 497, 193	31, 620, 598	12.6	26.5
1883	28, 111, 119	147, 255, 899	112, 362, 510	3, 272, 791	34, 893, 389	11.6	23.7

* Coinage began in March.

The amount coined to September 30, 1883, was \$154,370,899, of which there was outstanding \$39,121,236, or about 25 $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent., the Treasury holding \$114,576,044, of which \$94,490,241 is for the redemption of silver certificates.

The coinage and distribution of silver dollars during each of the last twenty-seven months are shown below:

Month.	Monthly coinage.	Coined to the end of the month.	On hand at close of month.	Net distribution during month.	Outstanding at close of month.
1881.					
July	\$2,250,000	\$93,622,705	\$65,130,646	\$368,654	\$28,492,059
August	2,300,000	95,922,705	66,300,847	1,129,799	29,621,858
September	2,400,000	98,322,705	65,049,279	2,751,568	32,373,426
October	2,350,000	100,672,705	67,299,481	999,798	33,373,224
November	2,300,000	102,972,705	68,620,414	979,067	34,352,201
December	2,408,275	105,380,980	70,430,857	597,832	34,950,123
1882.					
January	2,300,000	107,680,980	73,506,654		34,174,326
February	2,300,200	109,981,180	76,541,417		33,439,763
March	2,300,500	112,281,680	79,582,820		32,698,860
April	2,300,000	114,581,680	82,259,754		32,321,926
May	2,262,000	116,843,680	85,006,570		31,837,110
June	2,301,100	119,144,780	87,524,182		31,620,598
July	2,160,000	121,304,780	89,744,025		31,560,755
August	2,425,000	123,729,780	91,741,036	427,995	31,988,750
September	2,300,100	126,029,880	92,468,038	1,573,092	33,561,842
October	2,300,000	128,329,880	93,006,382	1,761,656	35,323,498
November	2,300,000	130,629,880	93,873,914	1,432,468	36,755,966
December	2,325,200	132,955,080	94,887,115	1,311,999	38,067,965
1883.					
January	2,450,000	135,405,080	98,100,185		37,304,895
February	2,400,000	137,805,080	101,093,671		36,711,409
March	2,400,619	140,205,699	104,059,101		36,146,598
April	2,350,000	142,555,699	107,059,694		35,496,605
May	2,350,000	144,905,699	109,723,838		35,181,861
June	2,350,200	147,255,899	112,362,510		34,893,389
July	2,425,000	149,680,899	113,904,649	882,861	35,776,250
August	2,340,000	152,020,899	115,002,638	1,241,811	37,018,061
September	2,350,000	154,370,899	115,249,663	2,163,175	39,121,236

NOTE.—The difference between the amount "on hand," as stated in this table, and the amount in the Treasury, as it appears in the statement of assets and liabilities (p. 7), is \$673,619. Of this amount \$196,000 consists of dollars not yet shipped on orders for which payment has been made, and \$477,619 of dollars held in the silver profit fund of the United States Mint at San Francisco.

The amount outstanding increased from \$28,492,059 in July, 1881, to \$34,950,123 in December of the same year; from January to July, 1882, the return of dollars to the Treasury offices was greater than the distribution, and the amount outstanding fell to \$31,560,755 in the latter month. In December, 1882, the amount outstanding exceeded \$38,000,000, but fell again by the return to the Treasury of surplus dollars until in June, 1883, the amount had again fallen to \$34,893,389. Since the close of the fiscal year there has been the usual increased demand, and the amount outstanding on September 30 was the highest since the coinage was resumed—exceeding \$39,000,000.

The vaults of the Treasury offices are taxed to their utmost capacity to contain the funds of the Treasury, including the \$114,576,044 in standard dollars, and the \$26,792,519.83 in fractional silver coin. Frequent transfers of such coin are necessary from an office that has become filled to its capacity, to some office in which vault room can be found. The construction of a large vault with a capacity for \$45,000,000 standard dollars in the Treasury building at Washington, and of another with a capacity for \$28,000,000 in the Treasury office at New Orleans has been commenced, and their completion will give relief to the now over-crowded vaults.

The amount of standard silver dollars and fractional silver coin held by each of the offices of the Treasury on September 30, 1883, is shown by the following table:

In office of—	Standard silver dollars.	Fractional silver coin.
Treasurer United States, Washington	\$2, 125, 359	\$168, 983 94
Assistant Treasurer United States:		
Baltimore	2, 743, 895	298, 090 05
Boston	2, 107, 362	1, 617, 097 65
Chicago	4, 688, 900	3, 059, 232 59
Cincinnati	979, 500	105, 650 00
New Orleans	5, 607, 980	654, 039 17
New York	23, 221, 000	8, 489, 313 28
Philadelphia	8, 480, 900	3, 397, 270 00
San Francisco	15, 995, 000	7, 520, 214 35
Saint Louis	5, 001, 040	1, 446, 245 00
United States Mint:		
Carson City	2, 112, 755	16, 694 38
New Orleans	7, 290, 045	84
Philadelphia	3, 664, 226	31, 099 56
San Francisco	30, 745, 237	25, 415 00
United States Assay-office:		
Charlotte, N. C.		123 22
Helena, Mont	5, 743	5, 543 90
New York	3, 102	90
Saint Louis		5 75
Total	114, 772, 044	26, 835, 019 58
Add amount in transit between offices		107, 000 00
	114, 772, 044	26, 942, 019 58
Deduct amount required to fill orders unpaid	196, 000	149, 499 75
Total	114, 576, 044	26, 792, 519 83

The denominations of the fractional silver coin held at each office are shown below:

In office of—	Fifty-cent pieces.	Twenty-five-cent pieces.	Twenty-cent pieces.	Ten-cent pieces.	Five-cent pieces.	Three-cent pieces.	Unassorted.
Treasurer U. S.:							
Washington	\$69, 010 00	\$74, 310 00		\$17, 950 00	\$1, 570 80	\$74 61	\$6, 068 53
Asst. Treasurer U. S.:							
Baltimore	254, 690 00	38, 795 00	\$88 40	3, 391 30	894 95	230 40	
Boston	1, 040, 148 00	558, 402 00	700 00	497 00	1, 700 00	600 00	15, 050 65
Chicago	2, 027, 000 00	1, 014, 000 00	1, 000 00	15, 000 00	2, 000 00		232 59
Cincinnati	43, 290 00	42, 080 00	278 00	300 00	1, 078 00	124 00	18, 500 00
New Orleans	638, 431 00	14, 525 00	29 60	1, 042 80		10 77	
New York	5, 625, 000 00	2, 804, 000 00		12, 000 00	6, 000 00		42, 313 28
Philadelphia	1, 958, 000 00	1, 427, 000 00		9, 070 00	2, 000 00	1, 200 00	
San Francisco	7, 170, 000 00	346, 800 00		718 50	12 60	75	2, 682 50
Saint Louis	1, 068, 930 00	375, 900 00	510 00	335 00	510 00	60 00	
U. S. Mint:							
Carson City	16, 124 00	347 50		222 88			
New Orleans							84
Philadelphia	5, 212 50	22, 882 50		3, 003 84			72
San Francisco	17, 794 00	6, 196 25		1, 424 75			
U. S. Assay-office:							
Charlotte, N. C.							123 22
Helena, Mont							5, 543 90
Saint Louis							5 75
New York							90
Total	19, 933, 629 50	6, 725, 238 25	2, 606 00	64, 956 07	15, 766 35	2, 300 53	90, 522 88

FRACTIONAL SILVER AND MINOR COIN.

There were forwarded from this office during the fiscal year by express, at the expense of the Government for the charges thereon, 4,837 packages containing \$3,826,600 in fractional silver coin, in return for currency redeemed or for deposits of lawful money in the Treasury; an increase over the shipments of the previous year of 687 packages and \$458,846. There were forwarded by registered mail 1,545 packages of fractional silver coin, consisting chiefly of dimes.

An appropriation of \$10,000 made by the sundry civil act of March 3, 1883, for the distribution of silver coin according to law, having become immediately available, was applied to the expenses of transportation during the remainder of the past fiscal year, and thus became exhausted about the first of October. Notice was therefore given that the charges for transportation of fractional silver coin by express would thereafter have to be borne by the parties desiring such coin.

It is recommended that an appropriation be asked for to continue the distribution so that such portion of the large amount in the Treasury as is desired by the people for their convenience may be furnished without expense to them for the transportation, which should be paid out of the large profit on coinage.

Under section 3529 of the Revised Statutes the minor coin authorized by section 3515 may, at the discretion of the director of the mint, be delivered in any of the principal cities and towns of the United States at the cost of the mint for transportation. There is no provision for the payment of transportation of such coins from the Treasury; and parties desiring them are usually unwilling to incur this expense. It thus might happen that, while there was a surplus in the Treasury offices, it could not be distributed, and, at the same time, the mint would be coining to supply the demand which could be met from the Treasury if the facilities for distribution were provided. At the present time the five-cent nickel is being coined at the mint and, while there is now no large surplus in the Treasury, should the coinage and distribution continue until there was a surplus in circulation, that excess would be likely to be returned to the Treasury for redemption in lawful money and be there held unused.

Should the Mint at Philadelphia be made a redeeming agent and authorized to redeem these coins through the medium of the Treasurer's account as it did prior to 1881, and distribute them as it now does the new coins, some of the expense of coinage would, no doubt, be saved; and a provision of law giving such authority is respectfully recommended.

The three-cent piece of the minor coinage resembles the silver dime so much in size and appearance as to be troublesome; and this more than offsets any convenience that might be claimed for a piece of this denomination. Provision should be made for its redemption and retirement by recoinage into five-cent nickels.

The following table shows the denominations of the minor coin held by the Treasury offices September 30, 1883:

Held by—	Five cents.	Three cents.	Two cents.	One cent.	Mixed.	Total.
Treasurer United States, Washington	\$1,300 00	\$3,771 00	\$290 00	\$1,390 00	\$846 07	\$7,597 07
Assistant Treasurer United States:						
Baltimore	300 00	4,320 00	2,770 00	18,381 47	.....	25,771 47
Boston	378 00	20,985 00	295 00	17,316 00	1,544 93	40,518 93
Cincinnati	150 00	8,800 00	200 00	2,768 50	493 00	12,411 50
Chicago	8,900 00	890 00	7,500 00	11,800 00	35	29,090 35
New Orleans	610 15	601 71	36 74	1,048 28	.....	2,296 88
New York	20,565 00	16,920 00	1,430 00	34,069 00	.....	72,984 00
Philadelphia	89,534 00	87,105 00	5,550 00	121,000 00	631 00	303,840 00
San Francisco	1,000 00	1,500 00	200 00	100 00	.....	2,800 00
Saint Louis	250 00	6,886 62	75 34	2,673 84	515 04	10,400 84
United States Mint:						
Philadelphia .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14,160 63	14,160 63
Denver, Colo. ....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 49	2 49
United States Assay-office:						
Helena, Mont .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	562 08	562 08
New York .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	73	73
Saint Louis .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	36	36
In transit .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,000 00	1,000 00
Total	123,007 15	151,779 33	18,347 08	210,547 09	19,756 68	523,437 33

Under the provisions of the act of August 7, 1882, appropriating \$25,000 for the recoinage of uncurrent silver coins in the Treasury, and \$10,000 for the recoinage of gold and silver coins under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, there were recoined \$35,000 in gold coin, \$612,779.75 in uncurrent silver three-cent, five-cent and twenty-cent pieces, \$5,798.15 in foreign silver coins, and \$621 in standard silver dollars, at a net loss of \$34,950.04.

No appropriation for this purpose was made for the current fiscal year; and in order to recoin the accumulated uncurrent coins now in the Treasury and such as may hereafter be received, it is respectfully recommended that an appropriation of \$20,000 for the recoinage of all uncurrent gold and silver coins be asked for.

FRACTIONAL CURRENCY.

There was redeemed during the year \$46,556.96 in fractional currency, leaving the amount outstanding at the close of the year \$15,376,629.14. The redemptions for each year since 1876, when the issue ceased, have been as follows:

1877	\$14,043,458 05
1878	3,855,368 57
1879	705,158 66
1880	251,717 41
1881	109,001 05
1882	58,705 55
1883	46,556 96

MUTILATED, STOLEN, AND COUNTERFEIT CURRENCY.

The deductions on account of mutilations, from the face value of United States notes redeemed during the year, amounted to \$2,232, and from fractional currency to \$40.03, a total of \$2,272.03 as against \$12,285.68 the previous year, when the actual redemptions were less by about \$16,000,000. The decrease in the deductions and the consequent decrease of the loss to note-holders resulted from the modification of the

rule subjecting such currency to a discount in proportion to the part lacking. The deductions on silver certificates redeemed amounted to \$261, and on notes of failed, liquidating, and reducing national banks to \$62.

There were detected in remittances of United States notes received for redemption 315 counterfeits of the nominal value of \$4,828; and in remittances of national bank notes 61 notes stolen prior to regular issue with the signatures of the bank officers forged thereon amounting to \$505; and 451 counterfeits, amounting to \$4,396. The denominations of the counterfeits were as follows:

Denomination.	United States notes.	National bank notes.
One dollar	\$23	.....
Two dollars	50	\$66
Five dollars	455	1,540
Ten dollars	860	840
Twenty dollars	1,149	600
Fifty dollars	1,400	250
One hundred dollars	400	1,100
Five hundred dollars	500	.....
Total	4,828	4,396

One counterfeit silver certificate of the denomination of \$10, one counterfeit compound-interest note of \$100, and counterfeit fractional currency, amounting to \$282.90, were also detected in remittances received.

INTEREST CHECKS AND COUPONS.

Checks which have been issued in payment of registered interest on bonds of the United States, including the bonds issued to the Pacific railways and bonds of the District of Columbia, are returned to this office after payment, and register is made of such payment.

Heretofore such checks have, after verification, been transmitted to the auditing officer for settlement of the account and examination of the indorsements, which were in some instances found to be irregular and unsatisfactory.

Owing to the large number of interest checks, which in 1882 reached 321,623, the examination by the auditing officer with the clerical force available for that purpose was unavoidably much delayed, thereby lessening the facilities for obtaining amended indorsements, evidence of the validity of a doubtful indorsement, or the return of any amount paid thereon. It has, therefore, been deemed advisable and necessary to examine the indorsements of these checks upon their return after payment and before their delivery to the Auditor, and in all cases of irregularities to take steps at once to obtain, by the return of the checks to the office which paid them, perfection of the indorsement. Failing to obtain that, reclamation is made of the last indorser, who is required to refund the amount. There were 357 checks suspended on account of such defects during the fiscal year.

The decrease in the number of interest checks during the fiscal year from 321,623 to 298,380 is due to the redemption of loans and the gradual decrease in the number of holders of bonds; the number of the holders of the 4 per cent. registered bonds having decreased from 50,850 in October, 1882, to 48,154 in October, 1883, while the amount of interest on that loan, paid by such checks, increased from \$5,659,710.50 in October, 1882, to \$5,794,721 in 1883.

The number of foreign holders of registered bonds diminished during the same period from 1,131, representing \$30,060,000, to 495, holding \$17,198,900.

The decrease in the amount of coupons paid is due to the redemption of loans and the conversion of coupon bonds into registered bonds.

CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT, ACT OF JUNE 8, 1872.

During the year there were issued certificates of deposit under the act of June 8, 1872, to the amount of \$20,030,000; the amount redeemed was \$20,210,000, and the amount outstanding at the close of the year was \$13,180,000, against \$13,360,000 outstanding June 30, 1882. The amount outstanding on September 30, 1883, was \$11,945,000.

The following table shows the total issues and redemptions of these certificates from the date of the first issue, and the amount outstanding at the close of each fiscal year from 1873 to 1883:

Fiscal year.	Total amount issued.	Total amount redeemed.	Outstanding as shown by the Treasurer's books.
1873	\$57,240,000	\$25,430,000	\$31,810,000
1874	137,905,000	78,915,000	58,990,000
1875	219,000,000	159,935,000	59,045,000
1876	301,400,000	268,260,000	33,140,000
1877	378,285,000	324,305,000	53,980,000
1878	464,965,000	418,720,000	46,245,000
1879	554,730,000	525,400,000	29,330,000
1880	601,785,000	588,660,000	13,125,000
1881	612,850,000	601,235,000	11,615,000
1882	629,760,000	616,400,000	13,360,000
1883	649,790,000	636,610,000	13,180,000

NOTE.—The amounts outstanding differ from those shown by the public debt statements, for the reason that the reports of issues and redemptions of the last days of the fiscal year at the different offices do not reach the Department until after the statements of the debt are made up.

CLEARING-HOUSE TRANSACTIONS.

The following statement shows the transactions of the Treasury with the New York Clearing-House for the last sixteen months:

Date.	Checks sent to clearing-house.	Checks received from clearing-house.	Balances due assistant treasurer.	Balances due clearing-house.
1882.				
July	\$11,587,438 74	\$32,701,010 38	\$51,847 90	\$21,165,419 54
August	11,989,235 62	30,384,357 32	111,659 85	18,506,781 55
September	12,521,011 04	30,736,071 62	146,102 53	18,361,163 11
October	11,753,823 68	29,758,721 56	623,006 36	18,627,904 24
November	10,888,947 91	24,758,321 16	72,043 22	13,941,416 47
December	10,382,375 99	37,878,097 20	.....	27,495,721 21
1883.				
January	10,072,753 84	27,014,807 10	64,914 97	17,006,968 23
February	10,118,147 30	16,334,894 33	278,069 51	6,494,816 54
March	11,551,061 55	23,876,731 25	314,619 64	12,640,289 34
April	8,064,996 50	22,326,005 53	.....	14,261,009 03
May	11,659,331 13	29,382,432 79	.....	17,723,101 66
June	9,390,987 30	22,150,859 38	.....	12,759,872 08
July	9,074,257 66	23,226,978 95	.....	14,152,721 29
August	10,524,505 70	22,462,789 27	361,242 42	12,299,525 99
September	10,096,816 27	26,136,031 46	.....	16,039,215 19
October	10,324,684 37	23,080,314 17	380,431 75	13,136,061 55
Total	170,000,374 60	422,208,423 47	2,403,938 15	254,611,987 02

The associated banks presented for payment through the clearing-house \$422,208,423.47 in drafts and checks on the assistant treasurer, and paid him in cash for balances in his favor \$2,403,938.15, making an aggregate of transactions of \$424,612,361.62, or an average of \$26,538,272.60 per month. The assistant treasurer received payment of checks upon the banks amounting to \$170,000,374.60, leaving balances against him aggregating \$254,611,987.02, in settlement of which he paid in gold and gold certificates, \$231,245,000; in United States notes, \$3,936,987.02; in deposits for silver certificates payable by other offices, \$14,741,000; and in sundry credits, \$4,689,000, as shown by the following table:

Months.	Paid in gold coin.	Paid in gold certificates.	Paid in United States notes.	By transfer in silver certificates.	Sundry credits.
1882.					
July	\$18,400,000	-----	\$480,419 54	\$1,615,000	\$670,000
August	10,855,000	-----	426,781 55	5,530,000	1,695,000
September	8,430,000	-----	1,381,163 11	6,856,000	1,694,000
October	3,540,000	\$12,504,000	1,213,904 24	740,000	630,000
November	-----	13,847,000	94,416 47	-----	-----
December	-----	27,477,000	18,721 21	-----	-----
1883.					
January	-----	16,994,000	12,968 23	-----	-----
February	-----	6,485,000	9,816 54	-----	-----
March	-----	12,627,000	13,289 34	-----	-----
April	-----	14,249,000	12,009 03	-----	-----
May	-----	17,707,000	16,101 66	-----	-----
June	-----	12,747,000	12,872 08	-----	-----
July	-----	14,139,000	13,721 29	-----	-----
August	-----	12,199,000	100,525 99	-----	-----
September	-----	15,966,000	73,215 19	-----	-----
October	-----	13,079,000	57,061 55	-----	-----
Total	41,225,000	190,020,000	3,936,987 02	14,741,000	4,689,000

The following table shows the kinds of money received in payment of duties on imports at the port of New York during the sixteen months from July, 1882, to October, 1883:

Months.	United States notes.	Gold coin.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Silver coin.	Total duties on imports, port of New York.
1882.						
July	\$1,189,000	\$9,132,000	-----	\$3,400,000	\$9,000	\$13,730,000
August	920,000	7,594,000	-----	7,951,000	22,000	16,487,000
September	813,000	5,708,000	-----	8,161,000	13,000	14,695,000
October	958,000	2,385,000	\$5,532,000	4,213,000	13,000	13,101,000
November	949,000	1,021,000	6,351,000	1,607,000	11,000	9,939,000
December	693,000	554,000	7,177,000	1,947,000	10,000	10,381,000
1883.						
January	887,000	534,000	9,167,000	1,976,000	10,000	12,574,000
February	601,000	478,000	9,162,000	1,944,000	9,000	12,194,000
March	816,000	812,000	9,170,000	1,624,000	13,000	12,435,000
April	534,000	996,000	6,025,000	1,633,000	11,000	9,199,000
May	554,000	386,000	5,074,000	2,131,000	10,000	8,155,000
June	945,000	445,000	9,466,000	2,755,000	19,000	13,630,000
July	794,000	339,000	11,552,000	1,906,000	18,000	14,609,000
August	791,000	359,000	9,734,000	2,395,000	11,000	13,290,000
September	609,000	385,000	9,364,000	1,682,000	10,000	12,059,000
October	555,000	347,000	8,892,000	1,902,000	10,000	11,616,000
Total	12,608,000	31,475,000	106,576,000	47,227,000	199,000	198,085,000

SALES OF EXCHANGE.

In addition to the telegraphic orders payable in silver certificates, issued upon deposits of gold coin with the assistant treasurer at New York, there were issued during the fiscal year for like deposits orders payable in gold, as follows: Payable at the New Orleans office, \$3,050,000, on which a premium of \$1,725 was realized; and payable at the San Francisco office, \$2,300,000, at a premium of \$190.62.

DEPOSITARY BANKS.

The public funds deposited with national-bank depositaries during the fiscal year amounted to \$145,974,256.86, making the total deposits of such moneys since the establishment of the national-banking system \$3,958,696,844.88. The balance remaining with them at the close of the year, to the credit of the Treasurer, amounted to \$10,030,698.33, and the amount held to the credit of disbursing officers of the United States was \$3,418,195.73, making a total of \$13,448,894.08, to secure the safe-keeping and prompt payment of which there were held by the Treasurer in trust for such banks \$17,116,000 in United States bonds.

There were at the close of the fiscal year 140 banks qualified as depositaries, thus increasing the facilities for collecting and disbursing public moneys without additional expense to the Department; their transactions with this office were conducted in a satisfactory manner, the payments promptly made at the times and places required, and no loss incurred.

The receipts and disbursements of public funds by bank depositaries during the last twenty fiscal years have been as follows:

Fiscal year.	Receipts.	Funds transferred to depositary banks.	Funds transferred to the Treasury by depositary banks.	Drafts drawn on depositary banks.	Balance at close of the year.
1864	\$153,395,108 71	\$816,000 00	\$85,507,674 08	\$28,726,695 88	\$39,976,738 76
1865	987,564,639 14	8,110,294 70	583,697,912 72	415,887,767 81	36,065,992 16
1866	497,566,676 42	13,523,972 62	363,085,565 65	149,772,756 11	34,298,319 34
1867	351,737,083 83	8,405,903 63	331,039,872 57	37,218,612 76	26,182,821 47
1868	225,244,144 75	9,404,392 00	215,311,460 69	22,218,187 92	23,301,709 61
1869	105,160,573 67	10,052,199 44	114,748,877 24	14,890,463 75	8,875,141 73
1870	120,084,041 79	2,466,521 06	111,123,926 18	11,818,228 61	8,483,549 79
1871	99,299,840 85	2,633,129 45	89,428,544 04	13,790,961 01	7,197,015 04
1872	106,104,855 16	3,050,444 05	94,938,603 76	13,635,837 49	7,777,873 00
1873	169,602,743 98	9,004,842 49	108,089,786 76	16,110,519 07	62,185,153 64
1874	91,108,846 70	2,729,958 81	134,869,112 57	13,364,554 52	7,790,292 06
1875	98,228,249 53	1,737,445 60	82,134,304 05	13,657,678 25	11,914,004 89
1876	97,402,227 57	2,445,451 49	89,981,146 99	13,909,616 83	7,870,920 13
1877	106,470,261 22	2,359,196 29	94,276,400 35	14,862,200 88	7,555,776 41
1878	99,781,053 48	2,385,920 38	90,177,963 35	12,606,870 60	6,937,916 32
1879	109,397,525 67	6,890,489 06	100,498,469 29	15,544,058 34	7,183,403 42
1880	119,493,171 91	6,489,634 17	109,611,232 64	15,525,023 03	7,999,953 86
1881	131,820,002 20	5,646,092 46	118,143,724 91	18,388,772 82	8,933,550 79
1882	143,261,541 41	5,256,574 29	129,131,305 07	18,709,928 56	9,610,432 86
1883	145,974,256 86	5,292,840 22	132,075,358 80	18,771,472 81	10,030,698 33
Total ...	3,958,696,844 88	108,695,302 21	3,177,951,241 71	879,410,207 05	.....

SPEAKER'S CERTIFICATES.

The recommendation made in former annual reports, that payment of compensation and mileage to members of the House of Representatives, now made by the Treasurer upon certificates of the Speaker (or Clerk of the House when there is no Speaker), be made by a disbursing officer to be designated and qualified for that purpose, is, for the same reasons, renewed. The Treasurer is now held responsible by the audit-

ing officers for the correctness of accounts which he has no means of verifying, and the payments of which have been made by him under authority of law, which expressly states that the Speaker's certificates shall be conclusive upon all departments of the Government.

Such a change in the manner of payment must be authorized by a law creating a disbursing officer for that purpose or charging with that duty some officer at present qualified as a disbursing officer.

PACIFIC RAILROAD SINKING FUNDS.

United States bonds are now held by this office for account of the Pacific railroad sinking funds, established by the act of May 7, 1878 (20 Statutes, 56), as follows:

For the Union Pacific Railroad Company.

Bonds issued to Pacific Railways (currency sixes).....	\$361,000
Loan of July 12, 1882, 3 per cents	256,450
Funded loan of 1907, 4 per cents.....	32,650
	<hr/>
	650,100
	<hr/>

For the Central Pacific Railroad Company.

Bonds issued to Pacific Railways (currency sixes).....	\$444,000
Loan of July 12, 1882, 3 per cents	736,700
Funded loan of 1907, 4 per cents.....	199,100
	<hr/>
	1,379,800

Bonds of the funded loan of 1881 continued at $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. amounting to \$541,800 were received for account of the Central Pacific Railroad Company, December 6, 1882, and exchanged into bonds of the loan of July 12, 1882, now held for the sinking fund of that company.

TRUST FUNDS.

The Indian trust fund.

The bonds and stocks of the Indian trust fund at the close of the fiscal year in the custody of this office under the act of Congress of June 10, 1876 (19 Statutes, 58), amounted to \$1,808,016.83 $\frac{2}{3}$. Of this amount \$280,000 was in bonds issued to the Pacific railways (currency sixes), and the remainder in State and corporation stocks and bonds, as shown in the table in the appendix.

In pursuance of authority from the Secretary of the Treasury, on the request of the Secretary of the Interior, trustee of the Creek orphan fund, \$70,800 bonds, described below, were transferred from the Indian trust fund January 10, 1883, to the Treasurer of the United States, custodian for the Secretary of the Treasury, the bonds having become the property of the United States under the act of Congress of August 7, 1882 (22 Statutes, 301):

Virginia, 6 per cent., registered.....	\$41,800
Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, 6 per cent. coupon, guaranteed by State of Virginia	9,000
Tennessee, 5 per cent., registered	20,000
	<hr/>
	70,800

In the action before the United States circuit court at Nashville, Tenn., to obtain payment of detached coupons from bonds of the Nash-

ville and Chattanooga Railroad Company, amounting to \$153,510, verdict was, by order of the court, rendered against the United States April 25, 1883, on the ground that the statute of limitations of the State of Tennessee barred the action. The case was taken by the United States district attorney, on a writ of error, to the Supreme Court of the United States, where it is now pending.

Interest is due and unpaid on all the bonds of the following-named States, held for account of these funds: Arkansas, Florida, Louisiana, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, and Virginia. Interest on the remaining bonds, those of the States of Indiana and Maryland, and bonds issued to the Pacific railways, is paid to date.

Miscellaneous trusts.

United States bonds are held in trust for the following:

American Printing House for the Blind.....	\$250,000
Pennsylvania Company	200,000
Manhattan Savings Institution.....	200,000
Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce.....	40,000

The following-described bonds are held in custody of this office for the Secretary of the Treasury, all, with the exception of the Louisiana bonds, having become the property of the United States by payment of the amount of principal and interest to the trusts for which they were originally purchased:

Arkansas State bonds.....	\$625,000
Chesapeake and Ohio Canal bonds.....	9,000
Louisiana State bonds.....	566,480
Virginia State bonds.....	41,800
North Carolina State bonds.....	41,800

Of the Arkansas bonds \$538,000 belonged to the Smithsonian fund and \$87,000 to the Indian trust fund. The Louisiana bonds, \$566,480, were received from the Secretary of War, being a portion of the property captured at Baton Rouge, La.

UNITED STATES BONDS HELD FOR NATIONAL BANKS.

At the close of the fiscal year the United States bonds held in trust for the national banks amounted to \$373,712,500. Of this amount, \$356,596,500 was held to secure circulation and \$17,116,000 to secure public moneys, as follows:

TO SECURE CIRCULATION.

Bonds issued to Pacific Railways, 6 per cents.....	\$3,552,000
Funded loan of 1881, 5 per cents	15,000
Funded loan of 1891, 4½ per cents	39,408,500
Funded loan of 1907, 4 per cents	104,954,650
Bonds continued at 3½ per cent	7,788,500
Loan of July 12, 1882, 3 per cents.....	200,877,850
	<hr/>
	356,596,500
	<hr/>

TO SECURE PUBLIC MONEYS.

Bonds issued to Pacific Railways, 6 per cents.....	\$20,000
Funded loan of 1891, 4½ per cents	1,060,500
Funded loan of 1907, 4 per cents	6,878,000
Bonds continued at 3½ per cent	351,500
Loan of July 12, 1882, 3 per cents	8,806,000
	<hr/>
	17,116,000

The amount of bonds deposited during the year was \$268,035,400, and of bonds withdrawn \$270,970,600. The total movement of bonds held in trust for national banks was \$539,006,000. Of the \$304,204,350 3 per cent. bonds issued under the act of Congress of July 12, 1882, in exchange for United States bonds continued at $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent., \$209,683,850, or more than two-thirds of the entire amount, were held in trust for national banks at the close of the year. The amount of bonds held to secure circulation on June 30, 1882, was \$360,722,700, and the amount held June 30, 1883, was \$356,596,500, showing a decrease during the year of \$4,126,200.

A reference to the statements at different times for the past twelve years of the bonds held in trust for the national banks, shows that they have held a large amount of the bonded indebtedness of the Government which has been called in and paid during that period, and that they have been compelled to make frequent withdrawals and changes of securities so held.

At the time the first call for five-twenty bonds was made in September, 1871, the banks had on deposit of the three classes of these bonds over \$50,000,000, which, in due course, were withdrawn and replaced by other bonds, which also in turn were called and paid.

In May, 1877, the first call of the consols of 1865 was made, and these bonds, as well as the consols of 1867 and 1868 and the ten-forties of 1864, were all called within two years of that date. The banks had on deposit over \$20,000,000 of consols in May, 1877, and over \$57,000,000 of ten-forties when these were called, in April, 1879; for which \$77,000,000 of other bonds were substituted.

In 1881, when the 5 per cent. bonds of the funded loan of 1881 and the 6 per cent. loans of 1861 and 1863 became payable there were held by the Treasurer for the banks over \$210,000,000 of such bonds; a portion of the 5 per cents. was called, but on the greater part of these, and on all of the 6 per cents., the option was given to accept payment or have them continued at the rate of $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent., and most of the banks preferred the latter course.

As early as September, 1881, however, the calls for the redemption of the $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. bonds began, and the banks were compelled to procure other bonds or retire such circulation as had been issued on the bonds called. Such of the $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. bonds as had not been called on July 12, 1882, became, by the provisions of the act of that date, exchangeable into 3 per cents, and more than \$209,000,000 taken by the banks were deposited with the Treasurer.

On September 19, 1883, the first call for 3 per cents was made, and, as further calls follow, the banks holding them will be required to retire the circulation issued thereon, or substitute bonds of other loans, all of which are at a high premium. This may result in a substantial reduction of bank circulation.

SEMI-ANNUAL DUTY FROM NATIONAL BANKS.

The act of March 3, 1883 (22 Statutes, chap. 121), having provided for the repeal of the taxes upon capital and deposits of national banks "except such taxes as are now due and payable," a question arose as to whether the taxes accruing since January 1, 1883, under former acts, but which were not, by such acts, made due and payable until the July succeeding, were remitted by the provisions of the later act. This question having been submitted by the Secretary of the Treasury to the Attorney-General for his opinion, the Department was advised by the

latter officer that, since no taxes upon capital and deposits were *due and payable* under former laws until July 1, no part was due and payable at the date of the passage of the repealing act. The assessments for the period ending June 30, 1883, were made, accordingly, upon circulation only.

The amount collected for that period was.....	\$1,564,521 59
The amount collected for the half year ending December 31, 1882, was—	
On circulation	\$1,567,485 14
On deposits	2,773,790 46
On capital.....	269,976 43
	<hr/> 4,611,252 03
Making the amount for the fiscal year.....	6,175,773 62

The total amount of duty collected by this office from the national banks since the organization of the system is, as shown in the appendix :

On circulation	\$55,385,524 97
On deposits.....	60,940,067 16
On capital.....	7,855,887 74
Total.....	<hr/> 124,181,479 87

THE REDEMPTION OF NATIONAL-BANK NOTES.

Since the fiscal year 1881, when the amount of national-bank notes received for redemption touched the lowest point under the present system, there has been an increase each year in the amount received. In 1881 this amount was \$59,650,259.43, increasing to \$76,089,327.48 in 1882, and to \$102,699,676.73 in the last fiscal year. The increase in the receipts during the last fiscal year over the fiscal year 1882 was $34\frac{27}{100}$ per cent., and for 1882 over 1881, $27\frac{55}{100}$ per cent. The percentage of increase in the receipts for the current fiscal year over the last year, for the four months ending October 31, is $28\frac{56}{100}$ per cent., and, if maintained throughout the year, will make the receipts for the current year about \$132,000,000. The aggregate amount of bank notes received for redemption from the passage of the redemption act of 1874 to June 30, last, was \$1,278,278,153.40. The largest amount received in any one fiscal year was \$236,210,375.14, in 1877.

Notwithstanding the steady increase since 1881 in the amount of bank notes presented for redemption, the number of persons employed and the appropriations for salaries have remained substantially the same since that year. The accomplishment of the work so increased without increase in the number of persons employed is due, in a measure, to the greater efficiency of the employes, gained by their long and continuous service, and to the changes made from time to time in the methods of doing the work. The fifty-seven persons now employed are taxed to their full capacity to perform the amount of work required of them, and at the present rate of increase in the redemptions the services of at least ten more persons will be necessary for the fiscal year 1885, and an increase of that number has been asked for in the estimates submitted for the service of that year. It has always been the endeavor to keep the expenses for redeeming the national-bank currency, which are borne by the national banks, at the lowest possible amount, having due regard to the proper and safe performance of the work, which is attended with much risk and labor—risk on account of the large sums handled, and labor on account of the number of banks (now 3,060) for which the notes have to be assorted. This endeavor will be continued, and no request will be made for the appointment of any of the ten additional persons asked for un-

less the increase in the receipts shall continue and their services be absolutely required.

The amount of national-bank notes assorted during the fiscal year was \$98,904,518; of which \$15,572,100 were fit for circulation, and were charged to the 5 per cent. account and forwarded by express to the banks by which they had been issued; \$78,664,758 were delivered to the Comptroller of the Currency, and \$1,667,660 were notes of failed national banks and of banks which had gone into voluntary liquidation and made deposits for the redemption of their circulation prior to July 12, 1882, and the notes of national banks reducing their circulation under the act of 1874, redeemed from July 1 to July 12, 1882. Of the amount delivered to the Comptroller of the Currency, \$59,875,000 were charged to the 5 per cent. account; \$1,146,889 to the liquidating account against deposits made subsequent to July 12, 1882, and \$17,642,869 to the reducing account.

The expenses incurred during the year and paid out of the 5 per cent. fund were \$57,190.86 for express charges; \$86,213.35 for salaries; \$2,401.54 for printing and binding; \$890.41 for stationery, and \$896.11 for other necessary incidental expenses; making, in all, \$147,592.27, which, when assessed upon \$94,832,867.50, the amount of notes assorted during the year and subject to assessment, gives a rate of $\$1.55\frac{634}{1000}$ per \$1,000 assorted. This is the lowest rate of assessment that has yet been made. In the aggregate, the expenses for the last fiscal year exceed by \$18,063.89 those for the fiscal year 1882, while a reduction of $24\frac{782}{1000}$ cents per \$1,000 assorted has been made in the rate of the assessment for the last fiscal year compared with that for the year 1882, which was $\$1.80\frac{416}{1000}$. This reduction is due to the increase from \$74,593,730 in 1882 to \$98,904,518 in the last fiscal year in the amount of notes assorted without a corresponding increase in the expenses. Of the increase of \$18,063.89 in the expenses, \$17,987.55 is due to an increase in the item of express charges caused by the transporting of a larger amount of notes. The other items of expenses remain about the same as for the fiscal year 1882.

The provisions of the act of July 12, 1882, requiring national banks making deposits for the retirement in full of their circulation, to be assessed at the time of such deposits for the redemption of their notes then outstanding, a sum equal to the average cost of the redemption of national bank notes during the preceding year, became operative in the last fiscal year. The amount of such assessments made during the fiscal year and carried to the credit of an account designated "Assessments for Retirement of Circulation" is \$12,979.34, against which amount will be charged \$3,220.46 for the cost of transporting and redeeming the notes of such banks during the fiscal year.

The present regulations in regard to express charges and the modes of making returns, which have now been uninterruptedly in force for the last two fiscal years, are believed to give general satisfaction by affording ample facilities for the redemption of national-bank notes with the most equitable division of the expense between the holders of the notes and the issuers.

The only express charges incurred in the redemption of bank notes included in the assessment on national banks are the charges for the transportation to Washington of the notes forwarded in sums or multiples of \$1,000, and of the assorted notes, fit for circulation, forwarded from Washington to the respective banks of issue.

By this manner of paying these charges, holders of bank notes are placed on an equality without regard to their distance from the re-

demption agent, and the redeeming banks are also so placed with regard to each other. This cost for the last year was at the average rate of $48\frac{35}{100}$ cents per \$1,000 transported.

National-bank notes redeemed are paid for by transfer checks on the various assistant treasurers unless other returns are requested. The use of checks is, not to furnish exchange, but to make available in the redemption of bank notes the lawful money deposited with assistant treasurers by national banks for their redemption accounts, and at the same time to accomplish the redemption of the notes with the least expense for transportation. In order that notes may not be forwarded for redemption for the sole purpose of making exchange, all remittances of bank notes for redemption from cities in which there is an assistant treasurer are paid for by checks on the assistant treasurer in the city from which the remittance is received, unless lawful money is desired by express. The amount of bank notes received during the fiscal year from such cities was \$71,103,000, being $69\frac{22}{100}$ per cent. of the whole amount received. The deposits of lawful money made during the fiscal year by national banks with the assistant treasurers for their redemption accounts aggregated \$83,607,315.40, while the checks drawn for bank notes redeemed amounted to only \$56,018,447.71. In paying by checks for remittances of bank notes from points where there is no assistant treasurer, the checks are drawn upon the office where funds are available for that purpose, having as great regard as may be possible to the accommodation of the parties sending the notes for redemption.

DEPOSITS FOR RETIREMENT OF BANK CIRCULATION.

The deposits made by national banks for the retirement of their circulation from July 12, 1882, to June 30, last, amounted to \$21,415,993. Of these deposits \$15,546,098 were made under the acts of June 20, 1874, and July 12, 1882, for the reduction of circulation, and \$5,869,895 under section 5222 of the Revised Statutes, for the retirement in full of circulation of national banks in voluntary liquidation. Of the \$15,546,098 deposited under the acts of 1874 and 1882, \$9,411,938 was lawful money, and \$6,134,160 proceeds of "called" bonds. The limit to lawful-money deposits under these acts of \$3,000,000 during any calendar month was not reached, the largest amount deposited in any month being \$1,455,900, in February, 1883.

COUNT OF FUNDS.

On the 31st of March last, on the transfer of the office from the late Treasurer to the present incumbent, a count of the moneys and securities was commenced, and was completed on the 19th of April. The count was thorough and accurate, the result showing a difference between the amount actually on hand and the amount required to balance the accounts of a few cents only, which result may be accepted by the late Treasurer and his assistants in the office as high commendation of the management.

A transfer of this office from a retiring Treasurer to his successor does not necessarily include an examination of the moneys in the offices of the assistant treasurers and of other depositories, although the Treasurer is charged on the books of the Department with all such moneys, and the accounting is with him; but the several officers are held responsible for the funds in their hands, which are included in the Treasurer's balance.

RESTORATION OF SALARIES.

The salaries of a number of the principal officers of the Treasurer's office, fixed by the law reorganizing the Treasury Department (18 Statutes, 377), were reduced by an appropriation act in 1876. It will not be contended by any one familiar with the duties attached to those positions, that there was justice in these reductions, or any necessity arising from the needs of the Government, that these small amounts should be taken from the compensation of faithful officers. The Treasurer continues the recommendation of his predecessor, annually submitted, that the salaries be restored, including that portion deducted from the Treasurer's salary, previously and for many years standing at the higher rate. He desires to bear testimony in favor of those connected with him in the administration of his office, many of them long in the service, whose intelligent and faithful efforts in the discharge of important and responsible duties deserve commendation.

The Treasurer would be glad of the opportunity, if it could be afforded him by an authorized addition to the number of officers above the grade of fourth-class clerks, to recommend the advancement to the higher grades of some of the most deserving of those now receiving salaries which are not adequate compensation for the duties they perform.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

A. U. WYMAN,
Treasurer of the United States.

Hon. CHARLES J. FOLGER,
Secretary of the Treasury.

APPENDIX.

No. 1.—RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURES for the FISCAL YEAR 1883 as shown by WARRANTS issued.

Receipts covered in to the credit of—		Issue of notes and bonds.	Net receipts.	Repayments to appropriations.	Counter credits to appropriations.	Total.
Customs			\$214, 706, 496 93	\$308, 662 26	\$54, 729 57	\$215, 069, 888 76
Internal Revenue			144, 720, 368 98	32, 883 18	391 26	144, 753, 643 42
Lands			7, 955, 864 42			7, 955, 864 42
Miscellaneous Sources			30, 904, 851 62			30, 904, 851 62
Total Net Revenue			398, 287, 581 95			
Public Debt						
Funded Loan of 1907		\$120, 850 00				
Silver Certificates		35, 040, 000 00				
Certificates of Deposit (act of June 8, 1872)		20, 055, 000 00				
United States Notes		109, 764, 714 00				
Loan of July 12, 1882		304, 252, 000 00				
Gold Certificates		86, 710, 000 00				
Interest on the Public Debt			555, 942, 564 00			555, 942, 564 00
War Department Appropriations				71, 710 96		71, 710 96
Navy Department Appropriations				1, 220, 074 45	202, 273 43	1, 422, 347 88
Interior Department Appropriations				8, 736, 943 63	5, 304, 571 96	6, 041, 515 59
Interior Civil Appropriations				8, 286, 467 33	625, 296 91	8, 911, 764 24
Treasury proper Appropriations				106, 193 31	6, 374 39	112, 567 70
Diplomatic Appropriations				916, 416 77	923, 940 58	1, 840, 357 35
Quarterly Salaries Appropriations				27, 613 51	22, 901 37	50, 514 88
Judiciary Appropriations				192, 254 53		275, 565 34
Total Receipts			954, 230, 145 95	11, 809, 219 93	7, 223, 790 28	973, 353, 156 16
Balance, as shown by Warrants issued, June 30, 1882		247, 302, 160 34				247, 302, 160 97
Add error in Treasury Pay Warrant No. 1458, dated June 16, 1882		63				
Total						1, 220, 655, 317 13
Expenditures authorized by warrants from appropriations on account of—		Net expenditures.	Repayments of amounts unexpended.	Amounts receded to appropriations.	Total.	
Customs, Light-houses, Public Buildings, &c			\$308, 662 26	\$54, 729 57	\$21, 044, 377 90	
Internal Revenue	\$20, 680, 986 07		32, 883 18	391 26	5, 815, 731 80	
Interior Civil	5, 782, 457 36		106, 193 31	6, 374 39	8, 745, 431 41	

Treasury Proper.....	\$26,584,284 91				\$923,940 58	\$28,424,642 28
Diplomatic.....	2,453,580 95				22,901 37	2,504,075 83
Quarterly Salaries.....	595,759 10					2,595,759 10
Judiciary.....	3,948,110 11					4,223,675 45
Net Civil and Miscellaneous Expenditures.....						
War Department.....						50,333,730 81
Navy Department.....						21,324,952 76
Interior Department.....						82,286,928 22
Interest on the Public Debt.....						59,231,842 21
Total Net Expenditures.....						
Redemption of the Public Debt—						
Gold Certificates.....						
Silver Certificates.....						
Certificates of Deposit (act of June 8, 1872).....						
Refunding Certificates.....						
United States Notes.....						
Fractional Currency.....						
Old Demand Notes.....						
Oregon War Debt.....						
One-Year Notes of 1863.....						
Two-Year Notes of 1863.....						
Compound Interest Notes.....						
Loan of February, 1861.....						
Loan of July and August, 1861.....						
Loan of 1863.....						
7-30s of 1864 and 1865.....						
5-20s of 1862.....						
5-20s of 1864.....						
5-20s of 1865.....						
10-40s of 1864.....						
Consols of 1865.....						
Consols of 1867.....						
Consols of 1868.....						
Funded Loan of 1881.....						
Treasury Notes of 1846.....						
Bounty Land Scrip.....						
Funded Loan of 1907.....						
Loan of July 12, 1882.....						
7-30s of 1861.....						
Loan of July and August, 1861, continued at 3½ per cent.....						
Loan of 1863, continued at 3½ per cent.....						
Funded Loan of 1881, continued at 3½ per cent.....						
Total Expenditures.....						
Balance, as shown by Warrants issued, June 30, 1883.....						
Total.....						

No. 2.—COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of RECEIPTS for the fiscal years 1882 and 1883, as shown by WARRANTS issued.

Fiscal year.	Customs.	Internal revenue.	Lands.	Miscellaneous sources.	Total net revenue.
1882	\$220,410,730 25	\$146,497,595 45	\$4,753,140 37	\$31,863,784 21	\$403,525,250 28
1883	214,706,496 93	144,720,368 98	7,955,864 42	30,904,851 62	398,287,581 95
Increase in 1883.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Decrease in 1883.	5,704,233 32	1,777,226 47	3,202,724 05	958,932 59	5,237,668 33

No. 3.—COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of EXPENDITURES for the fiscal year 1882 and 1883, as shown by WARRANTS issued.

Fiscal year.	Interest and premium on public debt.	Civil and miscellaneous.	War Department.	Navy Department.	Interior Department.	Total net expenditures.
Deduct * .....	.....	\$57,219 751 61 63	.....	.....	.....	.....
1882	\$71,077,206 79	57,219,750 98	\$43,570,494 19	\$15,032,046 26	\$71,081,941 35	\$257,981,439 57
1883	59,160,131 25	68,678,022 21	48,911,382 93	15,283,437 17	73,375,163 98	265,408,137 54
Decr. 1883.	11,917,075 54	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Incr. 1883.	.....	11,458,271 23	5,340,888 74	251,390 91	2,293,222 63	7,426,697 97

* Error Treasury pay warrant No. 1458, dated June 16, 1882.

No. 4.—COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of BALANCES in the TREASURY at the close of the fiscal years 1882 and 1883.

Balance June 30, 1882, as shown by Warrants issued.....					\$247, 302, 160 97
Net Revenues 1883.....				\$398, 287, 581 95	
Net Expenditures 1883.....				265, 408, 137 54	
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures.....					132, 879, 444 41
					380, 181, 605 38
Public debt.	Issues during fiscal year.	Redemptions during fiscal year.	Excess of is- sues over re- demptions.	Excess of re- demptions over issues.	
Bonds and Securities.....		\$436, 856, 200 00		\$436, 856, 200 00	
Funded Loan of 1907..	\$120, 850 00	1, 418, 850 00		1, 298, 000 00	
Silver Certificates.....	35, 040, 000 00	12, 519, 879 00	\$22, 520, 121 00		
Gold Certificates.....	86, 710, 000 00	9, 368, 480 00	77, 341, 520 00		
Certificates of Deposit (act of June 8, 1872) ..	20, 055, 000 00	20, 000, 000 00	55, 000 00		
Refunding Certificates.		109, 150 00		109, 150 00	
United States Notes.....	109, 764, 714 00	109, 764, 714 00			
Loan July 12, 1882.....	304, 252, 000 00		304, 252, 000 00		
Fractional Currency ..		46, 556 96		46, 556 96	
Total.....	555, 942, 564 00	590, 083, 829 96	404, 168, 641 00	438, 309, 906 96	
Net excess of Redemptions over Issues.....					34, 141, 265 96
Balance June 30, 1883, as shown by Warrants issued.....					346, 040, 339 42

No. 5.—EXPLANATORY STATEMENT of the DIFFERENCE BETWEEN the BALANCE in the TREASURY June 30, 1883, as shown by WARRANTS ISSUED, and the CASH, as shown by the PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

The balance in the Treasury June 30, 1883, as shown by Warrants issued (Statement No. 1) was	\$346, 040, 339 42	
The cash in the Treasury June 30, 1883, as shown by the Public Debt Statement for that date, was	345, 389, 902 92	
The difference, amounting to		\$650, 436 50
is explained in part by the fact that transcripts of the general account containing reports of receipts into the Treasury prior to July 1, 1883, were not received by the Treasurer until after that date from the following offices, viz:		
Sub-Treasury U. S., Cincinnati, Ohio	11, 474 21	
Sub-Treasury U. S., New Orleans, La.	21, 117 39	
Sub-Treasury U. S., San Francisco, Cal.	434, 936 95	
National Bank Depositories	314, 921 07	
	782, 449 62	
Silver Certificates in Treasurer's balance but not in that of the Public Debt Statement	760, 000 00	
Certificates of deposit (act of June 8, 1872) in Treasurer's balance, but not in that of the Public Debt Statement	120, 000 00	
Unavailable cash included in Treasurer's balance but not in that of the Public Debt Statement	993, 776 69	
	2, 656, 226 31	
Less amount not covered by Warrants	2, 005, 789 81	
		650, 436 50

No. 6.—BALANCES STANDING to the CREDIT of DISBURSING OFFICERS and AGENTS of the UNITED STATES June 30, 1883.

Office in which deposited.	Amount.
Treasury U. S., Washington, D. C.	\$1, 988, 577 46
Sub-Treasury U. S., Baltimore, Md.	431, 437 43
Sub-Treasury U. S., Boston, Mass.	3, 156, 580 09
Sub-Treasury U. S., Chicago, Ill.	2, 216, 654 52
Sub-Treasury U. S., Cincinnati, Ohio	133, 545 48
Sub-Treasury U. S., New Orleans, La.	708, 647 78
Sub-Treasury U. S., New York, N. Y.	21, 807, 139 84
Sub-Treasury U. S., Philadelphia, Pa.	1, 563, 315 18
Sub-Treasury U. S., Saint Louis, Mo.	1, 532, 039 45
Sub-Treasury U. S., San Francisco, Cal.	983, 636 10
National Bank Depositories	3, 418, 195 73
Total	37, 939, 769 06

No. 7.—RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURES on ACCOUNT of the POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT for the fiscal year 1883, as shown by WARRANTS PAID.

Receipts covered into the Treasury by Warrants	\$22, 950, 428 26
Receipts by Postmasters	23, 095, 914 63
Total net receipts	46, 046, 342 89
Balance due the United States June 30, 1882	5, 856, 083 91
Total	51, 902, 426 80
Expenditures by the Treasurer on Warrants	20, 215, 443 86
Expenditures by Postmasters	23, 095, 914 63
Total expenditures	43, 311, 358 49
Balance due the United States June 30, 1883	8, 591, 068 31
Total	51, 902, 426 80

No. 8.—UNAVAILABLE FUNDS of the GENERAL TREASURY and of the POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT, June 30, 1883.

The following items were unavailable on June 30, 1883, viz:

On deposit with the following States under the act of June 23, 1836:

Maine.....	\$955,838 25
Vermont.....	669,086 79
New Hampshire.....	669,086 79
Massachusetts.....	1,338,173 58
Connecticut.....	764,670 60
Rhode Island.....	382,335 30
New York.....	4,014,520 71
Pennsylvania.....	2,867,514 78
New Jersey.....	764,670 60
Ohio.....	2,007,260 34
Indiana.....	860,254 44
Illinois.....	477,919 14
Michigan.....	286,751 49
Delaware.....	286,751 49
Maryland.....	955,838 25
Virginia.....	2,198,427 99
North Carolina.....	1,433,757 39
South Carolina.....	1,051,422 09
Georgia.....	1,051,422 09
Alabama.....	669,086 79
Louisiana.....	477,919 14
Mississippi.....	382,335 30
Tennessee.....	1,433,757 39
Kentucky.....	1,433,757 39
Missouri.....	382,335 30
Arkansas.....	286,751 49
Total on deposit with the States.....	\$28,101,644 91
Deficits and Defaults, Branch Mint U. S., San Francisco, Cal., 1857 to 1869..	419,243 84
Default, Branch Mint U. S., Dahlonega, Ga., 1861, at the outbreak of the Rebellion.....	27,950 03
Branch Mint, U. S., Charlotte, N. C., 1861, at the outbreak of the Rebellion.....	32,000 00
Depository U. S., Galveston, Tex., 1861, at the outbreak of the Rebellion.....	778 66
Depository U. S., Baltimore, Md., 1866.....	547 50
Deficit, Depository U. S., Santa Fé, N. Mex., 1866, short in remittance.....	249 90
Failure, Venango National Bank of Franklin, Pa., 1866.....	193,932 67
First National Bank of Selma, Ala., 1867.....	33,383 87
Default, Sub-Treasury U. S., New Orleans, La., 1867, May and Whitaker.....	675,325 22
Sub-Treasury U. S., New Orleans, La., 1867, May property.....	5,566 31
Deficit, Sub-Treasury U. S., New York, 1867, counterfeit 7.30s.....	4,392 91
Deficits, Sub-Treasury U. S., New York, 1867 to 1880.....	9,425 87
Default, Depository U. S., Pittsburgh, Pa., 1867.....	2,126 11
Depository U. S., Baltimore, Md., 1867.....	6,900 77
Depository U. S., Baltimore, Md., 1870.....	1,196 87
Total.....	1,413,020 53
Total.....	29,514,665 44

The Post-Office Department balance is \$8,483,835.39, of which the following items were unavailable on June 30, 1883, viz:

Default, Sub-Treasury U. S., New Orleans, La., 1861, at the outbreak of the Rebellion.....	\$31,164 44
Depository U. S., Savannah, Ga., 1861, at the outbreak of the Re- bellion.....	205 76
Depository U. S., Galveston, Tex., 1861, at the outbreak of the Re- bellion.....	83 36
Depository U. S., Little Rock, Ark., 1861, at the outbreak of the Rebellion.....	5,823 50
Total.....	\$37,277 06

RECAPITULATION.

General Treasury Moneys unavailable June 30, 1883.....	\$29,514,665 44
Post-Office Department Moneys unavailable June 30, 1883.....	37,277 06
Total unavailable.....	29,551,942 50

No. 9.—SEMI-ANNUAL DUTY ASSESSED upon and COLLECTED from NATIONAL BANKS by the TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES for the fiscal years from 1864 to 1883, inclusive.

Fiscal year.	On circulation.	On deposits.	On capital.	Total.
1864.....	\$53,193 32	\$95,911 87	\$18,432 07	\$167,537 26
1865.....	733,247 59	1,087,530 86	133,251 15	1,954,029 60
1866.....	2,106,785 30	2,633,102 77	406,947 74	5,146,835 81
1867.....	2,868,636 78	2,650,180 00	321,881 36	5,840,698 23
1868.....	2,946,343 07	2,564,143 44	306,781 67	5,817,268 18
1869.....	2,957,416 73	2,614,553 58	312,918 68	5,884,888 99
1870.....	2,949,744 13	2,614,767 61	375,962 26	5,940,474 00
1871.....	2,987,021 69	2,802,840 85	385,292 13	6,175,154 67
1872.....	3,193,570 03	3,120,984 37	389,356 27	6,703,910 67
1873.....	3,353,186 13	3,196,569 29	454,891 51	7,004,646 93
1874.....	3,404,483 11	3,209,967 72	469,048 02	7,083,498 85
1875.....	3,283,450 89	3,514,265 39	507,417 76	7,305,134 04
1876.....	3,091,795 76	3,505,129 64	632,296 16	7,229,221 56
1877.....	2,900,957 53	3,451,965 38	660,784 90	7,013,707 81
1878.....	2,948,047 08	3,273,111 74	560,296 83	6,781,455 65
1879.....	3,009,647 16	3,309,668 90	401,920 61	6,721,236 67
1880.....	3,153,635 63	4,058,710 61	379,424 19	7,591,770 43
1881.....	3,121,374 33	4,940,945 12	431,233 10	8,493,552 55
1882.....	3,190,981 98	5,521,927 47	437,774 90	9,150,684 35
1883.....	3,132,006 73	2,773,790 46	269,976 43	6,175,773 62
Total	55,385,524 97	60,940,067 16	7,855,887 74	124,181,479 87

No. 10.—BONDS and STOCKS of the INDIAN TRUST FUND in CUSTODY of the TREASURER of the UNITED STATES, June 30, 1883, under the act of June 10, 1876.

Class of Bonds.	Registered.	Coupon.	Total.
<i>State and Canal Bonds.</i>			
Arkansas: Funded Debt.....		\$168,000 00	\$168,000 00
Florida: State Stocks.....		132,000 00	132,000 00
Indiana: Wabash and Erie Canal Bonds.....		6,000 00	6,000 00
Louisiana: State Stocks.....		37,000 00	37,000 00
Maryland: State Stocks.....	\$8,350 17		8,350 17
North Carolina: State Stocks.....		192,000 00	192,000 00
South Carolina: State Stocks.....		125,000 00	125,000 00
Tennessee: State Stocks.....	191,666 66 $\frac{2}{3}$	124,000 00	315,666 66 $\frac{2}{3}$
Virginia: State Stocks.....	540,000 00		540,000 00
Virginia: Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Bonds.....		4,000 00	4,000 00
<i>United States Bonds.</i>			
Bonds issued to Pacific Railways.....	280,000 00		280,000 00
Total	1,020,016 83 $\frac{2}{3}$	788,000 00	1,808,016 83 $\frac{2}{3}$

No. 11.—*STATEMENT by LOANS of UNITED STATES BONDS held in TRUST for NATIONAL BANKS June 30, 1883, and of CHANGES during the FISCAL YEAR 1883 in CHARACTER of BONDS HELD.*

Title of Loan.	Bonds held in trust June 30, 1882.				Deposits and Withdrawals during fiscal year.				Bonds held in trust June 30, 1883.		
	For circulation.	For public deposits.	Total.		For circulation.		For public deposits.		For circulation.	For public deposits.	Total.
					Deposited.	Withdrawn.	Deposited.	Withdrawn.			
6 PER CENT. Bonds issued to Pacific Railways	\$3,326,000	\$33,000	\$3,359,000		\$263,000	\$37,000	.....	\$13,000	\$3,552,000	\$20,000	\$3,572,000
5 PER CENT. Ten-Forties of 1864	50,000	.....	50,000		.....	50,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Funded Loan of 1881	24,000	.....	24,000		.....	9,000	.....	.....	15,000	.....	15,000
4½ PER CENT. Funded Loan of 1891	32,752,650	854,100	33,606,750		9,888,150	3,232,300	\$174,400	268,000	39,408,500	1,060,500	40,469,000
4 PER CENT. Funded Loan of 1907	97,279,800	6,538,500	103,818,300		17,723,650	10,048,800	1,737,500	1,398,000	104,954,650	6,878,000	111,832,650
CONTINUED AT 3½ PER CENT. Loan of July and August, 1861, sixes	7,138,300	88,300	7,226,600		.....	6,960,800	.....	41,800	177,500	46,500	224,000
Loan of 1863, sixes	18,004,300	797,100	18,801,400		2,375,500	20,171,600	46,000	793,100	208,200	50,000	258,200
Funded Loan of 1881, fives	202,147,650	7,614,000	209,761,650		12,219,300	206,964,150	1,051,000	8,410,000	7,402,800	255,000	7,657,800
3 PER CENT. Loan of July 12, 1882 .....	.....	.....	.....		213,078,900	12,201,650	9,178,000	372,000	200,877,850	8,806,000	209,683,850
Total	360,722,700	15,925,000	376,647,700		255,548,500	259,674,700	12,486,900	11,295,900	356,596,500	17,116,000	373,712,500

No. 12.—UNITED STATES CURRENCY, of EACH ISSUE, OUTSTANDING at the close of each fiscal year from 1862 to 1883.

Issue.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.	1869.	1870.	1871.	1872.
Old Demand Notes.....	\$51,105,235 00	\$7,384,000 00	\$780,037 50	\$473,603 50	\$272,169 75	\$208,432 50	\$143,912 00	\$123,739 25	\$106,256 00	\$96,505 50	\$88,206 25
United States Notes.....	96,620,000 00	387,646,589 00	447,300,203 10	431,066,427 99	400,780,303 85	371,783,397 00	356,000,000 00	356,000,000 00	356,000,000 00	356,000,000 00	357,500,000 00
One and Two Year Notes.....	172,620,550 00	50,625,170 00	8,438,340 50	1,325,889 50	1,325,889 50	1,325,889 50	716,212 00	347,772 00	253,952 00	203,952 00	178,222 00
Compound Interest Notes.....	6,060,000 00	191,721,470 00	172,369,941 00	134,774,981 00	54,608,230 00	3,063,410 00	2 191,670 00	2 191,670 00	2 191,670 00	814,280 00	623,010 00
Fractional Currency.....	25,324,283 10	25,033,128 76	27,008,875 36	28,474,623 02	32,727,908 47	32,114,637 36	39,878,684 48	40,582,874 56	40,855,835 27	40,855,835 27	40,855,835 27
Total.....	147,725,235 00	411,223,045 00	649,094,073 70	698,918,800 25	608,870,825 46	536,567,523 02	444,196,262 47	391,649,558 61	398,430,562 48	397,699,652 06	399,245,363 52

Issue.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.
Old Demand Notes.....	\$79,967 50	\$76,732 50	\$70,107 50	\$68,917 50	\$63,962 50	\$62,297 50	\$61,470 00	\$60,975 00	\$60,535 00	\$59,695 00	\$58,985 00
United States Notes.....	356,000,000 00	381,999,073 00	375,771,580 00	369,772,284 00	359,764,332 00	346,681,016 00	346,681,016 00	346,681,016 00	346,681,016 00	346,681,016 00	346,681,016 00
One and Two Year Notes.....	148,155 00	130,805 00	114,175 00	105,405 00	96,285 00	90,475 00	86,845 00	82,815 00	80,715 00	77,125 00	71,915 00
Compound Interest Notes.....	499,780 00	429,080 00	371,470 00	331,260 00	300,260 00	274,780 00	260,650 00	243,310 00	235,280 00	223,560 00	214,770 00
Fractional Currency.....	44,799,365 44	45,912,003 34	42,120,424 19	34,446,595 39	20,403,137 34	16,547,768 77	15,842,610 11	15,590,892 70	15,481,891 65	15,423,186 10	15,376,629 14
Total.....	401,527,267 94	428,547,603 84	418,456,756 69	404,722,461 89	380,627,976 84	363,656,337 27	362,032,591 11	362,659,008 70	362,539,437 65	362,464,582 10	362,403,315 14

No. 13.—REDEMPTIONS of UNITED STATES CURRENCY for the fiscal year 1883, and total redemptions to June 30, 1883.

Issue.	Redemptions (net value).		Deductions on account of mutilations.		Total face value of notes redeemed.	
	To June 30, 1882.	In fiscal year.	To June 30, 1882.	In fiscal year.	To June 30, 1883.	To June 30, 1883.
Old Demand Notes.....	\$59,968,176 25	\$710 00	\$59,968,886 25	\$2,131 25	\$2,131 25	\$59,971,017 50
United States Notes.....	1,366,838,622 50	109,704,714 00	1,476,603,536 50	173,040 50	173,272 50	1,476,778,809 00
One and Two Year Notes.....	20,922,483 00	3,210 00	210,927,693 00	392 00	392 00	210,928,085 00
Compound Interest Notes.....	266,371,400 00	8,790 00	266,380,190 00	480 00	480 00	266,380,670 00
Fractional Currency.....	353,175,936 51	46,556 96	353,222,493 47	141,946 56	141,586 59	353,364,080 06
Silver Certificates.....	20,133,290 00	12,519,879 00	32,653,169 00	261 00	261 00	32,653,430 00
Gold Certificates, Issue of 1882.....	.....	7,834,900 00	7,834,900 00	.....	.....	7,834,900 00
Total.....	2,277,410,108 26	130,180,759 96	2,407,590,868 22	2,533 03	320,123 34	2,407,910,991 56

No. 14.—REDEMPTIONS of the NOTES of FAILED, LIQUIDATING, and REDUCING NATIONAL BANKS, to JUNE 30, 1877, and by FISCAL YEARS to 1883.

Period.	Failed.	Liquidating.	Reducing.	Total.
To June 30, 1877	\$6, 098, 281 80	\$14, 106, 006 45	\$50, 737, 954 00	\$70, 942, 242 25
Fiscal year 1878	752, 497 50	1, 810, 752 00	9, 446, 626 00	12, 009, 875 50
Fiscal year 1879	636, 613 50	1, 554, 086 50	5, 866, 001 00	8, 056, 701 00
Fiscal year 1880	382, 116 50	1, 058, 414 50	4, 961, 385 00	6, 401, 916 00
Fiscal year 1881	426, 888 50	1, 144, 906 40	12, 713, 535 00	14, 285, 329 90
Fiscal year 1882	533, 504 50	1, 769, 756 00	14, 505, 346 00	16, 808, 606 50
Fiscal year 1883	722, 808 00	4, 595, 593 00	18, 233, 878 50	23, 552, 279 50
Total	9, 552, 710 30	26, 039, 514 85	116, 464, 725 50	152, 056, 950 65

No. 15.—UNITED STATES CURRENCY of EACH ISSUE and DENOMINATION ISSUED, REDEEMED, and OUTSTANDING at the close of the fiscal year 1883.

OLD DEMAND NOTES.

[Issue began August 26, 1861, and ended March 5, 1862.]

Denomination.	Total issued.	Redeemed to June 30, 1882.	Redeemed during fiscal year.	Redeemed to June 30, 1883.	Outstanding June 30, 1883.
5s	\$21, 800, 000 00	\$21, 776, 290 00	\$250 00	\$21, 776, 540 00	\$23, 460 00
10s	20, 030, 000 00	20, 008, 135 00	260 00	20, 008, 395 00	21, 605 00
20s	18, 200, 000 00	18, 185, 880 00	200 00	18, 186, 080 00	13, 920 00
Total	60, 030, 000 00	59, 970, 305 00	710 00	59, 971, 015 00	58, 985 00

UNITED STATES NOTES, NEW ISSUE.

[Issue began April 2, 1862, and ceased April 19, 1869.]

Denomination.	Total issued.	Redeemed to June 30, 1882.	Redeemed during fiscal year.	Redeemed to June 30, 1883.	Outstanding June 30, 1883.
1s	\$28, 351, 348 00	\$27, 537, 651 15	\$9, 816 50	\$27, 547, 467 65	\$803, 880 35
2s	34, 071, 128 00	33, 424, 845 60	14, 608 20	33, 439, 453 80	631, 674 20
5s	101, 000, 000 00	99, 812, 191 25	190, 780 00	100, 002, 971 25	997, 028 75
10s	118, 010, 000 00	113, 202, 121 00	361, 575 00	113, 563, 696 00	4, 446, 304 00
20s	102, 920, 000 00	99, 458, 299 00	375, 060 00	99, 833, 359 00	3, 086, 641 00
50s	30, 055, 200 00	29, 589, 235 00	42, 200 00	29, 631, 435 00	423, 765 00
100s	40, 000, 000 00	39, 318, 390 00	55, 400 00	39, 373, 790 00	626, 210 00
500s	58, 986, 000 00	58, 566, 000 00	22, 000 00	58, 588, 000 00	398, 000 00
1, 000s	155, 928, 000 00	155, 383, 500 00	33, 000 00	155, 416, 500 00	511, 500 00
Unknown		135, 000 00		135, 000 00	
Deduct for unknown denominations destroyed in Chicago fire					11, 925, 003 30
Total	669, 321, 676 00	656, 427, 233 00	1, 104, 439 70	657, 531, 672 70	11, 790, 003 30

UNITED STATES NOTES, ISSUE OF 1869.

[Issue began October 9, 1869, and ceased July 25, 1874.]

Denomination.	Total issued.	Redeemed to June 30, 1882.	Redeemed during fiscal year.	Redeemed to June 30, 1883.	Outstanding June 30, 1883.
1s	\$42,456,812 00	\$41,831,263 65	\$74,980 60	\$41,906,244 25	\$550,567 75
2s	50,511,920 00	49,811,574 60	111,261 00	49,922,835 60	589,084 40
5s	50,581,760 00	44,310,768 75	1,995,642 50	46,306,411 25	4,275,348 75
10s	85,221,240 00	64,852,834 00	4,371,110 00	69,223,944 00	15,997,296 00
20s	73,162,400 00	52,549,732 00	3,773,502 00	56,323,234 00	16,839,166 00
50s	30,200,000 00	26,834,645 00	575,850 00	27,410,495 00	2,789,505 00
100s	37,104,000 00	29,599,950 00	1,102,000 00	30,701,950 00	6,402,050 00
500s	44,890,000 00	44,486,500 00	39,500 00	44,526,000 00	364,000 00
1,000s	79,700,000 00	72,876,000 00	1,453,000 00	74,329,000 00	5,371,000 00
Unknown		865,000 00		865,000 00	
Deduct for unknown denominations destroyed in Chicago fire					53,178,017 90
					865,000 00
Total	493,828,132 00	428,018,268 00	13,496,846 10	441,515,114 10	52,313,017 90

UNITED STATES NOTES, ISSUE OF 1874.

[Issue began July 13, 1874, and ceased September 13, 1875.]

Denomination.	Total issued.	Redeemed to June 30, 1882.	Redeemed during fiscal year.	Redeemed to June 30, 1883.	Outstanding June 30, 1883.
1s	\$18,988,000 00	\$18,672,281 00	\$67,125 60	\$18,739,406 60	\$248,593 40
2s	16,520,000 00	16,190,341 00	94,327 00	16,284,668 00	235,332 00
50s	24,460,000 00	13,442,060 00	1,907,700 00	15,349,760 00	9,110,240 00
500s	28,000,000 00	23,923,000 00	607,500 00	24,590,500 00	3,409,500 00
Total	87,968,000 00	72,227,682 00	2,736,652 60	74,964,334 60	13,003,665 40

UNITED STATES NOTES, ISSUE OF 1875.

[Issue began July 20, 1875, and ceased June 20, 1879.]

Denomination.	Total issued.	Redeemed to June 30, 1882.	Redeemed during fiscal year.	Redeemed to June 30, 1883.	Outstanding June 30, 1883.
1s	\$26,212,000 00	\$24,816,148 40	\$614,138 80	\$25,430,287 20	\$781,712 80
2s	23,036,000 00	20,669,969 60	1,163,131 00	21,833,100 60	1,202,899 40
5s	46,180,000 00	29,981,024 00	5,922,622 50	35,903,646 50	10,276,353 50
10s	23,660,000 00	10,522,036 00	3,179,405 00	13,701,441 00	9,958,559 00
20s	25,000,000 00	9,908,936 00	2,767,210 00	12,676,146 00	12,323,854 00
50s	2,000,000 00	597,180 00	247,600 00	844,780 00	1,155,220 00
100s	16,200,000 00	5,754,950 00	1,470,600 00	7,225,550 00	8,974,450 00
500s	28,400,000 00	22,521,500 00	780,000 00	23,301,500 00	5,098,500 00
Total	190,688,000 00	124,771,744 00	16,144,707 30	140,916,451 30	49,771,548 70

UNITED STATES NOTES, ISSUE OF 1878.

[Issue began February 14, 1878, and still continues.]

Denomination.	Total issued.	Redeemed to June 30, 1882.	Redeemed during fiscal year.	Redeemed to June 30, 1883.	Outstanding June 30, 1883.
1s	\$12,512,000 00	\$9,815,826 20	\$1,519,970 10	\$11,335,796 30	\$1,176,203 70
2s	9,352,000 00	6,346,612 80	1,802,664 00	8,149,276 80	1,202,723 20
5s	30,160,000 00	11,217,481 00	6,991,732 50	18,209,213 50	11,950,786 50
10s	26,000,000 00	6,340,630 00	4,573,045 00	10,913,675 00	15,086,325 00
20s	34,800,000 00	6,587,962 00	4,846,670 00	11,434,632 00	23,365,368 00
50s	10,500,000 00	1,260,310 00	1,315,475 00	2,575,785 00	7,924,215 00
100s	20,200,000 00	2,367,720 00	1,884,000 00	4,251,720 00	15,948,280 00
500s	7,100,000 00	653,000 00	618,500 00	1,271,500 00	5,828,500 00
1,000s	14,000,000 00	4,633,000 00	921,000 00	5,554,000 00	8,446,000 00
5,000s	20,000,000 00	9,580,000 00	10,105,000 00	19,685,000 00	315,000 00
10,000s	40,000,000 00	17,740,000 00	22,100,000 00	39,840,000 00	160,000 00
Total	224,624,000 00	76,542,542 00	56,678,056 60	133,220,598 60	91,403,401 40

REPORT ON THE FINANCES.

UNITED STATES NOTES, ISSUE OF 1880.

[Issue began March 16, 1880, and still continues.]

Denomination.	Total issued.	Redeemed to June 30, 1882.	Redeemed during fiscal year.	Redeemed to June 30, 1883.	Outstanding June 30, 1883.
1s	\$36,037,611 00	\$4,177,533 00	\$7,684,579 20	\$11,862,112 20	\$24,175,498 80
2s	29,336,000 00	2,089,079 00	5,584,240 00	7,673,319 00	21,662,681 00
5s	49,260,000 00	1,657,755 00	3,951,677 50	5,609,432 50	43,650,567 50
10s	30,080,000 00	1,028,853 00	1,806,745 00	2,835,598 00	27,244,402 00
20s	7,280,000 00	.....	448,120 00	448,120 00	6,731,880 00
50s	2,600,000 00	.....	117,050 00	117,050 00	2,522,950 00
100s	2,363,000 00	.....	11,600 00	11,600 00	2,351,400 00
Total	156,956,611 00	8,953,220 00	19,604,011 70	28,557,231 70	128,399,379 30

ONE-YEAR NOTES OF 1863.

[Issue began February 4, 1864, and ceased June 1, 1864.]

Denomination.	Total issued.	Redeemed to June 30, 1882.	Redeemed during fiscal year.	Redeemed to June 30, 1883.	Outstanding June 30, 1883.
10s	\$6,200,000 00	\$6,191,815 00	\$370 00	\$6,192,185 00	\$7,815 00
20s	16,440,000 00	16,421,420 00	1,040 00	16,422,460 00	17,540 00
50s	8,240,000 00	8,232,300 00	250 00	8,232,550 00	7,450 00
100s	13,640,000 00	13,631,400 00	500 00	13,631,900 00	8,100 00
Unknown .....	.....	90 00	.....	90 00	.....
Deduct for unknown denominations destroyed .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	40,905 00
Total	44,520,000 00	44,477,025 00	2,160 00	44,479,185 00	40,815 00

TWO-YEAR NOTES OF 1863.

[Issue began March 16, 1864, and ceased May 30, 1864.]

Denomination.	Total issued.	Redeemed to June 30, 1882.	Redeemed during fiscal year.	Redeemed to June 30, 1883.	Outstanding June 30, 1883.
50s	\$6,800,000 00	\$6,792,600 00	\$450 00	\$6,793,050 00	\$6,950 00
100s	9,680,000 00	9,675,400 00	800 00	9,676,200 00	3,800 00
Total	16,480,000 00	16,468,000 00	1,250 00	16,469,250 00	10,750 00

TWO-YEAR COUPON NOTES OF 1863.

[Issue began January 12, 1864, and ceased April 20, 1864.]

Denomination.	Total issued.	Redeemed to June 30, 1882.	Redeemed during fiscal year.	Redeemed to June 30, 1883.	Outstanding June 30, 1883.
50s	\$5,905,600 00	\$5,903,050 00	\$500 00	\$5,903,550 00	\$2,050 00
100s	14,484,400 00	14,475,800 00	300 00	14,476,100 00	8,300 00
500s	40,302,000 00	40,300,500 00	.....	40,300,500 00	1,500 00
1,000s	89,308,000 00	89,288,000 00	1,000 00	89,289,000 00	19,000 00
Unknown .....	.....	10,500 00	.....	10,500 00	.....
Deduct for unknown denominations destroyed .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	30,850 00
Total	150,000,000 00	149,977,850 00	1,800 00	149,979,650 00	20,350 00

COMPOUND-INTEREST NOTES.

[Issue began June 9, 1864, and ceased July 24, 1866.]

Denomination.	Total issued.	Redeemed to June 30, 1882.	Redeemed during fiscal year.	Redeemed to June 30, 1883.	Outstanding June 30, 1883.
10s	\$23,285,200 00	\$23,253,210 00	\$2,210 00	\$23,255,420 00	\$29,780 00
20s	30,125,840 00	30,076,370 00	2,680 00	30,079,050 00	46,790 00
50s	60,824,000 00	60,743,400 00	2,300 00	60,745,700 00	78,300 00
100s	45,094,400 00	45,053,400 00	1,600 00	45,055,000 00	39,400 00
500s	67,846,000 00	67,832,500 00	.....	67,832,500 00	13,500 00
1,000s	39,420,000 00	39,413,000 00	.....	39,413,000 00	7,000 00
Total.....	266,595,440 00	266,371,880 00	8,790 00	266,380,670 00	214,770 00

FRACTIONAL CURRENCY, FIRST ISSUE.

[Issue began August 21, 1862, and ceased May 27, 1863.]

Denomination.	Total issued.	Redeemed to June 30, 1882.	Redeemed during fiscal year.	Redeemed to June 30, 1883.	Outstanding June 30, 1883.
5 cents	\$2,242,889 00	\$1,214,520 09	\$41 77	\$1,214,561 86	\$1,028,327 14
10 cents	4,115,378 00	2,871,319 41	93 94	2,871,413 35	1,243,964 65
25 cents	5,225,696 00	4,186,390 26	127 38	4,186,517 64	1,039,178 36
50 cents	8,631,672 00	7,660,892 09	307 30	7,661,199 39	970,472 61
Total.....	20,215,635 00	15,933,121 85	570 39	15,933,692 24	4,281,942 76

FRACTIONAL CURRENCY, SECOND ISSUE.

[Issue began October 10, 1863, and ceased February 23, 1867.]

Denomination.	Total issued.	Redeemed to June 30, 1882.	Redeemed during fiscal year.	Redeemed to June 30, 1883.	Outstanding June 30, 1883.
5 cents	\$2,794,826 10	\$2,096,065 19	\$57 23	\$2,096,122 42	\$698,703 68
10 cents	6,176,084 30	5,263,733 50	83 49	5,263,816 99	912,267 31
25 cents	7,648,341 25	6,902,668 81	153 55	6,902,822 36	745,518 89
50 cents	6,545,232 00	5,794,494 10	150 75	5,794,644 85	750,587 15
Total.....	23,164,483 65	20,056,961 60	445 02	20,057,406 62	3,107,077 03

FRACTIONAL CURRENCY, THIRD ISSUE.

[Issue began December 5, 1864, and ceased April 16, 1869.]

Denomination.	Total issued.	Redeemed to June 30, 1882.	Redeemed during fiscal year.	Redeemed to June 30, 1883.	Outstanding June 30, 1883.
3 cents	\$601,923 90	\$511,572 98	\$30 68	\$511,603 66	\$90,320 24
5 cents	657,002 75	524,508 19	20 85	524,529 04	132,473 71
10 cents	16,976,134 50	15,923,723 70	472 50	15,924,196 20	1,051,938 30
15 cents	1,352 40	75 22	24	75 46	1,276 94
25 cents	31,143,188 75	30,239,727 36	787 31	30,240,514 67	902,674 08
50 cents	36,735,426 50	35,926,487 65	1,214 90	35,927,702 55	807,723 95
Total.....	86,115,028 80	83,126,095 10	2,526 48	83,128,621 58	2,986,407 22

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FRACTIONAL CURRENCY, FOURTH ISSUE.

[Issue began July 14, 1869, and ceased February 16, 1875.]

Denomination.	Total issued.	Redeemed to June 30, 1882.	Redeemed during fiscal year.	Redeemed to June 30, 1883.	Outstanding June 30, 1883.
10 cents	\$34,940,960 00	\$33,560,486 26	\$1,791 86	\$33,562,278 12	\$1,378,681 88
15 cents	5,304,216 00	5,062,708 55	663 20	5,063,371 75	240,844 25
25 cents	58,922,256 00	57,886,593 59	2,896 35	57,889,489 94	1,032,766 06
50 cents	77,399,600 00	76,310,472 55	5,878 70	76,316,351 25	1,083,248 75
Unknown .....	.....	32,000 00	.....	32,000 00	.....
					3,735,540 94
Deduct for unknown denominations destroyed in Chicago fire .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	32,000 00
Total	176,567,032 00	172,852,260 95	11,230 11	172,863,491 06	3,703,540 94

FRACTIONAL CURRENCY, FIFTH ISSUE.

[Issue began February 26, 1874, and ceased February 15, 1876.]

Denomination.	Total issued.	Redeemed to June 30, 1882.	Redeemed during fiscal year.	Redeemed to June 30, 1883.	Outstanding June 30, 1883.
10 cents	\$19,989,900 00	\$19,486,260 13	\$5,049 33	\$19,491,309 46	\$498,590 54
25 cents	36,092,000 00	35,472,666 42	17,228 38	35,489,894 80	602,105 20
50 cents	6,580,000 00	6,373,527 30	9,507 25	6,383,034 55	196,965 45
Total	62,661,900 00	61,332,453 85	31,784 36	61,364,238 81	1,297,661 19

RECAPITULATION.

Issue.	Total issued.	Face value of notes redeemed to June 30, 1883 (see statement No. 13).	Less deductions for mutilations since May 11, 1875, not covered into the Treasury.	Redeemed to June 30, 1883, as shown by cash statements.	Outstanding June 30, 1883.
Old demand notes	\$60,030,000 00	\$59,971,017 50	\$2 50	\$59,971,015 00	\$58,985 00
United States notes	1,823,366,419 00	1,476,778,809 00	73,406 00	1,476,705,403 00	346,681,016 00
One and two year notes of 1863	211,000,000 00	210,928,085 00	.....	210,928,085 00	71,915 00
Compound interest notes	266,595,440 00	266,380,670 00	.....	266,380,670 00	214,770 00
Fractional currency	368,724,079 45	353,364,080 06	16,629 75	353,347,450 31	15,376,629 14
Total	2,729,735,938 45	2,367,422,661 56	90,038 25	2,367,332,623 31	362,403,315 14

No. 16.—SILVER CERTIFICATES ISSUED, REDEEMED, and OUTSTANDING, by SERIES and DENOMINATIONS.

Series and denomination.	Issued.		Redeemed.		Outstand- ing June 30, 1883.
	During fiscal year.	To June 30, 1883.	During fiscal year.	To June 30, 1883.	
<i>Series of 1878.</i>					
10s		\$2, 274, 000 00	\$421, 723 00	\$1, 288, 853 00	\$985, 147 00
20s		2, 746, 000 00	434, 130 00	1, 268, 510 00	1, 477, 490 00
50s		3, 250, 000 00	721, 815 00	1, 419, 715 00	1, 830, 285 00
100s		3, 540, 000 00	807, 080 00	1, 824, 780 00	1, 715, 220 00
500s	\$300, 000 00	4, 650, 000 00	1, 008, 500 00	3, 624, 000 00	1, 026, 000 00
1, 000s	2, 500, 000 00	14, 490, 000 00	2, 046, 000 00	11, 184, 000 00	3, 306, 000 00
Total.....	2, 800, 000 00	30, 950, 000 00	5, 439, 248 00	20, 609, 858 00	10, 340, 142 00

No. 16.—*SILVER CERTIFICATES ISSUED, REDEEMED, and OUTSTANDING, by SERIES and DENOMINATIONS—Continued.*

Series and denominations.	Issued.		Redeemed.		Outstand- ing June 30, 1883.
	During fiscal year.	To June 30, 1883.	During fiscal year.	To June 30, 1883.	
<i>Series of 1880.</i>					
10s	11, 880, 000 00	42, 720, 000 00	3, 816, 103 00	6, 817, 255 00	35, 902, 745 00
20s	13, 360, 000 00	38, 200, 000 00	2, 733, 326 00	4, 524, 706 00	33, 675, 294 00
50s	1, 600, 000 00	2, 400, 000 00	164, 800 00	232, 350 00	2, 166, 650 00
100s	2, 400, 000 00	4, 000, 000 00	366, 400 00	468, 000 00	3, 532, 000 00
500s	1, 500, 000 00	1, 500, 000 00	.....	.....	1, 500, 000 00
1, 000s	1, 500, 000 00	1, 500, 000 00	.....	.....	1, 500, 000 00
Total.....	32, 240, 000 00	90, 320, 000 00	7, 080, 631 00	12, 043, 311 00	78, 276, 689 00
Aggregate	35, 040, 000 00	121, 270, 000 00	12, 519, 879 00	32, 653, 169 00	88, 616, 831 00

No. 17.—*GOLD CERTIFICATES, act of July 12, 1882, ISSUED, REDEEMED, and OUTSTANDING, by SERIES and DENOMINATIONS.*

Denomination.	Issued.		Redeemed.		Outstanding.	
	New York series.	Departmental series.	New York series.	Departmental series.	New York series.	Departmental series.
20s	\$8,000,000	\$1,360,000	\$152,080	\$45,020	\$6,847,920	\$1,314,980
50s	8,000,000	1,200,000	149,000	200	7,851,000	1,199,800
100s	6,100,000	2,800,000	135,600	.....	5,964,400	2,800,000
500s	5,250,000	3,000,000	208,000	.....	5,042,000	3,000,000
1,000s	6,000,000	7,000,000	350,000	.....	5,650,000	7,000,000
5,000s	8,000,000	.....	1,035,000	.....	7,965,000	.....
10,000s	30,000,000	.....	5,760,000	.....	24,240,000	.....
Total	71,350,000	15,360,000	7,789,680	45,220	63,560,320	15,314,780
Aggregate ..	\$86,710,000	.....	\$7,834,900	.....	\$78,875,100	.....

No. 18.—*STANDARD SILVER DOLLARS, FRACTIONAL SILVER and MINOR COIN RECEIVED and COUNTED at the TREASURY of the UNITED STATES at WASHINGTON during the fiscal year 1883.*

Description.	Amount received.	Amount rejected.	Counterfeit.
Standard silver dollars	\$432,344 00	\$1,027 00	\$24 00
Fractional silver coin:			
50 cents	1,962,185 50	.....	.....
25 cents	1,910,664 50	.....	.....
20 cents	140 00	.....	.....
10 cents	395,279 10	.....	.....
5 cents	1,493 70	.....	.....
3 cents	133 95	.....	.....
Total	4,269,896 75	5,215 03	56 38
Minor coin:			
5 cents	57,424 40	.....	.....
3 cents	4,048 47	.....	.....
2 cents	577 20	.....	.....
1 cent, bronze	19,404 59	.....	.....
1 cent, copper	50 15	.....	.....
Total	81,504 81	101 39	4 20
Aggregate	4,783,745 56	6,343 42	84 58

No. 19.—SEVEN-THIRTY NOTES ISSUED, REDEEMED, and OUTSTANDING.

Issue.	Total issued.	Redeemed to June 30, 1882.	Redeemed during fiscal year.	Redeemed to June 30, 1883.	Outstanding June 30, 1883.
July 17, 1861.....	\$140, 094, 750	\$140, 078, 450	\$350	\$140, 078, 800	\$15, 950
August 15, 1864.....	299, 992, 500	299, 938, 100	450	299, 938, 550	53, 950
June 15, 1865.....	331, 000, 000	330, 964, 700	350	330, 965, 050	34, 950
July 15, 1865.....	199, 000, 000	198, 945, 750	700	198, 946, 450	53, 550
Total.....	970, 087, 250	969, 927, 000	1, 850	969, 928, 850	158, 400

NOTE.—The public debt statement shows \$137, 150 7-30s of 1864 and 1865, and \$16, 250 of 7-30s of 1861 outstanding June 30, 1883, or \$5, 300 less of the former and \$300 more of the latter than the above. The discrepancy arises from two errors: 1. \$5, 000 7-30s, of 1864 and 1865, deducted as redeemed August, 1868, the settlement of which was afterwards suspended, was again deducted when the suspension was removed; and, 2. During this fiscal year \$300 7-30s, of 1861, redeemed, was erroneously reported as of the issue of 1864 and 1865.

No. 20.—COUPONS from UNITED STATES BONDS PAID during the fiscal year 1883, CLASSIFIED by LOANS.

Title of loan.	Amount.
Loan of February, 1861.....	\$90 00
Oregon War Debt.....	18 00
Loan of July and August, 1861.....	4, 930 50
5-20s of 1862.....	388 52
Loan of 1863.....	370 50
10-40s of 1864.....	1, 525 00
5-20s of June, 1864.....	40 50
5 20s of 1865.....	168 00
Consols of 1865.....	1, 758 62
Consols of 1867.....	2, 118 00
Consols of 1868.....	288 00
Funded Loan of 1831.....	8, 223 68
Funded Loan of 1891.....	2, 771, 837 94
Funded Loan of 1907.....	6, 770, 932 00
Total.....	9, 562, 689 26

No. 21.—NUMBER and AMOUNT of CHECKS for INTEREST on REGISTERED BONDS of the UNITED STATES ISSUED, during the fiscal year 1883.

Title of loan.	Number.	Amount.
Funded Loan of 1891.....	48, 133	\$8, 501, 725 33
Funded Loan of 1907.....	202, 011	22, 699, 506 00
Funded Loan of 1831, continued.....	21, 609	5, 702, 111 60
Loan of July 12, 1882.....	20, 618	6, 385, 525 66
Loan of 1863, continued.....	3, 091	836, 850 88
	295, 462	44, 125, 719 47
Bonds issued to Pacific Railways.....	2, 918	3, 877, 410 72
	298, 380	48, 003, 130 19

No. 22.—INTEREST on 3.65 PER CENT. BONDS of the DISTRICT of COLUMBIA, PAID during the fiscal year 1883.

Where paid.	Coupons.	Checks.	Total.
Treasury United States, Washington.....	\$44, 051 35	\$75, 993 00	\$120, 044 35
Sub-Treasury United States, New York.....	111, 660 80	291, 213 00	402, 873 80
Total.....	155, 712 15	367, 206 00	522, 918 15

No. 23.—*REFUNDING CERTIFICATES, ISSUED under act of February 26, 1879, CONVERTED into BONDS of the FUNDED LOAN of 1907.*

	Issued.	Converted.			Outstanding.
		To June 30, 1882.	During fiscal year.	To June 30, 1883.	
Payable to order	\$58, 500	\$57, 350	\$20	\$57, 370	\$1, 130
Payable to bearer	39, 954, 250	39, 490, 350	109, 130	39, 599, 480	354, 770
Total	40, 012, 750	39, 547, 700	109, 150	39, 656, 850	355, 900

No. 24.—*TOTAL amount of UNITED STATES BONDS RETIRED for the SINKING FUND from May, 1869, to June 30, 1883.*

Title of loan.	How retired.	From May, 1869, to June 30, 1882.	During fiscal year.	To June 30, 1883.
Loan of February, 1861	Purchased	\$10, 612, 000		\$10, 612, 000
Oregon War Debt	do	256, 800		256, 800
Loan of July and August, 1861	do	48, 776, 700		48, 776, 700
5-20s of 1862	Purchased	24, 029, 150		24, 029, 150
	Redeemed	29, 963, 950	\$100	29, 964, 050
	Total	53, 993, 100	100	53, 993, 200
Loan of 1863	Purchased	19, 854, 250		19, 854, 250
10-40s of 1864	Redeemed	676, 050		676, 050
5-20s of March, 1864	Purchased	361, 600		361, 600
5-20s of June, 1864	Purchased	18, 356, 100		18, 356, 100
	Redeemed	11, 067, 700		11, 067, 700
	Total	29, 423, 800		29, 423, 800
5-20s of 1865	Purchased	16, 866, 150		16, 866, 150
	Redeemed	1, 974, 150		1, 974, 150
	Total	18, 840, 300		18, 840, 300
Consols of 1865	Purchased	48, 166, 150		48, 166, 150
	Redeemed	31, 350		31, 350
	Total	48, 197, 500		48, 197, 500
Consols of 1867	Purchased	32, 115, 600		32, 115, 600
	Redeemed	15, 750		15, 750
	Total	32, 131, 350		32, 131, 350
Consols of 1868	Purchased	2, 213, 800		2, 213, 800
	Redeemed	8, 600		8, 600
	Total	2, 222, 400		2, 222, 400
Funded Loan of 1881	Purchased	43, 599, 000		43, 599, 000
	Redeemed	24, 970, 300	41, 300	25, 011, 600
	Total	68, 569, 300	41, 300	68, 610, 600
Funded Loan of 1907	Purchased	1, 500, 000		1, 500, 000
Loan of July and August, 1861, continued	Redeemed	55, 215, 850	661, 750	55, 877, 600
Loan of 1863, continued	do	2, 637, 850	34, 128, 150	36, 766, 000
Funded Loan of 1881, continued	do	1, 000	10, 019, 400	10, 020, 400
	Total purchased	266, 707, 300		266, 707, 300
	Total redeemed	126, 562, 550	44, 850, 700	171, 413, 250
Aggregate		393, 269, 850	44, 850, 700	438, 120, 550

No. 25.—TOTAL amount of UNITED STATES BONDS RETIRED from March 11, 1869, to June 30, 1883.

Title of loan.	How retired.	Rate of interest.	From March 11, 1869, to June 30, 1882.	During fiscal year.	To June 30, 1883.
		<i>Per ct.</i>			
Loan of February, 1861.....	Purchased.....	6	\$10,612,000		\$10,612,000
	Redeemed.....	6	7,721,000	\$18,000	7,739,000
	Total.....		18,333,000	18,000	18,351,000
Oregon War Debt.....	Purchased.....	6	256,800		256,800
	Redeemed.....	6	876,000	5,450	881,450
	Total.....		1,132,800	5,450	1,138,250
Loan of July and August, 1861.....	Purchased.....	6	48,776,700		48,776,700
	Redeemed.....	6	12,268,150	266,600	12,534,750
	Total.....		61,044,850	266,600	61,311,450
5-20s of 1862.....	Purchased.....	6	57,155,850		57,155,850
	Redeemed.....	6	430,154,750	10,400	430,165,150
	Converted.....	6	27,091,000		27,091,000
	Total.....		514,401,600	10,400	514,412,000
Loan of 1863.....	Purchased.....	6	19,854,250		19,854,250
	Redeemed.....	6	4,472,900	116,850	4,589,750
	Total.....		24,327,150	116,850	24,444,000
5-20s of March, 1864.....	Purchased.....	6	1,119,800		1,119,800
	Redeemed.....	6	2,382,200		2,382,200
	Converted.....	6	380,500		380,500
	Total.....		3,882,500		3,882,500
5-20s of June, 1864.....	Purchased.....	6	43,459,750		43,459,750
	Redeemed.....	6	69,825,450	7,050	69,832,500
	Converted.....	6	12,218,650		12,218,650
	Total.....		125,503,850	7,050	125,510,900
5-20s of 1865.....	Purchased.....	6	36,023,350		36,023,350
	Redeemed.....	6	157,646,550	9,600	157,656,150
	Converted.....	6	9,586,600		9,586,600
	Total.....		203,256,500	9,600	203,266,100
Consols of 1865.....	Purchased.....	6	118,950,550		118,950,550
	Redeemed.....	6	204,962,000	40,800	205,002,800
	Converted.....	6	8,703,600		8,703,600
	Total.....		332,616,150	40,800	332,656,950
Consols of 1867.....	Purchased.....	6	62,846,950		62,846,950
	Redeemed.....	6	309,238,700	235,700	309,474,400
	Converted.....	6	5,807,500		5,807,500
	Exchanged.....	6	761,100		761,100
	Total.....		378,654,250	235,700	378,889,950
Consols of 1868.....	Purchased.....	6	4,794,050		4,794,050
	Redeemed.....	6	37,215,150	154,650	37,369,800
	Converted.....	6	211,750		211,750
	Exchanged.....	6	44,900		44,900
	Total.....		42,265,850	154,650	42,420,500
Total of 6 per cents.....			1,705,418,500	865,100	1,706,283,600
Texan indemnity.....	Redeemed.....	5	4,979,000		4,979,000
Loan of 1858.....	Redeemed.....	5	6,036,000		6,036,000
	Converted.....	5	13,957,000		13,957,000
	Total.....		19,993,000		19,993,000
10-40s of 1864.....	Redeemed.....	5	192,093,100	133,550	192,226,650
	Exchanged.....	5	2,089,500		2,089,500
	Total.....		194,182,600	133,550	194,316,150

No. 25.—*TOTAL amount of UNITED STATES BONDS RETIRED from March 11, 1869, to June 30, 1883—Continued.*

Title of loan.	How retired.	Rate of interest.	From March 11, 1869, to June 30, 1882.	During fiscal year.	To June 30, 1883.
		<i>Per ct.</i>			
Funded loan of 1881	Purchased	5	\$43, 599, 000		\$43, 599, 000
	Redeemed	5	71, 718, 550	\$760, 450	72, 479, 000
	Total		115, 317, 550	760, 450	116, 078, 000
Total of 5 per cents			334, 472, 150	894, 000	335, 366, 150
Funded loan of 1907	Purchased	4	1, 500, 000		1, 500, 000
	Redeemed	4		1, 418, 850	1, 418, 850
	Total		1, 500, 000	1, 418, 850	2, 918, 850
Loan of July and August, 1861, continued.	Redeemed	3½	105, 519, 750	21, 256, 350	126, 776, 100
Loan of 1863, continued	Redeemed	3½	2, 637, 850	34, 128, 150	36, 766, 000
	Exchanged	3½		13, 231, 650	13, 231, 650
	Total		2, 637, 850	47, 359, 800	49, 997, 650
Funded loan of 1881, continued.	Redeemed	3½	1, 000	75, 399, 650	75, 400, 650
	Exchanged			291, 020, 350	291, 020, 350
	Total		1, 000	366, 420, 000	366, 421, 000
Total of 3½ per cents			108, 158, 600	435, 036, 150	543, 194, 750
Loan of July 12, 1882	Redeemed	3		47, 650	47, 650
Total purchased			448, 949, 050		448, 949, 050
Total redeemed			1, 619, 748, 100	134, 009, 750	1, 753, 757, 850
Total converted			77, 956, 600		77, 956, 600
Total exchanged			2, 895, 500	304, 252, 000	307, 147, 500
Aggregate			2, 149, 549, 250	438, 261, 750	2, 587, 811, 000

No. 26.—*EXPENSES INCURRED in the REDEMPTION of NATIONAL BANK NOTES during the fiscal year 1883.*

Charges for transportation	\$57, 190 86
Costs for assorting:	
Salaries	\$86, 213 35
Printing and binding	2, 401 54
Stationery	890 41
Contingent expenses	896 11
Total	90, 401 41
Total	147, 592 27

No. 27.—*MODE of PAYMENT for NATIONAL BANK NOTES REDEEMED during the fiscal year 1883.*

By Transfer Checks on Assistant Treasurers of the United States	\$56, 018, 447 71
By United States Notes forwarded by express	23, 668, 064 66
By Fractional Silver Coin forwarded by express	296, 257 79
By Standard Silver Dollars forwarded by express	242, 518 37
By Redemptions at the Counter	3, 941, 638 00
By Credits to Assistant Treasurers and Depositories of the United States in general account	12, 428, 692 86
By Credits to National Banks in their redemption accounts	5, 248, 120 14
Total	101, 843, 739 53

No. 28.—*NATIONAL BANK NOTES RECEIVED for REDEMPTION during each MONTH of the FISCAL YEAR 1883, from PRINCIPAL CITIES and OTHER PLACES.*

City from which received.	1882.						1883.						Total.	Per cent.
	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.		
New York.....	\$2,619,000	\$2,172,000	\$1,703,000	\$2,177,000	\$2,217,000	\$2,538,000	\$4,349,000	\$2,441,000	\$2,153,000	\$2,730,000	\$5,289,000	\$5,634,000	\$36,042,000	35.10
Boston.....	818,000	852,000	569,000	934,000	1,403,000	2,588,000	2,460,000	1,517,000	1,498,000	975,000	1,252,000	1,765,000	16,631,000	16.19
Philadelphia.....	551,000	525,000	470,000	510,000	680,000	782,000	644,000	434,000	377,000	697,000	918,000	745,000	7,333,000	7.14
Chicago.....	420,000	420,000	438,000	516,000	488,000	482,000	614,000	429,000	592,000	562,000	653,000	582,000	6,146,000	5.98
Cincinnati.....	127,000	74,000	134,000	196,000	138,000	98,000	152,000	102,000	115,000	185,000	252,000	191,000	1,772,000	1.73
Saint Louis.....	82,000	82,000	79,000	110,000	94,000	86,000	135,000	85,000	107,000	115,000	247,000	150,000	1,372,000	1.34
Baltimore.....	127,000	89,000	67,000	81,000	97,000	101,000	125,000	181,000	99,000	114,000	295,000	250,000	1,626,000	1.58
Providence.....	115,000	110,000	133,000	176,000	135,000	151,000	128,000	134,000	118,000	142,000	150,000	174,000	1,686,000	1.62
Pittsburgh.....	63,000	65,000	74,000	76,000	83,000	84,000	85,000	59,000	72,000	78,000	83,000	95,000	917,000	.89
Other places.....	2,441,000	1,907,000	1,974,000	2,082,000	2,100,000	2,191,000	2,920,000	2,152,000	2,743,000	2,666,000	2,996,000	3,021,000	29,193,000	28.43
Total.....	7,363,000	6,296,000	5,641,000	6,858,000	7,435,000	9,071,000	11,612,000	7,534,000	7,874,000	8,274,000	12,135,000	12,607,000	102,700,000	100.00

No. 29.—*Number of PACKAGES of NATIONAL BANK NOTES RECEIVED and DELIVERED during the fiscal year 1883.*

Packages of unassorted National Bank Notes received for redemption.....	24,647
Packages of assorted National Bank Notes, fit for circulation, forwarded by express to National Banks.....	10,814
Packages of assorted National Bank Notes, unfit for circulation, delivered to the Comptroller of the Currency.....	30,090

No. 30.—*CREDITS given to NATIONAL BANKS in their REDEMPTION ACCOUNTS during the fiscal year 1883.*

For lawful money of the United States deposited by them with Assistant Treasurers of the United States.....	\$113,726,801.90
For United States Notes received from them by express.....	2,939,882.01
For National Bank Notes received from them by express.....	5,248,120.14
Total.....	121,914,804.05

No. 31.—BALANCED STATEMENT of RECEIPTS and DELIVERIES of MONEYS by the NATIONAL BANK REDEMPTION AGENCY for the FISCAL YEAR 1883.

Dr.	Amount.	Cr.	Amount.
To Cash Balance June 30, 1882 ..	\$3, 630, 989 32	By National Bank Notes, fit for circulation, forwarded to National Banks by express ..	\$15, 572, 100 00
To National Bank Notes received for redemption	102, 699, 676 73	By National Bank Notes, unfit for circulation, delivered to the Comptroller of the Currency.....	78, 664, 758 00
To "Overs" reported in National Bank Notes received for redemption	8, 092 09	By Notes of failed, liquidating, and reducing National Banks deposited in the Treasury of the United States.....	4, 667, 660 00
		By United States Notes deposited in the Treasury of the United States	7, 267 00
		By packages referred and moneys returned	727, 282 98
		By express charges deducted ..	725 84
		By counterfeit Notes rejected and returned	4, 559 50
		By National Bank Notes—less than three-fifths, lacking signatures, and stolen—rejected and returned, and discount on United States currency.....	4, 337 62
		By "Shorts" reported in National Bank Notes received for redemption	10, 103 35
		By unfinished packages in Counters' hands	7, 000 00
		By packages with unbroken seals in safe	110, 020 00
		By Cash Balance June 30, 1883..	6, 562, 943 85
Total	106, 338, 758 14	Total	106, 338, 758 14

No. 32.—BALANCED STATEMENT of RECEIPTS and DELIVERIES of MONEYS by the NATIONAL BANK REDEMPTION AGENCY from July 1, 1874, to June 30, 1883.

Dr.	Amount.	Cr.	Amount.
To National Bank Notes received for redemption	\$1, 278, 278, 153 40	By National Bank Notes, fit for circulation, deposited in the Treasury, and forwarded to National Banks by express..	\$595, 682, 091 00
To "Overs" reported in National Bank Notes received for redemption	164, 937 37	By National Bank Notes, unfit for circulation, delivered to the Comptroller of the Currency	550, 506, 958 00
		By notes of failed, liquidating, and reducing National Banks deposited in the Treasury of the United States	116, 881, 657 00
		By United States Notes deposited in the Treasury of the United States	1, 450, 700 00
		By packages referred and moneys returned	6, 953, 272 28
		By express charges deducted ..	41, 003 52
		By counterfeit notes rejected and returned	38, 468 75
		By National Bank Notes—less than three-fifths, lacking signatures, and stolen—rejected and returned, and discount on United States currency...	76, 576 53
		By "Shorts" reported in National Bank Notes received for redemption	132, 399 84
		By unfinished packages in Counters' hands	7, 000 00
		By packages with unbroken seals in safe	110, 020 00
		By Cash Balance June 30, 1883	6, 562, 943 85
Total	1, 278, 443, 090 77	Total	1, 278, 443, 090 77

No. 33.—DEPOSITS made by NATIONAL BANKS for the RETIREMENT of their CIRCULATION from July 12, 1882, to June 30, 1883.

Month.	Under acts of June 20, 1874, and July 12, 1882.			Under section 5222 of the Revised Statutes.	Total deposits.
	Lawful money.	Proceeds of called bonds.	Total.		
1882.					
July	\$732, 470		\$732, 470	\$676, 800	\$1, 409, 270
August	421, 630	\$1, 702, 685	2, 124, 315	572, 190	2, 696, 505
September	341, 480	581, 720	923, 200	300, 545	1, 223, 745
October	386, 760	415, 080	801, 840	310, 600	1, 112, 440
November	1, 047, 143	421, 670	1, 468, 813	350, 300	1, 819, 113
December	978, 950	924, 300	1, 903, 250	1, 195, 180	3, 098, 430
1883.					
January	956, 850	419, 380	1, 376, 230	607, 900	1, 984, 130
February	1, 455, 900	429, 300	1, 885, 200	671, 845	2, 557, 045
March	757, 800	347, 450	1, 105, 250	660, 755	1, 766, 005
April	601, 605	167, 850	769, 455	256, 500	1, 025, 955
May	863, 850	620, 025	1, 483, 875	231, 280	1, 715, 155
June	867, 500	104, 700	972, 200	36, 000	1, 008, 200
Total	9, 411, 938	6, 134, 160	15, 546, 098	5, 869, 895	21, 415, 993

No. 34.—LETTERS, TELEGRAMS, and MONEY PACKAGES RECEIVED and TRANSMITTED during the fiscal year 1883.

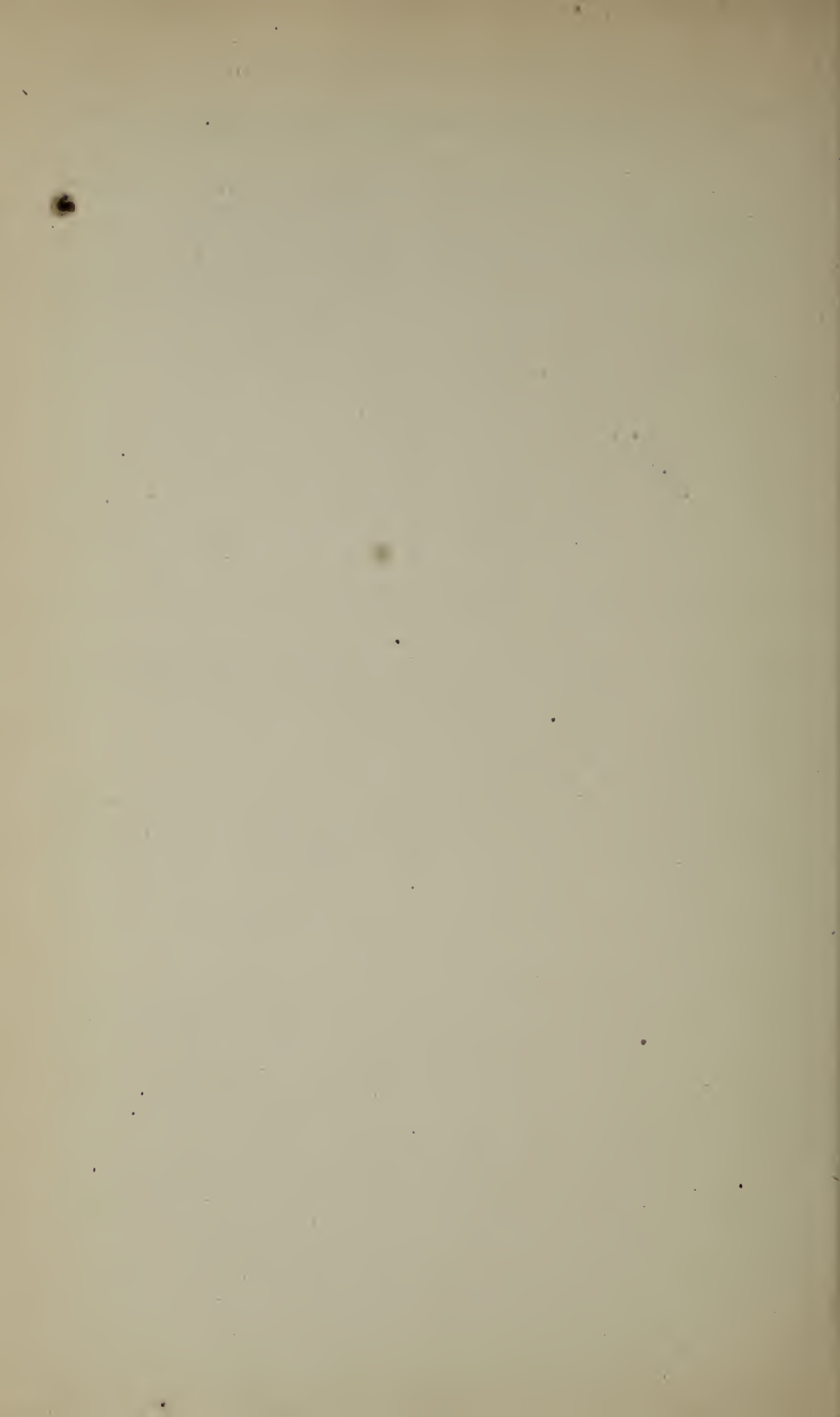
Received by mail:	
Letters containing money, registered	16, 610
Letters containing money, not registered	3, 487
	<hr/>
	20, 097
Letters not containing money	126, 294
	<hr/>
Total	146, 391
	<hr/>
Transmitted by mail:	
Manuscript letters	6, 894
Registered letters, containing money	5, 701
Printed forms filled in (inclosing checks)	20, 823
Printed notices (inclosing interest checks)	299, 402
Printed forms filled in (without inclosure)	171, 412
Printed forms filled in (inclosing drafts)	28, 006
Drafts (without forms)	14, 012
Post-office warrants	48, 268
Printed forms filled in (inclosing certificates of deposit)	6, 494
Certificates of deposit (without forms)	12, 732
Printed circulars and notices	37, 500
	<hr/>
Total	657, 025
	<hr/>
Telegrams received	332
Telegrams sent	1, 041
Money packages received by express	40, 756
Money packages sent by express	40, 092

No. 35.—CHANGES during the fiscal year 1883 in the FORCE EMPLOYED in the TREASURER'S OFFICE.

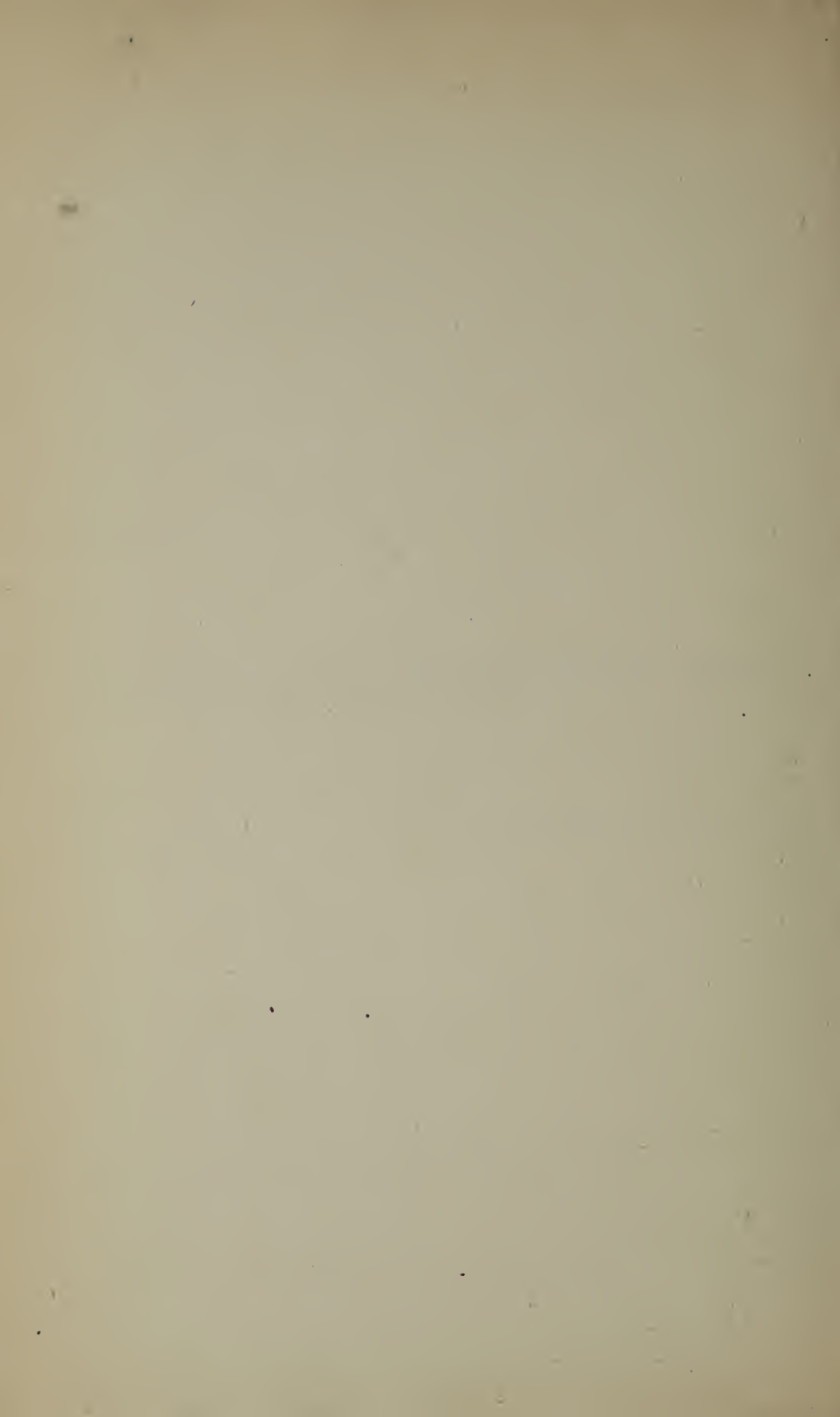
Total force of the Treasurer's Office June 30, 1882.....		284
Died.....	5	
Resigned.....	19	
Removed.....	3	
Transferred from the Treasurer's Office.....	7	
Appointments expired.....	3	
	<hr/>	37
Appointed.....	27	
Transferred to the Treasurer's Office.....	4	
	<hr/>	31
	<hr/>	6
Total force of the Treasurer's Office June 30, 1883.....		278

No. 36.—*APPROPRIATIONS MADE FOR, and SALARIES PAID TO, the FORCE EMPLOYED in the TREASURER'S OFFICE during the fiscal year 1883.*

Roll on which paid.	Appropriated.	Expended.	Balance unexpended.
Regular roll	\$274, 865 75	\$271, 919 79	\$2, 945 96
Reimbursable:			
Force employed in redemption of national currency...	72, 780 00	69, 420 79	3, 359 21
Total.....	347, 645 75	341, 340 58	6, 305 17



REPORT OF THE REGISTER OF THE TREASURY.



REPORT

OF

THE REGISTER OF THE TREASURY.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
REGISTER'S OFFICE,
November 1, 1883.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith a report of the work performed in this office during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

The cessation of refunding operations will enable me to reduce slightly the force in the loan division, but all clerks relieved from duty there will be needed in other divisions of the office, in one of which, the note and coupon division, the work has fallen considerably in arrears, in consequence of the detail of its clerks to other divisions.

The room in which this division is located should be enlarged by the addition of the small room at the south end thereof.

I have to call attention to the necessity for additional rooms for the files of this office. The accumulation of files is large and rapid, while but little additional space has been given during the past ten years.

The need is now pressing, and unless more room is speedily given or authority for the destruction of useless papers obtained, no suitable arrangement of the files will be possible, but they must be piled upon the floors, which is very undesirable and inconvenient, and even that could not be long continued.

My views on this subject, and those of my predecessors, have been communicated to the honorable Secretary of the Treasury in letters dated February 23, 1881, March 3, 1882, and September 29, 1882, to the effect that temporary relief could be obtained by the destruction of papers, under the authority of Congress, but that a large addition of fire-proof files rooms is imperatively required for the proper arrangement and preservation of the files.

Additional space is required also for the proper performance of the business of the tonnage division of this office.

I am pleased to be able to testify to the efficiency and good conduct of the employés of the Bureau.

LOAN DIVISION.

Total number of coupon and registered bonds issued.....	126, 920
Total number of coupon and registered bonds canceled.....	182, 081

AMOUNT ISSUED.

Direct issue (coupon)	\$78, 550 00
Direct issue (registered).....	304, 327, 500 00
Registered bonds issued in exchange for coupon bonds.....	25, 301, 500 00
Registered bonds issued upon transfers, including Spanish indemnity	201, 834, 657 88

531, 542, 207. 88

AMOUNT CANCELED.

Actual redemptions (coupon and registered).....	\$453, 030, 450 00
Coupon bonds converted into registered.....	25, 301, 500 00
Registered bonds transferred	201, 834, 657 88
	<hr/>
	680, 166, 607 88

A synopsis of the vault account shows that the amount of blank bonds of the different loans on hand July 1, 1882, was—

Coupon bonds.....	\$31, 462, 400 00
Registered bonds.....	920, 296, 950 00
District of Columbia bonds.....	3, 107, 750 00
Received during the year:	
From the Secretary of the Treasury.....	574, 408, 500 00
From the Commissioners of District of Columbia.....	4, 446, 250 00
	<hr/>
	1, 533, 721, 850 00

Accounted for as follows:

United States coupon bonds issued	\$45, 450 00
United States registered bonds issued, exclusive of Spanish indemnity	527, 686, 450 00
District of Columbia coupon bonds issued	33, 200 00
District of Columbia registered bonds issued.....	3, 747, 000 00
Delivered to destruction committee:	
United States coupon bonds.....	30, 300, 000 00
United States registered bonds	70, 338, 150 00
On hand June 30, 1883:	
United States coupon bonds	1, 116, 950 00
United States registered bonds	896, 680, 850 00
District of Columbia bonds	3, 773, 800 00
	<hr/>
	1, 533, 721, 850 00

Amount of canceled coupon bonds delivered to note and coupon division.....	\$50, 622, 800 00
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The issues show an increase of 22,574 bonds and \$52,715,057 in amount over that of the previous year.

Of the total amount issued, about three hundred millions represent the 3 per cents issued in exchange for the $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cents.

The dividends of interest declared on the different loans during the year have called for 293,378 Treasury checks in payment.

There have been received and answered 17,361 letters; 3,836 were forwarded from the office by registered mail.

There is included in the blank bonds "on hand June 30, 1883," as per vault account, one registered 4 per cent. bond, No. 27,039, for \$5,000, which number when reached in the regular order of issue was found to be missing. The matter was duly reported to you under date of August 23, and although a searching investigation was made by the Secret Service Division, earnestly seconded by this office, I regret to state that no clew to its mysterious disappearance has been discovered. This bond, however, could not be negotiated, being an unfilled blank, lacking name of payee, date of issue, initials of the clerks who enter and record the issue, seal of the Treasury Department, and the signature of the Register. It is, in fact, only the printed form of a bond, and it is impossible that the Government should lose by its abstraction. This immediate detection of the loss of a single bond, among the hundreds of thousands issued by the Government, clearly demonstrates the accuracy and care with which the records of this office are kept.

STATEMENT showing the NUMBER and AMOUNT of COUPON and REGISTERED BONDS ISSUED during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

Loans.	Bonds issued.				
	Direct is- sue, amount.	Exchanges, amount.	Transfers, amount.	Total bonds issued.	Total amount issued.
3 percents of 1882.....R.....	\$304,252,000	.....	\$45,302,100 00	83,173	\$349,554,100 00
4 per cent. consols, 1907.....C.....	45,350	.....	.....	268	45,350 00
4 per cent. consols, 1907.....R.....	75,500	\$18,016,200	88,908,750 00	27,351	107,000,450 00
4½ per cent. funded, 1891.....R.....	.....	6,697,300	36,176,350 00	10,574	42,873,650 00
Pacific railroads.....R.....	.....	.....	5,336,000 00	1,007	5,336,000 00
1863, funded into 3½'s.....R.....	.....	.....	5,130,800 00	790	5,130,800 00
5 per cent. funded into 3½'s.....R.....	.....	.....	17,791,550 00	2,521	17,791,550 00
3.65 per cent. funded, District of C.....	33,200	.....	.....	133	33,200 00
Columbia.....R.....	.....	513,000	3,155,000 00	1,012	3,668,000 00
5 per cent. funded, District of Co- lumbia.....R.....	.....	75,000	4,000 00	79	79,000 00
Spanish indemnity.....R.....	.....	.....	30,107 88	12	30,107 88
Total.....	304,406,050	25,301,500	201,834,657 88	126,920	531,542,207 88

STATEMENT showing the NUMBER and AMOUNT of COUPON and REGISTERED BONDS CANCELED during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883.

Loans.	Bonds canceled.				
	Redemp- tions, amount.	Exchanges, amount.	Transfers, amount.	Total number of bonds.	Total amount canceled.
3 percents of 1882.....R.....	\$47,650	.....	\$45,302,100 00	19,441	\$45,349,750 00
4 per cent. consols of 1907.....C.....	.....	\$18,016,200	.....	.....	18,016,200 00
4 per cent. consols of 1907.....R.....	1,418,850	.....	88,908,750 00	70,442	90,327,600 00
4½ per cent. funded of 1891.....C.....	.....	6,697,300	.....	.....	6,697,300 00
4½ per cent. funded of 1891.....R.....	.....	.....	36,176,350 00	17,413	36,176,350 00
Pacific railroads.....R.....	.....	.....	5,336,000 00	1,014	5,336,000 00
July and August, 1861, 3½ per cent. R.....	33,265,350	.....	.....	10,003	33,265,350 00
March 3, 1863, 3½ per cent.....R.....	47,241,700	.....	5,130,800 00	11,794	52,372,500 00
5 per cent. funded, 3½ per cent.....R.....	366,420,000	.....	17,791,550 00	43,820	384,211,550 00
5 per cent. funded, District of C.....	34,800	75,000	.....	.....	109,800 00
Columbia.....R.....	.....	.....	4,000 00	121	4,000 00
3.65 per cent. funded, District of C.....	34,100	513,000	.....	.....	547,100 00
Columbia.....R.....	.....	.....	3,155,000 00	2,325	3,155,000 00
Spanish indemnity.....R.....	.....	.....	30,107 88	8	30,107 88
1861—February 8, 6 per cent.....C.....	22,000	.....	.....	.....	22,000 00
1861—February 8, 6 per cent.....R.....	6,000	.....	.....	28	6,000 00
1861—July and August, 6 per cent.....C.....	275,050	.....	.....	.....	275,050 00
1861—July and August, 6 per cent.....R.....	991,200	.....	.....	1,345	991,200 00
1863—March 3, 6 per cent.....C.....	107,300	.....	.....	.....	107,300 00
1863—March 3, 6 per cent.....R.....	59,400	.....	.....	225	59,400 00
1881—Funded, 5 per cent.....C.....	998,700	.....	.....	.....	998,700 00
1881—Funded, 5 per cent.....R.....	1,279,600	.....	.....	2,475	1,279,600 00
1862—February 25, 6 per cent.....C.....	10,800	.....	.....	.....	10,800 00
1862—February 25, 6 per cent.....R.....	50	.....	.....	48	50 00
1864—June 30, 6 per cent.....C.....	8,250	.....	.....	11	8,250 00
1864—June 30, 6 per cent.....R.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1864—10.40's, 5 per cent.....C.....	114,600	.....	.....	.....	114,600 00
1864—10.40's, 5 per cent.....R.....	91,500	.....	.....	272	91,500 00
1865—March 3, 6 per cent.....C.....	13,000	.....	.....	23	13,000 00
1865—March 3, 6 per cent.....R.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1865—Consols, 6 per cent.....C.....	49,400	.....	.....	.....	49,400 00
1865—Consols, 6 per cent.....R.....	10,100	.....	.....	136	10,100 00
1867—Consols, 6 per cent.....C.....	268,900	.....	.....	.....	268,900 00
1867—Consols, 6 per cent.....R.....	67,300	.....	.....	679	67,300 00
1868—Consols, 6 per cent.....C.....	54,100	.....	.....	.....	54,100 00
1868—Consols, 6 per cent.....R.....	18,000	.....	.....	159	18,000 00
Loan of 1858.....C.....	1,000	.....	.....	1	1,000 00
War bounty scrip.....R.....	100	.....	.....	1	100 00
Oregon war debt.....C.....	121,650	.....	.....	297	121,650 00
Total.....	453,030,450	25,301,500	201,834,657 88	182,081	680,166,607 88

NOTE AND COUPON DIVISION.

STATEMENT of TREASURY NOTES, INTEREST CHECKS, and CERTIFICATES,
COUNTED, ARRANGED, REGISTERED, and EXAMINED.

ONE and TWO YEARS' 5 PER CENT. TREASURY NOTES.

Authorizing act.	Number of notes.	Amount.
March 3, 1863	130	\$5,210 00

THREE YEARS' 6 PER CENT. COMPOUND-INTEREST NOTES.

Authorizing acts.	Number of notes.	Amount.
March 3, 1863, and June 30, 1864	417	\$8,790 00

THREE YEARS' 7 $\frac{3}{10}$ PER CENT. TREASURY NOTES.

Authorizing acts.	Number of notes.	Amount.
July 17, 1861	1	\$50 00
June 30, 1864, and March 3, 1865	20	1,300 00
	21	1,350 00

GOLD CERTIFICATES.

Authorizing act.	Number of certificates.	Amount.
March 3, 1863	1,834	\$1,546,180 00

CURRENCY CERTIFICATES of DEPOSIT.

Authorizing act.	Number of certificates.	Amount.
June 8, 1872	2,700	\$23,205,000 00

INTEREST CHECKS.

Authorizing acts.	Number of checks.	Amount.
July 17 and August 5, 1861 (6 per cent.):		
Final dividend	6,083	\$3,824,920 50
Continued at 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.	6,147	1,779,050 12
March 3, 1863 (6 per cent.):		
Final dividend	3,090	1,509,996 00
Continued at 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.	3,542	838,956 09
Funded loan of 1881 (5 per cent.)	10,000	4,281,863 59
Funded loan of 1881 (final dividend)	8,248	5,620,605 75
Funded loan of 1891 (4 $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.)	57,626	10,065,793 68
Consols of 1907 (4 per cent.)	207,856	20,215,177 02
District of Columbia (funded)	2,506	904,999 25
Pacific railroads	2,923	3,972,640 72
Total	308,021	53,014,002 72

REDEEMED COUPONS DETACHED from BONDS and NOTES.

Arranged numerically	2, 894, 383
Registered	2, 515, 296
Examined	2, 444, 608

REDEEMED, EXCHANGED, and TRANSFERRED UNITED STATES BONDS, with COUPONS ATTACHED, EXAMINED, REGISTERED, and SCHEDULED.

Loan.	Number of bonds.	Amount of bonds.	Number of coupons attached.
Consols of 1865	56, 807	\$31, 887, 600	729, 790

NOTE AND FRACTIONAL-CURRENCY DIVISION.

STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of NOTES and AMOUNT of UNITED STATES NOTES, DEMAND NOTES, 4 PER CENT. REFUNDING CERTIFICATES, SILVER CERTIFICATES, GOLD-COIN CERTIFICATES, and FRACTIONAL CURRENCY EXAMINED, COUNTED, and DESTROYED for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.

United States notes.	Number of notes.	Amount.
New issue	113, 028	\$1, 104, 150
Series 1869	1, 180, 863	12, 582, 500
Series 1874	170, 055	2, 731, 250
Series 1875	2, 940, 178	16, 067, 400
Series 1878	4, 567, 084	54, 317, 500
Series 1880	11, 017, 977	19, 478, 200
4 per cent. refunding certificates	6, 685	66, 850
Demand notes	79	640
Silver certificates:		
series 1878, issued at Washington	73, 991	3, 220, 200
series 1880, issued at Washington	475, 760	6, 378, 700
series 1878, issued at New York	17, 733	556, 550
series 1880, issued at New York	71, 650	899, 000
series 1878, issued at San Francisco	3, 861	1, 792, 150
Gold-coin certificates, 1882:		
issued at Washington	1, 458	45, 220
issued at New York	11, 419	7, 742, 660
Fractional currency:		
first issue	1, 400	220
second issue	1, 400	175
third issue	6, 500	1, 377
fourth issue	21, 200	3, 550
fourth issue, second series	3, 200	1, 600
fourth issue, third series	3, 900	1, 950
fifth issue	122, 700	26, 180
	20, 812, 121	127, 018, 022

2, 963, 115 excess over the year 1882, \$39,458,240.

TONNAGE DIVISION.

The total tonnage of the country exhibits an increase of 69,554.01 tons, the registered tonnage having increased 9,800.15 tons, the enrolled 51,349.78 tons, and the licensed, under 20 tons, 8,404.08 tons.

Below are given the totals for the last two years:

	1882.		1883.	
	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.
Registered	2, 185	1, 292, 294. 50	2, 174	1, 302, 094. 65
Enrolled and licensed	22, 183	2, 873, 638. 74	22, 043	2, 933, 392. 60
Total	24, 368	4, 165, 933. 24	24, 217	4, 235, 487. 25

The comparison of the different classes of vessels is as follows :

	1882.		1883.	
	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.
Sailing vessels.....	16, 819	2, 361, 251. 27	16, 697	2, 386, 556. 77
Steam vessels.....	5, 191	1, 355, 825. 65	5, 249	1, 413, 193. 73
Canal boats.....	1, 138	107, 394. 00	1, 186	118, 186. 35
Barges.....	1, 220	341, 462. 32	1, 085	317, 550. 40
Total	24, 368	4, 165, 933. 24	24, 217	4, 235, 487. 25

It may be seen from the foregoing that the sailing tonnage has increased 25,305.50 tons, the steam tonnage 57,368.08 tons, and the canal-boat tonnage 10,792.35 tons, while the barge tonnage has decreased 23,911.92 tons.

The proportion of the sailing tonnage registered is 47 per centum, and the steam tonnage registered 12 per centum.

SHIP-BUILDING.

The following table exhibits the class, number, and tonnage of the vessels built during the last two years :

Class.	1882.		1883.	
	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.
Sailing vessels.....	666	118, 798. 50	721	137, 046. 17
Steam vessels.....	502	121, 842. 66	439	107, 229. 78
Canal boats.....	68	7, 882. 06	42	4, 710. 91
Barges.....	135	33, 746. 51	66	16, 443. 05
Total	1, 371	282, 269. 73	1, 268	265, 429. 91

From the foregoing it appears that the amount built during the past year was less by 16,839.82 tons than that of the preceding year.

The tonnage built during the last two years in the several grand divisions of the country is shown below :

Division.	1882.		1883.	
	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.
Atlantic and Gulf coasts.....	890	172, 306. 89	881	193, 610. 60
Pacific coast.....	75	15, 776. 95	91	16, 737. 97
Northern lakes.....	254	58, 368. 94	171	28, 638. 42
Western rivers.....	152	35, 816. 95	125	26, 442. 92
Total	1, 371	282, 269. 73	1, 268	265, 429. 91

The following table exhibits the iron tonnage built in the country since 1867 :

Class.	1868.	1869.	1870.	1871.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.
Sailing vessels.....		1, 039	679	2, 067				
Steam vessels.....	2, 801	3, 545	7, 602	13, 412	12, 766	26, 548	33, 097	21, 632
Total	2, 801	4, 584	8, 281	15, 479	12, 766	26, 548	33, 097	21, 632

Class.	1876.	1877.	1878.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.
Sailing vessels.....					44	36		2,033
Steam vessels.....	21,346	5,927	26,960	22,008	25,538	28,320	40,097	37,613
Total.....	21,346	5,927	26,960	22,008	25,582	28,356	40,097	39,646

Table showing the amount of iron tonnage outstanding may be found in the Report on Commerce and Navigation.

THE FISHERIES.

The tonnage engaged in the fisheries during the last two years is as follows:

Fisheries.	1882.		1883.	
	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.
Cod and mackerel	2,090	77,862.46	2,249	95,038.22
Whale	146	32,802.22	141	32,414.05

Below is shown the amount of tonnage employed in the cod and mackerel fisheries, with the per centum of each State:

States.	Tonnage.	Per cent.
Maine	34,174.11	36
New Hampshire	5,832.45	6.1
Massachusetts	45,067.16	47.4
Rhode Island	1,787.70	1.85
Connecticut	3,053.34	3.2
New York	2,431.06	2.5
New Jersey	76.66	0.1
Maryland	1,222.00	1.3
Virginia	531.37	0.6
North Carolina	95.44	0.1
Florida	535.61	0.6
Alabama	137.32	0.15
California	94.00	0.1
Total.....	95,038.22	100

This shows an increase of about 22 per cent. during the year. The tonnage employed in the whale fisheries is given below:

Customs districts.	1882.		1883.	
	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.
Boston, Mass.	5	794.87	5	794.87
Barnstable, Mass.	11	1,052.81	12	1,126.63
Edgartown, Mass.	5	891.28	5	891.28
New Bedford, Mass. (sail)	117	28,876.66	110	27,602.44
New Bedford, Mass. (steam)			3	1,298.39
New London, Conn.	8	1,186.60	6	700.44
Total	146	32,802.22	141	32,414.05

Of the above 89 per cent. belongs to New Bedford. Fuller tables, showing the various classes of tonnage, may be found in the appendix to this report.

DIVISION OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES.

* The following statement exhibits the work of this division for the year ended June 30, 1883:

The number of warrants registered during the year for civil, diplomatic, miscellaneous, internal revenue, and public debt expenditures and repayments was	26,887
The number of warrants registered for receipts from customs, lands, internal revenue, direct tax, and miscellaneous sources was	14,942
The number of warrants registered for payments and repayments in the War, Navy, and Interior (pension and Indian) Departments was	18,804
The number of drafts was	47,809
The number of journal pages required for the entry of accounts relating to the civil, diplomatic, internal revenue, miscellaneous, and public debt receipts and expenditures was	6,418
The number of certificates furnished for statements of accounts was	14,960
The number of accounts received from the First and Fifth Auditors and Commissioner of the General Land Office was	24,688

In the appendix will be found a statement of the receipts and expenditures of the Government, as required by the standing order of the House of Representatives of December 30, 1791, and section 237 of the Revised Statutes; also, statements of the money expended and the number of persons employed and the occupation and salary of each person at each custom-house, as required by section 258 of the Revised Statutes.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

B. K. BRUCE,
Register.

Hon. CHARLES J. FOLGER,
Secretary of the Treasury.

APPENDIX.

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES for the fiscal year ending
June 30, 1883.

FROM CUSTOMS.

A. A. Burleigh, collector, Aroostook, Me	\$14,658 99
J. S. Smith, late collector, Bangor, Me	37,548 80
D. F. Davis, collector, Bangor, Me	35,541 85
J. W. Wakefield, collector, Bath, Me	117,148 10
J. D. Hopkins, collector, Frenchman's Bay, Me	221 20
W. C. Marshall, collector, Belfast, Me	1,501 78
W. M. Haycock, collector, Passamaquoddy, Me	90,270 86
George Leavitt, late collector, Machias, Me	300 83
J. L. Pierce, collector, Machias, Me	133 23
I. Lord, collector, Saco, Me	20 40
H. A. Kennedy, collector, Waldoborough, Me	5,630 28
L. M. Morrill, late collector, Portland, Me	377,559 93
F. N. Dow, collector, Portland, Me	396,502 11
W. H. Sargent, collector, Castine, Me	1,515 39
A. F. Howard, collector, Portsmouth, N. H.	61,668 97
W. Wells, collector, Vermont, Vt.	883,379 44
F. B. Goss, collector, Barnstable, Mass	568 34
R. Worthington, collector, Boston, Mass	23,307,946 06
J. Brady, jr., collector, Fall River, Mass	83,717 22
J. A. P. Allen, collector, New Bedford, Mass	76,340 61
S. Dodge, collector, Marblehead, Mass	3,295 29
C. B. Marchant, collector, Edgartown, Mass	168 71
W. P. Hiller, collector, Nantucket, Mass	75 97
W. H. Huse, collector, Newburyport, Mass	5,259 77
S. H. Doten, collector, Plymouth, Mass	71,107 91
C. F. Odell, collector, Salem, Mass	15,398 22
F. J. Babson, collector, Gloucester, Mass	10,069 67
C. Harris, collector, Providence, R. I.	279,228 14
J. H. Cozzens, collector, Newport, R. I.	590 81
J. S. Hanover, collector, Fairfield, Conn.	1,986 58
A. Putnam, collector, Middletown, Conn.	33,865 53
A. J. Beers, collector, New Haven, Conn.	364,519 48
J. A. Tibbetts, collector, New London, Conn.	20,285 83
H. L. Trumbull, collector, Stonington, Conn.	198 68
W. H. Robertson, collector, New York, N. Y.	147,082,333 23
C. A. Gould, collector, Buffalo, N. Y.	927,042 55
P. P. Kidder, collector, Dunkirk, N. Y.	2 54
G. W. Warren, collector, Cape Vincent, N. Y.	156,379 83
W. J. Simpson, collector, Genesee, N. Y.	287,087 62
B. Flagler, collector, Niagara, N. Y.	393,258 20
W. H. Daniels, collector, Oswegatchie, N. Y.	99,996 15
H. L. Jones, late collector, Oswegatchie, N. Y.	164,308 94
J. J. Lamoree, collector, Oswego, N. Y.	849,605 36
S. Moffett, collector, Champlain, N. Y.	327,927 61
W. N. Sanders, late collector, Albany, N. Y.	11,596 32
J. A. Luby, collector, Albany, N. Y.	108,419 76
G. W. Mathis, collector, Little Egg Harbor, N. J.	49 96
C. H. Houghton, late collector, Perth Amboy, N. J.	49,067 00
W. F. Brown, late collector, Perth Amboy, N. J.	15,605 05
M. A. Edgar, collector, Perth Amboy, N. J.	22,592 30
W. A. Baldwin, collector, Newark, N. J.	9,422 46
J. F. Hartranft, collector, Philadelphia, Pa	12,164,580 12
J. F. Dravo, collector, Pittsburgh, Pa	480,989 10
M. R. Barr, collector, Erie, Pa	12,500 20
L. Thompson, collector, Delaware, Del	26,191 22
E. H. Webster, collector, Baltimore, Md	3,079,935 90
J. H. Wilson, collector, Georgetown, D. C.	20,199 12
J. H. Gray, collector, Alexandria, Va	854 56
J. M. Humphreys, late collector, Richmond, Va	1 20
B. C. Cook, collector, Richmond, Va	26,288 75
G. E. Bowden, collector, Norfolk, Va	45,639 94
J. B. Mitchell, late collector, Yorktown, Va	244 20
J. W. Johnston, late collector, Yorktown, Va	3,801 94
H. De B. Clay, collector, Yorktown, Va	761 40
W. C. Davis, collector, Beaufort, N. C.	54,331 88
E. J. Pennypacker, collector, Wilmington, N. C.	64,445 84
T. A. Henry, collector, Pamlico, N. C.	2,960 28
C. H. Baldwin, late collector, Charleston, S. C.	5 40
T. B. Johnston, collector, Charleston, S. C.	73,250 20
G. Holmes, collector, Beaufort, S. C.	6,391 84
H. F. Heriot, collector, Georgetown, S. C.	242 10
T. F. Johnston, collector, Savannah, Ga	75,976 26

Carried forward..... 192,904,111 31

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, &c.—Continued

FROM CUSTOMS—Continued.

Brought forward.....	\$192,904,111 31
H. P. Farrow, collector, Brunswick, Ga.....	17,629 61
J. T. Collins, late collector, Brunswick, Ga.....	779 03
J. Shepard, collector, Saint Mary's, Ga.....	810 29
J. W. Howell, collector, Fernandina, Fla.....	11,391 12
F. N. Wicker, collector, Key West, Fla.....	262,156 58
E. Hopkins, late collector, Saint John's, Fla.....	116 06
E. Higgins, collector, Saint John's, Fla.....	1,086 87
H. Potter, late collector, Pensacola, Fla.....	500 00
T. C. Humphreys, late collector, Pensacola, Fla.....	2,355 34
J. M. Tarble, collector, Pensacola, Fla.....	49,194 39
A. J. Murat, late collector, Apalachicola, Fla.....	1,315 14
S. M. Sawyer, collector, Apalachicola, Fla.....	3,798 18
J. Hirst, collector, Saint Mark's, Fla.....	7,287 89
T. E. Witsell, collector, Saint Augustin, Fla.....	86 70
J. W. Burke, collector, Mobile, Ala.....	213,489 52
W. G. Henderson, collector, Pearl River, Miss.....	8,544 73
T. Barrett, late collector, New Orleans, La.....	36,815 86
A. S. Badger, collector, New Orleans, La.....	2,069,760 02
J. R. Jolley, collector, Teche, La.....	209 80
A. G. Malloy, collector, Galveston, Tex.....	529,425 23
A. Tibbetts, collector, Paso del Norte, Tex.....	58,145 80
F. A. Vaughan, collector, Saluria, Tex.....	16,339 51
S. M. Johnson, late collector, Corpus Christi, Tex.....	7,835 37
N. Plato, collector, Corpus Christi, Tex.....	30,907 74
J. L. Haynes, collector, Brazos, Tex.....	46,118 26
W. J. Smith, late collector, Memphis, Tenn.....	12,109 45
T. J. Cassels, collector, Memphis, Tenn.....	888 19
A. Woolf, late collector, Nashville, Tenn.....	1,860 93
J. M. Kercheval, collector, Nashville, Tenn.....	14 30
J. L. Gaston, collector, Chatanooga, Tenn.....	3,741 30
J. K. Faulkner, collector, Louisville, Ky.....	91,284 74
J. R. Leonard, collector, Indianapolis, Ind.....	53,735 39
J. C. Jewell, collector, Evansville, Ind.....	182 46
A. H. Beach, collector, Wheeling, W. Va.....	1,164 33
C. Rude, collector, Sandusky, Ohio.....	3,114 89
J. W. Fuller, late collector, Miami, Ohio.....	12,424 12
J. B. Battelle, collector, Miami, Ohio.....	3,045 81
D. W. McClung, collector, Cincinnati, Ohio.....	859,263 89
R. H. Stephenson, late collector, Cincinnati, Ohio.....	14 85
George W. Howe, collector, Cuyahoga, Ohio.....	234,826 84
D. V. Bell, collector, Detroit, Mich.....	359,202 91
C. Y. Osburn, collector, Superior, Mich.....	6,606 45
J. P. Sanborn, late collector, Huron, Mich.....	143,781 63
William Hartsuff, collector, Huron, Mich.....	23,973 30
D. McLaughlin, collector, Michigan, Mich.....	4,591 25
J. Spalding, collector, Chicago, Ill.....	4,120,275 23
G. St. Gem, late collector, Saint Louis, Mo.....	151,665 15
C. M. Whitney, collector, Saint Louis, Mo.....	1,215,784 15
James Hunter, collector, Saint Joseph, Mo.....	1,462 90
R. C. Crowell, collector, Kansas City, Mo.....	9,509 92
E. McMurtree, late collector, Minnesota, Minn.....	66,225 92
J. Bookwalter, collector, Minnesota, Minn.....	3,742 44
V. Smith, collector, Duluth, Minn.....	7,192 27
George Frazee, collector, Burlington, Iowa.....	2 00
A. W. Hall, collector, Milwaukee, Wis.....	172,153 19
W. R. Finch, collector, La Crosse, Wis.....	30 00
J. Campbell, collector, Omaha, Nebr.....	3,658 92
W. F. Hunt, collector, Montana and Idaho.....	95 12
J. C. Montgomery, collector, Denver, Colo.....	5,307 97
J. D. Merriman, collector, Oregon, Oreg.....	90,540 68
J. Hacker, collector, Southern Oregon, Oreg.....	210 86
F. N. Shurtleff, collector, Willamette, Oreg.....	302,831 15
A. W. Bash, collector, Puget Sound, Wash.....	33,201 06
M. D. Ball, late collector, Alaska, Alaska.....	660 82
W. G. Morris, collector, Alaska, Alaska.....	2,195 70
T. B. King, late collector, San Francisco, Cal.....	2,080 38
E. L. Sullivan, collector, San Francisco, Cal.....	10,312,687 68
W. W. Bowers, late collector, San Diego, Cal.....	85,147 01
G. A. Johnson, collector, San Diego, Cal.....	2,348 36
J. T. Evans, late acting collector, Wilmington, Cal.....	12,239 53
J. K. Brierly, collector, Wilmington, Cal.....	8,372 67
J. A. Watson, collector, Humboldt, Cal.....	838 47
	\$214,706 496 93

FROM SALES OF PUBLIC LANDS.

Commissioner General Land Office.....	2,886 36
J. H. Murphy, late receiver of public moneys, Danville, Ill.....	50 00
J. M. Wilkinson, receiver of public moneys, Marquette, Mich.....	283,806 97
J. M. Farland, late receiver of public moneys, Detroit, Mich.....	7,665 12
L. G. Willcox, receiver of public moneys, Detroit, Mich.....	4,278 85
F. J. Burton, late receiver of public moneys, East Saginaw, Mich.....	1,823 55

Carried forward

300,510 85 214,706,496 93

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, &c.—Continued.

FROM SALES OF PUBLIC LANDS—Continued.

Brought forward	\$300,510 85	\$214,706,496 93
G. B. Brooks, receiver of public moneys, East Saginaw, Mich.	11,795 26	
W. H. C. Mitchell, receiver of public moneys, Reed City, Mich.	13,472 65	
W. Callon, late receiver of public moneys, Wausau, Wis.	208,481 62	
E. B. Sanders, receiver of public moneys, Wausau, Wis.	26,993 03	
J. F. Nason, receiver of public moneys, Falls Saint Croix, Wis.	9,505 59	
J. H. Wing, receiver of public moneys, Bayfield, Wis.	148,368 79	
J. H. Jones, receiver of public moneys, Menasha, Wis.	69,399 20	
V. W. Bayless, receiver of public moneys, Eau Claire, Wis.	61,225 52	
J. Ulrich, receiver of public moneys, La Crosse, Wis.	5,069 83	
H. W. Stone, receiver of public moneys, Benson, Minn.	7,645 98	
P. C. Stettin, receiver of public moneys, Crookston, Minn.	144,323 04	
T. H. Pressnel, late receiver of public moneys, Duluth, Minn.	42,847 16	
W. W. Spaulding, receiver of public moneys, Duluth, Minn.	574,202 41	
W. B. Mitchell, receiver of public moneys, Saint Cloud, Minn.	372,560 00	
J. Lind, receiver of public moneys, Tracey, Minn.	5,676 27	
G. B. Folsom, receiver of public moneys, Taylor's Falls, Minn.	41,007 16	
J. H. Allen, receiver of public moneys, Fergus Falls, Minn.	16,016 44	
W. B. Heriott, receiver of public moneys, Redwood Falls, Minn.	3,548 02	
C. H. Smith, receiver of public moneys, Worthington, Minn.	3,732 74	
A. A. Tufts, receiver of public moneys, Camden, Ark.	54,332 49	
A. C. Phillips, receiver of public moneys, Harrison, Ark.	18,876 42	
A. Hodges, late receiver of public moneys, Little Rock, Ark.	605 00	
C. E. Kelsey, receiver of public moneys, Little Rock, Ark.	53,696 02	
Z. L. Wise, receiver of public moneys, Dardanelle, Ark.	9,599 75	
H. H. Griffiths, receiver of public moneys, Des Moines, Iowa	1,290 36	
J. Ritchey, late receiver of public moneys, Boonville, Mo.	500 09	
P. H. McNulty, receiver of public moneys, Boonville, Mo.	5,861 75	
G. H. Crumb, receiver of public moneys, Ironton, Mo.	15,583 29	
J. Dumars, receiver of public moneys, Springfield, Mo.	20,171 47	
P. J. Strobach, late receiver of public moneys, Montgomery, Ala.	68,491 04	
H. A. Wilson, receiver of public moneys, Montgomery, Ala.	32,826 21	
W. H. Tancred, receiver of public moneys, Huntsville, Ala.	14,791 19	
J. Varnum, late receiver of public moneys, Gainesville, Fla.	855 00	
A. F. Rollins, receiver of public moneys, Gainesville, Fla.	336,873 35	
J. M. Kimball, late receiver of public moneys, Jackson, Miss.	269,738 18	
J. T. Hall, receiver of public moneys, Jackson, Miss.	186,761 48	
W. M. Burwell, late receiver of public moneys, New Orleans, La.	403,837 48	
M. Marks, receiver of public moneys, New Orleans, La.	21,683 09	
James M. Smith, late receiver of public moneys, Opelousas, La.	296 40	
J. La Place, late receiver of public moneys, Natchitoches, La.	1,000 00	
A. E. Lemee, receiver of public moneys, Natchitoches, La.	21,922 72	
G. W. Watson, receiver of public moneys, Topeka, Kans.	2,639 71	
E. J. Jenkins, receiver of public moneys, Concordia, Kans.	14,761 79	
L. J. Best, receiver of public moneys, Kirwin, Kans.	5,402 46	
R. R. Hays, receiver of public moneys, Kirwin, Kans.	18,062 75	
H. M. Waters, receiver of public moneys, Independence, Kans.	1,750 00	
H. Booth, receiver of public moneys, Larned, Kans.	7,654 61	
L. Hanback, late receiver of public moneys, Salina, Kans.	11,372 02	
H. S. Cunningham, receiver of public moneys, Salina, Kans.	3,938 42	
W. H. Pilkinton, receiver of public moneys, Wa Keeny, Kans.	2,794 72	
J. L. Dyer, receiver of public moneys, Wichita, Kans.	10,021 83	
C. E. Chandler, receiver of public moneys, Oberlin, Kans.	6,332 46	
J. Stout, late receiver of public moneys, Boise City, Idaho	860 07	
M. Krebs, receiver of public moneys, Boise City, Idaho	31,181 09	
R. J. Monroe, receiver of public moneys, Lewiston, Idaho	31,368 72	
A. W. Eaton, receiver of public moneys, Oxford, Idaho	20,042 29	
W. H. Somers, receiver of public moneys, Beatrice, Nebr.	1,808 56	
W. Anyan, receiver of public moneys, Grand Island, Nebr.	35,673 09	
C. N. Baird, late receiver of public moneys, Lincoln, Nebr.	797 12	
H. D. Root, receiver of public moneys, Lincoln, Nebr.	3,791 96	
E. Worthing, late receiver of public moneys, Bloomington, Nebr.	1,735 54	
R. W. Montgomery, receiver of public moneys, Bloomington, Nebr.	26,905 37	
W. B. Lambert, receiver public moneys, Neligh, Nebr.	35,375 25	
J. Taffe, receiver of public moneys, North Platte, Nebr.	35,499 54	
J. Stott, late receiver of public moneys, Niobrara, Nebr.	40 00	
H. S. Lovejoy, late receiver of public moneys, Niobrara, Nebr.	45,096 97	
Vao Randa, late receiver of public moneys, Niobrara, Nebr.	36,217 85	
S. Parker, receiver of public moneys, Niobrara, Nebr.	15,553 47	
B. E. Hutchinson, receiver of public moneys, Aberdeen, Dak.	161,429 94	
R. Lowey, receiver of public moneys, Huron, Dak.	400,206 20	
E. P. Champlin, receiver of public moneys, Deadwood, Dak.	39,607 93	
H. Barber, jr., receiver of public moneys, Mitchell, Dak.	288,035 77	
A. Hughes, late receiver of public moneys, Yankton, Dak.	44,480 94	
J. G. Chandler, receiver of public moneys, Yankton, Dak.	32,234 81	
E. M. Brown, late receiver of public moneys, Bismarck, Dak.	2,500 00	
W. H. Francis, receiver of public moneys, Bismarck, Dak.	31,700 00	
W. J. Anderson, receiver of public moneys, Grand Forks, Dak.	387,289 67	
H. R. Pease, receiver of public moneys, Watertown, Dak.	164,456 00	
L. D. F. Poore, late receiver of public moneys, Watertown, Dak.	126 95	
T. M. Pugh, late receiver of public moneys, Fargo, Dak.	160,529 02	
E. C. Geary, receiver of public moneys, Fargo, Dak.	81,800 00	
J. T. Thomson, late receiver of public moneys, Denver, Colo.	30,191 96	
W. C. Willets, receiver of public moneys, Denver, Colo.	17,264 35	

Carried forward

5,836,617 74 214,706,496 93

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, &c.—Continued.

FROM SALES OF PUBLIC LANDS—Continued.

Brought forward.....	\$5,836,617 74	\$214,706,496 93
M. H. Fitch, receiver of public moneys, Pueblo, Colo.....	83,354 82	
F. J. Leonard, receiver of public moneys, Gunnison, Colo.....	48,982 98	
W. R. Birchmell, late receiver of public moneys, Leadville, Colo.....	105,127 12	
E. L. Salisbury, receiver of public moneys, Leadville, Colo.....	9,100 00	
E. W. Henderson, receiver of public moneys, Central City, Colo.....	18,138 56	
W. S. Hickox, receiver of public moneys, Durango, Colo.....	13,873 67	
C. B. Hickman, late receiver of public moneys, Lake City, Colo.....	14,541 13	
Charles D. Peck, receiver of public moneys, Lake City, Colo.....	1,345 00	
C. A. Brastow, receiver of public moneys, Del Norte, Colo.....	13,385 84	
M. M. Bane, receiver of public moneys, Salt Lake City, Utah.....	65,722 32	
C. H. Gould, receiver of public moneys, Miles City, Mont.....	6,332 87	
J. V. Bogert, receiver of public moneys, Bozeman, Mont.....	32,322 96	
E. Ballou, receiver of public moneys, Helena, Mont.....	98,283 44	
S. W. Sherfey, receiver of public moneys, La Mesilla, N. Mex.....	38,903 48	
W. H. Baillache, receiver of public moneys, Santa Fé, N. Mex.....	7,853 32	
S. C. Wright, receiver of public moneys, Carson City, Nev.....	3,529 48	
H. Carpenter, receiver of public moneys, Eureka, Nev.....	4,400 00	
J. Knox, receiver of public moneys, Lake View, Oreg.....	10,016 94	
D. Chaplin, late receiver of public moneys, La Grande, Oreg.....	996 00	
G. B. Curry, receiver of public moneys, La Grande, Oreg.....	68,464 46	
J. W. Watts, late receiver of public moneys, Oregon City, Oreg.....	14,303 02	
J. G. Pillsbury, receiver of public moneys, Oregon City, Oreg.....	4,596 92	
J. C. Fullerton, receiver of public moneys, Roseburg, Oreg.....	60,362 41	
C. N. Thornbury, receiver of public moneys, The Dalles, Oreg.....	27,569 95	
R. G. Stuart, receiver of public moneys, Olympia, Wash.....	342,184 53	
J. L. Wilson, receiver of public moneys, Colfax, Wash.....	50,240 58	
S. W. Brown, late receiver of public moneys, Vancouver, Wash.....	32,322 56	
A. O. Marsh, receiver of public moneys, Vancouver, Wash.....	19,324 99	
A. Reed, late receiver of public moneys, Walla Walla, Wash.....	68,643 38	
T. H. Rooney, receiver of public moneys, Walla Walla, Wash.....	18,000 00	
J. M. Adams, receiver of public moneys, Yakima, Wash.....	8,527 13	
C. E. Daily (Dailey), receiver of public moneys, Tucson, Ariz.....	20,283 30	
G. Lount, receiver of public moneys, Prescott, Ariz.....	6,912 73	
E. S. Crocker, receiver of public moneys, Evanston, Wyo.....	17,889 70	
W. M. Garvey, receiver of public moneys, Cheyenne, Wyo.....	51,602 10	
T. Lindsey, receiver of public moneys, Visalia, Cal.....	24,244 59	
H. Z. Osborne, receiver of public moneys, Bodie, Cal.....	7,850 05	
J. W. Haverstick, receiver of public moneys, Los Angeles, Cal.....	21,217 96	
L. T. Crane, late receiver of public moneys, Marysville, Cal.....	49,289 90	
T. J. Sherwood, receiver of public moneys, Marysville, Cal.....	14,653 09	
C. H. Chamberlain, receiver of public moneys, San Francisco, Cal.....	210,050 95	
C. McDonald, late receiver of public moneys, Shasta, Cal.....	22 85	
A. Dobroweky, receiver of public moneys, Shasta, Cal.....	33,535 15	
G. W. Meylert, late receiver of public moneys, Susanville, Cal.....	11,754 85	
F. G. Ward, receiver of public moneys, Susanville, Cal.....	8,803 38	
O. Perrin, receiver of public moneys, Stockton, Cal.....	52,980 49	
H. O. Beatty, receiver of public moneys, Sacramento, Cal.....	47,705 86	
S. Cooper, receiver of public moneys, Humboldt, Cal.....	249,799 87	
		7,955,864 42

FROM INTERNAL REVENUE.

Commissioner of Internal Revenue.....	7,034,844 61	
Treasurer of the United States.....	53,979 42	
A. L. Morgan, collector 1st district, Alabama.....	51,721 57	
J. Barney, late collector 2d district, Alabama.....	1,144 70	
F. Widmer, late collector 2d district, Alabama.....	1,500 00	
F. M. Shouse, acting collector 2d district, Alabama.....	2,335 09	
James T. Rapiere, collector 2d district, Alabama.....	55,417 50	
F. M. Cooper, collector, Arkansas.....	97,521 29	
T. Cordis, late collector, Arizona.....	10,762 94	
S. W. Fisher, collector, Arizona.....	30,288 95	
C. Hartson, collector 1st district, California.....	3,675,765 34	
A. L. Frost, collector 4th district, California.....	327,031 30	
J. S. Wolfe, collector, Colorado.....	216,100 47	
J. Selden, collector 1st district, Connecticut.....	223,428 63	
D. F. Hollister, collector 2d district, Connecticut.....	286,466 50	
J. McIntyre, collector, Delaware.....	293,636 48	
J. L. Pennington, collector, Dakota.....	88,256 08	
D. Eagan, collector, Florida.....	251,613 92	
W. S. Johnson, collector 2d district, Georgia.....	307,588 50	
E. C. Wade, late collector 3d district, Georgia.....	10,057 12	
L. M. Pleasant, collector 3d district, Georgia.....	78,036 95	
J. Atkins, late collector 4th district, Georgia.....	2,776 92	
J. T. Dever, late collector 4th district, Georgia.....	291 77	
R. W. Berry, collector, Idaho.....	34,588 68	
J. D. Harvey, collector 1st district, Illinois.....	9,120,171 79	
L. B. Crooker, collector 2d district, Illinois.....	255,457 13	
A. Woodcock, collector 3d district, Illinois.....	101,313 92	
R. Rowett, collector 4th district, Illinois.....	769,463 40	
Carried forward.....	23,381,520 97	222,662,361 45

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, &c.—Continued.

FROM INTERNAL REVENUE—Continued.

Brought forward.....	\$23,381,520 97	\$222,662,361 35
H. Knowles, collector 5th district, Illinois.....	13,987,541 87	
J. W. Hill, collector 7th district, Illinois.....	55,250 62	
J. Merriam, collector 8th district, Illinois.....	1,110,160 89	
J. T. Harper, late collector 8th district, Illinois.....	543 49	
J. C. Willis, late collector 13th district, Illinois.....	154,306 90	
C. W. Pavay, collector 13th district, Illinois.....	442,384 99	
J. C. Veatch, collector 1st district, Indiana.....	209,102 89	
W. Cumbaek, collector 4th district, Indiana.....	2,763,371 35	
F. Boggs, late collector 6th district, Indiana.....	63,446 22	
H. McKay, collector 6th district, Indiana.....	662,898 09	
D. W. Minshall, late collector 7th district, Indiana.....	1,340,511 49	
W. M. Carter, collector 7th district, Indiana.....	289,487 37	
George Moon, collector 10th district, Indiana.....	165,499 41	
J. T. Wildman, late collector 11th district, Indiana.....	62,325 10	
T. Kirkpatrick, collector 11th district, Indiana.....	30,051 96	
J. W. Green, collector 2d district, Iowa.....	297,030 95	
J. E. Simpson, collector 3d district, Iowa.....	303,366 78	
J. Connell, collector 4th district, Iowa.....	148,728 06	
L. P. Sherman, collector 5th district, Iowa.....	3,322,849 51	
J. C. Carpenter, collector, Kansas.....	239,225 39	
W. A. Stuart, late collector 2d district, Kentucky.....	237,040 25	
S. R. Crumbaugh, collector 2d district, Kentucky.....	1,299,824 82	
L. Buckner, collector 5th district, Kentucky.....	7,550,781 73	
J. W. Fennell, collector 6th district, Kentucky.....	3,835,345 17	
A. M. Swope, collector 7th district, Kentucky.....	1,973,863 33	
W. J. Landrum, collector 8th district, Kentucky.....	298,203 23	
J. E. Blaine, collector 9th district, Kentucky.....	190,630 69	
M. Marks, collector, Louisiana.....	510,591 19	
George Dewey, collector, Louisiana.....	228,197 15	
O. A. Rice, collector 2d district, Louisiana.....	1,020 00	
T. J. Rollins, collector, Maine.....	72,893 32	
R. M. Proud, late collector 3d district, Maryland.....	452,917 01	
C. I. Ditty, late collector 3d district, Maryland.....	2,632,527 97	
J. A. Selman, collector 3d district, Maryland.....	204,517 75	
W. Bruce, collector 4th district, Maryland.....	141,889 51	
J. Hill, collector, Mississippi.....	66,939 11	
T. S. Hunt, late collector 2d district, Mississippi.....	9,753 11	
C. W. Slack, collector 3d district, Massachusetts.....	1,508,116 79	
C. W. Dame, collector 5th district, Massachusetts.....	861,060 68	
E. R. Tinker, collector 10th district, Massachusetts.....	384,484 60	
L. S. Trowbridge, late collector 1st district, Michigan.....	940,967 72	
James H. Stone, collector 1st district, Michigan.....	310,441 80	
H. B. Rowleson, collector 3d district, Michigan.....	246,769 75	
S. S. Bailey, late collector 4th district, Michigan.....	25,990 59	
C. W. Watkins, collector 4th district, Michigan.....	143,921 96	
H. C. Ripley, collector 6th district, Michigan.....	216,128 58	
A. C. Wedge, collector 1st district, Minnesota.....	120,531 89	
William Bickel, collector 2d district, Minnesota.....	417,619 38	
J. H. Sturgeon, collector 1st district, Missouri.....	6,191,473 03	
C. W. Ford, late collector 1st district, Missouri.....	2,709 80	
A. E. Carroll, collector 2d district, Missouri.....	60,492 86	
R. E. Lawder, late collector 4th district, Missouri.....	8,186 70	
D. A. Stewart, collector 4th district, Missouri.....	384,313 99	
B. H. Langston, collector 5th district, Missouri.....	132,250 64	
P. Dappler, collector 6th district, Missouri.....	900,550 54	
T. P. Fuller, collector, Montana.....	75,542 81	
F. C. Lord, collector, Nevada.....	40,308 22	
L. Crounse, late collector, Nebraska.....	940,795 11	
G. W. Post, collector, Nebraska.....	379,722 12	
H. M. Putney, collector, New Hampshire.....	351,366 60	
W. P. Tatem, collector 1st district, New Jersey.....	278,548 57	
C. Barcalow, collector 3d district, New Jersey.....	483,777 15	
R. B. Hathorn, collector 5th district, New Jersey.....	4,662,103 07	
G. A. Smith, collector, New Mexico.....	53,172 29	
R. C. Ward, collector 1st district, New York.....	2,802,941 66	
M. B. Blake, collector 2d district, New York.....	3,024,441 53	
M. Weber, late collector 3d district, New York.....	5,122,133 12	
M. Freidsam, collector 3d district, New York.....	1,613,796 53	
M. D. Stivers, collector 11th district, New York.....	169,226 61	
J. M. Johnson, collector 12th district, New York.....	591,314 72	
R. P. Lathrop, late collector 14th district, New York.....	103,070 76	
J. W. Bentley, collector 14th district, New York.....	487,606 63	
T. Stevenson, late collector 15th district, New York.....	215,076 01	
James S. Smart, collector 15th district, New York.....	121,756 03	
J. C. P. Kincaid, late collector 21st district, New York.....	39,393 03	
James Armstrong, collector 21st district, New York.....	283,858 43	
J. N. Knapp, collector 24th district, New York.....	524,135 09	
J. Chiverton, acting collector 24th district, New York.....	35,628 60	
B. De Voe, collector 26th district, New York.....	411,763 86	
H. S. Pierce, collector 28th district, New York.....	1,079,377 69	
F. Buell, collector 30th district, New York.....	1,342,391 27	

Carried forward 106,825,800 35 222,662,361 35

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, &c.—Continued.

FROM INTERNAL REVENUE—Continued.

Brought forward	\$106,825,800 35	\$222,662,361 35
E. A. White, collector 2d district, North Carolina	65,854 02	
W. B. Richardson, late collector 3d district, North Carolina	750 00	
L. J. Young, collector 4th district, North Carolina	865,952 08	
George B. Everett, collector 5th district, North Carolina	989,750 03	
T. N. Cooper, collector 6th district, North Carolina	456,835 62	
J. C. Cartwright, collector, Oregon	101,097 75	
W. H. Taft, late collector 1st district, Ohio	7,699,466 14	
C. B. Montgomery, collector 1st district, Ohio	2,878,061 58	
R. Williams, jr., collector 3d district, Ohio	1,557,956 52	
R. P. Kennedy, collector 4th district, Ohio	181,758 46	
George P. Dunham, collector 6th district, Ohio	444,438 12	
Charles C. Walcutt, collector 7th district, Ohio	673,466 44	
C. Waggoner, late collector 10th district, Ohio	64,553 37	
J. F. Krumler, collector 10th district, Ohio	618,321 68	
M. Boggs, collector 11th district, Ohio	524,215 61	
J. Palmer, collector 15th district, Ohio	170,242 11	
W. S. Streater, collector 18th district, Ohio	899,510 33	
W. J. Pollock, collector 1st district, Pennsylvania	2,824,875 99	
J. T. Valentine, collector 8th district, Pennsylvania	675,254 77	
A. J. Kauffman, collector 9th district, Pennsylvania	1,340,739 84	
B. H. Chase, collector 12th district, Pennsylvania	429,591 55	
C. J. Bruner, collector 14th district, Pennsylvania	261,369 25	
E. Scull, collector 16th district, Pennsylvania	254,533 04	
C. M. Lynch, collector 19th district, Pennsylvania	123,310 67	
J. C. Brown, collector 20th district, Pennsylvania	83,981 61	
F. P. Case, collector 22d district, Pennsylvania	1,854,674 11	
S. M. Jackson, collector 23d district, Pennsylvania	884,116 18	
E. H. Rhodes, collector, Rhode Island	395,319 43	
E. M. Brayton, collector, South Carolina	118,045 06	
James M. Melton, collector 2d district, Tennessee	119,241 32	
W. M. Woodcock, late collector 5th district, Tennessee	122,897 13	
A. M. Hughes, jr., collector 5th district, Tennessee	856,382 92	
F. Hunt, late collector 6th district, Tennessee	2,290 85	
R. F. Patterson, collector 8th district, Tennessee	74,745 43	
W. H. Sinclair, collector 1st district, Texas	77,277 76	
B. C. Ludlow, collector 3d district, Texas	79,325 02	
C. E. Morris, late collector 3d district, Texas	343 00	
W. Umbdenstock, collector 4th district, Texas	106,662 93	
D. B. Bonfoey, late collector 4th district, Texas	13,761 82	
O. J. Hollister, collector, Utah	53,895 10	
J. C. Stearns, collector, Vermont	46,092 80	
J. D. Brady, collector 2d district, Virginia	770,216 72	
O. H. Russell, collector 3d district, Virginia	1,699,837 83	
W. L. Fernald, late collector 4th district, Virginia	837,736 60	
J. B. Raulston, collector 4th district, Virginia	272,062 67	
J. H. Rives, collector 5th district, Virginia	1,297,068 71	
R. B. Botts, collector 6th district, Virginia	202,634 03	
J. R. Hayden, collector, Washington Territory	48,760 12	
E. P. Snow, collector, Wyoming Territory	19,705 82	
I. F. Duval, collector 1st district, West Virginia	348,268 59	
F. H. Pierpont, collector 2d district, West Virginia	212,129 14	
J. M. Bean, collector 1st district, Wisconsin	2,533,844 10	
H. Harnden, collector 2d district, Wisconsin	193,816 09	
H. M. Kutchen, collector 3d district, Wisconsin	276,631 58	
L. Lottridge, collector 6th district, Wisconsin	190,909 19	
		144,720,368 93

FROM CONSULAR FEES.

L. T. Adams, consul, Geneva	803 50
H. C. C. Astwood, consul-general, San Domingo	700 70
H. L. Atherton, consul, Pernambuco	1,507 72
C. M. Allen, consul, Bermuda	1,984 15
T. Adamson, consul, Pernambuco	3,508 91
C. C. Andrews, consul-general, Rio de Janeiro	5,415 07
D. Atwater, consul, Tahiti	315 60
C. P. Barnard, consul, Leghorn	2,236 04
H. N. Beach, consul, Puerto Cabello	606 99
S. S. Blodgett, consul, Prescott	764 92
C. Bartlett, consul, Guadaloupe	959 69
B. H. Barrows, consul, Dublin	1,640 75
W. H. D. Budd, vice-consul, Venice	202 50
W. S. Bird, consul, La Guayra	1,273 92
G. E. Bullock, consul, Cologne	810 33
E. L. Baker, consul, Buenos Ayres	1,658 91
S. H. M. Byers, consul, Zurich	3,843 64
J. A. Bridgland, consul, Havre	518 13
A. Badeau, consul-general, Havana	4,835 64
L. A. Batchelder, consul, Zanzibar	370 20
S. P. Bagley, consul, Palermo	1,798 59
H. D. Bennett, vice-consular agent, Nantes	27 50
H. C. Buffington, consul, Wallaceburg	300 00

Carried forward 36,083 40 367,382,730 33

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, &c.—Continued.

FROM CONSULAR FEES—Continued.

Brought forward.....	\$36,083 40	\$367,382,730 33
E. Beckus, vice-consul, Para.....	1,308 63	
J. M. Bailey, consul, Hamburg.....	6,517 11	
M. S. Brewer, consul-general, Berlin.....	7,943 91	
W. C. Burchard, consul, Ruatan and Truxillo.....	342 52	
S. Barnardi, vice-consul, Florence.....	154 89	
P. G. Borff, vice-consul, Naples.....	406 00	
J. C. Buck, consul, Tien-Tsin.....	26 00	
R. S. Chilton, consul, Clifton.....	332 50	
J. S. Crosby, consul, Florence.....	1,299 00	
A. B. Cobb, vice-consul-general, Calcutta.....	322 50	
H. J. Cranch, consul, St. Helena.....	225 92	
George L. Catlin, consul, Stuttgart.....	1,701 00	
A. J. Cassard, consul, Tampico.....	864 13	
J. C. Crawford, consul, Coaticook.....	700 00	
E. Conroy, consul, San Juan.....	575 65	
D. J. Crain, consul, Milan.....	1,090 00	
J. M. Q. Chavis, vice-consul, Santiago.....	51 18	
J. B. Carbo, vice-consul, Cienfuego.....	360 64	
Clews, Habicht & Co., bankers.....	12,500 00	
T. Canisius, consul, Apia.....	17 46	
G. C. Campbell, consular agent, Gaboon.....	13 38	
C. W. Drury, vice-consul, Lauthala.....	4 46	
H. W. Diman, consul, Lisbon.....	832 28	
J. T. DuBois, consul, Aix la Chapelle.....	1,680 97	
D. M. Drum, consul, Prince Edward Island.....	952 50	
A. V. Dockery, consul, Leeds.....	2,000 00	
J. W. Darrell, vice-consul, Turk's Island.....	408 46	
S. W. Dabney, consul, Fayal.....	547 75	
O. N. Denny, consul-general, Shanghai.....	4,223 22	
T. M. Dawson, consul, Apia.....	143 91	
J. C. Dutcher, consular agent, Fort Hope.....	43 28	
B. O. Duncan, consul, Naples.....	804 01	
J. Dittmer, vice-consul, Stettin.....	123 50	
P. Ewers, consul, Windsor.....	2,418 60	
D. Eckstein, consul, Amsterdam.....	2,455 27	
J. T. Edgar, late consul, Beirut.....	19 00	
L. H. Foote, consul, Valparaiso.....	172 61	
J. Farrall, consul, Bristol.....	385 00	
J. J. Flinn, consul, Chemnitz.....	3,273 16	
B. F. Farnham, consul, Bombay.....	991 52	
P. Figyelmesy, consul, Demerara.....	1,926 06	
W. G. Faye, consul general, Halifax.....	2,866 49	
N. K. Griggs, late consul, Chemnitz.....	9,388 94	
J. B. Glover, consul, Havre.....	5,681 88	
S. Goutier, consul, Cape Haytien.....	1,055 17	
W. F. Grinnell, late consul, Bremen.....	5,384 97	
G. Gerard, consul, Port Stanley.....	53 20	
W. H. Garfield, consul, Martinique.....	1,285 91	
G. W. Griffin, consul, Auckland.....	343 40	
W. E. Goldsborough, consul, Amoy.....	1,523 09	
J. B. Gould, consul, Birmingham.....	391 48	
J. Griffith, vice-consul, Smyrna.....	493 27	
J. Hutchison, vice-consul, Funchal.....	133 13	
H. C. Hall, consul-general, Havana.....	732 70	
J. W. Harper, consul, Munich.....	1,053 18	
J. Hibbard, commercial agent, Goderich.....	3,058 79	
D. K. Hobart, consul, Windsor.....	876 94	
J. F. Hazelton, consul, Genoa.....	1,680 20	
G. H. Holt, consul, Gaspé Basin.....	15 00	
W. C. Howells, consul, Toronto.....	5,620 52	
O. Hatfield, consul, Batavia.....	1,033 77	
G. E. Hoskinson, consul, Kingston.....	1,707 96	
B. Harte, consul, Glasgow.....	5,613 27	
F. Harmon, commercial agent, Stanbridge.....	299 00	
G. H. Horstman, consul, Nuremberg.....	3,859 94	
S. Hallack, vice-consul, Beirut.....	60 06	
J. A. Haldeman, late consul-general, Bangkok.....	53 00	
S. P. Hubbell, consul, St. John's.....	2,701 12	
R. Y. Holley, consul, Barbadoes.....	1,739 70	
G. H. Heap, consul-general, Constantinople.....	726 50	
J. J. Haynes, vice-consul, Nuevo Laredo.....	152 00	
J. H. Jenks, consul, Windsor.....	90 63	
J. F. Jenne, late consul, Nuevo Laredo.....	516 67	
E. R. Jones, consul, Newcastle.....	1,285 00	
A. Jourdan, consul, Algiers.....	16 50	
E. Johnson, consul, Pictou.....	199 50	
H. E. Johnston, vice-commercial agent, Goderich.....	346 30	
A. C. Jones, consul, Nagasaki.....	335 75	
P. Jones, late consul, Santa Domingo.....	574 57	
C. E. Jackson, consul, Antigua.....	343 34	
W. King, consul, Birmingham.....	5,737 43	
J. C. Kretschmar, commercial agent, San Juan del Norte.....	1,071 37	

Carried forward.....

* 166,343 02 367,382,730 33

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, &c.—Continued.

FROM CONSULAR FEES—Continued.

Brought forward	\$166,343 02	\$367,382,730 33
C. Kahls, consul, Sydney	994 44	
K. Knoch, vice-consul, Chemnitz	76 92	
Jas. Low, consul, Clifton	748 01	
E. E. Lane, consul, Tunstall	5,043 25	
J. L. Landreau, consul, Santiago de Cuba	890 90	
J. A. Lewis, consul, Sierra Leone	218 55	
F. Leland, consul, Hamilton	4,738 07	
A. C. Litchfield, late consul, Calcutta	1	
H. S. Lasar, consul, Port Stanley	22 27	
J. A. Leonard, consul, Leith	1,687 85	
A. E. Lee, consul, Frankfurt	349 95	
P. Lange, consul, St. Stephen	171 92	
G. F. Lincoln, consul, Stettin	211 00	
L. A. Lathrop, consul, Bristol	504 56	
W. Morey, consul, Ceylon	598 64	
T. J. McLain, jr., consul, Nassau	978 47	
J. S. Mosby, consul, Hong-Kong	7,700 72	
J. E. Montgomery, consul, Leipsic	3,695 00	
J. T. Mason, consul, Dresden	2,892 49	
J. H. Moore, consul, Callao	530 29	
D. A. McKinley, consul, Honolulu	7,015 98	
Morton, Rose & Co., bankers, London	270,732 18	
E. A. Merritt, consul-general, London	11,332 33	
H. C. Marston, consul, Malaga	2,175 06	
F. H. Mason, consul, Basle	3,786 97	
E. P. Mussey, consul, Mahé Seychelles	83 48	
F. A. Matthews, consul, Tangiers	40 46	
N. A. McDonald, late vice-consul-general, Bangkok	177 14	
H. Mattson, consul, Calcutta	7,681 59	
M. McDougall, consul, Dundee	208 70	
H. C. Miller, consul, Guayaquil	324 61	
A. Möller, jr., vice-consul, Valparaiso	744 24	
J. A. McKnight, consul, St. Helena	404 13	
G. F. Mosher, consul, Nice	388 50	
S. Merrill, consul, Jerusalem	18 25	
J. S. Martin, jr., consul, Marseilles	233 52	
F. Nachod, vice-consul, Lepsic	122 78	
R. S. Newton, vice-consul, St. Paul de Loando	24 01	
J. Nunn, vice-consul-general, London	4,061 83	
G. Nye, vice-consul, Stanton	1,242 00	
M. W. B. Noyes, consul, Venice	370 50	
G. H. Owen, consul, Messina	2,190 13	
E. L. Oppenheim, consul, Cadiz	1,250 03	
George Ortell, vice-consul, Sonneberg	1,558 88	
J. J. Piatt, consul, Cork	530 87	
E. H. Plumacher, consul, Maracaibo	3,746 03	
W. P. Pierce, consul, Cienfuegos	1,760 63	
B. F. Peixotto, consul, Lyons	6,524 50	
S. D. Pace, consul, Port Sarnia	1,870 18	
S. B. Packard, consul, Liverpool	16,404 23	
W. A. Prellar, vice-consul, Rio Grande do Sul	391 63	
A. C. Prindle, consul, Bahia	1,320 68	
E. P. Pellet, consul, Sabanilla	1,296 20	
P. Pels, vice-consul, Batavia	1,062 83	
T. T. Prentiss, consul, Port Louis	79 82	
B. S. Packer, consul, Sherbrooke	933 43	
F. Paul, consul, Odessa	283 50	
C. A. Phelps, consul, Prague	3,242 77	
J. S. Potter, consul, Crefeld	8,873 68	
H. Pease, consul, Santiago, Cape Verde	21 92	
La Rue Peck, consul, Fort Erie	215 00	
W. T. Rice, late consul, Leghorn	993 74	
L. Richmond, consul-general, Rome	773 50	
R. B. Robbins, commercial agent, Ottawa	4,155 96	
W. W. Robinson, consul, Tamatave	70 13	
W. W. Randall, consul, Sabanilla	2,754 17	
A. L. Russell, consul, Montevideo	1,430 03	
G. W. Roosevelt, consul, Bordeaux	4,737 41	
J. T. Robeson, consul, Tripoli	34 99	
H. B. Ryder, consul, Copenhagen	537 25	
F. W. Rice, consul, Colon	752 97	
E. Stanton, consul-general, St. Petersburg	585 50	
H. L. Slaght, consul, Prescott	1,148 10	
C. O. Shepard, consul, Bradford	1,400 00	
J. Smith, commercial agent, Nottingham	3,635 10	
E. J. Smithers, consul, Chin Kiang	742 58	
W. P. Sutton, consul, Matamoros	326 22	
W. Schoenle, consul, Barmen	4,057 84	
D. H. Strother, consul-general, Mexico	91 50	
W. Schuchardt, vice-consul, Piedras Negras	383 50	
J. H. Stewart, consul, Antwerp	4,305 21	

Carried forward

\$596,237 23 \$367,382,730 33

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, &c.—Continued.

FROM CONSULAR FEES—Continued.

Brought forward	\$596, 237 23	\$367, 382, 730
W. Simms, vice-consul, Belfast	1, 623 26	
L. Sekeles, vice-consul, Prague	170 33	
R. J. Saxe, consul, St. John's	62 43	
H. J. Spragne, consul, Gibraltar	450 00	
A. G. Studer, consul, Singapore	2, 232 92	
S. P. Stearns, consul-general, Montreal	4, 855 45	
J. W. Siler, consul, Cape Town	434 09	
E. M. Smith, consul, Mannheim	2, 232 50	
A. D. Shaw, consul, Manchester	7, 683 10	
I. F. Shepard, consul, Hankow	1, 259 56	
V. V. Smith, consul, St. Thomas	808 65	
O. M. Spencer, consul-general, Melbourne	1, 221 33	
J. Stahel, consul, Osaka and Hiogo	3, 378 82	
S. P. Saunders, vice consul, Nassau	234 85	
E. Stevens, consul, Ningpo	159 03	
S. Spackman, consul, Cologne	1, 960 29	
W. W. Sikes, consul, Cardiff	1, 993 36	
L. D. Syle, consul, Funchal	158 00	
J. A. Sutter, jr., consul, Acapulco	1, 059 97	
S. H. Smith, consul, Nuevo Laredo	702 00	
F. H. Schenck, consul, Barcelona	263 50	
W. E. Stevens, consul, Suva	871 00	
N. K. Sawyer, consul, Turk's Island	321 46	
C. Seymour, consul, Canton	644 12	
W. E. Sibell, vice-commercial agent, San Juan del Norte	31 23	
M. H. Twitchell, consul, Kingston	2, 010 50	
R. W. Turpin, vice-consul, Panama	4, 542 05	
W. Thomson, consul, Southampton	198 50	
A. W. Thayer, consul, Trieste	1, 223 17	
J. W. Taylor, consul, Winnipeg	324 01	
T. M. Terry, consul, Santiago, Cape Verde	41 97	
H. A. Taylor, consul, Marseilles	3, 641 90	
B. Tzschuck, consul, Vera Cruz	2, 362 91	
S. T. Trowbridge, consul, Vera Cruz	120 16	
J. Thorington, consul, Colon	1, 922 84	
R. D. Tucker, vice-consul, Manilla	103 73	
J. Turner, consul, Amherstberg	1, 116 00	
George C. Tanner, consul, Verviers and Liege	2, 243 60	
O. V. Tousley, consul, Trieste	1, 293 17	
J. H. Volkman, consul, Odessa	3 50	
F. Vogeler, consul, Frankfurt	4, 448 06	
J. T. Van Ingen, consul, Talcahuano	316 29	
T. B. Van Buren, consul, Kanagawa	6, 885 87	
J. E. Varick, consul, Apia	94 88	
D. Vickers, consul, Matanzas	3, 694 31	
A. Van Camp, commercial agent, Lanthala	75 77	
J. F. Valls, vice-consul, Matanzas	152 32	
J. R. Weaver, consul-general, Vienna	7, 089 02	
J. G. Willson, late consul, Jerusalem	10 75	
John Wilson, consul, Brussels	2, 975 78	
George Walker, consul-general, Paris	21, 381 91	
J. N. Wasson, consul, Quebec	377 03	
J. M. Wilson, consul, Bremen	3, 642 15	
A. Willard, consul, Guaymas	957 00	
A. B. Wood, consul, Belfast	7, 112 04	
Thomas Wilson, commercial agent, Nantes	507 50	
D. B. Warner, consul, St. John	2, 444 25	
R. O. Williams, vice-consul-general, Havana	8, 804 14	
M. B. Wharton, consul, Sonneberg	1, 797 19	
J. C. A. Wingate, consul, Swatow	438 90	
J. F. Winter, consul, Rotterdam	2, 576 39	
C. B. Webster, consul, Sheffield	4, 118 72	
W. B. Wells, consul, Dundee	4, 128 10	
C. M. Wood, deputy consul-general, Rome	71 00	
G. L. Washington, vice-consul, Matanzas	194 85	
R. M. Whitney, consul, Tamatave	42 11	
W. L. Welsh, consul, Florence	1, 233 04	
E. A. Youngs, late vice-consul, Manila	375 00	
J. C. Zuck, consul, Tien Tsin	368 97	

FROM STEAMBOAT FEES.

J. A. P. Allen, collector, New Bedford, Mass	303 35
R. Armstrong, collector, Dubuque, Iowa	821 65
W. L. Ashmore, collector, Burlington, N. J	139 60
I. S. Adams, collector, Frenchman's Bay, Me	103 10
A. W. Bash, collector, Puget Sound, Wash	1, 631 48
G. E. Bowden, collector, Norfolk, Va	2, 637 60
A. J. Biers, collector, New Haven, Conn	918 75
J. Brady, jr., collector, Fall River, Mass	947 40
D. V. Bell, collector, Detroit, Mich	4, 791 75

Carried forward

12, 294 68 368, 121, 182 16

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, &c.—Continued.

FROM STEAMBOAT FEES—Continued.

Brought forward.....	\$12,294 68	\$368,121,182 16
W. A. Baldwin, collector, Newark, N. J.....	628 35	
J. W. Burke, collector, Mobile, Ala.....	1,350 30	
J. B. Battelle, collector, Miami, Ohio.....	603 20	
J. Bookwalter, collector, Minnesota, Minn.....	456 10	
A. S. Badger, collector, New Orleans, La.....	7,322 30	
M. R. Barr, late collector, Erie, Pa.....	967 58	
C. H. Baldwin, late collector, Charleston, S. C.....	1 00	
A. H. Black, collector, Wheeling, W. Va.....	3,322 70	
W. W. Bowers, late collector, San Diego, Cal.....	75 00	
F. J. Babson, collector, Gloucester, Mass.....	150 00	
W. F. Brown, acting collector, Perth Amboy, N. Y.....	151 70	
C. Borner, collector, Galena, Ill.....	665 65	
J. Collins, collector, Bristol, R. I.....	200 00	
J. H. Cozzens, collector, Newport, R. I.....	543 70	
B. C. Cook, collector, Richmond, Va.....	413 60	
J. C. Crowell, collector, Kansas City, Mo.....	50 65	
T. F. Cassells, collector, Memphis, Tenn.....	313 75	
J. Campbell, collector, Omaha, Neb.....	622 35	
D. G. Carr, collector, Petersburg, Va.....	75 00	
J. F. Dravo, collector, Pittsburgh, Pa.....	4,936 90	
D. F. Davis, collector, Bangor, Me.....	25 00	
S. Dodge, collector, Marblehead, Mass.....	25 00	
W. H. Daniels, collector, Oswegatchie, N. Y.....	354 05	
A. C. Davis, collector, Beaufort, N. C.....	25 00	
F. N. Dow, collector, Portland, Me.....	702 30	
J. H. Elmer, collector, Bridgeton, N. J.....	130 90	
M. A. Edgar, collector, Perth Amboy, N. J.....	75 00	
J. H. Evans, special agent, Wilmington, Cal.....	25 10	
J. W. Fuller, collector, Miami, Ohio.....	302 00	
W. R. Finch, collector, La Crosse, Wis.....	1,050 80	
J. K. Faulkner, collector, Louisville, Ky.....	1,964 85	
G. Frazee, collector, Burlington, N. J.....	880 15	
C. Fisher, collector, Cairo, Ill.....	1,111 15	
H. P. Farrow, collector, Brunswick, Ga.....	279 05	
B. Flagler, collector, Niagara, N. Y.....	64 05	
J. Gilchrist, late collector, Wheeling, W. Va.....	346 00	
C. A. Gould, collector, Buffalo, N. Y.....	8,369 49	
J. H. Gray, collector, Alexandria, Va.....	350 00	
J. L. Gasten, collector, Chattanooga, Tenn.....	371 15	
F. B. Goss, collector, Barnstable, Mass.....	50 00	
G. W. Howe, collector, Cuyahoga, Ohio.....	4,539 25	
C. Harris, collector, Providence, R. I.....	762 85	
J. S. Hanover, collector, Fairfield, Conn.....	598 30	
A. W. Hall, collector, Milwaukee, Wis.....	4,283 05	
W. H. Huse, collector, Newburyport, Mass.....	376 20	
A. F. Howard, collector, Portsmouth, N. H.....	300 00	
E. Hopkins, collector, Saint John's, Fla.....	357 00	
C. H. Houghton, collector, Perth Amboy, N. J.....	428 05	
J. F. Hartranft, collector, Philadelphia, Pa.....	8,957 80	
W. M. Haycock, collector, Passamaquoddy, Me.....	234 10	
J. D. Hopkins, collector, Frenchman's Bay, Me.....	175 00	
J. W. Howells, collector, Fernandina, Fla.....	25 00	
T. A. Henry, collector, Pamlico, N. C.....	402 35	
Wm. Hartsuff, collector, Huron, Mich.....	1,990 05	
T. S. Hodson, collector, Eastern Maryland.....	50 00	
E. Higgins, collector, Saint John's, Fla.....	942 35	
J. Hurst, collector, Saint Mark's, Fla.....	312 05	
J. L. Haynes, collector, Brazos, Tex.....	62 25	
G. Holmes, collector, Beaufort, S. C.....	100 00	
H. F. Heriot, collector, Georgetown, S. C.....	231 50	
I. Hacker, collector, Southern Oregon.....	175 25	
T. Ireland, collector, Annapolis, Md.....	50 00	
T. B. Johnston, collector, Charleston, S. C.....	1,022 05	
S. M. Johnson, collector, Corpus Christi, Tex.....	106 80	
T. F. Johnston, collector, Savannah, Ga.....	1,550 80	
J. C. Jewell, collector, Evansville, Ind.....	1,631 90	
J. R. Jolley, collector, Teche, La.....	922 30	
J. M. Kercheval, collector, Nashville, Tenn.....	189 10	
H. A. Kennedy, collector, Waldoborough, Me.....	153 30	
J. J. Lamoree, collector, Oswego, N. Y.....	676 10	
W. Lowen, collector, Sag Harbor, N. Y.....	464 45	
I. Lord, collector, Saco, Me.....	102 70	
G. Leavett, collector, Machias, Me.....	152 75	
D. E. Lyon, collector, Dubuque, Iowa.....	345 60	
J. A. Luby, collector, Albany, N. Y.....	3,975 45	
J. D. Merriman, collector, Oregon, Oreg.....	638 60	
A. G. Malloy, collector, Galveston, Tex.....	1,060 80	
L. M. Merrill, collector, Portland, Me.....	639 65	
E. McMurtrie, collector, Minnesota, Minn.....	1,253 90	
D. McLaughlin, collector, Michigan, Mich.....	4,699 25	
D. W. McClung, collector, Cincinnati, Ohio.....	3,819 25	

Carried forward.....

100,402 70 368,121,182 16

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, &c.—Continued.

FROM STEAMBOAT FEES—Continued.

Brought forward.....	\$100,402 70	\$368,121,182 16
W. G. Morris, collector, Alaska, Alaska.....	25 00	
W. C. Marshall, collector, Belfast, Me.....	125 00	
A. Newburger, collector, Natchez, Miss.....	75 00	
C. Y. Osburn, collector, Superior, Mich.....	1,753 80	
C. H. Odell, collector, Salem, Mass.....	55 00	
A. Putnam, collector, Middletown, Conn.....	731 60	
E. J. Pennypacker, collector, Wilmington, N. C.....	514 05	
C. Rude, collector, Sandusky, Ohio.....	831 30	
W. H. Robertson, collector, New York, N. Y.....	27,729 08	
S. H. Ritch, collector, Port Jefferson, N. Y.....	77 05	
C. E. Robinson, collector, Albemarle, N. C.....	620 40	
W. N. S. Sanders, collector, Albany, N. Y.....	1,463 35	
F. N. Shurtliff, collector, Willamette, Oreg.....	3,005 20	
W. J. Smith, collector, Memphis, Tenn.....	2,848 01	
J. S. Smith, collector, Bangor, Me.....	185 20	
W. H. Sargent, collector, Castine, Me.....	50 00	
J. P. Sanborn, collector, Huron, Mich.....	2,135 90	
V. Smith, collector, Duluth, Minn.....	671 75	
J. Spalding, collector, Chicago, Ill.....	5,247 30	
G. St. Gem, collector, Saint Louis, Mo.....	923 45	
S. M. Sawyer, collector, Apalachicola, Fla.....	424 20	
E. L. Sullivan, collector, San Francisco, Cal.....	7,454 00	
G. Stiles, collector, Vicksburg, Miss.....	125 00	
W. T. Simpson, collector, Genesee, N. Y.....	175 00	
J. Shepard, collector, Saint Mary's, Ga.....	25 00	
G. B. Sawyer, collector, Wiscasset, Me.....	50 00	
J. W. Short, collector, Vicksburg, Miss.....	672 15	
J. A. Tibbetts, collector, New London, Conn.....	2,232 50	
L. Thompson, collector, Delaware, Del.....	1,374 25	
A. Tibbetts, collector, Paso del Norte, N. Mex.....	61 20	
H. N. Trumbull, collector, Stonington, Conn.....	601 30	
J. M. Tarble, collector, Pensacola, Fla.....	402 70	
George Toy, collector, Cherrystone, Va.....	50 00	
C. Van Cleve, collector, Yaquina, Oreg.....	35 50	
A. Wolff, collector, Nashville, Tenn.....	340 85	
W. Wells, collector, Vermont, Vt.....	715 00	
J. H. Wilson, collector, Georgetown, D. C.....	840 70	
E. H. Webster, collector, Baltimore, Md.....	6,643 20	
G. W. Warren, collector, Cape Vincent, N. Y.....	726 65	
R. Worthington, collector, Boston, Mass.....	4,300 85	
D. Wann, collector, Galena, Ill.....	311 55	
J. W. Wakefield, collector, Bath, Me.....	1,046 75	
C. M. Whitney, collector, Saint Louis, Mo.....	5,739 55	
F. N. Wicker, collector, Key West, Fla.....	193 25	
F. E. Witsell, collector, Saint Augustine, Fla.....	77 15	
C. B. Watson, collector, Southern Oregon.....	100 00	

184,188 44

FROM REGISTERS AND RECEIVERS' FEES.

J. H. Allen, receiver of public moneys, Fergus Falls, Minn.....	10,504 82
W. J. Anderson, receiver of public moneys, Grand Forks, Dak.....	39,378 70
W. Anyan, receiver of public moneys, Grand Island, Neb.....	29,548 53
J. M. Adams, receiver of public moneys, Yakima, Wash.....	2,612 35
W. K. Burchnell, receiver of public moneys, Leadville, Col.....	10,550 14
W. M. Burwell, receiver of public moneys, New Orleans, La.....	8,479 92
C. A. Brastow, receiver of public moneys, Del Norte, Colo.....	4,675 00
H. O. Beatty, receiver of public moneys, Sacramento, Cal.....	9,541 49
H. Barber, Jr., receiver of public moneys, Mitchell, Dak.....	101,705 21
T. Boles, receiver of public moneys, Dardanelle, Ark.....	571 80
H. Booth, receiver of public moneys, Larned, Kans.....	23,758 77
L. J. Best, receiver of public moneys, Kirwin, Kans.....	4,241 00
F. J. Burton, receiver of public moneys, East Saginaw, Mich.....	491 62
E. M. Brown, receiver of public moneys, Bismarck, Dak.....	8,874 25
J. V. Bogert, receiver of public moneys, Bozeman, Mont.....	4,203 65
E. Ballou, receiver of public moneys, Helena, Mont.....	14,646 73
C. N. Baird, receiver of public moneys, Lincoln, Neb.....	1,498 56
W. H. Bailhache, receiver of public moneys, Santa Fé, N. Mex.....	18,149 75
S. W. Brown, receiver of public moneys, Vancouver, Wash.....	5,992 55
M. M. Bane, receiver of public moneys, Salt Lake, Utah.....	14,405 00
V. W. Bayless, receiver of public moneys, Eau Claire, Wis.....	4,677 29
G. B. Brooks, receiver of public moneys, East Saginaw, Mich.....	1,718 55
L. T. Crane, receiver of public moneys, Marysville, Cal.....	5,194 04
C. H. Chamberlain, receiver of public moneys, San Francisco, Cal.....	22,231 66
E. P. Champlin, receiver of public moneys, Deadwood, Dak.....	9,417 98
G. H. Crumb, receiver of public moneys, Ironton, Mo.....	6,503 16
E. S. Crocker, receiver of public moneys, Evanston, Wyo.....	1,109 00
C. E. Chandler, receiver of public moneys, Oberlin, Kans.....	6,350 20
J. G. Chandler, receiver of public moneys, Yankton, Dak.....	11,574 38
H. Carpenter, receiver of public moneys, Eureka, Nev.....	1,450 00
H. S. Cunningham, receiver of public moneys, Salina, Kans.....	4,161 58
G. B. Curry, receiver of public moneys, La Grande, Oreg.....	18,753 66

Carried forward.....

406,971 34 368,305,370 60

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, &c.—Continued.

FROM REGISTERS AND RECEIVERS' FEES—Continued.

Brought forward	\$406,971 34	\$368,305,370 60
W. Callon, receiver of public moneys, Wausau, Wis.	3,676 98	
S. Cooper, receiver of public moneys, Humboldt, Cal.	9,921 30	
A. Dobrowsky, receiver of public moneys, Shasta, Cal.	5,381 40	
J. Dumars, receiver of public moneys, Springfield, Mo.	12,088 79	
C. E. Dailey, receiver of public moneys, Tucson, Ariz.	3,687 55	
J. L. Dyer, receiver of public moneys, Wichita, Kans.	10,023 09	
A. W. Eaton, receiver of public moneys, Oxford, Idaho.	6,213 79	
J. C. Fullerton, receiver of public moneys, Roseburg, Oreg.	7,436 85	
J. M. Farland, receiver of public moneys, Detroit, Mich.	305 72	
M. H. Fitch, receiver of public moneys, Pueblo, Colo.	21,645 18	
G. B. Folsom, receiver of public moneys, Taylor's Falls, Minn.	1,709 70	
W. H. Francis, receiver of public moneys, Bismarck, Dak.	33,504 79	
H. H. Griffiths, receiver of public moneys, Des Moines, Iowa.	2,641 83	
W. M. Garvey, receiver of public moneys, Cheyenne, Wyo.	5,527 59	
E. C. Gearey, receiver of public moneys, Fargo, Dak.	18,900 00	
C. H. Gould, receiver of public moneys, Miles City, Mont.	3,347 11	
J. W. Haverstick, receiver of public moneys, Los Angeles, Cal.	8,864 30	
E. W. Henderson, receiver of public moneys, Central City, Colo.	6,696 69	
A. Hughes, receiver of public moneys, Yankton, Dak.	28,146 26	
L. Hanback, receiver of public moneys, Salina, Kans.	8,103 98	
R. R. Hays, receiver of public moneys, Kirwin, Kans.	26,877 19	
W. B. Heriott, receiver of public moneys, Redwood Falls, Minn.	4,215 42	
J. T. Hull, receiver of public moneys, Jackson, Miss.	2,183 00	
C. B. Hickman, receiver of public moneys, Lake City, Colo.	1,813 50	
B. E. Hutchinson, receiver of public moneys, Aberdeen, Dak.	43,500 00	
W. S. Hickox, receiver of public moneys, Durango, Colo.	3,126 33	
E. J. Jenkins, receiver of public moneys, Concordia, Kans.	7,620 41	
J. H. Jones, receiver of public moneys, Menasha, Wis.	1,848 57	
M. Krebs, receiver of public moneys, Boise City, Idaho.	6,961 50	
J. Knox, receiver of public moneys, Lake View, Oreg.	1,871 50	
A. N. Kimball, receiver of public moneys, Jackson, Miss.	14,627 00	
C. E. Kelsey, receiver of public moneys, Little Rock, Ark.	7,812 63	
A. E. Lemee, receiver of public moneys, Natchitoches, La.	3,359 05	
T. Lindsey, receiver of public moneys, Visalia, Cal.	7,030 42	
J. Lind, receiver of public moneys, Tracy, Minn.	4,688 87	
W. B. Lambert, receiver of public moneys, Neligh, Nebr.	16,709 34	
H. S. Lovejoy, receiver of public moneys, Niobrara, Nebr.	12,975 37	
G. Lount, receiver of public moneys, Prescott, Ariz.	1,263 37	
R. Lowrey, receiver of public moneys, Huron, Dak.	110,917 61	
T. J. Leonard, receiver of public moneys, Gunnison, Ark.	842 52	
G. W. Meylert, receiver of public moneys, Susanville, Cal.	2,055 00	
W. H. C. Mitchell, receiver of public moneys, Reed City, Mich.	3,187 63	
W. B. Mitchell, receiver of public moneys, Saint Cloud, Minn.	8,296 27	
R. W. Montgomery, receiver of public moneys, Bloomington, Nebr.	14,439 67	
M. Marks, receiver of public moneys, New Orleans, La.	1,869 39	
R. J. Monroe, receiver of public moneys, Lewiston, Idaho.	7,402 28	
A. O. Marsh, receiver of public moneys, Vancouver, Wash.	2,003 70	
F. C. McFarland, Commissioner General Land Office.	124 43	
P. H. McNulty, receiver of public moneys, Booneville, Mo.	3,078 26	
J. F. Nason, receiver of public moneys, Falls of Saint Croix, Wis.	2,631 01	
H. Z. Osborne, receiver of public moneys, Bodie, Cal.	851 50	
O. Perrin, receiver of public moneys, Stockton, Cal.	7,907 14	
T. M. Pugh, receiver of public moneys, Fargo, Dak.	58,834 53	
A. C. Phillips, receiver of public moneys, Harrison, Ark.	14,468 09	
W. H. Pilkenton, receiver of public moneys, Wakeeney, Kans.	12,976 77	
J. G. Pilsbury, receiver of public moneys, Oregon City, Oreg.	1,885 24	
T. H. Pressnell, receiver of public moneys, Duluth, Minn.	1,105 05	
H. R. Pease, receiver of public moneys, Watertown, Dak.	116,262 00	
S. Parker, receiver of public moneys, Niobrara, Nebr.	8,795 72	
C. D. Peck, receiver of public moneys, Lake City, Colo.	122 00	
G. Ritchey, receiver of public moneys, Booneville, Mo.	155 21	
J. F. Rollins, receiver of public moneys, Gainesville, Fla.	24,795 23	
A. Reed, receiver of public moneys, Walla Walla, Wash.	12,893 68	
H. D. Root, receiver of public moneys, Lincoln, Nebr.	1,769 14	
V. Randa, receiver of public moneys, Niobrara, Nebr.	17,938 76	
R. G. Stuart, receiver of public moneys, Olympia, Wash.	28,045 73	
P. J. Strobach, receiver of public moneys, Montgomery, Ala.	13,598 54	
H. W. Stone, receiver of public moneys, Benson, Minn.	6,737 10	
P. C. Slettin, receiver of public moneys, Crookston, Minn.	30,191 46	
E. L. Salisbury, receiver of public moneys, Leadville, Col.	1,400 00	
C. H. Smith, receiver of public moneys, Worthington, Minn.	5,707 39	
T. J. Sherwood, receiver of public moneys, Marysville, Cal.	815 30	
S. W. Sherfey, receiver of public moneys, La Mesilla, N. Mex.	8,929 56	
E. B. Sanders, receiver of public moneys, Wausau, Wis.	1,343 40	
W. H. Somers, receiver of public moneys, Beatrice, Nebr.	1,664 00	
W. W. Spalding, receiver of public moneys, Duluth, Minn.	3,370 57	
S. T. Thomson, receiver of public moneys, Denver, Colo.	13,772 08	
J. Taffe, receiver of public moneys, North Platte, Nebr.	22,886 64	
C. N. Thomberry, receiver of public moneys, The Dalles, Oreg.	14,618 85	
W. H. Tancré, receiver of public moneys, Huntsville, Ala.	13,755 30	
A. A. Tufts, receiver of public moneys, Camden, Ark.	8,830 46	

Carried forward

1,386,661 92 368,305,370 60

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, &c.—Continued.

FROM REGISTERS AND RECEIVERS' FEES—Continued.

Brought forward.....	\$1,386,661 92	\$368,305,370 60
J. Ulrich, receiver of public moneys, La Crosse, Wis.....	1,557 32	
S. C. Wright, receiver of public moneys, Carson, Nev.....	1,138 00	
J. M. Wilkinson, receiver of public moneys, Marquette, Mich.....	5,851 35	
H. M. Waters, receiver of public moneys, Independence, Kans.....	2,571 34	
I. H. Wing, receiver of public moneys, Bayfield, Wis.....	5,010 32	
W. W. Watts, receiver of public moneys, Oregon City, Oreg.....	9,226 22	
W. C. Willets, receiver of public moneys, Denver, Colo.....	2,789 88	
J. L. Wilson, receiver of public moneys, Colfax, Wash.....	27,678 77	
H. A. Wilson, receiver of public moneys, Montgomery, Ala.....	1,552 19	
G. W. Watson, receiver of public moneys, Topeka, Kans.....	1,035 54	
Z. L. Wise, receiver of public moneys, Dardanelle, Ark.....	7,082 19	
L. G. Wilcox, receiver of public moneys, Detroit, Mich.....	547 22	
F. G. Ward, receiver of public moneys, Susanville, Cal.....	2,035 00	

1,454,737 26

FROM MARINE HOSPITAL TAX.

J. A. P. Allen, collector, New Bedford, Mass.....	1,147 44	
W. L. Ashmore, collector, Burlington, N. J.....	577 86	
R. Armstrong, collector, Dubuque, Iowa.....	1,016 04	
I. S. Adams, collector, Great Egg Harbor, N. J.....	1,264 40	
F. J. Babson, collector, Gloucester, Mass.....	707 77	
A. H. Beach, collector, Wheeling, W. Va.....	4,525 79	
J. W. Burke, collector, Mobile, Ala.....	3,712 47	
W. W. Bowers, collector, San Diego, Cal.....	702 06	
A. S. Badger, collector, New Orleans, La.....	15,118 17	
A. J. Beers, collector, New Haven, Conn.....	3,688 84	
J. Brady, jr., collector, Fall River, Mass.....	1,819 63	
D. V. Bell, collector, Detroit, Mich.....	7,342 08	
W. A. Baldwin, collector, Newark, N. J.....	1,139 19	
M. R. Barr, collector, Erie, Pa.....	1,752 87	
G. E. Bowden, collector, Norfolk, Va.....	6,293 48	
A. W. Bash, collector, Puget Sound, Wash.....	6,274 29	
J. D. Bowie, collector, Petersburg, Va.....	34 90	
W. F. Brown, acting collector, Perth Amboy, N. J.....	1,091 94	
J. Bookwalter, collector, Minnesota, Minn.....	378 42	
E. A. Bragdon, collector, York, Me.....	14 60	
M. D. Ball, collector, Alaska, Alaska.....	179 03	
J. R. Brierly, special agent, Wilmington, Cal.....	296 79	
C. Borner, collector, Galena, Ill.....	535 74	
J. B. Battelle, collector, Miami, Ohio.....	562 26	
J. Campbell, collector, Omaha, Nebr.....	811 03	
B. C. Cook, collector, Richmond, Va.....	1,263 08	
D. G. Carr, collector, Petersburg, Va.....	144 42	
T. F. Cassells, collector, Memphis, Tenn.....	437 52	
J. H. Cozzens, collector, Newport, R. I.....	871 83	
R. C. Crowell, collector, Kansas City, Mo.....	83 40	
J. Collins, collector, Bristol, R. I.....	200 54	
H. De B. Clay, collector, Yorktown, Va.....	162 90	
W. H. Daniels, collector, Oswegatchie, N. Y.....	328 60	
A. C. Davis, collector, Beaufort, S. C.....	536 54	
S. H. Doten, collector, Plymouth, Mass.....	160 34	
J. F. Dravo, collector, Pittsburgh, Pa.....	6,953 92	
D. F. Davis, collector, Bangor, Me.....	673 52	
F. N. Dow, collector, Portland, Me.....	1,805 51	
S. Dodge, collector, Marblehead, Mass.....	151 10	
J. H. Elmer, collector, Bridgeton, N. J.....	2,977 59	
J. F. Evans, special agent, Wilmington, Cal.....	86 83	
M. A. Edgar, collector, Perth Amboy, N. J.....	1,511 51	
George Frazee, collector, Burlington, N. J.....	949 42	
George Fisher, collector, Cairo, Ill.....	1,316 85	
H. P. Farrow, collector, Brunswick, Ga.....	1,013 92	
J. K. Faulkner, collector, Louisville, Ky.....	2,188 17	
J. W. Fuller, collector, Miami, Ohio.....	255 91	
W. R. Finch, collector, La Crosse, Wis.....	2,042 03	
B. Flagler, collector, Niagara, N. Y.....	148 94	
J. H. Grey, collector, Alexandria, Va.....	941 80	
F. B. Goss, collector, Barnstable, Mass.....	1,868 49	
C. A. Gould, collector, Buffalo, N. Y.....	5,088 50	
J. L. Gasten, collector, Chattanooga, Tenn.....	590 49	
J. Gilchrist, collector, Wheeling, W. Va.....	189 38	
E. Higgins, collector, Saint John's, Fla.....	2,307 03	
S. S. Hodson, collector, Eastern Maryland.....	5,298 50	
T. A. Henry, collector, Panlico, N. C.....	1,306 95	
G. Holmes, collector, Beaufort, S. C.....	434 62	
J. W. Howell, collector, Fernandina, Fla.....	420 86	
J. Hirst, collector, Saint Mark's, Fla.....	780 25	
C. H. Houghton, collector, Perth Amboy, N. Y.....	1,758 52	
J. F. Hartranft, collector, Philadelphia, Pa.....	18,995 99	
J. D. Hopkins, collector, Frenchman's Bay, Me.....	1,316 83	
W. M. Haycock, collector, Passamaquoddy, Me.....	2,480 54	

Carried forward.....

130,979 83 369,760,107 86

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, &c.—Continued.

FROM MARINE HOSPITAL TAX—Continued.

Brought forward	\$130,979 83	\$269,760, 107 86
W. Hartsuff, collector, Huron, Mich	3,419 03	
J. L. Haynes, collector, Brazos, Tex	143 59	
W. G. Henderson, collector, Pearl River, Miss	2,120 04	
I. Hacker, collector, Southern Oregon	276 57	
J. S. Hanover, collector, Fairfield, Conn	1,774 65	
W. H. Huse, collector, Newburyport, Mass	257 55	
A. F. Howard, collector, Portsmouth, N. H	463 14	
G. W. Howe, collector, Cuyahoga, Ohio	4,477 50	
C. Harris, collector, Providence, R. I.	2,567 14	
A. W. Hall, collector, Milwaukee, Wis	6,043 18	
H. F. Heriot, collector, Georgetown, S. C.	651 92	
W. P. Hiller, collector, Nantucket, Mass	158 23	
F. C. Humphreys, collector, Pensacola, Fla.	83 62	
E. Hopkins, collector, Saint John's Fla	651 69	
T. Ireland, collector, Annapolis, Md	1,078 76	
H. L. Jones, collector, Oswegatchie, N. Y	37 18	
J. R. Jolley, collector, Teche, La	1,743 91	
T. F. Johnston, collector, Savannah, Ga	2,643 23	
J. C. Jewell, collector, Evansville, Ind	2,725 97	
T. B. Johnston, collector, Charleston, S. C	3,662 47	
J. W. Johnston, collector, Yorktown, Va	761 28	
S. M. Johnson, collector, Corpus Christi, Tex	333 96	
G. A. Johnson, collector, San Diego, Cal	164 83	
H. A. Kennedy, collector, Waldoborough, Me	2,381 23	
J. M. Kercheval, collector, Nashville, Tenn	204 40	
P. P. Kidder, collector, Dunkirk, N. Y	16 48	
George Leavett, collector, Machias, Me	912 08	
W. Lowen, collector, Sag Harbor, N. Y	928 08	
D. E. Lyon, collector, Dubuque, Iowa	190 75	
J. J. Lamoree, collector, Oswego, N. Y	995 97	
H. Lawson, collector, Eastern Maryland	1,065 43	
J. A. Lubex, collector, Albany, N. Y	2,636 25	
I. Lord, collector, Saco, Me	122 62	
E. T. Moore, collector, Patchogue, N. Y	597 86	
S. Moffett, collector, Champlain, N. Y	288 21	
G. W. Mathis, collector, Little Egg Harbor, N. J	690 28	
W. C. Marshall, collector, Belfast, Me	1,289 61	
D. W. McClung, collector, Cincinnati, Ohio	9,215 39	
L. M. Morrill, collector, Portland, Me	2,107 00	
C. B. Marchant, collector, Edgartown, Mass	375 40	
D. McLaughlin, collector, Michigan, Mich	4,471 24	
J. D. Merriman, collector, Oregon, Oreg	1,619 35	
A. G. Malloy, collector, Galveston, Tex	3,082 80	
E. McMurtrie, collector, Minnesota, Minn	1,564 82	
J. B. Mitchell, collector, Yorktown, Va	319 74	
W. G. Morris, collector, Alaska, Alaska	293 07	
A. J. Murat, collector, Apalachicola, Fla	85 88	
A. Newburger, collector, Natchez, Miss	129 60	
C. H. Odell, collector, Salem, Mass	509 26	
C. Y. Osburn, collector, Superior, Mich	974 17	
E. J. Pennypacker, collector, Wilmington, N. C	1,691 58	
W. H. Pratt, collector, Humboldt, Cal	50 10	
A. Putnam, collector, Middletown, Conn	1,618 01	
J. L. Pearce, collector, Machias, Me	357 81	
N. Plato, collector, Corpus Christi, Tex	229 40	
S. H. Ritch, collector, Port Jefferson, N. Y	815 05	
W. H. Robertson, collector, New York, N. Y	70,079 92	
C. Rude, collector, Sandusky, Ohio	1,271 25	
C. E. Robinson, collector, Albemarle, N. C	959 08	
W. H. Sargent, collector, Castine, Me	1,135 84	
J. W. Sargent, collector, Kennebunk, Me	72 00	
G. B. Sawyer, collector, Wiscasset, Me	467 35	
V. Smith, collector, Duluth, Minn	212 86	
J. Spalding, collector, Chicago, Ill	7,595 31	
J. W. Short, collector, Vicksburg, Miss	1,650 67	
E. L. Sullivan, collector, San Francisco, Cal	30,682 44	
J. S. Smith, collector, Bangor, Me	878 59	
J. P. Sanborn, collector, Huron, Mich	1,711 62	
W. J. Smith, collector, Memphis, Tenn	5,342 66	
J. Shepard, collector, St. Mary's, Ga	70 43	
S. M. Sawyer, collector, Apalachicola, Fla	1,044 45	
W. T. Simpson, collector, Genesee, N. Y	174 08	
W. N. S. Sanders, collector, Albany, N. Y	2,317 06	
G. St. Gem, collector, St. Louis, Mo	1,890 95	
G. Stiles, collector, Vicksburg, Miss	952 58	
F. N. Shurtliff, collector, Willamette, N. Y	5,050 51	
J. W. Tarble, collector, Pensacola, Fla	2,110 54	
J. A. Tibbetts, collector, New London, Conn	2,090 45	
L. Thompson, collector, Delaware, Del	2,946 52	
George Toy, collector, Cherrystone, Va	2,278 37	
H. N. Trumbull, collector, Stonington, Conn	1,307 50	

Carried forward

353,341 22 369,760, 107 86

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, &c.—Continued.

FROM MARINE HOSPITAL TAX—Continued.

Brought forward.....	\$353,341 22	\$369,760, 107 86
B. Upton, jr., collector, Tappahannock, Va.....	1,068 61	
C. Von Cleve, collector, Yaquina, Oreg.....	9 60	
F. A. Vaughan, collector, Saluria, Tex.....	273 54	
J. H. Wilson, collector, Georgetown, D. C.....	1,941 66	
E. H. Webster, collector, Baltimore, Md.....	24,600 94	
G. W. Warren, collector, Cape Vincent, N. Y.....	294 55	
R. Worthington, collector, Boston, Mass.....	17,407 16	
J. W. Wakefield, collector, Bath, Me.....	2,309 98	
C. M. Whitney, collector, St. Louis, Mo.....	9,690 83	
A. Woolf, collector, Nashville, Tenn.....	835 33	
W. Wells, collector, Vermont, Vt.....	277 74	
F. N. Wicker, collector, Key West, Fla.....	3,323 30	
F. E. Witsell, collector, Saint Augustine, Fla.....	43 79	
J. A. Watson, collector, Humboldt, Cal.....	321 66	
D. Wann, collector, Galena, Ill.....	57 02	
C. B. Watson, collector, Southern Oregon.....	148 87	

415,945 80

FROM LABOR, DRAYAGE, AND STORAGE.

A. S. Badger, collector, New Orleans, La.....	738 33	
J. W. Burke, collector, Mobile, Ala.....	178 20	
D. V. Bell, collector, Detroit, Mich.....	1,095 00	
J. Bookwalter, collector, Minnesota, Minn.....	25 50	
W. H. Daniels, collector, Oswegatchie, N. Y.....	36 00	
J. F. Dravo, collector, Pittsburgh, Pa.....	546 35	
F. N. Dow, collector, Portland, Me.....	1,457 07	
J. K. Faulkner, collector, Louisville, Ky.....	338 32	
C. A. Gould, collector, Buffalo, N. Y.....	165 30	
J. L. Haynes, collector, Brazos, Tex.....	3,379 65	
J. F. Hartranft, collector, Philadelphia, Pa.....	4,963 43	
G. W. Howe, collector, Cuyahoga, Ohio.....	549 60	
C. Harris, collector, Providence, R. I.....	761 18	
S. M. Johnson, collector, Corpus Christi, Tex.....	2,320 15	
T. B. Johnston, collector, Charleston, S. C.....	225 01	
H. L. Jones, collector, Oswegatchie, N. Y.....	36 00	
T. F. Johnson, collector, Savannah, Ga.....	46 35	
J. M. Kercheval, collector, Nashville, Tenn.....	27 44	
J. J. Lamoree, collector, Oswego, N. Y.....	3,143 50	
D. W. McClung, collector, Cincinnati, Ohio.....	3,248 49	
L. M. Morrill, collector, Portland, Me.....	1,718 94	
E. McMurtrie, collector, Minnesota, Minn.....	112 70	
A. G. Malloy, collector, Galveston, Tex.....	4,498 01	
C. H. Odell, collector, Salem, Mass.....	83 90	
E. J. Pennypacker, collector, Wilmington, N. C.....	190 49	
A. Putnam, collector, Middletown, Conn.....	463 00	
W. H. Robertson, collector, New York, N. Y.....	22,643 30	
G. B. Sawyer, collector, Wiscasset, Me.....	68 04	
G. St. Gem, collector, St. Louis, Mo.....	110 00	
E. L. Sullivan, collector, San Francisco, Cal.....	1,232 34	
V. Smith, collector, Duluth, Minn.....	596 50	
L. Thompson, collector, Delaware, Del.....	4 50	
R. Worthington, collector, Boston, Mass.....	19,652 26	
E. H. Webster, collector, Baltimore, Md.....	3,570 34	
J. H. Wilson, collector, Georgetown, D. C.....	85 56	
C. M. Whitney, collector, St. Louis, Mo.....	300 00	
J. W. Wakefield, collector, Bath, Me.....	231 00	

73,841 75

FROM SERVICES OF OFFICERS.

J. A. P. Allen, collector, New Bedford, Mass.....	24 00	
W. W. Bowers, collector, San Diego, Cal.....	552 00	
A. S. Badger, collector, New Orleans, La.....	7,464 31	
J. Bookwalter, collector, Minnesota, Minn.....	180 00	
F. J. Babson, collector, Gloucester, Mass.....	864 00	
D. V. Bell, collector, Detroit, Mich.....	2,613 52	
J. R. Brierly, special agent, Wilmington, Cal.....	33 00	
M. R. Barr, collector, Erie, Pa.....	26 00	
A. A. Burleigh, collector, Aroostook, Me.....	60	
A. J. Beers, collector, New Haven, Conn.....	342 26	
G. E. Bowden, collector, Norfolk, Va.....	155 00	
J. W. Burke, collector, Mobile, Ala.....	417 00	
W. F. Brown, acting collector, Perth Amboy, N. J.....	358 00	
A. C. Davis, collector, Beaufort, N. C.....	6 00	
W. H. Daniels, collector, Oswegatchie, N. Y.....	640 66	
F. N. Dow, collector, Portland, Me.....	1,200 08	
J. F. Evans, special agent, Wilmington, Cal.....	141 00	
M. A. Edgar, collector, Perth Amboy, N. J.....	150 00	
B. Flagler, collector, Niagara, N. Y.....	6,171 03	
C. A. Gould, collector, Buffalo, N. Y.....	6,459 83	
F. B. Goss, collector, Barnstable, Mass.....	350 00	
J. F. Hartranft, collector, Philadelphia, Pa.....	11,415 48	

Carried forward 39,563 77 370,254 895 41

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, &c.—Continued.

FROM SERVICES OF OFFICERS—Continued.

Brought forward.....	\$30,563 77	\$370,254,895 41
C. H. Houghton, collector, Perth Amboy, N. J.....	284 00	
J. D. Hopkins, collector, Frenchman's Bay, Me.....	498 70	
C. Harris, collector, Providence, R. I.....	814 00	
W. Hartsuff, collector, Huron, Mich.....	1,458 50	
J. L. Haynes, collector, Brazos, Tex.....	91 00	
W. H. Huse, collector, Newburyport, Mass.....	6 00	
J. F. Johnston, collector, Savannah, Ga.....	161 00	
S. M. Johnson, collector, Corpus Christi, Tex.....	214 50	
H. L. Jones, collector, Oswegatchie, N. Y.....	630 64	
T. B. Johnston, collector, Charleston, S. C.....	90 00	
G. A. Johnson, collector, San Diego, Cal.....	750 00	
P. P. Kidder, collector, Dunkirk, N. Y.....	1,206 00	
L. M. Morrill, collector, Portland, Me.....	1,140 40	
W. C. Marshall, collector, Belfast, Me.....	200 00	
E. McMurtrie, collector, Minnesota, Minn.....	9,287 50	
J. D. Merryman, collector, Oregon City, Oreg.....	211 00	
A. G. Malloy, collector, Galveston, Tex.....	1,875 16	
S. Moffett, collector, Champlain, N. Y.....	84 70	
C. H. Odell, collector, Salem, Mass.....	53 10	
N. Plato, collector, Corpus Christi, Tex.....	2,124 50	
E. J. Pennypacker, collector, Wilmington, N. C.....	3 00	
W. H. Robertson, collector, New York, N. Y.....	128,081 00	
J. P. Sanborn, collector, Huron, Mich.....	4,384 00	
G. B. Sawyer, collector, Wiscasset, Me.....	72 00	
V. Smith, collector, Duluth, Minn.....	691 98	
J. Spalding, collector, Chicago, Ill.....	3,597 16	
F. L. Sullivan, collector, San Francisco, Cal.....	24,142 73	
W. H. Sargent, collector, Castine, Me.....	30 00	
J. A. Tibbetts, collector, New London, Conn.....	59 00	
L. Thompson, collector, Delaware, Del.....	5 00	
F. A. Vaughan, collector, Saluria, Tex.....	207 00	
W. Wells, collector, Vermont, Vt.....	4,944 61	
E. H. Webster, collector, Baltimore, Md.....	17,637 50	
R. Worthington, collector, Boston, Mass.....	33,902 70	
F. N. Wicker, collector, Key West, Fla.....	1,553 00	

280,064 15

FROM WEIGHING FEES.

A. S. Badger, collector, New Orleans, La.....	1,247 01
J. W. Burke, collector, Mobile, Ala.....	5 75
F. J. Babson, collector, Gloucester, Mass.....	404 24
A. J. Beers, collector, New Haven, Conn.....	35 23
H. DeB. Clay, collector, Yorktown, Va.....	160 40
J. F. Dravo, collector, Pittsburgh, Pa.....	23 02
F. N. Dow, collector, Portland, Me.....	69 30
C. A. Gould, collector, Buffalo, N. Y.....	20 10
J. F. Hartranft, collector, Philadelphia, Pa.....	1,251 99
J. L. Haynes, collector, Brazos, Tex.....	79 45
C. Harris, collector, Providence, R. I.....	5 78
T. B. Johnston, collector, Charleston, S. C.....	118 09
A. G. Malloy, collector, Galveston, Tex.....	105 75
L. M. Morrill, collector, Portland, Me.....	1 40
N. Plato, collector, Corpus Christi, Tex.....	375 98
W. H. Robertson, collector, New York, N. Y.....	29,454 29
E. L. Sullivan, collector, San Francisco, Cal.....	2,301 09
J. Spalding, collector, Chicago, Ill.....	91 09
S. M. Sawyer, collector, Apalachicola, Fla.....	6 00
F. A. Vaughan, collector, Saluria, Tex.....	36
E. H. Webster, collector, Baltimore, Md.....	143 16
R. Worthington, collector, Boston, Mass.....	8,437 94
J. A. Watson, collector, Humboldt, Cal.....	16 50

44,353 69

FROM CUSTOMS OFFICERS' FEES.

W. W. Bowers, collector, San Diego, Cal.....	314 70
A. S. Badger, collector, New Orleans, La.....	16,245 68
J. R. Brierly, special agent, Wilmington, Cal.....	103 90
F. N. Dow, collector, Portland, Me.....	7,094 38
J. F. Evans, special agent, Wilmington, Cal.....	86 05
W. K. Finch, collector, La Crosse, Wis.....	85 70
J. F. Hartranft, collector, Philadelphia, Pa.....	29,430 78
G. A. Johnson, collector, San Diego, Cal.....	165 23
L. M. Morrill, collector, Portland, Me.....	10,397 61
W. H. Pratt, collector, Humboldt, Cal.....	19 79
W. H. Robertson, collector, New York, N. Y.....	301,868 47
E. L. Sullivan, collector, San Francisco, Cal.....	35,234 89
J. Spalding, collector, Chicago, Ill.....	7,138 20
A. Tibbetts, collector, Paso del Norte, Tex.....	688 20
E. H. Webster, collector, Baltimore, Md.....	22,089 15
R. Worthington, collector, Boston, Mass.....	60,604 26
J. A. Watson, collector, Humboldt, Cal.....	356 69

491,923 68

Carried forward.....

371,071,237 16

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, &c.—Continued.

FROM FINES, PENALTIES, AND FORFEITURES—CUSTOMS.

Brought forward.....	\$371,071,237 16
J. W. Burke, collector, Mobile, Ala.....	150 00
W. W. Bowers, collector, San Diego, Cal.....	24 74
A. J. Beers, collector, New Haven, Conn.....	920 00
D. V. Bell, collector, Detroit, Mich.....	1,197 45
A. A. Burlleigh, collector, Aroostook, Me.....	2,900 64
A. S. Badger, collector, New Orleans, La.....	1,553 59
J. Bookwalter, collector, Minnesota, Minn.....	2 00
M. R. Barr, collector, Erie, Pa.....	2 12
A. W. Bash, collector, Puget Sound, Wash.....	759 16
M. D. Ball, collector, Alaska, Alaska.....	162 90
A. W. Beard, late collector, Boston, Mass.....	17 75
F. J. Babson, collector, Gloucester, Mass.....	459 61
G. E. Bowden, collector, Norfolk, Va.....	630 15
J. Brady, jr., collector, Fall River, Mass.....	7 13
A. H. Beach, collector, Wheeling, W. Va.....	232 28
J. H. Cozzens, collector, Newport, R. I.....	16 00
T. F. Cassells, collector, Memphis, Tenn.....	25 00
J. Campbell, collector, Omaha, Nebr.....	6 25
D. G. Carr, collector, Petersburg, Va.....	20 00
J. F. Dravo, collector, Pittsburgh, Pa.....	100 00
W. H. Daniels, collector, Oswegatchie, N. Y.....	191 98
D. F. Davis, collector, Bangor, Me.....	764 96
F. N. Dow, collector, Portland, Me.....	2,803 00
M. A. Edgar, collector, Perth Amboy, N. J.....	55 00
J. K. Faulkner, collector, Louisville, Ky.....	349 94
B. Flagler, collector, Niagara, N. Y.....	1,614 30
G. Fisher, collector, Cairo, Ill.....	25 00
H. P. Farrow, collector, Brunswick, Ga.....	104 00
J. A. Gould, collector, Buffalo, N. Y.....	5 00
J. L. Haynes, collector, Brazos, Tex.....	427 44
W. G. Henderson, collector, Pearl River, Miss.....	97 50
F. C. Humphreys, collector, Pensacola, Fla.....	305 47
W. M. Haycock, collector, Passamaquoddy, Me.....	745 98
W. H. Hunt, jr., collector, Montana and Idaho.....	361 16
H. F. Heriot, collector, Georgetown, S. C.....	20 00
J. F. Hartranft, collector, Philadelphia, Pa.....	1,294 73
A. F. Howard, collector, Portsmouth, N. H.....	265 74
G. W. Howe, collector, Cuyahoga, N. Y.....	89 20
W. G. Harris, collector, Alaska, Alaska.....	110 05
W. Hartsuff, collector, Huron, Mich.....	32 10
J. Hirst, collector, Saint Marks, Fla.....	771 77
J. D. Hopkins, collector, Frenchman's Bay, Me.....	178 10
A. W. Hall, collector, Milwaukee, Wis.....	575 24
T. A. Henry, collector, Pamlico, N. C.....	5 00
G. Holmes, collector, Beaufort, S. C.....	20 00
T. Ireland, collector, Annapolis, Md.....	30 00
T. F. Johnson, collector, Savannah, Ga.....	45 78
S. M. Johnson, collector, Corpus Christi, Tex.....	984 25
T. B. Johnston, collector, Charleston, S. C.....	45 00
H. L. Jones, collector, Oswegatchie, N. Y.....	2,234 80
J. C. Jewell, collector, Evansville, Ind.....	10 00
P. P. Kidder, collector, Dunkirk, N. Y.....	1 50
H. A. Kennedy, collector, Waldoborough, Me.....	15 57
G. Leavitt, collector, Machias, Me.....	70 66
D. E. Lyon, collector, Dubuque, Iowa.....	96 00
J. J. Lamoree, collector, Oswego, N. Y.....	27 00
S. Moffett, collector, Champlain, N. Y.....	1,002 82
L. M. Merrill, collector, Portland, Me.....	524 97
D. McLaughlin, collector, Michigan, Mich.....	50 00
E. McMurtrie, collector, Minnesota, Minn.....	286 03
J. D. Merryman, collector, Oregon City, Ore.....	15,475 00
G. W. Mathis, collector, Little Egg Harbor, N. J.....	11 49
D. W. McClung, collector, Cincinnati, Ohio.....	417 44
A. G. Malloy, collector, Galveston, Tex.....	122 43
J. B. Mitchell, collector, Yorktown, Va.....	10 00
C. Y. Osburn, collector, Superior, Mich.....	125 00
C. H. Odell, collector, Salem, Mass.....	162 00
E. J. Pennypacker, collector, Wilmington, N. C.....	35 00
N. Plato, collector, Corpus Christi, Tex.....	90 43
A. Putnam, collector, Middletown, Conn.....	20 00
W. H. Robertson, collector, New York, N. Y.....	41,277 27
J. Spalding, collector, Chicago, Ill.....	2,268 34
E. L. Sullivan, collector, San Francisco, Cal.....	29,182 08
J. Shepard, collector, Saint Mary's, Ga.....	268 96
W. T. Simpson, collector, Genesee, N. Y.....	723 25
W. N. S. Sanders, collector, Albany, N. Y.....	25 00
J. P. Sanborn, collector, Huron, Mich.....	196 89
F. N. Shurtliff, Willamette, Ore.....	3,109 87
V. Smith, collector, Duluth, Minn.....	20 00
W. J. Smith, collector, Memphis, Tenn.....	165 00
S. M. Sawyer, collector, Apalachicola, Fla.....	20 00

ried forward.....

119,549 26 371,071,237 16

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, &c.—Continued.

FROM FINES, PENALTIES, AND FORFEITURES—CUSTOMS—Continued.

Brought forward	\$119,549 26	\$371,071,237 16
A. Tibbetts, collector, Paso del Norte, Tex.	2,156 36	
L. Thompson, collector, Delaware, Del.	1,286 23	
J. M. Tarble, collector, Pensacola, Fla.	157 50	
George Toy, collector, Cherrystone, Va.	150 00	
F. A. Vaughan, collector, Saluria, Tex.	452 10	
D. Wann, collector, Galena, Ill.	6 50	
J. H. Wilson, collector, Georgetown, D. C.	30 00	
C. M. Whitney, collector, Saint Louis, Mo.	3,951 03	
W. Wells, collector, Vermont, Vt.	2,733 79	
E. H. Webster, collector, Baltimore, Md.	244 37	
R. Worthington, collector, Boston, Mass.	1,687 66	
F. N. Wicker, collector, Key West, Fla.	1,101 40	
J. W. Wakefield, collector, Bath, Me.	704 93	
A. Woolf, collector, Nashville, Tenn.	45 00	
G. W. Warren, collector, Cape Vincent, N. Y.	334 61	

134,590 74

FROM FINES, PENALTIES, AND FORFEITURES—JUDICIARY.

H. E. Andrews, clerk, western Tennessee	90 00	
T. C. Acton, assistant treasurer, New York, N. Y.	36 85	
A. E. Buck, clerk, northern Georgia.	703 92	
B. L. Benedict, clerk, eastern New York.	31 00	
W. H. Bright, clerk, northern New York.	30 00	
L. T. Baxter, clerk, middle Tennessee.	1,315 66	
E. T. Bishop, clerk, Colorado.	2,854 44	
S. A. Bayles, clerk, Dakota.	541 00	
J. L. Beveridge, assistant treasurer, Chicago, Ill.	9 56	
W. H. Bradley, clerk, northern Illinois.	612 25	
D. Beall, clerk, Texas.	1,527 04	
N. C. Butler, clerk, Indiana.	623 90	
E. Bell, clerk, northern Ohio.	1,443 60	
J. E. Blaine, collector internal revenue, ninth district Kentucky.	60 25	
C. T. Barry, clerk, eastern Virginia.	24 40	
J. W. Chew, clerk, Maryland.	10 00	
M. B. Converse, clerk, southern Illinois.	443 74	
Clerk United States courts, western district of Missouri.	149 00	
F. Coste, marshal, eastern Missouri.	579 75	
L. B. Crail, clerk, northern New York.	167 98	
M. M. Drew, marshal, California.	120 82	
A. H. Davis, clerk, Maine.	20 00	
F. M. Darby, assistant treasurer United States.	9 87	
D. J. Davisson, clerk, eastern Michigan.	366 67	
J. M. Deane, clerk, southern New York.	11,053 22	
J. W. Dimmick, clerk, middle Alabama.	17 70	
L. B. Dilliker, clerk, West Virginia.	2,181 88	
B. W. Etheridge, clerk, western Tennessee.	119 00	
R. S. Foster, clerk, Indiana.	60 63	
J. H. Finks, clerk, Texas.	284 82	
E. D. Frank, clerk, Nebraska.	33 43	
G. J. Foster, clerk, Dakota.	1,005 00	
H. Fink, marshal, eastern Wisconsin.	18 04	
C. J. Folger, Secretary of the Treasury.	100 00	
R. L. Goodrich, clerk, eastern Arkansas.	1,162 50	
T. Griffith, clerk, southern New York.	1 00	
R. Gerthy and Calvin Green.	45 82	
W. J. Griffin, clerk, eastern North Carolina.	118 90	
W. F. Goodspeed, marshal, northern Ohio.	45 10	
W. C. Howard, clerk, southern Ohio.	857 36	
A. R. Humes, clerk, eastern Tennessee.	347 71	
H. M. Hinsdell, clerk, western Michigan.	33 65	
C. E. Henry, marshal, District of Columbia.	44 00	
C. H. Hill, clerk, Massachusetts.	1,390 50	
M. Hopkins, clerk, Oregon.	32 50	
S. Hoffman, clerk, California.	1,617 37	
C. B. Hinsdell, clerk, western Michigan.	200 09	
G. R. Hill, clerk, northern Mississippi.	114 63	
F. Hurst, late collector internal revenue, sixth Tennessee.	50 35	
F. S. Hunt, late collector internal revenue, second Mississippi.	534 40	
E. Kurtz, clerk, eastern Wisconsin.	658 85	
H. C. King, clerk, southern Georgia.	86 60	
I. N. Key, deputy clerk, Iowa.	38 92	
J. N. Kerns, marshal, eastern Pennsylvania.	1,055 12	
R. H. Lannon, clerk, Oregon.	1,396 08	
C. S. Lincoln, clerk, eastern Pennsylvania.	4,922 26	
E. A. Locke, clerk, southern Florida.	73 43	
H. T. Lee, commissioner, California.	300 00	
H. K. Love, clerk, southern Iowa.	67 65	
W. Larkins, clerk, eastern North Carolina.	50 36	
A. Y. Moore, clerk, West Virginia.	592 35	
J. McGehee, clerk, southern Mississippi.	331 00	

Carried forward.....

\$12,813 92 \$371,205,827 90

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, &c.—Continued.

FROM FINES, PENALTIES, AND FORFEITURES—JUDICIARY—Continued.

Brought forward.....	\$42, 813 92	\$371, 205, 827 90
T. Muffley, clerk, Montana.....	288 20	
S. C. McCandless, clerk, western Pennsylvania.....	336 79	
O. McClelland, commissioner United States.....	8 35	
T. P. Marlin, clerk, eastern Texas.....	916 00	
E. E. Marvin, clerk, Connecticut.....	293 85	
T. Mead, clerk United States courts.....	350 00	
J. G. Nicolay, marshal Supreme Court.....	5 00	
R. G. O'Brien, clerk, Washington Territory.....	25 00	
W. P. Preble, clerk, Maine.....	450 00	
J. W. Payne, clerk, western North Carolina.....	40 70	
W. Robbins, clerk, northern New York.....	850 00	
N. J. Reddick, clerk, North Carolina.....	65 23	
J. E. Reed, clerk, western North Carolina.....	439 11	
J. C. Rives, clerk, eastern Texas.....	533 20	
L. Rowe, clerk, New Jersey.....	1, 989 64	
Secretary of the Treasury.....	1, 289 65	
Solicitor of the Treasury.....	652 80	
S. L. B. Sawyer, clerk, California.....	24 20	
B. B. Smalley, clerk, Vermont.....	993 76	
F. M. Stewart, clerk, western Wisconsin.....	653 45	
W. A. Spencer, clerk, Minnesota.....	670 00	
E. M. Seabrook, clerk, South Carolina.....	5 00	
L. Schmidt, clerk, western Missouri.....	433 31	
E. Tisdale, late collector internal revenue, third Louisiana.....	85 50	
W. B. Shews, clerk, Idaho.....	966 65	
N. W. Trimble, clerk, southern Alabama.....	145 55	
S. Wheeler, clerk, Arkansas.....	2, 136 27	
C. W. Watkins, collector internal revenue, fourth Michigan.....	225 00	
S. L. Woodford, attorney, southern New York.....	111 93	
E. Worthing, receiver public moneys, Bloomington, Nebraska.....	223 95	
L. S. Williams, clerk, Arizona.....	50 00	
W. P. Ward, clerk, southern Georgia.....	30 45	
F. A. Woolfley, clerk, Louisiana.....	44 20	
Z. Wheeler, attorney, eastern Tennessee.....	11 70	
J. M. Wheaton, clerk, Louisiana.....	134 35	
I. J. Young, collector internal revenue, fourth North Carolina.....	151 27	

58, 443 98

FROM EMOLUMENT FEES—CUSTOMS.

A. J. Beers, collector, New Haven, Connecticut.....	3, 332 99	
G. E. Bowden, collector, Norfolk, Va.....	42 02	
A. A. Burleigh, collector, Aroostook, Me.....	1, 125 25	
W. W. Bowers, collector, San Diego, Cal.....	2, 187 38	
J. W. Burke, collector, Mobile, Ala.....	2, 865 49	
M. R. Barr, collector, Erie, Pa.....	100 25	
M. D. Ball, collector, Alaska, Alaska.....	409 18	
D. V. Bell, collector, Detroit, Mich.....	9, 312 84	
F. J. Babson, collector, Gloucester, Mass.....	2, 548 47	
J. T. Collins, collector, Brunswick, Ga.....	982 41	
W. P. Canaday, collector, Wilmington, N. C.....	992 08	
W. H. Daniels, collector, Oswegatchie, N. Y.....	3, 280 77	
J. F. Dravo, collector, Pittsburgh, Pa.....	6, 089 98	
A. C. Davis, collector, Beaufort, N. C.....	457 70	
J. W. Fuller, collector, Miami, Ohio.....	38 58	
D. G. Fort, collector, Oswego, N. Y.....	18, 071 84	
H. P. Farrow, collector, Brunswick, Ga.....	127 94	
B. Flagler, collector, Niagara, N. Y.....	18, 420 00	
C. A. Gould, collector, Buffalo, N. Y.....	33, 058 33	
F. B. Goss, collector, Barnstable, Mass.....	376 50	
G. W. Howe, collector, Cuyahoga, Ohio.....	6, 892 10	
A. W. Hall, collector, Milwaukee, Wis.....	7, 678 10	
W. M. Haycock, collector, Passamaquoddy, Me.....	899 75	
F. C. Humphreys, collector, Pensacola, Fla.....	6, 750 55	
J. L. Haynes, collector, Brazos, Tex.....	475 70	
C. H. Houghton, collector, Perth Amboy, N. J.....	938 21	
G. Holmes, collector, Beaufort, S. C.....	88 38	
J. M. Humphries, collector, Richmond, Va.....	1, 214 72	
S. M. Johnson, collector, Corpus Christi, Tex.....	1, 134 33	
T. F. Johnson, collector, Savannah, Ga.....	1, 017 17	
H. L. Jones, collector, Oswegatchie, N. Y.....	3, 123 36	
J. J. Lamoree, collector, Oswego, N. Y.....	10, 888 80	
J. A. Luby, collector, Albany, N. Y.....	499 73	
D. McLaughlin, collector, Michigan, Mich.....	8, 973 99	
S. Mottitt, collector, Champlain, N. Y.....	15, 203 28	
E. McMurtrie, collector, Minnesota, Minn.....	10, 996 90	
A. G. Malloy, collector, Galveston, Tex.....	2, 578 85	
N. B. Nutt, collector, Passamaquoddy, Me.....	6, 571 15	
C. Y. Osburn, collector, Superior, Mich.....	867 40	
J. G. Pool, collector, Miami Ohio.....	193 59	
N. Plato, collector, Corpus Christi, Tex.....	1, 501 50	

Carried forward..... 192, 307 56 371, 264, 271 88

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, &c.—Continued.

FROM EMOLUMENT FEES—CUSTOMS—Continued

Brought forward	\$192,307 56	\$371,264,271 88
E. J. Pennypacker, collector, Wilmington, N. C.	1,560 63	
J. S. Smith, collector, Bangor, Me.	2,456 22	
J. P. Sanborn, collector, Huron, Mich.	43,160 81	
W. T. Simpson, collector, Genesee, N. Y.	2,214 69	
W. N. S. Sanders, collector, Albany, N. Y.	1,654 36	
F. N. Shurtliff, collector, Willamette, Oreg.	8,906 09	
V. Smith, collector, Duluth, Minn.	2,204 77	
G. Stiles, collector, Vicksburgh, Miss.	31 15	
J. Spalding, collector, Chicago, Ill.	46,535 14	
G. St. Gem, collector, Saint Louis, Mo.	19,372 37	
C. Van Cleve, collector, Yaquina, Oreg.	8 00	
W. Wells, collector, Vermont, Vt.	80,022 45	
G. W. Warren, collector, Cape Vincent, N. Y.	883 03	
F. N. Wicker, collector, Key West, Fla.	2,786 13	

404,163 49

FROM EMOLUMENT FEES—JUDICIARY.

R. P. Baker, marshal, northern Alabama.	324 82	
S. Bell, clerk, eastern Pennsylvania.	3,176 74	
N. C. Butler, clerk, Indiana.	14 37	
J. E. Boyd, clerk, western North Carolina.	82 01	
J. H. Clark, clerk, eastern Missouri.	180 60	
J. M. Denel, clerk, southern New York.	3,841 83	
J. Devonshire, clerk, eastern Alabama.	2,269 99	
E. S. Dundy, jr., clerk, Nebraska.	269 01	
H. C. Geisburg, clerk, western Missouri.	17 75	
R. L. Goodrich, clerk, eastern Arkansas.	663 69	
H. D. Gamble, clerk, western Pennsylvania.	96 80	
C. E. Henry, late marshal District of Columbia.	85 50	
A. R. Humes, clerk, eastern Tennessee.	28 01	
E. S. Kearney, marshal, Oregon.	1,961 37	
S. H. Lyman, clerk, southern New York.	1,043 61	
C. S. Lincoln, clerk, eastern Pennsylvania.	2,805 52	
J. B. Locke, attorney, northern Illinois.	129 46	
C. D. McDougall, clerk, northern New York.	1,639 61	
C. Mason, late clerk, northern New York.	1,048 69	
H. E. Mann, clerk, Minnesota.	27 50	
M. M. Price, clerk, eastern Missouri.	1,436 30	
L. H. Roots, marshal, western Arkansas.	3,710 68	
L. Schmidt, clerk, western Missouri.	199 27	
L. S. B. Sawyer, clerk, California.	138 76	
B. J. Spooner, late marshal, Indiana.	1,230 84	
G. Turner, late marshal, southern Alabama.	546 20	
J. Wharton, marshal, eastern Louisiana.	280 47	
A. W. Waters, marshal, Oregon.	1,610 22	
J. F. Watson, attorney, Oregon.	492 07	
X. Wheeler, attorney, eastern Tennessee.	660 34	
S. Wheeler, clerk, western Arkansas.	436 33	

30,448 36

FROM IMMIGRANT FUND.

J. A. P. Allen, collector, New Bedford, Mass.	133 50	
D. V. Bell, collector, Detroit, Mich.	330 00	
F. J. Babson, collector, Gloucester, Mass.	42 00	
A. S. Badger, collector, New Orleans, La.	855 00	
J. W. Burke, collector, Mobile, Ala.	6 50	
A. J. Beers, collector, New Haven, Conn.	6 00	
W. H. Daniels, collector, Oswegatchie, N. Y.	26 00	
S. Dodge, collector, Marblehead, Mass.	12 00	
F. N. Dow, collector, Portland, Me.	545 50	
C. A. Gould, collector, Buffalo, N. Y.	38 00	
J. F. Hartranft, collector, Philadelphia, Pa.	10,538 50	
W. Hartsuff, collector, Huron, Mich.	63 00	
J. S. Hanover, collector, Fairfield, Conn.	7 00	
C. Harris, collector, Providence, R. I.	2 00	
H. L. Jones, collector, Oswegatchie, N. Y.	30 00	
T. B. Johnston, collector, Charleston, S. C.	1 50	
T. F. Johnson, collector, Savannah, Ga.	1 50	
J. J. Lamoree, collector, Oswego, N. Y.	1 50	
L. M. Morrill, collector, Portland, Me.	334 50	
C. B. Marchant, collector, Edgartown, Mass.	5 50	
D. M. McLaughlin, collector, Michigan, Mich.	49 00	
A. G. Malloy, collector, Galveston, Tex.	761 00	
J. D. Merryman, collector, Oregon, Oreg.	1 50	
C. H. Odell, Salem, Mass.	5 50	
C. Y. Osburn, collector, Superior, Mich.	156 50	
E. J. Pennypacker, collector, Wilmington, N. C.	2 50	
N. Plato, collector, Corpus Christi, Tex.	4 00	
W. F. Robertson, collector, New York, N. Y.	178,462 50	
J. P. Sanborn, collector, Huron, Mich.	558 50	
E. L. Sullivan, collector, San Francisco, Cal.	767 50	
V. Smith, collector, Duluth, Minn.	109 50	

Carried forward..... 193,857 50 371,698,823 64

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, &c.—Continued.

FROM IMMIGRANT FUND—Continued.

Brought forward.....	\$193,857 50	\$371,698, >23 64
J. Spalding, collector, Chicago, Ill.....	22 00	
W. T. Simpson, collector, Genesee, N. Y.....	14 50	
J. M. Tarble, collector, Pensacola, Fla.....	6 00	
L. Thompson, collector, Delaware, Del.....	1 00	
R. Worthington, collector, Boston, Mass.....	20,452 00	
E. H. Webster, collector, Baltimore, Md.....	16,653 50	
F. N. Wicker, collector, Key West, Fla.....	440 50	
G. W. Warren, collector, Cape Vincent, N. Y.....	29 50	
		231,476 50

FROM PROCEEDS OF SALES OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.

Treasury Department.....	36,736 96	
War Department:		
Quartermaster-General's Office.....	191,258 56	
Ordnance.....	1,330 91	
Medical.....	6,070 09	
Military Academy.....	443 75	
Signal Service.....	459 84	
Paymaster-General's Office.....	56 38	
Subsistence.....	41 27	
Adjutant-General's Office.....	78 86	
Military prison.....	8 95	
War Department—Civil.....	895 21	
Building State, War, and Navy Departments.....	748 11	
Engineer's Office.....	23,643 75	
Navy Department:		
Provisions and Clothing.....	5,424 77	
Equipment and Recruiting.....	308 91	
Construction and Repair.....	6 45	
Navy Department—Civil.....	129 15	
Marine.....	535 17	
Miscellaneous:		
Senate.....	10 08	
House of Representatives.....	1,195 44	
Supreme Court.....	115 31	
Public Printer.....	3,372 84	
Bureau of Ethnology.....	35 85	
Department of State.....	4,381 99	
Department of Agriculture.....	408 00	
Department of Justice.....	481 63	
Department of the Interior.....	6,876 79	
		285,056 00
Fees on letters patent.....		1,129,172 55
Tax on circulation of national banks.....		9,111,008 85
Moneys deposited for surveying public lands.....		1,221,611 76
Sales of ordnance material, War Department.....	88,253 83	
Sales of powder, &c., War Department.....	176 77	
Sales of small arms, Navy Department.....	3,516 00	
Sales of ordnance material, Navy Department.....	10 00	
		91,956 60
Depredations on public lands.....		31,875 00
Deductions on bullion deposits.....	41,858 95	
Profits on coinage.....	1,012,764 85	
Profits on coinage standard silver dollars.....	3,401,893 92	
Assays, &c., of ores.....	3,777 45	
		4,460,205 17
Union Pacific Railroad Company.....	59,645 19	
Sioux City and Pacific Railroad Company.....	26,076 82	
Central Branch Union Pacific Railroad Company.....	27,517 25	
Central Pacific Railroad Company.....	36,705 02	
Kansas Pacific Railroad Company.....	243,771 26	
Reimbursement of interest—Union Pacific Railroad Company.....	420,110 08	
Sinking fund Union Pacific Railroad Company.....	451,090 17	
Reimbursement of interest Central Pacific Railroad Company.....	743,041 28	
Sinking fund Central Pacific Railroad Company.....	871,012 94	
		2,878,970 01
Interest, &c., on Indian trust fund stocks.....	21,215 34	
Indian trust fund.....	121,000 00	
Reimbursement to United States on account of appropriations to meet interest on non-paying Indian trust-fund stocks.....	17,467 57	
Reimbursement to United States on account of appropriations for right of way across Shoshone and Bannock Indian reservations, act of July 3, 1882.....	6,000 00	
Reimbursement to United States on account of appropriations for right of way across Crow Indian reservation, act July 10, 1882.....	25,000 00	
Proceeds of Cherokee Indian lands, act May 11, 1872.....	40,976 81	
Proceeds of Cherokee school lands.....	1,010 41	
Proceeds of Kansas Indian lands, act May 8, 1872.....	51,460 13	
Proceeds of Menominee Indian lands, act April 25, 1876.....	7,005 69	
Proceeds of Otee and Missouri Indian lands, act August 15, 1876.....	106,783 25	
		397,919 20
Carried forward.....		391,140,155 10

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, &c.—Continued.

FROM PROCEEDS OF SALES OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY—Continued.

Brought forward.....	397,919 20	391,140,155 10
Proceeds of Sac and Fox of Missouri Indian lands, act August 15, 1876.....	1,094 48	
Proceeds of Osage ceded lands, act August 11, 1876.....	2,739 98	
Proceeds of Pawnee Indian lands, act April 10, 1876.....	165,946 26	
Proceeds of Osage Indian lands, act July 15, 1870.....	200,922 39	
Proceeds of Absentee Shawnee Indian lands, act April 7, 1869.....	558 00	
Proceeds of Sioux Indian reservation in Minnesota and Dakota.....	22,450 06	
Proceeds of deferred payments sales of Indian lands.....	4,618 76	
Proceeds of Miami Indian lands, acts March 3, 1873, &c.....	13,539 39	
Proceeds of Delaware Indian lands.....	8 00	
		809,796 52
Revenues, District of Columbia:		
General fund.....	1,852,804 97	
Water fund.....	86,568 10	
Redemption tax-lien certificates.....	2,864 22	
Washington special tax fund.....	14,876 36	
Washington redemption fund.....	587 28	
Redemption assessment certificates.....	1,091 27	
Redemption Pennsylvania avenue certificates.....	12,146 27	
		1,070,938 47
Reimbursement by national banks redemption agency:		
Salaries office of Treasurer, 1882.....	17,540 00	
Salaries office of Treasurer, 1883.....	17,118 19	
Salaries office of Comptroller of Currency, 1882.....	4,205 00	
Salaries office of Comptroller of Currency, 1883.....	4,205 00	
Contingent expenses office of Treasurer.....	41,935 82	
		85,004 01
Reimbursement on account of salaries office of Internal Revenue.....		4,992 58
Mileage of examiners.....		2,358 70
Relief of sick, &c., seamen.....		2,049 55
Water and ground rent, Hot Springs, Ark.....		4,085 94
Hot Springs reservation lands.....		9,357 00
Trust fund, interest for support of free schools in South Carolina.....		1,905 74
Assessments on owners for deaths on shipboard.....		1,050 00
Tax on seal skins.....		317,295 25
New engine house for engine No. 5, Washington, D. C.....		2,000 00
Two or more police stations, Washington, D. C.....		2,975 84
Soldiers' Home Permanent Fund.....		65,623 54
Conscience fund.....		6,201 60
Passport fees.....		25,395 00
Copying fees General Land Office.....		7,514 75
Forfeitures by contractors.....		730 67
Unexpended receipts United States military telegraph lines.....		10,327 03
Proceeds of property devised by John Gardner.....		6,933 39
Miscellaneous items.....		6,247 42
Interest on debts due the United States.....		72,298 28
Rent of public buildings.....		15,177 80
Sale of property acquired under internal-revenue laws.....		3,751 00
Rent of property acquired under internal-revenue laws.....		318 60
Sale of products of sugar, &c.....		75 25
Direct tax.....		108,156 60
Interest on deposits with Seligman Bros.....		2,939 12
Premium on transfer and other drafts.....		2,818 03
Rebate of interest.....		1 25
Redemption of property under act June 8, 1872.....		49 65
Copyright fees.....		14,411 00
Coastwise, &c., intercourse fees.....		500 00
Proceeds Priz cases.....		240 81
Navy Pension Fund.....		332 51
Cost of printing records Supreme Court cases.....		13,700 71
Part of \$47,097.65 stolen by Halleck.....		12,700 00
Reimbursement salaries storekeepers, &c.....		172 01
Donations to public debt.....		963,391 87
Sale of confiscated property.....		336 59
Final dividend on deposits.....		44,941 21
Interest on East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad bonds.....		3,800 00
Interest on Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad bonds.....		20,000 00
Fees under national health laws.....		1,662 23
Proceeds Japanese Indemnity Fund.....		1,839,553 99
Proceeds property section 3749 Revised Statutes.....		302 09
Sale of old post-office property, New York.....		648,694 82
Judgment for money paid W. C. Griswold.....		13,173 40
Moneys received Government of Mexico.....		2,610 82
Final dividend on claim United States vs. First National Bank, New Orleans.....		16,926 79
Surplus indemnity fund.....		1,717 42
United States notes.....	\$109,764,714 00	
Certificates of deposit.....	20,055,000 00	
Silver certificates.....	35,040,000 00	
Funded loan of 1907.....	120,850 00	
Loan of July 12, 1882.....	304,252,000 00	
Coin certificates.....	86,710,000 00	
		555,942,564 00
Total receipts.....		954,230,145 95

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, and of the APPROPRIATIONS, EXPENDED—
TUES, and the AMOUNTS CARRIED to the SURPLUS FUND during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883, together with the UNEXPENDED
BALANCES on June 30, 1883, which are to be accounted for in the next annual statement.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropria- tions July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made dur- ing the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments dur- ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts car- ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
		Vol.	Page or sec- tion.							
TREASURY.										
Salaries and mileage of Senators	1883	22	219		\$413,000 00		\$413,000 00	\$413,000 00		
Do.	1882			\$3,913 29		\$2,674 34	2,674 34		\$3,913 29	\$2,674 34
Do.	1881						3,913 29			
Salaries of officers and employees of Senate	1883	22	592, 219		227,975 75		227,975 75	223,845 97		4,129 78
Do.	1882	22	270		1,180 85		4,532 53	1,180 85		3,351 68
Do.	1881			3,351 68			1,937 48		1,937 48	
Do.	1880	22	270		144 00		144 00	144 00		
Contingent expenses of Senate:										
Clerks to committees, and pages	1883	22	592, 220		32,347 50		32,347 50	29,152 10		3,195 40
Do.	1882	22	269, 270		2,567 50	430 50	2,998 00	2,560 00		498 00
Do.	1881			1,874 26			1,874 26		1,874 26	
Stationery and newspapers	1883	22	220		14,500 00		14,500 00	14,284 90		215 10
Horses and wagons	1883	22	220		3,500 00		3,500 00	3,500 00		
Fuel for heating-apparatus	1883	22	221		7,000 00		7,000 00	7,000 00		
Furniture and repairs	1883	22	592, 221		11,200 00		11,200 00	11,200 00		
Do.	1882					05	05			05
Pay of folders	1883	22	221		9,175 00	460 00	9,635 00	8,594 65		1,040 35
Do.	1882	22	239		158 00		248 00	158 00		90 00
Do.	1881			90 00						
Materials for folding	1883	22	220		4,500 00		4,500 00	4,500 00		
Packing-boxes	1883	22	221		770 00		770 00	770 00		
Expenses of special and select committees	1883	22	221		40,000 00		40,000 00	16,000 00		24,000 00
Do.	1882	22	269		336 00	2,047 08	25,038 93	407 00		24,631 93
Miscellaneous items	1883	22	592, 221		14,000 00		14,000 00	14,000 00		
Do.	1882	22	269		24,000 00	1,825 10	25,825 10	24,013 26		1,811 84
Do.	1881			1,990 83			1,990 83	30 75	1,900 08	
Salaries of Capitol police	1883	22	221		18,300 00		18,300 00	18,281 40		18 60
Do.	1882			2 50			2 50			2 50
Capitol police, contingent fund	1883	22	221		50 00		50 00	24 00		26 00
Do.	1882			30 00			30 00			30 00
Do.	1881			34 50			34 50		34 50	
Uniform for Capitol police	1883	22	221		1,500 00	108 75	1,608 75	1,335 77		272 98
Reporting proceedings and debates of Senate	1883	22	221		25,000 00		25,000 00	25,000 00		
Expenses of preparing and compiling Con- gressional Directory	1883	22	221		1,200 00		1,200 00	1,200 00		
Do.	1882			36,458 26						
Do.	1881			852,404 60		7,545 82	896,408 68	820,122 65	10,297 48	65,988 55
Carried forward										

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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TREASURY—Continued.										
Brought forward										
Postage, Senate.	1883	22	255	\$36,458 26	\$852,404 60	\$7,545 82	\$806,408 68	\$820,122 65	\$10,297 48	\$65,988 55
Investigation of epidemic diseases.				14,687 75	300 00		300 00	200 00		100 00
Payment to clerks to Committee on Appropriations, Senate							14,687 75			14,687 75
Payment to S. H. Colbath, messenger, Senate.		22	270		416 66		416 66	416 66		
Payment to W. D. Blackford, assistant, document-room, Senate		22	270		1,258 89	118 70	1,377 59	1,258 89		118 70
Payment to John H. Morgan, acting sergeant-at-arms, Senate		22	270		445 27		445 27	445 27		
Payment to Charles N. Richards, keeper of stationery, Senate.		22	263		120 00		120 00	120 00		
Payment to Daniel O'Neill, watchman, Capitol police, Senate		22	271		454 10		454 10	454 10		
Payment to D. T. Murphy, official reporter, Senate.		22	270		112 50		112 50	112 50		
Payment to legal representatives of Hon. George S. Houston		22	593, 284		2,000 00		2,000 00	2,000 00		
Payment to estate of Hon. Ambrose E. Burnside.		22	337		5,860 60	5,860 60	11,721 20	5,860 60		5,860 60
Payment to William Lucas and Thomas S. Hickman		22	337		7,363 00		7,363 00	7,363 00		
Payment to widow of Hon. B. H. Hill		22	337		876 00		876 00	876 00		
Payment to Edward N. Atherton		22	632		2,726 03		2,726 03	2,726 03		
One month's compensation to certain employees of the Senate		22	592		720 00		720 00	720 00		
One month's extra pay to officers and employees of the Senate		22	394		6,315 00	180 00	6,495 00	6,495 00		
Salaries of the Senate										
Salaries and mileage of Members and Delegates, House of Representatives.		22	632		26,317 52		26,317 52	26,317 52		
Do.	1883	22	221		1,683,344 00		1,683,344 00	1,534,458 36		148,885 64
Do.	1882	22	592, 271		68,409 53	458 50	68,887 13	80,501 96		8,385 17
Do.	1881	22	592, 271		15,037 82		15,037 82	4,226 00	10,811 82	
Salaries of officers and employees House of Representatives.	1883	22	{ 640, 23, } 592, 221 }							
Do.	1882	22	271		340,146 70		340,146 70	335,292 72		4,853 98
Do.	1881	22	271		2,319 12		3,442 08	2,695 91		746 17
Do.	1880	22	271		1,122 96		1,000 15	2,000 15	1,000 15	
Do.	1880	22	271		1,000 15		1,007 00	1,007 00	1,000 15	
Do.	1879*	22	271		1,007 00	2 30	1,998 33	1,996 03		2 30

Contingent expenses House of Representa-

Clerks to committees		1883	22	222		3,328 00	3,328 00	3,328 00	3,328 00			
Do	1882	22	222	222	3,046 00	906 00	10,320 00	4,386 00	10,320 00	905 46	5,940 00	
Do	1881	22	223	223	3,065 46		1,298 00	1,298 00	1,298 00			
Pages	1882	22	223	223		1,298 00	274 99	274 99	274 99	10 20	274 99	
Do	1881	22	223	223	10 20		36 01	36 01	36 01	5 15	36 01	
Pay of folders	1882	22	223	223	5 15		16,000 00	16,000 00	16,000 00			
Do	1881	22	223	223		16,000 00						
Materials for foldings	1882	22	223	223			3 48	3 48	3 48	314 47	3 48	
Do	1881	22	223	223	314 47		43,749 50	43,749 50	43,749 50		221 78	
Stationery and newspapers	1882	22	271	271	166 26	4,500 00	1,701 54	5,636 24	5,636 24		731 56	
Do	1881	22	271	271	1,561 40					1,561 40		
Fuel for heating apparatus	1882	22	223	223		7,000 00		7,000 00	7,000 00			
Do	1881	22	223	223			571 32	571 32	571 32	47 74	571 32	
Furniture and repairs	1882	22	223	223	47 74	10,000 00		10,000 00	10,000 00			
Do	1881	22	271	271	45 72	4,000 00	1,270 18	5,315 90	4,000 00		1,315 90	
Horses and wagons	1882	22	223	223	279 80		279 80	279 80	279 80			
Packing-boxes	1883	22	223	223		420 00		420 00	420 00			
Cartage	1882	22	223	223		2,700 00		2,700 00	2,700 00			
Do	1881	22	223	223		600 00		600 00	600 00			
Miscellaneous items	1882	22	587, 223	223	1 75		1 75	1 75	1 75			
Do	1881	22	271	271		57,000 00		57,000 00	57,000 00			
Salaries of Capitol police	1882	22	221	221	20,000 00		20,091 43	20,091 43	20,091 43		6,764 89	
Do	1881	22	221	221	6,848 36		6,848 36	6,848 36	6,848 36		18 17	
Capitol police, contingent fund	1882	22	221	221		18,300 00		18,300 00	18,300 00		22	
Do	1881	22	221	221	22		03	03	03			
Uniforms for Capitol police	1882	22	223	223	50 00		50 00	50 00	50 00			
One month's extra pay to Capitol police	1883	22	223	223	50 00		50 00	50 00	50 00			
Postage House of Representatives	1882	22	644	644	1,500 00		1,500 00	1,500 00	1,500 00			
Investigation of epidemic diseases, House of Representatives	1883	22	223	223	2,958 19		2,958 19	2,958 19	2,958 19			
Payment to legal representatives of Hon. Fernando Wood, House of Representatives					550 00		550 00	550 00	550 00			
Payment to Henry H. Smith, journal clerk, House of Representatives												
Payment to J. S. Jones, messenger, House of Representatives												
Payment to F. L. Donnelly, page, House of Representative												
Carried forward					167,691 97	3,159,082 03	30,779 03	3,357,553 03	3,042,855 11	32,133 81	282,564 11	

* And prior years.

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
		Vol.	Page or section.							
TREASURY—Continued.										
Brought forward				\$167,691 97	\$3,159,082 03	\$30,779 03	\$2,357,553 03	\$3,042,855 11	\$32,133 81	\$282,564 11
Payment to Ed. F. Riggs, assistant clerk, House of Representatives					268 80		268 80	268 80		
Payment to J. J. McElhone, official reporter, House of Representatives	22	271								
Payment for contesting seats in Congress	22	284			1,000 00		1,000 00	1,000 00		
Payment to James L. Andem, for reporting testimony, House of Representatives	22	592, 272, 339			74,782 33		74,782 33	74,782 33		
Payment to widow and children of Hon. M. P. O'Connor	22	338			598 00		598 00	598 00		
Payment to widow of Hon. J. W. Shackelford	22	338			4,637 13		4,637 13	4,637 13		
Payment to widow of Hon. M. F. Conway	22	632			730 29		730 29	730 29		730 29
Payment to widow and children of Hon. Everts W. Farr	22	338			500 00		500 00	500 00		
Payment to widow and children of Hon. R. M. A. Hawk	22	338			6,000 00		6,000 00	6,000 00		
Payment to William T. Dove, carpenter, House of Representatives	22	338			3,925 60		3,925 60	3,925 60		
Payment to John A. Travis, disabled soldier, House of Representatives	22	338			1,000 00		1,000 00	1,000 00		
Payment to James C. Courts, assistant committee clerk, House of Representatives	22	338			108 00		108 00	108 00		
Payment to W. H. Smith, assistant in library, House of Representatives	22	632, 339			1,400 00		1,400 00	1,400 00		
Payment to J. G. Ball, disabled soldier, House of Representatives	22	339			752 08		752 08	752 08		
Payment to George Q. Cannon, Delegate to Forty-seventh Congress	22	339			108 00		108 00	108 00		
One month's extra pay to officers and employees, House of Representatives	22	339, 340			2,948 85		2,948 85	2,948 85		
Payment to Hon. Jesse J. Yeates	22	632			74,361 21	108 33	74,469 54	74,361 21		108 33
Payment to widow of Hon. Godlove S. Orth	22	592			245 00		245 00	245 00		
Payment to Hon. Horatio Bisbee, jr.	22	632			1,434 33		1,434 33	1,434 33		
Payment to Hon. John C. Cook	22	592			525 00		525 00	525 00		
Payment to representatives of Hon. J. T. Updegraff	22	592			250 00		250 00	250 00		
Payment to sister of Hon. W. M. Lowe	22	632			1,032 74		1,032 74	1,032 74		
Payment to widow of Hon. James Q. Smith	22	632			2,083 33		2,083 33	2,083 33		
	22	632			6,425 18		6,425 18	6,425 18		

22	593	78 00	78 00	78 00	78 00
22	593	208 33	208 33	208 33	208 33
22	593	240 00	240 00	240 00	240 00
22	593	812 25	812 25	812 25	812 25
22	594	180 00	180 00	180 00	180 00
22	593	400 00	400 00	400 00	400 00
22	633	200 00	200 00	200 00	200 00
22	593	400 00	400 00	400 00	400 00
22	593	35 48	35 48	35 48	35 48
22	593	100 00	100 00	100 00	100 00
22	593	162 00	162 00	162 00	162 00
22	593	60 00	60 00	60 00	60 00
22	594	60 00	60 00	60 00	60 00
22	593	320 00	320 00	320 00	320 00
22	593	329 34	329 34	329 34	329 34
22	593	284 17	284 17	284 17	284 17
22	593	48 00	48 00	48 00	48 00
22	593	350 00	350 00	350 00	350 00
22	593	300 00	300 00	300 00	300 00
22	593	232 00	232 00	232 00	232 00
22	633	200 00	200 00	200 00	200 00
22	594	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00
22	224	13,961 64	13,961 64	13,961 64	13,961 64
22	224	2,500 00	2,500 00	2,500 00	2,500 00
22	224	92 74	92 74	92 74	92 74
22	586, 334	2,397, 650 00	164, 306 83	2,561, 956 83	2,329, 751 34
22	387	208, 807 64	23, 579 70	279, 878 92	232, 205 49
22	1881	23, 437 93	47, 491 58	23, 437 93	69, 957 46
22	1878	854 85	354 85	9, 437 93	19 33
Carried forward					5, 802, 509 5
					41, 571 74
					5,866,788 46

Carried forward

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of ap- propriations July 1, 1882.	Appropri- ations for the fiscal year end- ing June 30, 1883.	Repayments made dur- ing the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments dur- ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts car- ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of ap- propri- ations June 30, 1883.
		Vol.	Page or sec- tion.							
TREASURY—Continued.										
Brought forward.....										
Publication of the Tenth Census reports		22	344	\$400,385 13	\$5,787,888 81	\$242,685 77	\$6,430,959 71	\$5,802,599 51	\$41,371 74	\$586,788 46
Printing Annual Report (1883) of Commis- sioner of Agriculture.....		22	641		678,624 61		678,624 61	137,176 10		541,448 51
Printing Annual Report (1881) of Commis- sioner of Agriculture.....		22	395		220,000 00		220,000 00			220,000 00
Printing Report of Committee on Transpor- tation Routes to the Seaboard.....				1,120 78	219,161 54		219,161 54	151,405 07		67,756 47
Telephonic connection between the Capitol and Government Printing Office.....	1881			31 25			31 25		31 25	1,120 78
Removal and storage of certain material, Government Printing Office.....		22	637		5,000 00		5,000 00	1,000 00		4,000 00
Printing and binding third volume of Cata- logue of Library of Surgeon-General's Office.				10,000 00			10,000 00	8,414 50		1,585 50
Printing and binding first and second volumes of Catalogue of Library of Surgeon-Gen- eral's Office.....				2,628 95			2,628 95			2,628 95
Salaries Library of Congress.....	1883	22	224	5,340 00	36,640 00		36,640 00	36,640 00		40 00
Do.....	1882			5 79			5,340 00	5,300 00		
Do.....	1881				13,000 00	\$100 00	13,000 00	13,000 00	5 79	
Increase Library of Congress.....	1880*	22	224				100 00		100 00	
Do.....	1883	22	224	500 00	1,500 00		1,500 00	1,500 00		
Contingent expenses Library of Congress.....	1881						500 00		500 00	
Do.....	1880*					5 24	5 24		5 24	
Do.....	1876*	22	238		10,000 00		10,000 00		100 00	10,000 00
Do.....						100 00	100 00			
Joint select committee for providing addi- tional accommodations for Library of Con- gress.....		22	271	5,000 00	1,500 00		6,500 00	6,500 00		
Furniture, Library of Congress.....	1881			500 00			500 00	500 00		
Payment to J. A. Graham, late disbursing agent, Library of Congress.....		22	238		800 00		800 00	800 00		
Purchase of military papers, maps, &c., of the Count de Rochambeau.....		22	632		20,000 00		20,000 00			20,000 00
Purchase of M. H. Carpenter's records and briefs in Supreme Court cases.....	1883	22	632		8,000 00		8,000 00			8,000 00
Salaries Botanic Garden.....	1881	22	224		11,700 00		11,700 00	11,700 00		
Do.....				1,500 16			1,500 16		1,500 16	

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropria- tions July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made dur- ing the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments dur- ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts car- ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
	Vol.	Page or sec- tion.								
TREASURY—Continued.										
Brought forward				\$467,408 70	\$8,233,884 37	\$243,923 28	\$8,945,216 35	\$7,190,528 77	\$55,738 57	\$1,098,949 01
Observance of the Centennial of the surren- der of Lord Cornwallis at Yorktown, Va.	1883	22	257		32,328 92		32,328 92	32,000 00		328 92
Publication of information in aid of the So- cieties of the Red Cross	1883	22	287		1,000 00		1,000 00	49 43		950 57
Removal and rearrangement of records, De- partment of State	1883	22	603		1,000 00		1,000 00	1,000 00		
Do.	1883	22	603		1,000 00		1,000 00	1,000 00		
Do.	1884	22	603		1,000 00		1,000 00	1,000 00		
Purchase of the Franklin collection of books and papers	1883	22	338		35,000 00		35,000 00	*34,785 71		214 29
Salaries and expenses of agents, Southern Claims Commission	1880	22	261		215 96		215 96	215 96		
Salaries office of Supervising Surgeon-Gen- eral, Marine Hospital Service.	1883	R. S.	3689		124,921 36		24,921 36	24,921 36		
Salaries office of Secretary of the Treasury	1883	22	225		488,496 57		488,496 57	488,496 57		
Do.	1881	22	226		46 01	46 01	46 01	46 01	46 01	
Salaries office of Supervising Architect	1883	22	226		19,420 00		19,420 00	19,420 00		
Do.	1881	22	226			9 55	9 55		9 55	
Salaries office of First Comptroller	1883	22	226		82,394 79		82,394 79	82,394 79		
Do.	1882			207 84			207 84	41 85		165 99
Do.	1881			48 59			48 59	48 59		
Salaries office of Second Comptroller	1883	22	226		109,711 78		109,711 78	109,711 78		
Do.	1882			186 05			186 05	48 90		137 15
Do.	1881			44 37			44 37	44 37	44 37	
Salaries office of Commissioner of Customs	1883	22	227		51,438 22		51,438 22	51,438 22		
Do.	1882			10 23			10 23			10 23
Salaries office of First Auditor	1883	22	227		24 16		24 16	24 16	24 16	
Do.	1882			230 02			230 02	83,496 30		42
Do.	1881			84			84	229 60	84	
Salaries office of Second Auditor	1883	22	227		242,262 05		242,262 05	236,450 00		
Do.	1882			133 94			133 94			5,812 05
Salaries office of Third Auditor	1883	22	227		212 89		212 89	212 89	212 89	133 94
Do.	1882			592 39			226,123 97	226,123 97		
Do.	1881			29 67		34 45	626 84	273 44		353 40
Salaries office of Fourth Auditor	1883	22	227		69,390 00		69,390 00	69,390 00	29 67	
Do.	1882			52			52			52

Do	1881	22	227	20 94	46,923 42	20 94	46,923 42	20 94
Salaries office of Fifth Auditor	1883	22	227	6 21	46,923 42	6 21	46,923 42	6 21
Do	1882	22	227	10 50	398,529 18	10 50	398,529 18	10 50
Salaries office of Sixth Auditor	1881	22	227	7 68	398,529 18	7 68	398,529 18	7 68
Do	1882	22	227	55 85	274,865 75	55 85	274,865 75	55 85
Salaries office of Treasurer United States	1883	22	228	319 54	274,865 75	319 54	274,865 75	319 54
Do	1882	22	228	87 00	274,865 75	87 00	274,865 75	87 00
Do	1881	22	228	72,780 00	274,865 75	72,780 00	274,865 75	72,780 00
Salaries office of Treasurer United States (national currency reimbursable)	1883	22	228	1,827 94	72,780 00	1,827 94	72,780 00	1,827 94
Do	1882	22	228	1,233 08	1,233 08	1,233 08	1,233 08	1,233 08
Salaries office of Registrar	1883	22	228	188,110 00	188,110 00	188,110 00	188,110 00	188,110 00
Do	1882	22	228	341 98	341 98	341 98	341 98	341 98
Salaries office of Comptroller of the Currency	1883	22	228	93 29	102,955 07	93 29	102,955 07	93 29
Do	1882	22	228	25 52	102,955 07	25 52	102,955 07	25 52
Do	1881	22	228	12 36	102,955 07	12 36	102,955 07	12 36
Salaries office of Comptroller of the Currency (national currency reimbursable)	1883	22	229	16,820 00	16,820 00	16,820 00	16,820 00	16,820 00
Do	1882	22	229	178 50	178 50	178 50	178 50	178 50
Do	1881	22	229	74 20	74 20	74 20	74 20	74 20
Salaries office of Light-House Board	1883	22	229	39,661 37	39,661 37	39,661 37	39,661 37	39,661 37
Do	1882	22	229	179 15	179 15	179 15	179 15	179 15
Salaries office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue	1883	22	229	294,792 47	294,792 47	294,792 47	294,792 47	294,792 47
Do	1882	22	229	283 00	283 00	283 00	283 00	283 00
Do	1881	22	229	72 00	72 00	72 00	72 00	72 00
Salaries office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue (reimbursable)	1883	22	230	5,334 25	5,334 25	5,334 25	5,334 25	5,334 25
Salaries Bureau of Statistics	1883	22	229	49,853 70	49,853 70	49,853 70	49,853 70	49,853 70
Do	1882	22	229	56 87	56 87	56 87	56 87	56 87
Do	1881	22	229	5 51	5 51	5 51	5 51	5 51
Salaries office of Life-Saving Service	1883	22	229	31,978 63	31,978 63	31,978 63	31,978 63	31,978 63
Do	1882	22	229	44 08	44 08	44 08	44 08	44 08
Salaries Secret-Service Division	1883	22	230	11,735 34	11,735 34	11,735 34	11,735 34	11,735 34
Salaries office of Standard Weights and Measures	1883	22	230	5,406 72	5,406 72	5,406 72	5,406 72	5,406 72
Contingent expenses of office of Standard Weights and Measures	1883	22	230	1,200 00	1,200 00	1,200 00	1,200 00	1,200 00
Contingent expenses of Treasury Department, stationery	1883	22	231	35,000 00	35,000 00	35,000 00	35,000 00	35,000 00
Do	1882	22	231	42,053 20	42,053 20	42,053 20	42,053 20	42,053 20
Do	1881	22	231	9,934 14	9,934 14	9,934 14	9,934 14	9,934 14
Do	1880	22	231	1,539 58	1,539 58	1,539 58	1,539 58	1,539 58
Do	1879	22	231	3,132 37	3,132 37	3,132 37	3,132 37	3,132 37
Carried forward	1881	22	231	488,791 11	488,791 11	488,791 11	488,791 11	488,791 11

* \$34,285.71 expended on diplomatic warrants No. 185.

† \$23,181.37 transferred from Supplies of Light-Houses, 1883, Customs Ledger.

‡ Transferred from Marine Hospital Service, Customs Ledger.

621
6,029 18
7 68
55 85
274,865 75
319 54
87 00
72,780 00
1,827 94
1,233 08
188,110 00
341 98
93 29
25 52
12 36
16,820 00
178 50
74 20
39,661 37
179 15
294,792 47
283 00
72 00
5,334 25
49,853 70
56 87
5 51
31,978 63
44 08
11,735 34
5,406 72
1,200 00
35,000 00
42,053 20
9,934 14
1,539 58
3,132 37
488,791 11
11,278,030 19
298,087 89
12,064,909 19
10,254,286 12
60,995 83
1,749,627 24

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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TREASURY—Continued.										
Brought forward										
Contingent expenses of Treasury Department, file holders and cases.	1883	22	627	\$488,791 11	\$11,278,030 19	\$298,087 89	\$12,064,909 19	\$10,254,286 12	\$60,995 83	\$1,749,627 24
Postage Treasury Department	1884					3,000 00		3,000 00			3,000 00
Do.	1883	22	231	21,259 47	21,500 00		21,500 00	254 14		21,245 86
Do.	1882			20,048 91			21,259 47	85 39		21,174 08
Do.	1881						20,048 91		20,048 91	
Postage to Postal Union countries, Treasury Department	1883	22	231		2,000 00		2,000 00	620 00		1,380 00
Do.	1882			1,220 00			1,220 00			1,220 00
Do.	1881			20 00			20 00		20 00	
Contingent expenses of Treasury Department, binding, newspapers, &c.	1883	22	231		3,293 00		3,293 00	3,293 00		
Do.	1881					430 94	430 94		430 94	
Contingent expenses of Treasury Department, investigation of accounts, traveling expenses, &c.	1883	22	231		1,500 00		1,500 00	1,500 00		
Do.	1882					36 13	36 13			36 13
Do.	1881			500 00		484 58	984 58		984 58	
Contingent expenses of Treasury Department, freights, telegrams, &c.	1883	22	231		2,000 00		4,450 00	4,450 00		
Do.	1882			19 30		846 24	865 54	863 94		1 60
Do.	1881	22	584		45 70	42 12	87 82	87 82		
Do.	1880	22	595		83 19		83 19	83 19		
Do.	1879	22	281		31 11		31 11	31 11		
Contingent expenses of Treasury Department, rent	1883	22	231		9,000 00		9,000 00	9,000 00		
Contingent expenses of Treasury Department, horses and wagons	1883	22	231		2,600 00		2,600 00	2,600 00		
Do.	1882					50 00	50 00			
Do.	1881					11 58	11 58		11 58	
Contingent expenses of Treasury Department, ice	1883	22	231		8,600 00		11,800 00	11,800 00		
Do.	1882					3,200 00	58 86			58 86
Do.	1881					348 39	348 39		348 39	
Contingent expenses of Treasury Department, fuel, &c.	1883	22	231		10,500 00		12,500 00	12,500 00		
Do.	1881			600 00		2,000 00	924 25		924 25	
Contingent expenses of Treasury Department, gas.	1883	22	231		17,000 00		17,000 00	17,000 00		

Do	1882			1 09			227 04	228 13			228 13
Do	1881			15 67			1, 121 65	1, 137 32			1, 137 32
Contingent expenses of Treasury Department, carpets and repairs	1883	22	231			8, 000 00		8, 000 00			8, 000 00
Do	1882						225 90	217 94			217 94
Do	1881	22	588			11 90	02	11 90	02		7 96
Contingent expenses of Treasury Department, furniture, &c	1883	22	231			13, 080 22		13, 080 22			13, 080 22
Do	1882			137 69			88 31	225 90			225 90
Do	1881			41 64			1, 254 09	1, 295 73			1, 295 73
Contingent expenses of Treasury Department, miscellaneous items	1883	22	231			10, 813 81		10, 816 41			10, 816 41
Do	1882			38 97			239 39	278 36			199 27
Do	1881			96 37			2, 367 59	2, 443 96			1 25
Expenses of the national currency	1883	22	584, 312			145, 000 00		195, 963 90			3, 636 10
Do	1882			3, 339 71			54, 690 00	7, 039 71			139 41
Do	1881	22	219	42		22 50	3, 700 00	6, 960 50			22 50
Distinctive paper for United States securities	1883	22	312			36, 945 50		46, 141 77			42
Do	1882			15, 289 34			9, 196 27	16, 522 51			83 51
Redemption of worn and mutilated United States notes	1883	22	312			48, 133 12		34, 327 66			13, 805 46
Do	1882	22	588			15, 834 68		16, 805 68			996 77
Transportation of silver coin	1883	22	312			10, 000 00		7, 726 44			2, 273 56
Do	1882	22	611			10, 000 00		10, 000 00			10, 000 00
Do	1881			6, 615 66				2, 340 82			4, 274 84
Examination of national-bank notes and bank plates	1883	22	229			2, 000 00		500 00			1, 500 00
Do	1882			1, 873 00				1, 873 00			1, 470 00
Do	1881			1, 707 46				1, 707 46			1, 707 46
Collecting statistics relating to commerce	1883	22	229			5, 422 43		5, 422 43			3, 675 04
Do	1882			2, 911 76			30 01	2, 911 76			30 01
Vaults, safes, and locks for public buildings	1883	22	313			60, 000 00		60, 000 00			28, 920 82
Do	1882			9, 984 31			9, 984 31	5, 160 29			4, 824 02
Do	1881			26 83			26 83	26 83			
Do	1880	22	260			279 31		279 31			
Do	1879*	22	281			7 80		7 80			
Plans for public buildings	1883	22	313			2, 500 00		3, 749 50			649 50
Do	1882			397 75			335 00	732 75			
Suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes	1883	22	313			68, 262 77		66, 603 51			1, 682 26
Do	1882			935 44			23 00	835 44			690 35
Do	1881			4, 361 96				4, 361 96			
Do	1880*	22	595			35 00		35 00			
Examination of Rebel archives and records of captured property	1883	22	392			472 34	3 21	475 55			2 49
Do	1882			2 49				2 49			
Do	1881			1 63				1 65			
Lands and other property of the United States	1883	22	319			1, 475 55		1, 475 55			
Carried forward				596, 062 68	11, 762, 616 44	384, 257 03	12, 762, 956 75	10, 791, 647 21	94, 596 75	1, 876, 712 79	

* And prior years.

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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TREASURY.—Continued.										
Brought forward										
Lands and other property of the United States	1882			\$506,082 68	\$11,782,616 44	\$384,257 63	\$12,762,956 75	\$10,791,647 21	\$94,596 75	\$1,876,712 79
Do	1881			641 62		59 84	701 46	684 81	56 08	16 65
				56 08			56 08			
Preparation of receipts and expenditures and appropriations of the Government	1883	22	392	69 80	479 45		549 25	479 45	69 80	
Library Treasury Department	1883	22	315		500 00		500 00	500 00		
Do	1882			707 80		137 03	844 83	712 80		132 03
Do	1881			10 31			10 31		10 31	
North American Ethnology, Smithsonian Institution	1883	22	332		35,000 00		35,000 00	35,000 00		
Do	1881					500 00	500 00	500 00		
Do	1882						40,000 00	375 00		39 625 00
		22	628	2,593 15			2,593 15	2,593 15		
Polaris report, Smithsonian Institution	1882	22	628		50,000 00		50,000 00	20,000 00		30,000 00
Reconstructing eastern portion, Smithsonian Institution	1882	22	332		5,000 00		5,000 00	5,000 00		
International exchanges, Smithsonian Institution	1882			448,358 49			448,358 49			448,358 49
Smithsonian Institution	R. S.		3,689		21,090 00		21,090 00	21,090 00		
Expenses of the Smithsonian Institution	1883	22	331		179,500 00		179,500 00	179,500 00		299 26
Propagation of food-fishes	1881					16 57	16 57	16 50	07	
Do	1882									
Do	1882*	22	588		3,740 00	344 81	4,084 81	3,740 00		344 81
Do	1880			227 79			227 79	218 00	9 79	
Do	1881									
Steam vessels, food-fishes.	1879*	22	275		23 80		23 80	23 80		
Do	1881	22	628,332	100,545 38	55,000 00		155,545 38	145,545 38		10,000 00
Fish-hatching establishment	1881	22	274	19	5,001 45		5,001 64	5,001 45		19
Expenses of inquiry respecting food-fishes	1883	22	332		3,500 00		3,500 00	3,500 00		
Illustrations for report on food-fishes	1883	22	382		1,000 00		1,000 00	1,000 00		
Salaries and expenses National Board Health.	1883	22	589	357,322 30	1,485 22		357,807 52	60,974 07		296,833 45
Do	1883	22	315		13,928 76		13,928 76	13,928 76		
Do	*1883	22	315		2,246 57		2,246 57	2,246 57		
Contingent expenses National Board Health.					50,000 00		50,000 00	50,000 00		
Preventing the spread of epidemic diseases, National Board of Health										
Refunding to national banking associations										
excess of duty	1880†	14	572		848 29		848 29	848 29		
Do	1880†	22	595		88 02		88 02	88 02		

Do.	1879†	22	275	1,401 65	1,401 65	1,401 65	1,401 65
Return of proceeds of captured and abandoned property		R. S.	3689	124,551 38	124,551 38	124,551 38	124,551 38
Refunding taxes illegally collected under direct tax laws	1880†	22	595	791 18	791 18	791 18	791 18
Refunding national debt, 4 per cent				102,074 32	102,074 32	102,074 32	102,074 32
Refunding national debt, 4½ per cent				8,802 46	8,802 46	8,802 46	8,802 46
Refunding national debt, 5 per cent				7,062 49	7,062 49	7,062 49	7,062 49
Monument to commemorate the battle of Monmouth, N. J.		22	151	20,000 00	20,000 00	20,000 00	20,000 00
Payment of surplus proceeds of land sold for direct taxes		22	595	190,000 00	190,000 00	190,000 00	190,000 00
Payment for lands sold for direct tax	1880†	22	595	645 00	645 00	645 00	645 00
Monument to Baron De Kalb at Annapolis, Md.		22	421	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00
Monument to Thomas Jefferson at Monticello, Va.				7,000 00	7,000 00	7,000 00	7,000 00
Monument to mark the birth-place of George Washington				28,425 00	28,425 00	28,425 00	28,425 00
Conveying votes of electors for President and Vice-President				286 25	286 25	286 25	286 25
Purchase and management of the Louisville and Portland Canal				59,165 69	59,165 69	59,165 69	59,165 69
Monument at Washington's headquarters, Newburg, N. Y.	1883	22	385	25,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00
Salaries Bureau of Engraving and Printing	1883	22	229	26,130 00	26,130 00	26,130 00	26,130 00
Do.	1881			1 85	1 85	1 85	1 85
Labor and expenses Bureau of Engraving and Printing	1883	22	308	400,000 00	400,000 00	400,000 00	400,000 00
Do.	1882			1,442 96	1,442 96	1,442 96	1,442 96
Do.	1881			147 21	147 21	147 21	147 21
Coast and Geodetic Survey (eastern division)	1883	22	310	290,000 00	290,000 00	290,000 00	290,000 00
Do.	1882			273 94	273 94	273 94	273 94
Do.	1881			190 94	190 94	190 94	190 94
Do.	1881			87	87	87	87
Coast and Geodetic Survey (western division)	1883	23	311	170,000 00	170,000 00	170,000 00	170,000 00
Do.	1882			10,311 64	10,311 64	10,311 64	10,311 64
Do.	1881			15 49	15 49	15 49	15 49
Do.	1882			19 73	19 73	19 73	19 73
Repairs of vessels, Coast Survey	1880*	22	595	4 20	4 20	4 20	4 20
Do.	1883	22	311	30,000 00	30,000 00	30,000 00	30,000 00
Do.	1881			32 10	32 10	32 10	32 10
Publishing observations, Coast Survey	1883	22	311	6,000 00	6,000 00	6,000 00	6,000 00
Steamer for Pacific coast, Coast Survey		22	311	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00
General expenses, Coast Survey	1883	22	311	31,900 00	31,900 00	31,900 00	31,900 00
Points for State surveys, Coast Survey	1883	22	311	16,000 00	16,000 00	16,000 00	16,000 00
Carried forward				13,692,471 41	13,692,471 41	13,692,471 41	13,692,471 41
				1,747,320 30	1,747,320 30	1,747,320 30	1,747,320 30
				1,071,334 41	1,071,334 41	1,071,334 41	1,071,334 41
				16,511,126 12	16,511,126 12	16,511,126 12	16,511,126 12
				13,180,752 30	13,180,752 30	13,180,752 30	13,180,752 30
				96,630 65	96,630 65	96,630 65	96,630 65
				3,233,742 97	3,233,742 97	3,233,742 97	3,233,742 97

* And prior years.

† Prior to July 1.

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of ap- propriations, July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year end- ing June 30, 1883.	Repayments made dur- ing the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments dur- ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts car- ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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TREASURY—Continued.										
Brought forward				\$1,747,320 30	\$13,692,471 41	\$1,071,334 41	\$16,511,126 12	\$13,180,752 30	\$96,630 85	\$3,233,742 97
Transcontinental geodetic work, Coast Sur- vey	1883	22	311		30,000 00		30,000 00	30,000 00		
Observations, eclipse of the sun (S. C.)		23	611		5,000 00		5,000 00	5,000 00		
Treasury Building, Washington, D. C.		22	604,306	1,721 47	30,000 00		31,721 47	26,721 47		5,000 00
Building for Bureau of Engraving and Print- ing		22	275,314	8,900 77	5,493 00		14,393 77	6,527 42		7,866 35
Fire-proof building for the National Museum		22	275	1,057 54	250 00	13 27	1,320 81	1,307 54		13 27
Court-house and post-office, Austin, Tex.				2,232 48		146 65	3,379 13	260 69		118 44
Court-house and post-office, Atlanta, Ga.				2,263 41			2,263 41	991 05		1,274 36
Court-house and post-office, Baltimore, Md.		22	603,303	140,416 36	375,000 00		515,416 36	117,911 18		397,505 18
Post-office and subtreasury, Boston, Mass.		22	603,303	279,717 52	275,000 00		554,717 52	313,649 58		241,067 94
Court-house and post-office, Charleston, W. Va.		22	303	48,888 05	10,000 00		58,888 05	44,626 39		14,261 66
Court-house and post-office, Covington, Ky.				10,108 51			10,108 51	775 10		9,333 41
Court-house and post-office, Columbus, Ohio.				100,000 00			100,000 00	59,459 34		40,540 66
Court-house and post-office, Danville, Va.		22	303	3,209 71	30,000 00		33,209 71	33,209 71		
Post-office, Dover, Del.				171 03			171 03	1 03		170 00
Court-house and post-office, Frankfort, Ky.				100,000 00			100,000 00	18,052 92		81,947 08
Court-house and post-office, Grand Rapids, Mich.				500 96			500 96	13 00		577 96
Court-house and post-office, Indianapolis, Ind.				636 98			636 98	553 29		83 69
Court-house and post-office, Jackson, Miss.				100,000 00			100,000 00	18,517 89		81,482 11
Court-house and post-office, Little Rock, Ark.		22	306	334 82	3,000 00	36 00	3,370 82	2,500 00		870 82
Court-house and post-office, Lincoln, Neb.				583 73			583 73	484 61		99 08
Court-house and post-office, Montgomery, Ala.		22	603,304	35,892 34	75,000 00		110,892 34	51,182 56		59,619 78
Post-office at Minneapolis, Minn.		22	604	60,000 00	60,000 00		120,000 00	228 06		119,771 94
Court-house and post-office, New York, N. Y.				15,605 29			15,605 29	25 80		15,579 49
Court-house and post-office, Philadelphia, Pa.		22	604,305	115,803 69	800,000 00	53,457 22	969,262 91	609,135 80		360,127 11
Court-house and post-office, Pittsburgh, Pa.		22	604,305	91,251 94	325,600 00	5 50	416,857 44	69,517 20		347,340 24
Court-house and post-office, Paducah, Ky.		22	604,305	27,633 86	33,500 00	5,627 01	66,760 87	62,982 39		3,778 48
Court-house and post-office, Parkersburg, W. Va.				2,700 93			2,700 93	202 26		2,498 67
Court-house and post-office, Raleigh, N. C.				79 16			79 16			79 16
Court-house and post-office, Topeka, Kans.		22	604,305	63,704 47	58,200 00		119,904 47	67,363 91		52,540 56
Court-house and post-office, Utica, N. Y.		22	306	9 75	7,500 00	4,915 32	12,425 07	12,421 62		3 45
Court-house and post-office, Trenton, N. J.				93 44			93 44			93 44
Court-house and post-office, Trenton, N. J.				93 44			93 44			93 44
Post-office, Harrisburg, Pa.				46,470 36			46,470 36	38,536 63		7,933 73
Assay-office building, Helena, Mont.				377 12			377 12	202 50		174 62
Subtreasury building, New York, N. Y.				2,373 98			2,373 98			2,373 98

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropria- tions July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year end- ing June 30, 1883.	Repayments made dur- ing the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments dur- ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts car- ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropria- tions June 30, 1883.
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TREASURY—Continued.										
Brought forward.....										
Salaries office of assistant treasurer, New York, N. Y.	1883	22	232	\$5,011,257 66	\$19,306,846 32	\$1,135,535 38	\$23,453,639 36	\$15,417,738 85	\$99,155 81	\$7,936,744 70
Do.	1882			1,938 71	168,020 96	15 40	168,020 96			1,120 60
Do.	1881			2,856 51			1,954 11			1,954 11
Salaries office of assistant treasurer, Phila- delphia, Pa.	1883	22	233		35,100 00	2,862 20	37,962 20	37,962 20	2,856 51	
Do.	1882			86 96			86 96			
Do.	1881			1,450 00			1,450 00		1,450 00	86 96
Salaries office of assistant treasurer, Saint Louis, Mo.	1883	22	232	17 71	16,464 93	116 89	16,581 82	16,420 19		161 63
Do.	1882						17 71			17 71
Salaries office of assistant treasurer, San Francisco, Cal.	1883	22	232		27,540 82		27,540 82	27,239 50		301 32
Salaries office of depositary at Tucson, Ariz.	1882			1,776 40			1,776 40			1,776 40
Salaries special agents independent treasury.	1883	22	232		4,000 00		4,000 00	2,000 00		2,000 00
Do.	1882			2,000 00			2,000 00			2,000 00
Do.	1881			2,165 94			2,165 94		2,165 94	
Checks and certificates of deposits, inde- pend nt treasury	1883	22	232		13,000 00		13,000 00	9,903 63		3,096 32
Do.	1882			460 81		25 38	486 19	209 80		276 39
Do.	1881			153 06			153 06		153 06	
Contingent expenses, independent treasury.	1883	22	312		75,000 00	2,364 19	77,364 19	53,987 12		23,377 07
Do.	1882			28,937 73		219 56	29,157 29	7,479 10		21,678 19
Do.	1881			3,019 04			3,019 04	34 83	2,984 21	
Do.	1880*	22	595		32		32	32		
Do.	1879*	22	275		253 09		253 09	253 09		
Salaries office of Director of the Mint.	1883	22	233		26,503 56		26,503 56	26,503 56		
Do.	1882			320 16			320 16	164 80		155 36
Do.	1881			03			03		03	
Contingent expenses office of Director of the Mint.	1883	22	233		8,298 06		8,298 06	6,594 18		1,703 88
Do.	1882	22	258	369 78	1,000 00		1,369 78	1,026 96		342 82
Do.	1881			132 54			132 54		132 54	
Freight on bullion and coin, mints and assay offices.	1883	22	311		30,000 00		30,000 00	1,256 73		28,743 27
Do.	1882			24,013 25			24,013 25	10,393 00		13,620 25
Do.	1881	22	258	24,013 25	10,781 50		10,781 50	10,781 50		

Freight on bullion and coin, mint at Philadelphia, Pa.	1880	22	258	11,967 50	11,967 50	11,967 50	11,967 50	11,967 50	11,967 50
Do	1879	22	275	3,286 04	3,286 04	3,286 04	3,286 04	3,286 04	3,286 04
Collecting mining statistics	1881			748 75	774 75	232 00	232 00	232 00	542 75
Do	1881			1,601 01	1,601 01	5 00	5 00	1,566 01	1,566 01
Salaries, mint at Philadelphia, Pa.	1883	22	234	40,907 53	40,907 53	40,907 53	40,907 53	40,907 53	40,907 53
Do	1882	22	234	1,425 28	1,425 28	1,425 28	1,425 28	1,425 28	1,425 28
Wages of workmen, mint at Philadelphia, Pa.	1883	22	234	293,645 00	293,645 00	293,645 00	293,645 00	293,645 00	293,645 00
Do	1882	22	234	73	73	73	73	73	73
Do	1881	22	234	14	14	14	14	14	14
Contingent expenses, mint at Philadelphia, Pa.	1883	22	234	70 68	70 68	100,070 68	100,070 68	100,070 68	100,070 68
Do	1882	22	234	62	62	16 62	16 62	16 62	16 62
Do	1881	22	234	2 43	2 43	2 43	2 43	2 43	2 43
Salaries, mint at San Francisco, Cal.	1883	22	234	41,626 03	41,626 03	40,997 60	40,997 60	40,997 60	40,997 60
Wages of workmen, mint at San Francisco, Cal.	1883	22	234	243,705 50	243,705 50	243,705 50	243,705 50	243,705 50	243,705 50
Do	1882	22	234	103 58	103 58	103 58	103 58	103 58	103 58
Do	1881	22	234	697 53	697 53	697 53	697 53	697 53	697 53
Contingent expenses, mint at San Francisco, Cal.	1883	22	234	70,000 00	70,000 00	70,000 00	70,000 00	70,000 00	70,000 00
Do	1882	22	234	191 50	191 50	7,582 27	7,582 27	7,582 27	7,582 27
Do	1881	22	234	26 39	26 39	26 39	26 39	26 39	26 39
Investigation of the mint at San Francisco, Cal.	1880	22	595	36 63	36 63	36 63	36 63	36 63	36 63
Salaries, mint at Carson, Nev.	1883	22	234	786 71	786 71	786 71	786 71	786 71	786 71
Do	1882	22	234	4,318 00	4,318 00	4,318 00	4,318 00	4,318 00	4,318 00
Do	1881	22	234	28,974 66	28,974 66	28,974 66	28,974 66	28,974 66	28,974 66
Wages of workmen, mint at Carson, Nev.	1883	22	234	54,630 00	54,630 00	54,630 00	54,630 00	54,630 00	54,630 00
Do	1882	22	234	763 00	763 00	763 00	763 00	763 00	763 00
Do	1881	22	234	393 70	393 70	393 70	393 70	393 70	393 70
Contingent expenses, mint at Carson, Nev.	1883	22	234	25,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00
Do	1882	22	234	1,606 18	1,606 18	1,606 18	1,606 18	1,606 18	1,606 18
Do	1881	22	234	6,454 13	6,454 13	6,454 13	6,454 13	6,454 13	6,454 13
Salaries, mint at Denver, Colo.	1883	22	234	150 19	150 19	150 19	150 19	150 19	150 19
Do	1882	22	234	15 42	15 42	15 42	15 42	15 42	15 42
Do	1881	22	234	114 20	114 20	114 20	114 20	114 20	114 20
Wages of workmen, mint at Denver, Colo.	1883	22	234	12,000 00	12,000 00	12,000 00	12,000 00	12,000 00	12,000 00
Do	1882	22	234	1,502 25	1,502 25	1,502 25	1,502 25	1,502 25	1,502 25
Do	1881	22	234	1 25	1 25	1 25	1 25	1 25	1 25
Contingent expenses, mint at Denver, Colo.	1883	22	234	9,000 00	9,000 00	9,000 00	9,000 00	9,000 00	9,000 00
Do	1882	22	234	304 04	304 04	304 04	304 04	304 04	304 04
Do	1881	22	234	1,649 46	1,649 46	1,649 46	1,649 46	1,649 46	1,649 46
Salaries, mint at New Orleans, La.	1883	22	234	30,938 36	30,938 36	30,938 36	30,938 36	30,938 36	30,938 36
Do	1882	22	234	1,425 86	1,425 86	1,425 86	1,425 86	1,425 86	1,425 86
Do	1881	22	234	163 12	163 12	163 12	163 12	163 12	163 12
Wages of workmen, mint at New Orleans, La.	1883	22	234	74,968 69	74,968 69	74,968 69	74,968 69	74,968 69	74,968 69
Do	1882	22	234	1 19	1 19	1 19	1 19	1 19	1 19
Do	1881	22	234	20,779,724 14	20,779,724 14	20,779,724 14	20,779,724 14	20,779,724 14	20,779,724 14
Carried forward				3,097,232 18	3,097,232 18	3,097,232 18	3,097,232 18	3,097,232 18	3,097,232 18
				1,153,655 02	1,153,655 02	1,153,655 02	1,153,655 02	1,153,655 02	1,153,655 02
				25,030,611 34	25,030,611 34	25,030,611 34	25,030,611 34	25,030,611 34	25,030,611 34
				16,850,684 17	16,850,684 17	16,850,684 17	16,850,684 17	16,850,684 17	16,850,684 17
				120,146 64	120,146 64	120,146 64	120,146 64	120,146 64	120,146 64
				8,059,780 53	8,059,780 53	8,059,780 53	8,059,780 53	8,059,780 53	8,059,780 53

* And prior years.

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of ap- propriations July 1, 1882.	Appropri- ations for the fiscal year end- ing June 30, 1883.	Repayments made dur- ing the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments dur- ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts car- ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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TREASURY—Continued.										
See Brought forward.	1882			\$3, 097, 232 18	\$20, 779, 724 14	\$1, 153, 655 02	\$25, 030, 611 34	\$16, 850, 684 17	\$120, 146 64	\$8, 059, 780 53
Wages of workmen, mint at New Orleans, La	1881			76 99		6 24	76 99	1 19	76 99	5 05
Do.	1881									
Contingent expenses, mint at New Orleans, La	1883	22	234		35, 000 00	64 52	35, 064 52	35, 064 52		
Do.	1882					426 97	426 97	86 04		340 93
Do.	1881			1 31			1 31		1 31	
Salaries, assay office, New York, N. Y.	1883	22	235		38, 665 07	3, 280 46	41, 945 53	41, 668 23		277 30
Do.	1882					76 41	76 41			76 41
Wages of workmen, assay office, New York, N. Y.	1883	22	235		25, 705 00	1, 955 75	27, 660 75	25, 892 50		1, 768 25
Do.	1882					169 75	169 75			169 75
Do.	1881			724 00			724 00		724 00	
Contingent expenses, assay office, New York, N. Y.	1883	22	235		10, 000 00	962 34	10, 962 34	10, 962 34		11 68
Do.	1882					112 06	112 06	100 38		
Do.	1881			436 10			436 10		436 10	
Salaries, assay office, Helena, Mont.	1883	22	235		7, 759 93		7, 759 93	7, 759 93		
Do.	1881			3 27		3 27	3 27		3 27	
Wages of workmen, assay office, Helena, Mont	1883	22	235		10, 178 29		10, 178 29	10, 178 29		2, 255 21
Do.	1882					2, 255 21	2, 255 21			
Do.	1881			1, 041 34			1, 041 34		1, 041 34	
Contingent expenses, assay office, Helena, Mont.	1883	22	235		10, 000 00		10, 000 00	9, 358 72		641 28
Do.	1882			633 11		2, 610 12	3, 243 23	300 91		2, 852 32
Do.	1881			3, 615 72			3, 615 72	19 50	3, 596 22	
Do.	1880*	22	595		41		41	41		
Do.	1879*	22	275		36 25		36 25	36 25		
Do.	1883	22	235		3, 000 00		3, 000 00	2, 997 30		2 70
Salaries, assay office, Boise City	1883	22	235		5, 000 00		5, 000 00	4, 955 28		44 72
Wages and contingent expenses, assay office, Boise City	1882			1 42				21 34		550 04
Do.	1881			1, 060 72		569 96	1, 060 72		1, 060 72	
Do.	1880*	22	595		11 28		11 28	11 28		
Do.	1883	22	235		2, 750 00		2, 750 00	2, 750 00		
Salaries, assay office, Charlotte	1883	22	235		2, 000 00		2, 000 00	2, 000 00		496 70
Wages and contingent expenses, assay office, Charlotte	1882			147 73		496 70	644 43	147 73		496 70
Do.	1881	22	253, 587		8 05		8 05	8 05		

Fixtures and apparatus assay office, Saint Louis.....	1883	22	235	2, 937 81	5, 500 00	.....	2, 937 81	.....	.....	.....	.....	2, 937 81
Salaries assay office, Saint Louis.....	1882			2, 480 00	.....	.....	5, 500 00	3, 500 00	.....	.....	.....	2, 000 00
Do.....	1882			.....	.....	20 20	2, 500 20	.....	.....	.....	.....	2, 500 20
Wages and contingent expenses, assay office, Saint Louis.....	1883	22	235	.....	6, 000 00	.....	6, 000 00	1, 909 72	.....	.....	.....	4, 090 28
Do.....	1882			3, 744 63	.....	270 64	4, 015 27	.....	.....	.....	.....	4, 015 27
Parting and refining bullion.....	1881			153, 311 80	.....	284, 637 93	437, 949 73	268, 089 49	.....	.....	.....	169, 860 24
Repairs and machinery, mint at New Orleans.....	1881			.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	42	.....	.....	.....
Salaries, governor, &c., Territory of Arizona.....	1883	22	235	2, 928 25	13, 900 00	.....	13, 000 00	11, 430 53	.....	.....	.....	2, 469 47
Do.....	1882			250 00	.....	.....	2, 928 25	2, 191 46	.....	.....	.....	736 79
Do.....	1881			.....	.....	.....	250 00	.....	250 00	.....	.....	.....
Legislative expenses, Territory of Arizona.....	1883	22	235	1, 150 00	27, 180 00	3, 900 00	31, 080 00	27, 000 00	.....	.....	.....	4, 080 00
Do.....	1881			.....	.....	.....	1, 150 00	.....	1, 150 00	.....	.....	.....
Contingent expenses, Territory of Arizona.....	1883	22	236	.....	500 00	.....	500 00	500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Salaries, governor, &c., Territory of Dakota.....	1883	22	236	2, 591 75	16, 400 00	.....	16, 400 00	14, 269 79	.....	.....	.....	2, 130 21
Do.....	1882			.....	.....	.....	2, 591 75	2, 591 75	.....	.....	.....	.....
Legislative expenses, Territory of Dakota.....	1883	22	236	1, 942 03	25, 924 60	54	25, 935 14	25, 800 00	.....	.....	.....	135 14
Do.....	1881			.....	.....	.....	1, 912 03	5 87	1, 936 16	.....	.....	.....
Contingent expenses, Territory of Dakota.....	1883	22	236	.....	500 00	.....	500 00	250 00	.....	.....	.....	250 00
Salaries, governor, &c., Territory of Idaho.....	1883	22	236	1, 841 75	13, 400 00	.....	13, 400 00	12, 223 25	.....	.....	.....	1, 176 75
Do.....	1882			90 00	.....	.....	1, 841 75	1, 841 75	.....	.....	.....	.....
Do.....	1881			.....	.....	.....	90 00	.....	90 00	.....	.....	.....
Legislative expenses, Territory of Idaho.....	1883	22	236	.....	28, 029 13	600 00	28, 629 13	28, 639 13	.....	.....	.....	89 75
Contingent expenses, Territory of Idaho.....	1883	22	236	.....	500 00	89 75	589 75	500 00	.....	.....	.....	36 25
Do.....	1882			.....	.....	36 25	36 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Do.....	1881			1 00	.....	.....	1 00	.....	1 00	.....	.....	.....
Salaries, governor, &c., Territory of Montana.....	1883	22	236	2, 097 25	13, 400 00	.....	13, 400 00	11, 962 76	.....	.....	.....	1, 437 24
Do.....	1882			.....	.....	.....	2, 097 25	2, 097 25	.....	.....	.....	.....
Legislative expenses, Territory of Montana.....	1883	22	236	.....	21, 530 00	.....	21, 530 00	18, 500 00	.....	.....	.....	3, 030 00
Do.....	1882			242 32	.....	144 68	387 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	387 00
Do.....	1881			6, 872 74	500 00	.....	6, 872 74	500 00	6, 872 74	.....	.....	.....
Contingent expenses, Territory of Montana.....	1883	22	237	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Salaries, governor, &c., Territory of New Mexico.....	1883	22	237	1, 966 75	13, 900 00	.....	13, 900 00	11, 933 25	.....	.....	.....	1, 966 75
Do.....	1882			107 14	.....	.....	1, 966 75	1, 966 75	.....	.....	.....	.....
Do.....	1881			.....	.....	.....	107 14	.....	107 14	.....	.....	.....
Legislative expenses, Territory of New Mexico.....	1883	22	237	.....	1, 500 00	.....	1, 500 00	850 00	.....	.....	.....	650 00
Do.....	1881			.....	.....	3 09	3 09	.....	3 09	.....	.....	.....
Do.....	1880			.....	.....	3, 941 18	3, 941 18	.....	3, 941 18	.....	.....	.....
Contingent expenses, Territory of New Mexico.....	1883	22	237	.....	500 00	.....	500 00	500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Do.....	1881			221 12	.....	.....	221 12	.....	221 12	.....	.....	.....
Salaries, governor, &c., Territory of Utah.....	1883	22	237	.....	13, 400 00	.....	13, 400 00	12, 008 25	.....	.....	.....	1, 391 75
Do.....	1882			1, 841 75	.....	.....	1, 841 75	1, 841 75	.....	.....	.....	.....
Do.....	1881			750 00	.....	.....	750 00	.....	750 00	.....	.....	.....
Legislative expenses, Territory of Utah.....	1883	22	237	.....	2, 000 00	.....	2, 000 00	2, 000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Do.....	1881			.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Carried forward.....				3, 292, 342 40	21, 134, 412 15	1, 460, 285 77	25, 887, 040 32	17, 469, 987 11	142, 409 44	.....	.....	8, 274, 043 77

* And prior years.

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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TREASURY—Continued.										
Brought forward.....	1882			\$3,292,342 40	\$21,134,412 15	\$1,460,285 77	\$25,887,040 32	\$17,469,987 11	\$142,409 44	\$8,274,043 77
Legislative expenses, Territory of Utah.....	1881			6,000 00		73 99	6,073 99		397 63	6,073 99
Do.....	1883	22	237	397 63	500 00		500 00			
Contingent expenses, Territory of Utah.....	1883	22	237		13,400 00		13,400 00	12,208 25		1,191 75
Salaries, governor, &c., Territory of Washington.....	1882			1,841 75			1,841 75	1,841 75		
Do.....	1883	22	237		1,500 00		1,500 00	1,500 00		
Legislative expenses, Territory of Washington.....	1880*	22	237			20	20		20	
Do.....	1883	22	237		500 00		500 00	500 00		
Contingent expenses, Territory of Washington.....	1882			3,000 00			3,000 00	3,000 00		3,000 00
Printing code of laws, Territory of Washington.....	1883	22	236							
Printing revised laws, Territory of Idaho.....	1883	22	237		13,400 00		13,400 00	12,905 50		494 50
Salaries, governor, &c., Territory of Wyoming.....	1882			1,841 75			1,841 75	1,841 75		
Do.....	1883	22	237		2,500 00		2,500 00	2,500 00		
Legislative expenses, Territory of Wyoming.....	1882					3,053 97	3,053 97			3,053 97
Do.....	1881			814 18			814 18	814 18		
Do.....	1883	22	237		500 00		500 00	500 00		
Contingent expenses, Territory of Wyoming.....	1881					08			08	
Do.....	1880*					35			35	
Compensation to Utah Commission.....	1883	22	313		25,000 00		25,000 00	24,592 37		407 63
Contingent expenses, Utah Commission.....	1883	22	313		15,000 00		15,000 00	6,300 00		8,700 00
Compensation and expenses of election, Territory of Utah.....	1883	22	313		25,000 00		25,000 00	19,000 00		6,000 00
Improvements and repairs, District of Columbia.....	1883	22	136		492,000 00		505,588 50	440,588 50		65,000 00
Do.....	1882	22	591	88,401 13	3,500 00	2,582 13	94,483 26	94,407 82		15 44
Do.....	1880			68,278 12	533 19	11,362 23	80,173 54	65,316 64	14,323 71	533 19
Do.....	1881	22	273						378 45	
Do.....	1880					378 45				
Constructing, repairing, and maintaining bridges, District of Columbia.....	1883	22	136		12,700 00		14,028 29	14,028 29		
Do.....	1882	22	387	8 41	31 25		39 66	34 55		5 11
Do.....	1881			14 05			14 05		14 05	

Buildings and grounds Washington Asylum, District of Columbia.....	1883 1881	22	136	.....	35 54	1,000 00	842 44	1,842 44 35 54	1,842 44	85 54	.....
Do.....	1883	22	136	.....	.....	45,820 00	1,027 63	46,847 63	46,847 63	.....	.....
Washington Asylum (support), District of Columbia.....	1882	22	273, 591	.....	104 86	5,124 61	9 88	5,239 35	5,185 21	.....	54 14
Do.....	1881	.....	.....	.....	1 17	.....	40 00	41 17	.....	41 17	.....
Georgetown Almshouse, District of Columbia. Do.....	1883	22	136	.....	.....	1,800 00	300 00	2,100 00	2,100 00	.....	1 00
Do.....	1882	.....	.....	.....	158 50	.....	1 00	159 50	158 50	8 46	.....
Hospital for the Insane, District of Columbia. Do.....	1881	22	136	.....	8 46	43,200 00	.....	43,200 00	43,200 00	.....	.....
Do.....	1882	22	273	.....	10,097 50	5,198 13	.....	15,295 63	15,198 13	97 85	97 50
Transportation of paupers and prisoners, District of Columbia.....	1881	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	97 85	.....	.....	.....
Do.....	1883	22	136	.....	.....	3,000 00	373 30	3,373 30	3,373 30	.....	2 00
Do.....	1882	22	591	.....	170 67	72 49	28 01	271 17	271 17	.....	.....
Do.....	1881	22	273	.....	176 40	7 95	.....	184 35	3 00	173 40	7 95
Reform School, District of Columbia. Do.....	1883	22	136	.....	.....	37,950 00	.....	37,950 00	37,950 00	.....	.....
Do.....	1882	22	273	.....	.....	2,775 00	333 67	3,108 67	2,775 00	.....	333 67
Columbia Hospital for Women and Lying-in Asylum, District of Columbia.....	1883	22	137	.....	.....	15,000 00	.....	15,000 00	15,000 00	.....	.....
Do.....	1882	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7 99	7 99	.....	7 99	.....
Do.....	1881	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7 33	7 33	.....	7 33	.....
Children's Hospital, District of Columbia. Saint Ann's Infant Asylum, District of Co- lumbia.....	1883	22	137	.....	.....	5,000 00	.....	5,000 00	5,000 00	.....	.....
Do.....	1883	22	137	.....	.....	5,000 00	.....	5,000 00	5,000 00	.....	.....
Industrial Home School, District of Columbia. Do.....	1883	22	137	.....	.....	5,000 00	.....	5,000 00	5,000 00	.....	.....
Do.....	1882	.....	.....	.....	46	.....	.....	46	.....	46	46
Do.....	1881	.....	.....	.....	7 18	.....	.....	7 18	.....	7 18	.....
National Association for Colored Women and Children, District of Columbia.....	1883	22	137	.....	.....	6,500 00	.....	6,500 00	6,500 00	.....	.....
Do.....	1882	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 97	5 97	5 97	.....	.....
Woman's Christian Association, District of Columbia.....	1883	22	137	.....	.....	5,000 00	.....	5,000 00	5,000 00	.....	.....
Do.....	1883	22	137	.....	.....	15,000 00	84 41	15,084 41	15,084 41	.....	.....
Relief of the poor, District of Columbia.....	1882	.....	.....	.....	2,794 20	.....	90 60	2,884 80	399 60	.....	2,485 20
Bridge across Potomac River near George- town, District of Columbia.....	1883	22	136	.....	140,000 00	.....	.....	140,000 00	140,000 00	.....	140,000 00
Washington Aqueduct, District of Columbia. Do.....	1882	.....	.....	.....	.....	20,000 00	4,127 33	24,127 33	24,127 33	.....	.....
Do.....	1881	.....	.....	.....	381 06	.....	4,353 17	4,353 17	2,999 00	381 06	1,354 17
Salaries and contingent expenses of officers of the District of Columbia.....	1883	22	138	.....	.....	140,631 00	3,442 09	144,073 09	144,059 20	.....	13 89
Do.....	1882	22	273, 587	.....	3,487 19	1,263 30	156 73	4,907 22	2,006 34	.....	2,900 88
Do.....	1881	22	273	.....	3,334 87	1,667 11	.....	5,001 98	1,721 17	3,280 81	.....
Do.....	1880	22	591	.....	.....	18 70	1 30	20 00	20 00	.....	.....
Do.....	1880	22	591	.....	.....	96 00	.....	96 00	96 00	.....	.....
Public schools, District of Columbia.....	1883	22	141, 586	.....	9,200 00	441,325 00	7,738 85	458,263 85	458,263 85	.....	.....
Carried forward.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,632,995 33	22,550,925 88	1,515,625 66	27,699,546 87	19,020,797 78	162,370 89	8,516,378 20

* And prior years.

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1882.
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TREASURY—Continued.										
Brought forward.....										
Public schools, District of Columbia.....	1882	22	273, 591	\$3, 632, 995 33	\$22, 550, 925 88	\$1, 515, 625 66	\$27, 099, 546 87	\$19, 020, 797 78	\$162, 370 89	\$8, 516, 378 20
Do.....	1881	22	273	33, 457 22	33, 226 74	43 50	66, 727 46	61, 852 43	4, 875 04	4, 875 04
Do.....	1880	22	273	6, 841 24	1, 344 00	6 75	7, 030 35	2, 847 99	4, 682 36	108 00
Buildings and grounds public schools, District of Columbia.....	1883	22	142, 273	49, 113 57	116, 068 00	19, 090 78	184, 872 35	183, 391 45	.....	1, 480 90
Do.....	1884	22	469	.....	90, 000 00	.....	90, 000 00	20, 000 00	.....	70, 000 00
Metropolitan police, District of Columbia.....	1883	22	140, 591	.....	302, 480 00	4, 090 93	306, 570 93	306, 570 93	.....	314 54
Do.....	1882	22	273	1, 986 79	1, 224 00	2 02	3, 212 81	2, 898 27	919 86	.....
Do.....	1881	22	272	922 80	586 34	.....	1, 509 14	589 28	58 39	.....
Do.....	1880	22	272	.....	45 40	64 24	109 64	51 25	.....	.....
Metropolitan police, additional force, District of Columbia.....	1881	22	141, 586	79 73	.....	.....	79 73	.....	79 73	.....
Fire department, District of Columbia.....	1883	22	141	.....	99, 140 00	2, 374 69	101, 514 69	101, 504 72	.....	9 97
Do.....	1882	22	273, 591	553 04	3, 965 66	39 65	4, 558 35	4, 425 42	.....	132 83
Do.....	1881	22	272	36 81	742 94	34 87	814 62	745 64	68 98	.....
Do.....	1880	22	272	.....	16 38	.....	16 38	.....	.....	16 38
Courts, District of Columbia.....	1883	22	141, 586	4, 157 63	15, 818 00	109 30	15, 927 30	15, 927 30	.....	2, 923 25
Do.....	1882	22	142	3, 446 83	6, 900 00	55 13	4, 212 76	1, 289 51	3, 406 83	521 51
Do.....	1881	22	142	999 65	.....	321 31	3, 446 83	40 00	.....	522 57
Do.....	1880	22	142	392 00	.....	238 96	1, 238 61	716 04	392 00	33, 000 00
Streets, District of Columbia.....	1883	22	139	.....	214, 050 00	11, 500 66	255, 550 66	222, 550 66	.....	176 00
Do.....	1882	22	591	19, 298 53	2, 116 83	2, 801 61	24, 216 97	24, 040 97	5, 190 38	319 61
Do.....	1881	22	273	5, 190 38	.....	.....	5, 190 38	.....	.....	471 59
Do.....	1880	22	273	.....	319 61	1, 462 34	319 61	44, 042 34	1 50	.....
Health department, District of Columbia.....	1883	22	143	.....	42, 580 00	208 50	44, 042 34	2, 135 73	.....	.....
Do.....	1882	22	273, 591	1, 778 45	620 37	.....	2, 607 32	143 00	.....	.....
Do.....	1881	22	273	1 50	143 00	.....	144 50	.....	.....	.....
Interest and sinking fund, District of Columbia.....	1883	22	143	.....	1, 213, 947 97	18, 290 00	1, 232, 237 97	1, 232, 237 97	.....	.....
Do.....	1881	22	143	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Interest on 3.65 bonds, act June 11, 1873 (judgments, acts June 16, 1880, and March 30, 1881), District of Columbia.....	1883	21	465	.....	6, 543 80	.....	6, 543 80	6, 543 80	.....	.....
Do.....	1881	22	143	.....	25, 000 00	1, 135 58	26, 135 58	26, 135 58	.....	.....

Do.	1882	365 39	214 57	365 39	214 57	365 39	214 57	365 39	214 57
Do.	1880	214 57	12, 436 70	12, 436 70	12, 436 70	12, 436 70	12, 436 70	12, 436 70	12, 436 70
Miscellaneous expenses, District of Columbia	1881	142	632 60	632 60	632 60	632 60	632 60	632 60	632 60
Do.	1882	273	1, 569 34	1, 569 34	1, 569 34	1, 569 34	1, 569 34	1, 569 34	1, 569 34
Do.	1881		17, 099 38	17, 099 38	17, 099 38	17, 099 38	17, 099 38	17, 099 38	17, 099 38
Miscellaneous and contingent expenses, District of Columbia	1880								
Contingent expenses, District of Columbia	1883	143	2, 583 64	2, 583 64	2, 583 64	2, 583 64	2, 583 64	2, 583 64	2, 583 64
Do.	1882		7, 917 97	7, 917 97	7, 917 97	7, 917 97	7, 917 97	7, 917 97	7, 917 97
Do.	1881								
Employment of the poor in filling up grounds, District of Columbia	1880		16, 478 93	16, 478 93	16, 478 93	16, 478 93	16, 478 93	16, 478 93	16, 478 93
Refunding taxes, District of Columbia	1883	143	3, 503 87	3, 503 87	3, 503 87	3, 503 87	3, 503 87	3, 503 87	3, 503 87
Water fund, District of Columbia	1882	104	108, 650 50	108, 650 50	108, 650 50	108, 650 50	108, 650 50	108, 650 50	108, 650 50
Washington special tax fund, District of Columbia	1883	104	4, 411 14	4, 411 14	4, 411 14	4, 411 14	4, 411 14	4, 411 14	4, 411 14
Redemption of tax-lien certificates, District of Columbia		104	646 27	646 27	646 27	646 27	646 27	646 27	646 27
Water fund, District of Columbia		104	60, 730 18	60, 730 18	60, 730 18	60, 730 18	60, 730 18	60, 730 18	60, 730 18
Police station houses, District of Columbia		104	35, 929 44	35, 929 44	35, 929 44	35, 929 44	35, 929 44	35, 929 44	35, 929 44
Telegraph and telephone service, District of Columbia		37							
Washington redemption fund, District of Columbia	1883	140	17, 000 00	17, 000 00	17, 000 00	17, 000 00	17, 000 00	17, 000 00	17, 000 00
Redemption of Pennsylvania Avenue paving certificates (act July 19, 1876), District of Columbia		104	155 55	155 55	155 55	155 55	155 55	155 55	155 55
Redemption of Pennsylvania Avenue paving certificates (act July 8, 1870), District of Columbia		104	609 96	609 96	609 96	609 96	609 96	609 96	609 96
Redemption of assessment certificates, District of Columbia		104	743 26	743 26	743 26	743 26	743 26	743 26	743 26
Reconstructing Jefferson school building, District of Columbia		104							
New engine-house for engine No. 5, District of Columbia		37	35, 785 64	35, 785 64	35, 785 64	35, 785 64	35, 785 64	35, 785 64	35, 785 64
Building, German Orphan Asylum, District of Columbia		37	105 00	105 00	105 00	105 00	105 00	105 00	105 00
Water mains for protection of Government Printing Office, District of Columbia		137							
General expenses, District of Columbia		144	2, 800 00	2, 800 00	2, 800 00	2, 800 00	2, 800 00	2, 800 00	2, 800 00
Payment of legal obligations, District of Columbia		272	9, 680 34	9, 680 34	9, 680 34	9, 680 34	9, 680 34	9, 680 34	9, 680 34
Increasing the water supply, District of Columbia		272	85, 264 84	85, 264 84	85, 264 84	85, 264 84	85, 264 84	85, 264 84	85, 264 84
Salaries of temporary clerks, offices District of Columbia		170	1, 485, 279 30	1, 485, 279 30	1, 485, 279 30	1, 485, 279 30	1, 485, 279 30	1, 485, 279 30	1, 485, 279 30
Pay of workmen employed under late Board of Public Works, District of Columbia		462	2, 500 00	2, 500 00	2, 500 00	2, 500 00	2, 500 00	2, 500 00	2, 500 00
Carried forward			3, 946, 597 18	26, 624, 875 47	1, 604, 428 84	32, 175, 901 49	21, 662, 609 71	185, 457 02	10, 327, 834 76

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of ap- propriations July 1, 1882.	Appropria- tions for the fiscal year end- ing June 30, 1882.	Repayments made dur- ing the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments dur- ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts car- ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropri- ations June 30, 1883.
		Vol.	Page or sec- tion.							
TREASURY—Continued.										
Brought forward				\$3, 946, 597 18	\$26, 624, 875 47	\$1, 604, 428 84	\$32, 175, 901 49	\$21, 662, 609 71	\$185, 457 02	\$10, 327, 834 76
Establishment of a free public highway in the District of Columbia					3, 000 00		3, 000 00	3, 000 00		
Salaries, office of Secretary of War	1883	22	408		94, 213 70		94, 213 70	90, 510 40		3, 703 30
Do.	1882	22	238			1 64	1 64			1 64
Do.	1881			126, 93			126, 93		126 93	
Contingent expenses, office of Secretary of War	1883	22	238		10, 000 00	16, 965 46	26, 965 46	25, 652 89		1, 312 57
Salaries and contingent expenses, office of Secretary of War, (rebel archives branch)	1883	22	238		671 23		671 23	619 67		51 56
Salaries, office of Adjutant-General	1883	22	238		533, 556 16		533, 556 16	502, 450 00		31, 106 16
Do.	1882					5 84	15 84			15 84
Do.	1881			766 03			766 03		766 03	
Contingent expenses, office of Adjutant-General	1883	22	238		30, 000 00		30, 000 00	30, 000 00		1, 677 77
Do.	1882					1, 677 77	1, 677 77			81 69
Salaries, office of Adjutant-General, old Navy Department building	1883	22	241		4, 980 00		4, 980 00	4, 898 31		
Contingent expenses, office of Adjutant-General, old Navy Department building	1883	22	241, 585		4, 000 00		4, 000 00	4, 000 00		
Rent of building, office of Adjutant-General	1883	22	241		7, 000 00		7, 000 00	3, 000 00		4, 000 00
Do.	1881			200 00			200 00			200 00
Do.	1882						200 00			
Salaries, office of Inspector-General	1883	22	238		2, 520 00		2, 520 00	2, 520 00		
Salaries, office of Military Justice	1883	22	238		7, 218 63		7, 218 63	7, 150 00		68 63
Contingent expenses, office of Military Justice	1883	22	238		1, 500 00		1, 500 00	1, 500 00		
Salaries, office of Quartermaster-General	1883	22	239		219, 275 21		219, 275 21	219, 275 21		
Do.	1882					24 37	24 37			24 37
Do.	1881			46 90			46 90		46 90	
Contingent expenses, office of Quartermaster-General	1883	22	239		7, 435 00		7, 435 00	7, 435 00		
Salaries, office of Commissary-General	1883	22	239		31, 680 00		31, 680 00	31, 680 00		1 08
Do.	1882					1 08	1 08			
Do.	1881			16 96			16 96		16 96	
Contingent expenses, office of Commissary-General	1883	22	239		5, 500 00		5, 500 00	5, 500 00		
Salaries, office of Surgeon-General	1883	22	239		484, 847 67		484, 847 67	469, 000 00		15, 847 67
Do.	1882					92 10	92 10			92 10
Do.	1881			848 82			848 82		848 82	

Contingent expenses, office of Surgeon-General	1883	22	239	31,300 00	31,300 00	31,300 00	31,300 00	55 38	55 38
Salaries, office of Chief of Ordnance	1882	22	240	20,380 00	20,380 00	20,380 00	20,380 00		
Contingent expenses, office of Chief of Ordnance	1883	22	340	1,500 00	1,500 00	1,500 97	1,500 97	60 97	60 97
Salaries, office of Paymaster-General	1883	22	340	58,586 58	58,586 58	58,586 58	58,586 58	4 86	4 86
Contingent expenses, office of Paymaster-General	1882	22	340	2,500 00	2,500 00	2,500 00	2,500 00		
Salaries, office of Chief of Engineers	1883	22	340	23,240 00	23,240 00	23,240 00	23,240 00	3 90	3 90
Contingent expenses, office of Chief of Engineers	1882	22	340	3,000 00	3,000 00	3,000 00	3,000 00		
Salaries of Signal Office	1883	22	238	41,684 38	41,684 38	41,684 38	41,684 38	16 31	16 31
Salaries of superintendent of building corner of Pennsylvania avenue and 15th street	1882	22	242	250 00	250 00	250 00	250 00		
Rent of building corner of Pennsylvania avenue and 15th street	1883	22	241	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00		
Salaries of superintendent, &c., War Department building	1883	22	241	22,275 07	22,275 07	22,275 07	22,275 07	6 00	6 00
Contingent expenses of War Department building	1882	22	241	15 00	15 00	15 00	15 00		
Salaries of superintendent, &c., building on F street	1881	22	241,584	11,500 00	11,500 00	11,500 00	11,500 00		
Contingent expenses of building on F street	1883	22	241	5,170 00	5,170 00	5,170 00	5,170 00		
Rent of building on F street	1883	22	241	3,500 00	3,500 00	3,500 00	3,500 00		
Salaries of superintendent, &c., building corner of Seventeenth and F streets	1883	22	242	4,500 00	4,500 00	4,500 00	4,500 00		
Contingent expenses of building corner of Seventeenth and F streets	1882	22	242	5,788 08	5,788 08	5,788 08	5,788 08	218 81	218 81
Salary of superintendent building on Tenth street	1881	22	242	250 00	250 00	250 00	250 00	90	90
Salary of superintendent building occupied by Commissary-General	1883	22	242	250 00	250 00	250 00	250 00		
Salaries of employés public buildings and grounds under Chief of Engineers	1883	22	243	41,641 64	41,641 64	41,641 64	41,641 64	23 26	23 26
Contingent expenses of public buildings and grounds under Chief of Engineers	1882	22	387	17 50	17 50	17 50	17 50		
Improvement and care of public grounds	1883	22	243	500 00	500 00	500 00	500 00		
Repairs, fuel, &c., of Executive Mansion	1882	22	386	89,000 00	89,000 00	89,000 00	89,000 00	869 76	869 76
Carried forward	1881	22	387	906 56	906 56	906 56	906 56	9 99	9 99
	1882	22	387	48,000 00	48,000 00	48,000 00	48,000 00	10 00	10 00
	1883	22	387	10 00	10 00	10 00	10 00		
	1882	22	386	28,503,542 88	28,503,542 88	28,503,542 88	28,503,542 88	1,024,220 48	1,024,220 48
	1881	22	386	3,048,874 68	3,048,874 68	3,048,874 68	3,048,874 68	34,076,638 04	34,076,638 04
	1882	22	386	23,500,861 70	23,500,861 70	23,500,861 70	23,500,861 70	187,534 52	187,534 52
	1883	22	386	10,388,241 74	10,388,241 74	10,388,241 74	10,388,241 74		

Carried forward

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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TREASURY—Continued.										
Brought forward.....										
Repairs, fuel, &c., of Executive Mansion.....	1881			\$3,948,874 68	\$28,503,542 88	\$1,624,220 48	\$34,076,638 04	\$23,500,861 78	\$187,534 52	\$10,388,241 74
Lighting, &c., Executive Mansion.....	1883	22	317	1 13	15,000 00		15,000 00	15,000 00	1 13	
Do.....	1882	22	386		12 50		12 50	12 50		
Repairs of water-pipes and fire-pugs.....	1883	22	318		2,500 00		2,500 00	2,500 00		
Do.....	1881			1 62			1 62		1 62	
Telegraph to connect the Capitol with the Departments and Government Printing Office.....	1883	22	318		1,500 00		1,500 00	1,500 00		
Salaries of civil employes in lieu of general service men.....		22	242		225,900 82		225,900 82	217,300 00		8,600 82
Building for State, War, and Navy Departments, south wing.....		22	318, 615	2,774 41	950,000 00	24 33	1,130,024 33	2,774 41		835,024 33
Do.....	1883	22	318	180,000 00	50,000 00		50,000 00	40,000 00		10,000 00
Furniture and carpets for State, War, and Navy building.....	1883	22	615		25,000 00		25,000 00	25,000 00		
Furniture for State, War, and Navy building.....	1884	22	615		250,000 00		390,000 00	160,000 00		230,000 00
Completion of the Washington Monument.....		22	322	15,000 00	15,000 00		15,000 00	13,750 00		1,250 00
Support and medical treatment of transient paupers.....	1883	22	322	1,250 00			1,250 00	1,250 00		
Do.....	1882				300 00		300 00	300 00		
Transportation of reports and maps to foreign countries.....	1883	22	319	500 00	300 00		500 00	241 39		258 61
Do.....	1882			9 18			9 18		9 18	
Do.....	1881									
Postage to postal-union countries (War Department).....	1883	22	242		3,000 00		3,000 00	2,000 00		1,000 00
Postage of War Department.....	1883	22	255		140,000 00		140,000 00	90,631 35		49,368 65
Do.....	1882			26,877 35			26,877 35	26,813 33		64 02
Do.....	1881			6,792 04			6,792 04		6,792 04	
Do.....	1879					10,783 30	10,783 30	10,783 30		
Erection of a monumental column at Yorktown.....				94,912 10			94,912 10	13,520 24		81,391 86
Monument to commemorate the revolutionary battle of Bennington.....				40,000 00			40,000 00			40,000 00
Fire-proof roof, building corner 17th and F streets.....				278 12			278 12			278 12
Erection of fishways at Great Falls.....	22	170			50,000 00		50,000 00	5,000 00		45,000 00

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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TREASURY—Continued.										
Brought forward										
Library, Navy Department	1883	22	243	\$4,464,309 15	\$20,520,470 04	\$1,635,028 11	\$36,619,807 30	\$24,699,360 19	\$215,057 01	\$11,705,390 10
Salaries, Nautical Almanac Office	1883	22	245		2,500 00		2,500 00	2,000 00		500 00
Contingent and miscellaneous expenses, Nautical Almanac Office	1883	22	245		12,657 53		12,657 53	12,657 53		
Salaries, Hydrographic Office	1883	22	245		9,493 15		9,493 15	9,493 15		
Contingent and miscellaneous expenses, Hydrographic Office	1883	22	245		35,206 03		35,206 03	35,183 84		22 19
Salaries, Naval Observatory	1883	22	245		21,698 63	1,677 48	23,376 11	18,348 60		5,027 51
Contingent and miscellaneous expenses, Naval Observatory	1883	22	245		15,749 59		15,749 59	15,599 14		130 45
Salaries, Post-Office Department	1883	22	251, 586		10,430 03		10,430 03	10,430 03		
Do.	1883	22		26 66	667,584 05		667,584 05	667,584 05		26 66
Do.	1882					919 95	26 66		919 95	
Do.	1881						919 95			
Contingent expenses, Post-Office Department:										
Stationery	1883	22	252		9,000 00		9,000 00	9,000 00		
Do.	1881			4 00		06	4 06		4 06	
Fuel	1883	22	252, 586		10,400 00		10,400 00	10,400 00		
Do.	1882	22	268		2,692 50		2,692 50	2,692 50		
Do.	1881					3 93	3 93		3 93	
Gas	1883	22	252		5,000 00		5,000 00	5,000 00		
Do.	1881					225 20	225 20		225 20	
Do.	1880	22	268		178 20		178 20	178 20		
Plumbing and gas-fixtures	1883	22	252		3,100 00		3,100 00	3,100 00		
Do.	1881					24 11	24 11		24 11	
Telegraphing	1883	22	252		5,000 00		5,000 00	5,000 00		
Do.	1881					599 70	599 70		599 70	
Do.	1880	22	268		318 37		318 37	318 37		
Printing	1883	22	252		4,000 00		4,000 00	4,000 00		
Do.	1881					05	05		05	
Carpets	1883	22	252		4,000 00		4,000 00	4,000 00		
Do.	1881					3 10	3 10		3 10	
Furniture	1883	22	252		4,000 00		4,000 00	4,000 00		
Do.	1881					1 27	1 27		1 27	
Horses and wagons	1883	22	252		1,500 00		1,500 00	1,500 00		
Do.	1882	22	268		340 00		340 00	340 00		
Do.	1881	22	268		274 32		274 32	274 32		
Hardware	1883	22	252		1,500 00		1,500 00	1,500 00		

1881	Do.	1881	252	9,500 00	29 31	9,500 00	29 31	9,500 00	29 31
1883	Rent.	1883	252	12,100 00	29 31	12,100 00	29 31	12,100 00	29 31
1883	Miscellaneous items	1883	252	139 75	29 31	139 75	29 31	139 75	29 31
1881	Do.	1881	253	26,500 00	29 31	26,500 00	29 31	26,500 00	29 31
1883	Publication of official Postal Guide.	1883	253	3,000 00	29 31	3,000 00	29 31	3,000 00	29 31
1883	Money-order office	1883	253	6,328 77	29 31	6,328 77	29 31	6,328 77	29 31
1883	Do.	1883	253	1,000 00	29 31	1,000 00	29 31	1,000 00	29 31
1883	Transfer of money-order office	1883	253	13,243 37	29 31	13,243 37	29 31	13,243 37	29 31
1883	Publication of post-route maps	1883	253	1,942 00	29 31	1,942 00	29 31	1,942 00	29 31
1883	Deficiency in the postal revenues	1883	253	1,902,177 90	29 31	1,902,177 90	29 31	1,902,177 90	29 31
1882	Do.	1882	253	2,235,422 33	29 31	2,235,422 33	29 31	2,235,422 33	29 31
1881	Do.	1881	253	993,420 00	29 31	993,420 00	29 31	993,420 00	29 31
1880	Do.	1880	253	15,824 06	29 31	15,824 06	29 31	15,824 06	29 31
1879	Do.	1879	253	6,595 12	29 31	6,595 12	29 31	6,595 12	29 31
1879	Do.	1879	253	26,900 00	29 31	26,900 00	29 31	26,900 00	29 31
1883	Post-office Department building	1883	253	102,580 00	29 31	102,580 00	29 31	102,580 00	29 31
1883	Post-office Department building, refitting	1883	253	8 11	29 31	8 11	29 31	8 11	29 31
1883	Post-office Department building, refitting	1883	253	14 78	29 31	14 78	29 31	14 78	29 31
1883	Salaries	1883	253	77,000 00	29 31	77,000 00	29 31	77,000 00	29 31
1881	Do.	1881	253	14 40	29 31	14 40	29 31	14 40	29 31
1883	Do.	1883	253	77,000 00	29 31	77,000 00	29 31	77,000 00	29 31
1883	Collecting agricultural statistics	1883	253	14 40	29 31	14 40	29 31	14 40	29 31
1881	Do.	1881	253	25,000 00	29 31	25,000 00	29 31	25,000 00	29 31
1883	Building, Department of Agriculture	1883	253	80,000 00	29 31	80,000 00	29 31	80,000 00	29 31
1883	Purchase and distribution of valuable seeds	1883	253	8 47	29 31	8 47	29 31	8 47	29 31
1882	Do.	1882	253	2 78	29 31	2 78	29 31	2 78	29 31
1881	Do.	1881	253	7,500 00	29 31	7,500 00	29 31	7,500 00	29 31
1883	Experimental garden	1883	253	31 75	29 31	31 75	29 31	31 75	29 31
1882	Do.	1882	253	8,000 00	29 31	8,000 00	29 31	8,000 00	29 31
1883	Improvement of grounds	1883	253	1,000 00	29 31	1,000 00	29 31	1,000 00	29 31
1883	Museum	1883	253	300 00	29 31	300 00	29 31	300 00	29 31
1882	Do.	1882	253	6,700 00	29 31	6,700 00	29 31	6,700 00	29 31
1883	Furniture, cases, and repairs	1883	253	1,500 00	29 31	1,500 00	29 31	1,500 00	29 31
1883	Library	1883	253	26 15	29 31	26 15	29 31	26 15	29 31
1882	Do.	1882	253	6,000 00	29 31	6,000 00	29 31	6,000 00	29 31
1883	Laboratory	1883	253	5,000 00	29 31	5,000 00	29 31	5,000 00	29 31
1882	Do.	1882	253	80 84	29 31	80 84	29 31	80 84	29 31
1883	Experiments in the culture of tea	1883	253	1,256 63	29 31	1,256 63	29 31	1,256 63	29 31
1881	Do.	1881	253	20,000 00	29 31	20,000 00	29 31	20,000 00	29 31
1882	Investigating the history of insects injurious to agriculture	1882	253	33 70	29 31	33 70	29 31	33 70	29 31
1883	Do.	1883	253	26 19	29 31	26 19	29 31	26 19	29 31
1882	Do.	1882	253	1,210,345 84	29 31	1,210,345 84	29 31	1,210,345 84	29 31
1881	Do.	1881	253	15,709,708 29	29 31	15,709,708 29	29 31	15,709,708 29	29 31

* And prior years.

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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TREASURY—Continued.										
Brought forward.....				7,760,664 75	\$33,611,739 41	\$1,779,515 84	\$43,151,920 00	\$26,171,865 87	\$1,210,345 84	\$15,769,708 29
Department of Agriculture—Continued.										
Investigating diseases of swine and other domesticated animals.....	1883	22	92		25,000 00		25,000 00	18,000 00		7,000 00
Do.....	1881	}		3,244 77			3,244 77	688 66		2,556 11
Do.....	1882									
Data respecting the agricultural needs of the arid regions of the United States.....	1882			1,699 76			1,699 76	877 31		822 45
Do.....	1881			4,600 00			4,600 00		4,600 00	7,296 58
Reclamation of arid and waste lands.....	1882			18,511 60			18,511 60	11,215 02		2,500 00
Examination of wools and animal fibers.....	1883			9,500 00			9,500 00	7,000 00		3,200 00
Report on forestry.....	1883	22	92	10,000 00			10,000 00	6,800 00		59 00
Do.....	1882			100 00			100 00	41 00		
Do.....	1881			1,237 49			1,237 49		1,237 49	
Contingent expenses.....	1882			14,000 00			14,000 00	14,000 00		
Do.....	1883					230 84	230 84	22,900 00	230 84	5,454 60
Do.....	1881	22	381, 384, 394	3,279 35	25,075 25		28,354 60			
Experiments in the manufacture of sugar, Transporting, for permanent exhibition, certain agricultural and mineral specimens exhibited at Atlanta, Ga.....				4,000 00			4,000 00	3,400 00		600 00
Preparing pamphlets on husbandry of the Angora goat.....	1883	22	337		500 00		500 00	500 00		
Postage.....	1883	22	92		4,000 00		4,000 00	3,800 00		200 00
Salaries of justices of the Supreme Court.....	1883	22	254		93,500 00		93,500 00	93,500 00		6,264 20
Do.....	1882			6,264 20			6,264 20			
Do.....	1881			3,586 78			3,586 78		3,586 78	
Salaries Supreme Court, reporting decisions of October (1883) term.....		22	254		4,000 00		4,000 00	4,000 00		
Salary and expenses of reporter of the Supreme Court.....	1883	22	254		6,300 00	170 00	6,470 00	6,470 00		8,000 00
Salary and expenses of office of clerk.....	1883	22	586		13,000 00		13,000 00	5,000 00		
Salaries of circuit judges.....	1883	22	254		54,000 00		54,000 00	54,000 00		345 60
Do.....	1882			345 60			345 60			
Do.....	1881			2,208 43			2,208 43		2,208 43	6,642 56
Salaries of district judges.....	1883	22	254, 336, 586		203,081 56		203,081 56	196,439 00		1,746 83
Do.....	1882	22	268	1,227 98	3,500 00		4,727 98	2,951 15		
Do.....	1881			873 11			873 11		873 11	

1883	22	254	41,205 20	41,205 20	41,205 20	41,205 20	501 25
Salaries of retired judges		254	19,900 00	19,900 00	19,900 00	19,900 00	501 25
1882	22	254, 236	200 00	1,433 00	1,433 00	1,433 00	192 98
Salaries of district attorneys		269	200 00	200 00	200 00	200 00	192 98
1881	22	236, 254	12,700 00	12,700 00	12,700 00	12,700 00	616 73
Salaries of United States marshals		269	200 00	200 00	200 00	200 00	343 53
1880	22	596	990 45	990 45	990 45	990 45	22 78
Salaries of justices and judges of the supreme court of District of Columbia		254	24,500 00	24,500 00	24,500 00	24,500 00	438,603 36
Outstanding liabilities		372	53,391 92	53,391 92	53,391 92	53,391 92	2,500 00
Contingent expenses, national currency, re-insurable, office of Treasurer		3689	343,054 42	343,054 42	343,054 42	343,054 42	385,629 83
To promote the education of the blind		595	06	06	06	06	
Contingent expenses of Steamboat Inspection Service		275	11 75	11 75	11 75	11 75	
Service prior to July 1		3689	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	253,616 10
Contingent expenses of Steamboat Inspection Service		25	169,676 09	169,676 09	169,676 09	169,676 09	167 67
Salaries of Steamboat Inspection Service		312	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	1,099 48
Salaries, office Supervising Inspector Steamboat Inspection Service		312	25,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00	762 41
Coinage of the standard silver dollar		312	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	89,336 40
Recoinage of gold and silver coins		611	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	600 00
Recoinage of incurrent silver coins		638	600 00	600 00	600 00	600 00	500 00
Loss on recoinage of minor coins		638	500 00	500 00	500 00	500 00	6,000 00
Storage of silver		56	451,090 17	451,090 17	451,090 17	451,090 17	15,000 00
Statue of Joseph Henry		56	871,012 94	871,012 94	871,012 94	871,012 94	500 00
Portrait of the late B. H. Hill		638	1,905 74	1,905 74	1,905 74	1,905 74	858,532 13
Portrait of the late Fernando Wood, M. H. Carpenter, and A. E. Burnside		638	849 07	849 07	849 07	849 07	846,263 48
Portrait of the late W. W. Lowe		261	731 07	731 07	731 07	731 07	454 81
Pedestal for statue of Rear-Admiral S. F. Du Pont		176,632	16,000 00	16,000 00	16,000 00	16,000 00	5,744 01
Statue of Chief Justice Marshall			36,039,000 05	36,039,000 05	36,039,000 05	36,039,000 05	1,223,600 87
Portrait of the late M. P. O'Connor			9,944,263 69	9,944,263 69	9,944,263 69	9,944,263 69	18,729,383 14
Portrait of the late G. S. Orth							
Sinking fund Union Pacific Railroad Company							
Sinking fund Central Pacific Railroad Company							
Trust-fund interest for support of free schools							
Refund to securities of C. H. Davis, late postmaster Vernon Springs							
Descriptive catalogue of Government publications							
Carried forward							

*And prior years.

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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TREASURY—Continued.										
Brought forward				\$9,944,263 69	\$36,039,000 05	\$1,834,764 56	\$47,818,028 30	\$27,865,044 29	\$1,223,600 87	\$18,729,383 14
Memorial cards to accompany address on the life of President Garfield		22	389, 391		1,775 00		1,775 00	1,085 00		690 00
Draping public buildings at the time of the death of President Garfield		22	260		5,000 00		5,000 00	2,841 45		2,158 55
Additional compensation for services in connection with the issue of 3½ per cent.bonds.		22	258		7,570 00		7,570 00	7,570 00		
Payment to Burlington, Cedar Rapids, and Northern Railway Company for mail transportation		22	401		5,592 79	5,592 79	11,185 58	5,592 79	5,592 79	
Payment to Western Union Telegraph Company		22	259		114 66		114 66	114 66		
Payment to legal representatives of Ebenezer Eveleth		22	260		5,000 00		5,000 00	5,000 00		
Reimbursing Treasurer of United States for canceled notes lost		22	261		650 61		650 61	650 61		
Reimbursing Treasurer of United States for standard silver dollars lost in transit		22	312		257 00		257 00	257 00		
Reimbursing Treasurer of United States for deficiency of December, 1876		22	588		555 85		555 85	555 85		
Additional clerks for adjusting accounts of Soldiers' Home		22	564		10,000 00		10,000 00	5,000 00		5,000 00
Reimbursement to State of Kansas for 15 per centum direct tax		22	261		10,761 50		10,761 50	10,761 50		
Awards for services and expenses in connection with the illness of President Garfield		22	284		57,500 00		57,500 00	39,793 01		17,706 99
Payment to the Comptroller of the Currency interest for creditors of First National Bank of New Orleans		22	314		28,173 58		28,173 58	28,173 58		
Reimbursement to George A. Sheridan, late Recorder of Deeds, District of Columbia		22	326		1,102 00		1,102 00	1,102 00		
Payment to William F. Rogers		22	588		200 00		200 00	200 00		
Payment of judgment to Charles Osborn		22	314		169 64		169 64	169 64		
Payment to Henry Dunlap		22	594		500 00		500 00	500 00		
Payment to John J. Key and W. G. M. Davis		22	335		20,000 00		20,000 00	20,000 00		
Payment to Charles H. Evans		22	594		500 00		500 00	500 00		
Payment of assessments to city of Des Moines, Iowa		22	584		2,087 30		2,087 30	2,087 30		

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1883, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of ap- propriations July 1, 1882.	Appropri- ations for the fiscal year end- ing June 30, 1883.	Repayments made dur- ing the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments dur- ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts car- ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of ap- propriations June 30, 1883.
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JUDICIARY AND DIPLOMATIC—Continued.										
Brought forward.....										
Salaries of consular officers, not citizens.....	1882	22	587	\$240,863 31	\$973,409 74	\$16,770 28	\$1,231,043 33	\$941,543 98	\$19,850 84	\$269,648 51
Do.....	1881	22	587	117 45	327 41		444 86	172 50		272 36
Do.....	1881	22	258	3 50	5,356 83		5,360 33	4,914 83	3 50	442 00
Salaries of marshals for consular courts.....	1880*	22	594		94 21		94 21	94 21		
Do.....	1883	22	134		9,000 00	157 50	9,157 50	4,957 70		4,199 80
Do.....	1882			2,965 84		120 00	3,085 84	2,035 10		1,050 74
Do.....	1881			488 12			488 12		488 12	
Expenses for interpreters, guards, &c., in Turkish Dominion.....	1883	22	134		3,000 00	147 58	3,147 58	3,011 16		136 42
Do.....	1882			72 07		375 18		447 25		317 05
Do.....	1881			34 27		236 25	270 52	250 00	20 52	
Loss on bills of exchange, consular service.....	1883	22	134		8,000 00		8,000 00	147 58		7,852 42
Do.....	1882			8,000 00			8,000 00	2,281 77		5,718 23
Do.....	1881			5,797 75			5,797 75	214 25	5,583 50	
Contingent expenses of United States con- sulates.....	1883	22	134		135,000 00	138 01	135,138 01	125,060 58		10,077 43
Do.....	1882	22	587	14,463 80	16,983 19	1,416 52	32,863 51	32,596 75		266 76
Do.....	1881	22	258	243 37	13,921 12	693 52	14,928 01	14,253 91		674 10
Do.....	1880*	22	594		1,181 71	216 51	1,398 22	1,181 71	216 51	
Do.....	1879			1,916 87			1,916 87		1,916 87	
Do.....	1879*	22	275		230 00		230 00	230 00		
Rent of prisons, wages of keepers for Ameri- can convicts in Siam and Turkey.....	1883	22	134		2,000 00	62 50	2,062 50	1,203 74		858 76
Do.....	1882			1,143 29			1,143 29	1,036 37		106 92
Do.....	1881			591 73			591 73	22 00	569 73	
Rent of prisons for American convicts in China.....	1883	22	134		1,500 00		1,500 00	1,116 66		383 34
Do.....	1882			383 34			383 34	372 22		11 12
Do.....	1881			41 98			41 98		41 98	
Wages of keepers, &c., prisons for American convicts in China.....	1883	22	134		9,500 00	1,236 66	10,736 66	7,128 08		3,608 58
Do.....	1882			4,553 91		372 22	4,926 13	2,558 32		2,567 81
Do.....	1881			192 17			192 17		192 17	
Do.....	1880*					58 00	58 00		58 00	
Rent of prison for American convicts in Japan.....	1883	22	134		750 00		750 00	450 00		300 00
Do.....	1882			300 00			300 00	150 00		150 00
Do.....	1881			150 00			150 00		150 00	

Wages of keepers of prison for American convicts in Japan	1883	134	5,000 00	5,000 00	1,946 77	3,053 23
Do	1882		2,225 39	2,225 39	1,088 99	1,536 40
Do	1881		1,944 33	1,944 33		450 00
Rent of court-house and jail in Japan	1883	134	3,850 00	3,850 00	3,400 00	450 00
Do	1882		450 00	450 00		850 00
Do	1881		450 00	450 00		425 79
Buildings and grounds for legation in China	1883	134	3,100 00	3,100 00	2,250 00	450 00
Do	1882		850 00	850 00	424 21	100 00
Do	1881		100 00	100 00		96 84
Bringing home criminals	1883	135	5,000 00	5,000 00	2,764 60	4,903 16
Do	1882		3,883 97	3,883 97		1,129 37
Do	1881		2,710 82	2,710 82		2,817 82
Relief and protection of American seamen	1883	135	60,000 00	60,000 00	16,381 35	47,188 13
Do	1882		48,339 88	48,339 88	11,801 24	37,724 96
Do	1881		50,899 22	50,899 22	1,742 35	49,321 91
Do	1880*	504	598 91	598 91	636 82	
Do	1879*	275	251 65	251 65		
Rescuing shipwrecked American seamen	1883	135	4,500 00	4,500 00	3,104 10	1,395 90
Do	1882		2,093 25	2,093 25	221 61	1,871 64
Do	1881		109 04	109 04		3,396 00
Shipping and discharging seamen	1883	135	6,000 00	6,000 00	2,604 00	1,434 00
Do	1882		3,572 50	3,572 50	2,138 50	
Do	1881		1,615 58	1,615 58		23,716 93
Expenses under the neutrality act	1883	135	30,000 00	30,716 93	7,000 00	6,459 50
Do	1882		159 50	159 50	3,500 00	
Annual expenses of Cape Spartel Light, coast of Morocco	1883	135	285 00	285 00	285 00	
Do	1882	587	15 00	15 00	15 00	
Allowance to widows and heirs of diplomatic officers who die abroad	1883	135	5,000 00	5,000 00	1,060 01	3,939 99
Do	1882		3,328 01	3,328 01	1,162 08	2,165 93
Do	1881		4,051 31	4,051 31		
Postage on Congressional Record to legations abroad	1881		1,000 00	1,000 00		
Salaries United States and Spanish Claims Commission	1883	134	7,200 00	7,200 00	4,516 70	2,683 30
Do	1882		25 04	25 04		375 50
Contingent expenses United States and Spanish Claims Commission	1883	134	750 00	750 00	374 50	38 73
International Bureau of Weights and Measures	1883	430	2,270 00	2,270 00	2,231 27	3,620 00
Do	1882		3,620 00	3,620 00		4 70
Do	1881		4 76	4 76		250 00
International Prison Commission	1883	135	114 49	114 49		250 00
Do	1882		250 00	250 00		2,539 33
International Exposition at Paris of 1878	1882		2,539 33	2,539 33		400,519 94

Carried forward

* And prior years.

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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JUDICIARY AND DIPLOMATIC—Continued.										
Brought forward.....				\$422,689 32	\$1,318,014 77	\$28,542 19	\$1,769,246 28	\$1,217,473 30	\$91,253 04	\$400,519 94
International Exhibition at Sydney and Melbourne.....				.....	.....	1 42	1 42	.....	1 42	.....
International remonetization of silver.....				9,151 05	.....	.....	9,151 05	.....	.....	9,151 05
Expenses of International Sanitary Congress.....				3,978 05	.....	.....	3,978 05	200 00	.....	3,778 05
Improvement of American cemetery at Smyrna.....	1881			.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Berlin Fishery Exhibition.....				500 00	.....	.....	500 00	.....	500 00	.....
Tribunal of arbitration at Geneva.....				5 95	.....	.....	5 95	.....	.....	5 95
Payment for certain lands ceded by the United States to Great Britain.....				831 59	.....	.....	831 59	.....	.....	831 59
Joint commission for settlement of claims between the United States and the French Republic.....				5,677 02	.....	.....	5,677 02	.....	.....	5,677 02
Publication of consular and other commercial reports, Department of State.....		22	583, 302, 430	4,252 58	175,000 00	17,406 10	196,658 68	147,500 00	.....	49,158 68
Do.....	1883	22	135	.....	20,000 00	.....	20,000 00	20,000 00	.....	.....
Estates of decedents trust fund.....	1882	22	257	.....	3,000 00	.....	3,000 00	.....	.....	3,000 00
Boat and crew for consul at Osaka and Hiogo. Steam launch for legation and consulate at Constantinople.....	1883	22	134	45,563 73	.....	3,897 94	49,431 67	1,739 22	.....	47,692 45
International Fishery Exhibition of 1883 at London.....	1883	22	134	.....	500 00	.....	500 00	.....	.....	500 00
Compensation and expenses of commission to China.....	1880 } 1881 }	22 } 22 }	388, 603 } 257 }	.....	1,000 00	.....	1,000 00	550 00	.....	450 00
International Congress of Electricians, held in 1881 at Paris.....		22	258	.....	60,000 00	.....	60,000 00	50,000 00	.....	10,000 00
International Commission for Establishment of Electrical Units.....		22	302, 603	.....	2,228 01	.....	2,228 01	2,228 01	.....	.....
International Bi-metallic Commission.....		22	303	.....	3,000 00	.....	3,000 00	2,957 75	.....	42 25
Commission to negotiate a commercial treaty with Mexico.....		22	339	.....	15,500 00	.....	15,500 00	2,250 00	.....	13,250 00
To procure copies of Kohl's maps of the continent and islands of America.....		22	303	.....	27,000 00	.....	27,000 00	.....	.....	27,000 00
Relief of claimants for destruction of private armed brig General Armstrong.....		22	339	.....	20,000 00	.....	20,000 00	12,000 00	.....	8,000 00
Salaries and expenses court of Alabama claims.....		22	51	.....	.....	697 23	697 23	.....	697 23	.....
Payment to widow of Stephen A. Hurlbut, late minister to Peru.....		22	98	.....	70,739 00	.....	70,739 00	48,615 12	.....	22,123 88
		22	99	.....	152,996 05	.....	152,996 05	152,996 05	.....	.....
		22	99	.....	3,453 50	.....	3,453 50	3,453 50	.....	.....

Payment to widow of Henry H. Garnet, late minister to Liberia.....	22	100	2, 728 50	2, 728 50	2, 728 50	2, 728 50	2, 728 50	2, 728 50	2, 728 50
Payment to creditors of H. O. Waggoner, late consular clerk at Lyons.....	22	7	545 50	545 50	545 50	545 50	545 50	545 50	545 50
Payment to widow of Judson Kilpatrick, late minister to Chili.....	22	100	5, 124 17	5, 124 17	5, 124 17	5, 124 17	5, 124 17	5, 124 17	5, 124 17
Relief of J. J. Coffey and Rebecca S. Lewis	22	159	4, 000 00	4, 000 00	4, 000 00	4, 000 00	4, 000 00	4, 000 00	4, 000 00
Payment of Japanese indemnity fund.....	22	421	785, 000 87	785, 000 87	785, 000 87	785, 000 87	785, 000 87	785, 000 87	785, 000 87
Payment to James Rea, late consul at Belfast	22	594	1, 765 51	1, 765 51	1, 765 51	1, 765 51	1, 765 51	1, 765 51	1, 765 51
Payment to E. J. Mallet, late consul-general to Italy.....	22	583	8, 525 00	8, 525 00	8, 525 00	8, 525 00	8, 525 00	8, 525 00	8, 525 00
Salary, burial expenses, and erecting a stone to George P. Marsh, late minister to Italy.....	22	583	12, 500 00	12, 500 00	12, 500 00	12, 500 00	12, 500 00	12, 500 00	12, 500 00
Removal of remains of Stephen A. Hurlbut from Peru to Illinois.....	22	99	487 62	487 62	487 62	487 62	487 62	487 62	487 62
Reimbursing legal representatives of Francis P. Van Wyck.....	22	603	1, 000 00	1, 000 00	1, 000 00	1, 000 00	1, 000 00	1, 000 00	1, 000 00
JUDICIARY.									
Salaries, Department of Justice.....	1883	253	133, 079 73	2, 291 47	135, 371 20	135, 371 20	135, 371 20	135, 371 20	135, 371 20
Do.....	1882		3, 680 00	1, 549 74	5, 229 74	5, 229 74	5, 229 74	5, 229 74	5, 229 74
Do.....	1881		25 01		25 01	25 01	25 01	25 01	25 01
Rent of building, Department of Justice.....	1882	268	989 00		5, 576 90	4, 587 90	4, 587 90	4, 587 90	4, 587 90
Contingent expenses, Department of Justice, furniture and repairs.....	1883	253	1, 000 00	201 80	1, 201 80	1, 201 80	1, 201 80	1, 201 80	1, 201 80
Do.....	1882			12 67	12 67	12 67	12 67	12 67	12 67
Do.....	1881		5 60		5 60	5 60	5 60	5 60	5 60
Contingent expenses, Department of Justice, books for Department library.....	1883	253	1, 500 00	706 25	2, 206 25	2, 206 25	2, 206 25	2, 206 25	2, 206 25
Contingent expenses, Department of Justice, stationery.....	1883	253	1, 500 00	372 81	1, 872 81	1, 872 81	1, 872 81	1, 872 81	1, 872 81
Do.....	1882			32	32	32	32	32	32
Do.....	1881		8 50		8 50	8 50	8 50	8 50	8 50
Contingent expenses of Department of Justice, books for office of Solicitor.....	1883	254	500 00	39 73	539 73	539 73	539 73	539 73	539 73
Do.....	1881		4 60		4 60	4 60	4 60	4 60	4 60
Contingent expenses of Department of Justice, miscellaneous items.....	1883	253	7, 160 00	1, 580 82	8, 740 82	8, 740 82	8, 740 82	8, 740 82	8, 740 82
Do.....	1882	268	2, 750 00	178 06	2, 928 06	2, 750 00	2, 750 00	2, 750 00	2, 750 00
Do.....	1881		1 97		1 97	1 97	1 97	1 97	1 97
Contingent expenses of Department of Justice, horses and wagons.....	1883	253	1, 200 00	282 37	1, 482 37	1, 482 37	1, 482 37	1, 482 37	1, 482 37
Do.....	1882			163 36	163 36	163 36	163 36	163 36	163 36
Do.....	1881		1 26		1 26	1 26	1 26	1 26	1 26
Salary of warden of the jail, District of Columbia.....	1883	154	1, 800 00	298 40	2, 098 40	2, 098 40	2, 098 40	2, 098 40	2, 098 40
Repairs of court-house, Washington, D. C.....	1883	334	1, 000 00	782 00	1, 782 00	1, 782 00	1, 782 00	1, 782 00	1, 782 00
Furniture and carpets of court-house, Washington, D. C.....	1883	334	10, 000 00		10, 000 00	10, 000 00	10, 000 00	10, 000 00	10, 000 00
Carried forward.....			497, 365 23	58, 974 68	3, 416, 526 04	2, 642, 423 40	92, 498 63	681, 604 01	681, 604 01

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1883, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropria- tions July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year end- ing June 30, 1883.	Repayments made dur- ing the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments dur- ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts car- ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropria- tions June 30, 1883.
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JUDICIARY AND DIPLOMATIC—Continued.										
Brought forward	1883	22	335	\$497,365 23	\$2,860,136 13	\$58,974 68	\$3,416,526 04	\$2,642,423 40	\$92,498 63	\$681,604 01
Expenses of Territorial courts in Utah	1882	22	269	7,406 10	26,000 00		26,000 00	22,092 45		3,907 55
Do.	1881	22	269		10,032 22		7,406 10	3,830 05		3,575 15
Do.	1880	22	269		2,877 76		10,032 22	8,954 90		1,077 32
Do.	1880*	22	596		12 00	12 00	2,877 76	2,877 76		
Do.	1879*	22	276, 281		759 01		24 00		12 00	12 00
Expenses of United States courts in Utah	1880			3,802 45			3,802 45	759 01		
Defending suits in claims against the United States	1883	22	335		11,930 57	1,064 94	12,995 51	7,225 50		1,517 61
Do.	1882			2,883 00		3,134 24	6,017 24	50 00		5,770 01
Do.	1881			2,168 00		1 50	2,168 00	1 50	2,166 50	5,967 24
Prosecution and collection of claims	1883	22	335		3,000 00		3,000 00	2,360 75		639 25
Do.	1882			1,500 00			1,500 00	1,500 00		
Do.	1881			248 00			248 00	38 50	209 50	
Punishing violation of intercourse acts and frauds	1883	22	335		5,000 00	640 85	5,640 85	3,000 00		2,640 85
Do.	1882			1,187 82		1,433 34	2,621 16	816 35		1,804 81
Do.	1881			722 05			722 05		722 05	
Prosecution of crimes	1883	22	335		25,285 31	3,286 49	28,571 80	26,667 07		1,904 73
Do.	1882			2,787 47		799 29	3,586 66	1,605 33		1,981 33
Do.	1881			2,644 39			2,644 39		2,644 39	
Preservation of records United States courts, Frankfort, Ky	1882			144 00			144 00			144 00
Publishing supreme court reports Territory of Wyoming	1882			1,000 00			1,000 00			1,000 00
Fees and expenses of marshals United States courts	1883	22	586, 336		750,000 00	4,528 03	754,528 03	694,055 18		60,472 85
Do.	1882	22	269	23,440 36	50,000 00	14,498 99	87,939 35	56,791 90		31,147 45
Do.	1881	22	269	2,790 26	60,000 00	1,910 05	64,700 31	51,419 45		13,280 86
Do.	1880	22	269		30,000 00	384 27	30,384 27	16,110 27		14,274 00
Fees of district attorneys United States courts	1883	22	336		325,000 00		325,000 00	324,840 41		159 59
Do.	1882	22	269, 395	28,523 37	85,000 00		113,523 37	113,523 37		
Do.	1881			29,539 84			29,539 84	1,093 95	28,445 89	
Do.	1880	22	269		25,000 00		25,000 00	19,604 73		5,395 27
Fees of clerks United States courts	1883	22	336		160,000 00		160,000 00	145,139 16		14,860 84
Do.	1882	22	269	34,179 09	55,000 00		89,179 09	68,64 09		20,535 00
Do.	1881	22	269	3 16			25,003 16	17,188 66		7,814 50
Do.	1880	22	269		25,000 00		25,000 00	17,211 27		7,788 73

Fees of commissioners United States courts.	1883	22	336	19,790 33	130,000 00	102,048 72	130,000 00	102,048 72	27,951 28
Do.	1882	22	269	74,790 33	55,000 00	39,828 76	74,790 33	39,828 76	34,961 57
Do.	1881	22	269	2 94	16,000 00	16,001 99	16,001 99	16,001 99	9 75
Do.	1880	22	596	230 90	230 90	221 15	230 90	221 15	2,807 55
Fees of jurors United States courts.	1883	22	336	450,000 00	450,000 00	457,302 45	460,170 00	457,302 45	67,085 27
Do.	1882	22	386	7,585 98	20,000 00	15,527 40	62,300 03	15,527 40	742 35
Do.	1881	22	596	52,689 90	756 35	1,583 30	62,300 03	1,583 30	4,145 02
Do.	1880	22	336	1,876 99	600,000 00	604,425 65	608,570 67	604,425 65	58,937 45
Fees of witnesses United States courts.	1883	22	336	8,406 81	70,000 00	62,476 21	121,413 66	62,476 21	18,750 90
Do.	1882	22	596	437 14	497 14	126 04	21,561 03	126 04	371 10
Do.	1881	22	336	76,700 91	325,000 00	240,603 08	6,291 11	240,603 08	89,229 56
Do.	1880	22	336	16,313 96	23,851 96	38,308 63	100,552 87	38,308 63	62,244 24
Support of prisoners United States courts.	1883	22	596	3,972 13	355 43	7,952 93	20,460 31	7,952 93	12,507 38
Do.	1882	22	336	35,797 79	70,000 00	37,778 68	4,327 56	37,778 68	1,093 00
Do.	1881	22	596	23,810 46	350 00	14,994 39	35,797 79	14,994 39	32,221 32
Do.	1880	22	336	34,436 32	325,000 00	865 00	23,810 46	865 00	20,803 40
Miscellaneous expenses United States courts.	1883	22	596	35,488 77	1,608 04	323,584 57	331,294 58	323,584 57	360 00
Do.	1882	22	336	8,072 60	64,809 76	38,793 13	49,047 37	38,793 13	7,710 01
Do.	1881	22	596	76 92	1,608 04	4,017 52	40,712 34	4,017 52	10,254 24
Do.	1880	22	276,281,596	5,000 00	1,608 04	2,363 88	2,363 88	2,363 88	36,694 82
Expenses of United States courts.	1879*	22	596	1,000 00	64,809 76	1,067 45	76,493 12	1,067 45	615 09
Do.	1878*	22	596	24 00	11,683 36	34,931 25	8,072 60	34,931 25	41,561 87
Do.	1878	22	596	31 00	8,072 60	8,037 60	76 92	8,037 60	15 00
Postage Department of Justice.	1881	22	596	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	76 92
Digest of Opinions of Attorneys-General.	1881	22	596	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	5,000 00
Law library, Territory of Wyoming.	1881	22	596	24 00	24 00	24 00	24 00	24 00	1,000 00
Law books United States courts, Deadwood, Dak.	1881	22	596	31 00	31 00	31 00	31 00	31 00	24 00
Furniture and repairs United States court-house, Charleston, S. C.	1881	22	596	442 20	442 20	442 20	442 20	442 20	31 00
Support of convicts.	1883	22	336	13,552 19	971 01	4,321 96	14,523 20	4,321 96	442 20
Do.	1882	22	596	22,332 72	950 52	2,084 48	23,283 24	2,084 48	10,201 24
Do.	1881	22	596	23,556 70	748 00	2,994 00	23,556 70	2,994 00	21,198 76
Do.	1880*	22	269	748 00	3,423 92	748 00	3,423 92	748 00	20,562 70
Support of insane convicts.	1880*	22	269	3,423 92	3,423 92	3,423 92	3,423 92	3,423 92	20,562 70
Fees of supervisors of elections prior to July 1.	1880	22	596	300 00	300 00	250 00	300 00	250 00	50 00
Do.	1879	22	276	240 00	240 00	240 00	240 00	240 00	50 00
Fees of supervisors of elections.	1879	R. S.	3089	207,863 85	2,715 25	210,579 10	210,579 10	210,579 10	50 00
Payment to special deputy marshals at Congressional elections.	1881*	22	269,591	120,382 00	2,023 50	120,260 00	122,405 50	120,260 00	2,145 50
Judgment and costs in suit of L. P. Milligan.	1881*	22	269	802 16	802 16	802 16	802 16	802 16	802 16
Payment to Henry Fink, United States marshal.	1881	22	630	108 80	108 80	108 80	108 80	108 80	108 80
Carried forward				1,015,771 79	7,015,738 24	323,658 18	8,355,168 21	6,651,013 53	1,386,970 38

* And prior years.

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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JUDICIARY AND DIPLOMATIC—Continued.										
Brought forward										
Constructing elevator, repairing and furnishing building Department of Justice.	1883	22	334	\$1, 015, 771 79	\$7, 015, 738 24	\$323, 658 18	\$8, 355, 168 21	\$6, 651, 013 53	\$317, 184 30	\$1, 386, 970 38
Do.	1883					25, 000 00	2, 422 04	27, 422 04		
Do.	1884	22	630		10, 000 00		10, 000 00	10, 000 00		
Salaries of employe's court-house, Washington, D. C.	1883	22	562		3, 252 67		3, 252 67	3, 030 00		222 67
Relief of E. J. Gurley	1882	22	34		2, 000 00		2, 000 00			
Total judiciary and diplomatic.				1, 015, 771 79	7, 055, 990 91	326, 080 22	8, 397, 842 92	6, 693, 465 57	317, 184 30	1, 387, 193 05
CUSTOMS.										
Collecting revenue from customs		R. S.	3687	1, 017, 093 17	6, 859, 635 39	29, 069 76	7, 905, 798 32	6, 526, 238 07	723, 340 24	656, 220 01
Do.	1879*	22	276, 282		93, 954 14	125 50	94, 079 64	93, 954 14		125 50
Do.	1878*			3 54			3 54	3 54		
Collecting revenue from customs (transfer)	1883	18	418		224 02	2, 294 61	2, 518 63	2, 518 63		3, 353 09
Expenses of revenue-cutter service.	1882	22	308		875, 000 00	2, 721 28	877, 721 28	862, 668 44		3, 471 01
Do.	1881			3, 425 59		62, 713 86	66, 139 45	2, 692 56	24, 265 42	
Do.	1880	22	596	6, 184 85		20, 773 13	20, 957 98	8 71		
Expenses of revenue-cutter service (transfer)	1880†	18	418		18 70	18 70	18 70	18 70		
Expenses of revenue-cutter service.	1879†	22	276		5 50		5 50	5 50		
Supplies of light-houses.	1883	22	309		351, 818 63	9, 887 81	361, 706 44	343, 385 93		18, 320 51
Do.	1882			7, 341 99		15, 252 49	22, 594 48	5, 640 52		16, 953 96
Do.	1881			12, 241 40		80 52	12, 321 92	137 20	12, 184 72	
Do.	1880				604 29		604 29	604 29		
Repairs and incidental expenses of light-houses.	1879†	22	276, 282							
Do.	1883	22	309		310, 000 00	10, 385 43	320, 385 43	294, 670 29		25, 715 14
Do.	1882			21, 144 80		2, 632 05	23, 776 85	194 92		23, 581 93
Do.	1881			6, 363 85		6 86	6, 370 71	458 60	5, 912 11	
Do.	1880			4, 000 00			4, 000 00		4, 000 00	
Salaries of keepers of light-houses	1883	22	308		585, 000 00	1, 377 14	586, 377 14	577, 817 56		8, 559 58
Do.	1882				34, 937 19		9, 527 19	44, 464 38	395 84		44, 068 54
Do.	1881			31, 512 43			31, 512 43		31, 512 43	
Inspecting lights	1883	22	309		4, 000 00	558 64	4, 558 64	3, 700 00		858 64
Do.	1882			1, 267 16			1, 267 16	68 19		1, 198 97
Do.	1881			1, 541 92			1, 541 92		1, 541 92	

Expenses of light-vessels.....	1883	22	308	240,000 00	4,484 78	240,000 00	228,366 47	11,633 53
Do.....	1882	22	277	8,454 98	12,939 76	12,939 76	232 10	12,707 66
Do.....	1881	22	282	238 54	47 52	248 20		
Expenses of fog-signals.....	1883	22	308	60,000 00	4,833 71	64,833 71	61,102 27	3,731 44
Do.....	1882	22	308	14,123 65	3,078 15	17,201 80	1,290 00	15,911 80
Do.....	1881	22	308	539 79	3,379 55	3,919 34	126 92	
Expenses of buoyage.....	1883	22	308	325,000 00	12,863 23	337,863 23	325,812 98	12,050 25
Do.....	1882	22	308	6,766 66	17,168 57	23,935 23	680 92	16,487 65
Do.....	1881	22	308	14,322 15	10,401 91	24,724 06		
Repairs and preservation of public buildings.....	1883	22	282	43 20	2 00	45 20	43 20	14,322 15
Do.....	1882	22	306	140,000 00	6,172 73	146,172 73	136,002 14	3,999 86
Do.....	1881	22	306	30,193 89	30,193 89	30,193 89	30,501 65	5,804 97
Repairs and preservation of public buildings (transfer account).....	1883	22	418	6,264 58		6,264 58	1,327 39	4,937 19
Repairs and preservation of public buildings.....	1880†	18	418	40 79	40 79	40 79	40 79	
Repairs and preservation of public buildings.....	1879†	22	282	156 24	156 24	156 24	156 24	
Furniture, and repairs of same, for public buildings.....	1883	22	312, 384	200,383 22	3,661 20	204,044 42	180,383 45	19,989 77
Do.....	1882	22	260	34,836 89	8,545 97	43,382 86	53,498 29	2,409 80
Do.....	1881	22	312, 384	8,545 97	21 78	8,567 75	2,658 80	5,887 17
Fuel, lights, and water for public buildings.....	1883	22	260	74,152 89	8,837 55	83,010 44	383,597 02	21,794 72
Do.....	1882	22	260	139 76	2,156 17	1,315 93	56,575 15	21,696 86
Do.....	1881	22	277	110 82		280 50	280 50	
Heating apparatus for public buildings.....	1883 {	22	612	15,000 00		15,000 00	110 80	02
Do.....	1882 {	22	313	100,000 00		100,000 00	98,069 21	15,000 00
Do.....	1881 {	22	313	15,324 62	6,759 50	22,084 12	15,185 57	1,930 79
Pay of custodians, and janitors.....	1883	22	312	1,376 26		1,376 26	1,376 26	6,898 55
Do.....	1882	22	312	7,581 52		7,581 52	7,581 52	86 18
Do.....	1881	22	312	1 10		1 10	1 10	
Pay of assistant custodians and janitors.....	1883	22	312	278,319 52	78 67	278,398 19	270,500 00	7,898 19
Commissions to superintendents of lights.....	1880	22	259	222 99		222 99	222 99	
Marine Hospital Service.....	R. S.	3689, 4803		3383, 073 99	8,574 06	579,517 90	469,684 46	109,833 44
Do.....	1880	22	596	44 77		44 77	44 77	
Do.....	1879*	22	276	6 17		6 17	6 17	
Marine Hospital Service (transfer account).....	1883	22	307,384, 390, 392	20 12	210 69	230 81	230 81	
Do.....	1882	22	392	742,621 54	1,069 66	743,691 20	673,676 57	70,014 63
Do.....	1881	22	250, 588	1,249 85		1,249 85	33,053 54	23,216 26
Do.....	1880	22	596	54,269 18	757 77	54,269 18	39,350 07	
Do.....	1879†	22	277	38,667 19	682 88	39,350 07	175 50	175 50
Life-Saving Service, contingent expenses.....	1883	22	282	175 50		175 50	283 87	
Do.....	1882	22	282	283 87		283 87	283 87	
Do.....	1881	22	282	345 76	1,375 84	1,721 60	12 83	1,708 77
Establishing life-saving stations.....	1879†	22	308, 606	42 21		42 21	42 21	
Do.....	1878	22	308, 606	100,000 00	62 01	129,603 40	43,563 80	86,009 60
Carried forward.....				1,663,050 99	243,901 00	14,080,699 44	11,937,361 90	871,830 89
* Prior to July 1.				† \$23,181.37 transferred to Treasury ledger.				1,271,506 65
† And prior years.								‡ \$24,921.36 transferred to Treasury ledger.

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
		Vol.	Page or section.							
CUSTOMS.—Continued.										
Brought forward				\$1,603,050 99	\$12,173,746 68	\$243,901 77	\$14,080,699 44	\$11,937,361 90	\$871,830 89	\$1,271,506 65
Rebuilding and improving life-saving stations				453 95		343 97	797 92	103 00		694 92
Rebuilding revenue steamer Wm. Pitt Fessenden				98,946 15			98,946 15	58,735 19		40,210 96
Rebuilding revenue steamer Commodore Perry		22	308		75,000 00		75,000 00	1,030 00		73,970 00
Constructing a revenue steamer		22	308	22,885 20	16,000 00		22,885 20	22,253 00		73,632 20
Constructing two steam launches							16,000 00	8,310 00		7,690 00
Building or purchase of such vessels as may be required for the Revenue Service				7,092 02		3,715 91	10,807 93	2,643 15		8,164 78
Do.	1880*	22	596	2,010 00		2,010 00	2,010 00	2,010 00		
Do.	1883	22	313	30,000 00			30,000 00	25,389 83		4,610 17
Do.	1882			82 14			82 14			82 14
Do.	1881			27,139 16			27,139 16		27,139 16	
Do.	1880†				60 15	60 15	60 15		60 15	
Do.	1879†	22	276							
Salaries and traveling expenses of agents at seal fisheries in Alaska					13,350 00		13,350 00	5,079 37		8,270 63
Do.	1883	22	314	6,678 01			6,678 01	5,563 95		1,114 06
Do.	1882			1,304 63			1,559 63	255 00	1,304 63	
Do.	1881	22	277		255 00					
Do.	1879†	22	260	192 00			192 00	192 00		
Standard weights and measures		22	384,390,392	570 50			570 50	500 50		10 00
Do.	1883			4,618 20			4,618 20	4,018 20		600 00
Do.	1882									
Protection of sea-otter hunting-grounds and seal fisheries in Alaska					25,000 00		25,000 00			25,000 00
Do.	1883	22	314	25,000 00			25,000 00			25,000 00
Do.	1882			20,000 00			20,000 00	20,000 00		
Do.	1881			25,046 01	15,000 00	80	40,046 81	39 00		40,007 81
Custom-house and post-office, Fall River, Mass		22	306	190 33			190 33			190 33
Custom-house, Boston, Mass				10,558 07	22,000 00		32,558 07	23,397 75		9,160 32
Custom-house, Hartford, Conn		22	304,603	401 91	24,000 00		24,401 91	24,304 31		97 60
Barge-office building, New York		22	304,604		70,000 00	2,148 69	138,470 23	103,730 52		34,739 71
Custom-house and post-office, Albany, N. Y.		22	303,603	66,321 54			137,500 00	8,041 90		129,458 10
Custom-house and post-office, Buffalo, N. Y.		22	305,604	7,015 24			7,015 24		7,015 24	
Marine Hospital, Pittsburgh, Pa				250 00			250 00			250 00
Marine Hospital, Wilmington, N. C.		22	306		100,000 00		100,000 00			100,000 00
Marine Hospital, Baltimore, Md		22	304,603	22,855 03		7,311 80	105,166 83	73,762 67		31,404 16
Custom-house, New Orleans, La		22	306		100,000 00		100,000 00	17,504 10		82,495 90
Marine Hospital, New Orleans, La		22	304		62,500 00		62,500 00			62,500 00
Custom-house, Galveston, Tex		22								

Custom house and post-office, Cincinnati, Ohio	303, 603	149, 056 25	600, 000 00	.....	749, 056 25	269, 439 54	479, 616 71
Marine Hospital, Cincinnati, Ohio	306	.....	100, 000 00	.....	100, 000 00	51, 500 00	48, 500 00
Custom-house, Cleveland, Ohio	303	47, 094 68	150, 000 00	.....	197, 094 68	135, 402 08	61, 692 60
Custom-house, court-house, &c., Toledo, Ohio	305	101, 125 79	100, 000 00	1, 513 87	202, 639 66	37, 380 37	165, 259 29
Custom-house, court-house, and post-office, Evansville, Ind	276	5, 604 38	1 12	.....	5, 605 50	1, 369 17	4, 236 33
Custom-house, subtreasury, &c., Chicago, Ill	305	3, 264 25	31, 000 00	1, 035 33	35, 299 58	35, 223 15	4, 76 43
Marine Hospital, Chicago, Ill	305	98 97	.....	.....	98 97	.....	98 97
Bridewell Dock Property, Chicago, Ill	305	.....	3, 000 00	.....	.....	1, 417 00	1, 583 00
Marine Hospital, Cairo, Ill	306	.....	60, 000 00	.....	3, 000 00	.....	60, 000 00
Marine Hospital, Memphis, Tenn	603	29, 785 10	16, 000 00	.....	45, 785 10	16, 700 80	29, 084 30
Custom-house, court-house, and post-office, Memphis, Tenn	304, 603	104, 980 60	100, 000 00	16 00	204, 996 60	109, 891 60	95, 105 00
Custom-house, court-house, and post-office, Nashville, Tenn	306	4, 677 14	6, 000 00	830 08	11, 507 22	10, 691 66	815 56
Marine Hospital, Key West, Fla	305	3 51	4, 000 00	.....	4, 003 51	4, 000 25	3 26
Custom-house, Saint Louis, Mo	305, 604	187, 814 73	280, 000 00	49, 576 18	517, 390 91	445, 063 42	72, 327 49
Custom-house, post-office, &c., Kansas City, Mo	304	115, 881 64	75, 000 00	.....	190, 881 64	88, 089 12	102, 192 52
Appraiser's stores, San Francisco, Cal	.....	.....	.....	555, 44	555 44	57 45	497 90
Marine Hospital, San Francisco, Cal	.....	422 63	.....	23 75	446 38	262 13	184 25
Marine Hospital, Port Townsend, Washing- ton, Territory	305	.....	18, 000 00	.....	18, 000 00	18, 000 00	.....
Ram Island light-station, Maine	310	.....	25, 000 00	1, 317 13	26, 317 13	15, 000 00	11, 317 13
Beacon lights, Lake Menphremagog, Ver- mont	.....	54 81	.....	.....	54 81	.....	54 81
Day beacons, Maine, New Hampshire, and Massachusetts	.....	4, 095 38	.....	121 55	4, 216 93	.....	4, 216 93
Stagoe Harbor light-station, Massachusetts	.....	117 26	.....	.....	117 26	.....	117 26
Ipswich light-station, Massachusetts	.....	61 74	.....	.....	61 74	.....	61 74
Reiden's Flats light-station, Massachusetts	.....	273 23	.....	273 23	273 23	.....	273 23
Fuller's Rock and Sassafras Point light- station, Rhode Island	.....	4, 500 00	.....	.....	4, 500 00	.....	4, 500 00
Wickford Harbor light-station, Rhode Island	.....	10, 000 00	.....	.....	10, 000 00	.....	10, 000 00
Sakonnet light-station, Rhode Island	309	.....	20, 000 00	.....	20, 000 00	20, 000 00	10, 000 00
Conimicut light-station, Rhode Island	.....	.....	.....	336 41	336 41	.....	336 41
Castle Hill fog-signal, Rhode Island	.....	10, 000 00	.....	.....	10, 000 00	.....	10, 000 00
Saybrook beacon light, Conn	309	.....	20, 000 00	.....	20, 000 00	.....	10, 000 00
Cumberland Head light-station, New York	.....	250 00	.....	.....	250 00	.....	250 00
Cold Spring Harbor light-station, New York	.....	10, 000 00	.....	.....	10, 000 00	.....	10, 000 00
Thirty Mile Point light-station, New York	.....	10, 000 00	.....	.....	10, 000 00	.....	10, 000 00
Thimble Point light-station, New York	.....	2, 500 00	.....	.....	2, 500 00	.....	2, 500 00
Elm Tree light-station, New York	.....	3, 500 00	.....	.....	3, 500 00	.....	3, 500 00
Princes Bay light-station, New York	309	.....	5, 000 00	.....	5, 000 00	.....	5, 000 00
Dauksammer Point light-station, New York	309	.....	10, 000 00	.....	10, 000 00	.....	10, 000 00
Throg's Neck light-station, New York	309	.....	25, 000 00	.....	25, 000 00	.....	25, 000 00
Tarrytown light-station, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

* Prior to July 1.

† And prior years.

- Carried forward

900, 334 83

13, 641, 933 23

17, 718, 044 95

14, 590, 185 45

2, 814, 777 44

313, 082 06

3, 175, 776 89

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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CUSTOMS—Continued.										
Brought forward.....										
Hall Gate Electric Lights, New York.....	22		310, 607	\$2, 814, 777 44	\$14, 590, 185 45	\$313, 082 06	\$17, 718, 044 95	\$13, 641, 933 23	\$900, 334 83	\$3, 175, 776 89
Lights on the Hudson River, New York.....	22		607		20, 400 00		20, 400 00	10, 400 00		10, 000 00
Barnegat light-station, New Jersey.....	22			9, 000 00	6, 500 00		9, 000 00	6, 500 00		9, 000 00
Abascoom light-station, New Jersey.....				20, 000 00			20, 000 00			20, 000 00
Horse Shoe Shoal Range lights, New Jersey.....				2, 000 00			2, 000 00			2, 000 00
Collausey light-station, New Jersey.....	22		310		1, 000 00		1, 000 00	1, 000 00		
Great Red light-station, New Jersey.....						1, 039 92				1, 039 92
Lowes light-station, Delaware.....				2, 058 92		2, 058 92	2, 058 92			2, 058 92
Ship John Shoal light-station, Delaware.....				2, 952 13		2, 952 13	2, 952 13			2, 952 13
Reedy Island light-station, Delaware.....				200 00			200 00			200 09
Fourteen Foot Bank light-station, Delaware.....	22		309, 607		175, 000 00		175, 000 00	2, 500 00		172, 500 00
Five Pathoon Bank light-ship, Delaware Bay.....						43				
Lazaretto Depot, Maryland.....				4, 000 00			4, 000 00	1, 000 00		3, 000 00
Janet Island light-station, Maryland.....				272 92			272 92			272 92
Hooper's Strait light-station, Maryland.....				173 00			173 00			173 00
Keop Point light-station, Maryland.....	22		607	5, 000 00			5, 000 00	5, 000 00		
Great Shoals light-station, Maryland.....	22			15, 000 00			15, 000 00			15, 000 00
Sandy Point light-station, Maryland.....	22		309	25, 000 00			25, 000 00	10, 000 00		15, 000 00
Portsmouth River Range lights, Maryland.....	22		309	25, 000 00			25, 000 00	15, 000 00		10, 000 00
Portsmouth Depot light-station, Virginia.....				4, 500 00			4, 500 00	1, 000 00		3, 500 00
Bell's Rock light-station, Virginia.....				3, 813 36			3, 813 36	500 00		3, 313 36
Laurel Point light-station, North Carolina.....				225 95			225 95			225 95
Hilton Head and Bay Point light-station, South Carolina.....				307 55			307 55			307 55
Sampit River light-station, South Carolina.....				3 70			3 70			3 70
Tig Island light-station, Georgia.....				34 27			34 27			34 27
Lights on the Savannah River, Georgia.....				36, 838 00			36, 838 00	20, 000 00		16, 838 00
American Shoal light-station, Florida.....				31, 334 52			31, 334 52			31, 334 52
Dry Tortugas light-station, Florida.....				75, 000 00			75, 000 00			75, 000 00
Sunibel Island light-station, Florida.....	22		300	20, 000 00	30, 000 00		50, 000 00	1, 000 00		49, 000 00
Powey Rock light-station, Florida.....	22		277		4 00		4 00			
Repairs of iron light-houses, Florida.....				3, 100 00			3, 100 00			3, 100 00
Florida Reef beacons, Florida.....				10, 000 00			10, 000 00			10, 000 00
Mosquito Inlet light-station, Florida.....	22		310, 607	60, 000 00			60, 000 00	5, 000 00		55, 000 00
Cape San Blas light-station, Florida.....	22		607	35, 000 00			35, 000 00			35, 000 00
Dog River Bar and Choctaw Pass Channel light-station, Alabama.....										
South Pass light-station, Louisiana.....	22		607	6, 000 00	19, 000 00		25, 000 00			25, 000 00
				16, 800 00		281 92	17, 081 92			17, 081 92

Calcasieu Range light-station, Louisiana.....	1,500 00	.....	.....	.....	1,500 00	.....	1,500 00
Amite River light-station, Louisiana.....	500 00	.....	.....	.....	1,214 52	.....	1,214 52
South Pass Pier lights, Mississippi River, Louisiana.....	.....	.....	714 52	.....	.....	.....	.....
Trinity Shoal light-ship, Louisiana.....	9,189 25	.....	.....	.....	9,189 25	.....	9,189 25
Red River lights, Louisiana.....	3,020 56	.....	.....	.....	3,020 56	.....	3,020 56
Re-establishment of light-houses, Texas.....	1,305 09	.....	.....	.....	1,305 09	.....	1,305 09
Maumee Bay light-station, Ohio.....	17,000 00	.....	3,000 00	.....	20,000 00	.....	20,000 00
Maumee Bay light-station, Ohio.....	4,825 78	.....	.....	.....	4,825 78	.....	4,825 78
Samdusky Bay light-station, Ohio.....	94 52	.....	.....	.....	94 52	.....	94 52
Maumee Range beacon, Ohio.....	20,000 00	.....	.....	.....	20,000 00	.....	20,000 00
Pier Head beacon lights on the lakes, Michigan.....	309	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	19,000 00
Graham Shoals bell buoy, Michigan.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	19,644 74	18,200 00	1,444 74
Stannard's Rock light-station, Michigan.....	.....	.....	384 32	.....	384 32	.....	384 32
Waugusauce light-station, Michigan.....	22	.....	.....	.....	28,000 00	15,000 00	13,000 00
Detroit River light-station, Michigan.....	22	309	.....	.....	28,000 00	.....	28,000 00
Portage River light-station, Michigan.....	22	310	.....	.....	60,000 00	2,500 00	57,500 00
Belle Isle light-station, Michigan.....	22	310	.....	.....	1,000 00	.....	1,000 00
Little Traverse light-station, Michigan.....	22	310	.....	.....	6,000 00	.....	6,000 00
Point No Point light-station, Washington Territory.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15,000 00	.....	15,000 00
Point Robinson fog signal, Washington Territory.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,421 66	.....	6,421 66
West Point fog-signal, Washington Territory.....	22	310	.....	.....	7,000 00	500 00	6,500 00
Tillamook Head light-station, Oregon.....	.....	.....	6 05	.....	6 05	.....	6 05
Lights, beacons, and buoys, Willamette and Columbia Rivers, Oregon.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,729 32	.....	1,729 32
Racine Point light-station, Wisconsin.....	22	310	.....	.....	3,000 00	.....	3,000 00
Sherwood's Point light-station, Wisconsin.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,018 64	.....	5,018 64
Re-establishment of lights, Mississippi River.....	1882	.....	.....	.....	11,000 00	11,000 00	.....
Oakland Harbor light-station, California.....	.....	.....	4,839 57	.....	4,839 57	.....	4,839 57
Point Fennin light-station, California.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,000 00	.....	5,000 00
Piedras Blancas light-station, California.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	300 00	.....	300 00
Point Pinos light-station, California.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	499 94	.....	499 94
Northwest Seal Rock light-station, California.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,367 85	.....	1,367 85
Farallon fog-signal, California.....	22	310, 607	.....	.....	100,000 00	30,000 00	70,000 00
Lime Point fog-signal, California.....	22	310	.....	.....	4 40	.....	4 40
Steam tender for the Atlantic coast.....	22	310	.....	.....	20,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00
Steam tender for the Fourth District.....	22	277	.....	.....	60,000 00	60,142 21	6,036 75
Steam tender for the western river lights.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7 92	7 92	.....
Survey of light-house sites.....	22	309	.....	.....	324 47	.....	324 47
Fog-signal on light-ship.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,152 06	4,500 00	15,538 42
Laboratory of the light-house board.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	521 69	.....	521 69
Duplicate fog-signals for the coasts, United States.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,000 00	.....	3,000 00
Depot for the twelfth district.....	.....	.....	25 89	.....	25 43	.....	25 43
Depot for the thirteenth district.....	22	277	.....	.....	2 09	.....	2 09
Establishment and maintenance of lighted buoys.....	22	608	.....	.....	5 62	5 62	.....
Carried forward.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	25,000 00	.....	25,000 00
			324,410 21	18,883,016 45	13,882,692 98	900,334 83	4,099,988 04

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropria- tions July 1, 1882.	Appropri- ations for the fiscal year end- ing June 30, 1883.	Repayments made dur- ing the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments dur- ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts car- ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropri- ations June 30, 1883.
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CUSTOMS.—Continued.										
Brought forward.....				\$3, 204, 503 25	\$15, 354, 102 99	\$324, 410 21	\$18, 883, 016 45	\$13, 882, 692 98	\$900, 334 83	\$4, 099, 988 64
Conducting scientific researches for light- house establishment.....			336		2, 925 00		2, 925 00	2, 925 00		
Lighting and buoyage of the Mississippi, Missouri, and Ohio Rivers.....	1883	22	309		150, 000 00		150, 000 00	149, 251 80		748 20
Do.....	1882					171 60	171 60	12 12		159 48
Do.....	1881			985 52		1, 736 39	2, 721 91	32 00	2, 689 91	
Do.....	1879*					1 50	1 50		1 50	
Completing lighting and buoyage of Ohio River.....		22	309		15, 000 00		15, 000 00	15, 000 00		
Repayment to importers excess of deposits. Act March 3, 1881.....				146 27			146 27	132 03	14 24	
Repayment to importers excess of deposits. Act August 5, 1882.....		22	260		300, 000 00		300, 000 00	15, 047 36		284, 952 64
Repayment to importers excess of deposits. Charges and commission cases.....		22	260		150, 000 00		150, 000 00	52, 076 91		97, 923 09
Repayment to importers excess of deposits. Debentures, drawbacks, bounties or allow- ances.....		R. S.	3689		4, 300, 582 55	23, 365 00	4, 323, 947 55	4, 323, 947 55		
Do.....		R. S.	3689		2, 257, 730 33	13, 570 55	2, 271, 300 88	2, 271, 300 88		17, 439 86
Do.....				17, 439 86			17, 439 86			
Debentures, drawbacks, bounties or allow- ances. Act June 16, 1880.....		R. S.	3689		25 23		25 23	25 23		
Detection and prevention of frauds upon the customs revenue.....	1883	20	386		73, 677 29	100 00	73, 777 29	73, 777 29		
Do.....	1882	20	386		2, 923 66		2, 923 66	2, 923 66		
Do.....	1881			66, 904 69			66, 904 69		66, 904 69	
Inspection of neat cattle shipped to foreign ports.....	1883	22	313		50, 000 00		50, 000 00	49, 087 69		912 31
Do.....	1882			4, 524 33			4, 524 33	3, 153 08		1, 371 25
Refunding moneys erroneously received and covered into the Treasury.....		R. S.	3689		126 70		126 70	126 70		
Refunding moneys erroneously received and covered into the Treasury prior to July 1, '80.....		22	596		250 00		250 00	250 00		
Unclaimed merchandise.....		R. S.	3689		2, 565 18		2, 565 18	2, 565 18		
Extra pay to officers and men who served in the Mexican war. Revenue marine.....		R. S.	3689		216 00		216 00	216 00		
Compensation and expenses of tariff commis- sion.....		R. S.	3689		69, 000 00		69, 000 00	69, 000 00		
Expenses of regulating immigration.....		22	214		231, 476 50		231, 476 50	127, 345 97		104, 130 53

[illegible]

*And prior years.

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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INTERIOR CIVIL.—Continued.										
Brought forward.....	1882			\$18,537 30	\$190,402 55	\$6,244 76 8 79	\$215,184 61 8 79	\$212,982 79	\$1 75	\$2,200 07 8 79
Packing, &c., Congressional documents.....	1881			14 04			14 04		14 04	4,405 60
Stationery, Interior Department.....	1883	22	246,585	850 56	60,000 00	7,073 88 2,946 55	67,073 88 3,797 11	62,688 28 3,797 11		
Do.....	1881			140 07			140 07		140 07	
Postage, Interior Department.....	1883	22	247		15,000 00		15,000 00	14,859 86		140 14
Do.....	1882			2,730 00			2,730 00	2,227 00		503 00
Do.....	1881			60,600 00	5,000 00		60,600 00	2,000 00	60,600 00	3,000 00
Postage to postal union countries.....	1883	22	247			1,720 99	1,720 99			1,720 99
Do.....	1882						35 58		35 58	
Do.....	1881			35 58		296 71	296 71			296 71
Rent of rooms for Court of Claims.....	1882			288 00	379,856 17		380,144 17	379,961 70	182 47	182 47
Salaries, General Land Office.....	1883	22	*247,590			1,334 74	1,334 74			1,334 74
Do.....	1882								80 69	
Do.....	1881			80 69			80 69			
Contingent expenses, General Land Office.....	1883	22	*247		31,000 00	2,820 27	33,820 27	33,767 46	52 81	52 81
Do.....	1882					958 30	958 30	633 20		325 10
Do.....	1881			221 44			221 44		221 44	
Maps of the United States.....	1883	22	*247		6,000 00		6,000 00	6,000 00		
Do.....	1881			25			25		25	
Reproducing plats of survey, General Land Office.....	1883	22	326		20,000 00		20,000 00	14,000 00		6,000 00
Do.....	1882					2 50	2 50			2 50
Do.....	1881			2 00			2 00		2 00	
Salaries, office of Commissioner of Indian Affairs.....	1883	22	*247		85,395 62	364 53 7 54	85,700 15 7 54	85,760 15		7 54
Do.....	1882									
Salaries, temporary clerks, office of Indian Affairs.....	1883			3,000 00		3 33	3,003 33	3,000 00		3 33
Do.....	1883	22	450		3,000 00		3,000 00	2,700 00		300 00
Contingent expenses, office of Indian Affairs.....	1883	22	*247		3,000 00	476 61	3,476 61	3,476 61	1 06	
Do.....	1881			1 06			1 06		1 06	
Salaries, office of Commissioner of Railroads.....	1883	22	*250		14,589 31		14,589 31	14,589 31		5 24
Do.....	1882					5 24	5 24		2 79	
Salaries, office of Auditor of Railroad Accounts.....	1881			2 79			2 79		2 79	
Contingent expenses, office of Commissioner of Railroads.....	1883	22	*250		1,700 00	256 17	1,956 17	1,956 17		

1882	Do.	1882	600 33	18 22	6 25	600 33	11 97
1881	Do.	1881	600 33	600 33			
1883	Traveling expenses, Commissioner of Railroads	1883	22	214 34	3, 214 34		
1882	Do.	1882		660 18			660 18
1883	Salaries, office of Commissioner of Education	1883	22	206 61	43, 952 36		
1882	Do.	1882		2 36			2 36
1881	Do.	1881	4 82	4 82			
1883	Contingent expenses, office of Commissioner of Education	1883	22	1, 720 86	7, 695 86		
1882	Do.	1882		817 95	26 83		794 12
1881	Do.	1881		7 52			
1883	Distributing documents, Bureau of Education	1883	22	609 23	2, 609 23	7 52	
1882	Do.	1882		320 59	266 95		53 64
1881	Do.	1881	55 23	55 23			
1883	Salaries, office of Commissioner of Pensions	1883	22	1, 852, 948 77	1, 723, 948 77	55 23	
1882	Do.	1882		663 09			129, 000 00
1881	Do.	1881	82 51	82 51		82 51	663 09
1883	Contingent expenses, office of Commissioner of Pensions	1883	22	1, 511 23	61, 511 23		
1882	Do.	1882		65 80			65 80
1881	Do.	1881	12 24	12 24		12 24	
1882	Additional clerks, office of Commissioner of Pensions	1882		583 89			583 89
1881	Do.	1881	333 57	333 57		333 57	
1883	Investigation of pension cases, office of Commissioner of Pensions	1883	22	3, 369 19	303, 369 19		127, 000 00
1882	Do.	1882			457, 000 00		36, 378 37
1881	Do.	1881			17, 005 91		
1883	Investigation of frauds, Pension Office	1883	22	603 08	551, 461 02	17, 005 91	
1882	Salaries, office of Commissioner of Patents	1882		435 49	120 60		
1881	Do.	1881	15 88	15 88		15 88	314 89
1883	Contingent expenses, office of Commissioner of Patents	1883	22	199 12	25, 199 12		
1882	Do.	1882		1 37	1 37		1 37
1881	Do.	1881	6 12	6 12		6 12	
1883	Scientific library, office of Commissioner of Patents	1883	22	965 43	5, 965 43		
1882	Do.	1882		2 09	2 09		2 09
1881	Do.	1881	54	54		54	
1883	Plates for Patent Office Official Gazette	1883	22	32, 423 60	32, 423 60		
1882	Do.	1882	264	67 50	1, 246 00		67 50
1881	Do.	1881	4 64	726 79	722 15	4 64	
1883	Photolithographing, office of Commissioner of Patents	1883	22	6, 218 98	66, 218 98		
1882	Do.	1882		1 33	1 33		1 33
1881	Do.	1881	80	80		80	
1883	Copies of drawings, office of Commissioner of Patents	1883	22	3, 697 28	38, 417 28		
1882	Do.	1882		9 70	9 70		9 70
Carried forward			149, 345 89	3, 792, 091 76	3, 594, 305 96	79, 229 78	316, 099 33

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.	
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INTERIOR CIVIL—Continued.											
Brought forward.....											
Copies of drawings, office of Commissioner of Patents.....	1881			\$149,345 89	\$3,792,091 76	\$48,197 42	\$3,989,635 07	\$3,594,305 96	\$79,229 78	\$316,099 33	
Classified abridgment of letters patent.....				1 10			1 10		1 10		
Illustrations of Patent Office Report of 1870.....	22		590	2,000 00	6,000 00		2,000 00	438 15	1,561 85	6,000 00	
Salaries, office of Architect of the Capitol.....	1883	22	*250		17,644 00		17,644 00	17,044 20		599 80	
Salaries of employés under Architect of the Capitol.....	1882					4 00	4 00	2 00		2 00	
Salaries, office of Director Geological Survey.....	1883	22	*250	34,940 00			34,940 00	33,728 46		1,211 54	
Enlarging court-house, Washington, D. C.....				42,000 00			42,000 00	42,000 00			
Penitentiary building, Territory of Dakota.....	1883	22	251	29,466 55			29,466 55	16,731 90		12,734 65	
Salaries, office of surveyor-general of Arizona.....	1882			5,595 89			5,595 89	5,595 89			
Do.....	1881			201 68		24 47	24 47		201 68	24 47	
Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Arizona.....	1883	22	326	1,500 00			1,500 00	1,500 00			
Do.....	1882					22 75	22 75			22 75	
Do.....	1881	22	264	95 50			95 50	95 50			
Salaries, office of surveyor-general of California.....	1883	22	250	35,000 00			35,000 00	35,000 00			
Do.....	1882					92	92			92	
Do.....	1881			25 19			25 19		25 19		
Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of California.....	1883	22	325	4,000 00			4,000 00	4,000 00			
Do.....	1882					89	89			89	
Do.....	1881			65 78			65 78	65 78			
Salaries, office of surveyor-general of Colorado.....	1883	22	*250	8,904 11			8,904 11	8,643 16		260 95	
Do.....	1881			5 39			5 39		5 39		
Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Colorado.....	1883	22	325	1,500 00			1,500 00	1,500 00			
Do.....	1881			2 16			2 16		2 16		
Salaries, office of surveyor-general of Dakota.....	1883	22	*250	9,452 05			9,452 05	9,452 05			
Do.....	1881	22	264	562 46			595 66		595 66		
Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Dakota.....	1883	22	325	2,000 00			2,000 00	2,000 00			
Do.....	1881	22	264	256 10			256 10	145 00			
Salaries, office of surveyor-general of Florida.....	1883	22	250	4,800 00			4,800 00	4,800 00			
Do.....	1882					3 87	3 87			3 87	
Do.....	1881			163 14		38 68	201 82	19 41	182 41		
Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Florida.....	1883	22	325	1,000 00			1,000 00	1,000 00			

1882	Do.	.....	.....	.....	2 19	.....	.....	2 19
1883	Salaries, office of surveyor-general of Idaho.	22	251	.....	120 57	5, 120 57	.....	5, 120 57
1882	Do.	.....	.....	.....	284 68	284 68	.....	284 68
1881	Do.	.....	07	.....	.....	.....	07	.....
1883	Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Idaho.	22	326	.....	.....	1, 531 10	.....	1, 531 10
1882	Do.	.....	.....	.....	3 00	3 00	.....	3 00
1883	Salaries, office of surveyor-general of Louisiana.	22	250	.....	.....	11, 846 75	.....	11, 846 75
1882	Do.	.....	264	.....	1 00	199 50	.....	199 50
1881	Do.	.....	.....	.....	.....	1, 000 00	.....	1, 000 00
1883	Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Louisiana.	22	325	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1883	Salaries, office of surveyor-general of Minnesota.	22	*250	.....	23 78	9, 832 00	.....	9, 832 00
1882	Do.	.....	.....	.....	85 64	85 64	.....	85 64
1883	Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Minnesota.	22	325	.....	.....	1, 000 00	.....	1, 000 00
1882	Do.	.....	.....	.....	169 14	169 14	.....	169 14
1881	Do.	.....	.....	221 24	221 24	221 24	.....	221 24
1883	Salaries, office of surveyor-general of Montana.	22	*251	.....	8, 404 11	8, 404 11	.....	8, 404 11
1882	Do.	.....	.....	.....	3 82	3 82	.....	3 82
1881	Do.	.....	.....	1 68	1 68	1 68	.....	1 68
1883	Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Montana.	22	326	.....	.....	2, 000 00	.....	2, 000 00
1882	Do.	.....	.....	30	.....	.....	30	.....
1883	Salaries, office of surveyor-general of Nebraska and Iowa.	22	251	.....	.....	5, 939 56	.....	5, 939 56
1882	Do.	.....	.....	.....	116 80	116 80	.....	116 80
1883	Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Nebraska and Iowa.	22	326	.....	.....	1, 500 00	.....	1, 500 00
1883	Salaries, office of surveyor-general of Nevada.	22	251	.....	1, 375 00	6, 623 83	.....	6, 623 83
1882	Do.	.....	.....	.....	369 40	369 40	.....	369 40
1881	Do.	.....	.....	28 86	28 86	28 86	.....	28 86
1883	Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Nevada.	22	326	.....	375 00	1, 875 00	.....	1, 875 00
1882	Do.	.....	.....	.....	6 43	6 43	.....	6 43
1881	Do.	.....	264	.....	73	73	.....	73
1883	Salaries, office of surveyor-general of New Mexico.	22	250	.....	.....	8, 500 00	.....	8, 500 00
1882	Do.	.....	.....	.....	4 28	4 28	.....	4 28
1883	Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of New Mexico.	22	325	.....	.....	2, 500 00	.....	2, 500 00
1882	Do.	.....	.....	90 00	.....	90 00	.....	90 00
1883	Salaries, office of surveyor-general of Oregon.	22	251	.....	.....	7, 000 00	.....	7, 000 00
1883	Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Oregon.	22	326	.....	45 95	1, 545 95	.....	1, 545 95
1882	Do.	.....	.....	.....	67 73	67 73	.....	67 73
Carried forward.		.....	224, 181 49	.....	51, 378 51	4, 275, 285 17	82, 268 15	338, 734 21
		.....	3, 999, 725 17	.....	3, 854, 282 81	.....	.....	.....

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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INTERIOR CIVIL.—Continued.										
Brought forward.....										
Salaries, office of surveyor-general of Utah.....	1883	22	251	\$224, 181 49	\$3, 999, 725 17	\$51, 378 51	\$4, 275, 285 17	\$3, 854, 282 81	\$82, 268 15	\$338, 734 21
Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Utah.....	1883	22	326		5, 595 89		5, 595 89	5, 595 89		33
Salaries, office of surveyor-general of Washington.....	1883	22	251		1, 500 00		1, 500 00	1, 500 00		
Do.....	1881				8, 000 00	79	8, 000 00	8, 000 00	79	
Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Washington.....	1883	22	326		1, 500 00		1, 500 00	1, 500 00		
Salaries, office of surveyor-general of Wyoming.....	1883	22	251		6, 000 00		6, 000 00	6, 000 00		
Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Wyoming.....	1883	22	326		1, 500 00		1, 500 00	1, 500 00		
Surveying private lands in Arizona.....	1883	22	326		8, 000 00		8, 000 00	8, 000 00		
Do.....	1882			3, 204 50		383 32	3, 587 82	275 80		2, 750 00
Do.....	1881			2, 501 08		20	2, 501 28		2, 501 28	3, 312 02
Do.....	1879†					24 00	24 00		24 00	
Surveying private lands in California.....	1883	22	326		10, 000 00		10, 000 00	5, 419 00		4, 580 40
Do.....	1882			4, 716 00		121 20	4, 837 20	2, 819 74		2, 017 46
Do.....	1881			3, 898 20		130 70	4, 028 90	26 50	4, 002 40	
Do.....	1880	22	595		25 02	76 10	101 12	25 02	76 10	
Surveying private lands in New Mexico.....	1883	22	326		8, 000 00		8, 000 00	1, 350 00		
Do.....	1882			6, 650 00		33 02	6, 683 02	738 70		6, 650 00
Do.....	1881			3, 742 51			3, 742 51	3, 742 51		5, 944 32
Buildings and grounds, Howard University.....	1883	22	331		10, 000 00		10, 000 00	10, 000 00		
Howard University.....	1883	22	331		15, 000 00		15, 000 00	15, 000 00		
Elevator, Department of the Interior.....	1883	22	324		7, 500 00		7, 500 00	7, 500 00		
Annual repairs of the Capitol.....	1883	22	325, 329, 593		46, 900 00		46, 900 00	48, 002 25		
Do.....	1882	22	270, 271		4, 000 00	1, 102 25	48, 002 25	48, 002 25		
Do.....	1881			7, 000 00		433 79	4, 433 79	4, 431 24	7, 000 00	2 55
Improving the Capitol grounds.....	1883	22	325		65, 000 00	1, 430 58	66, 430 58	66, 430 58		
Do.....	1882					1, 525 47	1, 525 47		107 50	1, 525 47
Do.....	1881			107 50			107 50			
Retained percentage, improvement Capitol grounds.....				35 52			35 52		35 52	
Senate stable and engine-house.....	1883	22	325		400 00	223 00	623 00	623 00		
Lighting the Capitol and grounds.....	1883	22	325		30, 000 00	2, 775 93	32, 775 93	32, 775 93		
Do.....	1882					436 84	436 84			436 84
Do.....	1881			2, 580 93			2, 580 93		2, 580 93	

Repairs of buildings, Department of Interior	1883	22	324		5,780 00	209 77	5,989 77	5,209 77		780 00
Do	1881			3 59			3 59		3 59	
Reconstructing Interior Department building				64,065 00		4,527 08	69,192 08	32,192 08		37,000 00
Extension of Government Printing Office				1,016 19		273 33	1,289 52	738 57		550 95
Elevators and steam machinery, U. S. Senate.	1883	25	338		10,500 00	161 19	10,661 19	3,500 00		500 00
Elevator, Providence Hospital.	1883	22	263		3,500 00		3,500 00			
Buildings and grounds, Government Hospital of the Insane	1883	22	330		35,000 00		35,000 00	25,000 00		10,000 00
Current expenses, Government Hospital of the Insane	1883	22	330		202,500 00	875 75	203,375 75	177,500 00		25,875 75
Do	1882	22	204		13,594 38	3 95	13,598 33	15,594 38		3 95
Do	1881			07			07		07	
Additional accommodations, Government Hospital of the Insane	1883	22	330		125,000 00		125,000 00	65,000 00		60,000 00
Fire apparatus, Government Printing Office and Hospital for Insane.	1883	22	331		10,000 00	1,191 71	11,191 71	10,191 71		1,000 00
Buildings and grounds, Columbia Institution for the Deaf and Dumb	1883	22	330		3,500 00		3,500 00	2,000 00		
Do	1882			2,000 00			2,000 00			
Current expenses Columbia Institution for the Deaf and Dumb.	1883	22	330		55,000 00		55,000 00	55,000 00		
Support of Freedman's Hospital and Asylum.	1883	22	331		50,000 00	3,824 74	53,824 74	53,324 74		500 00
Do	1882	22	204		3,000 00		3,000 00	3,000 00		
Do	1881			26 00			26 00		26 00	
Payment to Orphanage Association of Saint John's Church.	1883	22	337		6,000 00		6,000 00	6,000 00		
Preservation of collection, National Museum.	1883	22	332, 333, 584		95,112 82		95,112 82	88,000 00		7,112 82
Preservation of collection, Smithsonian Institution	1881			7 50			7 50		7 50	
Preservation of collection, National Museum	1883	22	332		2,500 00		2,500 00	2,500 00		
Expenses of National Academy of Science relative to Territorial surveys.				350 00			350 00			350 00
Purchase of Professor Glover's collection of plates, &c., on insects of America.	1883	22	333		7,500 00		7,500 00	7,500 00		
Buildings, Columbia Hospital for Women.	1883	22	331		10,000 00		10,000 00	10,000 00		
Current expenses, Columbia Hospital for Women	1878*					12 60	12 60		12 60	
Grounds, Columbia Hospital for Women.	1878					29 90	29 90		29 90	
Furniture and fixtures, National Museum	1883	22	332		60,000 00	2,339 03	62,339 03	62,339 03		
Do	1881			128 35			128 35	112 50	15 85	
Testing gas.	1881			40 20			40 20		40 20	
Protection and improvement of Hot Springs of Arkansas	19		380		13,442 94		47,914 09	3,622 91		44,291 18
Improvements Hot Springs Reservation, Arkansas	1883	22	329		33,744 78	1,316 63	35,061 41	3,531 81		31,529 60
Reimbursement to marshals for taking the Tenth Census				96 24			96 24		96 24	
Carried forward				361,422 02	4,976,321 00	74,841 38	5,412,584 40	4,728,307 93	98,828 62	585,447 85

*And prior years.

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1881.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
		Vol.	Page or section.							
INTERIOR CIVIL.—Continued.										
Brought forward.....										
Expenses of the Tenth Census.....	1883	22	267, 331, 636	\$361, 422 02	\$4, 976, 321 00	\$74, 841 38	\$5, 412, 584 40	\$4, 728, 307 93	\$98, 828 62	\$585, 447 85
Publishing the Biennial Register.....	1882	22	274	201 27	425, 000 00	26 65	425, 201 27	415, 276 27	782 15	9, 925 00
Expenses of the Tenth Census, printing and engraving.....	1883	22	(*)	755 50	200 00		982 15	200 00		
Do.....	1882	22			11, 986 30		11, 986 30	8, 173 50		3, 812 80
Appraisement and sale of abandoned military reservation.....	1881					2, 530 83	2, 530 83	2, 530 83		
Resurvey of certain lands in Crawford County, Wisconsin.....	1883	22	329	355 07			355 07	355 07		
Geological survey.....	1882	22		1, 000 00	222, 000 00	174 56	1, 000 00	986 18	13 82	
Do.....	1881	22		390 03	222, 000 00	1, 265 51	222, 174 56	218, 566 95		3, 607 61
Do.....	1880	22	264	75 24	91 65	1 54	1, 655 54	1, 655 54		
Do.....	1881	22				804 35	91 65	91 65		
Illustrations for reports on geological surveys.....	1881			3, 659 16			1 54	3, 249 56		1 54
Examinations of the public surveys.....	1882			1, 138 13			4, 463 51	4, 444 75	693 38	1, 213 95
Do.....	1881			351 93			1, 138 13	351 93		351 93
Payment to John Sherman, U. S. marshal		22	265		2, 000 00		2, 000 00	2, 000 00		
Reimbursement to American Photographic Company.....		R. S.	3689		3, 987 00		3, 987 00	3, 987 00		
Maryland Institution for Instruction of the Blind.....	1882	22	274	*250, 000 00	306 19		250, 306 19	137, 000 00		113, 306 19
Fire-proof building for the Pension Office.....		R. S.	3680	1, 923, 480 74	1, 221, 611 76	13, 768 51	3, 158, 861 01	1, 890, 692 26		1, 268, 168 75
Deposits by individuals for surveying public lands.....	1881									
Protection and improvement of Yellowstone National Park.....	1879†	22	276, 329	131 75			131 75		131 75	
Do.....	1880	22			3, 335 41		3, 335 41	3, 335 41		
Do.....	1883	22	329		13, 000 00	95 28	15, 093 28	15, 000 00		95 28
Do.....		R. S.	3689		52, 998 19		52, 998 19	52, 998 19		
Repayment for lands erroneously sold.....	1883	22	326, 585		500, 000 00	2, 431 05	502, 431 05	489, 991 55		12, 439 50
Salaries and commissions of registers and receivers.....	1882	22	264	2, 931 73	25, 481 00	6, 872 57	35, 285 30	27, 367 26		7, 718 04
Do.....	1881	22		2, 174 10	60, 004 76	4, 408 67	66, 587 53	52, 970 55		13, 616 98
Do.....	1880†	22				1, 463 74	1, 463 74		1, 463 74	
Do.....	1879†	22	276		482 24		482 24	482 24		
Expenses of depositing public moneys.....	1883	22	326		10, 000 00	155 31	10, 155 31	7, 900 45		2, 254 86
Do.....	1882	22		3, 553 84		479 74	4, 033 58	2, 050 23		1, 983 35
Do.....	1881	22		4, 029 24		36 20	4, 065 44	13 83	4, 051 61	
Contingent expenses, land offices.....	1883	22	326		120, 000 00	420 83	120, 420 83	117, 336 07		3, 084 76

Do	1882	1,608 93	328 39	1,937 32	1,437 32	2,076 23	20 91
Do	1881	2,382 87	53 12	2,435 99	689 60		
Do	1880	264	111 68	710 51	111 68		
Do	1880†			111 68			
Deprivations on public timber							
Do	1883	326	75,000 00	75,000 00	62,654 56		12,345 44
Do	1882				5,125 37		9 35
Do	1881				3,134 72		
Do	1880				10,773 67	10,734 62	
Do	1880†				832 86		
Settlement of claims for swamp-lands and swamp-land indemnity							
Do	1883	326	15,000 00	15,000 00	14,777 25		320 27
Do	1882				190 84		144 84
Do	1881				3,709 75	3,709 75	
Surveying public lands							
Do	1883	590	1,103 19	1,103 19	110,172 08		23,494 42
Do	1882	326	400,000 00	400,000 00	85,034 97		315,165 03
Do	1881	264	4,598 57	4,598 57	19,589 00	8,668 93	
Do	1880	264	3,389 02	3,389 02	10,920 07		
Do	1880†	565	1,330 51	1,330 51	1,389 02	2,000 00	
Do	1880	326	4,800 00	4,800 00	1,330 51		4,800 00
Do	1883	42	15,000 00	15,000 00	4,800 00		15,000 00
Surveying boundary line, Crow Indian lands							
Surveying agricultural lands, Crow Indian reservations							
Surveying boundary line between public lands occupied by Uncompagire and White River Utes							
Do	1880	178	500 00	500 00	1,000 00		
Do	1880	595	1,000 00	1,000 00	3,137 75		862 25
Surveying northern boundary of Wyoming Reserve of Sioux Indian reservation west of Big Stone Lake, Dakota							
Do	1883	326	4,000 00	4,000 00	1,993 87		
Five per cent. fund, net proceeds of sales of public lands, Nebraska							
Do	1879†	276	1,993 87	1,993 87	4,281 60		
Do	1880	314	4,281 60	4,281 60	3,082 28		
Do	1880	49	3,082 28	3,082 28	17,938 39		
Five per cent. fund, net proceeds of sales of public lands, Minnesota							
Do	1879	3689	17,938 39	17,938 39	37,203 57		
Do	1879	276	37,203 57	37,203 57	37,203 57		
Five per cent. fund, net proceeds of sales of public lands, Arkansas							
Do	1879	3689	1,592 13	1,592 13	1,592 13		
Five per cent. fund, net proceeds of sales of public lands, Wisconsin							
Do	1879	3689	11,416 78	11,416 78	11,416 78		
Two per cent. fund, net proceeds of sales of public lands, Alabama							
Do	1879	3689	3,396 58	3,396 58	3,396 58		
Three per cent. fund, net proceeds of sales of public lands, Alabama							
Do	1879	3689	5,094 88	5,094 88	5,094 88		
Two per cent. fund, net proceeds of sales of public lands, Mississippi							
Do	1879	3689	386 56	386 56	386 56		
Three per cent. fund, net proceeds of sales of public lands, Mississippi							
Do	1879	3689	579 83	579 83	579 83		
Five per cent. fund, net proceeds of sales of public lands, Kansas							
Do	1879	428	32,375 90	32,375 90	32,375 90		
Five per cent. fund, net proceeds of sales of public lands, Kansas							
Do	1879	276,281	336 62	336 62	336 62		
Carried forward			8,297,749 24	11,135,320 94	8,602,363 70	133,296 28	2,399,080 90
			2,726,813 43	110,758 27	8,602,363 70		

* Transferred from civil ledger.

† And prior years.

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes. Page or section.	Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
INTERIOR CIVIL—Continued.									
Indemnity for swamp lands purchased by individuals	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brought forward	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Payment to H. A. Gill and G. B. Good for services on Tenth Census.	1881	R. S.	\$2, 726, 813 43	\$8, 297, 749 24	\$110, 758 27	\$11, 135, 320 94	\$8, 602, 363 76	\$133, 266 28	\$2, 399, 690 90
Commission to report on depredations of Rocky Mountain locusts, &c.	1880*	.....	.....	107, 342 39	.....	107, 342 39	107, 342 39	.....	.....
Do.	1879*	.....	.....	1, 450 00	.....	1, 450 00	.....	1, 450 00	.....
Payment to W. H. Greenleaf	.....	276	.....	1, 086 00	37 86	1, 086 00	1, 086 00	.....	.....
Payment to I. C. Whipple	.....	274	.....	2, 500 00	.....	2, 500 00	2, 500 00	37 86	.....
Payment to E. Moore	.....	590	.....	644 38	.....	644 38	644 38	.....	.....
Payment to George W. Cook	.....	225	.....	152 22	.....	152 22	152 22	.....	.....
Payment to D. B. Johnson	.....	267	.....	423 61	.....	423 61	423 61	.....	.....
Reimbursement to city of Burlington, Iowa	.....	340	.....	4, 530 57	.....	4, 530 57	4, 530 57	.....	.....
Heating apparatus of United States Senate.	.....	22	.....	118 00	.....	118 00	118 00	.....	.....
Relief of S. P. Yeomans	.....	265	.....	225 00	.....	225 00	225 00	.....	.....
Relief of Andrew Leach	1881	.....	.....	.....	01	01	.....	01	.....
Protecting lumber lands	.....	161	.....	7, 500 00	.....	7, 500 00	7, 500 00	.....	.....
Adjusting claims for indemnity for swamp lands	1883	.....	.....	4, 050 00	.....	4, 050 00	4, 050 00	.....	.....
General expenses of Civil Service Commission	1884	623	.....	50, 000 00	.....	50, 000 00	10, 362 32	.....	39, 637 68
Current expenses of National Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphan Home	.....	595	.....	65 50	814 57	814 57	65 50	.....	.....
Sale of Fort Larned military reservation, Kansas	1883	583	.....	5, 000 00	.....	5, 814 57	3, 814 57	.....	2, 000 00
.....	1879*	.....	.....	.....	956 99	956 99	.....	956 99	.....
Total Interior civil	.....	624	2, 726, 813 43	8, 483, 336 91	112, 567 70	11, 324, 718 04	8, 745, 431 41	135, 711 14	2, 443, 575 49
U. S. Stat., vol. 22, pp. 384, 390, 392. Joint resolutions, approved June 30, July 20, August 1 and 5, 1882.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
INTERNAL REVENUE.									
Salaries and expenses of agents and subordinate officers	1883	290	.....	2, 300, 000 00	211 00	2, 300, 211 00	2, 206, 316 96	.....	93, 884 04
Do.	1882	275	2, 535 75	210, 000 00	29, 583 63	242, 119 38	194, 835 89	.....	47, 283 49
Do.	1881	275	18 89	68, 000 00	53 00	68, 071 89	66, 010 20	.....	2, 061 69
Do.	1880*	565	.....	521 29	.....	521 29	521 29	.....	.....
Do.	1880	595	1, 756 58	.....	.....	1, 756 58	45 00	1, 711 58	.....
Do.	1877*	275, 595	.....	824 91	.....	824 91	824 91	.....	.....
Do.	1879	275	.....	500 16	.....	500 16	500 16	.....	.....

Salaries and expenses of collectors	1883	22	230	1,975,000 00	312 85	1,975,312 85	1,952,616 81	22,696 04
Do.	1882	22	587	6,074 69	1,536 15	33,190 23	33,164 36	25 87
Do.	1881					1,609 40	553 40	
Do.	1880*	22	595	183 39		183 39	183 39	
Do.	1879*	22	281	195 70		195 70	195 70	
Refunding taxes illegally collected.	R. S.	3689		601,901 04		601,901 04	601,901 04	
Refunding taxes illegally collected prior to July 1, 1879		22	281	16,595 00		16,595 00	16,595 00	
Refunding taxes illegally collected prior to July 1, 1880		22	594	5,053 52		5,053 52	5,053 52	
Refunding taxes to Detroit House of Correction		22	99	16,503 19		16,503 19	16,503 19	
Refunding taxes to certain citizens of Tennessee		22	77	10,075 39		10,075 39	10,075 39	
Refunding moneys erroneously received and covered into the Treasury	R. S.	3689		66 30		66 30	66 30	
Do.	1880*	22	594	55 87		55 87	55 87	
Alterations of dies, plates, and stamps.		22	644	20,000 00		20,000 00	10,193 92	9,806 08
Stamps, paper, and dies		22	384,390,392, 311	504,514 79	532 56	505,047 35	483,802 85	21,244 50
Do.	1882		72,898 39		461 70	73,360 09	26,386 37	46,973 72
Do.	1881		1,196 93			1,196 93		
Punishment for violation of internal-revenue laws.		22	384,390,392, 312	65,434 68	8 00	65,442 68	47,158 62	18,284 06
Do.	1882		32,550 84		250 50	32,801 34	9,740 96	23,060 38
Do.	1881		10,342 85			10,342 85	1,414 29	
Do.	1880	22	259	1,902 52		1,902 52	1,902 52	
Do.	1880*	22	395	1,734 58		1,734 58	1,734 58	
Do.	1879*	22	275	392 63		392 63	392 63	
Expenses of assessing and collecting internal revenue		22	281,595	1,250 08		1,496 67	961 00	535 67
Do.	1875*		245 99		325 05	325 05		
Payment to C. F. Lloyd		22	594	4,692 50		4,692 50	4,692 50	
Payment to Charles A. Button		22	162	80 93		80 93	80 93	
Allowance on drawbacks	R. S.	3689		52,004 86		52,004 86	52,004 86	
Allowance on drawbacks prior to July 1, 1879		22	275	920 98		920 98	920 98	
Allowance on drawbacks prior to July 1, 1880		22	594	171 07		171 07	171 07	
Redemption of stamps	R. S.	3689		42,654 73		42,654 73	42,654 73	
Redemption of stamps prior to July 1, 1880		22	594	81 66		81 66	81 66	
Redemption of stamps prior to July 1, 1879		22	275	9,458 76		9,458 76	9,458 76	
Relief of William D. Martin		22	162	47 25		47 25	47 25	
Relief of John S. Hemanian		22	104	4,590 56		4,590 56	4,590 56	
Relief of James E. Montell		22	77	2,650 00		2,650 00	2,650 00	
Relief of William A. Garett		22	81	8,652 38		8,652 38	8,652 38	
Relief of G. W. Thompson and others.		22						
Total internal revenue			151,721 89	5,982,806 01	33,274 44	6,117,802 34	5,815,731 80	285,865 54

* And prior years.

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of ap- propriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year end- ing June 30, 1883.	Repayments made dur- ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments dur- ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amount car- ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of ap- propriations June 30, 1883.
		Vol.	Page or sec- tion.							
PUBLIC DEBT.										
Redemption of:										
Gold certificates, act of March 3, 1863		R. S.	3689		1,533,580 00		1,533,580 00	1,533,580 00		
Gold certificates, act of July 12, 1882		R. S.	3689		7,834,900 00		7,834,900 00	7,834,900 00		
Silver certificates		R. S.	3689		12,519,879 00		12,519,879 00	12,519,879 00		
Refunding certificates, act of June 8, 1872		R. S.	3689		20,000,000 00		20,000,000 00	20,000,000 00		
Refunding certificates, act of February 26, 1879		R. S.	3689		109,150 00		109,150 00	109,150 00		
Treasury notes of 1846		R. S.	3689		100 00		100 00	100 00		
Seven-thirties of 1861		R. S.	3689		50 00		50 00	50 00		
Old demand notes		R. S.	3689		710 00		710 00	710 00		
Legal-tender notes		R. S.	3689		109,764,714 00		109,764,714 00	109,764,714 00		
Fractional currency		R. S.	3689		46,556 96		46,556 96	46,556 96		
One-year notes of 1863		R. S.	3689		1,400 00		1,400 00	1,400 00		
Two-year notes of 1863		R. S.	3689		1,800 00		1,800 00	1,800 00		
Compound-interest notes		R. S.	3689		7,340 00		7,340 00	7,340 00		
Seven-thirties of 1864 and 1865		R. S.	3689		1,800 00		1,800 00	1,800 00		
Bounty-land scrip		R. S.	3689		100 00		100 00	100 00		
Loans of February, 1861 (1881s)		R. S.	3689		18,000 00		18,000 00	18,000 00		
Oregon war debt		R. S.	3689		5,450 00		5,450 00	5,450 00		
Loan of July and August, 1861 (1881s)		R. S.	3689		21,522,950 00		21,522,950 00	21,522,950 00		
Five-twinties of 1862		R. S.	3689		10,400 00		10,400 00	10,400 00		
Loan of 1863 (1881s)		R. S.	3689		47,476,650 00		47,476,650 00	47,476,650 00		
Ten-forties of 1864		R. S.	3689		133,550 00		133,550 00	133,550 00		
Five-twinties of June, 1864		R. S.	3689		7,050 00		7,050 00	7,050 00		
Five-twinties of June, 1865		R. S.	3689		9,600 00		9,600 00	9,600 00		
Consols of 1865		R. S.	3689		40,800 00		40,800 00	40,800 00		
Consols of 1867		R. S.	3689		235,700 00		235,700 00	235,700 00		
Consols of 1868		R. S.	3689		154,650 00		154,650 00	154,650 00		
Funded loan of 1881		R. S.	3689		367,180,450 00		367,180,450 00	367,180,450 00		
Funded loan of 1907		R. S.	3689		1,418,850 00		1,418,850 00	1,418,850 00		
Loan of 1882 (three per cents)		R. S.	3689		47,650 00		47,650 00	47,650 00		
Total redemptions										
					590,083,829 96		590,083,829 96	590,083,829 96		
Interest on:										
Refunding certificates, act of February 26, 1879		R. S.	3689		16,152 47		16,152 47	16,152 47		
Navy pension fund		R. S.	3689		420,000 00		420,000 00	420,000 00		

Treasury notes of 1846	R.	S.		5 40	12 98	5 40	12 98	5 40	12 98
Seven-thirties of 1861	R.	S.		70 00	70 00	70 00	70 00	70 00	70 00
One-year notes of 1863	R.	S.		169 83	169 83	169 83	169 83	169 83	169 83
Two-year notes of 1863	R.	S.		1, 423 96	1, 423 96	1, 423 96	1, 423 96	1, 423 96	1, 423 96
Compound-interest notes	R.	S.		609 97	609 97	609 97	609 97	609 97	609 97
Seven-thirties of 1864 and 1865	R.	S.		3 00	3 00	3 00	3 00	3 00	3 00
Bounty land scrip	R.	S.		570 00	570 00	570 00	570 00	570 00	570 00
Loan of February, 1861 (1881s)	R.	S.		330 00	330 00	330 00	330 00	330 00	330 00
Oregon war debt	R.	S.		339, 884 81	339, 884 81	339, 884 81	339, 884 81	339, 884 81	339, 884 81
Loan of July and August, 1861 (1881s)	R.	S.		3, 452 72	3, 452 72	3, 452 72	3, 452 72	3, 452 72	3, 452 72
Five-twenties of 1862	R.	S.		1, 076, 105 29	1, 076, 105 29	1, 076, 105 29	1, 076, 105 29	1, 076, 105 29	1, 076, 105 29
Loan of 1863 (1881s)	R.	S.		7, 520 39	7, 520 39	7, 520 39	7, 520 39	7, 520 39	7, 520 39
Ten-forties of 1864	R.	S.		3, 222 72	3, 222 72	3, 222 72	3, 222 72	3, 222 72	3, 222 72
Five-twenties of June, 1864	R.	S.		826 21	826 21	826 21	826 21	826 21	826 21
Five-twenties of 1865	R.	S.		3, 988 44	3, 988 44	3, 988 44	3, 988 44	3, 988 44	3, 988 44
Consols of 1865	R.	S.		11, 909 86	11, 909 86	11, 909 86	11, 909 86	11, 909 86	11, 909 86
Consols of 1867	R.	S.		5, 860 26	5, 860 26	5, 860 26	5, 860 26	5, 860 26	5, 860 26
Consols of 1868	R.	S.		1, 552, 987 20	1, 552, 987 20	1, 552, 987 20	1, 552, 987 20	1, 552, 987 20	1, 552, 987 20
Central Pacific stock	R.	S.		378, 210 00	378, 210 00	378, 210 00	378, 210 00	378, 210 00	378, 210 00
Kansas Pacific stock (U. P. E. D.)	R.	S.		1, 633, 827 27	1, 633, 827 27	1, 633, 827 27	1, 633, 827 27	1, 633, 827 27	1, 633, 827 27
Union Pacific stock	R.	S.		96, 900 00	96, 900 00	96, 900 00	96, 900 00	96, 900 00	96, 900 00
Central Branch Union Pacific stock (A. & P. P.)	R.	S.		118, 233 60	118, 233 60	118, 233 60	118, 233 60	118, 233 60	118, 233 60
Western Pacific stock	R.	S.		97, 729 20	97, 729 20	97, 729 20	97, 729 20	97, 729 20	97, 729 20
St. Louis City and Pacific stock	R.	S.		6, 423, 307 16	6, 423, 307 16	6, 423, 307 16	6, 423, 307 16	6, 423, 307 16	6, 423, 307 16
Funded loan of 1881	R.	S.		11, 262, 461 48	11, 262, 461 48	11, 262, 461 48	11, 262, 461 48	11, 262, 461 48	11, 262, 461 48
Funded loan of 1891	R.	S.		29, 420, 439 55	29, 420, 439 55	29, 420, 439 55	29, 420, 439 55	29, 420, 439 55	29, 420, 439 55
Funded loan of 1907	R.	S.		6, 352, 478 38	6, 352, 478 38	6, 352, 478 38	6, 352, 478 38	6, 352, 478 38	6, 352, 478 38
Loan of 1882 (three per cents)	R.	S.		59, 160, 131 25	59, 160, 131 25	59, 160, 131 25	59, 160, 131 25	59, 160, 131 25	59, 160, 131 25
Total interest				649, 243, 961 21	649, 243, 961 21	649, 243, 961 21	649, 243, 961 21	649, 243, 961 21	649, 243, 961 21
Total public debt				90, 500 00	90, 500 00	90, 500 00	90, 500 00	90, 500 00	90, 500 00
INTERIOR—INDIANS AND PENSIONS.				10, 809 86	10, 809 86	10, 809 86	10, 809 86	10, 809 86	10, 809 86
Pay of Indian agents	22			10, 099 59	10, 099 59	10, 099 59	10, 099 59	10, 099 59	10, 099 59
Do				359 89	359 89	359 89	359 89	359 89	359 89
Do				26 23	26 23	26 23	26 23	26 23	26 23

*And prior years.

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of ap- propriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year end- ing June 30, 1883.	Repayments made dur- ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Pay ments dur- ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts car- ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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INTERIOR.—INDIANS AND PENSIONS—Cont'd.										
Brought forward.....										
Pay of Indian inspectors.....	1882			\$26,014 72	\$128,545 00	\$5,783 26	\$160,342 98	\$124,738 13	\$11,308 69	\$24,296 16
Do.....	1881			329 67			329 67		321 33	329 67
Pay of Indian school inspector.....	1883	22		321 33	3,000 00		3,000 00	2,861 41		138 59
Pay of Indian police.....	1883	22	70		82,000 00	720 82	82,720 82	73,502 02		9,218 80
Do.....	1882	22	85	1,066 00		909 88	1,975 88	1,975 44		44
Do.....	1881			10,276 53			10,276 53		10,276 53	
Pay of Indian police (transfer account).....	1880*					290 00	290 00	290 00		
Pay of superintendents in Dakota.....	1878*	22	392		44 44		44 44			
Buildings at agencies, and repairs.....	1883	22	70	1,213 23	25,000 00	1,900 00	26,900 00	24,645 26		2,254 74
Do.....	1882	22	599	8 26		330 70	1,552 19	1,552 19		
Do.....	1881			1,568 65			1,568 65	37 31	1,531 34	
Do.....	1880*	22	599		56 00	68 50	124 50	56 00	68 50	
Contingencies, Indian Department.....	1883	22	70		38,500 00	760 89	39,260 89	36,390 83		2,870 06
Do.....	1882			3,650 37		3,890 93	7,541 30	7,514 18		27 12
Do.....	1881	22	392	2,146 35	336 20	423 98	2,906 53	2,001 18	905 35	
Do.....	1880	22	392		2,698 64		2,698 64	2,553 54		145 10
Do.....	1880*	22	597, 599		939 68	81 20	1,020 88	939 68	81 20	
Contingencies, Indian Department (transfer account).....	1880*					1,706 71	1,706 71	1,706 71		
Contingencies, Indian Department.....	1879*	22	392		2,397 43		2,397 43	2,385 08	8 58	3 77
Contingencies, Indian Department (transfer account).....	1879*					1,633 01	1,633 01		1,633 01	
Telegraphing and purchase of Indian sup- plies.....	1883	22	86		33,930 56	1,024 54	34,955 10	30,040 19		4,914 91
Do.....	1884		450		13,890 03		13,890 03	13,890 03		
Do.....	1882			2,271 52		1,089 93	3,361 45	2,419 97		941 48
Do.....	1881	22	392, 590	1 00	1,227 99	7 73	1,236 72	1,236 72		
Do.....	1880*	22	599		431 40	1 50	432 90	72 00	360 90	
Telegraphing and purchase of Indian sup- plies (transfer account).....	1880*					115 23	115 23	115 23		
Telegraphing and purchase of Indian sup- plies.....	1879*	22	392		806 00		806 00	806 00		
Telegraphing and purchase of Indian sup- plies (transfer account).....	1879*	22	392		2,307 71		2,307 71	2,307 71		
Transportation of Indian supplies.....	1883	22	86, 585		295,000 00	165 47	295,165 47	262,844 96		32,320 51
Do.....	1882	22	392	23 71	60,000 00	2,908 82	62,932 53	47,825 81		15,106 72
Do.....	1881	22	392, 599	152 10	25,855 25	713 34	26,720 69	25,566 66		1,154 03

Do.....	1880	22	392	30,924 68	37,983 94	1,940 74
Do.....	1880*	22	539	1,047 76	56 29	
Transportation of Indian supplies (transfer account).....	1880*					
Transportation of Indian supplies.....	1879*	22	392	12,474 15	1,192 92	463 15
Traveling expenses of Indian inspectors.....	1883	22	70	536 92	12,011 00	1,107 17
Do.....	1882			6,000 00	5,429 75	503 95
Do.....	1881			449 90	738 45	
Do.....	1880	22	597	12,945 24	501 24	
Do.....	1880*	22	392	177 12	2 45	177 12
Traveling expenses of Indian school inspectors.....	1879*	22	70	767 50	722 50	45 00
Fulfilling treaties with—	1883	22		1,500 00	1,472 38	27 62
Apaches, Kiowas, and Comanches.....						
Arapahoes and Cheyennes of Upper Arkansas River.....						
Cherokees, for lands west of Arkansas River.....						
Cheyennes and Arapahoes.....						
Chickasaws.....						
Chippewas, Bois Forte band.....						
Chippewas of Lake Superior.....						
Chippewas of the Mississippi.....						
Chippewas, Pillager, and Lako Winnebagoish bands.....						
Chippewas of Red Lake and Pembina tribe of Chippewas.....						
Chippewas, Saginaw, Swan Creek, and Black River.....						
Confederate tribes and bands in Middle Oregon.....						
Choctaws.....						
Choctaws and Chickasaws.....						
Crows.....						
Delawares.....						
Iowas.....						
Kansas.....						
Kickapoos.....						
Makabs.....						
Menomones.....						
Miamies of Eel River.....						
Miamies of Indiana.....						
Miamies of Kansas.....						
Nev-Perece.....						
Navajos.....						
Onahoes.....						
Osages.....						
Otoes and Missourias.....						

Carried forward

* And prior years.

†\$150.50 transferred from War ledger.

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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INTERIOR.—INDIANS AND PENSIONS.—Cont'd.										
Brought forward.....										
Fulfilling treaties with—				\$186,664 80	\$1,293,483 49	\$55,500 36	\$1,635,648 65	\$1,355,992 29	\$26,728 84	\$252,927 52
Pawnees.....				741 08	30,000 00	292 43	31,033 51	26,456 68		4,576 83
Poncas.....		22	76	785 90	8,000 00		8,785 90	6,968 21		1,817 69
Pottawatomies.....		22	76	1,214 98	20,647 65	1 69	21,864 32	20,998 55		865 77
Pottawatomies of Huron.....		22	77		400 00		400 00	400 00		
Quapaws.....		22	77	718 78	1,000 00		1,718 78	1,490 34		228 44
Sacs and Foxes of the Mississippi.....		22	77	24,486 95	51,000 00	2,861 72	78,348 67	73,425 95		4,922 72
Sacs and Foxes of the Missouri.....		22	78	73 69	7,870 00	9 25	7,952 94	7,952 94		
Seminoles.....		22	78	628 19	28,500 00		29,128 19	29,128 19		
Senecas.....		22	78	13 52	3,600 00		3,703 52	3,703 52		
Senecas of New York.....		22	79	32 10	11,902 50	178 10	12,112 70	12,112 70		
Shawnees.....		22	79	272 96	5,000 00		5,272 96	5,000 00		272 96
Eastern Shawnees.....		22	79	630 65	1,630 00	48 22	2,008 87	708 35		1,300 52
Shoshones.....		22	79	1,238 84	11,000 00	214 99	12,453 83	11,427 97		1,025 86
Stonox of Dakota.....				248 83			248 83			248 83
Stonox of Yankton tribe.....		22	81	627 84	25,000 00	200 00	25,827 84	19,043 26		6,784 58
Sisseton, Wahpeton, and Santee Sioux, of Lake Traverse and Devil's Lake.....		22	81	856 05	80,000 00	4,622 46	85,478 51	82,916 00		2,562 51
Six Nations of New York.....		22	80	2,311 03	4,500 00	39 00	6,850 03	6,645 17		204 86
S'Kiallams.....				730 41			730 41	145 66		584 75
Snakes, Wa-pah-pee tribe.....				536 51			536 51			536 51
Ukabs, Tabeguache band.....				16 58			16 58			
Winnebagoes.....		22	82	180,011 83	44,162 47	163 23	224,337 53	23,183 96		201,153 57
Wyandots.....						481 32	13,090 26	192 52		288 80
Yakapas.....		22	392	176 05	12,914 21		37,176 23	37,176 23		13,090 26
Cherokees, proceeds of lands.....	R. S.	2093-6		6,874 55	30,301 68		860 34			860 34
Cherokees, proceeds of school lands.....	R. S.	2093-6								
Cherokees, proceeds of diminished reserved lands in Kansas (transfer account).....	R. S.	2093-6								
Kansas, proceeds of lands.....	R. S.	2093-6		724,137 41			724,137 41			724,137 41
Miamies of Kansas, proceeds of lands.....	R. S.	2093-6		23,679 16	30,257 67		53,936 83	21,733 65		32,203 18
Menomonees, proceeds of lands.....	R. S.	2093-6		36 45	854 85	326 06	1,201 36	632 12		570 24
Onahaws, proceeds of lands.....	R. S.	2093-6			7,005 69		7,005 69	750 00		6,255 69
Oreos and Missourias, proceeds of lands.....	R. S.	2093-6		712 26			712 26			712 26
Pottawatomies, proceeds of lands.....	R. S.	2093-6		170,949 78	48,533 67		219,503 45			219,503 45
Pawnees, proceeds of lands.....	R. S.	2093-6		32,767 63			32,767 63			32,767 63
Pawnees, proceeds of lands.....	R. S.	2093-6			471,855 68		471,855 68			471,855 68

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of ap- propriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made dur- ing the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments dur- ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts car- ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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INTERIOR—INDIANS AND PENSIONS—Cont'd.										
Brought forward										
Kaskaskias, Peorias, Weas, and Pianke- shaws fund				\$4, 037, 929 08	\$2, 783, 544 10	\$90, 795 43	\$7, 512, 268 61	\$2, 149, 941 83	\$26, 728 84	\$5, 335, 597 94
Interest on Kaskaskias, Peorias, Weas, and Piankeshaws fund	1883	R. S. 22	2003-6 87	17, 700 92	634 36		17, 700 92	15, 000 00		2, 700 92
Do				381 30	4, 801 00		1, 015 66	1, 015 66		
Kaskaskias, Peorias, Weas, and Pianke- shaws school fund				20, 711 97			20, 711 97			20, 711 97
Interest on Kaskaskias, Peorias, Weas, and Piankeshaws school fund	1881	R. S.	2003-6	517 80	1, 035 68	27 20	1, 580 77	1, 025 00		555 77
Do	1882			471 13			471 13	471 13		383 75
Do	1883	22	87	1, 449 00	1, 449 00		1, 449 00	1, 065 25		954 00
Kickapoo general fund				128, 571 78	6, 428 58	37 50	128, 571 78	6, 277 17		128, 571 78
Interest on Kickapoo general fund		R. S.	2003-6	2, 227 64			8, 693 72			2, 416 55
Menomonee fund				134, 039 38	6, 701 96	566 48	134, 039 38			134, 039 38
Interest on Menomonee fund	1882	R. S.	2003-6	5, 893 14			13, 161 58	8, 683 61		4, 477 97
Do				930 00	950 00		950 00	950 00		
Do	1883	22	87	20, 000 00	950 00		20, 000 00	950 00		20, 000 00
L'Anse and Vieux de Sert Chippewa fund										
Interest on L'Anse and Vieux de Sert Chip- pewa fund		R. S.	2003-6	8 50	1, 000 00	584 79	1, 593 29	570 75		1, 022 54
Osage fund		22	392	3, 028, 799 10	488, 021 29		3, 516, 820 39			3, 516, 820 39
Interest on Osage fund		R. S.	2003-6	255, 593 99	294, 388 72	689 95	550, 872 66	177, 472 69		373, 199 97
Osage school fund		R. S.	2003-6	119, 911 53			119, 911 53			119, 911 53
Interest on Osage school fund		R. S.	2003-6	2, 231 57	4, 718 87	14 00	6, 964 44	3, 876, 23		3, 088 21
Interest on Osage and Missour fund		R. S.	2003-6	7, 353 58	8, 777 42		16, 131 00	8, 286 90		7, 844 10
Ottawa and Chippewa fund				16, 956 25			16, 956 25			16, 956 25
Interest on Ottawa and Chippewa fund	1881	R. S.	2003-6	36, 236 69	847 82		37, 084 51			37, 084 51
Do	1882			230 00			230 00		230 00	
Do	1883	22	87	230 00			230 00			230 00
Ponca fund				70, 000 00	230 00		70, 000 00			70, 000 00
Interest on Ponca fund		R. S.	2003-6	27 55	3, 500 00	7 23		3, 500 00		34 78
Pottawatomies general fund				89, 618 57			89, 618 57			89, 618 57
Interest on Pottawatomies general fund		R. S.	2003-6	35, 128 52	4, 480 92		39, 609 44	7, 785 57		31, 823 87
Pottawatomies education fund				72, 993 93			72, 993 93			72, 993 93
Interest on Pottawatomies education fund		R. S.	2003-6	3, 276 81	3, 849 70	189 57	7, 316 08	5, 530 56		1, 785 52

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations, July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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INTERIOR—INDIANS AND PENSIONS—Cont'd.										
Brought forward.....										
Incidental expenses, Indian service in—				\$10,887,006 39	\$3,794,749 20	\$102,948 97	\$14,754,704 56	\$2,575,839 58	\$30,653 09	\$12,148,211 89
Dakota.....	1880*					147 03	147 03		147 03	
Do.....	1879*	22	392		179 65		179 65	69 05		110 60
Idaho.....	1883	22	84		1,000 00		1,000 00	724 50		275 50
Do.....	1882			1,773 99		305 00	2,078 99	182 05		1,896 94
Do.....	1881			1,441 77			1,441 77		1,441 77	
Do.....	1879*	22	392		224 44		224 44	224 44		
Montana.....	1883	22	84		5,000 00	153 90	5,133 90	4,008 25		1,145 65
Do.....	1882			797 55		805 30	1,602 85	526 32		1,076 53
Do.....	1881			5,584 84			5,584 84		5,584 84	
Do.....	1880*	22	599		14 50	202 95	217 45	14 50	202 95	
Do.....	1880*					27 17	27 17	27 17		
Montana (transfer account).....	1883	22	84		13,000 00	500 00	13,500 00	13,422 20		77 80
Nevada.....	1882			99 68			99 68	96 00		3 68
Do.....	1881			12 91		50 00	62 91	60 00	2 91	
Do.....	1880	22	392		46 50		46 50	46 50		
Do.....	1880*	22	599		2,477 20		2,477 20	2,477 20		
Do.....	1879*	22	392		3,521 53		3,521 53	3,521 53		
New Mexico.....	1883	22	84		1,000 00	100 00	1,100 00	1,075 00		25 00
Do.....	1882			397 02		323 14	720 16	284 10		436 06
Do.....	1881			759 39			759 39		759 39	
Do.....	1880*	22	599		2,565 53		2,565 53	2,565 53		
Do.....	1880*					42 60	42 60	42 60		
New Mexico (transfer account).....	1879*	22	392		92 96		92 96			92 96
New Mexico.....	1883	22	84		24,000 00	937 52	24,937 52	23,123 82		1,813 70
Oregon.....	1882			1,065 69		366 04	1,431 73	1,422 48		9 25
Do.....	1881			388 13			388 13		388 13	
Oregon (transfer account).....	1880*					9 00		9 00		
Oregon.....	1880*	22	597, 599		5,495 81		5,511 65	5,495 81	15 84	
Do.....	1879*	22	392		1,746 83		1,746 83	1,746 83		
Utah.....	1883	22	84		12,500 00		12,500 00	12,381 97		118 03
Do.....	1882			491 77			491 77	491 77		
Do.....	1881			89 20			89 20	89 20		
Do.....	1880*	22	599		4,058 56		4,058 56	4,058 56		
Do.....	1880*					419 27	419 27	419 27		
Utah (transfer account).....	1879*	22	392		779 22		779 22	779 22		
Utah.....	1883	22	84		18,000 00		18,000 00	17,981 84		18 16
Washington.....	1882			1,377 86		339 50	1,717 36	1,516 66		200 70

Do.....	1881	5,493 66	1,437 89	2 00	5,495 66	1,437 89	5,495 66
Do.....	1880*	509	1,437 89	---	1,437 89	1,437 89	---
Do.....	1880*	392	560 00	---	560 00	560 00	---
Wyoming.....	1883	84	2,000 00	---	2,000 00	208 35	1,791 65
Do.....	1882	---	1,157 78	103 13	1,260 91	367 18	893 73
Do.....	1881	---	1,488 68	---	1,488 68	---	---
Do.....	1879	---	---	10 72	10 72	10 72	---
Support of Apaches, Kiowas, and Comanches	1883	71	22,700 00	10 72	22,700 00	22,580 50	119 50
Do.....	1882	---	105 21	97	106 18	106 18	106 18
Do.....	1881	---	56 15	3 19	59 34	59 34	---
Support of Apaches of Arizona and New Mexico	1882	---	57,726 32	2,291 06	60,017 38	48,120 53	11,896 85
Do.....	1881	392	1,700 74	40 18	8,306 92	1,740 92	6,566 00
Do.....	1880*	599	33,682 08	229 31	33,911 39	229 31	366 50
Do.....	1879*	392	1,502 70	---	1,502 70	---	---
Support of Arapahoes, Cheyennes, Apaches, Kiowas, Comanches, and Wichitas	1883	82	350,000 00	1,741 55	351,741 55	348,581 98	3,159 57
Do.....	1882	---	30,022 54	1,197 76	31,220 30	31,220 30	---
Do.....	1881	---	284 83	---	284 83	284 83	---
Support of Arapahoes, Cheyennes, Apaches, Kiowas, Comanches, and Wichitas (transfer account)	1881	362	---	---	59,232 01	59,232 01	---
Support of Arickarees, Gros Ventres, and Mandans	1883	82	40,000 00	770 08	40,770 08	39,300 88	1,469 20
Do.....	1882	---	2,134 11	1,299 93	3,434 04	1,836 03	1,598 01
Do.....	1881	---	3,838 70	---	3,838 70	2,090 66	1,748 04
Support of Arickarees, Gros Ventres, and Mandans (transfer account)	1880*	---	---	289 47	289 47	289 47	---
Support of Assinaboines in Montana	1883	82	15,000 00	228 85	15,147 49	15,147 49	81 36
Do.....	1882	---	2,451 79	76 67	2,528 46	2,451 79	76 67
Do.....	1881	---	6,669 34	---	6,669 34	---	---
Support of Blackfeet, Bloods, and Pieguns	1880*	---	---	50 00	50 00	---	---
Do.....	1883	82	35,000 00	589 20	35,589 20	35,264 19	325 01
Do.....	1882	---	7,594 51	2,816 29	10,410 80	9,019 55	1,391 25
Do.....	1881	---	3,667 82	---	3,667 82	---	---
Support of Chippewas of Lake Superior	1879*	392	25 20	---	25 20	25 20	---
Do.....	1883	82	18,000 00	481 35	18,000 00	17,999 79	21
Do.....	1882	---	44 47	---	528 82	175 00	350 82
Do.....	1881	---	75 92	---	75 92	---	---
Support of Chippewas of the Mississippi	1880*	599	4,703 23	4,703 23	4,703 23	4,703 23	---
Do.....	1879*	392	517 25	517 25	517 25	517 25	---
Do.....	1883	72	4,000 00	4,000 00	4,000 00	3,997 08	2 92
Do.....	1882	---	261 54	615 79	877 33	877 33	877 33
Do.....	1881	---	1,384 62	---	1,384 62	---	---
Support of Chippewas of the Mississippi (transfer account)	1880*	418	150 00	1,053 45	1,203 45	1,203 45	---
Support of Chippewas of Red Lake and Pembina tribe of Chippewas	1883	82	18,000 00	253 70	18,253 70	18,253 70	---
Carried forward	---	---	10,997,444 92	121,837 88	15,622,811 09	3,374,418 28	61,805 60

* And prior years.

12,186,587 21

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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INTERIOR—INDIANS AND PENSIONS—Cont'd.										
Brought forward.....				\$10,997,444 92	\$4,503,528 29	\$121,837 88	\$15,622,811 09	\$3,374,418 28	\$61,805 60	\$12,186,587 21
Support of Chippewas of Red Lake and Pembina tribe of Chippewas.....	1882			3,327 92		1,096 55	4,424 47	3,287 23		1,137 24
Do.....	1881			875 41			875 41	40 00	835 41	
Do.....	1879*	22	392		53 17		53 17	53 17		
Support of Chippewas of Turtle Mountain.....	1883									
Support of Chippewas of White Earth Reservation.....	1884	22	449		1,000 00		1,000 00	404 10		595 90
Do.....	1883	22	82		10,000 00		10,042 54	10,009 48		33 06
Support of Chippewas of Pillager and Lake Winnabegoshish bands.....	1882			318 42		1,884 98	2,203 40	1,673 10		530 30
Do.....	1883	22	72		2,500 00		2,500 00	2,500 00		
Do.....	1882			43		701 38	701 81			701 81
Support of Cheyennes and Arapahoos.....	1879*	22	392		515 11		515 11	515 11		
Do.....	1883	22	71		20,600 00		20,600 00	20,598 10		1 90
Support of confederated tribes and bands in Middle Oregon.....	1882			100 00		25 10	125 10			125 10
Do.....	1883	22	82		8,000 00	70 34	8,070 34	7,976 67		93 67
Do.....	1882			534 76		87 64	622 40	534 76		87 64
Do.....	1881			236 19			236 19		236 19	
Support of confederated tribes and bands in Middle Oregon..... (transfer account).....	1880*									
Support of Crows.....	1883	22	73		77,000 00	1,789 37	1,789 37	1,789 37		
Do.....	1882			18,287 29		1,435 53	78,435 53	78,435 53		
Do.....	1881			8,504 77		5,224 07	23,511 36	4,974 01		18,537 35
Do.....	1880*	22	599			121 24	3,626 01		3,626 01	
Do.....	1880*	22	392		2,453 64		2,453 64	2,453 64		
Do.....	1879*	22	392		400 75		400 75	400 75		
Support of D'Wamish and other allied tribes in Washington Territory.....	1883	22	83		10,000 00		10,000 00	6,927 84		3,072 16
Do.....	1882			2,421 52		133 53	2,555 05	2,126 65		428 40
Do.....	1881			216 39		2 95	219 34		219 34	
Do.....	1880*	22	599		36 00		36 00	36 00		
Support of Flatheads and other confederated tribes.....	1883	22	83		13,000 00		13,000 00	11,353 54		1,646 46
Do.....	1882					1 51	1 51			1 51
Do.....	1881			403 66			403 66		403 66	
Do.....	1880*	22				196 38	196 38		196 38	
Do.....	1879*	22	392		732 82		732 82	732 82		
Support of Gros Ventres in Montana.....	1883	22	83		20,000 00	228 83	20,228 83	18,675 40		1,553 43

1882	494 43	337 84	832 27	52 00	780 27
1881	2, 348 68	54 33	2, 348 68	2, 348 68	
1880*	18, 000 00	111 55	18, 111 55	18, 016 00	95 55
1883	1, 281 07	102 72	1, 383 79	625 00	758 79
1882	26 78	2 65	29 43	29 43	
1881	22, 000 00	272 34	22, 272 34	19, 277 14	2, 995 20
1883	75, 000 00	134 50	75, 134 50	71, 331 50	3, 783 00
1882	9, 686 54	1, 031 63	10, 718 17	9, 337 25	1, 380 92
1881	9, 467 89		9, 467 89	9, 467 89	
1880	4, 032 00	1, 731 00	4, 032 00	4, 032 00	
1883	6, 000 00	1, 731 00	7, 731 00	7, 165 98	565 02
1882	1, 722 52	133 16	1, 875 68	916 39	959 29
1881	687 60		687 60	687 60	
1881	4, 377 85	287 90	4, 665 75	1, 513 00	3, 152 75
1880*	599	638 68	673 71	35 03	638 68
1882	25 00		25 00		25 00
1883	21, 000 00	151 39	21, 151 39	20, 080 59	1, 070 80
1883	275, 000 00	223 22	275, 223 22	242, 683 07	32, 540 15
1883	68, 500 00	829 02	69, 329 02	69, 329 02	
1883	40, 000 00	399 36	40, 399 36	35, 158 40	2, 995 20
1883	5, 000 00	74 95	5, 074 95	5, 074 95	5, 240 96
1882	47 44	57 82	105 26		105 26
1883	8, 000 00	321 97	321 97	321 97	
1882	3, 026 84	40 49	8, 040 49	5, 378 54	2, 661 95
1881	12 08	11 65	3, 046 65	3, 035 00	11 65
1883	92 97	66 15	6, 166 15	6, 143 15	23 00
1883	6, 000 00	43 22	6, 043 22	5, 154 84	888 38
1882	2, 018 10	718 06	2, 736 16	2, 736 16	
1881	414 10		414 10	414 10	
1883	7, 000 00		7, 000 00	7, 000 00	
1882	2 38	420 03	422 41		422 41
1882	1, 663 20	220 16	1, 883 36	1, 587 99	295 37
1881	3, 329 53		3, 329 53	3, 329 53	
1879*	341 55	341 55	341 55	341 55	
1883	5, 000 00		5, 000 00	4, 981 40	18 60
1882	572 96		572 96	540 32	32 64
1883	2, 081 60		2, 081 60	2, 081 60	
1882	3, 000 00		3, 000 00	3, 000 00	
1881	1, 766 46		1, 766 46	190 00	1, 576 46
1881	144 09		144 09		
1883	144 09	74 67	2, 074 67	2, 027 83	46 84
1883	5, 000 00	474 54	5, 474 54	5, 456 06	18 48
1883	11, 070, 880 19	143, 864 82	16, 463, 663 13	4, 104, 217 31	12, 271, 429 13
Carried forward					

* And prior years.

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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INTERIOR—INDIANS AND PENSIONS—Cont'd.										
Brought forward.....				\$11,070,880 19	\$5,248,918 12	\$143,864 82	\$16,463,663 13	\$4,104,217 31	\$88,016 69	\$12,271,429 13
Support of Navajoes.....	1882			587 64		308 21	1,895 85	95 00		800 85
Do.....	1881			1,133 84			1,133 84		1,133 84	
Do.....	1880*	22	599		8,404 56		8,404 56			
Do.....	1879*	22	392		598 58		598 58			
Support of Nez Percés.....	1883	22	75		3,500 00		3,500 00	3,500 00		
Do.....	1882			1,000 00		49 74	1,049 74			1,049 74
Do.....	1881			723 37			723 37		723 37	
Support of Nez Percés of Joseph's band.....	1883	22	83		20,000 00	14 66	20,014 66	19,847 08		167 58
Do.....	1882					214 79	214 79		214 79	214 79
Do.....	1881			221 65			221 65		221 65	
Support of Northern Cheyennes and Arapahoes.....	1883	22	75		53,000 00	336 70	53,336 70	37,443 93		15,892 77
Do.....	1882			17,145 90		458 74	17,604 64	9,435 84		8,168 80
Do.....	1881			5,295 79			5,295 79		5,295 79	
Do.....	1879*			8,605 10			8,605 10	8,545 10		60 00
Support of Pawnees.....	1883	22	76		17,500 00	6 77	17,506 77	16,190 86		1,315 91
Do.....	1882			1,955 93		414 76	2,370 69			2,370 69
Do.....	1881			5 27			5 27		5 27	
Support of Poncas.....	1879*	22	392		681 43		681 43			
Do.....	1883	22	76		32,500 00	171 29	32,671 29	29,635 42		3,035 87
Do.....	1882			4,171 03		132 01	4,303 04	4,303 04		
Do.....	1881			2,355 22		1,068 58	3,423 80		3,423 80	
Do.....	1879*	22	392		4 50		4 50			
Support of Pueblos of New Mexico.....	1883	22	83		7,500 00		7,500 00	7,443 59		56 41
Support of Quapaws.....	1883	22	77		1,060 00		1,060 00	171 43		888 57
Do.....	1881			166 32			166 32		166 32	
Support of Quinaltets and Quilleh Utes.....	1883	22	83		5,000 00		5,000 00	4,426 65		573 35
Do.....	1882			366 59		203 03	569 62			569 62
Do.....	1881			117 00			117 00		117 00	
Do.....	1883	22	78		200 00		200 00	200 00		
Support of Sacs and Foxes of the Mississippi.....	1875*					125 00	125 00		125 00	
Support of Senecas, Shawnees, Quapaws, Peorias, Ottawas, Wyandottes, and others.....	1883	22	85		150,000 00	2,471 83	152,471 83	147,631 78		4,840 05
Support of schools not otherwise provided for.....	1882			19,078 80		6,537 15	25,615 95	23,762 33		1,853 62
Do.....	1881			3,924 05		5 49	3,929 54	3,701 91		227 63
Support of schools not otherwise provided for (transfer account).....	1880*									
Support of schools not otherwise provided for.....	1879*	22	392		125 00	11 33	11 33	11 33		8,425
Support of Shoshones and Bannocks.....	1883	22	80		29,437 00		29,437 00	21,011 87		10,190
Do.....	1882			10,331 66		49 47	10,381 13	190 06		

Support of Shoshones and Bannocks.	1881	599	3,781 99	79 43	3,781 99	79 43	3,781 99	79 43	3,781 99
Do.	1880*								
Support of Shoshones and Bannocks (transfer account).	1880*								
Support of Shoshones and Bannocks.	1879*	392		1,226 67	1,226 67	1,226 67	1,226 67	1,226 67	1,226 67
Support of Shoshones in Wyoming.	1883	83		8,204 01	8,204 01	8,204 01	8,204 01	8,204 01	8,204 01
Do.	1882		2,273 45	18,000 00	18,000 00	16,544 44	16,544 44	1,455 56	1,455 56
Support of Sioux of different tribes, including Santee Sioux of Nebraska.	1883	80,585		1,932,300 00	1,932,300 00	54 52	936 98	1,330 99	1,330 99
Do.	1882		162,730 71					254,709 59	254,709 59
Do.	1881		42,743 25					1,585 97	1,585 97
Do.	1880*	314,597,599		2,532 68	2,532 68	44 81	2,532 68	42,199 15	42,199 15
Support of Sioux of different tribes, including Santee Sioux of Nebraska (transfer account).	1880*	418		70 50	116 07	186 57	186 57	44 81	44 81
Support of Sioux of different tribes, including Santee Sioux of Nebraska.	1879*	392		8,420 22	8,420 22				
Support of Sioux of different tribes, including Santee Sioux of Nebraska (transfer account).	1879*								
Support of Sioux, Yankton tribe.	1883	81		50,000 00	50,000 00	674 70	674 70	674 70	674 70
Do.	1882		407 86			50,354 59	50,354 59	334 45	334 45
Do.	1881		1,883 92			612 78	612 78	558 73	558 73
Support of S'Kiallams.	1883	83		6,000 00	6,000 00	1,883 92	1,883 92	1,883 92	1,883 92
Do.	1882		1,914 99			6,000 00	6,000 00	1,913 19	1,913 19
Do.	1881		458 18			1,914 99	1,914 99	458 18	458 18
Support of Tabeguache, Muache, Capote, Weenimache, Yampa, Grand River, and Uintah bands of Utes.	1881		4,807 78			4,807 78	4,807 78	4,807 78	4,807 78
Do.	1880*			10 00	10 00	10 00	10 00	10 00	10 00
Support of Tonkawas of Fort Griffin, Tex.	1879*	392		3,448 31	3,448 31	3,448 31	3,448 31	3,448 31	3,448 31
Do.	1883	83		3,000 00	3,000 00	3,000 00	3,000 00	3,000 00	3,000 00
Do.	1881								
Support of Utahs, Tabeguache band.	1883	81		720 00	720 00	77	77	77	77
Do.	1882		66 57			720 00	720 00	666 13	666 13
Do.	1877*	392		71 66	71 66	71 66	71 66	71 66	71 66
Support of confederated bands of Utes.	1883	81		73,020 00	73,020 00	73,676 02	73,676 02	1,826 52	1,826 52
Do.	1882		606 83			868 80	1,475 63	1,388 09	1,388 09
Support of Walla Walla, Cayuse, and Umatilla tribes.	1883	84		10,000 00	10,000 00	10,078 03	10,049 69	28 34	28 34
Do.	1882		1,722 72			266 06	1,968 78	1,486 28	1,486 28
Do.	1881		325 21			325 21	325 21	325 21	325 21
Do.	1880*					133 42	133 42	133 42	133 42
Support of Wichitas and other affiliated tribes.	1883	84		16,000 00	16,000 00	16,000 00	15,994 96	5 04	5 04
Do.	1882		237 43			6 79	244 22	6 79	6 79
Do.	1881		4,847 63			4 56	4,852 19	4,852 19	4,852 19
Support of Yakamas and other Indians.	1883	84		26,000 00	26,000 00	86 30	26,086 30	538 32	538 32
Do.	1882		3,772 24			3,400 05	7,172 29	1,232 70	1,232 70
Do.	1881		2,475 68			40 50	2,516 18	2,516 18	2,516 18
Support of Indian school at Forest Grove, Ore.	1883	85		30,000 00	30,000 00	30,000 00	18,711 44	11,288 56	11,288 56
Carried forward			11,383,121 79	7,760,296 20	188,499 18	19,337,917 17	6,505,040 79	161,144 06	12,611,731 72

* And prior years.

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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INTERIOR—INDIANS AND PENSIONS—Cont'd.										
Brought forward				\$11,383,121 79	\$7,766,206 20	\$188,499 18	\$19,337,917 17	\$6,565,040 79	\$161,144 66	\$12,611,731 72
Support of Indian children at Hampton school, Virginia	1883	22	85		16,700 00		16,700 00	14,537 76		2,162 24
Support of Indian children at school in States	1883	22	86		17,000 00		17,000 00	4,127 37		12,872 63
Support of Indian children in schools in private families	1883	22	86		150,000 00	6,194 70	156,194 70	55,693 72		100,501 04
Additional beef, Indian service	1883	22	328		200,000 00	54	200,000 54	139,523 81		60,476 73
Appraisal and survey of Otee and Missouri lands (reimbursable)		22	228		5,000 00		5,000 00	3,900 00		1,100 00
Appeal in Crow Dog's case to the United States Supreme Court		22	624		1,000 00		1,000 00			1,000 00
Expenses of Indian delegations visiting Washington	1870					33 50	33 50		33 50	
Expenses of Indian commissioners	1883	22	70		4,700 00		4,700 00	4,400 00		100 00
Do	1882	22	392		3,900 00		3,900 00	3,530 53		369 47
Do	1881			1,891 90			1,891 90		1,891 96	
Do	1879*	22	392		690 00		690 00	690 00		
Expenses for special agents for Micamies of Indiana				1,938 15			1,938 15	1,713 88		224 27
Expenses of the Ute Commission		22	392, 327	1,382 63	17,000 00	860 06	18,742 69	14,713 82		4,029 37
Gratuity to certain Ute Indians		22	82	666 67	4,000 00		4,666 67	4,000 00		666 67
Holding a general council of Indians in Indian Territory	1875 } 1876 } 1870 }	22 } 22 } 22 }	392 } 328 } 85, 448 }		114 00		114 00	114 00		
Investigating Cherokee disputes		22	328		2,500 00		2,500 00	2,500 00		
Indian school building near Arkansas City		22			25,000 00		25,000 00	250 00		24,750 00
Maintenance and education of Catharine and Sophia German		20	602	2,625 00	125 00		2,750 00	125 00		2,625 00
Maintenance and education of Helen and Heloise Lincoln		16	377	5,343 75	250 00		5,593 75	125 00		5,468 75
Maintenance and education of Adelaide and Julia German		18	424	5,125 00	250 00		5,375 00	250 00		5,125 00
Maintaining peace among and with the various tribes and bands of Indians (transfer account)										
Negotiating with Sioux for modification of treaties	1873*	22	392		4,561 26		4,561 26			4,561 26
Payment to Flatheads removed to Jocko Reservation (reimbursable)		22	328, 444, 624		20,000 00		20,000 00	9,028 44		10,971 56
Payment to citizens, Miamis of Kansas	1883	22	82	751 69	5,000 00		5,000 00	5,000 00		751 69

Payment to Creeks for land occupied by Seminoles	22	392	175,000 00	175,000 00	175,000 00	1,610 54	10,703 14
Payment of indemnity to Poncas							
Payment to legal representatives of George G. Johnson	22	314	10,510 00	10,510 00	10,510 00		
Payment for lands in Indian reservation in Washington Territory	22	590	320 00	320 00	320 00		
Payment to old settlers on Western Cherokees			449 30	449 30	449 30		449 30
Payment to Potawatamies, citizens			5,289 45	5,289 45	5,289 45		5,289 45
Payment to R. H. Taylor for herding cattle	22	328	331 97	331 97	331 97		
Payment to Ute Indians for individual improvements			150 00	150 00	150 00		
Purchase of lands in Pawnee Reservation, Nebr., for school for Indians of Sioux Reservation in Dakota	1883	329	2,200 00	2,200 00	2,200 00		9,200 00
Removal and support of confederated bands of Utes							
Removal of Pawnees (reimbursable)			251,344 44	252,526 58	160,923 77		91,602 81
Relief of destitute Indians in Nevada			8,154 49	8,154 49	1,018 70		7,135 79
Removal and support of Ojoes and Missourias	22	585	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00		4,500 00
Reimbursement to Creek orphan fund			62,983 51	62,991 95	2,719 81		60,272 14
Reimbursement to Osages for losses sustained	22	301	338,912 17	338,912 17	338,912 17		2,451 50
Reservoirs at headwaters of Mississippi—awards to Chippewas, Pillager, and Winnebagoish bands			2,451 50	2,451 50	2,451 50		
Salary of O'urray, head chief of the Ute Nation	1881		15,468 80	15,968 80	15,968 90		
School building, Northern Cheyennes and Arapaho Reservation, Indian Territory						851 09	
School building and support of school for Indians of Sioux Reservation, Dakota	1883	86	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00		
Survey and appraisement of Omaha lands (reimbursable)	1883	85	25,000 00	25,000 00	519 50		24,480 50
Survey and appraisement of Umatilla lands (reimbursable)	22	590	2,500 00	2,500 00			2,500 00
Survey of Indian reservations	22	297,298,590	3,500 00	3,500 00			3,500 00
Taking a census of North Carolina Cherokees	22	86	6,000 00	5,000 00			5,000 00
Vaccination of Indians	1883	328	800 00	800 00	800 00		
Do	1882	86	800 00	800 00	705 75		94 25
Do			124 65	124 65	55 00		69 65
Relief of Eugene B. Allen	1881	81	84 66	84 66		84 66	
Relief of Joseph Hertford	22	87	25,753 94	25,753 94	25,753 94		
Total Indians			413 93	413 93	413 93		
Relief of Edward F. Brownell			211,925 22	20,816,717 40	7,574,365 05	165,616 41	13,076,735 93
Army pensions	1883	174	90 00	90 00	90 00		
Do	1882		97,640,000 00	97,640,781 43	73,056,778 25		24,584,003 17
			7,631,487 20	11,214,334 94	934 40		11,213,399 94
Carried forward			97,640,000 00	108,855,205 77	73,057,802 66		35,797,403 11

† Transferred from war ledger.

* And prior years.

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	[Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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INTERIOR—INDIANS AND PENSIONS—Cont'd.										
Brought forward.....										
Army pensions.....	1881			\$3,582,937 14	\$97,640,000 00	\$7,632,268 63	\$108,855,205 77	\$73,057,802 66	\$35,797,403 11
Do.....	1880*	22	597	419,311 78	1,065 80	5,685 20	424,996 98	1,846 07	\$423,150 91	
Army pensions..... (transfer account).....	1880*	22	597		1,065 80	21,379 31	22,445 11	1,065 80	21,379 31	
Do.....	1879*	22	392		500 90	846 08	846 08	846 08		
Pay and allowances, Army pensions.....	1883	22	175		265,000 00	2 72	265,002 72	260,000 00		5,002 72
Do.....	1882			917 61		15,138 25	16,055 86			16,055 86
Do.....	1881			27,667 80		15	27,667 95		27,667 95	
Fees of examining surgeons, Army pensions.....	1883	22	174, 175		270,000 00	1 00	270,001 00	270,001 00		
Do.....	1884	22	431		50,000 00		50,000 00	49,999 00		1 00
Do.....	1882			4,931 00		18,443 13	23,374 13		14,609 00	23,374 13
Do.....	1881			14,609 00			14,609 00			
Contingent expenses of agents, Army pensions.....	1883	22	175		10,000 00		10,000 00	9,984 29		15 71
Do.....	1883	22	432		5,000 00		5,000 00	110 55		4,889 45
Arrears of Army pensions.....	1880*			337,042 08		108,839 90	445,881 93	83,293 47		362,588 46
Fees for vouchers, arrears of Army pensions.....	1880*			842 80		228 80	1,071 00	160 00		911 00
Arrears of Navy pensions.....	1883	22	174	28,548 50		17,972 59	46,521 09	10,000 00		36,521 09
Fees for vouchers, arrears of Navy pensions.....	1883	22	174	75 40		26 40	101 80	25 00		76 80
Navy pensions.....	1883	22		1,229,813 00		650,962 28	1,880,775 28	958,963 11		921,812 17
Do.....	1882			149,763 63		224,056 29	373,839 92			373,839 92
Do.....	1881			169,865 25		12 00	169,877 25		169,877 25	
Do.....	1880*	22	599		221 69	2,085 41	2,307 10	89 04	2,085 41	132 65
Navy pensions..... (transfer account).....	1880*	22	175		10,000 00	6 19	10,062 26	6 19		
Pay and allowances.....	1883	22		328 90		62 26	3,550 00	3,550 00		6,512 26
Do.....	1882			1,528 78		819 28	1,143 18	100 00		1,043 18
Do.....	1881					15	1,528 93		1,528 93	
Do.....	1880*					35 00	35 00		35 00	
Fees examining surgeons, Navy pensions.....	1883	22	175		5,000 00	180 00	5,180 00	4,220 00		960 00
Do.....	1882			413 00		938 50	1,351 50			1,351 50
Do.....	1881			782 00			782 00		782 00	
Navy pension fund.....	1881	R. S.	1547	32,506 20	332 51		32,928 71			32,928 71
Total pensions.....				4,772,175 82	99,486,933 90	8,699,989 52	112,959,099 24	74,712,563 16	661,115 76	37,585,420 32
Total Indians and pensions.....				16,531,839 53	108,332,062 37	8,911,914 74	133,775,816 64	82,286,928 22	836,732 17	50,662,156 25

MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT.

1879*	22	282	434 80	434 80	15,732 76	434 80	15,732 76	434 80	120,826 43
Do	22	263	550,000 00	565,732 76	15,732 76	429,173 57	15,732 76	429,173 57	
1880*	18	418	21,986 10	23,725 93	23,725 93	23,725 93	23,725 93	23,725 93	
1881	22	589	85,898 52	100,541 10	14,642 58	87,354 13	13,186 97	87,354 13	
Do	22	599	400,000 00	400,000 00		400,000 00		400,000 00	
1882	22	117	69,191 04	277,219 23	346,410 27	110,970 72		110,970 72	
Do	22	117	12,152,314 56	126,912 96	12,276,227 52	12,124,770 00		12,124,770 00	
1877	22	279,282	5,443 97	144,985 30	144,985 30	144,985 30	5,443 97	144,985 30	
Do	22	597	147,799 86	2,847 44	150,647 30	147,799 86	2,847 44	147,799 86	
1880*			73,645 37	3,580 13	73,645 37	3,580 13	48,570 54	3,580 13	
1880				534 09	534 09	534 09		534 09	
1881	22	261	400,000 00	1,206 35	401,206 35	401,206 35		401,206 35	
1882	22	261	12,364 48	58,034 85	570,399 33	227,856 82		570,399 33	
1883	22	120	4,164,000 00	8,625 21	4,172,625 21	4,143,146 94		4,172,625 21	
1880	20	420	418,082 14	418,082 14	418,082 14	418,082 14		418,082 14	
Do	20	420	418,478 96	418,478 96	418,478 96	418,478 96		418,478 96	
1882	20	420	703,965 86	703,965 86	703,965 86	703,965 86		703,965 86	
Do	20	420	122,624 34	122,624 34	122,624 34	122,624 34		122,624 34	
1881			2,644 88	5,608 98	8,253 86	35 54	8,218 32	8,253 86	
Do			308 29	984 78	984 78	984 78		984 78	
1881			19,793 05	11,723 79	31,516 84	3,196 33	28,320 51	31,516 84	
1871*	22	277,596	33,632 85	40,307 79	5,010 40	5,010 40		5,010 40	
1871*	22	596	476 40	6,674 94	476 40	476 40		476 40	
1871*	22	596	680 20	680 20	680 20	680 20		680 20	
1871*	22	277,596	206 66	206 66	206 66	206 66		206 66	
1871*	18	418	1,854 07	1,000 00	2,854 07	2,854 07		2,854 07	
1879*	22	277	359 34	359 34	359 34	359 34		359 34	
1879*	22	277	155 12	155 12	155 12	155 12		155 12	
1871*	22	277,282,596	84 30	84 30	84 30	84 30		84 30	
1871*	18	418	2 83	2 83	2 83	2 83		2 83	
1871*	22	277	3 12	7 60	10 72	3 12	7 60	3 12	
1871*	18	418	644 09	3 89	644 09	644 09		644 09	
1880*				46	35,699 38	35,699 38		35,699 38	
1881			35,099 38						
			338,621 83	20,149,138 14	536,771 58	21,024,531 55	19,546,936 47	138,568 63	1,319,026 45

Carried forward

*And prior years.

1847,685.44 transferred to Treasury ledger, "Salaries of civil employés in lieu of general service or enlisted men."

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT.—Continued.										
Brought forward.....										
Pay of Military Academy.....	1882			\$338,621 83	\$20,149,138 14	\$536,771 58	\$21,024,531 55	\$19,546,936 47	\$158,568 63	\$1,319,026 45
Do.....	1883	22	123	47,068 31		2,380 34	49,468 65	7 50		49,461 15
Collection and payment of bounty, prize money, &c., colored soldiers.....	1881				212,832 50		212,832 50	198,000 00		14,832 50
Do.....	1882								76 87	
Pay of two and three year volunteers, colored claims.....	1883	22	323		2,900 00		2,900 00	2,900 00		
Bounty to volunteers, their widows and legal heirs.....	1879									
Do.....	1880					597 39	597 39		597 39	
Bounty to volunteers, their widows and legal heirs (transfer account).....	1871*	22	262,282,599		394,427 88	6,876 97	401,304 85	244,427 88	6,876 97	150,000 00
Bounty to Fifteenth and Sixteenth Missouri Volunteers.....	1871*					2,393 32	2,393 32	2,393 32		
Transportation of officers and their baggage.		21	283		7,000 00		7,000 00	7,000 00		
Transportation of officers and their baggage (transfer account).....	1871*	22	280		103 10	123 28	226 38	103 10	123 28	
Regular supplies of the Quartermaster's Department.....	1871*					101 68	101 68	101 68		
Do.....	1879*	22	279,282		3,509 41		3,509 41	3,241 66		267 75
Do.....	1880	22	282		82 50		82 50		82 50	
Do.....	1880*	22	597		4,833 33	7,759 43	12,592 76	2,203 08	7,759 43	2,630 25
Regular supplies of the Quartermaster's Department (transfer account).....	1880*					200 23	200 23	200 23		
Regular supplies of the Quartermaster's Department.....	1881			445,489 44						
Do.....	1882			25,142 54		1,795 20	447,234 64	9,276 45	437,958 19	
Do.....	1883	22	119			79,439 59	104,582 13	16,253 71		88,328 42
Pay of two and three year volunteers.....	1881			13,476,897 25		131,897 12	3,608,794 37	3,546,887 69		61,906 68
Pay of two and three year volunteers (transfer account).....	1871*	22	262,282,599		268,934 30	13,745 20	282,679 50	118,934 30	13,745 20	150,000 00
Subsistence of the Army.....	1871*	18	418		28,574 58	747 82	29,322 40	29,322 40		
Do.....	1879*	22	279,283		2,007 12		2,007 12	2,007 12		
Do.....	1880*	22	597		1,105 95	1,179 50	2,285 45	1,105 95	1,179 50	
Subsistence of the Army (transfer account).....	1880*					(†)				
Subsistence of the Army.....	1881			9,364 16		606 28	9,970 44	51 84	9,918 60	
Subsistence of the Army (transfer account).....	1881					60,779 52	60,779 52		60,779 52	
Subsistence of the Army.....	1882			1,428 62		25,902 59	27,331 21	713 91		26,617 30
Do.....	1883	22	119		12,223,437 12	132,158 76	2,355,595 88	2,279,670 00		75,925 88
Incidental expenses, Quartermaster's Department.....	1878			1,459 87			1 4	87		1,459 87

Incidental expenses, Quartermaster's Department	1879*	22	279,283	3,040 33	3,040 33	3,040 33	1,217 10	1,217 10
Do	1880*	22	597	1,699 72	1,699 72	56 10		
Incidental expenses, Quartermaster's Department (transfer account)	1880*							
Incidental expenses, Quartermaster's Department	1881			22,335 88	1,108 81	23,444 69	6,561 01	16,883 68
Do	1882			10,606 15	11,349 02	21,955 17	8,060 19	13,894 98
Do	1883	22	119,120	5,633 01	893,430 26	834,143 99	59,286 27	59,286 27
Barracks and quarters	1879*	22	279,283	6,943 99	6,943 99	6,943 99		
Do	1880*	22	597	1,994 20	23 84	1,994 20	23 84	
Do	1881	22	280,283	1,361 20	30 26	1,397 09	1,397 09	841 80
Do	1882			2,280 14	1,627 28	3,907 42	2,510 66	
Do	1883	22	121	5,824 553 00	8,363 76	832,916 76	831,456 92	
Fifty per cent. of Army transportation due certain land-grant railroads	1880*			48,496 66		48,496 66	34,656 83	13,839 83
Do	1881	22	261	125,000 00		125,000 00	116,674 39	8,325 61
Do	1882			106,810 76		106,810 76	96,324 68	10,486 08
Horses for cavalry and artillery	1879*	22	279,283	125,000 00		125,000 00	48,723 48	76,276 52
Do	1880*	22	597	11,540 00		11,540 00	4,299 00	
Do	1881			8,888 03	188 50	11,728 50	11,540 00	188 50
Do	1882			1,279 85	140 00	9,028 03	9,028 03	4,670 64
Do	1883	22	119	220,000 00	3,390 79	4,670 64	228,965 50	12,087 80
Clothing, camp and garrison equipage	1879*	22	279,283	192 12	21,053 30	241,053 30	192 12	1,731 07
Do	1880*	22	597	67	1,731 07	1,731 74	67	
Clothing, camp and garrison equipage (transfer account)	1880				1 00	1 00		
Clothing, camp and garrison equipage	1881			68,795 54	734 73	69,530 27		69,530 27
Do	1882			13,331 59	145,550 59	158,882 18	34,748 96	123,833 22
Do	1883	22	121	1,400,000 00	69,261 96	1,469,261 96	1,434,353 98	34,877 98
National cemeteries	1879*	22	279	170 45		170 45		
Do	1880*				201 61	201 61		201 61
National cemeteries (transfer account)	1880*				15 00	15 00		
National cemeteries	1881			1,915 80	12 00	1,927 80		1,927 80
Do	1882			6,501 38	4,898 65	11,400 03	11,399 03	1 00
Do	1883	22	319	100,000 00		100,000 00	96,978 30	3,021 70
Pay of superintendents	1881			2,236 53		2,236 53		2,236 53
Do	1882			1,975 01	811 33	2,786 34	50 00	2,736 34
Do	1883	22	319	60,440 00		60,440 00	59,775 51	664 49
Army and Navy Hospital, Hot Springs, Ark.				100,000 00		100,000 00		100,000 00
Headstones for graves in private cemeteries	1879*	22	277	87,027 49		87,027 49	18,707 35	68,320 14
Medical and hospital department	1880*	22	597	1,205 96		1,205 96	1,205 96	
Do				477 20	987 50	1,464 70	477 20	987 50
Medical and hospital department (transfer account)	1880*			131 18		131 18	131 18	
Medical and hospital department	1881	18	418	414 79	6 03	420 82		237 47
Do	1882			4,654 25	467 52	5,121 77	4,998 08	
Carried forward			1,257,455 82	30,651,155 88	1,283,943 43	33,192,605 13	29,914,144 71	2,461,919 31

* And prior years, \$23,102.75, \$176,562.88, \$23,102.75, and \$55,447 transferred to Treasury ledger, "Salaries of civil employés in lieu of general service or detailed enlisted men." \$150.50 transferred to Interior ledger, "Contingencies of Indian Department, 1880 and prior years."

*And prior years.

*And prior years.

*And prior years.

*And prior years.

*And prior years, †\$150.50 transfer

*And prior years.

*And prior years, †\$150.50 transferred to In

*And prior years.

*And prior years.

*And prior years.

*And prior years, †\$150.50 transferred to Interior ledger. "Contingent"

*And prior years, †\$150.50 transferred to Interior ledger. "Contingencies

*And prior years.

*And prior years.

*And prior years.

*And prior years.

*And prior years.

*And prior years.

*And prior years.

*And prior years, \$150.50 transferred to Interior ledger. "Contingencies of Indian Department, 1880 and prior years."

*And prior years.

*And prior years.

*And prior years.

*And prior years.

*And prior years.

*And prior years.

*And prior years.

*And prior years.

*And prior years.

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations, July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT—Continued.										
Brought forward.....										
Medical and hospital department.....	1883	22	121	\$1,257,455 82	\$80,651,155 88	\$1,283,993 43	\$33,192,605 13	\$29,914,144 71	\$816,541 11	\$2,461,919 31
Medical museum and library.....	1883	22	121		200,000 00	2,741 23	202,741 23	196,748 05		5,993 18
Trusses for disabled soldiers.....	1883	R. S.	1178		10,000 00		10,000 00	10,000 00		
Artificial limbs.....	1880*				21 00		21 00	21 00		
Artificial limbs..... (transfer account)	1881			1,265 65		9,900 94	9,900 94	297 64	9,900 94	
Do.....	1881			64,907 45		297 64	1,265 65	857 16		408 49
Do.....	1882						64,907 45	3,368 46		61,538 99
Do.....	1883	22	322		120,000 00	32 18	120,000 00	100,527 90	32 18	19,472 10
Appliances for disabled soldiers.....	1880*			2,000 00		369 00	2,369 00		2,369 00	
Do.....	1881			2,000 00			2,000 00	500 00		2,000 00
Do.....	1882			2,000 00			2,000 00			1,500 00
Do.....	1883	22	322	1,114 47	2,000 00		1,120 22		1,120 22	
Construction and repair of hospitals.....	1881			208 21		5 75	2,198 41	162 05		2,036 36
Do.....	1882				75,000 00	5,006 50	80,006 50	79,974 28	32 22	
Do.....	1883	22	121			2,628 78	2,628 78		2,628 78	
Testing-machine.....	1881					606 76	621 76			621 76
Do.....	1882			15 00	10,000 00		10,000 00	10,000 00		
Do.....	1883	22	122		100,000 00		100,000 00	100,000 00		
Torpedoes for harbor defenses.....	1883	22	193			18 34	18 34	18 34		
Ordnance service..... (transfer account)	1880*									
Do.....	1881			10 79		18 34	11 58		11 58	
Do.....	1882					99 72	99 72	27 49		72 23
Do.....	1883	22	121		125,000 00	2,502 00	127,502 00	114,902 00		12,600 00
Do.....	1879*	22	282		432 00		432 00	432 00		
Ordnance, ordnance stores and supplies.....	1880*					1 35	1 35		1 35	
Ordnance, ordnance stores and supplies (transfer account)	1880*					16 00	16 00		16 00	
Do.....	1881			134 46		634 87	134 46		134 46	
Do.....	1882						634 87			634 87
Do.....	1883	22	122		395,000 00		395,000 00	395,000 00		
Ordnance material, proceeds of sale.....	1883	18	388		88,253 83		528,408 67	82,500 00		445,908 67
Manufacture or purchase of guns, specific.....	1883	22	122	440,154 84			50,000 00	6,000 00		44,000 00
Manufacture of arms at national armories.....	1883	22	122		50,000 00		50,000 00			
Arming and equipping the militia.....	1883	22	122		350,000 00	1,000 00	351,000 00	351,000 00		
Arming and equipping the militia (transfer account)	1881	R. S.	1661	61,282 20	200,000 00	33,826 51	295,108 71	141,924 65		153,184 66
Powder and projectiles, proceeds of sales.....	1883	18	388	83,306 90	176 77	483 13	483 13		483 13	42,843 67
Powder depot.....	1883	22	122		75,000 00		75,000 00	75,000 00		

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations, July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT—Continued.										
Brought forward.....				\$2,440,231 78	\$33,471,905 02	\$1,350,882 44	\$37,272,019 24	\$32,558,618 37	\$983,414 33	\$3,729,886 54
Improving harbor at—										
Richmond, Mo.....		22	191		10,000 00		10,000 00	10,000 00		
Rockland, Me.....		22	191		40,000 00		40,000 00	40,000 00		
Portsmouth, N. H.....		22	191	27,000 00	17,000 00		44,000 00	34,000 00		10,000 00
Burlington, Vt.....		22	191		12,000 00		12,000 00	9,000 00		3,000 00
Swanton, Vt.....		22	191		4,500 00		4,500 00	4,500 00		
Hyannis, Mass.....						278 63	278 63			278 63
Boston, Mass.....		22	192	50,000 00	36,500 00		146,500 00	55,000 00		91,500 00
Nantucket, Mass.....		22	192	43,000 00	23,000 00	172 10	70,172 10	43,000 00		25,172 10
Newburyport, Mass.....		22	192	50,000 00	40,000 00	11 25	90,011 25	55,011 25		35,000 00
Lynn, Mass.....		22	207		60,000 00		60,000 00	1,818 88		58,181 12
Provincetown, Mass.....		22	192		5,000 00	4,721 18	9,721 18	9,698 25		22 93
Plymouth, Mass.....		22	192		14,000 00	12 00	14,012 00	13,055 29		956 71
Scituate, Mass.....		22	192		10,000 00	5,219 46	15,219 46	13,547 18		1,672 28
Wareham, Mass.....		22	192		5,060 00	397 45	5,397 45	3,018 13		2,379 32
Harbor of refuge, Wood's Holl, Mass.....		22	197		52,000 00	567 07	52,567 07	12,567 07		40,000 00
Improving harbor at—										
Block Island, R. I.....		22	192		19,000 00	65 14	19,065 14	19,065 14		
Little Narragansett Bay, R. I.....		22	192		6,000 00	277 88	6,277 88	6,277 88		
Newport, R. I.....		22	192		20,000 00	8,297 90	28,297 90	13,992 40		14,305 50
Bridgeport, Conn.....		22	192		10,000 00		10,000 00	10,000 00		
Chilton, Conn.....		22	207		3,000 00		3,000 00	3,000 00		
Milford, Conn.....		22	192		5,000 00		5,000 00	5,000 00		
New Haven, Conn.....		22	192		30,000 00		30,000 00	15,000 00		15,000 00
Breakwater, New Haven, Conn.....		22	192		60,000 00		60,000 00	25,000 00		35,000 00
Improving harbor at—										
Norwalk, Conn.....		22	192		5,000 00		5,000 00	5,000 00		
New London, Conn.....		22	192		9,000 00		9,000 00	9,000 00		
Stonington, Conn.....		22	192		25,000 00		25,000 00	25,000 00		
Southport, Conn.....		22	192		3,000 00		3,000 00	3,000 00		
Buffalo, N. Y.....		22	192	35,000 00	125,000 00		160,000 00	35,000 00		125,000 00
Canarsie Bay, N. Y.....		22	192	5,000 00	3,000 00		8,000 00	8,000 00		
Improving channel in Gowanus Bay, N. Y.....		22	193	10,000 00	20,000 00		30,000 00	10,000 00		20,000 00
Improving harbor at—										
Port Chester, N. Y.....		22	192	1,950 00	15,000 00		16,950 00			14,950 00
Charlotte, N. Y.....		22	192	35,000 00			35,000 00	3,000 00		32,000 00
Improving Echo Harbor at New Rochelle, N. Y.....		22	192	8,000 00	3,000 00		11,000 00	8,000 00		3,000 00

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STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES OF APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT—Continued.										
Brought forward.....										
Improving harbor at—										
Brazos Santiago, Tex.....		22	194	55,000 00	60,000 00		115,000 00	55,000 00		60,000 00
Galveston, Tex.....		22	194	100,000 00	300,000 00		400,000 00	359,000 00		41,000 00
Ashtabula, Ohio.....		22	194		20,000 00		20,000 00	5,000 00		15,000 00
Cleveland, Ohio.....		22	194	221,987 00	175,000 00		396,987 00	172,000 00		224,987 00
Improving harbor of refuge near Cincinnati, Ohio.....		22	194		16,000 00		16,000 00			16,000 00
Improving harbor at—										
Black River, Ohio.....		22	194	2,000 00	7,000 00		9,000 00	4,000 00		5,000 00
Fairport, Ohio.....		22	194	4,500 00	10,000 00		14,500 00	12,000 00		2,500 00
Huron, Ohio.....		22	194		2,500 00		2,500 00			
Improving ice harbor, mouth of Muskingum River, Ohio.....		22	194		40,000 00		40,000 00	35,000 00		5,000 00
Improving harbor at—										
Port Clinton, Ohio.....		22	194		6,000 00		6,000 00	6,000 00		
Sandusky City, Ohio.....		22	194	1,000 00	10,000 00		11,000 00	10,500 00		500 00
Toledo, Ohio.....		22	194	20,000 00	50,000 00		70,000 00	46,000 00		24,000 00
Vermillion, Ohio.....		22	194		3,000 00		3,000 00	1,000 00		2,000 00
Michigan City, Ind.....		22	194		80,000 00		80,000 00	62,000 00		18,000 00
Chicago, Ill.....		22	195	50,000 00	200,000 00		250,000 00	175,000 00		75,000 00
Calumet, Ill.....		22	194		35,000 00		35,000 00	25,000 00		10,000 00
Rock Island, Ill.....		22	195	6,000 00			6,000 00			6,000 00
Quincy, Ill.....		22	195		15,000 00		15,000 00	15,000 00		
Waukegan, Ill.....		22	195	5,000 00	20,000 00		25,000 00	20,000 00		5,000 00
Improving ice harbor, Saint Louis, Mo.....				10,000 00			10,000 00	10,000 00		
Improving harbor at—										
Au Sable, Mich.....		22	195		5,000 00		5,000 00	3,000 00		2,000 00
Black Lake, Mich.....		22	195		10,000 00		10,000 00	10,000 00		
Improving ice harbor of refuge, Belle River, Michigan.....		22	195		5,000 00		5,000 00	5,000 00		
Improving harbor and mouth of Cedar River, Mich.....		22	195		15,000 00		15,000 00	1,000 00		14,000 00
Improving harbor at—										
Charlevoix, Mich.....		22	195		10,000 00		10,000 00	9,000 00		1,000 00
Cheboygan, Mich.....		22	195		10,000 00		10,000 00	10,000 00		
Frankfort, Mich.....		22	195		15,000 00		15,000 00	13,000 00		2,000 00
Grand Haven, Mich.....		22	195	30,000 00	40,000 00		70,000 00	61,845 20		8,154 80
Improving harbor of refuge, Lake Huron, Michigan.....		22	195	30,000 00	75,000 00		105,000 00	65,000 00		40,000 00

Improving harbor at— Ludington, Mich.....	22	185	12,000 00	12,000 00	9,000 00	3,000 00
Manistique, Mich.....	22	195	15,000 00	15,000 00	13,000 00	2,000 00
Marquette, Mich.....	22	195	16,000 00	16,000 00	7,000 00	9,000 00
Marquette, Mich.....	22	195	1,000 00	1,000 00	20,000 00	5,000 00
Muskegon, Mich.....	22	195	25,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	15,000 00
New Buffalo, Mich.....	22	206	5,000 00	20,000 00	7,000 00	3,000 00
Ontonagon, Mich.....	22	195	20,000 00	10,000 00	15,000 00	10,000 00
Pewaukee, Mich.....	22	195	10,000 00	25,000 00	6,000 00	61,500 00
Improving harbor of refuge, Portage Lake, Michigan.....	22	195	25,000 00	67,500 00	7,000 00	5,000 00
Improving harbor of refuge, Grand Marais, Mich.....	22	195	40,000 00	12,000 00	2,000 00	6,000 00
Improving harbor at— Saint Joseph, Mich.....	22	195	12,000 00	8,000 00	7,000 00	8,000 00
Saugatuck, Mich.....	22	195	8,000 00	10,000 00	6,000 00	3,000 00
South Haven, Mich.....	22	195	10,000 00	15,000 00	8,000 00	4,000 00
Thunder Bay, Mich.....	22	195	15,000 00	2,000 00	2,000 00	2,000 00
White River, Mich.....	22	196	12,000 00	3,500 00	7,000 00	3,500 00
Manistique, Mich.....			2,000 00	20,000 00	6,000 00	13,000 00
Improving Eagle Harbor, Michigan.....			3,500 00	6,000 00	5,000 00	7,000 00
Improving harbor at— Green Bay, Wis.....	22	196	20,000 00	10,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00
Kenosha, Wis.....	22	196	6,000 00	20,000 00	16,000 00	20,000 00
Kewaunee, Wis.....	22	196	12,000 00	6,000 00	60,000 00	50,000 00
Maitowoc, Wis.....	22	196	10,000 00	12,000 00	1,000 00	6,000 00
Menominee, Wis.....	22	196	15,000 00	10,000 00	9,000 00	1,000 00
Milwaukee, Wis.....	22	196	10,000 00	15,000 00	2,000 00	13,000 00
Oconto, Wis.....	22	196	10,000 00	10,000 00	8,000 00	10,000 00
Pensaukee, Wis.....	22	206	15,000 00	20,000 00	1,000 00	17,000 00
Port Washington, Wis.....	22	196	10,000 00	10,000 00	1,000 00	9,000 00
Improving harbor of refuge on Lake Pepin, Wisconsin and Minnesota.....	22	206	17,000 00	20,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00
Improving harbor of refuge, Milwaukee Bay, Wisconsin.....	22	196	20,000 00	110,000 00	60,000 00	20,000 00
Improving harbor at— Kacine, Wis.....	22	196	7,000 00	7,000 00	1,000 00	6,000 00
Shoebogyan, Wis.....	22	196	30,000 00	37,000 00	15,000 00	22,000 00
Dredging Superior Bay, Wisconsin.....	22	196	40,000 00	40,000 00	20,000 00	20,000 00
Improving harbor at Two Rivers, Wis.....	22	196	15,000 00	15,000 00	7,000 00	8,000 00
Improving harbor of refuge at entrance of Sturgeon Bay Canal, Wisconsin.....	22	196	20,000 00	20,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00
Improving harbor at Ahnapee, Wis.....	22	196	12,000 00	12,000 00	12,000 00	10,000 00
Improving ice harbor at Dubuque, Iowa.....	22	206	20,000 00	20,000 00	20,000 00	2,500 00
Improving harbor at— Muscatine, Iowa.....	22	196	2,500 00	2,500 00	30,000 00	13,000 00
Duluth, Minn.....	22	196	45,000 00	45,000 00	2,000 00	18,000 00
Grand Marais, Minn.....	22	196	20,000 00	20,000 00	3,828 57	3,828 57
San Francisco, Cal.....			3,828 57	262,000 00	80,000 00	182,000 00
Oakland, Cal.....	22	196	200,000 00	43,711,628 38	35,950,587 45	6,768,625 60
Carried forward.....			4,082,345 86	1,370,902 50	983,414 33	

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
		Vol.	Page or section.							
MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT—Continued.										
Brought forward.....										
Improving Humboldt Harbor and Bay, California.....				\$4, 082, 345 86	\$38, 258, 380 02	\$1, 370, 902 50	\$43, 711, 628 38	\$35, 959, 587 45	\$983, 414 33	\$6, 768, 626 80
Improving entrance to Coos Bay and Harbor, Oregon.....		22	196		40, 000 00		40, 000 00	25, 000 00		15, 000 00
Improving Yaquina Bay, Oregon.....		22	196		30, 000 00		30, 000 00	30, 000 00		
Improving harbor at Wilmington, Cal.....		22	196		60, 000 00		60, 000 00	44, 000 00		16, 000 00
Improving Cathance River, Maine.....		22	196		100, 000 00		100, 000 00	70, 000 00		30, 000 00
Improving Lubec Channel, Maine.....		22	196		5, 000 00		5, 000 00	5, 000 00		
Improving Mosabec Bar at Jonesport, Me.....		22	196	65, 000 00	20, 000 00		85, 000 00	72, 000 00		12, 000 00
Improving Royal River, Maine.....		22	206		10, 000 00		10, 000 00	5, 000 00		5, 000 00
Improving Cocheo River, New Hampshire.....		22	206		10, 000 00		10, 000 00	5, 050 60		4, 949 40
Improving Lamprey River, New Hampshire.....		22	196		28, 000 00		28, 000 00	10, 000 00		18, 000 00
Improving Otter Creek, Vermont.....		22	196		10, 000 00		10, 000 00	10, 000 00		
Improving Malden River, Massachusetts.....		22	206		2, 000 00		2, 000 00	6, 000 00		2, 000 00
Improving Merrimac River, Massachusetts.....		22	197		10, 000 00		10, 000 00	7, 000 00		4, 000 00
Improving Taunton River, Massachusetts.....		22	197		9, 000 00		9, 000 00			2, 000 00
Improving Providence River and Narragansett Bay, Long Island.....		22	197	25, 000 00	25, 000 00	8, 537 67	53, 537 67	53, 537 67		
Improving Pawtucket River.....		22	197		125, 000 00		128, 315 74	21, 289 49		107, 026 25
Improving Connecticut River, Connecticut.....		22	197		45, 000 00		69, 447 76	24, 887 61		529 58
Improving Housatonic River, Connecticut.....		22	197	10, 000 00	2, 000 00	14, 447 76	2, 000 00	2, 000 00		44, 560 15
Improving Thames River, Connecticut.....		22	197	20, 000 00	35, 000 00		55, 000 00	35, 000 00		
Improving Connecticut River between Hartford, Conn., and Holyoke, Mass.....										20, 000 00
Removing obstructions in East River and Hell Gate, New York.....				10, 000 00			10, 000 00			10, 000 00
Improving Grass River at Massena, N. Y.....		22	197	50, 000 00	200, 000 00		250, 000 00	220, 000 00		30, 000 00
Improving Hudson River, New York.....		22	206		3, 000 00		3, 000 00	500 00		2, 500 00
Improving Newton Creek, New York.....		22	197	45, 000 00	10, 000 00		55, 000 00	10, 000 00		45, 000 00
Improving Niagara River, New York.....		22	197		15, 000 00		15, 000 00	10, 000 00		5, 000 00
Improving Sagadahoc Inlet, New York.....		22	193		1, 500 00		1, 500 00			1, 500 00
Improving Tyndetonga River, New York.....		22	197	4, 000 00	2, 000 00		6, 000 00	6, 000 00		
Improving Buttermilk Channel, New York.....		22	197		5, 000 00		5, 000 00	5, 000 00		
Improving East Chester Creek, New York.....		22	192	50, 000 00	60, 000 00		110, 000 00	60, 000 00		50, 000 00
Improving Harlem River, New York.....				7, 000 00			7, 000 00			7, 000 00
Improving Cheesapeake Creek, New Jersey.....				400, 000 00			400, 000 00			400, 000 00
Improving channel between Staten Island and New Jersey.....		22	197	24, 000 00	15, 000 00		39, 000 00	25, 000 00		14, 000 00
		22	197		40, 000 00		40, 000 00	40, 000 00		

Improving Cohansy Creek, New Jersey	22	197	5,000 00	5,000 00	8,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00
Improving Elizabeth River, New Jersey	22	197	8,000 00	8,000 00	8,000 00	8,000 00	8,000 00	8,000 00
Improving Manasquan River, New Jersey	22	197	7,000 00	7,000 00	8,000 00	7,000 00	7,000 00	1,000 00
Improving Mantua Creek, New Jersey	22	207	3,000 00	3,000 00	3,000 00	3,000 00	3,000 00	3,000 00
Improving Maurice River, New Jersey	22	207	3,000 00	3,000 00	3,000 00	3,000 00	3,000 00	3,000 00
Improving Mattawan Creek, New Jersey	22	197	6,000 00	6,000 00	6,000 00	6,000 00	6,000 00	6,000 00
Improving Passaic River, New Jersey	22	197	7,000 00	1,932 62	1,932 62	8,932 62	8,932 62	8,932 62
Improving Passaic River from Pennsylvania Railroad bridge to mouth, New Jersey	22	197	43,000 00	43,000 00	43,000 00	15,000 00	15,000 00	28,000 00
Improving Railway River, New Jersey	22	197	7,000 00	7,000 00	7,000 00	2,000 00	2,000 00	7,000 00
Improving Raritan River, New Jersey	22	197	20,000 00	20,000 00	20,000 00	45,000 00	30,000 00	15,000 00
Improving Rancocas River, New Jersey	22	197	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00
Improving Rancocas River, New Jersey	22	207	3,000 00	3,000 00	3,000 00	750 00	750 00	2,250 00
Improving Shrewsbury River, New Jersey	22	197	30,000 00	11,000 00	30,000 00	41,000 00	26,000 00	13,000 00
Improving Solom River, New Jersey	22	197	1,500 00	1,500 00	1,500 00	1,500 00	1,500 00	1,500 00
Improving South River, New Jersey	22	197	45,000 00	45,000 00	45,000 00	55,000 00	55,000 00	55,000 00
Improving Woodbridge Creek, New Jersey	22	197	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00
Improving Woodbury Creek, New Jersey	22	207	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00
Improving Allegheny River, Pennsylvania	22	198	15,000 00	15,000 00	15,000 00	15,000 00	15,000 00	15,000 00
Improving Chester Creek, Pennsylvania	22	198	3,000 00	3,000 00	3,000 00	3,000 00	3,000 00	3,000 00
Improving Delaware River below Bridesburg, Pennsylvania	22	198	136,000 00	65,000 00	136,000 00	201,000 00	117,000 00	84,000 00
Improving Delaware River between Trenton and Bridesburg, Pennsylvania	22	198	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00
Improving Delaware River at Selhooner Ledger, Pennsylvania and Delaware	22	198	40,000 00	40,000 00	40,000 00	40,000 00	40,000 00	40,000 00
Improving Delaware River near Cherry Island and Flats, Pennsylvania and Delaware	22	198	100,000 00	23,000 00	100,000 00	123,000 00	58,000 00	65,000 00
Improving Frankfort Creek, Pennsylvania	22	206	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	7,000 00	3,000 00
Improving North Branch of Susquehanna River, Pennsylvania	22	207	15,000 00	15,000 00	15,000 00	15,000 00	10,000 00	5,000 00
Improving Schuylkill River, Pennsylvania	22	198	25,000 00	44,000 00	25,000 00	69,000 00	34,000 00	35,000 00
Improving Broadkill River, Delaware	22	198	5,000 00	8,900 00	5,000 00	13,900 00	13,900 00	13,900 00
Improving Broad Creek, Delaware	22	198	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00
Improving Duck Creek, Delaware	22	198	2,000 00	2,000 00	2,000 00	2,000 00	2,000 00	2,000 00
Improving Indian River, Delaware	22	198	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	3,000 00	7,000 00
Improving Missipillon Creek, Delaware	22	198	3,000 00	4,500 00	3,000 00	3,000 00	3,000 00	4,500 00
Improving Saint Jones River, Delaware	22	198	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00
Improving Choptank River, Maryland	22	206	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	2,500 00	2,500 00
Improving Corsica Creek, Maryland	22	198	6,500 00	2,969 84	6,500 00	9,166 84	6,069 84	5,000 00
Improving Chester River, Maryland	22	206	6,500 00	6,500 00	6,500 00	6,500 00	2,500 00	4,000 00
Improving Elk River, Maryland	22	206	25,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00
Improving Susquehanna River, near Havre de Grace, Maryland	22	206	25,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00
Improving water passage between Deal's Island and the mainland, Maryland	22	198	5,000 00	1,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	500 00	4,500 00
Improving Wicomico River, Maryland	22	198	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00
Improving Potomac River, District of Columbia	22	198	400,000 00	400,000 00	400,000 00	400,000 00	85,000 00	315,000 00
Improving Appomattox River, Virginia	22	206	35,000 00	35,000 00	35,000 00	35,000 00	20,000 00	15,900 00
Carried forward			5,020,345 82	40,221,380 02	1,992,733 25	40,634,468 95	37,381,269 05	8,269,774 00

Carried forward

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of ap- propriations July 1, 1882.	Appropri- ations for the fiscal year end- ing June 30, 1883.	Repayments made dur- ing the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments dur- ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts car- ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropri- ations June 30, 1883.	
		Vol.	Page or sec- tion.								
MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT—Continued.											
Brought forward											
Improving Archer's Hope River, Virginia	188	198		\$5,020,345 32	\$40,221,380 02	\$1,392,733 25	\$46,634,458 59	\$37,381,269 66	\$983,414 33	\$8,269,774 60	
Improving Blackwater River, Virginia	22	198		9 64	5,000 00		5,000 00			5,000 00	
Improving Chickahominy River, Virginia	22	198		1,500 00	5,000 00		1,509 64			1,509 64	
Improving Dan River, Virginia and North Carolina	22	199					6,500 00	6,500 00			
Improving James River, Virginia	22	199			7,500 00		7,500 00	7,500 00			
Improving Nomoni Creek, Virginia	22	198			75,000 00		75,000 00	5,000 00		70,000 00	
Improving North Landing River, Virginia and North Carolina	22	199			2,000 00		2,000 00			2,000 00	
Improving New River, Virginia and West Virginia	22	199			8,000 00		8,000 00			8,000 00	
Improving Pamunky River, Virginia	22	199			12,000 00		12,000 00	8,000 00		4,000 00	
Improving Rappahannock River, Virginia	22	199			2,500 00		2,500 00	500 00		2,000 00	
Improving Staunton River, Virginia	22	199			17,000 00		17,000 00	17,000 00			
Improving Totasky River, Virginia	22	199			7,000 00		7,000 00	3,000 00		4,000 00	
Improving Urbana Creek, Virginia	22	199		4,500 00	5,000 00		9,500 00	8,000 00		1,500 00	
Improving York River, Virginia	22	199			4,000 00		4,000 00	4,000 00			
Improving York River, Virginia	22	199			25,000 00		25,000 00	25,000 00			
Improving Pagan Creek, Virginia	22	199		55 53			55 53			55 53	
Improving Elk River, West Virginia	22	199			2,000 00		2,000 00			2,000 00	
Improving Guyandotte River, West Virginia	22	199		1,400 00	2,000 00		3,400 00	2,000 00		1,400 00	
Improving Great Kanawha River, West Vir- ginia	22	199									
Improving Little Kanawha River, West Vir- ginia	22	199		110,000 00	200,000 00		310,000 00	150,000 00		160,000 00	
Improving Monongahela River, West Virginia	22	199		15,000 00	31,000 00		46,000 00	15,000 00		31,000 00	
Improving Monongahela River, West Virginia and Pennsylvania	22	207		15,000 00	25,000 00		40,000 00	22,000 00		18,000 00	
Improving Shenandoah River, West Virginia.				22,000 00			22,000 00	15,000 00		7,000 00	
Improving Cape Fear River from ocean to Wilmington, N. C.				17,312 20			17,312 20			17,312 20	
Improving Cape Fear River from Wilming- ton to Fayetteville, N. C.	22	199		55,000 00	225,000 00		280,000 00	135,000 00		145,000 00	
Improving Currituck Sound and North River Bar, North Carolina	22	199		15,000 00	30,000 00		45,000 00	15,000 00		30,000 00	
Improving Contentnea Creek, North Carolina.	22	199			20,000 00		20,000 00	20,000 00			
Improving French Broad River, North Caro- lina.	22	199			10,000 00		10,000 00	10,000 00			
Improving Lillington River, North Carolina.	22	199			5,000 00		5,000 00	3,000 00		2,000 00	
Improving Lillington River, North Carolina.	22	199		3,000 00	3,000 00		6,000 00	6,000 00			

Improving Meherin River, North Carolina	22	199	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00
Improving Neuse River, North Carolina	22	199	35,000 00	50,000 00	30,000 00	20,000 00	20,000 00	20,000 00	20,000 00
Improving New River, North Carolina	22	199	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00
Improving Pamlico and Tar Rivers, North Carolina	28	200	10,000 00	10,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00
Improving Roanoke River, North Carolina	22	200	5,000 00	5,000 00	3,000 00	2,000 00	2,000 00	2,000 00	2,000 00
Improving Trent River, North Carolina	22	200	10,000 00	10,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00
Improving Yadkin River, North Carolina	22	200	25,000 00	37,000 00	6,000 00	6,000 00	31,000 00	31,000 00	31,000 00
Improving Town Creek, North Carolina	22	199	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00
Improving Waccamaw River, North Carolina and South Carolina	22	200	4,400 00	4,400 00	4,400 00	4,400 00	4,400 00	4,400 00	4,400 00
Improving Edisto River, South Carolina	22	206	8,000 00	8,000 00	8,000 00	8,000 00	8,000 00	8,000 00	8,000 00
Improving Great Pee-dee River, South Carolina	22	200	6,000 00	6,000 00	6,000 00	6,000 00	6,000 00	6,000 00	6,000 00
Improving Santee River, South Carolina	22	200	20,000 00	40,000 00	6,000 00	40,000 00	40,000 00	40,000 00	40,000 00
Improving Salkehatchie River, South Carolina	22	206	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00
Improving Wateree River, South Carolina	22	200	15,000 00	15,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00
Improving Wapoo Ont, South Carolina	22	200	10,000 00	20,000 00	20,000 00	20,000 00	20,000 00	20,000 00	20,000 00
Improving Altamaha River, Georgia	22	200	15,000 00	15,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	14,000 00	14,000 00	14,000 00
Improving Chatahoochee River, Georgia	22	200	25,000 00	35,000 00	20,000 00	15,000 00	15,000 00	15,000 00	15,000 00
Improving Coosa River, Georgia and Alabama	22	200	75,000 00	90,000 00	48,700 00	41,300 00	41,300 00	41,300 00	41,300 00
Improving Cumberland Sound, Georgia and Florida	22	200	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00
Improving Flint River, Georgia	22	194	25,000 00	25,000 00	20,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00
Improving Ocmulgee River, Georgia	22	200	5,000 00	5,000 00	4,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00
Improving Oconee River, Georgia	22	200	5,000 00	5,000 00	1,500 00	3,500 00	3,500 00	3,500 00	3,500 00
Improving Oostemaula and Coosawattie Rivers, Georgia	22	200	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00
Improving Ronley Marsh, Georgia	22	206	10,000 00	10,000 90	61 63	9,938 37	9,938 37	9,938 37	9,938 37
Improving Savannah River, Georgia	22	200	40,000 00	40,000 00	40,000 00	40,000 00	40,000 00	40,000 00	40,000 00
Improving Etowah River, Georgia	22	200	8,762 20	8,762 20	62 20	8,700 00	8,700 00	8,700 00	8,700 00
Improving Flint River, Georgia	22	200	3,417 66	3,417 66	2,000 00	3,417 66	3,417 66	3,417 66	3,417 66
Improving Apalachicola River, Florida	22	200	2,000 00	2,000 00	2,000 00	2,000 00	2,000 00	2,000 00	2,000 00
Improving Choctawhatchee River, Florida and Alabama	22	200	20,000 00	20,000 00	18,000 00	2,000 00	2,000 00	2,000 00	2,000 00
Improving Caloosahatchee River, Florida	22	207	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00
Improving Escambia and Conecut Rivers, Florida and Alabama	22	200	12,000 00	12,000 00	6,000 00	6,000 00	6,000 00	6,000 00	6,000 00
Improving Manatee River, Florida	22	207	12,000 00	12,000 00	12,000 00	12,000 00	12,000 00	12,000 00	12,000 00
Improving Pas Creek, Florida	22	200	4,000 00	4,000 00	4,000 00	4,000 00	4,000 00	4,000 00	4,000 00
Improving Saint John's River, Florida	22	200	130,000 00	150,000 00	85,000 00	65,000 00	65,000 00	65,000 00	65,000 00
Improving Sawnee River, Florida	22	200	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00
Improving Volusia Bar, Florida	22	200	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00
Improving inside passage between Fernandina and Saint John's, Florida	22	200	4,000 00	4,000 00	4,000 00	4,000 00	4,000 00	4,000 00	4,000 00
Improving Alabama River, Alabama	22	201	20,000 00	25,000 00	15,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00
Improving Cahaba River, Alabama	22	206	15,000 00	15,000 00	15,000 00	15,000 00	15,000 00	15,000 00	15,000 00
Improving Tallapoosa River, Alabama	22	206	5,364,302 55	41,655,280 02	1,392,723 25	983,414 33	38,293,493 49	9,135,468 00	9,135,468 00

Carried forward

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT—Continued.										
Brought forward.				\$5,384,302 55	\$41,635,280 02	\$1,392,733 25	\$18,412,315 82	\$38,233,493 49	\$983,414 33	\$9,135,408 00
Improving Warrior and Tombigbee Rivers, Alabama and Mississippi.					30,000 00		30,000 00	30,000 00		
Improving Big Sandflow River, Mississippi.		22	201		5,000 00		5,000 00	5,000 00		
Improving Noxubee River, Mississippi.		22	201		10,000 00		10,000 00	10,000 00		
Improving Old Town Creek, Mississippi.		22	207		3,000 00		3,000 00			3,000 00
Improving Pascagoula River, Mississippi.		22	202		8,000 00		8,000 00	8,000 00		
Improving Pearl River, Mississippi.		22	202	10,000 00	2,500 00		12,500 00			12,500 00
Improving Pearl River below Jackson, Mississippi.		22	202	52,000 00	15,000 00		67,000 00	57,000 00		10,000 00
Improving Roadstead into Back Bay of Biloxi, Mississippi.		22	202		5,000 00		5,000 00	11 45		4,988 55
Improving Tallahatchie River, Mississippi.		22	202		3,000 00		3,000 00	3,000 00		1,000 00
Improving Tombigbee River, Mississippi.		22	202		1,000 00		1,000 00			
Improving Toluha Lake, Mississippi.		22	202		2,500 00		2,500 00	2,500 00		
Improving Yazoo River, Mississippi.		22	202		8,000 00		8,000 00	8,000 00		
Improving Yallahusha River, Mississippi.		22	202		3,500 00		3,500 00	3,500 00		
Improving Bayou Black, Louisiana.		22	202	5,000 00	10,000 00		15,000 00	1,500 00		13,500 00
Improving Bayou Beuf, Louisiana.		22	202		5,000 00		5,000 00	5,000 00		
Improving Bayou Bartholomew, Louisiana and Arkansas.		22	202		5,000 00		5,000 00	5,000 00		
Improving Calcasieu Pass, Louisiana.		22	201		3,000 00		3,000 00			3,000 00
Improving Calcasieu River, Louisiana.		22	201	3,000 00	75,000 00		10,000 00			10,000 00
Improving Red River, Louisiana.		22	201		75,000 00		75,000 00	35,000 00		40,000 00
Improving Bayou Terre Bonne, Louisiana.		22	201	6,000 00	7,000 00		13,000 00	13,000 00		
Improving Tchefuncte River, Louisiana.		22	201	1,500 00	1,500 00		3,000 00	500 00		2,500 00
Improving Ticklaw River, Louisiana.		22	201	2,000 00	2,000 00		4,000 00	2,000 00		
Improving Bayou La Fourchet, Louisiana.				3,000 00			3,000 00			3,000 00
Improving Bayou Contableau, Louisiana.				6,000 00			6,000 00	3,000 00		3,000 00
Improving Bayou Teche, Louisiana.				18,000 00			18,000 00	2,000 00		16,000 00
Improving Tangipahoa River, Louisiana.				2,000 00			2,000 00			2,000 00
Improving Vermilion River, Louisiana.				4,700 00			4,700 00	4,700 00		
Improving Anite River, Louisiana.				12,700 00			12,700 00	7,700 00		5,000 00
Connecting Bayou Teche with Grand Lake Charleuton, Louisiana.										
Improving Cypress Bayou, Louisiana and Texas.				25,000 00			25,000 00	800 00		24,200 00
Improving mouth of Red River, Louisiana.				1,500 00			1,500 00	1,500 00		
Improving Aransas Pass and Bay, Texas.		22	194	85,000 00			85,000 00	29,500 00		55,500 00
							100,000 00	55,000 00		45,000 00

Improving Buffalo Bayou, Texas.	22	201	50,000 00	50,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00
Improving mouth of Brazos River, Texas.	22	201	50,000 00	50,000 00	35,000 00	13,000 00
Improving Neches River, Texas	22	201	5,000 00	5,000 00		5,000 00
Improving Pass Cavallo	22	194	60,000 00	84,500 00	24,500 00	60,000 00
Protection of river bank at Fort Brown, Texas	22	201	1,000 00	1,000 00		1,000 00
Improving ship channel in Galveston Bay, Texas.	22	201	82,000 00	176,500 00	32,000 00	144,500 00
Improving Sabine River, Texas.	22	202	4,000 00	15,500 00	11,500 00	4,000 00
Improving Sabine Pass, Texas	22	194	120,087 00	270,087 00	130,000 00	120,087 00
Improving Trinity River, Texas	22	202	5,000 00	8,000 00	13,000 00	13,000 00
Improving Arkansas River, Arkansas	22	202	6,000 00	20,000 00	20,000 00	6,000 00
Improving Arkansas River, Arkansas and Kansas	22	202				
Improving Black River, Arkansas and Missouri	22	202	20,000 00	20,000 00	6,000 00	14,000 00
Improving Fourche Le Fevre River, Arkansas.	22	202	10,000 00	10,000 00	6,000 00	4,000 00
Improving Ouachita River, Arkansas and Louisiana	22	202	4,000 00	4,000 00	4,000 00	
Improving Saline River, Arkansas	22	202	1,000 00	13,000 00	13,000 00	
Improving White River above Buffalo Shoals, Arkansas	22	202	4,000 00	4,000 00	2,000 00	2,000 00
Improving White River between Jacksonport and Buffalo Shoals, Arkansas	22	207	4,000 00	4,000 00	1,000 00	3,000 00
Improving White and Saint Francis Rivers, Arkansas	22	202	6,000 00	6,000 00	4,000 00	2,000 00
Improving Little Annapule River, Arkansas.	22	202	12,000 00	12,000 00	10,000 00	2,000 00
Improving Big Hatchie River, Tennessee	22	202	1,500 00	1,500 00	1,500 00	1,500 00
Improving Oney Fork River, Tennessee	22	202	3,000 00	3,000 00	3,000 00	
Improving Chuck River, Tennessee	22	202	4,000 00	4,000 00		4,000 00
Improving Cumberland River above Nashville, Tenn	22	202	3,000 00	3,000 00	1,500 00	1,500 00
Improving Cumberland River below Nashville, Tenn	22	202	45,000 00	45,000 00	36,000 00	9,000 00
Improving Duck River, Tennessee	22	202	15,000 00	15,000 00	13,000 00	2,000 00
Improving French Broad River, Tennessee	22	202	3,000 00	3,000 00	3,000 00	
Improving Hiwassee River, Tennessee	22	202	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	
Improving Little Tennessee River, Tennessee	22	202	1,500 00	1,500 00	1,500 00	
Improving Obey's River, Tennessee	22	207	5,000 00	5,000 00	1,500 00	3,500 00
Improving South Forked Deer River, Tennessee	22	202	5,000 00	5,000 00		5,000 00
Improving Tennessee River above Chattanooga, Tenn	22	207	3,000 00	3,000 00	3,000 00	
Improving Tennessee River below Chattanooga, Tenn	22	202	7,000 00	7,000 00	7,000 00	
Improving Tennessee River above mouth of Jeeico River, Kentucky	22	202	250,000 00	250,000 00	225,000 00	25,000 00
Improving Big Sandy River, Kentucky	22	202	89,500 00	114,500 00	10,941 08	103,558 92
Improving Cumberland River above mouth of Jelico River, Kentucky	22	202	5,000 00	5,000 00		5,000 00
Improving Kentucky River, Kentucky	22	202	225,000 00	225,000 00	112,329 62	112,670 38
Carried forward			5,902,789 55	1,392,733 25	39,383,475 64	10,054,912 83

Carried forward

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT—Continued.										
Brought forward										
Improving South Fork of Cumberland River, Kentucky				\$5, 062, 789 55	\$43, 006, 280 02	\$1, 392, 733, 25	\$50, 421, 802 82	\$39, 383, 475 64	\$983, 414 33	\$10, 054, 912 85
Improving Treadwater River, Kentucky		22	202		3, 000 00		3, 000 00	2, 001 02		998 98
Improving Ohio River		22	202		3, 500 00		3, 500 00			3, 500 00
Improving Sandusky River, Ohio		22	203	135, 000 00	350, 000 00		485, 000 00	390, 000 00		95, 000 00
Improving Rocky River, Ohio		22	203		4, 000 00		4, 000 00	3, 600 00		400 00
Improving White River, Indiana				1, 330 00			1, 330 00			1, 330 00
Improving Wabash River, Indiana and Illinois		22	203		20, 000 00		20, 000 00	15, 000 00		5, 000 00
Improving Illinois River, Illinois		22	203		70, 000 00		70, 000 00	50, 000 00		20, 000 00
Improving Osage River, Missouri and Kansas		22	203	265, 000 00	175, 000 00		440, 000 00	170, 000 00		270, 000 00
Reservoirs at headwaters of Mississippi River				10, 000 00			10, 000 00	10, 000 00		
Constructing jetties and other works at South Pass, Mississippi River		22	203	*134, 784 95	300, 000 00		434, 784 95	147, 800 55		286, 984 40
Gauging waters of Lower Mississippi River and its tributaries		21	4		150, 000 00		150, 000 00	150, 000 00		
Improving Mississippi River		22	205		5, 000 00		5, 000 00	5, 000 00		1, 353, 000 00
Improving Upper Mississippi River		22	208		4, 923, 000 00		4, 923, 000 00	3, 370, 000 00		4, 000 00
Improving Mississippi River, opposite Saint Louis		22	204		25, 000 00		25, 000 00	21, 000 00		
Improving Mississippi River above Falls of Saint Anthony, Minnesota.				50, 000 00		10, 000 00	60, 000 00	40, 000 00		20, 000 00
Improving Mississippi River from Saint Paul to Des Moines Rapids, Minnesota, Iowa, Wisconsin, Illinois, and Missouri		22	204		10, 000 00		10, 000 00	6, 000 00		4, 000 00
Improving Mississippi River between mouths of Ohio and Illinois Rivers, Illinois and Missouri		22	204	26, 000 00	250, 000 00		276, 000 00	191, 000 00		85, 000 00
Improving Mississippi River from Des Moines Rapids to mouth of Illinois River, Illinois and Missouri				75, 000 00			75, 000 00	75, 000 00		
Improving Mississippi River at Quincy, Ill.				65, 000 00			65, 000 00	65, 000 00		
Improving Mississippi River at Natchez and Vidalia, Miss. and La				12, 000 00			12, 000 00	5, 000 00		7, 000 00
Improving Des Moines Rapids, Mississippi River, Iowa and Illinois				5, 000 00			5, 000 00	5, 000 00		
Dry dock at Des Moines Rapids Canal, Mississippi River		22	205	29, 000 00	30, 000 00		59, 000 00	47, 500 00		11, 500 00
		22	204		30, 000 00		30, 000 00	12, 000 00		18, 000 00

Improving Mississippi, Missouri, and Arkansas Rivers	22	205	80,000 00	185,000 00	265,000 00	136,000 00	129,000 00
Improving mouth of Mississippi River, Louisiana	.....	.....	50 00	.....	50 00	.....	50 00
Removing bar in Mississippi River opposite Dubuque, Iowa	.....	.....	8,000 00	.....	8,000 00	3,000 00	5,000 00
Improving Rock Island Rapids, Mississippi River, Missouri and Illinois	.....	.....	3,000 00	.....	3,000 00	1,000 00	2,000 00
Improving Missouri River from mouth to Sioux City, Iowa	22	205	.....	850,000 00	850,000 00	610,000 00	240,000 00
Improving Missouri River from Sioux City to Fort Benton, Iowa and Montana	22	205	.....	100,000 00	100,000 00	47,300 00	52,700 00
Improving Missouri River at Council Bluffs, Iowa and Nebraska	.....	.....	1,000 00	.....	1,000 00	.....	.....
Survey of Missouri River from its mouth to Fort Benton, Montana	22	205	.....	40,000 00	40,000 00	28,000 00	12,000 00
Improving Cuivre River, Missouri	22	205	.....	5,000 00	5,000 00	.....	.....
Improving Gasconade River, Missouri	22	205	.....	10,000 00	10,000 00	9,500 00	500 00
Improving Clinton River, Michigan	22	203	.....	6,000 00	6,000 00	.....	.....
Improving Detroit River, Michigan	22	203	.....	60,000 00	60,000 00	60,000 00	8,000 00
Improving Grand River, Michigan	22	203	2,000 00	15,000 00	17,000 00	9,000 00	.....
Improving Saint Mary's River and Saint Mary's Falls Canal, Michigan	.....	.....	60,000 00	.....	60,000 00	60,000 00	.....
Improving Hay Lake Channel, Sault Sainte Marie River, Michigan	22	207	.....	200,000 00	200,000 00	35,000 00	165,000 00
Improving Saginaw River, Michigan	22	203	1,000 00	125,000 00	126,000 00	22,000 00	104,000 00
Improving Chippewa River, Wisconsin	22	203	.....	35,000 00	35,000 00	.....	.....
Improving Chippewa River at Yellow Banks, Wisconsin	.....	.....	.....	30,000 00	30,000 00	13,000 00	17,000 00
Improving Fox and Wisconsin Rivers, Wisconsin	22	206	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Constructing Dam at Goose Rapids, Red River of the North, Minnesota and Dakota	22	203	15,000 00	200,000 00	215,000 00	130,000 00	85,000 00
Improving Red River of the North, Minnesota and Dakota	22	205	20,000 00	30,000 00	50,000 00	600 00	49,400 00
Improving Saint Anthony's Falls, Minnesota	22	205	20,000 00	10,000 00	30,000 00	26,000 00	4,000 00
Improving Saint Croix River below Taylor's Falls, Minnesota and Wisconsin	22	205	.....	25,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00	.....
Improving Yellowstone River, Montana and Dakota	22	203	.....	30,000 00	30,000 00	22,000 00	8,000 00
Improving Lower Clearwater River, Idaho	22	205	.....	20,000 00	20,000 00	17,400 00	2,600 00
Improving Sacramento and Feather Rivers, California	22	205	.....	5,000 00	5,000 00	2,000 00	3,000 00
Improving San Joaquin River, California	22	205	5,000 00	250,000 00	250,000 00	25,000 00	225,000 00
Improving Sacramento River, California	22	205	5,000 00	40,000 00	45,000 00	25,000 00	20,000 00
Improving Petaluma Creek, California	22	205	8,000 00	.....	5,000 00	5,000 00	.....
Improving Umpqua River, California	22	205	4,685 89	14,000 00	22,000 00	20,000 00	2,000 00
Carried forward	.....	.....	7,003,700 39	51,690,780 02	60,106,213 06	45,743,177 21	13,379,622 12

* \$500 transferred to Interior ledger, "Reservoirs, &c., awards to Chippewas, Pillager and Western bands of Indians."

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of ap- propriations July 1, 1882.	Appropria- tions for the fiscal year end- ing June 30, 1883.	Repayments made dur- ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments dur- ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts car- ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT—Continued.										
Brought forward.....	\$6,003,700 39	\$51,699,780 02	\$1,402,733 25	\$60,106,213 66	\$45,743,177 21	\$983,414 33	\$13,379,622 12
Breakwater and Harbor of Refuge between Straits of Fuca and San Francisco, Cal.....	.....	.....	.....	139,742 89	.....	.....	139,742 89	.....	.....	139,742 89
Constructing canal around Cascades of Co- lumbia River, Oregon.....	22	205	.....	.....	265,000 00	.....	265,000 00	215,000 00	.....	50,000 00
Gauging waters at mouth of Columbia River, Oregon.....	22	205	.....	.....	500 00	.....	500 00	500 00	.....	.....
Examination of mouth of Columbia River, Oregon.....	22	206	.....	.....	7,500 00	.....	7,500 00	7,500 00	.....	.....
Improving Upper Columbia River, Oregon.....	22	205	.....	.....	6,000 00	.....	6,000 00	2,000 00	.....	4,000 00
Improving Coquille River, Oregon.....	22	206	.....	.....	10,000 00	.....	10,000 00	10,000 00	.....	.....
Improving Upper Willamette River, Oregon.....	22	205	.....	.....	5,000 00	.....	5,000 00	5,000 00	.....	.....
Improving Lower Willamette and Columbia Rivers, Oregon.....	22	205	.....	.....	100,000 00	.....	100,000 00	95,000 00	.....	5,000 00
Improving Cowlitz River, Washington Ter.....	22	206	.....	.....	1,000 00	.....	1,000 00	1,000 00	.....	.....
Improving Chehalis River, Washington Ter.....	22	207	.....	.....	3,000 00	.....	3,000 00	2,000 00	.....	1,000 00
Improving Skagit, Stillaquanish, Nooksack, Snohomish, and Snoqualmie Rivers, Wash- ington Territory.....	22	206	.....	.....	20,000 00	.....	20,000 00	13,500 00	.....	6,500 00
Surveys to connect Delaware and Chesapeake Bays.....	22	193	.....	.....	10,000 00	.....	10,000 00	10,000 00	.....	.....
Examinations and surveys of South Pass, Mississippi River.....	22	207	.....	.....	8,000 00	.....	8,000 00	4,000 00	.....	4,000 00
Surveys for Huerfano Canal.....	22	205	.....	3,603 26	10,000 00	.....	13,003 26	7,743 59	.....	5,859 67
Preservation of Falls of Saint Anthony and navigation of Mississippi River.....	22	207	.....	.....	30,000 00	.....	30,000 00	21,000 00	.....	9,000 00
Construction of lock and dam on Mississippi River at Meeker's Falls, Minnesota.....	.....	.....	.....	1,000 00	.....	.....	1,000 00	1,000 00	.....	.....
Examinations, surveys, and contingencies of rivers and harbors.....	.....	.....	.....	25,000 00	.....	.....	25,000 00	.....	.....	25,000 00
Operating and care Saint Mary's River and Saint Mary's Falls Canal, Michigan.....	22	206	.....	10,214 84	150,000 00	.....	160,214 84	61,303 43	.....	98,911 41
Buildings for military quarters at Fort Leav- enworth, Kans.....	21	478	.....	.....	42,200 00	.....	42,200 00	42,200 00	.....	.....
Buildings for military quarters at Fort Ap- ache, Ariz.....	22	321	.....	.....	106,956 77	.....	106,956 77	106,956 77	.....	.....
Army depot building, Saint Paul, Minn.....	22	321	.....	.....	13,928 44	.....	13,928 44	13,928 44	.....	.....
Purchase of the Arlington estate.....	22	584	.....	.....	48,500 00	.....	48,500 00	48,500 00	.....	48,500 00
.....	22	.....	.....	.....	150,000 00	.....	150,000 00	125,000 00	.....	25,000 00

[illegible]

* Prior years.

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT—Continued.										
Brought forward.....	1880			\$7,274,033 59	\$53,233,760 94	\$1,412,060 13	\$61,919,863 65	\$47,039,357 26	\$986,548 42	\$13,893,957 98
Observation and report of storms.....	1881					24 10	24 10		24 10	
Do.....	1881					10 49	10 49		10 49	
Do.....	1882			6 00		19 00	25 00	25 00		
Do.....	1883	22	{ 318, 384, 390, 392 }		283,835 62	2 45	283,838 07	283,838 07		
Observation and exploration in the Arctic seas.....	1881	22	384, 616		66,060 00		66,000 00	53,000 00	6,969 80	13,000 00
Expenses of military convicts.....	1882			6,969 80			6,969 80			
Do.....	1882			10,964 20			10,964 20	1,595 75		9,368 45
Do.....	1883	22	320		12,000 00		12,000 00	5,948 82		6,051 18
Allowance for reduction of wages under eight-hour law.....	1879*	22	277		30 56		30 56	30 56		
Artillery school at Fortress Monroe, Va.....	1882	22				1 60	1 60	5,000 00		1 60
Do.....	1883	22	320		5,000 00		5,000 00			
Construction, maintenance, and repairs of military telegraph lines.....	1880*					2 00	2 00	9,000 00	2 00	
Do.....	1881	22	262		9,000 00		9,000 00	9,000 00	118 54	
Do.....	1881			109 54		9 00	118 54			
Do.....	1882			9 50		1 40	10 90	1 40		9 50
Do.....	1883	22	318, 319		40,000 00	1,000 00	41,000 00	41,000 00		
Refunding to the State of Georgia money expended for common defense in 1777.....		22	485		35,555 42		35,555 42			35,555 42
Support of National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers.....	1881			3 04					3 04	
Do.....	1883	22	322		1,122,088 03		1,122,088 03	1,122,088 03		
Soldiers' Home, interest account.....	565				171 35		171 35			171 35
Support of Soldiers' Home, indefinite.....	R.S.		3680		147,798 82	5 60	147,804 42	147,804 42		
Support of Soldiers' Home, permanent.....	22		565		65,623 54		65,623 54	15,129 66		50,493 88
Capture of Jefferson Davis.....					2,382 38		2,382 38			2,382 38
Support of military prison at Fort Leavenworth, Kans.....	1879*	22	262		1,000 00		1,000 00	1,000 00		
Do.....	1882	22	262		5,000 00		5,000 00	5,000 00		1,997 45
Do.....	1883	22	320, 321, 584		81,538 25	1,997 45	81,538 25	81,538 25		
Extra pay to officers and men who served in the Mexican war.....		20	316		479 00	21 00	500 00	500 00		
Payment to commissioners to appraise damage to lands in Wisconsin.....										
Military posts for the protection of the Rio Grande frontier.....		22	584		2,460 00		2,460 00	2,460 00		
				200,000 00			200,000 00	66,842 20		193,157 80

Military post near Musselshell River, Montana	22	321	25,000 00	46	25,000 46	25,000 00	46
Military post at Fort McKune, Wyo.	22	322	25,000 00	18 66	25,018 66	25,000 00	18 66
Military post near Niobrara River, Northern Nebraska or Dakota				30	30		30
Military post near northern boundary of Montana			30 16		30 16		30 16
Military post at El Paso, Tex.				30	30		30
Constructing approaches to Fort Bliss, Tex.	22	321	5,000 00		5,000 00	5,000 00	
Sea-wall at Governor's Island, New York Harbor	22	322, 618	54,000 00		54,000 00	21,000 00	33,000 00
Military road from Yankton to Fort Randall, Dak.	22	321	5,000 00		5,000 00	5,000 00	
Services and supplies of Montana volunteers in Nez Percé Indian war	22	262	10,629 00		10,629 00	9,697 00	932 00
Bounty under act of July 28, 1866	22	263, 399	140,000 00		140,000 00	80,000 00	60,000 00
Bounty under act of July 28, 1866, indefinite				4,785 70	4,785 70		4,785 70
Pay, transportation, services, and supplies of Oregon and Washington volunteers, 1855-56							
Compensation to Company B, Fourteenth Infantry, for loss of property by fire on Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad	22	280, 598	5,551 81		5,551 81	5,551 81	
Reimbursing Nebraska for expenses in suppressing Indian hostilities in 1864	22	90	6,620 62		6,620 62	6,620 62	
Reimbursing Missouri for military expenses during the Rebellion	22	279	4,193 78		4,193 78	4,193 78	
Reimbursing Oregon for expenses in suppressing Modoc Indian hostilities	22	280	234,594 10	14 00	234,608 10	234,594 10	14 00
Reimbursing State and citizens of California for expenses in suppressing Modoc Indian hostilities	22	399	70,268 08		70,268 08	70,268 08	
Refunding to States expenses incurred in raising volunteers	22	399	4,441 33		4,441 33	3,827 08	614 25
Removal of remains of the late Maj. Gen. George Sykes	22	280, 597	454,163 07		454,163 07	454,163 07	
Rations for relief of persons rendered destitute by overflow of Mississippi River				569 26	569 26		569 26
Miscellaneous claims audited by Third Auditor			41 12	691 20	732 32		732 32
Twenty per cent. additional compensation, prior to July 1, 1879			2,269 75		2,269 75		2,269 75
Twenty per cent. additional compensation, prior to July 1, 1880	22	280	225 73		225 73	225 73	
Claims for quartermaster stores and commissary supplies	22	597, 598	1,099 88		1,099 88	1,099 88	
Claims of loyal citizens for supplies furnished during the Rebellion	1883	109	16,548 18		16,548 18	14,582 38	1,965 80
Rogue River Indian war, prior to July 1, 1880	22	598	7,189 00		7,189 00	296,480 37	2,556 08
Carried forward			613 14		613 14	613 14	7,189 00
			7,520,556 26	1,421,243 10	65,398,577 88	50,144,076 46	14,236,039 33

* And prior years.

NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT.

Pay of the Navy.	22	255,286	1,620,067 75	7,236,225 00	19,194 86	8,884,487 61	6,833,415 02	2,051,072 59
Pay of the Navy, prior to July 1, 1880	22	598		20,787 03		20,787 03	19,378 86	1,408 07
Pay of the Navy, prior to July 1, 1879	22	280,283		41,061 37	118 36	41,179 73	41,155 22	74 51
Pay of the Navy.	1878*				821 17	821 17	451 51	369 66
Pay of the Navy, prior to July 1, 1877			55 16			55 16		
Pay, miscellaneous	1883	1286			568 86			
Do	1882		146,762 39	200,143 84	24,171 07	300,172 70	300,172 70	633 46
Do	1881		94,539 57		815 56	170,933 46	74,546 18	96,387 28
Do	1880*	598		2,246 69	9,645 47	9,535 13	9,184 80	
Pay, miscellaneous, 1879, prior to July	22	281		11,769 93		11,892 10	2,246 69	
Contingent, Navy	1883	1287		103,223 13	20 47	103,243 60	11,525 08	244 27
Do	1882	263	12 82	16,380 00	1,595 20	17,975 20	87,931 63	15,869 97
Do	1880*				13 00	13 00		213 13
Accrued mileage, Navy and Marine Corps.	22	263		50,000 00		50,000 00	49,785 22	214 78
Pay of Marine Corps	22	263,295	185,450 96	668,297 00	11 19	833,759 15	638,090 92	215,668 23
Pay of Marine Corps, prior to July 1, 1880	22	598				131 92	131 92	
Pay of Marine Corps, prior to July 1, 1879	22	280,283		1,077 40	849 98	1,924 38	1,924 38	
Pay of Marine Corps	1878*				66 72	66 72		66 72
Provisions, Marine Corps	1883	295		68,013 10		68,013 10	65,875 11	2,137 99
Do	1882		15,462 26		489 66	15,891 82	1,307 18	14,584 74
Do	1881		20,079 90			21,079 90	1,504 55	18,575 35
Do	1880*				2 10	2 10		2 10
Clothing, Marine Corps.	1883	295		79,823 40	993 77	80,817 17	80,773 00	41 17
Do	1882	263	1 20	19,081 00	2,192 57	21,874 77	19,721 50	2,153 27
Do	1881		11,310 96		1,722 67	13,033 63	13,033 63	
Fuel, Marine Corps	1883	295		18,406 50	2,042 10	20,538 60	19,400 00	1,138 60
Do	1882		510 41		1,234 22	1,764 63	44 73	1,719 90
Do	1881		5,018 30		340 88	5,559 18	5,559 18	
Military stores, Marine Corps	1883	398		24 50		24 50		
Do	1882	295	1 58	11,266 50	25 86	11,312 36	11,266 00	29 36
Do	1881				935 03	936 61		936 61
Transportation and recruiting, Marine Corps.	1883	295		10,000 00	8 15	8 15	8 15	
Do	1882	263	23 48	3,000 00	801 52	3,825 00	3,232 48	592 52
Do	1881	589	36 00	589 00	212 45	248 45	248 45	
Do	1880*	598	96 00	96 00		96 00	96 00	
Marine barracks, Washington	1882				9 29	9 29		9 29
Marine barracks, Washington, Norfolk, and Annapolis	1881		1,149 60			1,149 60	1,149 60	
Repairs of barracks, Marine Corps	1883	295		13,000 00		13,000 00	13,000 00	
Do	1882		90					90
Forage for horses, Marine Corps	1881	295		5,400 00	509 19	509 19	509 19	
Do	1882	264		4,346 04	1,844 28	6,190 32	4,000 00	1,400 00
Do	1881	234		661 99		662 00	4,346 04	1,844 28
Contingent, Marine Corps	1883	295		25,000 00	130 26	25,130 26	661 99	19 50

Carried forward

And prior years.

† United States Statutes, 22, pp. 384, 390, 392. Joint resolutions continuing appropriations temporarily.

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT—Continued.										
Brought forward	1882			\$2, 109, 387 24	\$8, 710, 288 36	\$71, 603 01	\$10, 884, 278 61	\$8, 348, 876 21	\$133, 571 51	\$2, 408, 890 89
Contingent, Marine Corps	1881	22	263, 589		2, 820 05	220 89	3, 040 94	2, 953 75		87 19
Do	1880*	22	589		588 40	125 42	413 82	413 82		
Do	1881	22	598		475 86		475 86	475 86		
Contingent, Marine Corps, prior to July 1, 1879	1883	22	264		31 00	31 00	62 00	62 00		
Pay of professors and others, Naval Academy	1883	22	293		52, 506 00		52, 506 00	52, 200 00		306 00
Do	1882			2, 676 00		103 55	2, 779 55		566 07	2, 779 55
Do	1881			566 07			566 07			
Pay of watchmen and others, Naval Academy	1883	22	294		24, 507 50		24, 507 50	24, 507 50		
Pay of mechanics and others, Naval Academy	1883	22	294		16, 835 95		16, 835 95	10, 835 95		
Pay of steam-employees, Naval Academy	1883	22	294		8, 577 50		8, 577 50	8, 577 50		
Do	1882					431 40	431 40		3 92	431 40
Do	1881			3 92			3 92			
Repairs of Naval Academy	1883	22	294		21, 000 00		21, 000 00	21, 000 00		
Heating and lighting Naval Academy	1883	22	294		17, 000 00		17, 000 00	17, 000 00		
Do	1881			6 07			6 07		6 07	
Library, Naval Academy	1883	22	294		2, 000 00		2, 000 00	2, 000 00		
Do	1881			11			11		11	
Stationery, Naval Academy	1883	22	294		2, 000 00		2, 000 00	2, 000 00		
Do	1882				2, 600 00	02	2, 600 00	2, 600 00		02
Board of Visitors, Naval Academy	1883	22	294		2, 600 00	13 44	2, 600 00	2, 600 00		13 44
Do	1882				2, 500 00		2, 500 00	2, 500 00		
Chemistry, Naval Academy	1883	22	294				1 35		1 35	
Do	1881			1 35			1 35			
Miscellaneous, Naval Academy	1883	22	294, 324		37, 600 00	25	37, 600 25	37, 600 25		2 27
Do	1882					2 27	2 27			
Stores, Naval Academy	1883	22	294		800 00		800 00	800 00		
Materials, Naval Academy	1883	22	294		1, 000 00		1, 000 00	1, 000 00		
Armory, Naval Academy	1883	22	294			07				07
Navigation and navigation supplies	1883	22	1287		100, 244 08	243 33	100, 487 41	80, 670 98		19, 816 43
Do	1882			11, 868 42		1, 730 01	13, 598 43	13, 238 28		350 15
Do	1881			439 38		29 55	468 93	6 25	462 08	
Civil establishment, Navigation	1883	22	288, 384		5, 708 08	95	5, 709 03	5, 708 48		55
Do	1882			6 16		2 71	8 87	2 67		6 20
Contingent, Navigation	1883	22	288		4, 000 00	13 95	4, 013 95	3, 494 38		519 57
Do	1882	22	263		2, 000 00	402 63	2, 438 26	2, 147 54		290 72
Do	1881	22	589		130 72		130 72	130 72		
Hydrographic work.	1883	22	(†)		4, 693 63	698 86	5, 397 49	3, 859 00		1, 538 49
Do	1882			7, 376 97		1, 798 39	9, 175 36	6, 265 65		2, 909 71

Do	1881	2,722 32	15,000 00	05	2,722 32	1,204 00	1,518 32	13,756 06
Copper plates, Hydrographic Office	1883	288						
Charts of Amazon and Madeira Rivers, Hydrographic Office				3 37		1,244 00		
Charts of Pacific coast of Mexico, Hydrographic Office								
Naval Observatory	1883	(†)		498 56	5,422 11	2,495 00		2,927 11
Do	1882			258 50	3,172 58	2,608 00		9 20
Do	1881				1,135 47	862 00		564 58
Do	1880*	598	29 60		1 80		1 80	273 47
Survey of west coast of Mexico, Hydrographic Office								
Lighting vessels by electricity	1883	288	14,000 00		14,000 00	171 60		13,828 40
Naval laboratory, Washington, D. C.	1883	287	5,000 00		5,000 00			5,000 00
Do	1882	290	2,000 00	75	2,000 75	837 00		1,163 75
Naval yard Commission	1882	621	2,500 00	122 73	124 99			124 99
Observations of the Transit of Venus	1882	323	75,000 00	1,230 00	3,730 00	2,500 00		1,230 00
Illustrations of the Transit of Venus	1883	(†)	2,253 42	1,587 11	86,067 11	69,526 82	107 43	16,540 29
Nautical Almanac	1882			107 43	107 43			
Do	1881	263		220 29	2,473 71	2,473 71		
Do	1880	263		101 56	3,323 63	3,237 98		85 65
Velocity of light, Nautical Almanac	1881	263	2,000 00	1 78	2,001 70	432 00		1,569 70
Ordnance and ordnance stores	1883	288	130,130 09	960 70	151,090 70	140,485 79		10,605 00
Do	1882			8,654 56	47,977 55	17,691 46		30,376 09
Do	1881			125 14	2,654 32	2,542 47	111 85	
Contingent, ordnance	1883	288	3,500 00	10 83	3,510 83	2,145 60		1,365 23
Do	1882	263	1,500 00	10 73	1,512 04	700 33		811 71
Do	1881			87 85	87 85	87 85		
Civil establishment, Bureau of Ordnance	1883	288,384	6,513 01	34 42	6,547 43	6,547 40		03
Do	1882			2 73	94 40	85 35		9 05
Do	1881	288	17,500 00	461 36	17,961 36	12,318 00	9 27	5,643 36
Repairs, Bureau of Ordnance	1883	288						
Naval Training Station, Coasters' Island								
Harbor, R. I.	1883	324	5,000 00	15	5,000 15	4,800 62		199 53
Torpedo Corps	1883	288	60,000 00	3 22	60,003 22	31,878 96		28,124 26
Do	1882			80 27	11,737 62	3,432 74		8,304 88
Do	1881				21,678 12	34 67	21,643 45	
New propeller for U. S. Alarm				24 48	607 51			607 51
Ordnance material, proceeds of sale	19	388	10 00		1,654 50	1,654 50		10 00
Sale of small-arms	20	242	3,516 00	3 89	20,728 22	11,930 00		8,798 22
Testing Clark's de-flective turrets	1884	22	20,000 00		20,000 00	136 00		19,850 00
Steel rifled breech-loading guns	1884	22	83,939 10		83,939 10			83,939 10
Do	1883	22	16,060 90	1 10	16,062 00			
Steel cruisers	1883	22	1,300,000 00		1,300,000 00	8,006 00		1,291,994 00
Equipment of vessels	1883	22	4,255 83	754,255 83	744,988 16			9,267 67
Do	1882		2,504 11	7,733 79	6,248 56			1,485 23
Do	1881			501 86		591 86		
Carried forward		2,257,211 89	11,557,748 27	98,707 68	13,913,657 84	9,750,307 20	158,003 92	3,990,346 72

† United States Statutes, 22, pp. 384,390,392. Joint resolutions continuing appropriations temporarily.

* And prior years.

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
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NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT—Continued.										
Brought forward				\$2,257,211 89	\$11,557,738 27	\$98,707 68	\$13,913,657 84	\$9,759,307 20	\$158,003 92	\$3,906,346 72
Tuition of two naval cadets, Royal Naval College, Greenwich.	1883	22	584		900 00		900 00			900 00
Contingent, equipping and recruiting	1882	22	289*		15,311 66	305 91	15,617 57	12,634 91		2,982 66
Do.	1881	22	263	2 97	12,000 00	4,173 20	16,176 17	16,043 54		132 63
Do.	1880†	22	598	323 30			423 30	323 30		
Do.	1879†	22	283		130 08		130 08	130 08		
Do.	1878†	22	283		314 49		314 49	314 49		
Recruiting, Bureau of Equipment and Recruiting.	1883	22	288		10,000 00	98	10,000 98	2,696 74		7,304 24
Transportation of enlisted men, Bureau of Equipment and Recruiting.	1883	22	288		35,000 00	17 00	35,017 00	27,059 72		7,937 28
Civil establishment, Bureau of Equipment and Recruiting	1883	22	280, 384		10,000 95	33 51	10,034 46	10,025 60		9 46
Do.	1882	22	598		54 79	04	54 79	54 79		04
Do.	1881	22	280, 599		250,231 94	44 70	250,276 64	251,649 50		7,627 14
Maintenance of yards and docks	1882	22	598	12,289 40		365 51	12,654 91	12,008 31		646 60
Do.	1881	22	598	2,309 06			2,309 06	16 03	2,293 03	
Do.	1880†	22	281		28 66		28 66	28 66		
Do.	1879†	22	281		33 00		33 00	66 00		
Do.	1883	22	475		64,000 00	62 45	64,062 45	64,061 83		62
Contingent, yards and docks	1883	22	289		20,000 00	1 13	20,001 13	12,118 25		7,882 88
Do.	1882	22		4,394 42		48 56	4,442 98	4,439 77		3 21
Do.	1881	22	280, 384	1,457 97		10 00	1,467 97		1,467 97	
Civil establishment, yards and docks.	1883	22	280, 384		20,770 54	2 08	20,772 62	20,770 12		2 50
Do.	1882	22		16		5 68	5 84			5 84
Do.	1881	22		81 74			81 74		81 74	
Naval stations and coal depots, Isthmus of Panama				200,000 00			200,000 00			200,000 00
Naval stations and coal depots, Port Royal, S. C.		22	321		20,000 00		20,000 00			20,000 00
Site for naval stations and coal depots, Port Royal, S. C.		22	627		5,000 00		5,000 00			5,000 00
Navy-yard, Brooklyn, N. Y.	1883	22	823		150,000 00	239 67	150,239 67	99,466 00		50,773 67
Navy-yard, Washington, D. C.	1883	22	823		27,800 00		27,800 00			7,940 00
Navy-yard, Mare Island, Cal.	1883	22	823		263,000 00	6 97	263,006 97	217,298 00		45,708 97

	1882	1883	1884	1885	1886	1887	1888	1889	1890	1891	1892	1893
Do.	1,393 51	1 16	3,478 01	3,478 64	1 16	3,478 01	3,478 64	1 16	3,478 01	3,478 64	1 16	3,478 01
Do.	33,710 41	1 55	18,580 66	33,731 06	1 16	18,580 66	33,731 06	1 16	18,580 66	33,731 06	1 16	18,580 66
Navy-yard, Pensacola, Fla.	1,417 88	256 36	682 00	1,074 24	682 00	1,074 24	682 00	992 24	1,074 24	682 00	992 24	1,074 24
Do.	28,000 00	2 17	24,969 00	28,002 17	2 17	24,969 00	28,002 17	27 56	24,969 00	28,002 17	27 56	24,969 00
Naval wharf, Key West, Fla.	1,659 56	07	1,632 00	1,659 56	07	1,632 00	1,659 56	07	1,632 00	1,659 56	07	1,632 00
Navy-yard, New London, Conn.	323	5,000 00	5,275 69	5,275 69	1 00	5,275 69	5,275 69	1 00	5,275 69	5,275 69	1 00	5,275 69
Navy-yard, Portsmouth, N. H.	1 00	275 69	5,274 00	1,022 96	1 00	5,274 00	1,022 96	62	5,274 00	1,022 96	62	5,274 00
Navy-yard, Norfolk, Va.	1,022 34	62	1,022 34	1,022 96	62	1,022 34	1,022 96	62	1,022 34	1,022 96	62	1,022 34
Do.	21 86	21 86	21 86	21 86	21 86	21 86	21 86	21 86	21 86	21 86	21 86	21 86
Navy-yard, Boston, repair of rope-walk	1881	1881	1881	1881	1881	1881	1881	1881	1881	1881	1881	1881
Navy asylum, Philadelphia	1882	1882	1882	1882	1882	1882	1882	1882	1882	1882	1882	1882
Do.	12,066 39	18 22	11,308 00	59,818 62	18 22	11,308 00	59,818 62	420 38	11,308 00	59,818 62	420 38	11,308 00
Do.	420 38	420 38	420 38	420 38	420 38	420 38	420 38	420 38	420 38	420 38	420 38	420 38
Repairs and preservation of navy-yards.	324	161,000 00	115,328 00	161,000 00	681 09	115,328 00	161,000 00	2,286 02	115,328 00	161,000 00	2,286 02	115,328 00
Do.	20,410 81	1,484 20	2,286 02	21,895 01	1,484 20	2,286 02	21,895 01	2,286 02	2,286 02	21,895 01	2,286 02	2,286 02
Do.	2,285 96	05	356 50	2,285 96	05	356 50	2,285 96	05	356 50	2,285 96	05	356 50
Do.	356 50	6 63	6 63	356 50	6 63	6 63	356 50	6 63	6 63	356 50	6 63	6 63
Headstones, Naval Cemetery, Philadelphia.	1880	1880	1880	1880	1880	1880	1880	1880	1880	1880	1880	1880
Enlistment bounties to seamen	280,283	3,527 79	3,518 95	280,283	3,527 79	3,518 95	280,283	3,527 79	3,518 95	280,283	3,527 79	3,518 95
Do.	1874	133 34	33 34	133 34	33 34	33 34	133 34	33 34	33 34	133 34	33 34	33 34
Do.	1874	33 35	33 35	33 35	33 35	33 35	33 35	33 35	33 35	33 35	33 35	33 35
Do.	1874	40,030 53	32,045 01	40,030 53	20 53	32,045 01	40,030 53	20 53	32,045 01	40,030 53	20 53	32,045 01
Medical Department.	290	5,317 24	5,092 44	5,317 24	535 37	5,092 44	5,317 24	535 37	5,092 44	5,317 24	535 37	5,092 44
Do.	4,701 87	202 41	5,092 44	4,701 87	202 41	5,092 44	4,701 87	202 41	5,092 44	4,701 87	202 41	5,092 44
Do.	258 11	229 53	832 88	258 11	229 53	832 88	258 11	229 53	832 88	258 11	229 53	832 88
Do.	598	7,502 03	5,274 00	598	7,502 03	5,274 00	598	7,502 03	5,274 00	598	7,502 03	5,274 00
Museum of Hygiene, Bureau of Medicine and Surgery.	324	15,000 00	9,960 78	324	15,000 00	9,960 78	324	15,000 00	9,960 78	324	15,000 00	9,960 78
Repairs, Bureau of Medicine and Surgery.	290	8,161 55	7,988 92	290	8,161 55	7,988 92	290	8,161 55	7,988 92	290	8,161 55	7,988 92
Do.	10 74	10 74	10 74	10 74	10 74	10 74	10 74	10 74	10 74	10 74	10 74	10 74
Do.	290*	15,124 44	11,584 53	290*	15,124 44	11,584 53	290*	15,124 44	11,584 53	290*	15,124 44	11,584 53
Contingent, Bureau of Medicine and Surgery.	2,972 09	413 14	2,719 55	2,972 09	413 14	2,719 55	2,972 09	413 14	2,719 55	2,972 09	413 14	2,719 55
Do.	701 53	1 00	190 31	701 53	1 00	190 31	701 53	1 00	190 31	701 53	1 00	190 31
Do.	598	147 19	147 19	598	147 19	147 19	598	147 19	147 19	598	147 19	147 19
Do.	290,384*	21,963 07	21,362 92	290,384*	21,963 07	21,362 92	290,384*	21,963 07	21,362 92	290,384*	21,963 07	21,362 92
Civil establishment, Bureau of Medicine and Surgery.	1883	355 24	381 35	1883	355 24	381 35	1883	355 24	381 35	1883	355 24	381 35
Do.	1882	347 55	347 55	1882	347 55	347 55	1882	347 55	347 55	1882	347 55	347 55
Do.	1881	125,629 08	57,663 52	1881	125,629 08	57,663 52	1881	125,629 08	57,663 52	1881	125,629 08	57,663 52
Naval hospital fund	290	30,000 00	30,000 31	290	30,000 00	30,000 31	290	30,000 00	30,000 31	290	30,000 00	30,000 31
Do.	1,439 98	1,439 98	1,429 44	1,439 98	1,439 98	1,429 44	1,439 98	1,439 98	1,429 44	1,439 98	1,439 98	1,429 44
Do.	113 25	113 25	113 25	113 25	113 25	113 25	113 25	113 25	113 25	113 25	113 25	113 25
Provisions, Navy	290*	1,698 85	945,823 20	290*	1,698 85	945,823 20	290*	1,698 85	945,823 20	290*	1,698 85	945,823 20
Do.	162,966 23	3,728 83	165,676 38	162,966 23	3,728 83	165,676 38	162,966 23	3,728 83	165,676 38	162,966 23	3,728 83	165,676 38
Do.	88,692 80	1 20	31 50	88,692 80	1 20	31 50	88,692 80	1 20	31 50	88,692 80	1 20	31 50
Do.	283	112 50	112 50	283	112 50	112 50	283	112 50	112 50	283	112 50	112 50
Do.	2,977,358 69	13,772,460 94	12,111,969 27	2,977,358 69	13,772,460 94	12,111,969 27	2,977,358 69	13,772,460 94	12,111,969 27	2,977,358 69	13,772,460 94	12,111,969 27

Carried forward
 † Prior to July 1.

‡ United States Statutes, 22, pp. 384, 390, 392. Joint resolutions continuing appropriations temporarily.

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
		Vol.	Page or section.							
NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT—Continued.										
Brought forward										
Provisions, Navy	1880*	22	598	\$2, 977, 358 69	\$13, 772, 460 94	\$251, 446 70	\$17, 001, 266 33	\$12, 111, 989 27	\$256, 030 95	\$4, 633, 246 11
Do	1879†	22	280		3 00	258 30	261 30	3 00	258 30	
Clothing, Navy										
Small stores, Bureau of Provisions and Clothing				387, 696 67	1, 083 47	84 00	1, 167 47	1, 167 47		344, 585 90
Contingent, Bureau of Provisions and Clothing						181, 396 92	569, 093 59	224, 507 69		
Do				99, 685 92		49, 935 61	149, 621 53	22, 571 59		127, 049 94
Civil establishment, Bureau of Provisions and Clothing.	1883	22	290		50, 000 00	16 11	50, 016 11	17, 722 43		32, 293 68
Do	1882			27, 543 63		808 41	28, 352 04	4, 332 36		24, 019 68
Do	1881			22, 544 89		70	22, 545 59	10 00	22, 535 59	
Do	1880†	22	598		362 51		362 51	362 51		
Civil establishment, Bureau of Provisions and Clothing.	1883	22	291, 384		6, 800 82	19 58	6, 820 40	6, 224 59		595 81
Do	1882					2 21	2 21			2 21
Construction and Repair	1883	22	291§		1, 750, 085 00	3, 684 25	1, 753, 769 25	1, 643, 931 29		109, 817 96
Do	1882	22	263	21, 232 83	75, 000 00	14, 412 22	110, 645 05	50, 554 64		51, 090 41
Do	1881			34, 113 44		5 45	34, 118 89	24, 235 97	9, 882 92	
Do	1881			78			78			78
Do	1882									
Do	1880†	22	598		44 40		44 40	44 40		
Do	1879†	22	281		2 25	2 25	4 50	4 50		
Construction and Repair, timber				58, 291 39			58, 291 39		58, 291 39	
Civil establishment, Bureau of Construction and Repair.	1883	22	292, 384		21, 975 75	54	21, 976 29	19, 878 71		2, 097 58
Do	1882			30 80		239 98	270 78			270 78
Do	1881			193 97			193 97		193 97	
Bureau of Steam Engineering				35, 731 68			35, 731 68	14, 000 00		21, 731 68
Steam machinery	1883	22	293§		1, 200, 136 00	1, 193 88	1, 201, 329 88	1, 084, 267 56		117, 062 32
Do	1882	22	263	12, 698 36	212, 000 00	4, 677 09	229, 375 45	221, 443 54		7, 931 91
Do	1881			1, 212 16			1, 212 16			1, 212 16
Do	1882									
Do	1881			1, 333 39		25 71	1, 359 10		1, 359 10	
Do	1880†	22	598		29	103 30	103 30	29	103 30	
Contingent, Steam Engineering	1883	22	293		1, 000 00		1, 000 00	1, 000 00		1, 000 00
Machine for testing iron	1883	22	293		6, 000 00		6, 000 00	6, 000 00		
Civil establishment, Bureau of Steam Engineering	1883	22	293, 384		10, 979 73	90 56	11, 070 29	10, 492 57		577 72
Do	1882					4 84	4 84	4 76		08
Do	1881			7 66			7 66		7 66	

Prize money to captors	1883	22	293	558,311 51	400,000 00	1 46	558,311 51	1,403 08	556,908 43
Double-turreted monitors			477		1,000,000 00		400,001 46	76,491 50	323,509 96
Machinery, double-turreted monitors		22					1,000,000 00		1,000,000 00
Preservation of Chevalier de Ternay monument at Newport, R. I				800 00			800 00		800 00
Preservation of cemeteries in foreign countries	1882			2,777 50			2,777 50	38 74	2,738 76
Navy pension fund				210,000 00		420,000 00	630,000 00		
Payment for officers and crew of the Kear-sage for destruction of the Alabama									
Extra pay of officers and men who served in the Mexican war									
Indemnity for lost clothing		20	316		315 00		315 00		
Do		R. S.	3689		1,620 00		1,620 00		
Do	1880†		369		368 90		368 90		
Do	1879†	22	280,283		940 83	180 00	1,120 83		
Do	1878†					40 00	40 00		40 00
Do	1877†			118 75			118 75		118 75
Do	1876†			120 00			120 00		120 00
Gratuity to machinists in lieu of reenlistment					13,000 00		13,000 00		
Gratuity to seamen	1879†	21	200		100 00		100 00		
Bounty for destruction of enemies' vessels	1879†	22	283		1,306 40	144 28	1,450 68		
Do	1877†	22	280,283,599	8 54		40 66	49 20		49 20
Search for steamer Jeannette, Arctic expedition				16,210 28		4,115 30	20,325 58	2,053 87	18,271 71
Allowance for reduction of wages under eight-hour law	1879†	22	280,283		63 91		63 91		
Payment to owners of Norwegian bark Vasa for damages by collision		22	324		133 00		133 00		
Payment to Isaac A. Sylvester for damages by collision		22	324		2,000 00		2,000 00		
Removal and burial of remains of Lieut. Com. De Long and companions		22	324		25,000 00		25,000 00		25,000 00
Payment of Japanese award		22	421		140,000 00		140,000 00	88,475 36	51,524 44
Payment to H. H. Nichols for engraving of the Bowditch Navigator		22	621		2,581 79		2,581 79		
Payment to Rear-Admiral Roger N. Stembel		22	153		6,556 85		6,556 85		
Payment to Potomac Steamboat Company for damages by collision		22	620		19,957 15		19,957 15	18,350 86	
Payment to J. C. Bashor & Co				9,734 71			9,734 71		9,734 71
Relief of the children of Orway H. Berryman and others				12,367 84			12,367 84		12,367 84
Relief of officers and crew of United States steamship Rodgers					5,115 00		5,115 00		
Relief of David S. Booth		22	620		1,781 89		1,781 89		
Payment to captain and owners of North Star for rescue of United States steamship Rodgers		22	620		20,000 00		20,000 00		20,000 00

Carried forward.

* Prior to 1880.

† Prior to July 1.

‡ And prior years.

§ U. S. Stat., 22, pp. 384, 390, 392.

Joint resolutions continuing appropriations temporarily.

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1882, &c.—Continued.

Specific objects of appropriations.	Year.	Statutes.		Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
		Vol.	Page or section.							
NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT—Continued.										
Brought forward.....				\$4,491,764 69	\$18,748,774 88	\$932,930 31	\$24,173,469 88	\$16,326,790 60	\$291,978 08	\$7,554,701 20
Reward for services to officers and crew of United States steamship Rodgers.....				.....	3,000 00	1,500 00	4,500 00	3,300 00	.....	1,200 00
Expenses in connection with Arctic exploring expedition.....	22	620		.....	12,504 64	.....	12,504 64	.....	.....	12,504 64
General account of advances.....	22	589		*931,137 49	.....	5,107,085 28	4,175,947 79	4,994,616 10	.....	*818,668 31
Destruction of clothing and bedding for sanitary reasons.....				1,519 65	.....	.....	1,519 65	246 06	.....	1,273 59
Total naval establishment.....				3,562,146 85	18,764,279 52	6,041,515 59	28,367,941 96	21,324,952 76	291,978 08	6,751,011 12

* Debit balances.

RECAPITULATION.

	Balances of appropriations July 1, 1882.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Repayments made during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.	Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1883.	Balances of appropriations June 30, 1883.
Civil.....	\$9,944,263 69	\$37,256,773 87	\$1,840,357 85	\$49,041,394 91	\$29,054,687 07	\$1,229,193 66	\$18,757,514 18
Judiciary and diplomatic.....	1,015,771 79	7,055,990 91	326,080 22	8,397,842 92	6,693,455 57	317,184 30	1,387,193 05
Customs.....	3,294,537 75	22,964,089 90	363,391 83	26,622,019 48	21,044,377 90	970,015 98	4,607,626 00
Interior—civil.....	2,726,813 43	8,485,336 91	112,567 70	11,324,718 04	8,745,431 41	135,711 14	2,443,575 49
Internal Revenue.....	151,721 89	5,992,806 01	33,274 44	6,117,892 34	5,815,731 80	16,205 00	285,865 54
Public debt.....		649,243,961 21	71,710 96	649,315,672 17	649,315,672 17	.....	.....
Interior—Indians and pensions.....	16,531,839 53	108,332,062 37	8,911,914 74	133,775,816 64	82,286,928 22	826,732 17	50,662,156 25
Military establishment.....	7,520,686 26	56,651,004 15	1,422,197 88	65,593,887 79	50,333,730 81	998,462 09	14,261,694 89
Naval establishment.....	3,562,146 85	18,764,279 52	6,041,515 59	28,367,941 96	21,324,952 76	291,978 08	6,751,011 12
Total.....	44,747,781 19	914,686,304 85	19,123,010 21	978,557,096 25	874,614,977 71	4,785,482 02	99,156,636 52

STATEMENT of the OUTSTANDING PRINCIPAL of the PUBLIC DEBT of the UNITED STATES on the 1st of January of each year from 1791 to 1842, inclusive; and on the 1st of July of each year from 1843 to 1883, inclusive.

January 1, 1791.....	\$75, 463, 476 52	January 1, 1838.....	\$10, 434, 221 14
1792.....	77, 227, 924 06	1839.....	3, 573, 343 82
1793.....	80, 352, 634 04	1840.....	5, 259, 875 54
1794.....	78, 427, 404 77	1841.....	13, 594, 480 73
1795.....	80, 747, 587 39	1842.....	20, 601, 226 28
1796.....	83, 762, 172 07	July 1, 1843.....	32, 742, 922 00
1797.....	82, 064, 479 33	1844.....	23, 461, 652 50
1798.....	79, 228, 529 12	1845.....	15, 925, 303 01
1799.....	78, 408, 669 77	1846.....	15, 550, 202 97
1800.....	82, 976, 294 35	1847.....	38, 826, 534 77
1801.....	83, 038, 050 80	1848.....	47, 044, 862 23
1802.....	86, 712, 632 25	1849.....	63, 061, 858 69
1803.....	77, 054, 680 30	1850.....	63, 452, 773 55
1804.....	86, 427, 120 88	1851.....	68, 304, 796 02
1805.....	82, 312, 150 50	1852.....	66, 199, 341 71
1806.....	75, 723, 270 66	1853.....	59, 803, 117 70
1807.....	69, 218, 398 64	1854.....	42, 242, 222 42
1808.....	65, 196, 317 97	1855.....	35, 586, 858 56
1809.....	57, 023, 192 09	1856.....	31, 972, 537 90
1810.....	53, 173, 217 52	1857.....	28, 099, 831 85
1811.....	48, 005, 587 76	1858.....	44, 911, 881 03
1812.....	45, 209, 737 90	1859.....	58, 496, 837 88
1813.....	55, 962, 827 57	1860.....	64, 842, 287 88
1814.....	81, 487, 846 24	1861.....	90, 580, 873 72
1815.....	99, 833, 660 15	1862.....	524, 176, 412 13
1816.....	127, 334, 933 74	1863.....	1, 119, 772, 138 63
1817.....	123, 491, 965 16	1864.....	1, 815, 784, 370 57
1818.....	103, 466, 633 83	1865.....	2, 680, 647, 869 74
1819.....	95, 529, 648 28	1866.....	2, 773, 236, 173 69
1820.....	91, 015, 566 15	1867.....	2, 678, 126, 103 87
1821.....	89, 987, 427 66	1868.....	2, 611, 687, 851 19
1822.....	93, 546, 676 98	1869.....	2, 588, 452, 213 94
1823.....	90, 875, 877 28	1870.....	2, 480, 672, 427 81
1824.....	90, 269, 777 77	1871.....	2, 353, 211, 332 32
1825.....	83, 788, 432 71	1872.....	2, 253, 251, 078 78
1826.....	81, 054, 059 99	1873.....	2, 234, 482, 743 20
1827.....	73, 987, 357 20	1874.....	2, 251, 690, 218 43
1828.....	67, 475, 043 87	1875.....	2, 232, 284, 281 95
1829.....	58, 421, 413 67	1876.....	2, 130, 394, 817 15
1830.....	48, 565, 406 50	1877.....	2, 205, 301, 142 10
1831.....	39, 123, 191 68	1878.....	2, 250, 205, 398 20
1832.....	24, 322, 235 18	1879.....	2, 349, 567, 232 04
1833.....	7, 001, 698 83	1880.....	*2, 120, 415, 120 63
1834.....	4, 760, 082 08	1881.....	2, 069, 013, 319 58
1835.....	37, 513 05	1882.....	1, 918, 312, 744 03
1836.....	336, 957 83	1883.....	1, 884, 171, 478 07
1837.....	3, 308, 124 07		

* The amount outstanding July 1, 1880, according to the books of the Register's Office, was.....	\$2, 128, 791, 054 63
From which deduct the amount held for the redemption of fractional currency, applied to the payment of arrears of pensions, act June 21, 1879.....	8, 375, 934 00
	2, 120, 415, 120 63

STATEMENT of EXPENSES for COLLECTING the REVENUE from CUSTOMS, by DISTRICTS, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883.

York, Me.....	\$293 54
Aristook, Me.....	8, 086 87
Bangor, Me.....	13, 000 84
Portland, Me.....	77, 026 82
Frenchman's Bay, Me.....	4, 742 00
Passamaquoddy, Me.....	23, 064 50
Waldoborough, Me.....	6, 976 00
Machias, Me.....	1, 517 00
Saco, Me.....	838 23
Belfast, Me.....	3, 997 60
Wiscasset, Me.....	4, 957 00
Castine, Me.....	4, 506 43
Kennebunk, Me.....	925 00
Bath, Me.....	8, 665 00
	158, 596 83
Carried forward.....	158, 596 83

STATEMENT of EXPENSES for COLLECTING the REVENUE from CUSTOMS,
by DISTRICTS, &c.—Continued.

Brought forward.....		\$158,596 83
Portsmouth, N. H.....		10,266 00
Vermont, Vt.....		111,089 77
New Bedford, Mass.....	\$8,974 43	
Fall River, Mass.....	5,230 17	
Gloucester, Mass.....	11,853 90	
Plymouth, Mass.....	3,904 00	
Marblehead, Mass.....	2,193 00	
Barnstable, Mass.....	7,226 44	
Newburyport, Mass.....	2,878 05	
Nantucket, Mass.....	1,346 00	
Edgartown, Mass.....	4,974 52	
Salem, Mass.....	7,209 55	
Boston, Mass.....	646,166 09	
		701,956 15
Newport, R. I.....	3,850 67	
Bristol, R. I.....	1,656 53	
Providence, R. I.....	27,070 00	
		32,577 20
New Haven, Conn.....	18,322 36	
Fairfield, Conn.....	2,358 00	
Middletown, Conn.....	5,027 00	
New London, Conn.....	5,362 70	
Stonington, Conn.....	1,760 00	
		32,830 06
Oswegatchie, N. Y.....	24,814 45	
Oswego, N. Y.....	53,350 29	
Buffalo, N. Y.....	64,900 53	
Dunkirk, N. Y.....	3,375 00	
Sag Harbor, N. Y.....	1,060 00	
Albany, N. Y.....	13,992 72	
Champlain, N. Y.....	33,374 55	
New York, N. Y.....	2,653,974 80	
Genesee, N. Y.....	25,807 00	
Cape Vincent, N. Y.....	11,881 96	
Niagara, N. Y.....	55,598 60	
		2,942,129 90
Burlington, N. J.....	219 00	
Great Egg Harbor, N. J.....	2,859 41	
Newark, N. J.....	2,817 00	
Perth Amboy, N. J.....	11,400 12	
Bridgeton, N. J.....	380 53	
Little Egg Harbor, N. J.....	1,837 00	
		19,513 06
Erie, Pa.....	4,235 00	
Philadelphia, Pa.....	391,537 13	
Pittsburgh, Pa.....	23,619 43	
		419,391 56
Wilmington, Del.....	313 86	
Delaware, Del.....	8,095 00	
		8,408 86
Eastern, Md.....	2,938 54	
Annapolis, Md.....	2,514 22	
Baltimore, Md.....	288,014 28	
		293,467 04
Georgetown, D. C.....		5,266 54
Norfolk, Va.....	13,713 64	
Petersburg, Va.....	3,108 74	
Yorktown, Va.....	4,249 45	
Richmond, Va.....	11,641 59	
Alexandria, Va.....	2,330 00	
Cherrystone, Va.....	2,898 00	
Tappahannock, Va.....	1,021 00	
		38,962 42
Wheeling, W. Va.....		509 00
Carried forward.....		4,774,964 39

*STATEMENT of EXPENSES for COLLECTING the REVENUE from CUSTOMS
by DISTRICTS, &c.—Continued.*

Brought forward.....		\$4,774,964 39
Beaufort, N. C.....	\$2,100 93	
Pamlico, N. C.....	4,888 60	
Wilmington, N. C.....	18,279 00	
Albemarle, N. C.....	2,910 00	
		28,178 53
Charleston, S. C.....	19,577 45	
Beaufort, S. C.....	5,165 40	
Georgetown, S. C.....	1,739 17	
		26,482 02
Savannah, Ga.....	22,270 39	
Saint Mary's, Ga.....	1,873 69	
Atlanta, Ga.....	1,387 43	
Brunswick, Ga.....	7,417 59	
		32,949 10
Saint Mark's, Fla.....	5,843 21	
Fernandina, Fla.....	7,226 51	
Saint Augustine, Fla.....	1,868 00	
Saint John's, Fla.....	3,934 28	
Pensacola, Fla.....	27,195 14	
Apalachicola, Fla.....	4,151 74	
Key West, Fla.....	24,310 44	
		74,529 32
Mobile, Ala.....		25,251 06
Pearl River, Miss.....	8,365 00	
Natchez, Miss.....	1,867 00	
Vicksburg, Miss.....	755 08	
		10,987 08
New Orleans, La.....	221,808 33	
Teché, La.....	7,322 00	
		229,130 33
Brazos, Tex.....	50,679 87	
Corpus Christi, Tex.....	27,131 21	
Galveston, Tex.....	57,194 52	
Saluria, Tex.....	15,834 39	
Paso del Norte, Tex.....	22,395 90	
		173,235 89
Memphis, Tenn.....	2,104 15	
Chattanooga, Tenn.....	645 00	
Nashville, Tenn.....	356 00	
		3,105 15
Louisville, Ky.....		11,742 60
Miami, Ohio.....	3,991 00	
Cuyahoga, Ohio.....	24,355 74	
Cincinnati, Ohio.....	33,903 64	
Sandusky, Ohio.....	2,402 70	
		64,653 08
Detroit, Mich.....	48,281 12	
Huron, Mich.....	27,070 81	
Michigan, Mich.....	5,142 00	
Superior, Mich.....	8,366 00	
		88,859 93
Evansville, Ind.....	1,490 35	
Indianapolis, Ind.....	5,567 00	
		7,057 35
Galena, Ill.....	852 67	
Cairo, Ill.....	1,496 50	
Chicago, Ill.....	169,030 65	
		171,379 82
La Crosse, Wis.....	2,201 20	
Milwaukee, Wis.....	12,548 00	
		14,749 20
Minnesota, Minn.....	29,214 54	
Duluth, Minn.....	5,506 70	
		34,721 24
Carried forward.....		5,771,976 09

STATEMENT of EXPENSES for COLLECTING the REVENUE from CUSTOMS, by DISTRICTS, &c.—Continued.

Brought forward.....	\$5,771,976 09
Dubuque, Iowa.....	\$389 00
Burlington, Iowa.....	617 00
	1,006 00
Kansas City, Mo.....	1,873 00
Saint Joseph, Mo.....	666 00
Saint Louis, Mo.....	57,095 31
	59,634 31
Montana, Mont.....	2,731 08
Denver, Colo.....	2,536 00
Alaska, Alaska.....	13,073 00
Puget Sound, Wash.....	19,397 65
Southern, Oreg.....	617 00
Oregon, Oreg.....	9,239 00
Willamette, Oreg.....	30,601 89
Yaquina, Oreg.....	2,086 00
	42,543 89
Omaha, Nebr.....	1,603 47
San Diego, Cal.....	11,404 73
Wilmington, Cal.....	5,114 00
San Francisco, Cal.....	403,689 70
	420,208 43
	6,334,709 92
Contingent expenses and fees in customs cases.....	19,162 82
Transportation.....	1,480 46
Amount paid by disbursing agents for salaries, &c.....	89,399 53
Miscellaneous, rent, stationery, &c.....	148,756 70
	258,799 51
Total net expenditures.....	6,593,509 43

STATEMENT of EXPENDITURES for ASSESSING and COLLECTING the INTERNAL REVENUE for the FISCAL YEAR ending June 30, 1883, EMBRACING SALARIES and EXPENSES of COLLECTORS and of SUPERVISORS and SUBORDINATE OFFICERS.

Alabama, first district.....	\$10,338 08
second district.....	16,245 59
	\$26,583 67
Arkansas.....	23,020 05
Arizona.....	7,441 42
Colorado.....	16,078 07
Connecticut, first district.....	14,631 51
second district.....	12,195 64
	26,827 15
California, first district.....	59,847 38
fourth district.....	27,437 35
	87,284 73
Dakota.....	10,240 86
Delaware.....	12,009 59
Florida.....	14,190 53
Georgia, second district.....	61,726 49
third district.....	20,558 20
	82,284 69
Idaho.....	8,384 45
Illinois, first district.....	64,020 42
second district.....	9,538 21
third district.....	10,857 88
fourth district.....	22,823 38
fifth district.....	73,059 79
sixth district.....	195 70
seventh district.....	5,376 75
eighth district.....	25,130 90
thirteenth district.....	19,426 10
	230,429 13
Carried forward.....	544,774 34

STATEMENT of EXPENDITURES for ASSESSING and COLLECTING the INTERNAL REVENUE, &c.—Continued.

Brought forward		544, 774 34
Indiana, first district	\$12, 939 20	
fourth district	34, 660 86	
sixth district	16, 482 01	
seventh district	18, 257 59	
tenth district	9, 394 35	
eleventh district	7, 208 20	
		98, 942 21
Iowa, second district	9, 998 87	
third district	12, 711 76	
fourth district	8, 609 58	
fifth district	29, 820 54	
		61, 140 75
Kansas		18, 276 98
Kentucky, second district	77, 757 84	
fifth district	241, 644 17	
sixth district	87, 135 46	
seventh district	110, 230 92	
eighth district	53, 782 35	
ninth district	20, 208 40	
		590, 759 14
Louisiana		30, 746 63
Maine		9, 246 11
Massachusetts, third district	27, 945 84	
fifth district	28, 562 94	
tenth district	14, 017 42	
		70, 526 20
Maryland, third district	57, 944 51	
fourth district	53, 214 50	
		111, 159 01
Montana		10, 564 50
Missouri, first district	44, 179 94	
second district	10, 789 82	
fourth district	13, 768 30	
fifth district	11, 423 72	
sixth district	29, 852 15	
		110, 013 93
Minnesota, first district	8, 827 30	
second district	12, 627 95	
		21, 455 25
Michigan, first district	16, 819 23	
third district	9, 552 71	
fourth district	6, 925 72	
sixth district	9, 549 30	
		42, 846 96
Mississippi		20, 493 24
New York, first district	50, 236 68	
second district	38, 634 99	
third district	42, 921 75	
eleventh district	10, 102 08	
twelfth district	15, 114 50	
fourteenth district	13, 542 50	
fifteenth district	9, 234 70	
twenty-first district	10, 908 17	
twenty-fourth district	13, 051 03	
twenty-sixth district	10, 353 34	
twenty-eighth district	18, 415 21	
thirtieth district	25, 640 44	
		258, 155 39
New Jersey, first district	12, 161 33	
third district	17, 264 90	
fifth district	26, 159 63	
		55, 585 86
Nevada		7, 860 10
Carried forward		2, 062, 546 60

STATEMENT of EXPENDITURES for ASSESSING and COLLECTING the INTERNAL REVENUE, &c.—Continued.

Brought forward.....	\$2,062,546	60
Nebraska	18,513	03
New Mexico	8,007	54
New Hampshire	9,987	00
North Carolina, second district.....	\$16,830	75
fourth district	35,882	78
fifth district	67,112	08
sixth district	190,284	26
	310,109	87
Ohio, first district	79,834	28
third district	24,263	60
fourth district	11,202	34
sixth district	13,053	09
seventh district	17,586	52
tenth district	20,841	70
eleventh district	15,447	54
fifteenth district	10,405	38
eighteenth district	27,376	19
	220,010	64
Oregon	7,579	36
Pennsylvania, first district	47,582	31
eighth district	21,471	72
ninth district	30,087	61
twelfth district	20,814	19
fourteenth district	23,978	03
sixteenth district	31,054	68
nineteenth district	7,924	98
twentieth district	10,806	85
twenty-second district	69,036	93
twenty-third district	23,317	52
	286,074	82
Rhode Island	9,603	79
South Carolina	35,792	97
Tennessee, second district	28,096	02
fifth district	89,307	79
eighth district	11,811	75
	129,215	56
Texas, first district	13,776	16
third district	15,652	10
fourth district	15,207	60
	44,635	86
Utah	6,298	75
Vermont	6,403	52
Virginia, second district	27,065	87
third district	21,919	21
fourth district	21,086	77
fifth district	30,544	32
sixth district	38,027	00
	138,643	17
West Virginia, first district	13,653	74
second district	13,646	28
	27,300	02
Wisconsin, first district	29,153	78
second district	8,719	10
third district	13,236	12
sixth district	10,485	63
	61,594	63
Washington Territory	6,694	95
Wyoming Territory	5,368	80
Amount to T. J. Hobbs, disbursing clerk, for salaries of supervisors, &c. (unclassified)	938,739	65
Amount paid for telegraphing	1,529	46
Amount paid for transportation	11,928	61
Unclassified	78,128	80
Total	4,424,707	39

STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PERSONS EMPLOYED in each DISTRICT of the UNITED STATES for the COLLECTION of CUSTOMS for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883, with their OCCUPATIONS and COMPENSATION.

Districts, number of persons, and occupation.	Compensation.	Districts, number of persons, and occupation.	Compensation.
AROOSTOOK, ME.		WALDOBOROUGH, ME.—Continued.	
1 collector	\$1,500 00	1 deputy collector	\$912 50
1 special deputy collector	1,460 00	1 deputy collector	730 00
5 deputy collectors	5,475 00	1 deputy collector	693 50
PASSAMAQUODDY, ME.		BATH, ME.	
1 collector	3,000 00	1 collector	3,300 00
1 deputy collector	1,800 00	1 deputy collector	1,460 00
1 inspector	1,460 00	1 deputy collector	1,095 00
4 inspectors	4,380 00	1 deputy collector	803 00
1 inspector	1,029 00	2 inspectors	2,190 00
4 inspectors	3,650 00	1 inspector	346 75
1 inspector, temporary	150 00	1 inspector	255 50
1 night watchman	745 00		
3 night watchmen	2,190 00	PORTLAND AND FALMOUTH, ME.	
3 inspectors	2,190 00	1 collector	5,516 63
1 clerk	1,095 00	2 deputy collectors	6,000 00
FRENCHMAN'S BAY, ME.		5 clerks	5,737 80
1 collector	1,496 75	2 clerks	2,200 00
1 deputy collector	1,200 00	3 clerks	2,745 84
1 inspector	1,095 00	1 messenger	650 00
2 inspectors	1,204 50	1 watchman	730 00
1 inspector	18 25	3 weighers and gaugers	4,633 33
MACHIAS, ME.		1 marker	730 00
1 collector	1,982 61	24 inspectors	26,070 00
1 special deputy collector and in- spector	1,095 00	1 superintendent of warehouse	300 00
2 deputy collectors and inspectors	1,642 50	3 storekeepers	3,285 00
BANGOR, ME.		2 boatmen	1,460 00
1 collector	3,000 00	1 surveyor	4,500 00
1 special deputy collector	1,600 00	1 deputy surveyor	2,500 00
1 deputy collector and inspector	1,460 00	1 appraiser	3,000 00
2 deputy collectors and inspectors	2,190 00	1 assistant appraiser	2,500 00
1 deputy collector and inspector	821 00	1 examiner	104 38
1 deputy collector and inspector	594 25	1 laborer	720 00
2 inspectors	2,190 00	SACO, ME.	
1 inspector and clerk	1,095 00	1 collector	352 70
1 inspector	234 00	1 deputy collector	450 00
CASTINE, ME.		YORK, ME.	
1 collector	1,261 30	1 collector	260 84
2 deputy collectors and inspectors	2,190 00	KENNEBUNK, ME.	
3 deputy collectors and inspectors	2,463 75	1 collector	135 65
1 temporary inspector	102 00	1 deputy collector and inspector	584 00
BELFAST, ME.		PORTSMOUTH, N. H.	
1 collector	1,640 58	1 collector	1,334 40
2 deputy collectors	2,190 00	1 deputy collector and inspector	1,277 50
1 deputy collector	400 00	1 deputy collector and inspector	1,095 00
1 deputy collector	292 60	1 deputy collector and inspector	693 50
1 deputy collector	200 75	3 inspectors	3,832 50
1 deputy collector	109 50	1 special inspector	1,337 00
1 storekeeper	100 00	1 boatman	400 00
2 storekeepers	100 00	VERMONT, VT.	
WISCASSET, ME.		1 collector	2,918 50
1 collector	1,403 48	1 deputy collector, inspector, and clerk	2,500 00
1 special deputy collector	1,277 50	2 deputy collectors, inspectors, and clerks	3,600 00
2 special deputy collectors	2,190 00	2 deputy collectors, inspectors, and clerks	3,200 00
WALDOBOROUGH, ME.		2 deputy collectors, inspectors, and clerks	502 80
1 collector	3,000 00	2 deputy collectors, inspectors, and clerks	2,565 40
1 special deputy collector	1,460 00	1 deputy collector, inspector, and clerk	1,200 00
1 deputy collector	1,460 00		
1 deputy collector	1,095 00		

STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PERSONS EMPLOYED in each DISTRICT, &c.—
Continued.

Districts, number of persons, and occupation.	Compensation.	Districts, number of persons, and occupation.	Compensation.
VERMONT, Vt.—Continued.		BOSTON AND CHARLESTOWN, MASS.—Continued.	
2 deputy collectors, inspectors, and clerks	\$1,618 80	10 messengers	\$7,200 00
3 deputy collectors, inspectors, and clerks	3,412 20	1 inspector	1,460 00
12 deputy collectors and inspectors	12,957 00	1 inspector, special	1,460 00
3 deputy collectors and inspectors	2,843 50	85 inspectors	108,587 50
1 deputy collector and inspector	152 £0	1 inspector of marble	240 00
5 deputy collectors and inspectors	2,910 60	1 inspectress	200 00
1 deputy collector and inspector	122 00	1 captain of night watch	1,460 00
1 deputy collector	600 00	2 lieutenants of night watch	2,400 00
4 inspectors	*5,176 00	40 night inspectors	36,500 00
22 inspectors	19,939 00	1 day watchman	1,095 00
1 inspector	114 00	8 night watchmen	5,840 00
1 clerk	1,000 00	3 weighers	6,000 00
1 clerk	460 00	1 ganger	2,000 00
1 night watchmen	1,024 00	2 assistant gangers	2,555 00
2 boatman	380 00	3 assistant weighers	4,380 00
4 tally clerks	707 00	17 assistant weighers	21,717 50
		16 assistant weighers	17,250 00
		4 boatmen	3,285 00
NEWBURYPORT, MASS.		14 storekeepers	20,440 00
1 collector	906 06	8 storekeepers	6,400 00
1 deputy collector and inspector	1,095 00	2 foremen of laborers	1,878 00
2 inspectors, weighers, &c.	1,411 05	40 laborers	25,040 00
1 janitor	540 00	1 general appraiser	3,000 00
		2 appraisers	6,000 00
GLOUCESTER, MASS.		2 assistant appraisers	5,000 00
1 collector	2,356 00	1 clerk	1,400 00
1 deputy collector	1,500 00	1 special examiner of drugs	1,000 00
1 clerk	1,300 00	2 examiners	4,000 00
5 inspectors	5,475 00	7 examiners	12,600 00
1 inspector	300 00	1 examiner of sugar	1,800 00
1 boatman	750 00	3 examiners of sugar	4,800 00
3 storekeepers	†856 00	1 clerk	1,600 00
		1 examiner	1,500 00
SALEM AND BEVERLY, MASS.		2 clerks	2,800 00
1 collector	1,099 29	1 examiner of sugar	1,400 00
1 special deputy collector	1,525 33	2 examiners of sugar	2,400 00
1 weigher, ganger, and inspector	1,095 00	1 examiner of sugar	1,200 00
1 inspector	1,095 00	1 clerk	1,200 00
1 inspector	1,042 50	5 samplers	6,000 00
2 inspectors	1,934 50	2 samplers of sugar	2,400 00
1 janitor	540 00	3 assistant samplers	3,600 00
		1 assistant sampler	800 00
MARBLEHEAD, MASS.		1 porter and messenger	950 00
1 collector	616 77	1 messenger	800 00
1 special deputy collector, &c.	1,095 00	10 openers and packers	8,607 50
1 deputy collector and inspector	939 00	1 naval officer	5,000 00
		1 deputy naval officer	2,500 00
BOSTON AND CHARLESTOWN, MASS.		1 assistant deputy naval officer	2,000 00
1 collector	8,000 00	6 clerks	10,800 00
1 comptroller and principal clerk	4,000 00	1 clerk	1,400 00
3 deputy collectors	9,000 00	3 clerks	3,600 00
1 deputy collector	900 00	1 clerk and messenger	1,000 00
1 auditor and disbursing clerk	3,000 00	1 surveyor	5,000 00
1 cashier	3,000 00	1 deputy surveyor	2,500 00
1 assistant cashier	1,800 00	1 assistant to surveyor	2,000 00
1 clerk and storekeeper	2,000 00	1 clerk	1,600 00
1 secretary	2,500 00	2 clerks	2,800 00
6 clerks	12,000 00	1 clerk and measurer	1,300 00
4 clerks	7,200 00	1 clerk	1,000 00
1 clerk and cigar inspector	1,800 00	2 messengers	1,680 00
19 clerks	30,400 00		
27 clerks	37,800 00	PLYMOUTH, MASS.	
20 clerks	24,000 00	1 collector	2,072 44
17 clerks	17,000 00	1 deputy collector	1,000 00
1 clerk and messenger	1,000 00	2 inspectors	401 50
2 clerks and messenger	1,600 00		
1 clerk and storekeeper	1,800 00	BARNSTABLE, MASS.	
1 clerk and storekeeper	1,277 50	1 collector	2,327 08
9 messengers	7,560 00	1 deputy collector and inspector	1,095 00
		1 deputy collector and inspector	895 24
		1 deputy collector and inspector	803 00

* Partly repaid by railroad company.

† Paid by importers.

STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PERSONS EMPLOYED in each DISTRICT, &c.—
Continued.

Districts, number of persons, and occupation.	Compensation.	Districts, number of persons, and occupation.	Compensation.
BARNSTABLE, MASS.—Continued.		NEW LONDON, CONN.	
1 deputy collector and inspector	\$748 25	1 collector	\$2,438 35
1 deputy collector and inspector	748 25	1 deputy collector and clerk	1,600 00
1 deputy collector and inspector	492 75	3 inspectors	3,285 00
1 deputy collector and inspector	401 50	1 janitor	600 00
1 clerk	300 00		
1 boatman	60 00	MIDDLETOWN, CONN.	
9 storekeepers (private stores)	450 00	1 collector	2,164 00
FALL RIVER, MASS.		1 special deputy collector	1,400 00
1 collector	3,201 92	1 clerk	600 00
1 deputy collector and inspector, &c. ..	1,360 50	1 inspector	778 20
1 inspector, weigher, &c.	1,095 00	1 storekeeper	97 79
1 boatman	300 00	1 janitor	500 00
1 temporary inspector	42 00		
NEW BEDFORD, MASS.		NEW HAVEN, CONN.	
1 collector	3,000 00	1 collector	3,341 66
1 deputy collector	1,500 00	1 deputy collector and clerk	1,600 00
1 clerk	1,000 00	1 deputy collector and clerk	1,200 00
1 inspector	1,095 00	1 clerk	1,095 00
1 inspector and weigher, &c.	1,095 00	1 clerk	730 00
1 janitor	600 00	2 weighers and gaugers	2,190 00
		4 inspectors	4,340 00
EDGARTOWN, MASS.		1 inspector, night	1,003 75
1 collector	537 86	1 messenger	500 00
2 deputy collectors and inspectors, &c.	1,898 00	1 night watchman and boatman	400 00
3 inspectors	1,587 75	1 fireman	600 00
1 night watchman	600 00	1 janitor	500 00
1 boatman	300 00		
NANTUCKET, MASS.		FAIRFIELD, CONN.	
1 collector	313 94	1 collector	1,894 51
1 deputy collector	667 54	1 deputy collector, inspector, &c.	1,200 00
1 deputy collector	337 50	1 inspector	219 00
		1 inspector	200 75
PROVIDENCE, R. I.		1 temporary night inspector	32 50
1 collector	4,491 18	1 temporary laborer	17 00
1 deputy collector and cashier	2,000 00		
1 deputy collector and inspector and clerk	2,000 00	SAG HARBOR, N. Y.	
1 deputy collector	1,663 00	1 surveyor	910 25
6 inspectors, weighers, &c.	7,665 00	1 deputy collector and inspector	182 50
2 inspectors	2,190 00		
1 inspector and boarding officer	2,095 00	PATCHOGUE, N. Y.	
1 inspector	492 75	1 surveyor	323 20
1 boatman	600 00	1 deputy surveyor	
1 messenger and storekeeper	1,095 00		
1 storekeeper	730 00	PORT JEFFERSON, N. Y.	
1 watchman	603 50	1 surveyor	331 40
1 appraiser	3,000 00	1 deputy surveyor	
1 clerk, sampler, and messenger	1,200 00		
BRISTOL AND WARREN, R. I.		NEW YORK, N. Y.	
1 collector	90 79	1 collector	12,000 00
1 deputy collector and inspector, &c. ..	1,095 00	11 deputy collectors	33,000 00
1 deputy collector and inspector, &c. ..	255 50	1 assistant collector (at Jersey City) ..	2,000 00
1 boatman	216 00	1 auditor	5,000 00
		1 assistant auditor	3,500 00
NEWPORT, R. I.		1 cashier	5,000 00
1 collector	873 75	1 clerk	5,000 00
1 deputy collector	1,000 00	1 clerk	2,700 00
4 inspectors	2,326 85	10 clerks	25,000 00
1 boatman	400 00	19 clerks	41,800 00
		37 clerks	74,000 00
STONINGTON, CONN.		15 clerks	27,000 00
1 collector	600 00	48 clerks	76,800 00
1 deputy collector	500 00	69 clerks	96,600 00
1 inspector	400 00	95 clerks	114,000 00
1 inspector	300 00	1 clerk	1,095 00
		17 clerks	17,000 00
		2 clerks	1,800 00
		1 inspector (at Troy)	1,460 00
		1 detective	1,200 00
		1 bookbinder	1,200 00
		1 carpenter	1,150 00
		3 carpenters	3,285 00

STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PERSONS EMPLOYED in each DISTRICT, &c.—
Continued.

Districts, number of persons, and occupation.	Compensation.	Districts, number of persons, and occupation.	Compensation.
OSWEGO, N. Y.—Continued.		PERTH AMBOY, N. J.	
1 deputy collector and inspector	\$924 00	1 collector	\$3,600 00
1 deputy collector and inspector	1,572 00	1 deputy collector	330 00
14 inspectors	7,713 00	1 special deputy collector and in-	
2 inspectors	456 00	spector	1,095 00
5 inspectors	1,170 00	1 inspector	300 00
1 inspector	222 00	2 inspectors	1,204 50
2 inspectors	18 00	1 inspector	367 95
9 storekeepers	*2,327 50	1 clerk	98 86
1 superintendent of warehouse	*813 00	2 clerks (temporary)	614 24
		1 storekeeper	600 00
		1 boatman	462 39
		1 janitor	35 00
GENSSEE, N. Y.		LITTLE EGG HARBOR, N. J.	
1 collector	2,500 00	1 collector	517 71
4 deputy collectors and clerks	5,239 89	1 deputy collector	486 86
1 deputy collector, inspector, and clerks	1,397 55	1 inspector	508 30
5 deputy collectors and inspectors	4,557 00	1 inspector	170 00
14 inspectors	11,643 00		
NIAGARA, N. Y.		GREAT EGG HARBOR, N. J.	
1 collector	4,500 00	1 collector	548 42
1 deputy collector	2,500 00	1 deputy collector	600 00
1 deputy collector and clerk	1,800 00	2 inspectors and boatmen	1,203 00
1 deputy collector and clerk	1,500 00		
1 deputy collector and clerk	1,400 00		
1 deputy collector and cashier	1,400 00		
1 deputy clerk	1,160 10		
15 deputy collectors and inspectors	16,425 00		
1 deputy collector and inspector	1,089 00		
1 deputy collector and inspector	1,014 00		
1 deputy collector and inspector	822 00		
3 deputy collectors and inspectors	2,196 00		
1 deputy collector and inspector	459 00		
1 deputy collector and inspector	273 00		
2 storekeepers	2,920 00		
1 special inspector	1,460 00		
1 inspector	1,460 00		
3 inspectors	3,285 00		
7 inspectors	4,332 00		
1 inspectress	730 00		
1 messenger	600 00		
\$3,251.03 paid by railroad companies.			
BUFFALO CREEK, N. Y.			
1 collector	2,800 00		
1 appraiser	3,000 00		
1 deputy collector	2,500 00		
1 deputy collector	1,277 00		
2 deputy collectors	2,920 00		
2 deputy collectors	2,150 00		
1 warehouse clerk	1,400 00		
1 entry clerk	1,600 00		
3 clerks	3,600 00		
1 cashier	1,400 00		
1 night clearance clerk	735 00		
2 inspectors	1,287 00		
1 inspector	912 50		
4 inspectors	5,110 00		
1 inspector (special)	1,460 00		
5 inspectors	2,541 00		
1 messenger	528 27		
15 inspectors	16,188 00		
DUNKIRK, N. Y.			
1 collector	1,035 47		
2 inspectors	2,261 00		
NEWARK, N. J.			
1 collector	\$1,424 80		
1 deputy collector and inspector	1,200 00		
1 inspector	1,095 00		
1 temporary inspector and weigher	57 00		

* Paid by owners of warehouses.

STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PERSONS EMPLOYED in each DISTRICT, &c.—
Continued.

Districts, number of persons, and occupation.	Compensation.	Districts, number of persons, and occupation.	Compensation.
PHILADELPHIA, PA.—Continued.		BALTIMORE, MD.—Continued.	
1 messenger	\$700 00	2 messengers and copyists	\$1,799 97
2 watchmen	1,825 00	1 captain of watch	1,000 00
2 watchmen	1,440 00	4 watchmen	3,360 00
1 watchman	646 17	5 messengers	3,600 00
1 foreman of laborers	900 00	2 laborers	1,440 00
9 laborers to appraisers	6,199 22	1 inspector	1,460 00
1 marker	720 00	41 inspectors	52,181 50
1 weigher	2,000 00	5 inspectors (temporary)	903 00
18 assistant weighers	19,800 00	Night service of inspectors	*8,799 00
1 clerk	1,200 00	1 captain of night inspectors	1,277 50
2 foremen	1,825 00	1 lieutenant of night inspectors	1,095 00
1 gauger	2,000 00	32 night inspectors	34,980 00
1 assistant gauger	1,200 00	2 debenture markers	1,680 00
1 measurer	1,277 50	1 inspectress	600 00
6 special inspectors	8,760 00	1 fireman	540 00
74 inspectors	89,897 50	1 boatman	540 00
36 night inspectors	38,082 00	1 boatman	480 00
1 inspector	600 00	1 pilot	700 00
1 night inspector	891 00	1 weigher	2,000 00
1 inspectress	969 00	3 clerks	3,600 00
2 boatmen	1,440 00	1 weigher and gauger	1,300 00
1 carpenter	800 00	12 assistant weighers	14,400 00
1 superintendent warehouses	1,000 00	1 messenger	720 00
17 laborers at stores	11,899 97	1 keeper of scale-room	660 00
1 laborer to measurer	912 50	3 assistant weighers (temporary)	1,487 21
1 laborer to weigher	912 50	1 general appraiser	3,000 00
2 laborers to gauger	1,825 00	2 local appraisers	6,000 00
1 stevedore	605 00	3 examiners	5,400 00
1 watchman	912 50	3 examiners	4,800 00
ERIE, PA.		2 clerks	3,200 00
1 collector	1,997 30	1 foreman	814 65
1 deputy collector and inspector	1,600 00	6 laborers	5,030 83
1 inspector	768 00	5 laborers	3,530 00
1 inspector (additional)	376 00	1 messenger	720 00
1 inspector additional (paid by department unknown)	-----	1 clerk and storekeeper	1,800 00
1 janitor	600 00	1 clerk	1,600 00
PITTSBURGH, PA.		1 engineer	1,200 00
1 surveyor	5,000 00	1 fireman	1,092 02
1 deputy surveyor	1,800 00	4 porters	3,261 78
2 clerks	2,200 00	4 laborers	2,842 00
1 inspector and examiner	1,460 00	5 storekeepers	*7,157 50
4 inspectors	4,380 00	1 storekeeper (temporary)	45 50
1 messenger	550 00	Night service of storekeepers	*1,274 00
1 storekeeper (paid by importer)	270 00	1 naval officer	5,000 00
DELAWARE, DEL.		1 deputy naval officer	2,500 00
1 collector	2,672 97	2 clerks	3,200 00
1 special deputy collector	1,600 00	2 clerks	2,800 00
1 deputy collector	500 00	1 clerk	1,199 98
2 inspectors	2,007 50	1 clerk	1,000 00
1 inspector	602 25	1 messenger	720 00
1 inspector	62 00	Laborers on scales	10,870 98
5 boatmen	1,500 00	ANNAPOLIS, MD.	
BALTIMORE, MD.		1 collector	762 99
1 collector	7,000 00	1 deputy collector	292 00
2 deputy collectors	5,949 93	1 deputy collector and inspector	1,095 00
1 deputy collector	800 00	1 boatman	180 00
1 cashier	2,500 00	EASTERN, MD.	
1 assistant cashier	1,800 00	1 collector	3,587 27
1 auditor	2,500 00	1 deputy collector and inspector	1,095 00
1 assistant auditor	1,800 00	1 special deputy collector	-----
8 clerks (at \$1,800)	\$14,400 00	GEORGETOWN, D. C.	
7 clerks (at \$1,600)	9,868 10	1 collector	\$1,923 48
9 clerks (at \$1,400)	13,514 31	1 special deputy collector	1,600 00
5 clerks (at \$1,200)	6,000 00		
1 clerk	1,000 00		
1 messenger and copyists	1,000 00		

* Paid by consignees, warehouse owners, \$17,276.

STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PERSONS EMPLOYED in each DISTRICT, &c.—
Continued.

Districts, number of persons, and occupation.	Compensation.	Districts, number of persons, and occupation.	Compensation.
GEORGETOWN, D. C.—Continued.		ALBEMARLE, N. C.	
1 deputy collector and inspector.....	\$1,095 00	1 collector.....	\$1,478 02
1 inspector.....	1,095 00	1 special deputy collector.....	600 00
		1 inspector.....	1,095 00
ALEXANDRIA, VA.		FARMICO, N. C.	
1 collector.....	500 00	1 collector.....	1,895 00
1 deputy collector.....	1,200 00	1 deputy collector.....	1,000 00
1 inspector.....	1,095 00	1 deputy collector and inspector.....	693 50
1 janitor.....	400 00	2 deputy collectors and inspectors.....	730 00
1 watchman.....	360 00	1 deputy collector and messenger.....	320 00
		4 boatmen.....	600 00
TAPPAHANNOCK, VA.		BEAUFORT, N. C.	
1 collector.....	611 25	1 collector.....	2,500 00
1 deputy collector.....	600 00	1 deputy collector and storekeeper.....	480 00
		1 deputy collector.....	427 50
YORKTOWN, VA.		1 boatman.....	240 00
1 collector.....	1,514 59	WILMINGTON, N. C.	
1 deputy collector.....	401 87	1 collector.....	2,690 49
1 surveyor.....	59 44	1 special deputy collector.....	1,800 00
1 deputy surveyor.....	8 80	1 deputy collector and clerk.....	1,600 00
2 inspectors.....	1,868 00	1 clerk.....	1,000 00
9 inspectors (temporary).....	687 00	5 inspectors.....	5,475 00
1 boatman.....	133 24	1 messenger.....	600 00
1 boatman.....	140 00	1 watchman.....	480 00
		2 boatmen.....	840 00
RICHMOND, VA.		2 boatmen.....	720 00
1 collector.....	2,164 77	GEORGETOWN, S. C.	
1 special deputy collector.....	1,600 00	1 collector.....	571 94
1 deputy collector and inspector.....	602 25	1 deputy collector.....	600 00
1 clerk.....	1,300 00	2 boatmen.....	600 00
3 inspectors.....	3,285 00		
1 boatman.....	420 00	CHARLESTON, S. C.	
1 engineer.....	1,000 00	1 collector.....	4,609 18
1 assistant engineer.....	362 00	1 deputy collector.....	2,000 00
1 watchman.....	720 00	3 clerks.....	4,500 00
1 watchman.....	400 00	1 inspector.....	1,460 00
1 janitor.....	700 00	4 inspectors.....	4,380 00
2 gaugers (temporary).....	111 00	1 inspector, temporary.....	108 00
1 inspector.....	66 00	2 night inspectors.....	722 00
		2 night watchmen.....	1,215 40
CHERRYSTONE, VA.		2 watchmen.....	1,200 00
1 collector.....	1,057 62	1 messenger.....	730 00
1 deputy collector and inspector.....	1,277 50	4 boatmen.....	1,920 00
1 deputy collector and inspector.....	365 00		
2 boatmen.....	100 00	BEAUFORT, S. C.	
		1 collector.....	2,192 02
PETERSBURG, VA.		2 inspectors.....	2,190 00
1 collector.....	342 91	3 boatmen.....	990 00
1 deputy collector and clerk.....	1,200 00	1 boatman.....	290 00
1 deputy collector and inspector.....	1,095 00		
1 messenger and watchman.....	730 00	SAVANNAH, GA.	
		1 collector.....	4,459 52
NORFOLK AND PORTSMOUTH, VA.		1 special deputy collector.....	2,000 00
1 collector.....	3,000 00	3 clerks.....	4,500 00
1 deputy collector.....	1,600 00	2 inspectors.....	2,920 00
2 clerks.....	2,603 00	3 inspectors.....	3,285 00
1 clerk.....	900 00	3 night inspectors.....	2,156 00
1 inspector.....	1,460 00	3 boatmen.....	1,800 00
3 inspectors.....	3,285 00	1 boatman.....	360 00
1 inspector.....	397 00	1 messenger.....	720 00
1 watchman.....	783 11	1 storekeeper.....	147 00
1 boatman.....	600 00	1 temporary inspector.....	89 00
1 boatman.....	300 00		
2 boatmen.....	420 00	BRUNSWICK, GA.	
		1 collector.....	3,000 00
WHEELING, W. VA.		2 deputy collectors.....	2,190 00
1 surveyor.....	1,312 47	1 inspector.....	1,095 00
1 clerk.....	46 68	5 boatmen.....	1,500 00

STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PERSONS EMPLOYED in each DISTRICT, &c.—
Continued.

Districts, number of persons, and occupation.	Compensation.	Districts, number of persons, and occupation.	Compensation.
SAINT MARY'S, GA.		PENSACOLA, FLA.—Continued.	
1 collector	\$667 90	1 temporary inspector	\$312 00
1 deputy collector	900 00	3 temporary inspectors	540 00
1 boatman	300 00	2 temporary inspectors	180 00
ATLANTA, GA.		1 temporary watchman	150 00
1 surveyor	1,000 00	2 watchmen	240 00
FERNANDINA, FLA.		2 watchmen	180 00
1 collector	1,662 40	1 watchman	60 00
1 special deputy collector	1,429 00	MOBILE, ALA.	
2 inspectors	1,815 00	1 collector	3,189 00
1 inspector, temporary	408 00	1 special deputy collector and cashier	1,800 00
2 boatmen	260 00	1 deputy collector and clerk	1,600 00
1 boatman, temporary	8 33	1 clerk	1,400 00
SAINT AUGUSTINE, FLA.		1 inspector and acting appraiser	1,460 00
1 collector	534 00	6 inspectors	6,570 00
2 deputy collectors	960 00	2 night inspectors	1,460 00
2 boatmen	480 00	1 night watchman	730 00
1 boatman	180 00	1 messenger	730 00
SAINT JOHN'S, FLA.		4 boatmen	1,920 00
1 collector	1,535 82	1 boatman	480 00
1 deputy collector and inspector	1,095 00	3 janitors	1,500 00
1 deputy collector and inspector	492 75	PEARL RIVER, MISS.	
1 messenger	300 00	1 collector	1,932 17
KEY WEST, FLA.		2 deputy collectors	2,190 00
1 collector	\$4,307 00	2 inspectors	2,190 00
1 deputy collector	1,800 00	2 boatmen	720 00
1 deputy collector and inspector	865 33	VICKSBURG, MISS.	
3 deputy collectors and inspectors	1,642 50	1 collector	580 60
1 clerk (at \$1,800)	220 08	1 deputy collector	
3 clerks (at \$1,200)	3,600 00	1 messenger	
1 chief inspector	1,277 50	NATCHEZ, MISS.	
3 inspectors	3,285 00	1 collector	500 00
1 chief night inspector	912 50	NEW ORLEANS, LA.	
3 night inspectors	2,190 00	1 collector	7,000 00
1 watchman	730 00	2 deputy collectors	6,000 00
1 messenger	730 00	1 deputy collector	440 40
1 janitor	500 00	1 auditor	2,479 44
4 boatmen	1,600 00	1 cashier	2,500 00
4 boatmen	1,200 00	1 chief clerk	2,056 49
1 storekeeper	1,307 00	1 chief entry clerk	1,714 25
SAINT MARK'S, FLA.		1 chief entry clerk	257 09
1 collector	1,577 88	1 clerk	1,785 09
2 special deputy collectors	1,460 00	6 clerks	9,165 37
7 inspectors	2,612 40	10 clerks	13,284 74
2 boatmen	600 00	9 clerks	7,619 75
APALACHICOLA, FLA.		3 clerks	3,000 04
collector	1,215 83	1 clerk	800 00
deputy collector	911 00	2 clerks	1,200 19
PENSACOLA, FLA.		6 messengers	3,599 95
1 collector	3,000 00	1 messenger	721 50
1 special deputy collector	789 94	1 superintendent of warehouses	2,416 20
1 deputy collector and clerk	1,200 00	1 clerk and storekeeper	1,882 31
1 clerk	1,000 00	4 storekeepers	5,779 80
1 deputy collector and inspector	1,095 00	39 laborers	11,489 91
7 inspectors	7,665 00	1 appraiser	3,000 00
2 night watchmen	1,460 00	2 assistant appraisers	4,794 00
1 night watchman	548 00	4 examiners	7,051 70
1 messenger	600 00	1 examiner of drugs	917 60
1 janitor	500 00	2 openers and packers	1,424 40
4 boatmen	1,640 00	1 chief laborer	971 38
2 boatmen	940 34	1 sampler	688 20
1 boatman	360 00	1 weigher	1,965 95
		10 assistant weighers	8,569 46
		2 gaugers	2,999 97
		1 marker	600 00
		1 special inspector	1,380 00
		1 inspector	1,460 00
		35 inspectors	30,939 00

STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PERSONS EMPLOYED in each DISTRICT, &c.—
Continued.

Districts, number of persons, and occupation.	Compensation	Districts, number of persons, and occupation.	Compensation
NEW ORLEANS—Continued.		CORPUS CHRISTI, TEX.—Continued.	
1 captain night inspectors.....	\$1,035 00	1 boatman.....	\$730 00
25 night inspectors.....	17,157 50	1 porter.....	420 00
1 captain night watch.....	800 00		
5 night watchmen.....	3,000 04	BRAZOS DE SANTIAGO, TEX.	
16 boatmen.....	8,853 48	1 collector.....	4,500 00
1 naval officer.....	5,000 00	1 special deputy collector and cashier.....	2,000 00
1 deputy naval officer.....	2,404 89	1 deputy collector and inspector.....	1,481 97
1 clerk.....	1,800 00	1 deputy collector and chief clerk.....	1,800 00
1 clerk.....	1,600 00	3 clerks.....	4,800 00
2 clerks.....	2,800 00	1 storekeeper, weigher, &c.....	1,400 00
1 messenger.....	600 00	12 mounted inspectors.....	17,420 00
1 surveyor.....	3,500 00	5 inspectors.....	6,107 50
1 deputy surveyor.....	2,294 00	3 deputy collectors and inspectors.....	3,832 50
1 clerk.....	1,468 10	1 inspector.....	264 00
1 clerk.....	1,400 00	1 inspector.....	912 50
1 clerk.....	1,200 00	1 inspectress.....	1,095 00
2 messengers.....	1,200 00	1 messenger.....	750 00
		1 watchman.....	729 60
TECHE, LA.		1 temporary inspector.....	28 00
1 collector.....	1,699 78	1 temporary inspector.....	77 00
2 deputy collectors.....	2,190 00	4 temporary inspectors.....	364 00
2 inspectors.....	2,190 00		
3 boatmen.....	1,440 00	PASO DEL NORTE, TEX.	
		1 collector.....	2,000 00
GALVESTON, TEX.		1 deputy collector.....	1,600 00
1 collector.....	4,500 00	1 special deputy collector.....	1,500 00
1 clerk.....	2,000 00	1 clerk.....	1,277 50
2 clerks.....	2,851 60	2 deputy collectors.....	2,555 00
3 clerks.....	4,800 00	1 deputy collector.....	1,204 50
1 clerk.....	1,200 00	1 deputy collector.....	730 00
1 acting appraiser.....	1,800 00	2 deputy collectors.....	2,007 50
1 special inspector.....	916 00	1 storekeeper.....	400 00
1 chief inspector.....	1,460 00	4 mounted inspectors.....	5,110 00
2 mounted inspectors.....	2,920 00	1 mounted inspector.....	1,095 00
9 inspectors.....	11,497 50		
33 temporary inspectors.....	1,645 00	MEMPHIS, TENN.	
1 inspector.....	234 30	1 surveyor.....	1,025 97
1 quarantine officer.....	705 65	1 deputy surveyor.....	1,000 00
1 stor-keeper.....	1,460 00	1 porter.....	90 00
4 bonded storekeepers.....	3,300 00		
7 night inspectors.....	7,665 00	CHATTANOOGA, TENN.	
2 boatmen.....	1,460 00	1 surveyor.....	616 25
1 messenger.....	730 00		
1 porter.....	500 00	NASHVILLE, TENN.	
1 laborer.....	480 00	1 surveyor.....	613 86
SALURIA, TEX.		LOUISVILLE, KY.	
1 collector.....	2,444 56	1 surveyor.....	4,375 95
1 special deputy collector.....	1,382 27	1 special deputy surveyor and clerk.....	1,600 00
3 deputy collectors and inspectors.....	3,609 69	1 deputy surveyor and bookkeeper.....	1,400 00
1 deputy collector and mounted in- spector.....	1,277 50	1 deputy surveyor and clerk.....	1,200 00
3 mounted inspectors.....	3,832 50	1 inspector, examiner, &c.....	1,277 50
1 mounted inspector.....	1,460 00	1 inspector, weigher, &c.....	1,095 00
2 inspectors.....	462 00	1 messenger.....	547 50
1 temporary inspector.....	177 00	1 laborer.....	145 71
1 boatman.....	463 22		
1 porter and messenger.....	360 00	CINCINNATI, OHIO.	
		1 surveyor.....	5,000 00
CORPUS CHRISTI, TEX.		1 special deputy surveyor.....	2,000 00
1 collector.....	4,500 00	1 deputy surveyor and cashier.....	1,400 00
2 deputy collectors.....	3,200 00	1 clerk.....	1,200 00
1 deputy collector and clerk.....	1,400 00	2 clerks.....	2,349 40
2 deputy collectors and inspectors.....	2,555 00	1 clerk.....	1,400 00
4 mounted inspectors.....	5,840 00	1 clerk.....	1,095 00
1 storekeeper.....	1,460 00	1 clerk.....	1,000 00
1 inspector and clerk.....	1,277 50	1 clerk.....	101 10
3 inspectors.....	3,832 50	1 appraiser.....	3,000 00
1 inspector.....	952 00		
1 clerk.....	1,200 00		

* Paid by owners warehouse.

STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PERSONS EMPLOYED in each DISTRICT, &c.—
Continued.

Districts, number of persons, and occupation.	Compensation.	Districts, number of persons, and occupation.	Compensation.
CINCINNATI, OHIO—Continued.		HURON, MICH.—Continued.	
1 examiner	\$1,600 00	1 deputy collector and clerk	\$1,225 00
1 opener and packer	900 00	1 deputy collector and clerk	800 00
1 porter, &c.	720 00	2 deputy collectors	2,000 00
1 laborer	589 90	1 deputy collector	913 00
1 weigher, gauger, and measurer	1,429 00	3 deputy collectors	2,700 00
3 inspectors	3,832 50	1 watchman	735 00
1 inspector	124 00	1 deputy collector and messenger	585 16
1 storekeeper	1,095 00	5 deputy collectors and inspectors	4,565 00
1 messenger	480 00	1 deputy collector and inspector	730 50
1 drug examiner	40 00	1 deputy collector and night in-	
1 special inspector	3 50	spector	580 50
1 night watchman	60	1 deputy collector and inspector	1,500 00
CUYAHOGA, OHIO.		18 deputy collectors and inspectors	10,869 17
1 collector	3,020 95	10 inspectors	8,274 00
1 special deputy collector	1,800 00	1 inspectress	197 60
1 deputy collector	1,200 00	SUPERIOR, MICH.	
1 appraiser	3,000 00	1 collector	2,500 00
1 deputy collector and clerk	1,200 00	1 special deputy collector and in-	
1 deputy collector and inspector	1,277 50	spector	639 56
1 deputy collector and inspector	1,095 00	1 deputy collector and inspector	1,000 00
1 clerk	1,200 00	10 deputy collectors and inspectors	2,974 05
1 clerk	900 00	2 inspectors	2,190 00
3 inspectors	3,120 00	MICHIGAN, MICH.	
1 deputy collector and mounted in-		1 collector	2,500 00
spector	912 50	1 deputy collector and inspector	912 50
1 night watchman	1,052 50	17 deputy collectors and inspectors	3,850 81
1 opener and packer	720 00	1 deputy collector and clerk	630 00
5 deputy collectors and inspectors	1,551 25	1 clerk	103 00
SANDUSKY, OHIO.		1 special deputy collector	1,200 00
1 collector	2,500 00	1 special inspector	15 00
1 deputy collector	1,000 00	EVANSVILLE, IND.	
2 deputy collectors	803 00	1 surveyor	678 50
2 deputy collectors	401 50	1 deputy surveyor	800 00
2 deputy collectors	219 00	CHICAGO, ILL.	
1 deputy collector	97 60	1 collector	7,000 00
MIAMI, OHIO.		1 deputy collector and clerk	3,000 00
1 collector	2,500 00	1 deputy collector and clerk	2,200 00
1 special deputy collector	1,400 00	1 deputy collector and clerk	2,016 50
1 deputy collector	1,200 00	1 deputy collector and clerk	1,800 00
1 night deputy collector	903 00	1 deputy collector and clerk	1,600 00
1 inspector	1,095 00	1 deputy collector at South Chicago	234 00
DETROIT, MICH.		1 surveyor, Michigan City	350 00
1 collector	3,595 00	1 auditor	2,200 00
1 appraiser	3,000 00	1 assistant auditor	1,800 00
1 special deputy collector	2,250 00	1 cashier	2,200 00
1 chief clerk	1,679 97	1 assistant cashier	1,335 30
1 cashier	1,620 03	1 correspondence clerk	2,200 00
1 deputy collector and clerk	1,600 00	1 chief entry clerk	1,800 00
2 deputy collectors and clerks	2,800 00	1 assistant entry clerk	1,600 00
1 deputy collector and clerk	1,300 00	1 liquidating clerk	1,700 00
9 deputy collectors and clerks	8,970 66	2 clerks (at \$1,600)	3,200 00
2 special inspectors	2,920 00	1 clerk	1,400 00
1 deputy collector	1,400 00	1 clerk	1,304 90
2 deputy collectors	1,800 00	2 clerk (\$1,300)	2,600 00
25 deputy collectors and inspectors	19,571 30	1 clerk	1,200 00
9 deputy collectors, inspectors, and		1 clerk	1,192 71
clerks	3,768 50	1 clerk	1,186 81
5 inspectors	4,562 50	1 clerk	1,100 00
2 inspectors	930 00	1 clerk	1,000 00
1 storekeeper	1,095 00	2 clerks	1,458 34
1 messenger	59 00	1 clerk	500 00
HURON, MICH.		1 clerk	226 94
collector	2,500 00	1 chief weigher	1,500 00
special deputy collector	2,000 00	1 assistant weigher	1,460 00
deputy collector and chief clerk	1,425 00	1 gauger	1,460 00
deputy collector	1,500 00	13 inspectors	16,649 00
deputy collector and clerk	1,500 00	13 inspectors	14,235 00
		8 inspectors	5,565 00
		messenger	900 00

STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PERSONS EMPLOYED in each DISTRICT, &c.—
Continued.

Districts, number of persons, and occupation.	Compensation.	Districts, number of persons, and occupation.	Compensation.
CHICAGO, ILL.—Continued.		BURLINGTON, IOWA.	
1 messenger	\$720 00	1 surveyor	\$516 72
1 messenger	450 00	SAINT LOUIS, MO.	
1 watchman	912 50	1 appraiser	5,000 00
1 watchman	455 00	1 appraiser	3,000 00
2 laborers	1,272 00	1 special deputy surveyor	2,500 00
1 laborer	64 00	1 cashier	1,755 44
1 laborer	16 00	1 deputy surveyor and chief inspector	1,800 00
7 storekeepers	4,506 00	1 deputy surveyor	1,800 00
1 appraiser	3,000 00	2 deputy surveyors	3,200 00
1 examiner	2,000 00	1 examiner	1,400 00
1 examiner	1,800 00	1 examiner (temporary)	219 25
1 examiner	1,600 00	1 clerk	1,400 00
1 clerk	1,200 00	1 liquidating clerk (temporary)	591 70
1 messenger	912 50	1 clerk (temporary)	289 06
2 openers and packers	1,825 00	1 clerk (temporary)	1,031 52
1 laborer	562 00	1 clerk	1,200 00
GALENA, ILL.		1 clerk (temporary)	573 39
1 surveyor	420 99	1 clerk (temporary)	872 83
1 deputy surveyor and clerk	500 00	1 clerk (temporary)	206 44
CAIRO, ILL.		1 assistant weigher	1,000 00
1 surveyor	947 66	1 clerk	741 03
1 deputy surveyor	600 00	1 messenger	840 00
MILWAUKEE, WIS.		2 inspectors	2,920 00
1 collector	2,875 38	4 inspectors	5,110 00
1 special deputy collector	1,800 00	1 watchman	912 50
1 special deputy collector (temporary)	632 00	1 storekeeper	912 50
1 deputy collector and clerk	1,600 00	1 sampler (temporary)	137 50
1 deputy collector and clerk	1,200 00	2 laborers	960 00
1 deputy collector and inspector	1,460 00	KANSAS CITY, MO.	
1 deputy collector and inspector	1,095 00	1 surveyor	1,151 43
1 opener and packer	600 00	SAINT JOSEPH, MO.	
5 deputy collectors and inspectors	1,770 25	1 surveyor (no report)	
LA CROSSE, WIS.		OMAHA, NEBR.	
1 surveyor	1,200 00	1 surveyor	450 00
DULUTH, MINN.		1 deputy surveyor	1,095 00
1 collector	3,055 00	DENVER, COLO.	
1 special deputy collector	1,460 00	1 surveyor	1,225 76
1 deputy collector	24 70	1 janitor	72 00
1 deputy collector	1,095 00	MONTANA* AND IDAHO.	
1 clerk and inspector	1,104 00	1 collector	1,092 80
1 inspector	856 00	1 deputy collector and mounted inspector	892 50
1 inspector	459 00	PUGET SOUND, WASH. TER.	
MINNESOTA, MINN.		1 collector	3,000 00
1 collector	2,500 00	1 deputy collector	2,150 00
1 special deputy collector	1,460 00	2 deputy collectors	3,000 00
1 deputy collector	2,000 00	1 deputy collector	1,460 00
2 deputy collectors	2,920 00	3 inspectors	3,600 00
2 deputy collectors	1,960 00	1 inspector	1,277 50
2 deputy collectors	3,190 00	3 inspectors	4,380 00
1 deputy collector and inspector	2,000 00	3 boatmen	1,910 00
1 clerk	1,095 00	1 night watchman	730 00
2 mounted inspectors	2,555 00	OREGON, OREG.	
12 inspectors	10,633 00	1 collector	3,000 00
NOTE.—Of the above salaries, the railroad companies paid \$9,803.		1 deputy collector	1,800 00
DUBUQUE, IOWA.		1 deputy collector	1,275 00
1 surveyor	438 00	1 inspector	1,460 00
1 deputy surveyor and janitor	600 00	1 inspector	1,216 00
1 assistant janitor	300 00	2 boatmen	960 00
		7 temporary inspectors	516 00

STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PERSONS EMPLOYED in each DISTRICT, &c.—
Continued.

Districts, number of persons, and occupation.	Compensation.	Districts, number of persons, and occupation.	Compensation.
WILLAMETTE, OREG.		SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.—Continued.	
1 collector	\$4,200 00	1 assistant storekeeper	\$1,642 50
1 deputy collector	2,400 00	8 assistant storekeepers	11,680 00
1 deputy collector	2,200 00	25 laborers	22,500 00
1 appraiser	3,000 00	2 appraisers	7,250 00
1 clerk	1,500 00	2 assistant appraisers	5,000 00
1 clerk	1,200 00	5 examiners	10,000 00
3 inspectors	4,380 00	1 examiner	1,600 00
3 night inspectors	2,737 00	4 samplers	4,800 00
1 weigher and gauger	1,460 00	1 naval officer	5,000 00
1 opener and packer	1,250 00	1 deputy naval officer	3,125 00
1 storekeeper	1,200 00	1 clerk	1,400 00
SOUTHERN OREGON.		1 messenger	1,000 00
1 collector	1,000 00	1 surveyor	5,000 00
1 special deputy collector	200 00	1 deputy surveyor	3,625 00
YAQUINA, OREG.		52 inspectors	72,540 00
1 collector	1,000 00	1 inspectress	1,095 00
1 special deputy collector	600 00	48 night inspectors	37,575 00
HUMBOLDT, CAL.		1 inspector at Benicia	741 89
1 collector	3,000 00	2 boatmen	1,800 00
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.		1 gauger	2,000 00
1 collector	7,000 00	3 weighers	6,000 00
1 auditor	4,000 00	16 assistant weighers	19,200 00
3 deputy collectors	10,875 00	1 assistant gauger	900 00
3 deputy collectors	2,118 21	WILMINGTON, CAL.	
1 cashier	3,500 00	1 collector	1,236 09
1 adjuster	3,000 00	1 deputy collector	733 01
4 clerks (at \$2,000 per annum)	8,000 00	2 inspectors	1,026 90
27 clerks (at \$1,800 per annum)	48,600 00	2 inspectors	936 00
9 clerks (at \$1,600 per annum)	14,400 00	9 inspectors (temporary)	1,311 00
3 clerks (at \$1,500 per annum)	2,547 67	SAN DIEGO, CAL.	
6 clerks (at \$1,200 per annum)	7,200 00	1 collector	3,000 00
5 messengers	4,500 00	1 deputy collector	1,100 00
1 messenger	600 00	1 deputy collector (temporary)	279 89
6 watchmen	5,400 00	3 inspectors	3,285 00
1 superintendent of warehouses	1,800 00	8 inspectors (temporary)	2,121 63
		ALASKA.	
		1 collector (no report)	

STATEMENT showing the NUMBER and TONNAGE of REGISTERED, ENROLLED, and LICENSED VESSELS of the UNITED STATES, June 30, 1883.

States and Territories in which documented.	Registered.		Enrolled.		Licensed.		Total.	
	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.
Maine	370	330, 510. 97	1, 677	196, 111. 45	561	7, 168. 10	2, 608	533, 790. 52
New Hampshire	4	4, 828. 27	45	3, 963. 75	17	270. 37	66	9, 062. 39
Vermont			30	4, 206. 93			30	4, 206. 93
Massachusetts	449	212, 810. 58	1, 359	223, 886. 58	424	5, 312. 51	2, 232	442, 009. 67
Rhode Island	5	1, 164. 18	131	39, 373. 22	146	1, 474. 31	282	42, 011. 71
Connecticut	23	4, 638. 14	540	94, 973. 12	304	3, 615. 59	867	103, 226. 85
New York	592	433, 309. 08	3, 927	73, 135. 80	961	11, 762. 75	5, 480	1, 175, 207. 63
New Jersey	59	6, 679. 95	832	113, 461. 33	516	5, 806. 00	1, 407	125, 947. 28
Pennsylvania	90	69, 262. 33	889	218, 092. 57	159	2, 391. 87	1, 138	290, 646. 77
Delaware	1	249. 30	142	17, 004. 63	34	423. 39	177	17, 677. 32
Maryland	64	23, 966. 58	1, 080	94, 414. 61	837	10, 666. 04	1, 981	129, 047. 23
District of Columbia	1	533. 25	49	9, 767. 56	34	445. 55	84	10, 746. 36
Virginia	14	4, 942. 17	388	24, 750. 22	828	8, 592. 86	1, 230	38, 285. 25
North Carolina	14	3, 505. 58	105	8, 936. 93	221	2, 433. 91	340	14, 876. 42
South Carolina	8	2, 909. 39	85	8, 963. 71	126	1, 583. 80	219	13, 456. 90
Georgia	22	9, 636. 46	58	24, 388. 98	40	535. 09	120	34, 560. 53
Florida	69	15, 048. 94	144	16, 339. 37	229	2, 665. 96	442	34, 054. 27
Alabama	19	5, 256. 95	78	7, 750. 85	77	667. 37	154	13, 675. 17
Mississippi	6	1, 667. 14	88	7, 331. 82	73	923. 44	167	9, 922. 40
Louisiana	61	21, 175. 21	218	49, 413. 82	287	3, 013. 38	566	73, 602. 41
Texas	14	1, 353. 95	105	7, 581. 84	155	1, 736. 40	274	10, 672. 19
Tennessee			99	17, 175. 41	9	140. 32	108	17, 315. 73
Kentucky			53	18, 057. 90	4	60. 17	57	18, 118. 07
Missouri			283	178, 176. 62	13	212. 24	296	178, 388. 86
Iowa			67	9, 456. 90	5	78. 18	72	9, 535. 08
Nebraska			23	4, 493. 85			23	4, 493. 85
Minnesota			64	8, 149. 26	5	86. 74	69	8, 236. 00
Wisconsin			399	85, 412. 93	1	16. 91	400	85, 429. 84
Illinois	5	3, 006. 70	416	74, 573. 90	8	110. 67	429	77, 691. 27
Indiana			64	6, 051. 50			64	6, 051. 50
Michigan	1	721. 70	1, 115	213, 149. 14			1, 116	213, 870. 84
Ohio	1	21. 49	417	147, 296. 84	6	81. 58	424	147, 399. 91
West Virginia			107	14, 659. 32	3	45. 42	110	14, 704. 74
Arizona	2	424. 50					2	424. 50
California	192	115, 113. 66	557	113, 278. 63	135	1, 775. 97	884	230, 168. 26
Oregon	9	8, 641. 34	109	43, 922. 47	27	430. 88	145	52, 994. 69
Washington	74	20, 626. 68	47	22, 943. 17	10	212. 14	140	43, 781. 99
Alaska	5	90. 16	1	23. 29	8	82. 47	14	195. 92
Total	2, 174	1, 302, 094. 65	15, 791	2, 858, 570. 22	6, 252	74, 822. 38	24, 217	4, 235, 487. 25
SUMMARY.								
Atlantic and Gulf coasts	1, 882	1, 153, 045. 15	10, 458	1, 599, 020. 29	5, 977	70, 896. 84	18, 317	2, 822, 962. 28
Pacific coast	282	144, 896. 34	714	180, 167. 56	189	2, 501. 46	1, 185	327, 565. 36
Northern lakes	8	3, 949. 99	3, 385	719, 766. 51	10	195. 43	3, 403	723, 911. 93
Western rivers	2	203. 17	1, 234	359, 615. 86	76	1, 228. 65	1, 312	361, 047. 68
Grand total	2, 174	1, 302, 094. 65	15, 791	2, 858, 570. 22	6, 252	74, 822. 38	24, 217	4, 235, 487. 25

STATEMENT showing the NUMBER and TONNAGE of SAILING VESSELS, STEAM VESSELS, CANAL-BOATS, and BARGES in each of the UNITED STATES, June 30, 1883.

States and Territories in which documented.	Sailing vessels.		Steam vessels.		Canal-boats.		Barges.		Total.	
	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.
Maine.....	2,504	513,883.65	101	18,953.85			3	973.02	2,608	533,790.52
New Hampshire.....	58	8,649.03	8	2,413.36					66	9,062.39
Vermont.....	16	1,150.37	7	2,308.30					30	4,206.93
Massachusetts.....	2,042	373,704.71	177	64,309.62	7	748.26			2,232	442,009.67
Rhode Island.....	233	18,304.66	49	23,707.05			12	3,995.34	2,382	42,011.71
Connecticut.....	351	40,776.42	135	34,202.82	2	251.69	179	27,995.81	367	103,236.85
New York.....	2,852	567,134.99	1,223	424,030.01	919	84,934.83	486	99,107.73	5,480	1,175,207.63
New Jersey.....	977	60,154.63	127	17,952.20	214	26,429.66	89	21,380.79	1,407	125,947.28
Pennsylvania.....	592	141,045.81	473	138,863.20	44	5,821.86	29	5,215.90	1,138	290,646.77
Delaware.....	156	13,743.68	21	3,933.64					177	17,677.32
Maryland.....	1,823	80,499.60	154	47,370.17			4	1,177.46	1,981	129,047.23
District of Columbia.....	49	29,887.41	35	8,406.33					84	10,746.36
Virginia.....	1,126	29,887.41	104	8,397.84					1,230	38,285.25
North Carolina.....	285	10,087.08	55	4,789.34					340	14,876.42
South Carolina.....	174	7,198.20	45	6,258.70					219	13,456.90
Georgia.....	78	13,035.57	42	21,524.96					120	34,560.53
Florida.....	355	24,177.27	87	9,877.00					442	34,054.27
Alabama.....	99	7,430.69	45	5,780.52			10	413.96	154	13,675.17
Mississippi.....	121	5,187.01	46	4,735.39					167	9,922.40
Louisiana.....	230	13,849.26	186	53,753.15			3	735.08	566	73,692.41
Texas.....	235	6,628.63	36	3,808.48					274	10,672.19
Tennessee.....			108	17,315.73					168	17,315.73
Kentucky.....			57	13,118.07					57	13,118.07
Missouri.....			161	62,462.45			135	115,926.41	296	178,388.86
Iowa.....			72	9,535.08					72	9,535.08
Nebraska.....			23	4,493.85					23	4,493.85
Minnesota.....			56	6,703.30			13	1,532.70	69	8,236.00
Wisconsin.....	257	55,011.59	142	30,344.67			1	73.58	400	85,423.84
Illinois.....	242	57,545.82	186	19,874.07					429	77,691.27
Indiana.....			64	6,051.50					64	6,051.50
Michigan.....	497	84,609.19	517	99,544.25			102	29,717.40	1,116	213,870.84
Ohio.....	170	57,824.97	244	86,514.10			10	3,060.84	424	147,399.91
West Virginia.....			110	14,704.74					110	14,704.74
Arizona.....			2	424.50					2	424.50
California.....	699	142,874.40	185	87,993.86					884	230,868.26
Oregon.....	35	7,866.70	102	39,153.01			8	5,972.98	145	52,994.69
Washington.....	78	35,736.11	62	7,986.88					140	43,721.99
Alaska.....	12	130.29	2	65.63					14	195.92
Grand total.....	16,697	2,386,556.77	5,249	1,413,193.73	1,186	112,186.35	1,085	317,550.40	24,217	4,235,487.25

SUMMARY.

Atlantic and Gulf coasts	14,500	1,889,436.12	2,564	730,308.84	461	52,945.29	772	150,272.03	18,317	2,822,962.28
Pacific coast	824	186,666.50	353	134,925.88	.....	.....	8	5,972.98	1,185	327,565.36
Northern lakes	1,373	310,454.15	1,149	304,641.82	725	65,241.06	156	43,574.90	3,403	723,911.83
Western rivers .....	.....	.....	1,163	243,317.19	.....	.....	149	117,730.49	1,312	361,047.68
Grand total	16,697	2,386,556.77	5,249	1,413,193.73	1,186	118,186.35	1,085	317,550.40	24,217	4,235,487.25

STATEMENT showing the NUMBER and TONNAGE of VESSELS of the UNITED STATES employed in the COD and MACKEREL FISHERIES, June 30, 1883

States and customs districts in which documented.	Vessels above 20 tons.		Vessels under 20 tons.		Total.	
	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.
MAINE.						
Passamaquoddy.....	115	13,368.25	24	301.56	139	13,669.81
Machias.....	8	266.83	22	283.18	30	550.01
Frenchman's Bay.....	27	1,385.58	32	346.15	59	1,731.73
Castine.....	36	2,134.09	28	355.85	64	2,489.94
Bangor.....			4	60.41	4	60.41
Belfast.....	26	1,323.09	34	373.11	60	1,696.20
Waldoborough.....	72	2,804.53	84	1,072.34	156	3,876.87
Wiscasset.....	35	1,946.44	44	512.89	79	2,459.33
Bath.....	1	31.00	11	113.17	12	144.17
Portland and Falmouth.....	113	6,522.15	38	502.34	151	7,024.49
Saco.....	1	31.30	6	53.79	7	85.09
Kennebunk.....	6	189.70	11	113.15	17	302.85
York.....	1	34.10	5	49.11	6	83.21
Total.....	441	30,037.06	343	4,137.05	784	34,174.11
NEW HAMPSHIRE.						
Portsmouth.....	29	5,753.10	6	79.35	35	5,832.45
MASSACHUSETTS.						
Newburyport.....	10	331.24	9	94.29	19	425.53
Gloucester.....	343	21,633.62	68	809.92	411	22,443.54
Salem and Beverly.....	13	865.15	12	140.08	25	1,005.23
Marblehead.....	21	1,111.09	16	179.47	37	1,290.56
Boston and Charlestown.....	51	3,015.16	10	77.18	61	3,092.34
Plymouth.....	9	606.61	14	139.58	23	746.19
Barnstable.....	174	14,107.43	41	452.40	215	14,559.83
Nantucket.....			11	68.10	11	68.10
Edgartown.....			3	18.37	3	18.37
New Bedford.....	9	608.00	45	466.37	54	1,074.37
Fall River.....	3	131.11	17	211.99	20	343.10
Total.....	633	42,409.41	246	2,657.75	879	45,067.16
RHODE ISLAND.						
Providence.....			42	333.07	42	333.07
Bristol and Warren.....			4	34.24	4	34.24
Newport.....	16	934.09	47	486.30	63	1,420.39
Total.....	16	934.09	93	853.61	109	1,787.70
CONNECTICUT.						
Stonington.....	25	993.88	40	409.25	65	1,403.13
New London.....	28	1,193.12	34	457.09	62	1,650.21
Total.....	53	2,187.00	74	866.34	127	3,053.34
NEW YORK.						
New York.....	18	851.65	106	714.12	124	1,565.77
Sag Harbor.....			87	865.29	87	865.29
Total.....	18	851.65	193	1,579.41	211	2,431.06
NEW JERSEY.*						
Little Egg Harbor.....	1	25.65	3	51.01	4	76.66
MARYLAND.						
Baltimore.....	34	1,222.00			34	1,222.00
VIRGINIA.						
Tappahannock.....	6	246.17	30	285.20	36	531.37
NORTH CAROLINA.						
New Berne.....	2	44.87	4	50.57	6	95.44

STATEMENT showing the NUMBER and TONNAGE of VESSELS, &c.—Continued.

States and customs districts in which documented.	Vessels above 20 tons.		Vessels under 20 tons.		Total.	
	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.
FLORIDA.						
Pensacola	8	497.63	3	37.98	11	535.61
ALABAMA.						
Mobile.....	2	66.89	4	70.43	6	137.32
CALIFORNIA.						
San Diego.....	2	46.33	4	42.40	6	88.73
San Francisco			1	5.27	1	5.27
Total	2	46.33	5	47.67	7	94.00
SUMMARY.						
Maine.....	441	30,037.06	343	4,137.05	784	34,174.11
New Hampshire	29	5,753.10	6	79.35	35	5,832.45
Massachusetts	633	42,409.41	246	2,657.75	879	45,067.16
Rhode Island	16	934.09	93	853.61	109	1,787.70
Connecticut.....	53	2,187.00	74	866.34	127	3,053.34
New York	18	851.65	193	1,579.41	211	2,431.06
New Jersey.....	1	25.65	3	51.01	4	76.66
Maryland	34	1,222.00			34	1,222.00
Virginia	6	246.17	30	285.20	36	531.37
North Carolina	2	44.87	4	50.57	6	95.44
Florida	8	497.63	3	37.98	11	535.61
Alabama	2	66.89	4	70.43	6	137.32
California	2	46.33	5	47.67	7	94.00
Total	1,245	84,321.85	1,004	10,716.37	2,249	95,038.22

STATEMENT showing the NUMBER and TONNAGE of VESSELS of the UNITED STATES employed in the WHALE FISHERIES, June 30, 1883.

Customs districts in which documented	No.	Tons.
Boston, Mass	5	794.87
Barnstable, Mass	12	1,126.63
Edgartown, Mass	5	891.28
New Bedford, Mass. (sail)	110	27,602.44
New Bedford, Mass. (steam)	3	1,298.39
New London, Conn	6	700.44
Total	141	32,414.05

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT showing the CLASS, NUMBER, and TONNAGE of VESSELS BUILT in the UNITED STATES during the year ended June 30, 1883.

States and Territories in which built.	Sailing vessels.		Steam vessels.		Canal-boats.		Barges.		Total.	
	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.
THE ATLANTIC AND GULF COASTS.										
Maine.....	105	72, 141.57	14	7, 153.43					179	79, 295.00
New Hampshire.....	1	561.40							1	561.40
Massachusetts.....	83	15, 906.63	12	4, 350.86					95	20, 257.49
Rhode Island.....			4	170.03					4	170.03
Connecticut.....	23	3, 149.52	12	2, 224.29			28	4, 567.95	63	9, 941.76
New York.....	55	3, 374.22	47	6, 337.31			8	1, 698.70	118	12, 331.17
Pennsylvania.....	32	2, 780.69	6	220.83			2	918.63	40	3, 959.15
Delaware.....	21	4, 192.41	41	34, 263.54			1	442.23	65	43, 511.18
Maryland.....	105	3, 388.92	12	5, 682.96			2	597.56	35	10, 632.93
Virginia.....	30	2, 481.33	5	1, 358.90					11	4, 747.82
North Carolina.....	19	235.37	8	500.32					35	2, 881.85
South Carolina.....	7	68.77	6	339.37					27	594.74
Georgia.....	3	48.48		980.19					13	1, 048.96
Florida.....	21	320.19	11	1, 012.06					3	48.48
Alabama.....	5	56.78	1	75.75					32	1, 332.25
Mississippi.....	10	173.52					12	294.80	18	427.33
Louisiana.....	19	341.44	2	73.17					10	173.52
Texas.....	9	96.02	2	64.91					21	414.61
Total Atlantic and Gulf coasts.....	631	119, 061.67	189	65, 078.12	8	920.94	53	8, 549.87	881	193, 610.60
THE PACIFIC COAST.										
California.....	41	6, 638.51	11	2, 408.06					52	9, 047.47
Oregon.....	5	1, 690.94	14	578.09			1	1, 170.96	20	3, 730.99
Washington.....	10	3, 218.39	9	732.12					19	3, 950.51
Total Pacific coast.....	56	11, 547.84	34	4, 019.17			1	1, 170.96	91	16, 737.97
THE NORTHERN LAKES.										
Vermont.....										99.45
New York.....	6	354.44	25	4, 233.32	1	99.45			1	99.45
Ohio.....	4	3, 869.11	9	1, 311.82	33	3, 690.52	1	324.25	65	8, 602.53
Michigan.....	15	1, 123.69	41	9, 332.96			2	834.12	58	5, 180.93
Illinois.....	3	237.95	9	344.77					13	11, 290.77
Wisconsin.....	6	851.47	15	1, 996.17					12	582.72
Minnesota.....			1	34.38					21	2, 847.64
Total Northern lakes.....	34	6, 436.66	100	17, 253.42	34	3, 789.97	3	1, 158.37	171	28, 638.42

THE WESTERN RIVERS.

Louisiana.....	3	452.22	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	452.22
Tennessee.....	16	1,254.43	.....	.....	.....	.....	16	1,254.43
Kentucky.....	18	7,946.57	.....	.....	.....	4	22	11,629.74
Missouri.....	6	1,343.76	.....	.....	.....	1	7	1,538.57
Iowa.....	6	520.80	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	520.80
Nebraska.....	3	921.68	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	921.68
Minnesota.....	5	368.98	.....	.....	.....	3	8	880.23
Illinois.....	4	391.22	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	391.22
Indiana.....	8	372.21	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	372.21
Ohio.....	14	2,891.65	.....	.....	.....	1	15	4,026.27
West Virginia.....	22	2,083.30	.....	.....	.....	.....	22	2,083.30
Pennsylvania.....	6	3,040.25	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	3,040.25
Total Western rivers.....	116	20,879.07	.....	.....	.....	9	125	26,442.92
SUMMARY.								
Atlantic and Gulf coasts.....	631	119,061.67	.....	.....	.....	53	881	193,610.60
Pacific coast.....	56	11,547.84	.....	.....	.....	1	91	1,737.97
Northern lakes.....	34	6,436.66	.....	.....	.....	3	171	28,638.42
Western rivers.....	116	20,879.07	.....	.....	.....	9	125	26,442.92
Grand total.....	721	137,046.17	.....	.....	.....	66	1,268	265,429.91

*SUMMARY STATEMENT of SAILING VESSELS BUILT in the UNITED STATES
during the year ended June 30, 1883.*

Class of vessels.	No.	Tons.
Ships	15	28, 886. 90
Barks	4	2, 241. 37
Barkentines	14	7, 734. 60
Brigs	2	894. 85
Schooners	567	95, 774. 72
Sloops	119	1, 513. 73
Total	721	137, 046. 17

*SUMMARY STATEMENT of STEAM VESSELS BUILT in the UNITED STATES
during the year ended June 30, 1883.*

Class of vessels.	No.	Tons.
River steamers, side-wheel	42	12, 803. 82
River steamers, stern-wheel	90	14, 792. 86
River steamers, propellers	204	14, 467. 79
Lake steamers, propellers	50	14, 043. 48
Ocean steamers, side-wheel	4	2, 336. 89
Ocean steamers, propellers	49	48, 784. 94
Total	439	107, 229. 78

SUMMARY STATEMENT of CANAL-BOATS and BARGES BUILT in the UNITED STATES during the year ended June 30, 1883.

Class of vessels.	No.	Tons.
Canal-boats	42	4, 710. 91
Barges	66	16, 443. 05
Total	108	21, 153. 96

*STATEMENT showing the CLASS, NUMBER, and TONNAGE of IRON VESSELS
BUILT in the UNITED STATES during the year ended June 30, 1883.*

Ports.	Sailing vessels.		Steam vessels.		Total.	
	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.
New York, N. Y.			2	1, 032. 52	2	1, 032. 52
Buffalo, N. Y.			1	45. 00	1	45. 00
Philadelphia, Pa.	1	2, 032. 88	22	30, 762. 00	23	32, 794. 88
Wilmington, Del.			8	5, 707. 63	8	5, 707. 63
Baltimore, Md.			1	66. 08	1	66. 08
Total	1	2, 032. 88	34	37, 613. 23	35	39, 646. 11

STATEMENT showing the CLASS, NUMBER, and TONNAGE of VESSELS BUILT in the UNITED STATES, from 1797 to 1883, inclusive.

Year ended—	Number, class, and tonnage.								Total.		
	Sailing vessels.						Steam vessels.				
	Ships and barks.	Brigs.	Schooners.	Sloops, canal-boats, and barges.	Total.	Tons.	Number.	Tons.		Number.	Tons.
Dec. 31, 1797.....											57,679.00
1798.....	34	53	401	147	635				635		49,435.04
1799.....	87	131	382	167	767				767		77,921.78
1800.....	128	176	487	204	995				995		106,261.56
1801.....											124,755.28
1802*.....											
1803.....											88,448.40
1804.....											103,753.91
1805.....											128,507.03
1806.....											126,093.29
1807.....											99,783.92
1808.....											31,755.34
1809.....											91,397.55
1810.....											127,575.86
1811.....											146,691.82
1812.....						84,691.42	4	457.08			85,148.50
1813.....	3	21	212	128	364	31,153.40	7	1,429.66	371		32,583.11
1814.....	3	11	312	162	488	29,039.90	2	711.65	490		29,751.60
1815.....	136	224	680	244	1,324	154,624.39	5	954.65	1,329		155,579.09
1816.....	76	133	781	424	1,414	131,667.86	17	3,518.89	1,431		125,186.80
1817.....	34	90	559	394	1,077	86,393.37	10	1,233.28	1,087		87,626.65
1818.....	53	85	428	332	898	82,421.20	25	4,925.29	923		87,346.49
1819.....	53	82	473	240	848	79,379.45	28	7,290.74	876		86,670.24
1820.....	22	60	301	152	535	47,784.01	22	3,610.58	557		51,394.59
1821.....	43	89	248	127	507	55,856.02	12	1,419.10	519		57,275.12
1822.....	64	131	260	168	623	75,346.93	16	2,222.31	639		77,569.29
1823.....	55	127	260	165	607	72,758.49	23	3,099.16	630		75,857.65
1824.....	56	156	377	166	755	86,851.72	38	5,946.28	793		92,798.05
1825.....	56	197	538	168	959	109,546.73	41	6,917.65	1,000		116,464.43
1826.....	71	187	482	227	967	118,094.37	66	12,279.30	1,033		130,373.67
1827.....	58	135	464	242	899	97,474.80	52	8,981.70	951		106,456.55
1828.....	73	108	474	197	852	92,879.28	34	6,085.03	886		98,964.31
1829.....	44	68	484	145	741	68,216.44	55	11,192.18	796		79,408.62
1830.....	25	56	403	116	600	51,491.51	48	7,068.89	648		58,560.45
1831.....	72	95	416	94	677	80,231.14	35	5,325.44	712		85,556.58
1832.....	132	143	568	122	965	129,143.03	100	15,401.13	1,065		144,544.16
1833.....	144	169	624	185	1,122	150,754.05	65	10,734.25	1,187		161,492.30
1834.....	98	94	497	180	869	105,332.54	88	13,057.30	957		118,389.84
Sept. 30, 1835.....	43	55	391	164	653	64,338.13	72	10,769.76	725		75,107.89
1836.....	93	65	444	164	766	93,016.79	145	23,213.57	911		116,230.41
1837.....	67	72	507	168	814	92,458.49	158	33,455.09	972		125,913.58
1838.....	66	79	510	153	808	91,747.79	105	24,158.09	913		115,905.88
1839.....	83	89	439	124	735	100,363.10	164	24,897.59	899		125,260.69
1840.....	97	109	378	224	808	106,518.35	87	14,685.51	895		121,203.86
1841.....	114	102	319	150	685	100,117.12	108	23,543.81	793		123,660.93
1842.....	116	91	274	406	887	105,256.15	140	24,550.15	1,027		129,806.30
June 30, 1843.....	58	34	138	174	404	50,050.52	79	13,837.67	483		63,888.24
1844.....	73	47	204	279	603	71,506.66	163	32,030.58	766		103,537.29
1845.....	124	87	322	342	875	112,362.08	163	33,680.38	1,038		146,042.46
1846.....	100	164	576	355	1,195	141,844.22	225	46,359.71	1,420		188,203.93
1847.....	151	168	689	392	1,400	193,403.38	197	50,230.02	1,597		243,633.40
1848.....	254	174	701	547	1,676	265,549.53	175	52,526.01	1,851		318,075.54
1849.....	198	148	623	370	1,339	213,970.81	215	43,018.01	1,554		256,988.82
1850.....	247	117	554	307	1,225	227,997.51	197	51,258.35	1,422		279,255.86
1851.....	211	65	522	325	1,123	221,145.89	245	78,326.47	1,368		299,472.41
1852.....	255	79	585	265	1,184	209,821.81	268	85,534.33	1,452		355,356.19
1853.....	270	95	681	391	1,437	332,339.12	280	95,155.67	1,717		427,494.79
1854.....	334	112	661	386	1,493	447,216.26	284	88,829.82	1,777		536,046.13
1855.....	381	126	605	669	1,781	510,689.67	246	72,760.32	2,027		583,450.04
1856.....	306	103	594	479	1,482	404,054.39	232	65,239.34	1,714		469,293.73
1857.....	251	58	504	358	1,171	304,345.18	272	74,459.52	1,443		378,804.70
1858.....	122	46	431	406	999	179,338.53	242	65,374.34	1,241		244,712.87
1859.....	89	28	297	284	698	121,296.83	177	35,305.45	875		156,602.33
1860.....	110	36	372	289	807	145,427.58	275	69,370.07	1,082		214,797.65
1861.....	110	39	360	371	880	172,207.94	266	60,966.36	1,146		233,194.35
1862.....	60	17	207	397	681	119,626.67	183	55,449.17	864		175,075.84

* No record.

STATEMENT showing the CLASS, NUMBER, and TONNAGE, &c.—Continued.

Year ended—	Number, class, and tonnage.								Total.	
	Sailing vessels.					Steam vessels.				
	Ships and barks.	Brigs.	Schooners.	Sloops, canal-boats, and barges.	Total.	Tons.	Number.	Tons.	Number.	Tons.
June 30, 1863.....	97	34	212	1, 113	1, 456	216, 812. 14	360	94, 233. 67	1, 816	311, 045. 81
1861.....	112	45	322	1, 389	1, 868	268, 240. 76	520	147, 499. 83	2, 388	415, 740. 64
1865.....	109	46	370	853	1, 378	248, 090. 12	411	146, 432. 94	1, 789	394, 523. 11
1866.....	96	61	457	926	1, 540	210, 962. 84	358	125, 183. 72	1, 898	336, 146. 56
1867.....	95	70	517	657	1, 339	233, 584. 53	179	72, 010. 33	1, 518	305, 594. 86
1868.....	80	48	590	848	1, 566	221, 364. 67	236	63, 940. 06	1, 802	285, 304. 73
1869.....	91	36	501	820	1, 448	210, 164. 16	279	65, 065. 99	1, 727	275, 230. 15
1870.....	73	27	519	709	1, 328	206, 332. 39	290	70, 620. 92	1, 618	276, 953. 31
1871.....	40	14	498	901	1, 453	185, 384. 02	302	87, 842. 49	1, 755	273, 226. 51
1872.....	15	10	426	900	1, 351	146, 842. 57	292	62, 209. 65	1, 643	209, 052. 22
1873.....	28	9	611	1, 221	1, 869	271, 235. 10	402	88, 010. 66	2, 271	359, 245. 76
1874.....	71	22	655	995	1, 743	330, 795. 25	404	101, 929. 92	2, 147	432, 725. 17
1875.....	114	22	502	340	978	235, 178. 95	323	62, 459. 84	1, 301	297, 638. 79
1876.....	76	5	424	269	774	134, 333. 72	338	69, 251. 91	1, 112	203, 585. 63
1877.....	71	4	337	352	764	129, 077. 45	265	47, 514. 51	1, 029	176, 591. 96
1878.....	81	7	279	557	924	153, 043. 97	334	81, 859. 60	1, 258	235, 503. 57
1879.....	37	10	256	494	797	106, 669. 34	335	86, 361. 35	1, 132	193, 030. 69
1880.....	23	2	286	243	554	78, 556. 20	348	78, 853. 70	902	157, 409. 90
1881.....	29	3	318	314	664	162, 388. 09	444	118, 070. 55	1, 108	280, 458. 64
1882.....	31	2	473	363	869	160, 427. 07	502	121, 842. 66	1, 371	282, 269. 73
1883.....	33	2	567	227	829	158, 200. 13	439	107, 229. 78	1, 268	265, 429. 91

LIABILITIES OF THE UNITED STATES TO INDIAN TRIBES
UNDER TREATY STIPULATIONS.



LIABILITIES
OF THE
UNITED STATES TO INDIAN TRIBES UNDER TREATY
STIPULATIONS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
OFFICE OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
Washington, September 25, 1883.

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt, by your reference of the 12th instant, of a letter from the honorable Secretary of the Treasury, dated September 10, in which he requests to be furnished with the usual statement showing the liabilities of the United States to Indian tribes under treaty stipulations; and in accordance with his request, submit herewith the required statement for transmittal to that office.

Very respectfully,

H. PRICE,
Commissioner.

Hon. SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, September 26, 1883.

SIR: In compliance with your request of the 10th instant, I have the honor to transmit herewith a statement showing the present liabilities of the United States to Indian tribes under treaty stipulations, together with letter from the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, dated 25th instant, transmitting same to this Department.

Very respectfully,

H. M. TELLER,
Secretary.

Hon. SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

STATEMENT showing the PRESENT LIABILITIES of the UNITED STATES to INDIAN TRIBES under TREATY STIPULATIONS.

Names of treaties.	Description of annuities, &c.	Number of installments yet unappropriated, explanations, &c.	Reference to laws, Statutes at Large.	Annual amount necessary to meet stipulations, indefinite as to time, now allowed, but liable to be discontinued.	Aggregate of future appropriations that will be required during a limited number of years to pay limited annuities to effect the payment.	Amount of annual liabilities of a permanent character.	Amount held in trust by the United States on which 5 per cent. is annually paid, and amounts which, invested at 5 per cent. produce permanent annuities.
Apaches, Kiowas, and Comanches.	Thirty installments, provided to be expended under the tenth article treaty of October 21, 1867.	Fourteen installments, unappropriated, at \$30,000 each.	Vol. 15, p. 584, § 10	.....	\$420,000 00	.....	.....
Do.....	Purchase of clothing.	Tenth article treaty of October 21, 1867.	.....do.....	\$15,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Do.....	Pay of carpenter, farmer, blacksmith, miller, and engineer.	Fourteenth article treaty of October 21, 1867.	Vol. 15, p. 585, § 14	5,200 00	.....	.....	.....
Do.....	Pay of physician and teacher.	do.	.....do.....	2,500 00	.....	.....	.....
Arikarees, Gros Ventres, and Mandans.	Amount to be expended in such goods, &c., as the President may from time to time determine.	Seventh article treaty of July 27, 1866.	Treaty not published.	50,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Assinaboines	do.	do.	.....do.....	30,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Blackfeet, Bloods, and Piegan.	do.	Eighth article treaty of September 1, 1864.	.....do.....	40,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Chippewas and Arapahoes.	Thirty installments, provided to be expended under tenth article treaty of October 28, 1867.	Fourteen installments, unappropriated, at \$20,000 each.	Vol. 15, p. 596, § 10	14,000 00	280,000	.....	.....
Do.....	Purchase of clothing, same article.	.....	.....do.....	7,700 00	.....	.....	.....
Do.....	Pay of physician, carpenter, farmer, blacksmith, miller, engineer, and teacher.	.....	Vol. 15, p. 597, § 13	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chickasaw.	Permanent annuity in goods.	Two installments, at \$1,500 each, unappropriated.	Vol. 1, p. 619	.....	.....	\$3,000 00	.....
Chippewas, Boise Forte band.	Twenty installments, for blacksmith, assistants, iron, tools, &c.	Two installments, at \$1,600 each, unappropriated.	Vol. 14, p. 766, § 3.	.....	3,600 00	.....	.....
Do.....	Twenty installments, for schools, instructing Indians in farming, and for the purchase of seeds, tools, &c.	.....	.....do.....	.....	3,200 00	.....	.....
Do.....	Twenty installments of annuity, in money, goods, or other articles, provisions, ammunition, and tobacco.	Annuity, \$2,500, goods, &c., \$6,500; provisions, &c., \$1,000; two installments, unappropriated.	.....do.....	.....	22,000 00	.....	.....

Chippewas of the Mississippi.	Ten installments in money, at \$20,000 each, third article treaty of February 22, 1855, and third article treaty of May 7, 1864.	One installment of \$20,000 due....	Vol. 13, p. 694, § 3.	20,000 00		
Do	Forty-six installments to be paid to the chiefs of the Mississippi Indians.	Nine installments, of \$1,000 each, due.	Vol. 9, p. 904, § 3.	9,000 00		
Chippewas, Pillager, and Lake bands.	Forty installments: in money, \$10,000.66; goods, \$3,000; and for purposes of utility, \$4,000.	Eleven installments, of \$22,666.66 each, due.	Vol. 10, p. 1168, § 3; vol. 13, p. 694, § 3.	249,333 26		
Do	Ten installments, for purposes of education, per third article treaty of May 7, 1864.	One installment of \$3,000 due....	Vol. 13, p. 694, § 3.	3,000 00		
Choctaws.	Permanent annuities.	Second article treaty of November 16, 1805, \$3,000; thirteenth article, treaty of October 18, 1820, \$600; second article treaty of January 20, 1825, \$6,000.	Vol. 7, p. 99, § 2; vol. 11, p. 614, § 13; vol. 7, p. 213, § 13; vol. 7, p. 235, § 2.	9,600 00		
Do	Provisions for smiths, &c.	Sixth article treaty of October 18, 1820; ninth article treaty of January 20, 1825.	Vol. 7, p. 212, § 6; vol. 7, p. 236, § 9; vol. 7, p. 614, § 13; vol. 11, p. 614, § 13.	920 00		
Do	Interest on \$390,257.92 articles ten and thirteen, treaty of January 22, 1855.	Treaty of August 7, 1790.	Vol. 7, p. 36, § 4.	19,512 89	\$390,257 92	
Creeks.	Permanent annuities.	Treaty of June 16, 1802.	Vol. 7, p. 69, § 2.	1,500 00		
Do	do	Treaty of January 24, 1856.	Vol. 7, p. 287, § 4.	3,000 00		
Do	Smiths, shops, &c.	do	Vol. 7, p. 287, § 8.	20,000 00		490,000 00
Do	Wheel-right, permanent.	Treaty of January 24, 1856, and August 7, 1856.	Vol. 7, p. 287, § 8; vol. 11, p. 700, § 5.	1,110 00		22,200 00
Do	Allowance during the pleasure of the President, for blacksmiths, assistants, shops and tools, iron and steel, wagon-maker, education, and assistance in agricultural operations, &c.	Treaty of February 14, 1853, and treaty of August 7, 1856.	Vol. 7, p. 419, § 5; vol. 11, p. 700, § 5.	840 00		12,000 00
Do	Interest on \$200,000 held in trust, sixth article treaty August 7, 1856.	Treaty of August 7, 1856.	Vol. 11, p. 700, § 6.	600 00		
Do	Interest on \$675,168 held in trust, third article treaty June 14, 1866, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior.	Expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior.	Vol. 14, p. 786, § 3.	2,000 00	10,000 00	200,000 00
Crows.	For supplying male persons over fourteen years of age with a suit of good, substantial woolen clothing; females over twelve years of age a flannel skirt or goods to make the same, a pair of woolen hose, calico and domestic; and boys and girls under the ages named such flannel and cotton goods as their necessities may require.	Treaty of May 7, 1868; fifteen installments of \$19,000 each, due, estimated.	Vol. 15, p. 651, § 9.	285,000 00		
Do	For pay of physician, carpenter, miller, engineer, farmer, and blacksmith.	Treaty of May 7, 1868.	Vol. 15, p. 651, § 9.	4,500 00		
Do	Twenty installments, for pay of teacher and for books and stationery.	Six installments, of \$1,500 each, due.	Vol. 15, p. 651, § 7.	9,000 00		
Do	Blacksmith, iron and steel, and for seeds and agricultural implements.	Estimated at.....	Vol. 15, p. 651, § 8.	2,000 00		

STATEMENT showing the PRESENT LIABILITIES of the UNITED STATES to INDIAN TRIBES under TREATY STIPULATIONS—Continued.

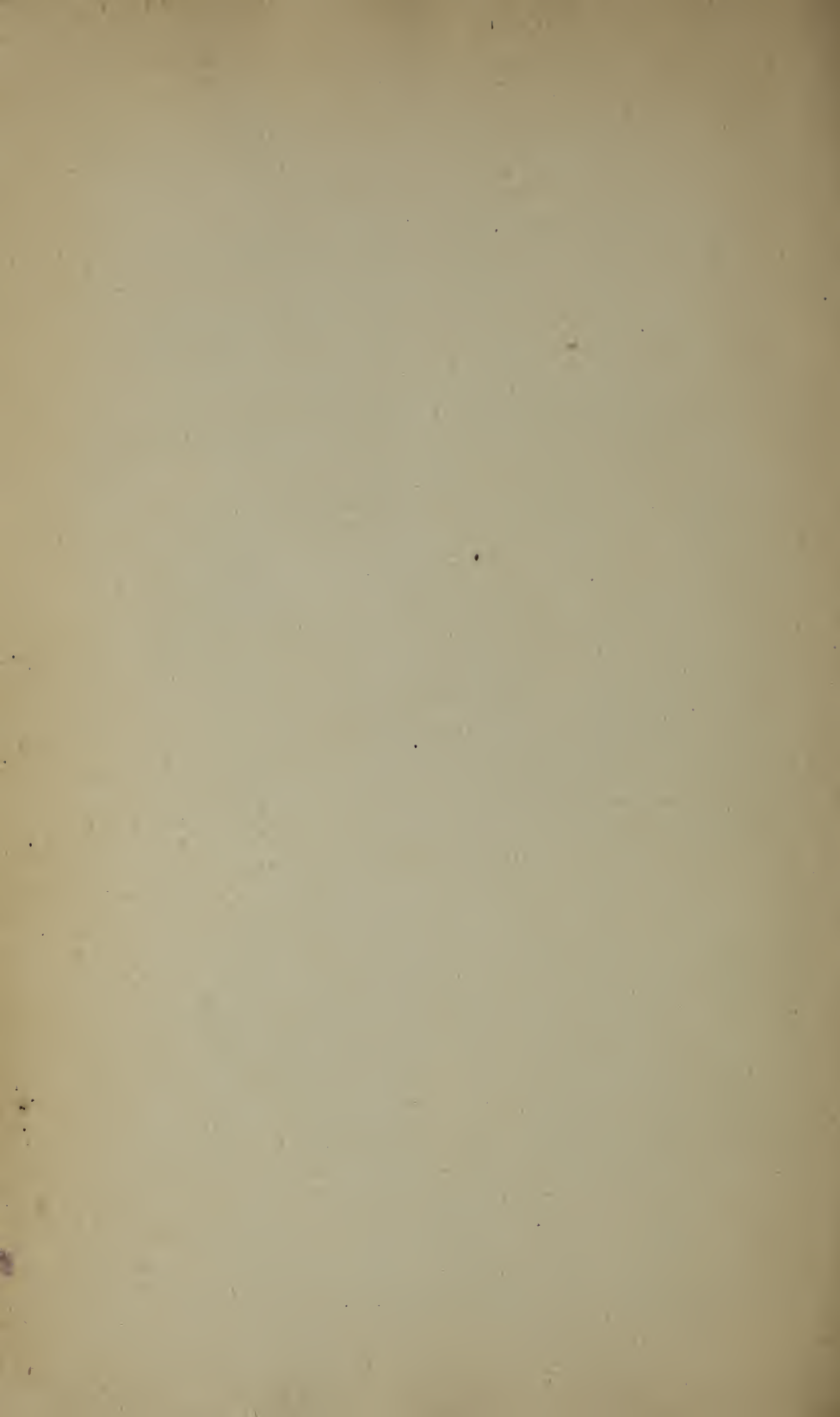
Names of treaties.	Description of annuities, &c.	Number of installments yet unappropriated, explanations, &c.	Reference to laws, Statutes at Large.	Annual amount necessary to meet stipulations, indefinite as to time, now allowed, but liable to be discontinued.	Aggregate of future appropriations that will be required during a limited number of years to pay limited annuities incidentally necessary to effect the payment.	Amount of annual liabilities of a permanent character.	Amount held in trust by the United States on which 5 per cent. is annually paid, and amounts which, invested at 5 per cent., produce permanent annuities.
Crows	Twenty-five installments, of \$30,000 each, in cash or otherwise, under the direction of the President.	Twenty-three installments, of \$30,000 each, due.	Act of April 11, 1882.		\$630,000 00		
Gros Ventres	Amounts to be expended in such goods, provisions, &c., as the President may from time to time determine as necessary.	Treaty not published (eighth article, July 13, 1868).		\$35,000 00			
Iowas	Interest on \$57,500, being the balance on \$157,500.	Three installments, of \$1,000 each, due.	Vol. 10, p. 1071, § 9.		3,000 00	\$2,875 00	\$57,500 00
Kansas	Interest on \$200,000, at 5 per cent.		Vol. 9, p. 842, § 2.			10,000 00	200,000 00
Kickapoos	Interest on \$93,581.09, at 5 per cent.		Vol. 10, p. 1079, § 2.			4,679 65	93,581 09
Klamaths and Modocs	Twenty installments, for repairing saw-mill, and buildings for blacksmith, carpenter, wagon and plowmaker, manual-labor school, and hospital.		Vol. 16, p. 708, § 2.				
Do	For tools and materials for saw and flour mills carpenter's, blacksmith's, wagon and plow makers' shops, books, and stationery for manual-labor school.	Two installments, of \$1,500 each, due.	do		3,000 00		
Do	Pay of physician, miller, and two teachers, for twenty years.	Two installments, of \$3,600 each, due.	Vol. 16, p. 709, § 5.		7,200 00		
Miamies of Kansas	Permanent provision for smith's shops and miller, &c.	Say \$411.43 for shop and \$262.62 for miller.	Vol. 7, p. 191, § 5.			674 05	13,481 00
Do	Interest on \$21,884.81, at the rate of 5 per cent., as per third article treaty of June 5, 1854.	Fourth article treaty of 1795; third article treaty of 1805; third article treaty of 1809.	Vol. 10, p. 1094, § 3.			1,094 24	21,884 81
Miamies of Eel River	Permanent annuities.		Vol. 7, p. 114, § 3; vol. 7, p. 116.			1,100 00	22,000 00
Moleles	Pay of teacher to manual-labor school, and subsistence of pupils, &c.	Treaty of December 21, 1855.	Vol. 12, p. 982, § 2.	3,000 00			

Nez Percé	Salary of two matrons for schools, two assistant teachers, farmer, carpenter, and two millers.	Treaty of June 9, 1863	Vol. 14, p. 650, § 5.	3,500 00	-----	-----
Northern Cheyennes and Arapahoes.	Thirty installments, for purchase of clothing, as per sixth article of treaty May 10, 1866.	Fifteen installments, of \$12,000 each, due.	Vol. 15, p. 657, § 6.	-----	180,000 00	-----
Do.	Ten installments, to be expended by the Secretary of the Interior, for Indians engaged in agriculture.	Five installments, of \$37,500 each, due.	.....do	-----	187,500 00	-----
Do.	Pay of teacher, farmer, carpenter, miller, blacksmith, engineer, and physician.	Estimated at	Vol. 15, p. 658, § 7.	6,000 00	-----	-----
Omahas.	Twelve installments, fourth series, in money or otherwise.	Eleven installments, fourth series, of \$10,000 each, due.	Vol. 10, p. 1044, § 4.	-----	110,000 00	-----
Osages.	Interest on \$69,120, at 5 per cent., for educational purposes.	Resolution of the Senate to treaty, January 2, 1825.	Vol. 7, p. 242, § 6.	3,456 00	-----	69,120 00
Do.	Interest on \$300,000, at 5 per cent., to be paid semi-annually in money or such articles as the Secretary of the Interior may direct.	Treaty of September 29, 1865	Vol. 14, p. 687, § 1.	15,000 00	-----	300,000 00
Otoes and Missourias.	Twelve installments, last series, in money or otherwise.	Eleven installments, of \$5,000 each, due.	Vol. 10, p. 1039, § 4.	-----	55,000 00	-----
Pawnees.	Annuity goods, and such articles as may be necessary.	Treaty of September 24, 1857	Vol. 11, p. 729, § 2.	30,000 00	-----	-----
Do.	Support of two manual-labor schools and pay of teachers.	.....do	Vol. 11, p. 729, § 3.	10,000 00	-----	-----
Do.	For iron and steel and other necessary articles for shops, and pay of two blacksmiths, one of whom is to be tin and gun smith, and compensation of two strikers and apprentices.	Estimated, for iron and steel, \$500; two blacksmiths, \$1,200; and two strikers, \$480.	Vol. 11, p. 729, § 4.	2,180 00	-----	-----
Do.	Farming utensils and stock, pay of farmer, miller, and engineer, and compensation of apprentices, to assist in working in the mill and keeping in repair grist and saw mill.	Estimated	Vol. 11, p. 730, § 4.	4,400 00	-----	-----
Poncas	Fifteen installments, last series, to be paid to them or expended for their benefit.	Five installments, of \$8,000 each, due.	Vol. 12, p. 997, § 2.	-----	40,000 00	-----
Do.	Amount to be expended during the pleasure of the President for purposes of civilization.	Treaty of March 12, 1868	Vol. 12, p. 998, § 2.	10,000 00	-----	-----
Potawatamies	Permanent annuity in money	August 3, 1795	Vol. 7, p. 51, § 4.	-----	-----	357 80
Do.	Do.	September 30, 1809	Vol. 7, p. 114, § 3.	-----	-----	7,156 00
Do.	Do.	October 2, 1818	Vol. 7, p. 185, § 3.	-----	-----	3,578 00
Do.	Do.	September 20, 1828	Vol. 7, p. 317, § 2.	-----	-----	17,880 00
Do.	Do.	July 29, 1829	Vol. 7, p. 330, § 2.	-----	-----	14,312 00
Do.	For educational purposes, during the pleasure of the President.	September 20, 1828.	Vol. 7, p. 318, § 2.	5,000 00	-----	114,495 40
Do.	Permanent provision for three blacksmiths and assistants, iron and steel.	October 16, 1826; September 20, 1828; July 29, 1829.	Vol. 7, p. 296, § 3; Vol. 7, p. 318, § 2; Vol. 7, p. 321, § 2.	1,008 99	-----	20,179 80
Do.	Permanent provision for furnishing salt.	July 29, 1829	Vol. 7, p. 320, § 2.	-----	-----	-----
Do.	Permanent provision for payment of money in lieu of tobacco, iron, and steel.	September 20, 1828; June 5 and 17, 1846.	Vol. 7, p. 318, § 2; Vol. 9, p. 855, § 10.	156 54 107 34	-----	3,130 80 2,146 80
Do.	For interest on \$230,064.20, at 5 per cent.	June 5 and 17, 1846	Vol. 9, p. 855, § 7.	11,503 21	-----	230,064 20

STATEMENT showing the PRESENT LIABILITIES of the UNITED STATES to INDIAN TRIBES under TREATY STIPULATIONS—Continued.

Names of treaties.	Description of annuities, &c.	Number of installments yet unappropriated, explanations, &c.	Reference to laws, statutes at large.	Annual amount necessary to meet stipulations, indefinite as to time, now allowed, but liable to be discontinued.	Aggregate of future appropriations that will be required during a limited number of years to incidentally necessary to effect the payment.	Amount of annual liabilities of a permanent character.	Amount held in trust by the United States on which 5 per cent. is annually paid, and amounts which invested at 5 per cent. produce permanent annuities.
Pottowatomies of Huron.	Permanent annuities	November 17, 1808	Vol. 7, p. 106, § 2.			\$400 00	\$8,000 00
Quapaws	For education, smith, farmer, and smith-shop during the pleasure of the President.	\$1,000 for education, \$1,060 for smith, &c.	Vol. 7, p. 425, § 3.	\$2,060 00			
Sacs and Foxes of Mississippi.	Permanent annuity	Treaty of November 3, 1804	Vol. 7, p. 5, § 3			1,000 00	20,000 00
Do.	Interest on \$200,000, at 5 per cent.	Treaty of October 21, 1837	Vol. 7, p. 541, § 2.			10,000 00	200,000 00
Do.	Interest on \$800,000, at 5 per cent.	Treaty of October 21, 1842	Vol. 7, p. 506, § 2.			40,000 00	800,000 00
Sacs and Foxes of Missouri.	Interest on \$157,400, at 5 per cent.	Treaty of October 21, 1837	Vol. 7, p. 543, § 2.			7,870 00	157,400 00
Do.	For support of school.	Treaty of March 6, 1861	Vol. 12, p. 1179, § 5	200 00			
Seminoles	Interest on \$500,000, eighth article of treaty of August 7, 1856.	\$25,000 annual annuity	Vol. 11, p. 702, § 8.			25,000 00	500,000 00
Do.	Interest on \$70,000, at 5 per cent.	Support of schools, &c.	Vol. 14, p. 757, § 3.			3,500 00	70,000 00
Sonecas.	Permanent annuity	September 9 and 17, 1817	Vol. 7, p. 161, § 4.			1,000 00	20,000 00
Do.	Smith and smith-shop and miller, permanent.	February 28, 1831	Vol. 7, p. 179, § 4.			1,860 00	33,200 00
Sonecas of New York.	Permanent annuities	February 19, 1841	Vol. 4, p. 442			6,000 00	120,000 00
Do.	Interest on \$75,000, at 5 per cent.	Act of June 27, 1846	Vol. 9, p. 35, § 2.			3,750 00	75,000 00
Do.	Interest on \$43,050, transferred from the Ontario Bank to the United States Treasury.	do	Vol. 9, p. 35, § 3.			2,152 50	43,050 00
Sonecas and Shawnees.	Permanent annuity	Treaty of September 17, 1818	Vol. 7, p. 179, § 4.			1,000 00	20,000 00
Do.	Support of smith and smith's shops	Treaty of July 20, 1831	Vol. 7, p. 352, § 4.				
Shawnees.	Permanent annuity for education.	August 3, 1795; September 29, 1817	Vol. 7, p. 51, § 4.	1,060 00		3,000 00	60,000 00
Do.	Interest on \$40,000, at 5 per cent.	August 3, 1795; May 10, 1854	Vol. 10, p. 1056, § 3			2,000 00	40,000 00
Shoshones and Banacks.	For the purchase of clothing for men, women, and children, thirty instalments.	Sixteen instalments due, estimated at \$11,500 each.	Vol. 15, p. 676, § 9.	184,000 00			

Do.....	For pay of physician, carpenter, teacher, engineer, farmer, and blacksmith.	Estimated.....	Vol. 15, p. 676, § 10	5, 000 00			
Do.....	Blacksmith, and for iron and steel for shops.	.....do.....	Vol. 15, p. 676, § 3.	1, 000 00			
Bannacks.....	For the purchase of clothing for men, women, and children, thirty installments.	Sixteen installments due, estimated at \$6,937 each.	Vol. 15, p. 676, § 9.	110, 000 00			
Do.....	Pay of physician, carpenter, miller, teacher, engineer, farmer, and blacksmith.	Estimated.....	Vol. 15, p. 676, § 10	5, 000 00			
Six Nations of New York.....	Permanent annuities in clothing, &c.....	Treaty, November 11, 1794.....	Vol. 7, p. 64, § 6.....	4, 500 00			90, 000 00
Sioux of different tribes, including Santee Sioux of Nebraska.....	Purchase of clothing for men, women, and children.	Sixteen installments, of \$130,000 each, due; estimated.	Vol. 15, p. 638, § 10	2, 080, 000 00			
Do.....	Blacksmith, and for iron and steel.	Estimated.....	.....do.....	2, 000 00			
Do.....	For such articles as may be considered necessary by the Secretary of the Interior for persons roaming.	Sixteen installments, of \$200,000 each, due; estimated.	.....do.....	3, 200, 000 00			
Do.....	Physician, five teachers, carpenter, miller, engineer, farmer, and blacksmith.	Estimated.....	Vol. 15, p. 638, § 13	10, 400 00			
Do.....	Purchase of rations, &c., as per article 5, agreement of September 26, 1876.	.....do.....	Vol. 19, p. 256, § 5.	1, 100, 000 00			
Tabaquache band of Utes.....	Pay of blacksmith.....	.....do.....	Vol. 13, p. 675, § 10	720 00			
Tabaquache, Muna-che, Capote, Wamuche, Yampa, Grand River, and Uintah bands of Utes.....	For iron and steel and necessary tools for blacksmith shop.	.....do.....	Vol. 15, p. 627, § 9.	220 00			
Do.....	Two carpenters, two millers, two farmers, one blacksmith, and two teachers.	.....do.....	Vol. 15, p. 622, § 15	7, 800 00			
Do.....	Thirty installments, of \$30,000 each, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, for clothing, blankets, &c.	Fifteen installments, each \$30,000, due.	Vol. 15, p. 622, § 11	450, 000 00			
D.....	Annual amount to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, in supplying said Indians with beef, mutton, wheat, flour, beans, &c.	.....	Vol. 15, p. 622, § 12	30, 000 00			
Winnebagoes.....	Interest on \$-04,909.17, at 5 per cent. per annum.	November 1, 1837, and Senate amendment, July 17, 1862.	Vol. 7, p. 546, § 4; Vol. 12, p. 628, § 4. Vol. 16, p. 355, § 1.	40, 245 45			804, 909 17
Do.....	Interest on \$78,340.41, at 5 per cent. per annum, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior.	July 15, 1870.....	.....	3, 017 02			78, 340 41
Yankton tribe of Sioux.....	Ten installments, of \$25,000 each, being third series, to be paid to them, or expended for their benefit.	Five installments due, of \$25,000 each.	Vol. 11, p. 744, § 4.	125, 000 00			
Do.....	Twenty installments, of \$15,000 each, fourth series, to be paid to them, or expended for their benefit.	Twenty installments, of \$15,000 each, due.do.....	300, 000 00			
Total.....				1, 420, 150 00	9, 029, 225 26	349, 522 25	6, 120, 045 40



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